# **Topock Project Executive Abstract**

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What is the consequence of NOT doing this item? What is the consequence of DOING this item?  The consequence of not doing this item is that PG&E would be out of compliance with DOI's October 30, 2018 directive requesting PG&E to conduct an Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis (EE/CA) to evaluate the need for a non-time critical removal action (NTCRA) to prevent contamination from migrating to federal land.	Other Justification/s: Permit Other / Explain:
Brief Summary of attached document:  The Soil EE/CA evaluates the need for a NTCRA, in this case to rer where contamination has the potential to migrate to federal land. Th action and evaluates each removal action alternative (including a Note implementability, and cost. Each of these potential action areas are locations where contaminants in soil have the potential to migrate to Written by: Pacific Gas and Electric Company	ne EE/CA identifies fourteen potential areas for a removal o Action Alternative) for cleanup effectiveness, on federal lands (Havasu National Wildlife Refuge) or at
Recommendations: Provide input to PG&E.	
How is this information related to the Final Remedy or Regulatory R This submittal complies with the requirements of DOI's Soil EE/CA directive and is consistent with the Comprehensive Environmental F and Hazardous Substances Pollution Contingency Plan.	Approval Memorandum transmitted in their October 30, 2018
Other requirements of this information? None.	



## **PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California**

## **Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis**

Final

April 2021

Pacific Gas and Electric Company





## **Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis**

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## **Executive Summary**

This report presents an Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis (EE/CA) for a potential non-time-critical removal action (NTCRA) to address contaminated soil on land adjacent to the Pacific Gas and Electric Company (PG&E) Topock Compressor Station (TCS) in San Bernardino County, California. The TCS and adjacent land are collectively known as the Topock Project Site (Site). The lead regulatory agencies for cleanup at the Site are the U.S. Department of Interior (DOI) and the California Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC). The soil medium is currently in the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) Facility Investigation and Remedial Investigation (RFI/RI) phase of the cleanup process, with soil investigation activities (sampling and analysis) completed in 2017. Soil RFI/RI investigation results are presented in the third volume of the RFI/RI report for the Site (Draft RFI/RI Report Volume 3) (Jacobs, 2019a).

During evaluation of the RFI/RI soil investigation data, the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) and DOI determined that there are specific areas outside of the TCS where concentrations of constituents in soil significantly exceeded background values or ecological and residential screening levels on federal land or in locations where constituents have the potential to migrate to federal land. On October 30, 2018, DOI directed PG&E in an Approval Memorandum to conduct an EE/CA to evaluate the need for an NTCRA to address contaminated soil and to evaluate and select technologies and remedial alternatives. The EE/CA Approval Memorandum (DOI, 2018b) cites the following National Contingency Plan (NCP) factors as the reasons an NTCRA is being considered:

- Actual or potential exposure to nearby human populations, animals, or the food chain from hazardous substances or pollutants or contaminants
- Actual or potential contamination of drinking water supplies or sensitive ecosystems
- High levels of hazardous substances or pollutants or contaminants in soils largely at or near the surface that may migrate
- Weather conditions that may cause hazardous substances or pollutants or contaminants to migrate or be released

Based on these NCP factors and comparison of soil concentrations at the Site to screening levels, preliminary potential action areas (PAAs) were identified where soil concentrations significantly exceeded screening levels for total chromium, copper, lead, mercury, molybdenum, zinc, and dioxins/furans.

Concurrently with this screening process and identification of preliminary PAAs, a Human Health and Ecological Risk Assessment (HHERA) was conducted for the Site, as part of the RCRA/CERCLA process. The purpose of the HHERA was to use environmental sample data to identify constituents of concern (COCs), provide an estimate of how and to what extent human and ecological receptors might be exposed to these chemicals, and provide an assessment of the health effects associated with these chemicals (Arcadis, 2019). The HHERA was conducted in accordance with the methods and assumptions agreed upon in the various HHERA Risk Assessment Work Plans (RAWPs) (Arcadis, 2008a; 2009a; 2015). An HHERA report was submitted to DTSC and DOI in October 2019 (Arcadis, 2019), and an errata to the HHERA was submitted in February 2020 (Arcadis, 2020). DTSC and DOI acceptance of the HHERA was provided on May 29, 2020 (DTSC and DOI, 2020).

With consideration of the HHERA and the NCP factors identified in the EE/CA Approval Memorandum (DOI, 2018b), the following removal action objectives (RAOs) were identified:

- RAO 1: Reduce human and ecological risk related to the COCs in soil up to 10 feet below ground surface (bgs) on or adjacent to federal land by removing soil at locations identified as driving risk in the HHERA.
- RAO 2: Address elevated concentrations of contaminants in soil up to 10 feet bgs outside the TCS in
  or adjacent to wash areas that are within, or have the potential to migrate to, the Havasu National
  Wildlife Refuge (HNWR) during storm events.



 RAO 3: Remove debris, burnt material, and/or discolored soil associated with elevated hazardous substances identified during the RFI/RI within Solid Waste Management Units (SWMUs) and Areas of Concern (AOCs) up to 10 feet bgs.

The RAOs were used to refine the preliminary PAAs identified in the EE/CA Approval Memorandum. PAAs were identified in the following RFI/FI investigation areas:

- SWMU 1 Former Percolation Bed (3 PAAs)
- AOC 1 Area Around Former Percolation Bed (3 PAAs)
- AOC 9 Southeast Fence Line (1 PAA)
- AOC 10 East Ravine (4 PAAs)
- AOC 11 Topographic Low Areas (1 PAA)
- AOC 14 Railroad Debris Site (1 PAA)
- AOC 27 MW-24 Bench (1 PAA)

To address the RAOs and in consideration of identified applicable or relevant and appropriate requirements (ARARs) as well as results from bench-scale tests, the following removal action alternatives were identified:

- Alternative 1 No Action. Alternative 1 is included in and carried through the entire analysis of removal action alternatives as the baseline condition against which the performance of the remaining alternatives is evaluated. In Alternative 1, no removal action would take place.
- Alternative 2 Excavation and Offsite Disposal of All Material. Alternative 2 involves excavation of soil within the PAAs and disposal offsite.
- Alternative 3 Excavation, Mechanical Separation, Offsite Disposal of Fines, and Reuse of Coarse Material. Alternative 3 involves excavation of soil within the PAAs and mechanical separation to isolate fine material (less than 3/8 inch) and coarse material (greater than 3/8 inch). Fine material would be disposed of offsite, and coarse material would be used to backfill the excavation areas.
- Alternative 4 Excavation, Mechanical Separation, Offsite Disposal of Fines, Soil Washing of Coarse Material, and Reuse of Washed Coarse Material. Alternative 4 is the same as Alternative 3 except that coarse material would be washed with water prior to reuse in order to remove fines adhered to the surface of the coarse material.
- Alternative 5 Removal of Visible Hazardous Surface Debris. Alternative 5 involves the removal of visible surface debris associated with elevated hazardous substances.

Based on the comparative analysis of the removal action alternatives against the criteria of effectiveness, implementability, and cost, the recommended alternative is:

 Alternative 3 – Excavation, Mechanical Separation, Offsite Disposal of Fines, and Reuse of Coarse Material

Alternative 3 is considered to be an effective alternative and will provide a high degree of long-term effectiveness; reduction in toxicity, mobility, and volume (TMV); and short-term effectiveness. This alternative has been developed to meet RAOs protective of human health and the environment and comply with location-, chemical-, and action-specific ARARs and to-be-considered (TBC) criteria. Alternative 3 meets the RAOs as follows:

- RAO 1 To reduce human and ecological risk related to the COCs in the soil on or adjacent to federal land, the locations recommended for removal in the HHERA are included in the excavation areas of Alternative 3.
- RAO 2 To address elevated concentrations of contaminants (that is, concentrations significantly exceeding the numerical removal action goals [RAGs]) outside the TCS in or adjacent to wash areas that are within, or have the potential to migrate to, the HNWR during storms, areas with significant exceedances of numerical RAGs are included in the excavation areas of Alternative 3.

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 RAO 3 – To remove debris, burnt material, and/or discolored soil associated with elevated hazardous substances, visually identified debris, burnt material, and/or discolored soils will be removed and disposed of offsite.

Alternative 3 also minimizes the volume of soil removed from the Site without requiring disposal of water generated during soil washing. The estimated cost of Alternative 3 is \$4,626,000. This cost is less than that of Alternatives 2 and 4.

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## **Acronyms and Abbreviations**

95UCL 95% upper confidence limit on the mean AMM Avoidance and Minimization Measures

AOC area of concern

ARAR applicable or relevant and appropriate requirements

BAF bioaccumulation factor

BCW Bat Cave Wash

bgs below ground surface

BIAMP Bird Impact Avoidance and Minimization Plan

BLM U.S. Bureau of Land Management

BMP best management practice

BNSF Railway

BOR U.S. Bureau of Reclamation
BTV background threshold value

CalEPA California Environmental Protection Agency

CARB California Air Resources Board
CCR California Code of Regulations

CDFW California Department of Fish and Wildlife
Caltrans California Department of Transportation

CERCLA Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act

CFR Code of Federal Regulations

CH2M CH2M HILL, Inc.

CHPMP Cultural and Historic Property Management Plan

COC constituent of concern

COPC constituent of potential concern

COPEC constituent of potential ecological concern

CrVI hexavalent chromium
CSM conceptual site model

DOI U.S. Department of the Interior

dioxin/furan dioxin and furan

DTSC California Department of Toxic Substances Control

ECV ecological soil screening level ecological comparison value

EE/CA Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis

EPC exposure point concentration
ERA ecological risk assessment

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ESL environmental screening level

FLPMA Federal Land Policy and Management Act

FOD frequency of detection

ft feet

ft bgs feet below ground surface

FRTR Federal Remediation Technologies Roundtable

GANDA Garcia and Associates

GHG greenhouse gas

GSR green and sustainable remediation

HAZWOPER Hazardous Waste Operations and Emergency Response

HERO DTSC Human and Ecological Risk Office

HHERA human health and ecological risk assessment

HHRA human health risk assessment

HI hazard index

HNWR Havasu National Wildlife Refuge

HQ hazard quotient

ILCR incremental lifetime cancer risk

I-40 Interstate 40

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kg kilograms

LOAEC lowest observed adverse effects concentration

LOAEL lowest observed adverse effects level

LCR MSCP Lower Colorado River Multi-Species Conservation Program

mg/kg milligrams per kilogram

mg/L milligrams per liter

mm millimeters
mph miles per hour

NCP National Contingency Plan ng/kg nanograms per kilogram

ng/kg-bw/day nanograms per kilogram of body weight per day

NO<sub>x</sub> nitrogen oxides

NPDES National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System

NTCRA non-time-critical removal action
OCS outside the Compressor Station

OHV off-highway vehicle

PG&E Pacific Gas and Electric Company

PA Programmatic Agreement

PAA potential action area

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PAH polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon

PM<sub>10</sub> particulate matter 10 micrometers or less

RAG removal action goal

RAO removal action objectives
RAWP Risk Assessment Work Plan
RBRG risk-based remedial goals

RCRA Resource Conservation and Recovery Act

risk-based concentration

RFI RCRA facility investigation

RI remedial investigation

RWQCB Regional Water Quality Control Board

S/S solidification/stabilization

SO<sub>x</sub> sulfur oxides

**RBC** 

SWMU solid waste management unit

TBC to-be-considered

TCLP toxicity characteristic leaching procedure

TCP traditional cultural property
TCRA time-critical removal action
TCS Topock Compressor Station

TEQ toxicity equivalent the Site Topock Project Site

TMV toxicity, mobility, volume

TPH total petroleum hydrocarbons

TRV toxicity reference value

USACE U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

USC U.S. Code

USEPA U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

USFWS U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service VOC volatile organic compounds

WDR Waste Discharge Requirements

XRF x-ray fluorescence

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## 1. Introduction

This report presents an Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis (EE/CA) for a potential non-time-critical removal action (NTCRA) to address contaminated soil present on land adjacent to the Pacific Gas and Electric Company (PG&E) Topock Compressor Station (TCS) in San Bernardino County, California (Figure 1-1; figures and tables are presented at the end of this report). The TCS and adjacent land are collectively known as the Topock Project Site (Site). The regulatory framework for the NTCRA evaluated here and the purpose and organization of this EE/CA report are discussed in the following subsections.

## 1.1 Regulatory Framework

PG&E is conducting investigative and remedial activities at the Site under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) and the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA). The California Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC) and the U.S. Department of Interior (DOI) are the lead regulatory agencies providing oversight of the environmental investigation and cleanup at the Site. The soil medium, which is the focus of this EE/CA, is currently in the RCRA Facility Investigation/Remedial Investigation (RFI/RI) phase of the cleanup process. RFI/RI activities have been conducted both within the TCS fence line and at adjacent land outside the TCS fence line. Soil RFI/RI investigation results are presented in the third volume of the RFI/RI report for the Site (Draft RFI/RI Report Volume 3) (Jacobs, 2019a). In advance of completion of the RFI/RI Report Volume 3, at the request of DOI (DOI, 2018a), PG&E submitted a Soil Investigation Data Package presenting the soil investigation results and comparing them to interim project screening levels for human and ecological receptors (PG&E, 2018).

During the RFI/RI soil investigation and after receipt of the Soil Investigation Data Package, the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) and DOI evaluated the RFI/RI soil investigation data and determined that there are specific areas outside of the TCS where concentrations of constituents of potential concern to humans (COPCs) and constituents of potential ecological concern (COPECs) significantly exceed background values or ecological and human health screening levels. These areas, referred to in this report as potential action areas (PAAs), are located within or adjacent to active desert washes subject to potential scouring during rain events that could move contamination toward the Colorado River or spread the contamination footprint over a larger area. Because of this potential threat to public health and the environment, DOI directed PG&E to prepare an EE/CA to evaluate the need for a removal action to address contaminated soil in these PAAs (DOI, 2018b).

Removal actions are actions taken to address releases or threatened releases that require a prompt response. They may include the abatement, prevention, minimization, stabilization, mitigation, or elimination of the release or the threat of release. A removal action is authorized when there is release or threat of release of a hazardous substance into the environment or when an imminent and substantial danger to the public health welfare exists (CERCLA § 104). In addition, a removal action may be appropriate when taking early action could avoid the need for later, more expensive responses, even in cases where the risk of harm is less than imminent. Removal actions must, to the extent practicable, contribute to the efficient performance of any long-term remedial action for the release (40 Code of Federal Regulations [CFR] § 300.415(d); CERCLA § 104(b)).

There are three types of removal actions under CERCLA: emergency, time-critical, and non-time-critical. The primary difference between these types is the urgency of the threat and time frame in which an action must be initiated. NTCRAs are applicable in situations where the required action can start later than six months after it is determined a response is necessary. The National Contingency Plan (NCP) provides factors for determining the appropriateness of a removal action. These factors are (40 CFR § 300.415(b)(2)):

- (i) Actual or potential exposure to nearby human populations, animals, or the food chain from hazardous substances or pollutants or contaminants;
- (ii) Actual or potential contamination of drinking water supplies or sensitive ecosystems;



- (iii) Hazardous substances or pollutants or contaminants in drums, barrels, tanks, or other bulk storage containers that may pose a threat of release;
- (iv) High levels of hazardous substances or pollutants or contaminants in soils largely at or near the surface, that may migrate;
- (v) Weather conditions that may cause hazardous substances or pollutants or contaminants to migrate or be released;
- (vi) Threat of fire or explosion;
- (vii) The availability of other appropriate federal or state mechanisms to respond to the release; and
- (viii) Other situations or factors that may pose threats to public health or welfare or the environment.

DOI and its bureaus have been delegated the authority to conduct time-critical removal actions (TCRAs) and NTCRAs to address contamination impacting DOI lands. In October 2018, DOI directed PG&E in an Approval Memorandum (DOI, 2018b [included as Appendix A]) to evaluate the need for an NTCRA for soil on federal lands or at locations where constituents have the potential to migrate to federal land, and to evaluate and select clean-up technologies and remedial alternatives. This Approval Memorandum documented DOI's rationale for this direction and cited the most applicable NCP factors for this determination as items (i), (ii), (iv), and (v). Under 40 CFR § 300.415, DOI is required to conduct an EE/CA to evaluate the need for and prior to selecting an NTCRA. The goals of an EE/CA are to identify the objectives of the removal action and to analyze the effectiveness, implementability, and cost of various alternatives that may satisfy these objectives. An EE/CA documents the removal action alternatives and selection process. Where the extent of the contamination is well-defined and limited, NTCRAs also allow for the expedited cleanup of sites under CERCLA.

DOI will issue the EE/CA for public comment in accordance with 40 CFR § 300.415(n)(4). DOI will also comply with the Programmatic Agreement (PA) (U.S. Bureau of Land Management [BLM], 2010) and PA Amendment 1 (BLM, 2017) regarding consultation with the signatories, invited signatories and Tribes, consistent with the National Historic Preservation Act, 54 U.S. Code (USC) § 300101 et seq. Written responses to significant comments will be summarized in a Responsiveness Summary following the response to comment process defined for the Site.

## 1.2 Purpose and Organization of Report

The purpose of this EE/CA report is to present the development and evaluation of removal action alternatives addressing contaminated soil on federal lands or at locations where constituents have the potential to migrate to federal land. Submittal of this document fulfills the requirements for NTCRAs defined by CERCLA and the NCP. This EE/CA has been performed in accordance with U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's (USEPA's) guidance document, *Guidance on Conducting Non-Time-Critical Removal Actions Under CERCLA* (USEPA, 1993). The purpose of this EE/CA is to:

- Satisfy environmental review and public information requirements for removal actions
- Satisfy Administrative Record requirements for documenting the removal action selection
- Provide a framework for evaluating and selecting removal action alternative technologies

This EE/CA report is organized as follows:

- Section 1, Introduction, presents the regulatory framework for the Site and the purpose and
  organization of the report.
- Section 2, Site Characterization, presents a description of the portions of the Site relevant to the EE/CA; a summary of previous investigations and remedial activities; the source, nature, and extent of contamination; analytical data; a summary of the human health and ecological risk assessment (HHERA) performed for the Site; and the basis for the NTCRA.
- Section 3, Identification of Removal Action Objectives, identifies the removal scope, applicable or relevant and appropriate requirements (ARARs), removal action objectives (RAOs), goals, schedule, and potential removal areas.

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- Section 4, Identification and Analysis of Removal Action Alternatives, provides detailed
  descriptions of potential removal action alternatives and assesses each individual alternative against
  the criteria of effectiveness, implementability, and cost.
- Section 5, Comparative Analysis of Removal Action Alternatives, evaluates the relative performance of each alternative against the criteria of effectiveness, implementability, and cost.
- Section 6, Recommended Removal Action Alternative, identifies the alternative that best satisfies the evaluation criteria of effectiveness, implementability, and cost.
- Section 7, References, presents a list of works cited in this document.
- Appendix A, Signed Approval Memorandum for an Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis at the PG&E Topock Compressor Station, San Bernardino County, CA, presents the rationale for conducting an NTCRA at the Site and approval to proceed with this EE/CA.
- Appendix B, Nature and Extent of Contamination, presents tables with the RFI/RI soil
  investigation results for the investigation areas evaluated in this EE/CA screened against interim
  screening levels, which were used during the RFI/RI to guide delineation of the nature and extent of
  contamination.
- Appendix C, Soil HHERA Executive Summary, presents a summary of the HHERA report.
- Appendix D, Derivation of Risk-Based Remediation Goals for Risk Drivers in Soil, presents the
  derivation of risk-based remediation goals (RBRGs) for risk drivers in soil, as presented in the
  HHERA report.
- Appendix E, Removal Objective 2 Data Screening, contains tables and figures presenting RFI/RI soil investigation results for constituents evaluated in this EE/CA screened against removal action goals (RAGs).
- Appendix F, Treatability Study Results, Laboratory Data Packages, and Data Quality Evaluation Report, presents results of treatability testing performed to evaluate possible soil treatment technologies.
- Appendix G, Cost Evaluation, presents an evaluation of potential costs associated with removal
  action alternatives evaluated in this EE/CA.



## 2. Site Characterization

This section provides a summary of Site information relevant to this EE/CA, including Site description and background; previous investigations and remedial actions; the source, nature, and extent of soil contamination; analytical data; a summary of the HHERA conducted for the Site; and the basis for the NTCRA.

## 2.1 Site Description and Background

The TCS is located adjacent to the Colorado River in eastern San Bernardino County, California, approximately 12 miles southeast of Needles, California, north and south of Interstate 40 (I-40) (Figure 1-1). The TCS is an active facility that began operations in December 1951. The TCS compresses natural gas supplied from the southwestern United States for transport through pipelines to PG&E's service territory in central and northern California.

The surrounding Site includes land owned and/or managed by a number of private and government entities including PG&E, the U.S. Bureau of Reclamation (BOR), the BLM, the USFWS (which manages the Havasu National Wildlife Refuge [HNWR]), San Bernardino County, BNSF Railway (BNSF), the Fort Mojave Indian Tribe, and the Metropolitan Water District of Southern California (Figure 2-1). In addition, several other entities have easements and/or rights-of-way including the California Department of Transportation (Caltrans), Southern California Gas Company, Transwestern Pipeline Company, Mojave Pipeline Company, Kinder Morgan, Inc, PG&E, City of Needles Electric, Southwest Gas Corporation, and Frontier Communications.

#### 2.1.1 Areas of the Site Addressed in the EE/CA

This EE/CA develops and evaluates alternatives for a potential NTCRA at the 14 PAAs identified by the USFWS and DOI, which are located within the following seven RFI/RI investigation areas:

- Solid Waste Management Unit (SWMU) 1 Former Percolation Bed (3 PAAs)
- Area of Concern (AOC) 1 Area Around Former Percolation Bed (3 PAAs)
- AOC 9 Southeast Fence Line (1 PAA)
- AOC 10 East Ravine (4 PAAs)
- AOC 11 Topographic Low Areas (1 PAA)
- AOC 14 Railroad Debris Site (1 PAA)
- AOC 16 Former Sandblast Shelter
- AOC 27 MW-24 Bench (1 PAA)

These PAAs are outside the TCS fence line on federal lands or at locations where constituents have the potential to migrate to federal land including the HNWR (Figure 2-1). The HNWR is considered a sensitive ecosystem. The HNWR was established in 1941 to conserve, protect, and enhance fish, wildlife, and plants and their habitats for the continuing benefit of the American people. AOC 1, SWMU 1, AOC 10, AOC 11, AOC 14, and AOC 27 are located adjacent to and partially on the HNWR. Due to the minimal volume, a PAA was not defined for the AOC 16 materials identified for removal under this NTCRA.

Selection of PAAs at the Site is discussed in Section 3.6. Descriptions of the RFI/RI investigation areas included in this EE/CA are provided in the following subsections.

#### 2.1.1.1 SWMU 1 – Former Percolation Bed and AOC 1 – Area Around Former Percolation Bed

AOC 1 and SWMU 1 are located west and north of the TCS within Bat Cave Wash (BCW; Figure 2-1). AOC 1 comprises a portion of BCW adjacent to the station including SWMU 1, as well as the portion of BCW extending north of SWMU 1 toward the Colorado River. SWMU 1 is the former percolation bed for TCS. From about 1964 to approximately 1971, the facility discharged wastewater from the cooling towers to the percolation bed (SWMU 1) and allowed it to percolate into the ground and/or evaporate. Historical aerial photo review indicates that, prior to the establishment of the bermed percolation bed, discharges to



BCW may have extended as far downstream as the railroad tracks. Further north, near the mouth of BCW, thick vegetation, widening of the channel, and blockage of flow by National Trails Highway greatly reduces the energy of flow during runoff events, resulting in deposition of entrained soil within the vegetated area at the lower end of BCW. Sediment sampling was performed at the mouth of BCW where it meets the Colorado River, on both sides of National Trails Highway. No exceedances of interim screening levels were detected in samples collected on the east side of National Trails Highway. However, exceedances of interim screening levels were detected in several soil and sediment samples on the west side of National Trails Highway (Jacobs, 2019a). Removal of significant sources upstream of this vegetated area will further ensure protection of the river as a source of drinking water. The area is heavily vegetated, predominantly with salt cedar (also known as tamarisk), which is an invasive, exotic plant species. This heavily vegetated portion of BCW is a long-term depositional area that existed before the TCS was built. Depositional history and patterns within this area are not known with certainty. AOC 1 is located partially on property owned by PG&E, BOR (managed by BLM), BNSF, and Fort Mojave Indian Tribe, as well as the HNWR (managed by USFWS), with PG&E as the easement holder.

A historic exploratory well that was likely used for water supply and disposal in the 1960s, TCS-4, is located within AOC 1, just north of the SWMU 1 boundary (CH2M, 2018). Soil samples collected near the TCS-4 well head contained dioxins and furans (dioxin/furan) toxicity equivalent (TEQ), total chromium, hexavalent chromium (CrVI), molybdenum, and zinc concentrations well above background concentrations. Additional sampling of pipe wrap material collected from the pipe connected to TCS-4 also contained exceedances for TEQ dioxins and furans as well as asbestos containing material (CH2M, 2015c). Well TCS-4 was decommissioned in 2016 (CH2M, 2016a).

#### 2.1.1.2 AOC 9 – Southeast Fence Line

AOC 9 is located in the southeast portion of the facility, just south of the visitor parking lot and immediately east of (outside) the facility fence line (Figure 2-1). A small amount of discolored surface soil was encountered just outside the fence line on an extremely steep slope in 2000. About 1.5 cubic yards of the stained soil was removed and shipped offsite for disposal. Site conditions (the steepness and stability of the slope) limited the feasible extent of excavation at that time. AOC 9 is located entirely on property owned by PG&E.

#### 2.1.1.3 AOC 10 - East Ravine

AOC 10 is located southeast of the TCS in a small ravine known as East Ravine. The ravine runs eastward toward the Colorado River. AOC 10 generally includes all of East Ravine as well as the specific areas shown on Figure 2-1. The ravine is approximately 1,600 feet (ft) long and is bisected by three constructed berms. Due to the berms, surface flow within the ravine does not typically reach the Colorado River. AOC 10 received fluids and waste discharge from the TCS including discharge from stormwater drain pipes, surface debris disposed of on the slopes of the ravine, and incidental overflows of wastewater via the former trench drain at the top of the station access road. Historical aerial photographs document a large impoundment area where well MW-58R is now located that was filled with liquids in the 1960s and 70s (CH2M, 2007a; 2007b). A greenish-grey layer also occurs here and is associated with elevated chromium contamination. Thin white powdery waste layers were also identified on the floor of the East Ravine (CH2M, 2009b). AOC 10 is located on both PG&E property and the HNWR.

### 2.1.1.4 AOC 11 - Topographic Low Areas

AOC 11 consists of topographic low areas on the northeast side of the TCS (Figure 2-1). While the principal drainage pathways leading away from the TCS have been identified, certain channels and storm drains drain into topographic low points or depressions. Runoff from the facility can collect at these low points and infiltrate or evaporate. AOC 11 is internally draining, so runoff into AOC 11 cannot reach the Colorado River due to topographic constraints. A stormwater pipe that captures runoff from I-40 and Park Moabi Road also discharges into AOC 11 north of 11a, immediately south of the I-40 crossing. AOC 11 is located on both PG&E property and the HNWR.

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#### 2.1.1.5 AOC 14 – Railroad Debris Site

AOC 14 is located outside the facility fence line approximately 1,000 ft north of the TCS and is currently bounded by the BNSF railroad tracks to the north, I-40 to the south, BCW to the west, and a former access road (Historic Route 66) to the east (Figure 2-1). AOC 14 currently contains miscellaneous construction debris related to construction of the railroad including chunks of asphalt, railroad ties, and piping. Asbestos-containing material and burned material from PG&E operations have also been disposed of within AOC 14. In addition to waste burning activities in the area, former TCS employees reported that water softening (lime) sludge was also disposed of in this area. A thin white layer assumed to be water softening material can be observed in the I-40 freeway cut. Employee reports suggest that a removal action for some of the debris and white powdery material was conducted in the mid-1990s; however, no documentation regarding the removal has been found (CH2M, 2006). The contours of the site suggest that some excavation may have occurred in the southern portion of the area. PG&E also completed a cleanup action in AOC 14 in 1999 to address asbestos. Surface water runoff along the western side of AOC 14 flows into BCW (AOC 1). AOC 14 is located on property owned by BNSF, HNWR, and Caltrans.

#### 2.1.1.6 AOC 16 – Former Sandblast Shelter

AOC 16, the Former Sandblast Shelter, is located above SWMU 1/AOC 1 in the lower yard of the TCS. The sandblast shelter is constructed of four supports and a roof with open sides. The area immediately surrounding the shelter is currently and has historically been unpaved, except for the concrete driveway between the eastern edge of the shelter and the paved roadway. The sandblast shelter was installed in the late 1980s and was used to prepare metal items at the facility for protective coating. Some sandblasting historically occurred in this area before the sandblast shelter was constructed. The shelter in its current configuration was used by PG&E until the early 1990s. Two different colors of apparent abrasive material (sandblast grit) are present on the ground in the immediate vicinity of the sandblast shelter. Samples collected from the sandblast grit detected elevated levels of copper and molybdenum. Due to the proximity of AOC 16 to SWMU 1/AOC 1, high levels of copper, and the potential of surficial materials to migrate into BCW, removal of surficial sandblast grit is included in the EE/CA.

#### 2.1.1.7 AOC 27 - MW-24 Bench

AOC 27 is located outside the facility fence line north of the TCS, south of I-40, and east of BCW (AOC 1) as shown on Figure 2-1. A former TCS employee indicated that AOC 27, informally known as the MW-24 bench, was formerly used as a waste disposal area. Prior to construction of I-40, this area was contiguous with AOC 14 to the north. Miscellaneous construction debris and burned material are present in AOC 27. Burned debris was observed in the eastern edge of the road cut on the road from AOC 27 to BCW (AOC 1). Runoff from AOC 27 flows into BCW (AOC 1). AOC 27 is located on property owned by PG&E, HNWR, and Caltrans. The area of impacts being evaluated in the EE/CA are located on HNWR property.

#### 2.1.2 Geology and Hydrogeology

As described in detail in the *Final Groundwater Corrective Measures Study/Feasibility Study Report for SWMU 1/AOC 1 and AOC 10* (CH2M, 2009b), the Site is in the Basin and Range geomorphic province, characterized by roughly parallel north/south fault-block mountains separated by alluvial valleys. The oldest rocks in the surrounding area are exposed in the Chemehuevi Mountains and include Precambrian and Mesozoic-age metamorphic and igneous rocks. Miocene-age sedimentary and volcanic rocks, associated with the tectonic uplift and faulting in the region, were deposited on the metamorphic and plutonic bedrock complex. The bedrock basement formations are, in turn, overlain by younger Tertiary and Quaternary to Recent-age sedimentary deposits.

Groundwater occurs under unconfined to semi-confined conditions within alluvial fan and fluvial sediments beneath most of the Site. The alluvial sediments consist primarily of clayey/silty sand and clayey gravel deposits interfingered with more permeable sand and gravel deposits. The fluvial sediments similarly consist of interbedded sand, sandy gravel, and silt/clay. The saturated portion of the alluvial fan



and fluvial sediments are collectively referred to as the Alluvial Aquifer. The water table in the Alluvial Aquifer has a very gently-sloping gradient throughout the Site and typically equilibrates to an elevation within 2 to 3 ft of the river level. Groundwater also resides in bedrock. Metamorphic bedrock underlying the Site is assumed to possess very low fracture permeability. Limited amount of rainfall recharge in the nearby mountains enters the Alluvial Aquifer via upward seepage from the bedrock underlying the Alluvial Aquifer. Due to the variable topography at the Site, the depth to groundwater ranges from as shallow as 5 feet below ground surface (ft bgs) in the floodplain next to the river to approximately 170 ft bgs in the upland alluvial terrace areas. RFI/RI Report Volume 2 provides a detailed description of hydrogeologic conditions at the Site (CH2M, 2009a).

### 2.1.3 Surface Water Hydrology

The primary surface water feature near the Site is the Colorado River, which is located to the east. The Site consists of a series of terraces divided by dry desert washes. The terraces are considerably eroded with very steep slopes. Incised drainage channels separate the alluvial terraces. The largest incised channel is BCW, a north-south trending dry wash. BCW flows on the surface only intermittently (as an ephemeral stream) following intense rainfall events and extends to the Colorado River.

Jurisdictional waters and wetlands at the Site have been delineated previously (CH2M, 2014a; 2014b; 2014c; 2015a). The U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) regulates wetlands at the Site and both the USACE and California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW) regulate non-wetland waters (the ephemeral desert washes).

Figure 2-2 presents a map of jurisdictional wetlands and waters in the project area.

### 2.1.4 Special Status Species

The following special-status wildlife, aquatic, avian, mammal, and plant species have been included in prior project environmental analyses related to remedial activities at the Site:

#### Special-Status Wildlife

- Southwestern willow flycatcher (*Empidonax traillii extimus*) Federal listed and legally protected
- Agassiz's desert tortoise (Gopherus agassizii) Federal and State listed and legally protected
- Yuma clapper rail (Rallus longirostris yumanensis) Federal listed and legally protected

### **Special-Status Aquatic Species**

- Bonytail chub (Gila elegans) Federal and State listed and legally protected
- Razorback sucker (Xyrauchen texanus) Federal and State listed and fully protected
- Flannelmouth sucker (Catostomus latipinnis) covered under the Lower Colorado River Multi-Species Conservation Program (LCR MSCP)

## **Other Avian Species**

- Western yellow-billed cuckoo (Coccyzus americanus occidentalis) Federal and State listed and legally protected
- California black rail (Laterallus jamaicensis corturniculus) State listed and fully protected
- Arizona Bell's vireo (Vireo bellii arizonae) State listed and legally protected; also covered under the LCR MSCP
- Western least bittern (Ixobrychus exilis hesperis) California species of concern (no formal protection)

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- Sonoran yellow warbler (Dendroica petechia sonorana) California species of concern (no formal protection); covered under the LCR MSCP
- Yellow breasted chat (*Icteria virens*) California species of concern (no formal protection)
- Crissal thrasher (Toxostoma crissale) California species of concern (no formal protection)

#### **Other Mammal Species**

- Ringtail cat (Bassariscus astutus) California fully protected species
- Nelson's bighorn sheep (Ovis canadensis nelsoni) California species of concern (no formal protection)
- Townsend's big eared bat (Corynorhinus townsendii) California species of concern (no formal protection)
- Pallid bat (Antrozous pallidus) California candidate threatened or endangered species
- Cave myotis (Myotis velifer) California species of concern (no formal protection)
- Western mastiff bat (*Eumops perotis*) –California species of concern (no formal protection)

#### Other Reptile Species

 Northern Mexican garter snake (Thamnophis eques megalops) – Federal listed as threatened and legally protected

#### **California Native Plant Society Rare Plants**

- Mousetail suncup (Chylismia arenaria)
- Spiny-haired blazing-star (Mentzelia tricuspis)
- Small-flowered androstephium (Androstephium breviflorum)
- Hillside palo verde (*Parkinsonia microphylla*)

The DOI, BLM, and USFWS will consider the effects of activities to Endangered Species Act listed and special status species within the PAAs prior to the selection or implementation of any soil cleanup action.

### 2.1.5 Cultural and Historical Resources

The areas to be evaluated within the EE/CA are within a larger area of traditional and cultural importance. Thousands of years of human history are evident in the area surrounding the TCS. Among the larger and better-known cultural resources on the Site is an expansive desert geoglyph or intaglio known as the Topock Maze. The BLM has determined that the project area is part of a traditional cultural property (TCP) or property of traditional religious and cultural significance and is part of what the Tribes have identified as a larger area of traditional and cultural importance, whose boundaries have yet to be defined and will not be defined within the scope of this action. The TCP within this area includes but is not limited to the Topock Maze.

In recognition of the cultural and historical significance of the area, planning of all remedial and removal activities at the Site considers minimizing impact to the cultural, historic, and biological resources. Any actions taken under an NTCRA will include measures to avoid, minimize, or mitigate impacts to cultural and historic resources by implementing the mitigation measures prescribed in the PA (BLM, 2010), the Cultural and Historic Properties Management Plan (BLM, 2012), the Cultural and Historic Properties Treatment Plan (AE, 2018), and in consultation with the Tribes and signatories/invited signatories to the PA. Measures currently include but are not limited to: avoidance of ground disturbance at historic and cultural properties to the maximum extent practicable; archaeological and Native American monitoring during earth-disturbing construction work; and periodic monitoring to assess site conditions throughout the duration of the NTCRA. Recognition of and respect for these cultural and historic resources and the



spiritual values of the area is an important component of the selection and evaluation of removal action alternatives.

## 2.2 Previous Investigations and Remedial Activities

Environmental investigations have been underway at the Site since 1997. As directed by DTSC (DTSC, 2006), reporting of RFI/RI activities and results was separated into three volumes. The first two volumes covering Site background and history (RFI/RI Report Volume 1; CH2M, 2007a) and hydrogeologic characterization/groundwater and surface water investigation results (RFI/RI Report Volume 2; CH2M, 2009a) are complete. The first phase of the RFI/RI soil investigation was completed in 2008. The data were reviewed, and data gaps identified. From 2015 to 2017, PG&E conducted additional soil investigations to fill these data gaps. On June 20, 2017, DOI determined that the soil RFI/RI field work was complete (DOI, 2017). As stated in Section 1.1, the results are presented in the draft RFI/RI Report Volume 3. In advance of completion of the RFI/RI Report Volume 3, at the request of DOI (DOI, 2018a), PG&E submitted a data package presenting the soil investigation results and compared them to interim project screening levels for human and ecological receptors (PG&E, 2018).

Remedial activities have occurred at AOC 4 (Debris Ravine), AOC 9 (Southeast Fence Line), and AOC 14 (Railroad Debris Site). As reported in the RFI/RI Report Volume 1 (CH2M, 2007a), PG&E employee reports suggested that a cleanup of white powdery material at AOC 14 was conducted in the early 1990s; however, no documentation regarding the action has been found (Russell, 2006). The contours of the Site indicate excavation may have occurred. A roughly 1-foot-thick layer of white powdery material is present in the embankment immediately adjacent to I-40 and a thin lens of the same material is visible to the north of the excavation area. In addition, a 1998 investigation of the area indicated that a layer of white powdery material is present below the current soil surface (PG&E, 1999a). Sampling results indicate that the white powder exceeded interim screening levels for calcium, magnesium, and sodium. Bulk samples of the white powder analyzed by polarized light microscopy indicated that asbestos fibers were present in AOC14-1 through -5, AOC14-9, AOC14-12, AOC14-13, and AOC14-SS1 and -SS4, To confirm the presence of asbestos fibers, the white powder sample was also analyzed by California Air Resources Board (CARB) Method 435 and transmission electron microscopy. CARB Method 435 did indicate that very low levels of asbestos were present in AOC14-2 and AOC14-SS1 (detected concentration of less than 0.1 percent, where the detection limit was less than 0.1 percent). Based on these results, a very small percentage of asbestos fibers (less than 0.1 percent) are present in the white powder and soil samples (Jacobs, 2019a).

Also reported in the RFI/RI Report Volume 1, an asbestos removal was completed at AOC 14 in 1999 (PG&E, 1999b). In November 1998, during soil sampling at AOC 14, a small amount of friable construction debris and transite were found. The friable material contained over 1 percent asbestos. The transite was non-friable, and after sampling, the trench was covered with clean fill material. PG&E removed the friable asbestos-containing material on April 14, 1999 and disposed of the material at an licensed landfill. Two shallow confirmation samples were collected of the underlying soils. At one sample location, asbestos was detected in the underlying soil. Additional sampling was implemented to characterize the extent of the asbestos in the soil underlying the loose construction material near this sample. On June 1, 1999, 14 additional samples were taken, and no asbestos was detected in any of the sample locations.

In April 2000, a small amount of discolored surface soil was discovered on the southeast side of the facility and is thought to have been uncovered by erosion. The discovery was reported to the DTSC and the area was designated AOC 9. The source of the green staining is believed to be spills from an auxiliary jacket cooling water system, and/or runoff from a steam-cleaning area, into a broken stormwater discharge pipe leading to a storm drain at AOC 9. Per a corrective action agreement with the DTSC, approximately 1.5 cubic yards of soil were excavated and shipped offsite for disposal. Additional soil removal was not feasible at the time due to the extremely steep slope at AOC 9. A new stormwater drainage pipe was installed, and the area was backfilled with clean soil to prevent erosion of the slope.

In June 2009, the DOI issued an Action Memorandum TCRA at the AOC 4 - Debris Ravine at the TCS (DOI, 2009); this memorandum directed PG&E to initiate activities necessary to implement and perform

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TCRA activities at AOC 4. The TCRA was conducted in accordance with CERCLA and, as an interim remedial action, was intended to stabilize and mitigate the threat of release of contaminated material. The history of previous investigations and agency direction leading up to the AOC 4 TCRA are described in the approved *Final Work Plan for Time-Critical Removal Action at AOC 4 Debris Ravine, PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California* (Alisto et al., 2009)

AOC 4 is located in the southern portion of the TCS and is a narrow, steep-sided arroyo that drains into BCW at the southwestern corner of the TCS. AOC 4 is located on PG&E property, except for a small portion of the westernmost end that extends onto HNWR. The operational history at AOC 4 is not well documented; however, over the years, fill material and debris were deposited in the ravine and burning of trash appears to have occurred within AOC 4. COPCs that pose a risk to human receptors, and COPECs that pose a risk to ecological receptors, for AOC 4 identified in the RFI/RI Report Volume 1 (CH2M, 2007a) and the Revised Final Soil RCRA Facility Investigation / Remedial Investigation Work Plan, PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California (Soil RFI/RI Work Plan; CH2M, 2013) include Title 22 metals, CrVI, polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs), asbestos, dioxins and furans, and polychlorinated biphenyls.

TCRA activities were performed from December 2009 through December 2010 in compliance with the TCRA Work Plan (Alisto et al., 2009). The TCRA removed approximately 11,799 tons of waste from AOC 4. The TCRA objectives were met by the removal action, which was conducted in safely accessible areas of AOC 4. The excavation, screening, and confirmation approach followed the TCRA Work Plan, including the quality criteria established in the data quality objectives and quality assurance program addendum. Based on the confirmation data set and installation of erosion control measures, the substantial threat of release of contaminated material from AOC 4 has been stabilized and mitigated and this AOC is not a significant source of contamination.

## 2.3 Source, Nature, and Extent of Contamination

The source, nature, and extent of the contamination in soil in SWMU 1, AOC 1, AOC 9, AOC 10, AOC 11, AOC 14, and AOC 27 is presented in the following subsections. Further details results are presented in the draft RFI/RI Report Volume 3 (Jacobs, 2019a).

#### 2.3.1 Source of Contamination

From 1951 to 1985, PG&E added chromium to the water used in the cooling towers and other equipment at the TCS to prevent equipment corrosion. From 1951 to 1964, cooling tower wastewater containing CrVI was discharged into BCW. Later, treated wastewater was discharged into ponds for storage and evaporation, until chromium use was discontinued in 1985. Potential sources of dioxins/furans may include historical industrial activities, such as fire training exercises and burning of garbage. Other sources unrelated to TCS activities may include unauthorized dumping and burning, regional wildfires, combustion of diesel and leaded gasoline, and exhaust from cars, trucks, and trains (CH2M, 2017a).

## 2.3.2 Nature and Extent of Contamination

The nature and extent of soil contamination at the Site has been evaluated as part of the RFI/RI. Over the course of the RFI/RI soil investigation, constituent concentration data collected outside the TCS fence line have been screened against the following residential and ecological screening levels and background values for soil, which were identified as interim screening levels for the purpose of evaluating the nature and extent of contamination (Jacobs, 2019a).

- USEPA residential regional screening levels (USEPA, 2017)
- Residential DTSC screening levels (DTSC, 2017; 2018)
- Ecological comparison values (ECVs) (Arcadis, 2008b; 2009b)
- Background values (CH2M, 2009c; CH2M, 2017a; Jacobs, 2019b)



• California Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB) environmental screening levels (ESLs) (RWQCB, 2016) (total petroleum hydrocarbons [TPH] only)

The results of the RFI/RI soil investigation were presented in a data package to DOI (PG&E, 2018) and are described in detail in the draft RFI/RI Report Volume 3 (Jacobs, 2019a). RFI/RI soil investigation results for the relevant investigation areas screened against the interim screening levels are presented in Appendix B.

As identified in DOI's 2018 Approval Memorandum (Appendix A) and tabulated in Appendix B, metals and dioxins/furans (assessed as dioxins furans TEQ¹) were detected at concentrations significantly exceeding background values, ECVs, and/or residential human screening levels in certain locations, including in SWMU 1, AOC 10, AOC 14, and AOC 27 (areas located on federal land or in locations where constituents have the potential to migrate to federal land). Metals with elevated concentrations include total chromium, copper, lead, mercury, molybdenum, and zinc. Concentration of these constituents in soil are further evaluated in this EE/CA through comparison to risk-based values.

#### 2.3.3 Conceptual Site Models

Conceptual site models (CSMs) for each SWMU and AOC were presented in the *Revised Final Soil RCRA Facility Investigation/ Remedial Investigation Work Plan, PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California* (CH2M, 2013) and updated in the draft RFI/RI Report Volume 3, Appendix A (Jacobs, 2019a). Summaries for each NTCRA area with a focus on contaminant sources and contaminant migration pathways are presented in Exhibit 2-1.

The primary potential sources of contamination are (1) direct discharge or runoff from the compressor station; (2) discharge from stormwater drain pipes; and (3) disposal of debris including some asbestoscontaining material, water softening sludge, and potentially residuals from burning of office garbage, waste or debris. Potential releases would primarily have been in liquid form and would have affected surface soil. Releases from debris, whether consisting of solid particles or dissolved constituents, would also have affected surface soil. Historically, contamination in surface soil may have been eroded and entrained in stormwater/surface water runoff during flow events and may have been subsequently redeposited downstream. This is supported by the presence of COPCs and COPECs throughout the washes as shown in Figures E-1a through E-8h in Appendix E. Evidence of flooding and significant mass movement of material in washes has been highlighted by the damage to wells in BCW and transport of material from an upgradient quarry located south of BCW. From surface soil, contaminants could have migrated to shallow and deeper soils. Shallow soils may act as a secondary source medium to subsurface soil, and subsurface soil may act as a secondary source medium to groundwater. Continued scouring and mobilization of contamination from areas of high concentration of contaminants to areas of less contamination qualifies as a release. A detailed discussion of the migration pathways, exposure media, exposure routes, and potential human and ecological receptors is included in the Soil Part A Data Quality Objectives Technical Memorandum (CH2M, 2010).

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Dioxins/furans TEQ values are calculated from 17 individual dioxin and furan congeners for human/mammal and avian receptors.



## Exhibit 2-1. Conceptual Site Models for RFI/RI Investigation Areas Addressed in this EE/CA

Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis

PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

SWMU/AOC	Primary Source	Primary Source Media*	Potential Release Mechanism	Secondary Source Media*	Potential Secondary Release Mechanism
SWMU 1 and AOC 1	Runoff from TCS, including sandblast material from AOC 16 Discharge of wastewater from TCS to BCW/ percolation bed	Surface soil	Percolation and/or infiltration     Potential entrainment in stormwater/surface water runoff	<ul> <li>Surface soil</li> <li>Shallow soil</li> <li>Potential sediments</li> <li>Potential groundwater<sup>b</sup></li> </ul>	Wind erosion and atmospheric dispersion of surface soil     Potential volatilization and atmospheric dispersion/enclosed space accumulation (for volatile compounds only)     Potential discharge of groundwater to surface water <sup>a</sup> Potential extracted groundwater <sup>b</sup>
AOC 9	Runoff from TCS, TCS access road, and AOC 9 – Southeast Fence Line Discharge from TCS via broken stormwater/ trench drain pipe	Surface soil Shallow soil	Percolation and/or infiltration     Potential entrainment in stormwater/surface water runoff	Surface soil     Subsurface soil     Potential groundwater <sup>b</sup>	Wind erosion and atmospheric dispersion of surface soil     Potential volatilization and atmospheric dispersion/enclosed space accumulation (for volatile compounds only)     Potential extracted groundwater <sup>b</sup>
AOC 10	Runoff from TCS, TCS access road, and AOC 9 – Southeast Fence Line Discharge from TCS via stormwater drains Disposal of debris	Surface soil	Percolation and/or infiltration     Potential entrainment in stormwater/surface water runoff	Surface soil     Subsurface soil     Potential groundwater <sup>b</sup>	Wind erosion and atmospheric dispersion of surface soil     Potential volatilization and atmospheric dispersion/enclosed space accumulation (for volatile compounds only)     Potential discharge of groundwater to surface water <sup>c</sup> Potential extracted groundwater <sup>b</sup>
AOC 11	Runoff from TCS, TCS access road, and I-40 Discharge from TCS via stormwater drains Disposal of debris	Surface soil	Percolation and/or infiltration     Potential entrainment in stormwater/surface water runoff	<ul> <li>Surface soil</li> <li>Subsurface soil</li> <li>Potential groundwater<sup>b</sup></li> </ul>	Wind erosion and atmospheric dispersion of surface soil     Potential volatilization and atmospheric dispersion (for volatile compounds only)     Potential extracted groundwater <sup>b</sup>



SWMU/AOC	Primary Source	Primary Source Media*	Potential Release Mechanism	Secondary Source Media*	Potential Secondary Release Mechanism
AOC 11	Burned material	Surface soil	Percolation and/or infiltration     Potential entrainment in stormwater/surface water runoff	Surface soil     Subsurface soil	Wind erosion and atmospheric dispersion of surface soil
AOC 14, AOC 16, and AOC 27	Disposal of debris	Surface soil	Percolation and/or infiltration     Potential entrainment in stormwater/surface water runoff	Subsurface soil     Potential groundwater <sup>b</sup>	Wind erosion and atmospheric dispersion of surface soil     Potential volatilization and atmospheric dispersion (for volatile compounds only)     Potential extracted groundwater <sup>b</sup>
AOC 14 and AOC 27	Burned material	Surface soil	Percolation and/or infiltration     Potential entrainment in stormwater/surface water runoff	Subsurface soil	Wind erosion and atmospheric dispersion of surface soil

#### Notes:

AOC = area of concern BCW = Bat Cave Wash I-40 = Interstate 40 SWMU = solid waste management unit TCS = Topock Compressor Station

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<sup>\*</sup>Surface soil = 0 to 0.5 ft bgs; shallow soil = 0 to 3 ft bgs; subsurface soil = 0 to 10 ft bgs

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Discharge to surface water is an insignificant transport pathway as evaluated in the groundwater risk assessment (Arcadis, 2009a).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>No current or potential threat to groundwater from vadose zone soil was identified in the draft RFI/RI Report Volume 3 (Jacobs, 2019a).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Discharge to surface water is an insignificant transport pathway as evaluated in the groundwater risk assessment (Arcadis, 2009a) and confirmed by the results of the sediment and porewater samples at the mouth of East Ravine.



## 2.4 Analytical Data

This EE/CA utilizes metal and dioxins/furans data tabulated and collected during the RFI/RI soil investigation. The results of the dioxins/furans nature and extent were presented in a data package to DOI in 2018 (PG&E, 2018) and are described in detail in the draft RFI/RI Report Volume 3 (Jacobs, 2019a). RFI/RI soil investigation results for the relevant investigation areas are presented in Appendix B. Appendix B draws from the RFI/RI soil investigation combined soil data set which, as described in the draft RFI/RI Report Volume 3, includes historical data collected prior to 2008 and data collected as part of the RFI/RI soil investigation (Jacobs, 2019a). The resulting combined data set is referred to in this report as the Combined Soil RFI/RI Data Set. The Combined Soil RFI/RI Data Set spans a wide range of dates, analytical parameters, and data quality. During data validation, the data were classified using three data usability categories based on data quality:

- Category 1 are suitable for all uses, including risk assessment and remedial action decisions.
- Category 2 data are suitable for use in characterization of the COPCs at the facility and to help define the nature and extent of contamination.
- Category 3 data are suitable only for use in qualitative characterization of the nature and extent of contamination.

Although all data categories are shown in Appendix B, only Category 1 data were considered in this EE/CA. Samples from soil that has been removed as part of a removal action are not included. Data for a small number of samples of other matrices (asphalt, concrete, debris, tar, and white powder) are included. Data collected during implementation of the Soil RFI/RI Work Plan (CH2M, 2013) and subsequent data gap work plans (CH2M, 2016b-d) were validated as described in the draft RFI/RI Report Volume 3 (Jacobs, 2019a).

## 2.5 Human Health and Ecological Risk Assessment Summary

A soil HHERA has been completed for the entire TCS Site. An HHERA report was submitted to DTSC and DOI in 2019 (Arcadis, 2019). An errata to the HHERA was submitted in February 2020 (Arcadis, 2020). DTSC and DOI acceptance of the HHERA was provided on May 29, 2020 (DTSC and DOI, 2020). The objectives of the HHERA were to:

- Provide a basis for determining levels of constituents that can remain in soil at the Site and still be adequately protective of public health and the environment
- Help determine the need for remedial action with respect to soil conditions

The HHERA was conducted using the methodologies presented in the associated agency-approved HHERA Work Plans (Arcadis, 2008a, 2009, 2015) and included evaluating all constituents detected during the RFI/RI soil investigations to identify COPCs and/or COPECs that could potentially pose an unacceptable risk to human health or the ecological environment. The HHERA also developed RBRGs for the COPCs/COPECs that were driving potential risks and identified the specific areas of the Site that could be targeted for risk management.

Risk-based criteria (RBC) were derived during in the HHERA using the same approach and equations as for the development of the human health and ecological RBRGs (presented in Appendix D) for use in soil handling and management decisions. Human health RBCs for receptors identified in the HHERA are presented in Appendix RBC of the HHERA Report (Arcadis, 2019). Updated ecological RBCs for receptors identified in the HHERA are presented in the HHERA Errata (Arcadis, 2020).

The sections that follow provide a brief summary of the approach and the conclusions of the HHERA. An executive summary of the HHERA with additional detail is provided as Appendix C.



#### 2.5.1 Data Evaluation and Exposure Point Concentration Calculation

As discussed in the HHERA report (Arcadis, 2019), only the highest quality data collected during the RFI/RI (Category 1) were used in the HHERA. Samples representative of soil that has since been removed as part of a prior removal action were not included. Data were grouped into datasets by individual potential exposure areas (for example, Bat Cave Wash [AOC1/SWMU1] or AOC 10) and into combined exposure areas (for example, all exposure areas outside the Compressor Station [OCS]) based on assumptions about how the human and ecological receptors at the Site could be exposed to the soils.

Data for each potential exposure area were also grouped according to exposure depth. Humans were assumed to contact soil from 0 to 10 ft bgs and ecological receptors were assumed to contact soil from 0 to 6 ft bgs. Additionally, for the two soil potential exposure areas encompassing wash areas (Bat Cave Wash [AOC1/SWMU1] and AOC 10), two scouring scenarios were evaluated. The 2-foot scouring scenario assumes that the top 2 ft of soil is removed during potential future scouring resulting from surface runoff following heavy rainfalls. Similarly, in the 5-foot scouring scenario, 5 ft of soil is assumed to be removed during scouring. Datasets were adjusted so that potential exposures for the human health receptors were from the 'new' surface to a depth of 10 ft bgs, and the ecological exposures were from the 'new' surface to 6 ft bgs.

Within each depth interval, interim intervals were defined based on specific receptor activities. COPCs and COPECs were identified using various statistical comparisons and tests to assess whether the constituents were detected at concentrations above background levels; organic constituents without background values were selected as COPCs/COPECs, if detected. Exposure point concentrations (EPCs) (the representative concentration potentially contacted by the potential receptors), based on the 95% upper confidence limit on the mean (95UCL), were estimated for the specific depth intervals relevant to various receptors and exposure scenarios.

#### 2.5.2 Human Health Risk Assessment Overview

Potential human receptors were evaluated as four main categories: worker, recreational user, tribal user, and hypothetical resident. The primary potentially complete exposure pathways evaluated were soil direct contact exposure pathways (that is, incidental ingestion, inhalation, and dermal exposure). Worker types evaluated were long-term maintenance worker, short-term maintenance worker, and commercial worker (assumed to work inside the TCS fence line only). Worker activities outside the TCS fence line could include intrusive activities associated with contacting soil up to 10 ft bgs. Recreation user types evaluated were camper, hiker, hunter, and off-highway vehicle (OHV) rider (or all-terrain vehicle rider). Recreational users were evaluated for exposure to soil up to 3 ft bgs outside the TCS fence line. Tribal use was associated with exposure outside the TCS fence line, and exposure was assumed to occur from the inhalation pathway only (that is, inhalation of dust arising from wind erosion or volatile organic compounds [VOCs] that may volatilize from soil). The hypothetical future residential user was evaluated, as requested by the BLM, and was assumed to contact soil up to 10 ft bgs and to grow and consume vegetables, fruits, and poultry from the Site. This hypothetical future residential user evaluation was included in the HHRA for informational purposes only. As stated in DOI's (2015) Land Use Memo, "DOI will not utilize a future residential scenario on Federal lands within the project area when evaluating cleanup options in the Feasibility Study phase."

Incremental lifetime cancer risks (ILCRs) and noncancer hazard indices (HIs) were estimated for potential exposures to constituents in soil and/or soil gas. Cumulative ILCRs (sum of chemical-specific ILCRs) posed by the Site should not exceed 1 x  $10^{-6}$  to 1 x  $10^{-4}$ . As stated in the HHERA report, the DTSC point of departure for excess incremental lifetime cancer risk is 1 x  $10^{-6}$ . A cumulative non-cancer HI that is less than or equal to 1 implies that the predicted exposure is not expected to result in adverse, non-cancer health effects.

As described in the HHERA Work Plan (Arcadis, 2008a) and HHERA (Arcadis, 2019), the human populations that could be present in the areas outside the TCS (i.e., maintenance workers, recreational users, and tribal users) would more likely be exposed randomly, over the course of a lifetime, to soil present in all potential exposure areas outside of TCS, rather than have a lifetime of contact limited to the

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area of a single SWMU/AOC. Therefore, the combination of all exposure areas outside the TCS fence line (the OCS exposure area) is the scenario in the HHERA considered to most appropriately represent both current and potential future exposures for maintenance workers, recreational users, and tribal users.

### 2.5.3 Ecological Risk Assessment Overview

Potential ecological receptors evaluated included plants, terrestrial invertebrates, and representative small- and large home range wildlife (that is, birds and mammals). The primary potential exposure pathways for soil were determined to be direct contact or incidental ingestion of surface soil (0 to 0.5 ft bgs), shallow soil (0 to 3 ft bgs), and/or subsurface soil (0 to 6 ft bgs) and, for mammals and birds, uptake and subsequent ingestion of COPECs in biota. Hazard quotients (HQs) were estimated for each potential receptor population and exposure area using EPCs developed for each COPEC over the appropriate soil exposure intervals in accordance with the agency-approved HHERA Work Plans (Arcadis, 2008a; 2009; 2015). Multiple sets of exposure (for example, EPCs) and toxicity assumptions (for example, toxicity reference values [TRVs]) were evaluated, proceeding from generic to more refined assumptions. Risk drivers were identified based on those COPECs for which unacceptable community/population level risk (that is, HQs greater than 1 for plants and soil invertebrate communities and lowest observable adverse effect level (LOAEL)-based HQs for wildlife populations [or LOAEL-based HQs greater than 10 for dioxin TEQI) were predicted using the most refined exposure and effects assumptions (that is, selected TRVs. area-weighted EPCs, and site-specific site use factor) and additional supporting lines of evidence. For threatened or endangered species and other species of concern observed onsite (ring-tail cat and bats, respectively), a qualitative assessment was completed based on surrogate and representative receptors.

#### 2.5.4 HHERA Conclusions

Several complete pathways of exposure to COPCs/COPECs are present at the Site, both now and potentially in the future. The HHERA generally found no unacceptable risk for most human and ecological receptors. Of the potential human receptors, no unacceptable risk was identified for all relevant potential exposure areas for tribal users, hunters, and commercial and short- and long- term maintenance workers. Of the potential ecological receptors, no unacceptable risk was identified for all relevant potential exposure areas for special-status species, large home-range receptors, herbivorous and insectivorous birds, and herbivorous small mammals.

For certain human recreators and desert shrew (insectivorous small mammals), the potential for unacceptable risk was identified in nine localized areas in the following exposure areas: the SWMU 1 exposure area (within BCW), the AOC 9 exposure area (including portions of the RFI/RI investigation area known as AOC 10), and/or the AOC 10 exposure area.

The potential for unacceptable risk was also identified for plants and invertebrates; however, only generic risk-based screening levels were available to estimate HQs and, as discussed in the HHERA, there is low confidence in the ability to predict risk to plants and invertebrates at the Site based on these generic screening levels. For plants, risk conclusions were based primarily on communities observed during floristic surveys at the Site. Vegetation communities observed at the Site during the floristic surveys conducted in 2013 (GANDA and CH2M, 2013) and in 2017 (CH2M, 2017b) are typical of Mojave Desert plant communities. More than 100 different vascular plant species have been observed at the Site and documented in these survey reports. The floristic survey observations indicate relatively sparse vegetative cover with a variety of species representative of the region, consistent with desert habitats in general and the Lower Colorado River Valley subdivision of the Sonoran Desert in particular (MacMahon, 1988; Brown, 1994).

Although vegetative cover is sparse, no obvious impairment of the plant community was observed in the vicinity of the Site and it provides the important habitat functions necessary for ecological receptors that inhabit the area. However, it should be noted that adverse effects to plant community composition would be difficult to detect given that the habitat is dominated by low-density species like creosote bush. The lack of any noticeable impairment does not mean that plants have not been affected at the Site. Plant communities have been affected by human impacts related to over 60 years of transportation and energy development activities and remedial activities at the Site, potentially resulting in the creation of



environments that favor the establishment/dominance of certain plant species. Since plant community composition, distribution, and diversity are affected by human disturbance, it would be very difficult to distinguish between changes in the plant community due to human activities versus contaminant impacts on growth or reproduction due to chemical releases associated with the Site. Because chemical impacts, if they are occurring, are difficult to distinguish from changes associated with physical human disturbances, the potential for adverse effects to the health of the plant community can be considered to be low and therefore risk drivers were not identified for plants.

To summarize, the risk drivers or constituents of concern (COCs) for human recreators and the desert shrew are dioxin/furan TEQ, total chromium (desert shrew only), CrVI (recreator only), and copper (desert shrew only).

#### 2.5.5 Risk-Based Remedial Goals for Risk Drivers

The HHERA (Arcadis, 2019) presents RBRGs for COPCs/COPECs in soil that most significantly contribute to estimates of unacceptable risk to human health and/or ecological receptors (that is, risk drivers or COCs). RBRGs are concentrations that do not present unacceptable risk to human health and ecological receptors. An RBRG is a proposed health-protective target cleanup concentration that can be used, in combination with other factors such as background concentrations, as a starting point for making risk management decisions. RBRGs are calculated for constituents in soil for a given potential receptor where the findings of the HHERA suggest some form of risk management may be warranted. As stated in the HHERA, the RBRGs are not intended to be a bright line, nor used on a point by point basis to identify locations that may warrant risk management. Rather, and consistent with the HHERA approach, RBRGs are applied based on the potential exposure area of interest (that is, the 95UCL for the potential exposure area should be less than or equal to the RBRG).

#### 2.5.5.1 Human Health RBRGs

Consistent with USEPA guidance (1991), a risk-based process was used in the HHERA to estimate RBRGs for COPCs that drive soil risk concerns above *de minimis* risk levels (Arcadis, 2019). For compounds identified as carcinogens, negligible or *de minimis* risk levels were defined in accordance with state and federal guidance as one in one million ( $1 \times 10^{-6}$ ). DTSC and USEPA ultimately have authority to allow for residual risks to be within the risk management range of  $1 \times 10^{-4}$  to  $1 \times 10^{-6}$ . As indicated in the National Oil and Hazardous Substances Pollution Contingency Plan (40 CFR 300), cancer risks between  $1 \times 10^{-6}$  and  $1 \times 10^{-4}$  fall within a risk management range. This is generally referred to as the acceptable risk range. Within this estimated cancer risk range, there is flexibility for risk managers in deciding what action, if any, is necessary and appropriate for the protection of human health.

For dioxins TEQ, the HHERA notes that DTSC's Human and Ecological Risk Office supports the use of residential and indoor commercial worker remedial goals equal to 10 times the theoretical potential cancer risk of 1 x  $10^{-6}$  (equal to that associated with a theoretical potential cancer risk of 1 x  $10^{-6}$ ). This regulatory approach is based on studies of bioavailability of dioxins that demonstrate exposure under normal residential and indoor commercial conditions has minimal influence of the serum of exposed individuals. Recreational users are assumed to have the same intake rates via ingestion, dermal contact, and inhalation exposure pathways as under a residential scenario, but exposure occurs on a less frequent basis than assumed under a residential scenario. Therefore, potential exposure to dioxin TEQ in soil for the recreational users over a lifetime would be less than for a hypothetical resident. As such, the HHERA concludes that RBRGs for recreational users equal to 10 times the theoretical potential cancer risk of 1 ×  $10^{-6}$  (that is, 1 x  $10^{-5}$ ) may be appropriate for the Site.

As described in the HHERA, human health RBRGs were calculated for CrVI and dioxin TEQ, as these were the significant contributors to risks above *de minimis* levels, under the camper, hiker and OHV rider potential exposure scenarios. As none of the risk drivers were based on the potential for adverse noncancer effects (i.e., the noncancer HIs were below 1 for relevant exposure scenarios), the human health RBRGs are all based on the potential for carcinogenic effects. RBRGs protective of potential human receptors are summarized in Exhibit 2-2. Risk levels of 1 × 10<sup>-4</sup>, 1 × 10<sup>-5</sup>, and 1 × 10<sup>-6</sup> are shown in the exhibit. Additional information regarding derivation of the RBRGs is presented in Appendix D.

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#### Exhibit 2-2. Human Health Risk-Based Remediation Goals

Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis

PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

Risk Drivers for Potential Recreational Users	Human Health RBRG	RBRG Basis
Chromium, hexavalent	3.1 mg/kg Off-highway vehicle rider at 1 x 10 <sup>-6</sup> risk	
Chromium, hexavalent	31 mg/kg	Off-highway vehicle rider at 1 x 10 <sup>-5</sup> risk
Chromium, hexavalent	310 mg/kg	Off-highway vehicle rider at 1 x 10 <sup>-4</sup> risk
Dioxin/furan TEQ	100 ng/kg	Hiker at 1 x 10 <sup>-6</sup> risk
Dioxin/furan TEQ	1,000 ng/kg	Hiker at 1 x 10⁻⁵ risk
Dioxin/furan TEQ	10,000 ng/kg	Hiker at 1 x 10 <sup>-4</sup> risk

mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram

ng/kg = nanograms per kilogram

RBRG = risk-based remedial goal

TEQ = toxicity equivalent

### 2.5.5.2 Ecological RBRGs

The HHERA identified the following risk drivers and potential exposure areas as presenting an unacceptable risk to one or more potential ecological receptors:

- Bat Cave Wash [AOC1/SWMU1] exposure area (baseline) dioxin TEQ for small mammals
- AOC 9 exposure area (including portions of RFI/RI investigation area known as AOC 10) CrVI and copper for plants; CrVI, total chromium, and copper for invertebrates; total chromium, copper, and dioxin TEQ for small mammals
- AOC 10 exposure area CrVI and total chromium for plants; total chromium for invertebrates; and total chromium and dioxin TEQ for small mammals.

Vegetation communities observed at the Site during the floristic surveys conducted in 2013 (GANDA and CH2M, 2013) and in 2017 (CH2M, 2017b) are typical of Mojave Desert plant communities. As noted in Section 2.5.4 and in the HHERA, the floristic surveys provide site-specific observations that suggest the presence of healthy plant communities at the Site. This is considered a reasonable line of evidence than the exceedances of generic plant screening values have low ability to predict toxicity in plants. Therefore, these generic screening levels for plants and soil invertebrates are not recommended for use as RBRGs at the Site. Because the key risk COPECs with HQs greater than 1 for plants and soil invertebrates (CrVI and total chromium) tend to be co-located with risk drivers for human receptors and shrews, risk management considered for the protection of wildlife receptors potentially exposed to total chromium will also reduce risk to plants and invertebrates.

For potential wildlife receptors, RBRGs based on protection of wildlife populations were derived for insectivorous small mammals (desert shrew), the only potential wildlife receptor identified with the potential for unacceptable risk associated with exposure to COPECs in soil at this Site. The RBRGs for small home range insectivorous mammals (desert shrew) were derived using the dietary dose model used to estimate HQs in the predictive ERAs. The RBRGs were calculated using Microsoft Excel Solver software that determines the soil concentration for a target HQ equal to 1.

For dioxin TEQ, a range of RBRGs were calculated using alternate and more robust bioaccumulation factor (BAF) and TRV approaches/values. The congener-specific BAFs (EPA 1999, Fagervold et al. 2010) and a recommended mammalian dioxin TRV developed in Section 6.7.5 of the HHERA Report of 30 nanograms per kilogram body weight per day (ng/kg-bw/day) derived using the USEPA's Ecological Screening Level approach were used to calculate the RBRGs protective of insectivorous small mammals.



Ecological RBRGs are summarized in Exhibit 2-3. Additional information regarding derivation of the RBRGs is presented in Appendix D.

## Exhibit 2-3. Ecological Risk-Based Remediation Goals

Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis

PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

Risk Driver for Shrew	BAF	LOAEL-based Mammalian TRV	Ecological RBRG
Chromium, total	ERA / RAWP	ERA / HHERA Work Plan	145 mg/kg
Copper	ERA / RAWP	ERA / HHERA Work Plan	145 mg/kg
Dioxin/furan TEQ	EPA 1999	30 ng/kg-day (geomean of rodent studies)	190 ng/kg
Dioxin/furan TEQ	Fagervold et al. 2010	30 ng/kg-day (geomean of rodent studies)	360 ng/kg

BAF = bioaccumulation factor ERA = ecological risk assessment

HHERA = Human Health and Ecological Risk Assessment

LOAEL = lowest observed adverse effects level

RAWP = Risk Assessment Work Plan RBRG = risk-based remedial goal

TEQ = toxicity equivalent
TRV = toxicity reference value

#### 2.5.6 HHERA Key Findings

Overall, the HHERA found no potentially unacceptable risk to most human and ecological receptors exposed to COPCs/COPECs in soil at the Site, both within the TCS (inside the compressor station exposure area) and exposure areas outside the TCS. Estimated risks were determined to be acceptable for all relevant exposure areas for the following receptors:

- Human Health Receptors
  - Tribal User and hunter
  - Workers (Commercial and Short- and Long-term Maintenance Workers).
- Ecological Receptors
  - Special-status species (state- and federal-listed threatened and endangered wildlife species and state species of concern), including ring-tailed cat, cave myotis, and pallid bats
  - Large home range receptors (desert kit fox, Nelson's desert bighorn sheep, red-tailed hawk, and Yuma myotis)
  - Herbivorous and insectivorous birds (Gambel's quail and cactus wren)
  - Herbivorous small mammals (Merriam's kangaroo rat).

For the remaining receptors (camper, hiker, OHV rider, and desert shrew), the potential for unacceptable risk was identified as being driven by a limited number of compounds (i.e., dioxin/furan TEQ and CrVI for human health; dioxin/furan TEQ, total chromium, and copper for ecological receptors) in nine localized areas within SWMU 1, AOC 9, and/or AOC 10.

As an example of applying RBRGs, the RBRGs described in the preceding sections were used to identify locations driving risk above acceptable levels for relevant human and ecological receptors. That process revealed a total of nine locations in three exposure areas (SWMU 1, AOC 9, and AOC 10) as associated with unacceptable risk. Those locations are as follows:

Protection of human recreators (four total locations for the 0 to 3 ft bgs interval):

- Dioxin/furan TEQ: SWMU1-25 in OCS / SWMU 1
- CrVI: AOC10-20, #10 in AOC 9, and MW-58BR\_S in AOC 10.

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Protection of desert shrew (seven total locations for the 0 to 0.5 ft bgs interval):

- Dioxin TEQ (based on RBRG of 190 ng/kg): SWMU1-25 in BCW; PA-20, AOC10-23, and PA-21 in AOC 9; and AOC10c-4 in AOC 10
- Total chromium: AOC10-20 in AOC 9
- Copper: AOC10-21 in AOC 9.

In total, the nine locations fall within three main exposure areas: SWMU 1 (near SWMU1-25) in BCW, AOC 9 along the TCS fence line (which is within the RFI/RI investigation area known as AOC 10), and AOC 10 within the AOC10c subarea (i.e., drainage depression behind the middle berm in the East Ravine).

#### 2.6 Basis for Removal Action

As documented in the EE/CA Approval Memorandum (DOI, 2018b) and described in Section 1.1, this EE/CA considers an NTCRA to address the following NCP factors:

- Actual or potential exposure to nearby human populations, animals, or the food chain from hazardous substances or pollutants or contaminants
- Actual or potential contamination of drinking water supplies or sensitive ecosystems
- High levels of hazardous substances or pollutants or contaminants in soils largely at or near the surface, that may migrate
- Weather conditions that may cause hazardous substances or pollutants or contaminants to migrate or be released

As summarized in Section 2.5, the overall findings of the HHERA support that remedial or removal action addressing hexavalent chromium, total chromium, copper, and dioxin/furan TEQ at the nine locations described in Section 2.5.7 will reduce overall calculated risks to levels that are protective of human health and potential ecological receptors. It is proposed that an NTCRA address these locations.

In addition, in accordance with the cited NCP factors, this EE/CA also evaluates high levels of COPCs/COPECs in soils largely at or near the surface that may migrate as well as weather conditions that may cause COPC/COPECs to migrate (especially scouring). As identified in the EE/CA Approval Memorandum (DOI, 2018b) and summarized in Section 2.3.2, high levels of the following COPCs/COPECs have been measured in soil on federal land or in locations where constituents have the potential to migrate to federal land: total chromium, copper, lead, mercury, molybdenum, zinc, and dioxins/furans. It is proposed that the NTCRA also address these locations. A detailed description of each location recommended for inclusion under the NTCRA along the rationale are presented in Section 3.6.



## 3. Identification of Removal Action Objectives

This section identifies the scope, objectives, and goals of the NTCRA.

## 3.1 Statutory Limits on Removal Actions

This removal action will not be USEPA fund-financed; therefore, statutory limits for removal action do not apply.

## 3.2 Determination of Removal Scope

The scope of the potential removal action alternatives evaluated in this EE/CA is limited to soil and other solid-phase matrices including sediment, white powder, black sandy material, and debris on federal land or in locations where constituents have the potential to migrate to federal land. The removal action will be limited to PAAs identified in the EE/CA Approval Memorandum and further refined in this EE/CA. Specifically, PAAs are located within the following RFI/RI investigation areas: SWMU 1, AOC 1, AOC 9, AOC 10, AOC 11, AOC 14, and AOC 27.

## 3.3 Identification of Applicable or Relevant and Appropriate Requirements

To assist with the determination of the RAOs and the development and screening of removal action alternatives, applicable or relevant and appropriate requirements (ARARs) have been identified for the Site. ARARs are cleanup standards, standards of control, and other substantive environmental protection requirements, criteria, or limitations promulgated under federal or state law. As indicated by the USEPA (1988), ARARs may be either "applicable" or "relevant and appropriate." Distinct from ARARs, USEPA's regulations also acknowledge to-be-considered (TBC) criteria that may be helpful in evaluating remedies, but for which compliance is not required (USEPA, 1988).

ARARs and TBC criteria fall into three types: chemical-specific, location-specific, and action-specific. The identified criteria for this removal action are presented in Table 3-1.

## 3.4 Removal Action Objectives and Goals

The Site-specific ARARs and TBC criteria and the NCP factors described in Section 1.1 were used to define RAOs for the proposed NTCRA. The following subsections describes these RAOs and associated removal action goals (RAGs).

#### 3.4.1 Description of Removal Action Objectives and Goals

As described in Section 1.1, an NTCRA at the Site is being evaluated based on the following NCP factors per 40 CFR § 300.415(b)(2):

- Actual or potential exposure to nearby human populations, animals, or the food chain from hazardous substances or pollutants or contaminants
- Actual or potential contamination of drinking water supplies or sensitive ecosystems
- High levels of hazardous substances or pollutants or contaminants in soils largely at or near the surface, that may migrate
- Weather conditions that may cause hazardous substances or pollutants or contaminants to migrate or be released

Based on these factors, consideration of ARARs, and the information presented in Sections 2.3 and 2.5, several RAOs have been developed. The RAOs and the specific RAGs associated with each RAO are presented in Exhibit 3-1. The RAGs are the specific metrics associated with each RAO. The RAGs are



#### **Exhibit 3-1. Removal Action Objectives and Goals**

Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis

PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

Removal Action Objective	Removal Action Goal
RAO 1: Reduce human and ecological risk related to the COCs in soil up to 10 ft bgs on or adjacent	In order to meet RAO 1, the recommendations of HHERA will be followed, that is, removal action alternatives will include removal of soil at the following locations identified in the HHERA:
to federal land by removing soil at locations identified as driving risk in the HHERA.	Protection of potential human recreators (four total locations for the 0- to 3-ft bgs depth interval):
identified as driving risk in the Fill Elva.	<ul> <li>Dioxin TEQ: SWMU1-25</li> <li>Hexavalent chromium: AOC10-20, #10, and MW-58BR_S</li> </ul>
	Protection of desert shrew (up to seven total locations for the 0- to 0.5-ft bgs depth interval):
	<ul> <li>Dioxin/furan TEQ (based on RBRG of 190 ng/kg): SWMU1-25, PA-20, AOC10-23, PA-21, and AOC10c-4 Total chromium: AOC10-20</li> <li>Copper: AOC10-21</li> </ul>
	Following the NTCRA, risk will be recalculated for the relevant exposure areas and compared to numerical RAGs, specifically RBRGs defined in the HHERA. Risk calculations will be performed during implementation of the removal action alternative and will include existing soil concentration data for sample locations not removed in the NTCRA and new data from confirmation samples. RAO 1 will be met when the residual 95UCL of the mean concentration for the potential exposure area is less than or equal to the RBRG. Where human health drives risk, the RBRG protective of risk at 1 x 10 <sup>-6</sup> will be used. Relevant RBRGs are presented in Exhibit 3-2.
RAO 2: Address elevated concentrations of contaminants in soil up to 10 ft bgs outside the TCS in or adjacent to wash areas that are within, or have the potential to migrate to, the HNWR during storm events.	In order to meet RAO 2, removal action alternatives will address direct contact with soil up to 10 ft bgs within the HNWR or that may migrate to the HNWR that contains elevated concentrations of contaminants (specifically, hexavalent chromium, total chromium, copper, lead, mercury, molybdenum, zinc, and/or dioxins/furans). Identification of areas with elevated concentrations have been guided in this EE/CA by comparing individual soil concentration results (from existing RFI/RI data) to a set of numerical RAGs described in Section 3.4.2 and identifying the factor of exceedance of 10 times this numerical RAG. Removing highly contaminated soils and wastes that contain mobile contaminants also minimizes the potential for further degradation of the groundwater aquifer. Confirmation samples will be collected during the NTCRA and compared to numerical RAGs to confirm the completeness of removal activities.
RAO 3: Remove debris, burnt material, and/or discolored soil associated with elevated hazardous substances as identified during the RFI/RI within SWMUs and AOCs up to 10 ft bgs.	In order to meet RAO 3, removal action alternatives will address visually identified debris, burnt material, and/or discolored soil from 0 to 10 ft bgs. RAO 3 will rely on visual identification of material rather than comparison of soil concentrations to numerical RAGs. Areas with observed debris, burnt material, sandblast grit, and/or discolored soil are preliminarily identified for the purpose of evaluating removal action alternatives and costing in Section 3.6 and will be refined based on visual observation during the NTCRA. The completeness of the NTCRA will be confirmed through visual observation and confirmation sampling for COCs.

#### Notes:

95UCL = 95% upper confidence limit on the mean

AOC = area of concern

bgs = below ground surface

COC = constituent of concern

EE/CA = Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis

ft = feet

HHERA = human health and ecological risk assessment

HNWR = Havasu National Wildlife Refuge

ng/kg = nanograms per kilogram

NTRCA = Non-time-critical removal action

RAG = removal action goal

RAO = removal action objective

RBRG = risk-based remedial goals

RFI/RI = RCRA facility investigation/remedial investigation

SWMU = solid waste management unit

TEQ = toxicity equivalent

TCS = Topock Compressor Station

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used in this EE/CA to refine the extents of the preliminary PAAs first presented in the EE/CA Approval Memorandum (DOI, 2018b) and to evaluate treatment technologies. The RAGs will also be used to guide the potential NTCRA and evaluate its completeness.

#### 3.4.2 Numerical Removal Action Goals

As described in Exhibit 3-1, RAO 1 will be met when the residual 95UCL for the potential exposure area is less than or equal to the RBRG. In consideration of Tribal input received during the EE/CA comment period, the RAGs have been modified. Consistent with the HHERA, where human health drives risk, the RBRG protective of human receptors at the theoretical potential cancer risk of 1 x 10<sup>-6</sup> will be used for soil in the upper 2 feet of the PAAs. For soils below 2 feet, the selected human health RBRGs are based on a theoretical potential cancer risk of 1 x 10<sup>-5</sup>. The relevant RBRGs and RBCs are presented in Exhibit 3-2. Derivation of the RBRGs is presented in Appendix D.

#### Exhibit 3-2. Numerical Removal Action Goals (RAGs)

Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

Contaminant	Numerical RAG	Basis	Source	Applicable RAO
Chromium, hexavalent	3.1 mg/kg (surface to 2 ft bgs) 31 mg/kg (2 to 10 ft bgs)	Off-highway vehicle rider at 1 x 10 <sup>-6</sup> risk Off-highway vehicle rider at 1 x 10 <sup>-5</sup> risk	RBRG calculated in HHERA	RAO 1 <sup>a</sup> and RAO 2 <sup>b</sup>
Chromium, total	145 mg/kg	Desert shrew	RBRG calculated in HHERA	RAO 1 <sup>a</sup> and RAO 2 <sup>b</sup>
Copper	145 mg/kg	Desert shrew	RBRG calculated in HHERA	RAO 1 <sup>a</sup> and RAO 2 <sup>b</sup>
Dioxin/furan TEQ°	100 ng/kg (surface to 2 ft bgs) 190 ng/kg (2 to 10 ft bgs)	Hiker at 1 x 10 <sup>-6</sup> risk Desert shrew	RBRG calculated in HHERA	RAO 1 <sup>a</sup> and RAO 2 <sup>b</sup>
Lead	36 mg/kg	Cactus wren	RBC calculated in HHERA Appendix RBC	RAOs 2 <sup>b</sup>
Mercury	1 mg/kg	Cactus wren	RBC calculated in HHERA Appendix RBC	RAOs 2 <sup>b</sup>
Molybdenum	22 mg/kg	Desert shrew	RBC calculated in HHERA Appendix RBC	RAOs 2 <sup>b</sup>
Zinc	1,050 mg/kg	Cactus wren	RBC calculated in HHERA Appendix RBC	RAOs 2 <sup>b</sup>

#### Notes:

95 UCL = 95 percent upper confidence limit on the mean

HHERA = Human Health and Ecological Risk Assessment

ft bgs = feet below ground surface

mg/kg = milligram(s) per kilogram

ng/kg = nanogram(s) per kilogram

RAG = removal action goal

RBC = risk-based concentration

RBRG = risk-based remedial goal

TEQ = toxicity equivalent

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> For RAO 1, the residual 95UCL of the mean concentration for the potential exposure area will be compared to the RBRG.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> For RAO 2, individual soil samples are and will be compared directly to the RBRG to identify significant exceedances.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Dioxin/Furan TEQs for humans and mammals are calculated using the same toxic equivalency factors. The dioxin/furan RAGs are protective of both human recreators and the desert shrew. The RBC for protection of the desert shrew is 190 ng/kg. The RBC for human recreators from 2 to 10 ft bgs is 1,000 ng/kg based on a hiker at 1 x 10<sup>-5</sup> risk.



To support the EE/CA process and implementation of the proposed NTCRA, numerical RAG values were also identified to support RAO 2. These are referred to in this report as numerical RAGs. Chemical-specific ARARs (that is, cleanup standards promulgated under federal or state law) are often used to guide NTCRAs; however, no chemical-specific ARARs were identified by DOI for purposes of this EE/CA at the Site (Table 3-1). In the absence of applicable ARARs, numerical RAGs will be risk-based values (that is, RBRGs and risk-based concentrations [RBCs] calculated in the HHERA). The numerical RAGs are intended to be a tool in identifying areas with elevated concentrations of contaminants in soil.

Numerical RAGs are presented in Exhibit 3-2. For constituents identified as driving risk in the HHERA (CrVI, total chromium, copper, and dioxins/furans), the numerical RAG is the RBRG identified in the HHERA. Where human health drives risk, the RBRG protective of risk at 1 x 10<sup>-6</sup> will be used. For other constituents identified in the EE/CA Approval Memorandum (lead, mercury, molybdenum, and zinc), RBCs developed during the HHERA for use in soil handling and management decisions, will be used. Note that the ecological RBCs for these four metals are lower than the human health RBCs, and because of the generic nature of the RBCs for plants and soil invertebrates, and other uncertainties associated with their development, the HHERA Report does not recommend the plant and soil invertebrate RBCs for soil-management decisions at the Site. The basis used for selection of the numerical RAGs for lead, mercury, molybdenum, and zinc is as follows:

- Lead The minimum lead RBC is the ecological RBC of 36 mg/kg. This value is based on protection of cactus wren, and is lower than all other ecological RBCs, including plants and soil invertebrates, and human health RBCs. It is greater than background concentrations (soil background threshold value [BTV] = 8.39 mg/kg). The cactus wren RBC of 36 mg/kg is recommended as the RBC for lead.
- Mercury The two lowest mercury RBCs are ecological RBCs for soil invertebrates (0.1 mg/kg) and plants (0.3 mg/kg). Both values were derived by the Oak Ridge National Laboratory (Efroymson et al. 1997a,b) and the authors have low confidence in their ability to predict risk based on the extremely small datasets evaluated. The lowest observed adverse effects concentration (LOAEC) used to derive the soil invertebrate RBC is 0.5 mg/kg. The only other effects data evaluated by Efroymson et al. (1997a) was a chronic LOAEC of 12.5 mg/kg for methylmercury, and in this study a concentration of methylmercury at 2.5 mg/kg had no effects. For plants, the RBC is based on a secondary source, citing unspecified toxic effects in unspecified plant species; the only other effects data evaluated by Efroymson et al. (1997b) were more than two orders of magnitude higher. The next lowest RBC is the ecological RBC of 1.0 mg/kg, protective of cactus wren. This value was derived using toxicity data for organic forms of mercury, which are unlikely to be present in desert soils. Inorganic mercury is less toxic to wildlife than organic mercury (USEPA, 1995) and using inorganic mercury toxicity data to derive wildlife RBCs would result in higher RBC values for both birds and mammals. No BTV is available for comparison to the RBCs. Due to low confidence in the soil invertebrate and plant RBCs and the conservative nature of the wildlife RBCs (based on organic mercury), the cactus wren RBC of 1.0 mg/kg is recommended as the RBC for mercury.
- Molybdenum The lowest molybdenum RBC is the ecological RBC for plants (2 mg/kg); no RBC is available for soil invertebrates. The plant value was derived by Oak Ridge National Laboratory (Efroymson et al. 1997b) and the authors have low confidence in its ability to predict risk based on the extremely small dataset evaluated. Only a single secondary study reporting unspecified effects in plants was available as the basis of the RBC. Efroymson et al. (1997b) include additional information that molybdenum toxicity to plants has never been reported, and that low concentrations of this element are used to fertilize legumes, which contain nitrogen-fixing bacteria that require molybdenum. The next lowest RBC is the ecological RBC of 22 mg/kg protective of desert shrew. This value was calculated by Sample et al. (1996) and is based on a chronic LOAEL for mouse reproduction. For comparison, the molybdenum BTV is 1.87 mg/kg. Due to the low confidence in the plant RBC, the next lowest RBC based on the desert shrew of 22 mg/kg is recommended as the RBC for molybdenum.
- **Zinc** The lowest zinc RBC is 120 mg/kg for soil invertebrates. This is an ecological soil screening level (EcoSSL) derived by USEPA (2008) based on a relatively robust dataset consisting of five studies, a variety of test soils, and at least three test species. For comparison, the next lowest RBC is 160 mg/kg for plants (EcoSSL); the minimum wildlife RBC is 1,050 mg/kg for cactus wren; and the zinc BTV is 58 mg/kg. Zinc is an essential element for plants and wildlife. Although there is a higher

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relative confidence in the plant and invertebrate EcoSSLs compared with the screening levels from the Oak Ridge National Laboratory (Efroymson et al., 1997a; 1997b), the HHERA does not recommend using RBCs for plants and invertebrates for soil management decisions at the Site. Therefore, the lowest wildlife RBC of 1,050 mg/kg based on the cactus wren is the recommended RBC for zinc.

#### 3.5 Determination of Removal Schedule

The total project period to construct the selected alternative will depend on the selected removal action.

Because this removal action has been designated as non-time-critical, the start date of the removal action will be determined by factors other than the urgency of threat. Possible factors include weather, the availability of resources, and site constraints. The total project period is anticipated to last up to 16 months. Critical milestone periods for the removal action are as follows:

- Work Plan Development and Procurement 6 months
- Removal Action 6 months
- Reporting 4 months

#### 3.6 Potential Action Areas

The PAAs are portions of the Site that do not meet the RAOs. As described in Section 2.3, PAAs were initially identified in the EE/CA Approval Memorandum (DOI, 2018b) based on significant exceedances of background values, ECVs, and/or residential screening since the RFI/RI soil samples were collected (especially in Bat Cave Wash). The lateral extents of the PAA are presented here for the purpose of comparing removal action alternatives and developing cost estimates. It is anticipated that the lateral extent of these areas may be refined during the work planning phase and based on observations and sampling made during implementation of the NTCRA.

The lateral extent of the preliminary PAAs were refined in this EE/CA based on consideration of the following:

- Inclusion of locations contributing most significantly to calculated unacceptable risk (to address RAO 1). Nine locations identified in the HHERA as contributing most significantly to levels of calculated unacceptable risk for ecological receptors and risks above de minimis levels for potential human receptors were included in the refined PAA lateral extents.
- Comparison of soil data to numerical RAGs (to address RAO 2). Data from the RFI/RI soil investigation (the Combined Soil RFI/RI Data Set) were compared to the numerical RAGs. Only Category 1 data were considered. Data for each constituent considered in this EE/CA were categorized based on the degree to which they exceeded the corresponding numerical RAGs. Specifically, factors of exceedance were calculated by dividing the constituent concentration in soil by the numerical RAG. The results of this evaluation are summarized in Figures 3-1 through 3-3, which show the highest factor of exceedance for any constituent considered in this EE/CA at any depth between 0 and 10 ft bgs. Additional tables and figures presenting the detailed screening of data for individual constituents against each of the numerical RAGs is presented in Appendix E. Locations identified as significantly exceeding the numerical RAGs were included in the refined PAA lateral extents.
- Inclusion of debris, burnt material, and/or discolored soil with elevated hazardous substances (to address RAO 3). Refinement of the lateral extent of the PAAs considered areas where debris, burnt material, and/or discolored soil have been observed. Areas where debris, burnt material, sandblast grit, and/or discolored soil have been observed in the past were included in the refined PAA lateral extents.

PAAs were identified in SWMU 1, AOC 1, AOC 9, AOC 10, AOC 11, AOC 14, and AOC 27. Other RFI/RI investigation areas (for example, AOC 4 – Debris Ravine) were considered, but significant exceedances were not identified or not considered a significant source of contamination. Refined extents of the PAAs are presented on Figures 3-1 through 3-3. A list of PAAs is presented in Exhibit 3-3 along with the rationale for inclusion as a PAA. For the purposes developing and comparing removal action alternatives

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and costs, the approximate surface area, assumed excavation depth, and soil volume in each PAA is also presented in Exhibit 3-3. Areas, depths, and volumes are estimates only; the actual extent and depth of excavation will be dependent on constituent concentrations measured in the RFI/RI, observations during removal, and the results of confirmation sampling after removal. Surficial deposits of sand blast grit identified at AOC 16 are identified for removal, and sandblast grit samples contained copper at greater than 10 times the RAG. Due to the minimal volume, a PAA was not defined for the AOC materials.

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## Exhibit 3-3. Potential Action Areas: Surface Areas and Volumes

Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

Investigation Area	Potential Action Area Identified in EE/CA Approval Memorandum	Existing Condition <sup>a</sup>	Surface Area (ft²)	Assumed Excavation Depth (ft)	Volume <sup>b</sup> (cubic yards)
SWMU 1 – Former Percolation Bed	SWMU 1 PAA #1	Existing conditions within this PAA do not meet RAOs 1, 2, and 3. Includes SWMU1-25, which is associated with unacceptable risk to ecological receptors and human health risks above <i>de minimis</i> levels (does not meet RAO 1).	6,886	10	2,550
		Soil data collected at several locations significantly exceed numerical RAG(s) for RAO 2 (Figure 3-1). This area is vulnerable to weather-related soil migration and is partially within the HNWR.			
		Discolored soil is present in the shallow soil between boring locations SWMU1-25 and SWMU1-1 (does not meet RAO 3).			
SWMU 1 – Former Percolation Bed	SWMU 1 PAA #2	Existing conditions within this PAA do not meet RAOs 2 and 3.  Soil data collected at several locations significantly exceed numerical RAG(s) for RAO 2 (Figure 3-1). This area is vulnerable to weather-related soil migration and is partially within the HNWR.	2,380	5	441
		White powder is present in soil within this PAA (does not meet RAO 3).			
SWMU 1 – Former Percolation Bed	SWMU 1 PAA #3	Existing conditions within this PAA do not meet RAO 2.  Soil data collected at one location significantly exceed numerical RAG(s) for RAO 2 (Figure 3-1). This area is vulnerable to weather-related soil migration.	114	5	21
AOC 1 – Area Around Former Percolation Bed	AOC 1 PAA #1	Existing conditions within this PAA do not meet RAO 2.  Soil data collected at one location significantly exceed numerical RAG(s) for RAO 2 (Figure 3-2). This area is vulnerable to weather-related soil migration.	351	5	65
AOC 1 – Area Around Former Percolation Bed	AOC 1 PAA #2	Existing conditions within this PAA do not meet RAOs 2 and 3.  Soil data collected at several locations significantly exceed numerical RAG(s) for RAOs 2 (Figure 3-1). This area is vulnerable to weather-related soil migration.  Discolored soil is present in the area around former well TCS-4 (does not meet RAO 3).	1,912	10	708
AOC 1 – Area Around Former Percolation Bed	AOC 1 PAA #3	Existing conditions within this PAA do not meet RAO 2.  Soil data collected at several locations exceed numerical RAG(s) for RAOs 2 (Figure 3-1).  This area is vulnerable to weather-related soil migration.	473	5	88
AOC 9 – Southeast Fence Line	AOC 9 PAA #1	Existing conditions within this PAA do not meet RAOs 1 and 2.  Includes #10, which is associated with unacceptable risk to ecological receptors and human health risks above <i>de minimis</i> levels (does not meet RAO 1).  Soil data collected at several locations significantly exceed numerical RAG(s) for RAOs 2	210	5	39
		(Figure 3-3). This area is vulnerable to weather-related soil migration.			
AOC 10 – East Ravine	AOC 10 PAA #1	Existing conditions within this PAA do not meet RAOs 1, 2, and 3. Includes AOC10-20, AOC10-21, AOC10-23, PA-20, and PA-21, which are associated with unacceptable risk to ecological receptors and/or human health risks above <i>de minimis</i> levels (does not meet RAO 1).	6,472	5	1,199
		Soil data collected at several locations significantly exceed numerical RAG(s) for RAOs 2 (Figure 3-3). This area is vulnerable to weather-related soil migration.  White powder may be present within AOC 10 (does not meet RAO 3).			

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Investigation Area	Potential Action Area Identified in EE/CA Approval Memorandum	Existing Condition <sup>a</sup>	Surface Area (ft²)	Assumed Excavation Depth (ft)	Volume <sup>b</sup> (cubic yards)
AOC 10 – East Ravine	AOC 10 PAA #2	Existing conditions within this PAA do not meet RAOs 1, 2, and 3.  Includes MW-58BR_S and AOC10c-4, which are associated with unacceptable risk to ecological receptors and/or human health risks above <i>de minimis</i> levels (does not meet RAO 1).  Soil data collected at several locations significantly exceed numerical RAG(s) for RAOs 2 (Figure 3-3). This area is vulnerable to weather-related soil migration and is partially within the HNWR.  White powder may be present within AOC 10 (does not meet RAO 3).	6,650	5	1,231
AOC 10 – East Ravine	AOC 10 PAA #3	Existing conditions within this PAA do not meet RAOs 2 and 3.  Soil data collected at one location exceed one numerical RAG for RAO 2 (Figure 3-3). This area is within the HNWR.  Discolored / stained soil and debris are present.	379	5	70
AOC 10 – East Ravine	AOC 10 PAA #4	Existing conditions within this PAA do not meet RAO 2 and 3.  Soil data collected at several locations exceed numerical RAG(s) for RAOs 2 (Figure 3-3). This area is within the HNWR.  White powder may be present within AOC 10 (does not meet RAO 3).	265	5	49
AOC 11 – Topographic Low Areas	AOC 11 PAA #1	Existing conditions within this PAA do not meet RAO 2.  Soil data collected at several locations significantly exceed numerical RAG(s) for RAOs 2 (Figure 3-3). This area is vulnerable to weather-related soil migration and is within the HNWR.	1,917	5	355
AOC 14 – Railroad Debris Site	AOC 14 PAA #1	Existing conditions within this PAA do not meet RAOs 2 and 3.  Soil data collected at several locations significantly exceed numerical RAG(s) for RAOs 2 (Figure 3-2). This area is vulnerable to weather-related soil migration.  Burnt material, trash, and debris are present (does not meet RAO 3). Trenching in the areas between AOC14-16W and AOC14-14W encountered debris.	1,513	5	280
AOC 27 – MW-24 Bench	AOC 27 PAA #1	Existing conditions within this PAA do not meet RAOs 2 and 3.  Soil data collected at several locations significantly exceed numerical RAG(s) for RAOs 2 (Figure 3-2). This area is vulnerable to weather-related soil migration.  Burnt material, trash, and debris are present (does not meet RAO 3).	828	5	153
Total			30,350		7,250

#### Notes:

AOC = area of concern bgs = below ground surface

EE/CA = Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis

ft = feet

PAA = potential action area

RAG = removal action goal RAO = removal action objective SWMU = solid waste management unit PAA = potential action area

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Data considered were for soil samples collected between 0 and 10 feet bgs (or the deepest depth sampled, if less than 10 feet bgs). Some locations for which data do not significantly exceed the numerical RAGs but are adjacent to or bounded by locations with significant exceedances were included. There were two primary reasons for this: (1) it would not be practical to address the significant exceedances during a removal action without addressing the adjacent or nearby locations, and (2) soil at the Site has likely been redistributed since RFI/RI soil samples were collected (especially in Bat Cave Wash). PAA lateral extent refinement also considered relevant site features such as topography that impact the practical extent of removal activities.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> For simplicity, volume calculations do not include cut slope volumes.



# 4. Identification and Analysis of Removal Action Alternatives

Several potential removal action alternatives have been identified that meet the RAOs. This section describes the treatment technologies identified, provides detailed descriptions of removal action alternatives, and summarizes the screening criteria used to assess removal action alternatives. The Guidance on Conducting NTCRAs (USEPA, 1993) notes that only a limited number of alternatives appropriate for addressing the RAOs should be identified and assessed. Consistent with remedial activities at this Site, an effort was made to identify alternatives that minimize the volume of material removed from the Site.

## 4.1 Treatment Technology Identification and Testing

#### 4.1.1 Treatment Technology Identification

Several treatment technologies that could potentially meet one or more of the RAOs were identified as appropriate based on engineering judgment. Technology identification considered current knowledge regarding soil treatment and remedial options. A brief description of each technology or treatment process is provided below.

- Excavation and Offsite Disposal. Contaminated soil is excavated, transported, and disposed of at a
  permitted offsite disposal facility. Pretreatment may be required to meet land disposal requirements of
  the offsite facility; however, this is not expected to be necessary for Topock Site soils. Excavation and
  offsite disposal is a well-proven and readily implementable technology for treatment of the soil (FRTR,
  2007).
- **Excavation and Ex-Situ Treatment.** Contaminated soil is excavated and treated. Treatment methods evaluated in this EE/CA are mechanical separation, soil washing, thermal treatment, chemical reduction, and solidification/stabilization.
  - Mechanical Separation. Soil particles are physically separated using a mechanical sieve. This process physically separates coarse granular materials from fine soil particles where most of the contaminant mass is adsorbed. Fine soil particles are further treated or disposed of, and coarse material is returned to the Site. Mechanical separation is appropriate for metals and dioxins/furans. CERCLA defines soil as having particle size under 2 millimeters (mm); RCRA allows for particles under 9 mm (approximately 3/8-inch) (USEPA, 2002). Mechanical testing was retained for bench-scale testing, as described below.
  - Soil Washing. Soil particles are tumbled with water to physically desorb contaminants adsorbed onto the fine soil particles. Soil washing can be enhanced by adding a reagent to the water such as a surfactant, leaching agent, or chelating agent. Wash water can be recycled through the soil washing system. Wash water may be further treated or disposed of directly in accordance with regulatory requirements. Soil washing is appropriate for metals and dioxins/furans. Mechanical testing was retained for bench-scale testing, as described below.
  - Thermal Treatment. Soil is heated, and contaminants are desorbed, vaporized, and/or destroyed through processes such as combustion. Thermal treatment is appropriate for dioxins/ furans but is not an effective treatment method for metals.
  - Ex-Situ Chemical Reduction. Reagents are added that react with targeted constituents in soil to chemically convert hazardous contaminants to non-hazardous or less toxic compounds that are more stable, less mobile, and/or inert. Reductants can be applied ex-situ using commercially available mixing equipment. Chemical reduction is a common treatment for chromium (FRTR, 2007). Chemical reduction is appropriate for stabilization of CrVI; however, this approach will not reduce total chromium mass. Chemical reduction of dioxins/furans is feasible under certain conditions; however, performance of this technology is poorly characterized and generally lacking in commercial suppliers capable of supplying field-scale treatment services.

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Solidification/Stabilization (S/S). Can be implemented ex-situ or in-situ and involves use of various chemical additives to physically bind or encapsulate target contaminants within a stabilized mass (solidification) or to chemically reduce the contaminants' mobility by inducing chemical reaction between the stabilizing agent and the contaminants; treated materials may range from inert solid granules to void-free monoliths. Materials stabilized in-situ would remain onsite. For that reason, materials stabilized in-situ must be resistant to natural erosion forces including wind and water scour. Conditions at this Site severely limit options for permanent protection of stabilized materials from natural erosion forces; accordingly, the use of in-situ stabilization is not considered practical.

Ex-situ S/S could be effective at the Site but is not implementable due to space constraints. In an ex-situ S/S scenario, excavated soil from the PAAs would be consolidated and stabilized with a cement-type mixture. Contaminants would be bound within a solid mass, or monolith. The resulting monolith of material would need to be capped and maintained in perpetuity to reduce direct exposure and future migration risks. There are limited areas on the TCS or within PG&E property where S/S-treated material could be safely placed. Placement would need to avoid areas with vehicle traffic, as S/S-treated material could be prone to cracking under the stress of vehicles. Based on the volume of soil to be treated, including the added 15% S/S reagent volume, placement of S/S-treated material on PG&E property would be impractical due lack of space for placement of over 8,500 cubic yards of material.

- In-Situ Treatment. Contaminated soil is treated in place. Treatment methods evaluated in this EE/CA
  are soil flushing, thermal treatment, chemical reduction, and solidification/stabilization. Thermal
  treatment, chemical reduction, and solidification/stabilization as described in Excavation and Ex-Situ
  Treatment can also be applied to soil in-situ but are not appropriate for the Site as explained in the
  previous section.
  - Soil Flushing. Soil flushing uses the contaminant's solubility in liquid to physically separate it from the soil, possibly combined with other suitable amendments such as a surfactant, cosolvent, acid, or base. The aqueous solution can be applied to the soil surface, the vadose zone, and/or the saturated zone. Contaminants in the soil partition into the flushing solution by mechanisms such as solubilization, emulsification, or chemical reaction. The solution is collected for aboveground treatment through a series of extraction wells, points, or trenches (FRTR, 2007). This technology is impractical for the site given the geographically isolated PAAs.

The following technologies were retained for alternative development or further evaluation in bench-scale laboratory treatability testing:

- Excavation and offsite disposal
- Excavation and ex-situ treatment with mechanical separation
- Excavation and ex-situ treatment with soil washing

#### 4.1.2 Bench-Scale Treatability Testing

Mechanical separation and soil washing were evaluated with treatability studies to determine whether these treatment technologies would be effective at remediating both dioxins/furans and metals at the bench scale. Appendix F1 presents the detailed narrative and results from these bench-scale tests, including laboratory data packages and the data quality evaluation report. In May 2019, soil samples were collected from seven locations within BCW and sent to Hazen Research, Inc. (Golden, Colorado). The samples were collected at locations known to contain elevated contamination concentrations in soil in BCW.

The lab performed baseline testing to establish the particle size distribution, volumetric size distribution, bulk density, and contaminant concentrations.

#### **Mechanical Separation**

Soil samples sent to the lab ranged from fines (<200 US mesh [0.074 mm]) to about 3 inches in diameter. Samples were sieved at ¾ inch to remove cobbles and rocks that were too large for bench-scale

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processing. The sub-¾ inch soil was further dry-sieved into representative splits at the 4 (4.67 mm), 10 (2 mm), 30 (0.595 mm), 35 (0.5 mm), 70 (0.210 mm), 100 (0.149 mm), and 200 (0.074 mm) US mesh to determine particle size distribution. Select finer fractions were analyzed for total chromium, hexavalent chromium, and zinc. This analysis provided the approximate distribution of contamination with respect to particle size. A summary of the results is presented in Exhibit 4-1. Dioxin/furans were not included in this portion of the test as the metals results were a conservative proxy for assessing contaminant concentrations in the finer fractions. Dioxin/furans were analyzed in the sub-¼ inch samples from each of the seven samples, but were not analyzed in the individual finer grain splits (see Table 7 in Appendix F1 for dioxin/furan results in the less than ¼ inch fraction). The results confirm that soil sample fractions less than ¼ inch exceed the RAGs. Higher contaminant concentrations were found in the finer fractions. The bench-scale testing supports the conclusion that sieving out the fine soil fraction will reduce the overall metals concentration in soil.

Material greater than ¼ inch was not tested for contaminants during the bench-scale testing, as it does not qualify as a soil, and the laboratory cannot analyze this material without pulverization due to the large grain sizes. Material was not pulverized as pulverization was not representative of exposure pathway assumptions and natural conditions. Material greater than ¼ inch is not expected to exceed the RAGs.

#### Exhibit 4-1. Average Soil Concentrations by Particle Size

Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis

PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

Particle Size	Average Hexavalent Chromium Concentration <sup>a</sup> (mg/kg)	Average Total Chromium Concentration <sup>a</sup> (mg/kg)	Average Zinc Concentration <sup>a</sup> (mg/kg)
Greater than ¼ inch	NA	NA	NA
Less than ¼ inch	12	930	94
1/4 inch to 4 US mesh	5.7	470	69
4 US mesh to 70 US mesh	15	1,200	100
70 US mesh to 200 US mesh	18	1,800	150
Less than 200 US mesh	32	3,700	240
Numerical RAG <sup>b</sup>	3.1	145	1,050

#### Notes:

NA = not analyzed; material greater than ¼ inch was not tested for contaminants during the bench-scale testing, as it does not qualify as a soil, and the laboratory cannot analyze this material without pulverization.

#### **Soil Washing**

Soil washing was evaluated at laboratory scale with Site soil that exhibited the highest contaminant concentration values sieved to the sub-¼ inch fraction. Testing was performed using a small-scale batch washing system designed to mimic the action of a trommel screen which would be used in the field for a full-scale soil washing system. Soil samples were washed using tap water and a Union Carbide Triton X-100 surfactant mixture. The washed soil was wet sieved at 35 and 70 mesh (0.5 and 0.21 mm respectively) with the oversize fraction dried and the undersize fraction filtered and dried before contaminant concentration analysis. Although the Triton X-100 was applied using a high dosage, the aqueous concentration of contaminants in wash water was not appreciably changed. As expected, soil washing concentrated the metal and dioxin compounds in the undersized 35/70 mesh fraction, but the 35/70 oversized mesh fraction only showed an order of magnitude reduction in dioxin/furan TEQ value calculated for mammals, and the metals analyzed (total chromium, CrVI, and zinc) yielded concentration values that were greater than the numerical RAGs. For example, total chromium was 1,644 mg/kg in the parent sample and ranged from 540 to 720 mg/kg in the oversize washed samples, compared to the total

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Averages are the arithmetic mean of seven samples collected in Bat Cave Wash.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> Please refer to Exhibit 3-2 for additional information regarding the numerical RAGs. mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram



chromium numerical RAG of 145 mg/kg. Overall, bench-scale results suggest that the soil washing would not effectively reduce contaminant concentration values in soil below the RAGs for material at or below ¼ inch. Soil washing was, however, demonstrated effective in removing fines present on the outer surfaces of coarser materials that may contain contaminants.

Soil washing for the fine soil fraction (designated as material less than 1/4 inch) was not retained for detailed analysis since bench-scale testing was unable to achieve the necessary contaminant reduction to meet the numeric RAGs established under RAO 2. In laboratory testing the coarse fraction constitutes materials which are larger than 1/4 inch. However, based on the treatability testing results, mechanical separation with subsequent water washing of the coarse fractions is expected to meet the numerical RAGs.

## 4.2 Detailed Description of Alternatives

Three removal action alternatives have been developed to address the RAOs at the Site. A total of four alternatives including No Action were analyzed in this EE/CA. They are:

- Alternative 1 No Action
- Alternative 2 Excavation and Offsite Disposal of All Material
- Alternative 3 Excavation, Mechanical Separation, Offsite Disposal of Fines, and Reuse of Coarse Material
- Alternative 4 Excavation, Mechanical Separation, Offsite Disposal of Fines, Soil Washing of Coarse Material, and Reuse of Washed Coarse Material
- Alternative 5 Removal of Visible Hazardous Surface Debris

Alternative descriptions are provided in the following subsections. Details regarding implementation of the various alternatives and associated technologies are presented for the purpose of developing costs and supporting comparative analysis of identified alternatives; accordingly, details and assumptions described herein are subject to future change. Details regarding the selected removal action will be refined during the design stage and will be presented in the Removal Action Work Plan to be developed after a removal action is selected. Cost analyses for each alternative are presented in Appendix G.

#### 4.2.1 Alternative 1 – No Action

Alternative 1 is included in and carried through the entire EE/CA process as the baseline condition against which the performance of the remaining alternatives is evaluated. In Alternative 1, no removal action would take place. The contaminated media would be left in place, without removal, treatment, or other mitigation measures to reduce the potential for future exposure to Site contaminants. Because no removal action would be implemented, Site conditions would be unchanged and long-term risks due to exposure to Site contamination would remain the same as described in Section 2.5.

#### 4.2.2 Alternative 2 – Excavation and Offsite Disposal of All Material

Alternative 2 consists of excavation of soil and other soil-like material (such as white powder) as well as debris and burnt material to meet RAOs followed by the offsite disposal of excavated materials at an approved disposal facility. Excavation would occur within the PAAs shown on Figures 3-1 through 3-3. The major components of Alternative 2 are:

- Site preparation
- Soil excavation
- Confirmation sampling
- Excavation backfill
- Waste transportation
- Waste disposal
- Site restoration (regrading and revegetation)

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It is important to note that the removal areas shown on Figures 3-1 through 3-3 are approximate and were used primarily to estimate the removal costs. Exhibit 3-3 provides the assumed soil areas and depths used for the scope and cost estimate. The actual removal area extent and depth would be guided by a phased approach of field screening with confirmatory sampling supported by offsite laboratory analysis. Soil samples would be analyzed for metals in the field using an x-ray fluorescence (XRF) analyzer and for dioxins/furans in the laboratory using a modified SW8290 method to shorten analytical turn-around times. Additional lateral excavation may be required depending on the results of visual observations, field XRF measurements, or post-excavation confirmation samples. Upon completion of the soil removal, the final confirmation sample results would be entered into the risk assessment to calculate the post-treatment risk at the Site.

Site preparation would include mobilization and setup of support facilities including access routes, site surveys, vegetation removal, and establishment of soil erosion and sediment controls. Cultural resources and biological pre-construction field verifications would be performed prior to any intrusive work. Coordination with USFWS and CDFW would occur to ensure applicable management measures are implemented during the removal action to avoid and protect sensitive habitats and wildlife in the work areas. The removal action would comply with all applicable measures and stipulations of the PA (BLM, 2010), the PA Amendment (BLM, 2017), and the Cultural and Historic Property Management Plan (CHPMP) (BLM, 2016). Equipment and support facilities (e.g., excavators, loaders, office trailer, storage containers, sanitary facilities, etc.) would be mobilized to the Site and staged at approved locations. Utility clearance surveys, vegetation removal, and access routes would be improved where necessary to provide access to the areas marked for excavation (Figure 4-1). Grubbing of root systems associated with smaller vegetation would be performed incidentally to the excavation of contaminated soil from the indicated areas. Vegetation removal would be minimized to the practical extent needed to complete the removal action. Erosion and sediment control measures would be established to ensure that soil disturbance activities do not adversely impact downgradient surface water bodies and floodplains. Throughout the removal action implementation, erosion and sediment controls would be regularly inspected and maintained until excavation and backfilling are demonstrated complete. An erosion and sediment control plan would be prepared as part of the Removal Action Work Plan.

The estimated quantity of soil to be removed from all PAAs is approximately 10,900 tons. Excavation operations would be performed by qualified excavation personnel with current Hazardous Waste Operations and Emergency Response (HAZWOPER) training, as required by the Occupational Health and Safety Administration (OSHA). Standard dust control techniques would be used during removal activities to mitigate fugitive dust emissions. Engineering controls would be used to minimize erosion during storm events and would remain in effect until the excavated area is stabilized and revegetation is complete, if appropriate. The health and safety plan submitted as part of the Removal Action Work Plan would specify the dust suppression techniques, air monitoring requirements, and action levels necessary to ensure worker safety, as well as the Site access controls necessary to prevent members of the public from being exposed to contamination during removal operations. Excavation areas will be controlled to limit falls and minimize wildlife entrapment. Following excavation, material would be stockpiled at a location agreed upon by landowners and stakeholders. Stockpiled soil would be managed in accordance with the Removal Action Work Plan prior to offsite disposal; proposed soil processing and staging areas are shown on Figure 4-1. Trash, debris, burnt material, and discolored soil would be stockpiled separately for offsite disposal without mechanical separation.

After XRF readings show acceptable levels, confirmation sampling would be performed to confirm the extent of excavation. Confirmation samples would be collected from the bottoms and sidewalls of each excavation area and analyzed for contaminants to verify RAGs have been met. Based on the confirmation sampling results, additional excavation would be conducted, as necessary, to remove residual soil that exceeds cleanup goals.

Excavated waste would be transported offsite to an appropriate waste disposal facility. For the purposes of this EE/CA it is assumed that approximately 40 waste characterization samples (at least one per 250 tons and at least one per PAA) would be collected and analyzed for the full toxicity characteristic leaching procedure (TCLP) waste characterization suite, metals, VOCs, semivolatile organic compounds (SVOCs), and TPH. The waste characterization sampling would be in accordance with the approved Soil

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Management Plan for the Topock Groundwater Remedy (Appendix L of the Construction/Remedial Action Work Plan [CH2M, 2015b]) and would be described in the Removal Action Work Plan. Hazardous waste would be transported to a RCRA Subtitle C (i.e., permitted) facility, and non-hazardous waste would be transported to a Subtitle D facility. Soil with TCLP-chromium concentrations greater than 5.0 milligrams per liter (mg/L) as determined by waste characterization sampling results would be classified as hazardous waste based on chromium toxicity, and thus would be subject to special transportation and disposal requirements. In the absence of Site-specific TCLP data, for the purposes of the cost estimate (Appendix G), it is estimated that 70 percent (7,600 tons) would be classified as non-hazardous waste and would be disposed of at a Subtitle D facility, and that 30 percent (3,300 tons) would be classified as hazardous waste suitable for disposal at a Subtitle C landfill.

After confirming that the RAGs have been met, the excavated areas would be backfilled and re-graded to the approximate original contours, ensuring appropriate site drainage and maintaining current exposure depth intervals (described in Section 2.5). The preference would be to use onsite material generated during groundwater remedy construction for backfill if available as it appropriately matches grain size distribution of excavated materials. Material from the BOR quarry (Figure 4-1) may be used for backfill for the PAAs. Import material would be used only as needed to achieve acceptable grades. Backfill material would be sampled to verify that the material meets RAGs. Within BCW, grading of areas around excavations may be performed to reduce slopes of excavation cut faces. Compaction specifications would be calculated during preparation of the Removal Action Work Plan.

Revegetation activities would begin immediately following removal action, if applicable, with the intent to offset loss of habitat incurred during excavation, as represented by the loss of mature plants and trees. In general, the revegetation approach would be informed by the preconstruction condition, as documented through ground photographic records, topographic/aerial maps, and pre-construction archaeological and biological field verifications. The goal is to restore the areas affected by the removal action as closely as possible to preconstruction conditions. Specific information related to the impacts, generalized locations for restoration activities, and revegetation procedures would be presented in the Removal Action Work Plan.

## 4.2.3 Alternative 3 – Excavation, Mechanical Separation, Offsite Disposal of Fines, and Reuse of Coarse Material

Alternative 3 incorporates all the components of Alternative 2 except that coarse-grained material (greater than 3/8") would not be disposed of offsite. For the purposes of the EE/CA alternative analysis, the coarse fraction constitutes materials larger than 3/8 inch and the fine fraction is material less than 3/8 inch, as this is the finest particle size that can readily be screened using typical construction equipment. Under this Alternative, contaminated soil would be excavated and mechanically separated. Fines (assumed for this EE/CA to be material less than 3/8 inch) would be collected and disposed of at an offsite facility, and the remaining coarse material (assumed for this EE/CA to be material greater than 3/8 inch) would be returned to the excavation site. Coarse material with significant residual staining or colored encrustation would be removed offsite for disposal. The major components of Alternative 3 are:

- Site preparation (as described for Alternative 2)
- Soil excavation (as described for Alternative 2)
- Confirmation sampling (as described for Alternative 2)
- Mechanical separation
- Stockpile construction and management for fine and coarse soil
- Waste disposal
- Coarse material reuse
- Site restoration (regrading and revegetation, as described for Alternative 2)

Excavated soil would be mechanically separated onsite using a sequential combination of equipment such as a bar screen, hopper, trommel, and/or vibratory screening tables. Coarse particles greater than 3/8 inch would be separated, stockpiled, and returned to the excavation areas as backfill. Coarse material with significant residual staining or colored encrustation will be removed offsite for disposal. Testing of the material greater than 3/8 inch would be considered during the removal action to verify that the material

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meets RAGs. Testing details would be developed during the Removal Action Work Plan. Material greater than 3/8 inch is not defined as soil per RCRA (USEPA, 2002), and for the purpose of this EECA it is assumed that the material would not exceed the RAGs on a mg/kg basis. If material greater than 3/8 inch does not meet RAGs, then the material would be disposed of at an approved offsite facility as described in Alternative 2. Fine soil less than 3/8 inch would be collected, stockpiled, and disposed of at an approved offsite facility. The preferred area for mechanical separation is within BCW, which would greatly reduce the amount of truck traffic for transport to and from the separator, as shown on Figures 3-1 and 4-1. Temporary engineering controls, such as k-rails or jersey barriers, would be installed around work areas and excavation areas to route stormwater around work areas and equipment in the event of a storm event. The main access road to/from BCW would be regularly maintained to ensure accessibility to/from the work areas for workers and equipment in the event of a storm event. Dust suppression measures such as water addition would be implemented during screening as determined necessary by site conditions and established best management practices (BMPs). Excess water used for dust control is not anticipated to be generated. Trash, debris, burnt material, and discolored soil would be stockpiled separately for offsite disposal without mechanical separation.

Waste classified as hazardous by characterization sampling would be transported to a RCRA Subtitle C (i.e., permitted) facility, and non-hazardous waste would be transported to a Subtitle D facility. The total mass of soil to be disposed of offsite is estimated to be approximately 7,350 tons. Soil with TCLP-chromium concentrations greater than 5.0 mg/L as determined by waste characterization sampling results would be classified as hazardous waste based on chromium toxicity, and thus would be subject to special transportation and disposal requirements. In the absence of Site-specific TCLP data, it is estimated that 30 percent (2,200 tons) would be classified as hazardous waste and need to be disposed of at a Subtitle C facility, and that 70 percent (5,150 tons) would be classified as non-hazardous waste suitable for disposal at a Subtitle D landfill.

Upon confirmation sampling results of excavation area extent, coarse material greater than 3/8 inch diameter would be returned to the excavated areas and re-graded with clean backfill to match the approximate original contours as described for Alternative 2. Separated coarse material available for backfill will be placed in the bottom of the excavation areas and the remaining excavation will be backfilled with native material as described in Alternative 2. Other sources of backfill will be considered during the development of the Removal Action Work Plan. Revegetation activities would be conducted as described for Alternative 2.

# 4.2.4 Alternative 4 – Excavation, Mechanical Separation, Offsite Disposal of Fines, Soil Washing of Coarse Material, and Reuse of Washed Coarse Material

Alternative 4 incorporates all the components of Alternative 3 (including excavation components described for Alternative 2), with the addition of washing the excavated material greater than 3/8 inch with water before returning it to the excavated areas. Coarse material with significant residual staining or colored encrustation would be removed offsite for disposal. Waste wash water would be tested and discharged to the TCS evaporation ponds, if suitable. The major components of Alternative 4 are:

- Site preparation (as described for Alternative 2)
- Soil excavation (as described for Alternative 2)
- Confirmation sampling (as described for Alternative 2)
- Mechanical separation (as described for Alternative 3)
- Stockpile construction and management for fine and coarse soil (as described for Alternative 3)
- Coarse material soil washing
- Waste disposal (as described for Alternative 3)
- Coarse material reuse (as described for Alternative 2)
- Site restoration (regrading and revegetation, as described for Alternative 2)

Prior to coarse fraction reuse, this alternative would include a final washing step for the removal of fines present among and on the surface of large materials excavated from each removal area. Coarse soil (greater than 3/8 inch) retained by screening would be washed with water. Coarse material with significant residual staining or colored encrustation would be removed offsite for disposal. The washing

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process is estimated to require 35,000 gallons of water. Wash water would be recycled to the extent practical without treatment. Spent wash water is assumed to be suitable to be trucked for discharge to the TCS evaporation ponds.

Washed coarse material greater than 3/8-inch diameter would be returned to the excavated areas and re-graded with clean backfill to match the approximate original contours as described for Alternative 3.

Revegetation activities would be conducted as described for Alternative 2.

#### 4.2.5 Alternative 5 – Removal of Visible Hazardous Surface Debris

Alternative 5 was added at the request of the Tribes during Tribal Consultation per the PA. Alternative 5 consists of removal of visible debris associated with hazardous substances on the surface within AOC 10 PAA#3, AOC 14 PAA#1, and AOC 27 PAA#1 as shown on Figures 3-2 and 3-3. All other contaminated media would be left in place without removal, treatment, or other mitigation measures to reduce the potential for future exposure to Site contaminants. The major components of Alternative 5 are:

- Site preparation
- Waste removal
- Waste disposal

Site preparation would include mobilization and setup of support facilities including access routes as well as site surveys. Cultural resources and biological pre-construction field verifications would be performed prior to any intrusive work. Coordination with USFWS and CDFW would occur to ensure applicable management measures are implemented during the removal action to avoid and protect sensitive habitats and wildlife in the work areas. The removal action would comply with all applicable measures and stipulations of the PA (BLM, 2010), the PA Amendment (BLM, 2017) and the CHPMP (BLM, 2016). Equipment and support facilities (e.g., excavators, loaders, office trailer, storage containers, sanitary facilities, etc.) would be mobilized to the Site and staged at approved locations. This alternative would require minimal intrusive work; therefore, utility clearance surveys and vegetation removal would not be needed. (Figure 4-1).

The time to completion of this alternative assumes that debris removal could be completed in five days. The estimated quantity of debris to be removed from all areas is approximately 1 ton. Removal operations would be performed by qualified personnel with current HAZWOPER training, as required by OSHA. The health and safety plan submitted as part of the Removal Action Work Plan would specify the dust suppression techniques, air monitoring requirements, and action levels necessary to ensure worker safety, as well as Site access controls necessary to prevent members of the public from being exposed to contamination during removal operations. Following debris removal, material would be containerized or stockpiled at a location agreed upon by landowners and stakeholders. Containerized or stockpiled material would be managed in accordance with the Removal Action Work Plan prior to offsite disposal; proposed material staging areas are shown on Figure 4-1.

Removed debris would be transported offsite to an appropriate waste disposal facility. For the purposes of this EE/CA it is assumed that approximately 10 waste characterization samples would be collected and analyzed for the full TCLP waste characterization suite, metals, VOCs, SVOCs, and TPH. The waste characterization sampling would be in accordance with the approved Soil Management Plan for the Topock Groundwater Remedy (Appendix L of the Construction/Remedial Action Work Plan [CH2M, 2015b]) and would be described in the Removal Action Work Plan. Hazardous waste would be transported to a RCRA Subtitle C (i.e., permitted) facility, and non-hazardous waste would be transported to a Subtitle D facility.

#### 4.3 Evaluation Process and Criteria

The alternatives described in Section 4.2 have been evaluated against the criteria of effectiveness, implementability, and cost as described in the *Guidance on Conducting Non-Time-Critical Removal Actions Under CERCLA* (USEPA, 1993). These criteria are summarized as follows:

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- **Effectiveness.** This criterion addresses the overall protection of human health and the environment that would be achieved by the alternative based on the following factors:
  - Compliance with ARARs. Used to determine whether an alternative meets the substantive portions of federal and state ARARs.
  - Long-term Effectiveness and Permanence. Assesses long-term effectiveness in maintaining
    protection of human health and the environment after the RAOs have been met. The magnitude
    of residual risk and adequacy and reliability of the post-removal Site control measures (such as
    long-term engineering or administrative controls, if applicable) are taken into consideration.
  - Reduction in Toxicity, Mobility, and Volume (TMV) through Treatment. Reflects the statutory
    preference of USEPA for selecting remedial/removal actions that employ treatment technologies
    resulting in permanent and significant reductions of TMV of the hazardous substances as their
    principal element. This criterion is satisfied when treatment is used to reduce the principal threats
    at a site through destruction of toxic contaminants, irreversible reduction in contaminant mobility,
    or reduction of total volume of contaminated media.
  - Short-term Effectiveness. Assesses the effects of an alternative in protecting human health and
    the environment during construction and implementation before the RAOs have been met. The
    duration of time until the RAOs are met is also considered.
- **Implementability**. This criterion addresses the overall technical and administrative feasibility of implementing an alternative based on the following factors:
  - Technical Feasibility. Assesses the ability to construct and operate the technology, reliability of the technology, ease of undertaking additional remedial/removal actions, and the ability to monitor effectiveness of the source control action.
  - Administrative Feasibility. Assesses the activities required to coordinate with other offices, agencies, and third-parties (for example, permitting, access, and right-of-way).
  - Availability of Services and Materials. Evaluates the availability of appropriate offsite
    treatment, storage capacity, and disposal services; necessary equipment and specialists;
    services and materials, including the potential for competitive bidding; and the availability of
    prospective technologies.
  - State Acceptance. State acceptance will be considered in the final selection of an alternative in the Action Memorandum. This factor cannot be evaluated until DTSC has had an opportunity to comment on the EE/CA. Comments on this report will be considered prior to finalizing the EE/CA and developing the Action Memorandum.
  - Community Acceptance. Community acceptance will be considered in the final selection of a source control alternative. This factor is considered after the public has had an opportunity to comment on this report. Additionally, DOI, USFWS, and BLM have a responsibility to consult with the Native American Tribes regarding the proposed actions. Once public comment and consultation is complete, all input will be considered prior to finalizing the EE/CA and developing the Action Memorandum.
- Cost. This criterion considers capital costs associated with implementing the removal action.

A qualitative evaluation of green and sustainable remediation (GSR) metrics has been incorporated into the development and evaluation of the alternatives where appropriate – especially within evaluation of short-term effectiveness. The goal of considering GSR during remedy selection is to allow sustainability to be considered within the decision-making process in order to avoid the use of wasteful and ecologically unfriendly remedies and remedy implementation where greener approaches can also meet the RAOs.

## 4.4 Detailed Individual Analysis of Alternatives

Detailed analyses of the removal action alternatives have been performed to assess how and to what extent each alternative meets the criteria defined in Section 4.3. The detailed analyses of alternatives

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against the EE/CA criteria of effectiveness, implementability, and cost and associated are presented in Table 4-1.

Cost estimates presented as part of the detailed analysis have been developed based on the design assumptions and are presented for comparative purposes only. The final costs of the selected remedy will depend on actual labor and material costs, competitive market conditions, final project scope, the implementation schedule, and other variables. The cost estimates are considered Class 4 as defined by the Association for the Advancement of Cost Engineering. Alternative costs presented herein are order-of-magnitude estimates with an intended accuracy range of plus 50 to minus 30 percent. The range applies only to the alternatives as they are described in this report and does not account for changes in the scope of the alternatives. The cost estimates are presented in Appendix G.

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## 5. Comparative Analysis of Removal Action Alternatives

The detailed evaluations described in Section 4.4 were used to develop a comparative analysis of removal action alternatives. The purpose of the comparative analysis is to compare and rank the relative performance of each alternative against the criteria defined in Section 4.3: effectiveness, implementability, and cost. The following subsections present this analysis with a summary provided in Exhibit 5-1. Throughout the discussion and in Exhibit 5-1 the performance of each alternative against the specified criterion is ranked in order of least, low, moderate, better, and best in relation to the other alternatives. The comparative analysis focuses on performance against the RAOs 1 through 3. Alternatives 2 through 4 would address RAO 3 using the same treatment technology (excavation and offsite disposal), and therefore would perform equally against this objective. Alternative 5 (Removal of Visible Hazardous Surface Debris) would only remove debris, and therefore does not completely address RAO 3 and does not address RAO 1 and 2. Alternative 1 (No Action) does not address RAOs 1 through 3 and is not protective of human health and the environment.

#### 5.1 Effectiveness

A comparison of the alternatives against effectiveness criteria is provided in the following subsections.

#### 5.1.1 Overall Protection of Human Health and the Environment

Alternative 1 (No Action) would not provide overall protection of human health, because the risk to human health and ecological receptors would not be mitigated. Furthermore, this alternative provides no reduction for current or future potential migration of contaminants from areas that require remediation. Alternatives 2 through 4, which involve removing soil from locations with chemicals contributing most significantly to unacceptable human health or ecological risk, would meet RAOs designed to be protective of human health and the environment. Alternative 5, which involves removing visible surface debris associated with hazardous substances, would partially meet RAO 3 but does not meet RAO 1 or 2, and is therefore more protective of human health and the environment than Alternative 1 but less than Alternatives 2 through 4.

# 5.1.2 Compliance with Identified Applicable or Relevant and Appropriate Requirements and TBCs

Although no chemical-specific ARARs were identified by DOI for the purposes of this EE/CA, it is PG&E's understanding that DOI will make management decisions using certain identified chemical-specific TBCs; therefore, the chemical-specific TBCs will be used in the comparative analysis of the remedial alternatives. TBCs must be attained to the same extent as ARARs if included in the NTCRA Action Memorandum.

Alternative 1 would not meet the chemical-specific TBCs. Alternatives 2 through 5, as described in this EE/CA, were designed to comply with location- and action-specific ARARs. Alternatives 2 through 4 were designed the meet the numerical RAGs which were derived from the first two identified chemical-specific RBCs. Alternative 5 does not meet the numerical RAGs which were derived from the first two identified chemical-specific TBCs.

Because Alternative 1 (No Action) and Alternative 5 (Removal of Visible Hazardous Surface Debris) would not provide overall protection of human health, they are not included in the comparative analysis against the remaining criteria.

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## **Exhibit 5-1. Comparative Analysis of Alternatives**

Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

Criteria	Alternative 1: No Action	Alternative 2: Excavation and Offsite Disposal of All Material	Alternative 3: Excavation, Mechanical Separation, Offsite Disposal of Fines, and Reuse of Coarse Material	Alternative 4: Excavation, Mechanical Separation, Offsite Disposal of Fines, Soil Washing of Coarse Material, and Reuse of Washed Coarse Material	Alternative 5: Removal of Visible Hazardous Surface Debris
Effectiveness – Protection of Human Health & Environment	Unacceptable (does not meet criterion)	Acceptable (meets criterion)	Acceptable (meets criterion)	Acceptable (meets criterion)	Unacceptable (does not meet criterion)
Effectiveness – Compliance with ARARS	Acceptable (meets criterion)*	Acceptable (meets criterion)	Acceptable (meets criterion)	Acceptable (meets criterion)	Acceptable (meets criterion)*
Effectiveness – Long-Term Effectiveness and Permanence	N.A.	Best	Better	Better	N.A.
Effectiveness – Reduction in TMV through Treatment	N.A.	Moderate	Better	Better	N.A.
Effectiveness – Short-Term Effectiveness	N.A.	Better	Best	Better	N.A.
Effectiveness – Time Until RAOs are Achieved	N.A.	Approximately 4 months	Approximately 5 months	Approximately 5 months	N.A.
Implementability – Technical Feasibility	N.A.	Best	Better	Moderate	N.A.
Implementability – Administrative Feasibility	N.A.	Least	Best	Moderate	N.A.
Implementability – Availability of Services and Materials	N.A.	Best	Best	Best	N.A.
Cost – Estimated Total Cost (US Dollars)	N.A.	\$5,281,000	\$4,626,000	\$5,159,000	N.A.

#### Notes:

ARAR = applicable or relevant and appropriate requirement

N.A. = not applicable

RAO = removal action objective

TBC = to-be-considered

TMV = toxicity, mobility, volume

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<sup>\*</sup> There were no chemical-specific ARARs identified for the Site. Alternatives 1 and 5 do not comply with chemical-specific TBC criteria.



## 5.1.3 Long-term Effectiveness and Permanence

Long-term effectiveness and permanence consider the magnitude of residual risk and the adequacy and reliability of post-removal site control measures. Alternative 2 poses the least residual risk (that is, ranks best against this criterion). Because all excavated material would be disposed of offsite, no residuals would remain in place in the PAAs. Alternatives 3 and 4 rank slightly lower, because contaminants potentially adhered to coarse material replaced in excavation areas would remain within the PAAs. In the case of Alternative 4, soil washing is anticipated to be more effective in removing soil fines (dust) adhered to the coarse material that may contain contaminants than Alternative 3. For all viable alternatives (Alternatives 2 through 4) risk calculations, confirmation sampling, and visual observation would be performed to ensure RAOs 1 through 3 were met, and therefore Alternatives 2 through 4 would all provide long-term effectiveness. Alternatives 2 through 4 would not require post-removal site controls. Overall, Alternative 2 would provide the best long-term effectiveness and permanence, followed by Alternatives 3 and 4.

#### 5.1.4 Reduction in Toxicity, Mobility, and Volume through Treatment

Reduction in TMV through treatment considers the overall reduction in TMV at the completion of the removal action, including the amount of material destroyed or treated, the degree to which this treatment is irreversible, and the type and quantity of residuals remaining after treatment. This criterion reflects the statutory preference of USEPA for selecting remedial/removal actions that employ treatment technologies resulting in permanent and significant reductions of TMV of the hazardous substances as their principal element.

No hazardous material would be destroyed in Alternatives 2 through 4, because destructive treatment technologies would not adequately meet RAOs 2 through 4. The primary difference between the alternatives is the reduction in volume of hazardous materials. Alternatives 3 and 4 would concentrate contaminants into the smallest volume, specifically the fine soil fraction, which would be disposed of offsite. Alternative 4 would also generate excess wash water, which would be discharged to existing TCS evaporation ponds once sampling confirmed acceptability. Alternative 2 would not provide any reduction in waste volume—all excavated material would be disposed of offsite without any reduction in the volume of material disposed of.

The processes used in Alternatives 2 through 4 are all irreversible (excavation, mechanical separation, soil washing, and offsite disposal). Alternative 3 may leave some residuals in place (in the form of contaminants in fines adhered to the coarse soil fraction). Regardless of supplemental contaminant removal, Alternative 3 is anticipated to fully satisfy the RAOs and RAGs established for the project.

Overall, Alternatives 3 and 4 provide better reduction in TMV than Alternative 2. The reduction of TMV under Alternative 3 is expected to similar or equal to that under Alternative 4. This statement is supported by laboratory-scale testing results, as surfactant application to screened soil was generally ineffective in achieving acceptable contaminant reduction. Accordingly, incremental contaminant removal (if any) by water washing does not provide Alternative 4 with greater reduction in contaminant TMV compared to Alternative 3.

#### 5.1.5 Short-term Effectiveness

Short-term effectiveness considers protection of the community, workers, and environment during the removal action, as well as the time until the RAOs are met. Included in this evaluation is a qualitative evaluation of GSR metrics, such as emissions of greenhouse gases (GHGs) and criteria pollutants, consumption of resources, ecological impacts, worker safety/accident risk, and community impacts. GHG emissions can also be considered under long-term effectiveness because GHGs are residuals of remedial or removal activities that do not attenuate for a long period of time; however, for the purposes of document organization, all discussion of GSR metrics in the alternative analyses is presented under short-term effectiveness.

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In Alternatives 2 through 4, the public can be protected using normal health and safety protocols including dust suppression and air monitoring. Access to excavation areas will be controlled to minimize risk of falls. Some risk to the public is associated with transportation of hazardous material offsite (this risk would be lower for Alternatives 3 and 4 because less material would be transported offsite). Some risk to workers would be encountered during excavation and transportation of soil in Alternatives 2 through 4; however, workers can be protected using conventional occupational health and safety protocols. In Alternatives 3 and 4, mechanical separation would generate dust that may pose risk to workers, but again, workers can be protected using normal health and safety protocols and appropriate dust control measures. Overall, Alternative 2 is least favorable from a short-term risk perspective, as it requires the greatest volume material to be transported, which presents the highest risk for public exposure during transit and offsite disposal operations.

In Alternatives 2 through 4, removal action activities would produce GHG emissions, energy usage, and air emissions of criteria pollutants (nitrogen oxides [NO<sub>x</sub>], sulfur oxides [SO<sub>x</sub>], and particulate matter 10 micrometers or less in diameter [PM<sub>10</sub>]). Qualitatively, Alternative 3 is anticipated to perform most favorably against GSR metrics because the volume of material transported for disposal is low (compared to Alternative 2) and the input of supplemental wash water is not required (as is the case for the soil washing operation considered by Alternative 4). In all cases, once initial construction activities are completed, the alternative would not require any additional energy inputs.

The time to meet RAOs for Alternatives 2 through 4 is less than 1 year. Alternative 2 is expected to take approximately 4 months to complete, and Alternatives 3 and 4 are expected to take about 5 months to complete. In all cases, no operation and maintenance period would be required within the scope of the removal action alternatives; however, future soil management activities such as sampling may occur after the final soil remedy.

Overall, Alternative 3 provides better short-term effectiveness than Alternatives 2 and 4.

#### 5.2 Implementability

A comparison of the alternatives against the implementability criteria is provided in the following subsections. This discussion does not include Alternative 1 (No Action) as it would not be effective.

#### 5.2.1 Technical Feasibility

Technical feasibility considers the ability to construct and operate the technology, the reliability of the technology, the ease of undertaking additional source control actions (if necessary), and the ability to monitor the effectiveness of the removal action.

Alternatives 2 and 3 are both highly feasible. Excavation (for Alternatives 2 through 4) and mechanical separation (for Alternatives 3 and 4) are straightforward. Alternatives 3 and 4 will require additional staging time for subsequent soil processing compared to Alternative 2. The soil washing step in Alternative 4 is comparatively less feasible. It requires more steps than mechanical separation alone, including washing and separation of washed material from wastewater, and disposal of wastewater.

The alternatives considered are founded on the use of excavation, which is considered a reliable technology. There are many remediation contractors capable of providing the necessary services to complete the remedy; excavation, transportation and disposal services are considered readily available. Since Alternative 2 includes offsite disposal it has the highest implementability of comparative alternatives. Mechanical separation equipment applied in Alternatives 3 and 4 and the soil washing step in Alternative 4 are reliable, but fewer contractors may be available to implement screening and washing operations. The integration of water for soil washing in Alternative 4 adds another layer of complexity to an environment where natural resources are already scarce; for this reason, Alternative 4 is considered the least implementable. Alternatives 2 through 4 all offer a high ease of undertaking additional actions and a high ability to monitor removal action effectiveness. Risk calculations, confirmation sampling, and visual observation would be performed to ensure RAOs 1 through 3 were met.

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Overall, Alternative 2 is the most technically feasible alternative, followed by Alternative 3. Alternative 4 is comparatively the least feasible.

## 5.2.2 Administrative Feasibility

Administrative feasibility considers the ease of coordinating with other offices, agencies, and third parties. Alternatives 2 through 4 would all require review by the current land owners/managers (BLM, Caltrans, USFWS) and other stakeholders (including the Tribes). Alternative 3 is anticipated to have the highest administrative feasibility, primarily because it minimizes the volume of soil removed from the Site. The Tribes have expressed a preference for minimizing the volume of soil removed due to the cultural and historical significance of the Site. Alternative 4 also minimizes the volume of soil removed from the Site, but disposal of water generated during soil washing in the TCS evaporation ponds must meet WDR Order No. R7-2018-0022. If it becomes necessary to amend the WDRs for the ponds to accept wastewater from the proposed removal action, a revised Report of Waste Discharge (ROWD) would be required. Alternative 4 also requires additional infrastructure for water management due to soil washing.

Alternatives 2 through 4 would require staging of excavated material (for disposal) and stockpile management for soil screened during treatment operations. Alternatives 3 and 4 would require additional staging area for processing and operation due to mechanical separation, and due to soil washing of coarse material (Alternative 4 only). Selection of an appropriate staging area would require consultation and agreement with landowners and other project stakeholders.

Alternatives 2 through 4 would require activities within the right-of-way maintained by Caltrans for work in AOC 14. Given the limited access to AOC 14, equipment may need to be lifted by crane onto AOC 14 and a lane closure of I-40 would be needed. Lane closure would require Caltrans approval and coordination with the California Highway Patrol. To access AOC 14, personnel and equipment would also need to cross the BNSF railroad tracks.

Alternatives 2 through 4 would require the closure of certain areas during excavation activities to hikers and other recreators. This closure would need to be coordinated with land owners/managers.

Alternative 2 is anticipated to be the least administratively feasible because it would result in the greatest volume of soil removed from the Site.

Based on input from the Tribes prior to and during the comment period, it is understood that avoidance of ground disturbance of the Topock historic and cultural properties to the maximum extent practicable is important. Alternatives 3 and 4 reduce the amount of soil removed through mechanical separation and are considered to have a higher degree of community acceptance. Additionally, the RAGs were modified based on Tribal input and the total amount of soil to be removed from the Site is likely reduced for alternatives 2 through 4.

#### 5.2.3 Availability of Services

This criterion considers the availability of necessary services, equipment, specialists, and prospective technologies. For Alternatives 2 through 4, the prospective technologies and offsite disposal services are all highly available. Excavation equipment and specialists are highly available. Equipment and specialists for mechanical separation and soil washing are available but limited. Overall, the services for Alternative 2 are most available, followed by the services for Alternatives 3 and 4.

## **5.3** Cost

This criterion considers capital costs associated with implementing the removal action. A detailed cost evaluation for Alternatives 2 through 4 is presented in Appendix G. A summary of the total estimated costs in presented in Exhibit 5-1. Because no operation and maintenance is anticipated with Alternatives 2 through 4, there is no anticipated operation and maintenance cost. The cost estimates have been developed based on the design assumptions presented in the alternatives descriptions (Section 4.2) and are presented primarily for the purpose of comparing the alternatives. The final costs of the selected

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remedy will depend on actual labor and material costs, competitive market conditions, final project scope, implementation schedule, and other variables. Consistent with USEPA guidance, the cost estimates are order-of-magnitude estimates with an intended accuracy range of plus 50 percent to minus 30 percent. The range applies only to the alternatives as they are described in this report and does not account for changes in scope of the alternatives.

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## 6. Recommended Removal Action Alternative

Based on the comparative analysis of the removal action alternatives against the criteria of effectiveness, implementability, and cost as summarized in Exhibit 5-1, the recommended alternative is **Alternative 3 – Excavation, Mechanical Separation, Offsite Disposal of Fines, and Reuse of Coarse Material.** This alternative provides the best balance against all EE/CA evaluation criteria as summarized in the following subsections.

#### 6.1 Effectiveness

Alternative 3 is considered to be the most effective alternative evaluated. This alternative has been developed to meet RAOs protective of human health and the environment and comply with location-, chemical-, and action-specific ARARs. Alternative 2 is more effective at reducing TMV of the contaminants and requires less staging area than Alternative 3; however, Alternative 3 provides a balance by reducing the amount of material disposed offsite. It would meet the RAOs as follows:

- RAO 1 To reduce human and ecological risk related to the contaminants in the soil on or adjacent to federal land, the locations recommended for removal in the HHERA are included in the excavation areas of Alternative 3.
- RAO 2 To address elevated concentrations of contaminants (that is, concentrations significantly
  exceeding the numerical RAGs) outside the TCS in or adjacent to wash areas that are within, or have
  the potential to migrate to, the HNWR during storm events, areas with significant exceedances of
  numerical RAGs are included in the excavation areas of Alternative 3.
- RAO 3 To remove debris, burnt material, and/or discolored soil associated with elevated hazardous substances, visually identified debris, burnt material, sandblast grit, and/or discolored soils would be removed and disposed of offsite.

## 6.2 Implementability

Alternative 3 is considered to be highly implementable. It is technically feasible from a construction standpoint. Alternative 3 minimizes the volume of soil removed from the Site and imported backfill needed, without requiring the large quantities of wastewater to be disposed as needed for Alternative 4. Excess water is not anticipated to be generated and would be absorbed by the fine-grain fraction disposed of offsite. All necessary services and materials are available.

## 6.3 Cost

The estimated total cost of Alternative 3 is \$4,626,000. This cost is less than that of Alternatives 2 and 4.

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# Table 3-1a. Potential Applicable or Relevant and Appropriate Requirements (ARARs) or Other Factors To Be Considered (TBCs): Chemical-Specific

Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis

PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

Item No.	ARARs or TBCs and Citation	Determination	Description and Applicability
1	Risk-Based Remediation Goals (RBRGs) for Risk Drivers in Soil at Topock Site <sup>a</sup>	TBC	Final Human Health and Ecological RBRGs were estimated for two significant contributors to soil risks at the Topock Site, namely total chromium, CrVI, copper, and dioxin/furan TEQ.
2	Risk-Based Concentrations (RBCs) for Soil Management Purposes <sup>a</sup>	TBC	Final Human Health and Ecological RBCs were estimated for purposes of soil management at the Topock Site,
3	Soil Ecological Comparison Values (ECVs) <sup>b</sup>	TBC	Soil ECVs were developed for Topock COPCs (metals and polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons [PAHs]) using both lowest observed adverse effect levels or concentrations and no-adverse effect levels or concentrations based on target toxicity values (i.e., values below which no unacceptable risk is expected) for the protection of the ecological receptors at the PG&E Topock Site based on the representative receptors selected for the ecological risk assessment.
4	Ambient or Background Soil Concentrations at Topock Site c,d,e	TBC	Ambient or background levels of inorganic chemicals in soils in/around the PG&E Topock Site were calculated to assist in remedial planning, risk assessment, as well as remedial and soil management decision making.
5	DTSC HHRA Note Number 2, Dioxin- TEQ Soil Remediation Goals for Sites in California <sup>f</sup>	TBC	The DTSC Human and Ecological Risk Office (HERO) recommends the following remedial goal for soils contaminated by dioxins and dioxin like-compounds:  Dioxins/furans TEQ Humans – 50 ng/kg
6	DTSC HHRA Note Number 3, DTSC-modified Screening Levels <sup>9</sup>	TBC	The DTSC HERO HHRA Note Number 3 presents recommended screening levels for constituents in soil, tap water, and ambient air.
7	USEPA "Regional Screening Levels for Chemical Contaminants at Superfund Sites" <sup>h</sup>	TBC	Establishes comparison values for residential and commercial/industrial exposures to soil, air, and tap water for screening chemicals at Superfund sites.
8	San Francisco Bay Regional Water Quality Control Board Environmental Screening Levels for residential direct exposure	TBC	Conservative screening levels for chemicals found at sites with contaminated soil and groundwater. These levels are intended to help expedite the identification and evaluation of potential environmental concerns at contaminated sites. ESLs address a range of media (soil, groundwater, soil gas, and indoor air) and a range of concerns (e.g., impacts to drinking water, vapor intrusion, and impacts to aquatic habitat).
9	Occupational Safety and Health Act (29 U.S. Code (USC) § 651, et seq.; 29 CFR § 1910.1026)	TBC	Sets standards for workers engaged in activities associated with remedial actions under the National Contingency Plan, including occupational exposure to hexavalent chromium. Pursuant to the NCP preamble, Occupational Safety and Health Act standards are not ARARs but may be included as TBCs.

#### Notes:

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Arcadis. 2019. Final Soil Human Health and Ecological Risk Assessment Report, Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California. October.

b Arcadis. 2018. Topock Compressor Station – Technical Memorandum 3: Ecological Comparison Values for Metals and Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons in Soil. May 28.

<sup>°</sup> CH2M. 2009c. Final Soil Background Investigation at Pacific Gas and Electric Company Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup> CH2M. 2017a. Ambient Study of Dioxins and Furans at PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California, October 13.

e CH2M. 2019. Determination of Thallium Ambient/ Background Concentration at PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California, August 13.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>f</sup> DTSC. 2017. Human Health Risk Assessment (HHRA) Note Number 2: Soil Remedial Goals for Dioxins and Dioxin-like Compounds for Consideration at California Hazardous Waste Sites – (April 2017).

<sup>9</sup> DTSC. 2019. Human Health Risk Assessment (HHRA) Note Number 3: DTSC-modified Screening Levels (DTSC-SLs) – (April 2019). https://dtsc.ca.gov/human-health-risk-hero/

h USEPA. 2019. Regional Screening Levels (RSLs) for Chemical Contaminants at Superfund Sites. May. https://www.epa.gov/risk/regional-screening-levels-rsls-generic-tables

# Table 3-1b. Potential Applicable or Relevant and Appropriate Requirements (ARARs) or Other Factors To Be Considered (TBCs): Location-Specific

Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

Item No.	ARARs or TBCs and Citation	Determination	Description and Applicability
10	Federal Land Policy and Management Act (FLPMA) (43 USC § 1701, et seq.)	Applicable	In managing public lands, BLM is directed to take any action necessary to prevent unnecessary or undue degradation of the lands. Actions taken on the public land (i.e., BLM-managed land) portions of the Topock Site should provide the optimal balance between authorized resource use and the protection and long-term sustainability of sensitive resources. Figure 2-1 shows property managed by BLM.
11	U.S. Department of Interior, Bureau of Land Management, Approved Resource Management Plan and Final Environmental Impact Statement, May 2007	ТВС	The Resource Management Plan provides further direction on how FLPMA requirements will be satisfied.
12	National Wildlife Refuge System Administration Act (16 USC § 668dd- ee, 50 CFR § 27)	Applicable	This Act governs the use and management of the Havasu National Wildlife Refuge portion of the Topock Site. It requires that the USFWS evaluate ongoing and proposed activities and uses to ensure that such activities are appropriate and compatible with the mission of the National Wildlife Refuge System, as well as the specific purposes for which the HNWR was established. Prior to the selection of a removal action by DOI/USFWS, that removal action must be found by the Refuge Manager to be both an appropriate use of the HNWR and compatible with the mission of the HNWR and the Refuge System as a whole. Any removal action proposed to be implemented on the HNWR that was not selected by DOI/USFWS would be subject to the formal appropriate use/compatibility determination process.
			Portions of the Site are located in the HNWR (Figure 2-1).
13	Executive Order 8647 (6 CFR 593)	ТВС	This Executive Order establishes the HNWR for the primary purpose of providing migratory bird habitat. Any response action selected must be appropriate and compatible with this purpose, as determined by the Refuge Manager.
14	Appropriate Use Policy 603 FW 1	ТВС	This policy elaborates on the appropriate uses of a National Wildlife Refuge, ensuring that such uses contribute to fulfilling the specific refuge's purposes and the National Refuge System's mission.
15	Compatibility Policy 603 FW 2	TBC	This policy specifies the guidelines for determining the compatibility of proposed uses of a National Wildlife Refuge. This determination is done once a proposed use is deemed appropriate.
16	Lower Colorado River National Wildlife Refuges, Comprehensive Management Plan (1994-2014)	TBC	The Comprehensive Management Plan provides further direction on how compliance with the National Wildlife Refuge System Administration Act, as amended, shall be achieved.
17	Fish and Wildlife Conservation Act (16 USC §§ 2901-2911)	Relevant and Appropriate	Federal departments and agencies are encouraged to utilize their authority to conserve nongame fish and wildlife and their habitats and assist States in the development of their conservation plans.
18	Fish and Wildlife Coordination Act (16 USC § 661-667e)	Applicable	This Act requires that any federally-funded or authorized modification of a stream or other water body must provide adequate provisions for conservation, maintenance, and management of wildlife resources and their habitat. Necessary measures should be taken to mitigate, prevent, and compensate for project-related losses of wildlife resources.
19	National Historic Preservation Act (54 USC § 300101, et seq., 36 CFR Part 800)	Applicable	This statute and the implementing regulations require that a federal agency undertaking a removal action at or near historic properties must take into account the effects of such undertaking on the historic properties. The federal agency must determine, based on consultation, if an undertaking's effects would be adverse and seek ways that could avoid, mitigate, or minimize such adverse effects on a National Register eligible property. The agency must then specify how adverse effects will

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Item No.	ARARs or TBCs and Citation	Determination	Description and Applicability
			be avoided or mitigated or acknowledge that such effects cannot be avoided or mitigated. Measures to avoid or mitigate adverse effects of any selected removal action that are adopted by the agency through federal consultation must be implemented by the removal action to comply with the National Historic Preservation Act.
			Properties on and near the Site that are eligible for or listed on the National Register of Historic Places include Native American cultural resources and elements of the historic "built environment." In recognition of this, all removal activities will be conducted in ways that avoid, minimize, or mitigate adverse effects to cultural and historic properties within the Area of Potential Effects in accordance with the Programmatic Agreement (BLM, 2010, as amended 2016), the Cultural and Historic Properties Management Plan (BLM, 2012), the Cultural and Historic Properties Treatment Plan (AE, 2018), and in consultation with the Tribes.
20	Programmatic Agreement and Amendment among the Bureau of Land Management, Arizona Historic Preservation Officer, California State Historic Preservation Officer, and the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation for the Topock Remediation Project in San	TBC	The Programmatic Agreement (PA) is a Topock-specific document that requires the Federal Agencies, in consultation with the Tribes, State Historic Preservation Offices of Arizona and California, Advisory Council on Historic Preservation, PG&E, and other interested parties to ensure that PG&E shall conduct all removal activities in ways that avoid, minimize, or mitigate adverse effects to cultural and historic properties within the Area of Potential Effects (APE) to the maximum extent practicable. In addition, the Federal Agencies will ensure that PG&E shall restore the areas affected by all removal activities to the conditions existing prior to the removal to the extent practicable. During a removal action, the Discovery Protocol (Stipulations IX(A)-(D)) and the Monitoring Protocol (Appendix C) of the PA shall be implemented.  In addition, Tribal access to areas within the APE for religious, cultural, or spiritual purposes shall be implemented in
	Bernardino County, California and Mohave County, Arizona (BLM, 2010, 2016)		accordance with the Tribal Access Plan for lands under federal management and with the Access Plan for the lands not under federal management.
21	Cultural and Historic Properties Management Plan, PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California (BLM, 2012)	TBC	The CHPMP is a Topock-specific document prepared under the PA that specifies measures to avoid or mitigate adverse effects to cultural and historic properties within the APE. PG&E shall conduct all removal activities in compliance with these specified measures.
22	Draft Cultural and Historic Property Treatment Plan for the Topock Compressor Station Groundwater Remediation Project, San Bernardino County, California and Mojave County, Arizona (AE, 2018)	TBC	The Cultural and Historic Property Treatment Plan is a Topock-specific document prepared under the PA that identifies measures to avoid, minimize, or mitigate adverse effects to the maximum extent practicable on the Topock Maze, the Traditional Cultural Property, and individual sites that have been determined eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP), such as the trail site (CA-SBR-29943). PG&E shall implement the Treatment Plan contemporaneously with all removal activities. All unevaluated sites are treated as eligible for the NRHP and shall be avoided to the maximum extent practicable. In accordance with the PA, should unanticipated adverse effects occur as a result of a removal action, the Treatment Plan shall be modified to include measures to minimize or mitigate the adverse effects.
23	National Register Bulletin 38	TBC	Guidelines for evaluating and documenting traditional cultural properties.
24	Preservation Brief 36	ТВС	Guidelines for planning, treating, and managing historic landscapes.
25	National Archaeological and Historical Preservation Act (16 USC § 469, et seq.)	Applicable	This statute requires the evaluation and preservation of historical and archaeological data that might otherwise be irreparably lost or destroyed through any alteration of terrain as a result of federal construction projects or a federally licensed activity.
26	Archaeological Resources Protection Act (16 USC § 470aa-ii, et seq., 43 CFR Part 7)	Applicable	This statute provides for the protection of archeological resources located on public and tribal lands. The Act establishes criteria that must be met for the land manager's approval of any excavation or removal of archaeological resources if a proposed activity involves soil disturbances.

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Item No.	ARARs or TBCs and Citation	Determination	Description and Applicability
27	Historic Sites Act (54 USC § 320101 et seq., 36 CFR Part 65)	Applicable	Pursuant to this Act, federal agencies must consider the existence and location of historic sites, buildings, and objects of national significance, using information provided by the National Park Service, to avoid undesirable impacts upon such landmarks. There are no designated historic landmarks within the Site, although Public Law 106-45, 113 Stat. 224 (1999), provides for a cooperative program "for the preservation of the Route 66 corridor" through grants and other measures.
28	Executive Order 11593	TBC	This Order directs the Federal Agencies to initiate measures for the protection and enhancement of the cultural environment. These measures include assuring that steps are taken to make records, drawings, and/or maps and have such items deposited in the Library of Congress when, as the result of a federal action, a property listed on the National Register of Historic Places is to be substantially altered.
29	Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (25 USC § 3001 et seq., 43 CFR Part 10)	Applicable	This Act regulates the removal and trafficking of human remains and cultural items, including funerary and sacred objects. If removal activities result in the discovery of Native American human remains or related objects, these requirements must be met. Portions of the Site contain archaeological areas that may contain human remains.
30	Religious Freedom Restoration Act (42 USC § 2000bb, et seq.)	Relevant and appropriate	Under this Act, the government shall not substantially burden a person's exercise of religion, unless the application of the burden is in furtherance of a compelling government interest, and it is the least restrictive means of furthering that compelling interest. To constitute a "substantial burden" on the exercise of religion, a government action must (1) force individuals to choose between following the tenets of their religion and receiving a governmental benefit or (2) coerce individuals to act contrary to their religious beliefs by the threat of civil or criminal sanctions. If any removal action selected imposes a substantial burden on a person's exercise of religion, it must be in furtherance of a compelling government interest and be the least restrictive means of achieving that interest.
31	American Indian Religious Freedom Act (42 USC § 1996, et seq.)	Relevant and appropriate	This Act requires that the United States protect and preserve for American Indians their inherent right of freedom to believe, express, and exercise their traditional religions.
32	Executive Order 13175	TBC	Federal Agencies are to conduct regular and meaningful consultation and collaboration with tribal officials in the development and implementation of federal policies that have tribal implications.
33	Executive Order 12898	TBC	Federal agencies shall conduct "activities that substantially affect human health or the environment, in a manner that ensures that such programs, policies, and activities do not have the effect of excluding persons (including populations) from participation in, denying persons (including populations) the benefits of, or subjecting persons (including populations) to discrimination under such programs, policies, and activities, because of their race, color, or national origin."
34	Executive Order 13352	TBC	The Department of Interior shall, to the extent permitted by law, "implement laws relating to the environment and natural resources in a manner that promotes cooperative conservation."
35	Indian Sacred Sites (Executive Order 13007)	ТВС	In managing federal lands, the United States "shall, to the extent practicable, permitted by law, and not clearly inconsistent with essential agency functions, (1) accommodate access to and ceremonial use of Indian sacred sites by Indian religious practitioners, and (2) avoid adversely affecting the physical integrity of such sacred sites."
36	Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (42 USC § 6901, et seq., 40 CFR § 264.18)	Applicable	These regulations promulgated under RCRA establish Seismic and Floodplain considerations which must be followed for treatment, storage, or disposal facilities constructed, operated, or maintained within certain distances of fault lines and floodplains.
			Portions of the Topock Site are located on or near a 100-year floodplain.
37	Floodplain Management and Wetlands Protection (40 CFR § 6.302(a) & (b))	Applicable	Before undertaking an action, agencies are required to perform certain measures in order to avoid the long- and short- term impacts associated with the destruction of wetlands and the occupancy and modification of floodplains and wetlands.
			The regulation sets forth requirements as means of carrying out the provisions of Executive Orders 11988 and 11990.

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Item No.	ARARs or TBCs and Citation	Determination	Description and Applicability
38	Executive Order 11988 – Floodplain Management	TBC	Executive Order 11988 requires evaluation of the potential effects of actions that take place in a floodplain to avoid, to the extent possible, adverse impacts.
39	Executive Order 11990 – Responsibilities of Federal Agencies to Protect Wetlands	ТВС	Executive Order 11990 requires that potential impacts to wetlands be considered, and as practical, destruction, loss, or degradation of wetlands be avoided.

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# Table 3-1c. Potential Applicable or Relevant and Appropriate Requirements (ARARs) or Other Factors To Be Considered (TBCs): Action-Specific

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PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

Item No.	ARARs or TBCs and Citation	Determination	Description and Applicability
40	Clean Water Act. Stormwater Management (33 U.S.C. § 1342, 40 CFR Part 122, 40 CFR Part 125)	Relevant and appropriate	These regulations define the necessary requirements with respect to the discharge of stormwater under the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) program. These regulations will apply if proposed removal actions disturb more than 1 acre of soil and result in stormwater runoff that comes in contact with any removal activity, or if proposed removal actions involve specified industrial activities. NPDES requirements regulate discharges of pollutants from any point source into waters of the United States.
41	Federal Water Pollution Control Act (Clean Water Act) (33 USC § 1344, 40 CFR § 230.10)	Applicable	This section of the Clean Water Act prohibits certain activities with respect to on-site wetlands and waterways. No discharge of dredged or fill material shall be permitted if there is a practicable alternative to the proposed activity which would have less adverse impact to the aquatic ecosystem.
			Minimization measures will be implemented to minimize impacts to wetland and non-wetland waters of the United States within the PAAs. All efforts will be taken to avoid jurisdictional resources to the extent practicable. Although the USACE did not provide a list of measures that may be taken to reduce impacts to jurisdictional waters and wetlands for the Topock groundwater remedy, the CDFW requires compliance with Avoidance and Minimization Measures (AMMs) in lieu of a Lake or Streambed Alteration Agreement pursuant to CERCLA Section 121(e) for all work conducted in CDFW jurisdictional washes (CDFW, 2013).
			Any soil removal action in CDFW jurisdictional washes will adhere to the same AMMs.
42	Endangered Species Act (16 USC § 1531, et seq., 50 CFR Part 402)	Applicable	The Endangered Species Act and its implementing regulations makes it unlawful to remove or "take" threatened and endangered plants and animals and protects their habitats by prohibiting certain activities.
			Examples of endangered species in or around the Topock Site may include, but are not limited to, southwestern willow flycatcher, desert tortoise, Colorado pikeminnow, razorback sucker, and bonytail chub. Removal action selected for the Site will not result in the take of, or adverse impacts to, threatened and endangered species or their habitats, as determined based on consultation with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service under section 7 of the Endangered Species Act. Mitigation measures will be implemented in accordance with the Programmatic Biological Assessment (CH2M, 2007b) and the Bird Impact Avoidance and Minimization Plan (BIAMP) (CH2M, 2014d) to avoid project-related risks to endangered species that could result from removal actions.
43	Migratory Bird Treaty Act (16 USC §§ 703-712)	Applicable	This Act makes it unlawful to "take, capture, kill" or otherwise impact a migratory bird or any nest or egg of a migratory bird. The Havasu National Wildlife Refuge, part of which makes up the Topock Site, was created as a refuge and breeding ground for migratory birds and other wildlife; therefore, there is potential for contact with migratory birds during proposed removal activities.
			The BIAMP specifies measures to avoid project-related risks to avian wildlife that could result from project activities. The BIAMP will be implemented during removal action.
44	Executive Order 13186 – Responsibilities of Federal Agencies to Protect Migratory Birds	TBC	This Order directs executive departments and agencies to take certain actions to further implement the Migratory Bird Treaty Act, including supporting the conservation intent of the migratory bird conventions by integrating bird conservation principles, measures, and practices into agency activities and by avoiding or minimizing, to the extent practicable, adverse impacts on migratory bird resources when conducting agency actions.

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Item No.	ARARs or TBCs and Citation	Determination	Description and Applicability
45	California Code of Regulations (CCR) Title 27, Environmental Protection	Applicable	Title 27 regulates discharges of wastewater to land, including but not limited to, evaporation ponds, percolation ponds, or subsurface leach fields.
			Any disposal of wastewater to the existing TCS evaporation ponds must meet the Waste Discharge Requirements (WDRs) Order No. R7-2018-0022. If it becomes necessary to amend the WDRs for the ponds to accept wastewater from the proposed removal action, a revised Report of Waste Discharge (ROWD) would be required.
46	Hazardous Waste Control Law and Regulations (22 CCR Division 4.5, Chapters 11, 12, 14, 18)	Applicable	The California Hazardous Waste Control Law and Regulations establish requirements for hazardous waste generators; operators of hazardous waste treatment, storage, or disposal units; and for corrective action taken in response to releases of hazardous waste from regulated units. Hazardous waste generators must determine if their waste is hazardous, manage the waste in accordance to specified requirements for accumulation in tanks and containers, use a hazardous waste manifest for offsite transportation of hazardous waste, send hazardous waste to an appropriately permitted offsite treatment or disposal facility, and retain specified records. These requirements will apply to all hazardous waste generated by onsite remedial activities. Units constructed to treat hazardous waste as part of the remediation must comply with additional operational and closure requirements.  The management of excavated or displaced materials will be in accordance with the Groundwater Remedy Soil Management Plan (CH2M, 2015b).
47	Mohave Desert Air Quality	Applicable	This rule sets the standards to minimize fugitive dust emissions from remedial actions. For example,
	Management District, Rule 403 – Fugitive Dust	Management District, Rule 403 –	Must take "every reasonable precaution" to minimize dust emissions from soil disturbing activities (e.g., excavation, grading, land clearing).
			Must take "every reasonable precaution" to keep their operations from depositing visible particulate matter on public roadways (clean equipment prior to travel on paved streets, remove any deposited material promptly.
			If peak winds are less than 25 miles per hour (mph) and 15-minute average wind speed is less than 15 mph:
			<ul> <li>Must not conduct transport, handling, construction or storage activities that cause fugitive dust that remains visible beyond the property line, and</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>Must not cause PM concentrations in excess of 100 micrograms per cubic meter, measured as the difference between upwind and downwind samples collected on high volume samplers at the property line for a minimum of 5 hours.</li> </ul>
48	Requirement for Land Use Covenants (22 CCR § 67391.1)	Relevant and Appropriate	This regulation requires appropriate restrictions on use of property in the event that a proposed remedial alternative results in hazardous materials remaining at the property at levels that are not suitable for unrestricted use of the land. This is an ARAR with respect to privately-owned land at the Topock Site.
			A Land Use Covenant and Agreement was made between PG&E and DTSC for PG&E property (APN 0650-161-08) at the Site. Removal action selected for the Site will be conducted in compliance with the Environmental Restrictions of the Covenant.
49	Clean Air Act (42 USC §§ 7401, et seq.) National Ambient Air Quality Standards (40 CFR § 50)	Relevant and Appropriate	These ambient air quality standards define levels of air quality to protect the public health. National Ambient Air Quality Standards are not enforceable in and of themselves, but they may be used as guidance if removal activities create potential air quality impacts.
50	Federal Noxious Weed Act of 1974 Public Law 93-629 (7 USC 2801, et seq.)	Applicable	Requires the use of integrated management systems to control or contain undesirable plant species. Applicable to on-Site response activities to control, eradicate, or prevent or retard the spread of such weeds.
51	Executive Order 13112 – Management of Invasive Species	TBC	Requires that each Federal agency whose action may affect the status of invasive species to take certain actions to prevent the introduction of invasive species and provide for their control and to minimize the economic, ecological, and human health impacts that invasive species cause.

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AMM = Avoidance and Minimization Measures

ARAR = applicable or relevant and appropriate requirements

BIAMP = Bird Impact Avoidance and Minimization Plan

BLM = U.S. Bureau of Land Management CCR = California Code of Regulations

CERCLA = Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act

CFR = Code of Federal Regulations COPC = constituent of potential concern

CrVI – hexavalent chromium

DOI = U.S. Department of the Interior

DTSC = California Department of Toxic Substance Control

ECV = ecological comparison values ESL = environmental screening level

FLPMA = Federal Land Policy and Management Act

HERO = DTSC Human and Ecological Risk Office

HHRA = human health and risk assessment

HNWR = Havasu National Wildlife Refuge

mph = miles per hour

NCP = National Oil and Hazardous Substance Pollution Contingency Plan

NPDES = National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System

PAH = polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons PG&E = Pacific Gas and Electric Company

RBRG = risk-based remediation goals

RCRA = Resource Conservation and Recovery Act

ROWD = Report of Waste Discharge

TBC = to-be-considered

TCS = Topock Compressor Station

TEQ = toxicity equivalent

USC = U.S. Code

USEPA = U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

USFWS = U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

WDR = Waste Discharge Requirements

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## Table 4-1. Individual Analysis of Alternatives

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PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

Criteria	Alternative 1: No Action	Alternative 2: Excavation and Offsite Disposal of All Material	Alternative 3: Excavation, Mechanical Separation, Offsite Disposal of Fines, Reuse of Coarse Material	Alternative 4: Excavation, Mechanical Separation, Offsite Disposal of Fines, Soil Washing of Coarse Material, Reuse of Washed Coarse Material	Alternative 5: Removal of Visible Hazardous Surface Debris
EFFECTIVENESS					
Overall Protection of Human Health and the Environment	Will not be protective of human health and the environment. Current risks to human health and the environment would not be mitigated.	Protective. Alternative 2 was designed to meet RAOs protective of human health and the environment. Current risks to human health and the environment would be mitigated.	Protective. Alternative 3 was designed to meet RAOs protective of human health and the environment. Current risks to human health and the environment would be mitigated.	Protective. Alternative 4 was designed to meet RAOs protective of human health and the environment. Current risks to human health and the environment would be mitigated.	Will not be protective of human health and the environment. Alternative 5 does not meet RAOs 1 or 2 and only partially meets RAO 3. Current risks to human health and the environment would not be mitigated.
Compliance with ARARs and Other Criteria, Advisories, and Guidance	No chemical-specific ARARs were identified, however, TBC criteria will not be met.	Alternative 2 was developed to be compliant with location-, and action-specific ARARs, and certain chemical-specific TBCs.	Alternative 3 was developed to be compliant with location-, and action-specific ARARs, and certain chemical-specific TBCs.	Alternative 4 was developed to be compliant with location-, and action-specific ARARs, and certain chemical-specific TBCs.	No chemical-specific ARARs were identified, however, TBC criteria will not be met.
Long-term Effectiveness and Permanence					
Magnitude of Residual Risk	No reduction in risk will be achieved.	Soil will be removed to meet RAOs. Risk calculations, confirmation sampling, and visual observation will be performed to ensure RAOs 1 through 3 are met.	Soil will be removed and mechanically separated to meet RAOs. Coarse material greater than 3/8 inch diameter will be returned to the excavated areas with a balance of clean fill to match original contours. Coarse material that has significant residual staining or colored encrustation will be removed for offsite disposal. Separated coarse material available for backfill will be placed in the bottom of the excavation areas and the remaining excavation will be backfilled with native material and potentially appropriately sized excess soil from the soil processing yard (SPY). Other sources of backfill will be considered during the development of the Removal Action Work Plan. Site related contaminants associated with soil fines (dust) may remain adhered to the large, coarse soil fraction separated after excavation; residual contaminants, if present, are not anticipated to pose significant exposure or migration risk.	Soil will be removed and mechanically separated to meet RAOs. Coarse material greater than 3/8 inch diameter will be washed to remove most site-related contaminants that may remain in dust adhered to the larger size materials. After washing soil will be returned to the excavated areas with a balance of clean fill to match original contours. Coarse material that has significant residual staining or colored encrustation will be removed for offsite disposal. Separated coarse material available for backfill will be placed in the bottom of the excavation areas and the remaining excavation will be backfilled with native material and potentially appropriately sized excess soil from the SPY. Other sources of backfill will be considered during the development of the Removal Action Work Plan. Residual contaminants, if present, are not anticipated to pose significant exposure or migration risk.  Risk calculations, confirmation sampling, and visual observation will be performed to ensure RAOs 1 through 3 are met.	No reduction in risk will be achieved.
Adequacy and Reliability of	No controls will be implemented.	Excavation will adequately meet RAOs.	observation will be performed to ensure RAOs 1 through 3 are met.  Excavation and size separation will adequately meet	Excavation, size separation, and soil washing will adequately meet RAOs.	Removal of visible debris associated with
Controls		Excavation itself has no controls to be maintained.	RAOs. Excavation itself has no controls to be maintained.	Excavation itself has no controls to be maintained.	hazardous substances will partially meet RAO 3. Removal itself has no controls to be maintained.
Reduction in Toxicity, Mobility, and Volume through Treatment					
Treatment Process Used and Materials Treated	No treatment processes will be implemented.	Excavation will remove soil to meet RAOs. Excavated soil will not be treated before disposal.	Excavation and mechanical separation will remove and treat soil to meet RAOs. Excavated soil will be mechanically separated into fine and coarse fractions. The fine fraction will be disposed offsite without treatment. The coarse fraction, which is not anticipated to exceed RAOs, will be reused as fill material.	Excavation, mechanical separation, and soil washing will remove and treat soil to meet RAOs. The soil will be mechanical separated into the fine and coarse fraction. The fine fraction will disposable disposed offsite. The coarse fraction will be washed with water to remove adhered fine soil and reused as fill material. Wash water will be discharged to on-site wastewater ponds (the TCS evaporation ponds).	Removal of removal of visible debris associated with hazardous substances will partially meet RAO 3. Removed material will not be treated before disposal.
Amount of Hazardous Material Destroyed	No hazardous materials will be destroyed.	No hazardous materials will be destroyed; destructive treatment technologies will not adequately meet RAOs.	No hazardous materials will be destroyed; destructive treatment technologies will not adequately meet RAOs.	No hazardous materials will be destroyed; destructive treatment technologies will not adequately meet RAOs.	No hazardous materials will be destroyed.
Degree of Expected Reductions in Toxicity, Mobility, and Volume through Treatment	No reduction in toxicity, mobility, and volume will be achieved.	No reduction in toxicity, mobility, or volume will be achieved. All excavated soil will be appropriately disposed offsite.	The volume of impacted soil will be reduced through mechanical size separation, which will concentrate contaminants in the fine fraction. This will reduce the volume of impacted soil by approximately half.	The volume of impacted soil will be reduced through mechanical size separation, which will concentrate contaminants in the fine fraction. This will reduce the volume of impacted soil by approximately half.  Soil washing will generate waste water that will require disposal.	No reduction in toxicity, mobility, or volume will be achieved. All debris removed will be appropriately disposed offsite.
Degree to Which Treatment is Irreversible	No treatment will be implemented.	Excavation and offsite disposal will be irreversible.	Excavation, mechanical separation, and offsite disposal will be irreversible.	Excavation, mechanical separation, soil washing, and offsite disposal will be irreversible.	Debris removal and offsite disposal will be irreversible.

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Criteria	Alternative 1: No Action	Alternative 2: Excavation and Offsite Disposal of All Material	Alternative 3: Excavation, Mechanical Separation, Offsite Disposal of Fines, Reuse of Coarse Material	Alternative 4: Excavation, Mechanical Separation, Offsite Disposal of Fines, Soil Washing of Coarse Material, Reuse of Washed Coarse Material	Alternative 5: Removal of Visible Hazardous Surface Debris
Type and Quantity of Residuals or Untreated Wastes Remaining After Treatment	Existing waste will remain in place.	Excavation and disposal will meet RAOs. All soil not meeting RAOs will be removed from the potential action areas. Risk calculations, confirmation sampling, and visual observation will be performed to ensure RAOs 1 through 3 are met.	Excavation and disposal or treatment will meet RAOs. All soil not meeting RAOs will be removed from the potential action areas, mechanically size separated, and the coarse material reused as fill material.  It is possible that site-related contaminants that may be associated with dust adhered to the large, coarse soil fraction will remain in place. There is no way of reliably and reproducibly measuring this fraction; however, the mass and corresponding mass concentration are anticipated to be insignificant. Risk calculations, confirmation sampling, and visual observation will be performed to ensure RAOs 1 through 3 are met.	Excavation and disposal or treatment will meet RAOs. All soil not meeting RAOs will be removed from the potential action areas, mechanically size separated, and the coarse material reused as fill material after washing.  Site related contaminants potentially associated with dust adhered to the large, coarse soil fraction will be removed from the soil through soil washing and transferred to the soil washing wastewater. It is assumed that wastewater will be discharged to existing TCS evaporation ponds, as appropriate. Disposal of wastewater to the ponds must meet requirements specified in the action-specific ARARs.  Risk calculations, confirmation sampling, and visual observation will be performed to ensure RAOs 1 through 3 are met.	Existing waste except debris removed will remain in place.
Short-term Effectiveness					
Protection of Community During Removal Actions	Because there is no action taken, there will be no construction-related impacts on the community due to removal action implementation. Existing threats will remain.	The public can be protected using BMPs including fugitive dust suppression and perimeter air monitoring. Some risk to the public is associated with transportation of hazardous material offsite.	The public can be protected using BMPs including fugitive dust suppression and air monitoring and appropriate material transportation requirements. Some risk to the public is associated with transportation of hazardous material (less hazardous material will be transported offsite than in Alternative 2).	The public can be protected using BMPs including fugitive dust suppression and air monitoring and appropriate material transportation requirements. Some risk to the public is associated with transportation of hazardous material (less hazardous material will be transported offsite than in Alternative 2).	The public can be protected using BMPs including fugitive dust suppression and perimeter air monitoring. Some risk to the public is associated with transportation of hazardous material offsite.
Protection of Workers During Removal Actions	Because there is no action taken, there will be no construction related impacts to workers due to removal action implementation. Existing threats will remain.	Some risk to workers will be encountered during excavation and transportation of contaminated soil; however, workers can be protected by following requirements and protocols in project-specific health and safety plans.	Some risk to workers will be encountered during excavation and transportation of contaminated soil; however, workers can be protected by following requirements and protocols in project-specific health and safety plans.  Dust generated during mechanical separation of soil will also pose some risk to workers, but again, workers can be protected using normal health and safety protocols.	Some risk to workers will be encountered during excavation and transportation of contaminated soil; however, workers can be protected by following requirements and protocols in project-specific health and safety plans.  Dust generated during mechanical separation of soil will also pose some risk to workers, but again, workers can be protected using normal health and safety protocols.	Some risk to workers will be encountered during removal and transportation of debris; however, workers can be protected by following requirements and protocols in project-specific health and safety plans.
Environmental Impacts	Because there is no action taken, there will be no construction related impacts to the environment. Existing threats will remain.	Coordination with USFWS and CDFW will occur to ensure applicable management measures are implemented during the removal action to avoid and protect sensitive habitats and wildlife in the work areas.  The removal action will comply with all applicable measures and stipulations of the PA, PA Amendment, and the Cultural and Historic Property Management Plan (CHPMP).  BMPs including engineered controls, if needed, implemented during removal action activities will control and minimize potential spills and releases into the environment.  Removal action activities will use energy and produce greenhouse gas emissions and air emissions of criteria pollutants (NO <sub>x</sub> , SO <sub>x</sub> , PM <sub>10</sub> ). This alternative will result in transportation of a greater volume of waste (and associated energy inputs and emissions) than Alternatives 3 and 4. Once initial construction activities are completed, the alternative will not require any additional energy inputs.	Coordination with USFWS and CDFW will occur to ensure applicable management measures are implemented during the removal action to avoid and protect sensitive habitats and wildlife in the work areas. The removal action will comply with all applicable measures and stipulations of the PA, PA Amendment, and the CHPMP.  BMPs including engineered controls, if needed, implemented during removal action activities will control and minimize potential spills and releases into the environment.  Removal action activities will use energy and produce greenhouse gas emissions and air emissions of criteria pollutants (NO <sub>x</sub> , SO <sub>x</sub> , PM <sub>10</sub> ). This alternative will require less transportation of waste than Alternative 2 but will require energy inputs related to mechanical separation. Once initial construction activities are completed, the alternative will not require any additional energy inputs.	Coordination with USFWS and CDFW will occur to ensure applicable management measures are implemented during the removal action to avoid and protect sensitive habitats and wildlife in the work areas.  The removal action will comply with all applicable measures and stipulations of the PA, PA Amendment, and the CHPMP.  BMPs including engineered controls, if needed, implemented during removal action activities will control and minimize potential spills and releases into the environment.  Removal action activities will use energy and produce greenhouse gas emissions and air emissions of criteria pollutants (NO <sub>x</sub> , SO <sub>x</sub> , PM <sub>10</sub> ). This alternative will require less transportation of waste than Alternative 2 but will require energy inputs and water usage related to mechanical separation and soil washing. Once initial construction activities are completed, the alternative will not require any additional energy inputs.	Coordination with USFWS and CDFW will occur to ensure applicable management measures are implemented during the removal action to avoid and protect sensitive habitats and wildlife in the work areas.  The removal action will comply with all applicable measures and stipulations of the PA, PA Amendment, and the CHPMP.  BMPs including engineered controls, if needed, implemented during removal action activities will control and minimize potential spills and releases into the environment.  Removal action activities will use energy and produce greenhouse gas emissions and air emissions of criteria pollutants (NO <sub>x</sub> , SO <sub>x</sub> , PM <sub>10</sub> ). This alternative will result in transportation of less waste (and associated energy inputs and emissions) than Alternatives 2 through 4. Once initial construction activities are completed, the alternative will not require any additional energy inputs.
Time Until RAOs are Met	The RAOs will not be met.	Approximately 4 months.	Approximately 5 months.	Approximately 5 months.	The RAOs will not be met.
IMPLEMENTABILITY					
Technical Feasibility					
Ability to Construct and Operate the Technology	Not applicable. No additional construction or operation will be required.	Excavation is a proven technology that has been implemented at Topock.	Excavation and mechanical separation are proven technologies that have been implemented at Topock.	Excavation and mechanical separation are proven technologies that have been implemented at Topock. Soil washing is well understood but requires relatively more steps including washing and separation of washed material from wastewater.	Removal is a proven technology that has been implemented at Topock.

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Criteria	Alternative 1: No Action	Alternative 2: Excavation and Offsite Disposal of All Material	Alternative 3: Excavation, Mechanical Separation, Offsite Disposal of Fines, Reuse of Coarse Material	Alternative 4: Excavation, Mechanical Separation, Offsite Disposal of Fines, Soil Washing of Coarse Material, Reuse of Washed Coarse Material	Alternative 5: Removal of Visible Hazardous Surface Debris
Reliability of the Technology	Not applicable.	Excavation is a reliable technology.	Excavation and mechanical separation are reliable technologies. The addition of mechanical separation may add some risk of schedule delays related to equipment malfunction.	Excavation, mechanical separation, and soil washing are reliable technologies. The addition of mechanical separation and soil washing may add some risk of schedule delays related to equipment malfunction.	Removal is a reliable technology.
Ease of Undertaking Additional Removal or Remedial Actions, if Necessary	Alternative offers a high ease of undertaking additional actions.	Alternative offers a high ease of undertaking additional actions.	Alternative offers a high ease of undertaking additional actions.	Alternative offers a high ease of undertaking additional actions.	Alternative offers a high ease of undertaking additional actions.
Ability to Monitor Effectiveness of the Removal or Remedial Action	Alternative offers a high ability to monitor remedy effectiveness.	Alternative offers a very high ability to monitor removal action effectiveness. Risk calculations, confirmation sampling, and visual observation will be performed to ensure RAOs 1 through 3 are met.	Alternative offers a very high ability to monitor removal action effectiveness. Risk calculations, confirmation sampling, and visual observation will be performed to ensure RAOs 1 through 3 are met.	Alternative offers a very high ability to monitor removal action effectiveness. Risk calculations, confirmation sampling, and visual observation will be performed to ensure RAOs 1 through 3 are met.	Alternative offers a high ability to monitor remedy effectiveness. Visual observation will be performed to ensure all visible debris associated with hazardous substances is removed.
Administrative Feasibility					
Ease of Coordinating with Other Offices, Agencies, and Third-Parties	No coordination necessary.	All alternatives require review by the current land owners/managers (BLM, Caltrans, USFWS) and other stakeholders (including the Tribes).  This alternative will result in the greatest volume of soil removed from the Site. The Tribes have expressed a preference for minimizing the volume of soil removed due to the cultural and historical significance of the Site.  Selection of an appropriate staging area will require consultation and agreement with landowners and other stakeholders.  Excavation activities in AOC 14 are within the Caltrans right-of-way and will require a lane closure of I-40 for equipment access. Lane closure will require Caltrans approval and coordination with the California Highway Patrol. Access will also need to be coordinated with BNSF for any personnel and equipment to cross over BNSF tracks.  Excavation activities will require closure of specific areas to hikers and other recreators. This closure would need to be coordinated	All alternatives require review by the current land owners (BLM, Caltrans, USFWS) and other stakeholders (including the Tribes).  This alternative minimizes the volume of soil removed from the Site.  Selection of an appropriate staging and processing areas will require consultation and agreement with landowners and other stakeholders.  Excavation activities in AOC 14 are within the Caltrans right-of-way and will require a lane closure of I-40 for equipment access. Lane closure will require Caltrans approval and coordination with the California Highway Patrol. Access will also need to be coordinated with BNSF for any personnel and equipment to cross over BNSF tracks.  Excavation activities will require closure of specific areas to hikers and other recreators. This closure would need to be coordinated with land owners/managers.	All alternatives require review by the current land owners (BLM, Caltrans, USFWS) and other stakeholders (including the Tribes).  This alternative minimizes the volume of soil removed from the Site.  Wastewater generated during soil washing will require disposal. This EE/CA assumes wastewater will be disposed in the TCS evaporation ponds. Discharge to the TCS evaporation ponds must meet Waste Discharge Requirements Order No. R7-2018-0022. If it becomes necessary to amend the WDRs for the ponds to accept wastewater from the proposed removal action, a revised ROWD would be required.  Selection of an appropriate staging and processing areas will require consultation and agreement with landowners and other stakeholders.  Excavation activities in AOC 14 are within the Caltrans right-of-way and will require a lane closure of I-40 for equipment access. Lane closure will require Caltrans approval and coordination with the California Highway Patrol. Access will also need to be coordinated with BNSF for any personnel and equipment to cross over BNSF tracks.  Excavation activities will require closure of specific areas to hikers and other recreators. This closure would need to be coordinated with land owners/managers.	All alternatives require review by the current land owners (BLM, Caltrans, USFWS) and other stakeholders (including the Tribes).  This alternative does not include any volume of soil removed from the Site.  Selection of appropriate staging areas will require consultation and agreement with landowners and other stakeholders.  Removal activities in AOC 14 are within the Caltrans right-of-way and will require a lane closure of I-40 for equipment access. Lane closure will require Caltrans approval and coordination with the California Highway Patrol. Access will also need to be coordinated with BNSF for any personnel and equipment to cross over BNSF tracks.  Removal activities will require closure of specific areas to hikers and other recreators. This closure would need to be coordinated with land owners/managers.
Availability of Services and Materials		with land owners/managers.			
Availability of Offsite Treatment, Storage, and Disposal Services and Capacity	Not applicable.	Offsite disposal is available.	Offsite disposal is available.	Offsite disposal is available.	Offsite disposal is available.
Availability of Necessary Equipment and Specialists	None required.	Necessary equipment and specialists for the alternative are highly available.	Necessary equipment and specialists for the alternative are available but limited.	Necessary equipment and specialists for the alternative are available but limited.	Necessary equipment and specialists for the alternative are highly available.
Availability of Prospective Technologies	None required.	All prospective technologies are highly available.	All prospective technologies are highly available.	All prospective technologies are highly available.	All prospective technologies are highly available.
COST					
Total Capital Cost	Not applicable.	\$5,281,000	\$4,626,000	\$5,159,000	Not applicable.

ARAR = applicable or relevant and appropriate requirements AOC = area of concern BLM = U.S. Bureau of Land Management

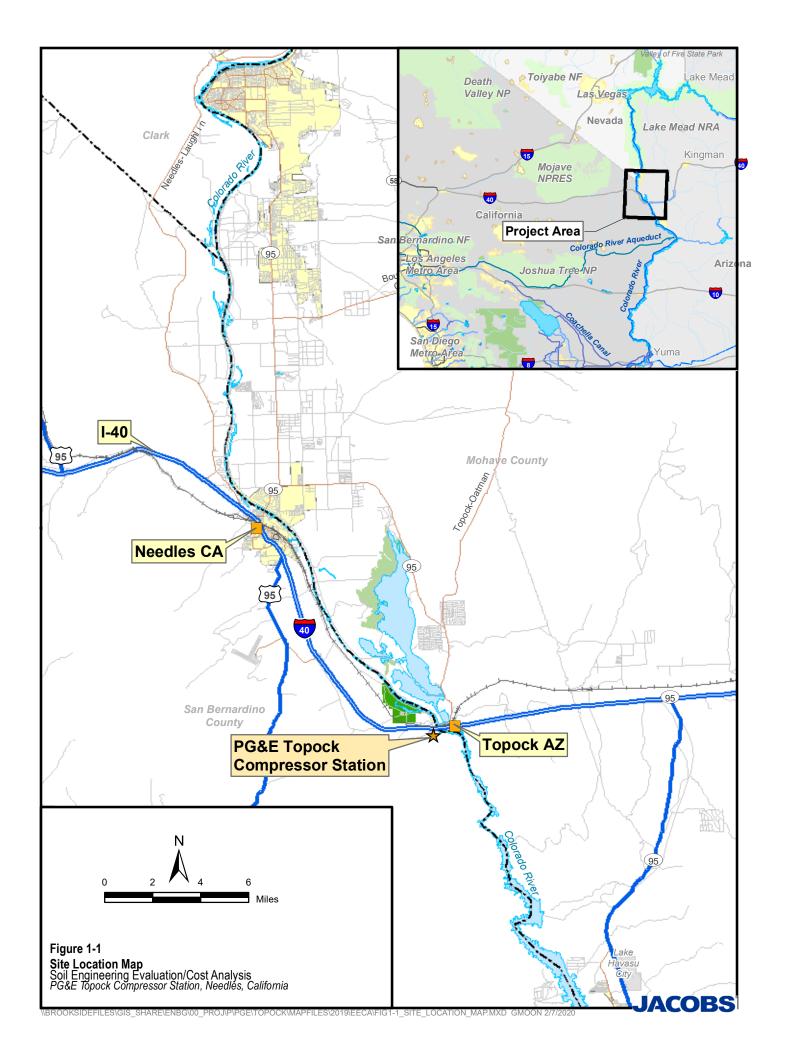
BMP = best management practice
BNSF = BNSF Railway

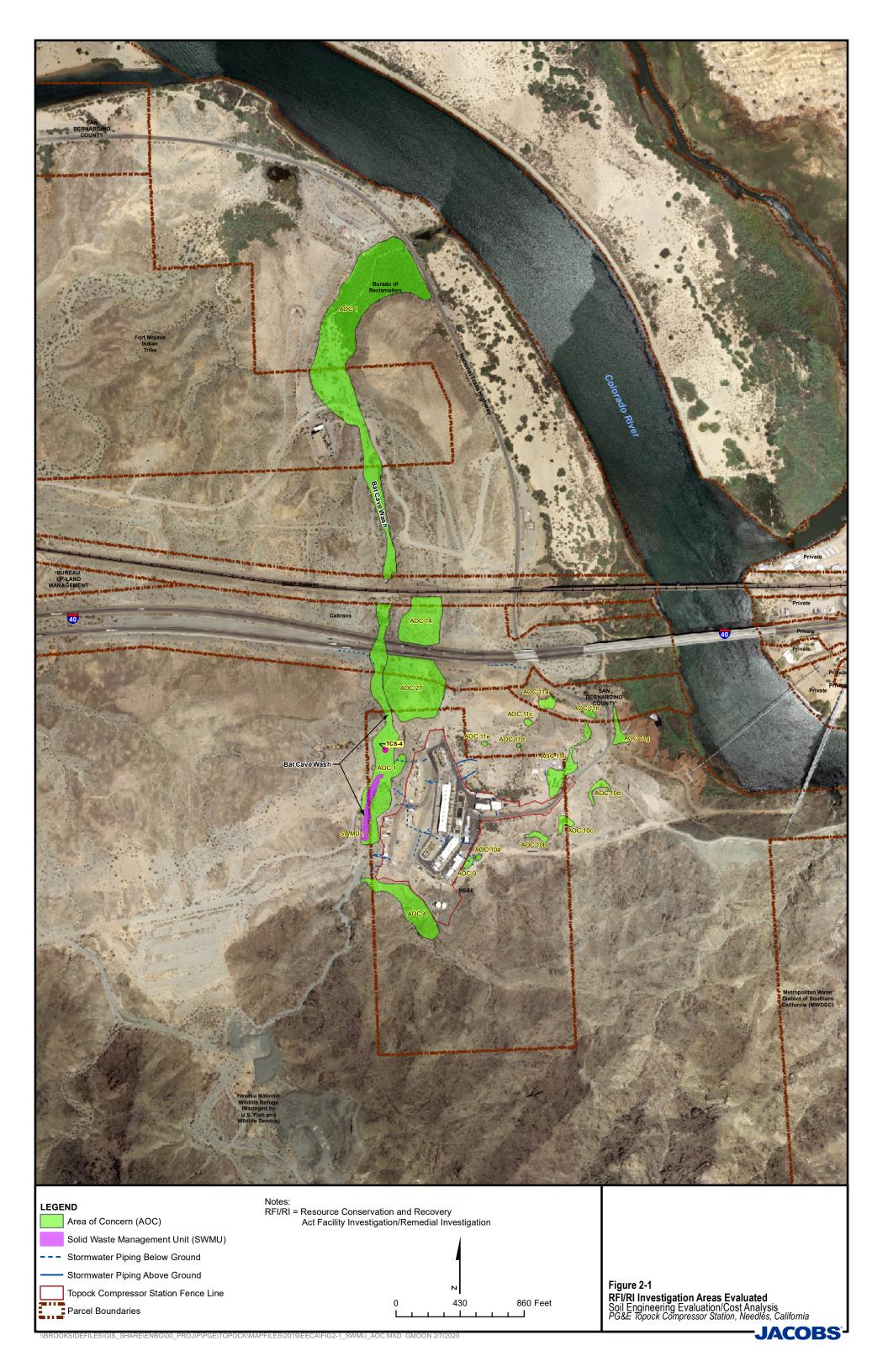
Caltrans = California Department of Transportation CDFW = California Department of Fish and Wildlife CHPMP = Cultural and Historic Property Management Plan EE/CA = Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis I-40 = Interstate 40

NO<sub>x</sub> = nitrogen oxides PA = Programmatic Agreement PAA = potential action area PM<sub>10</sub> = particulate matter 10 micrometers or less RAO = removal action objectives

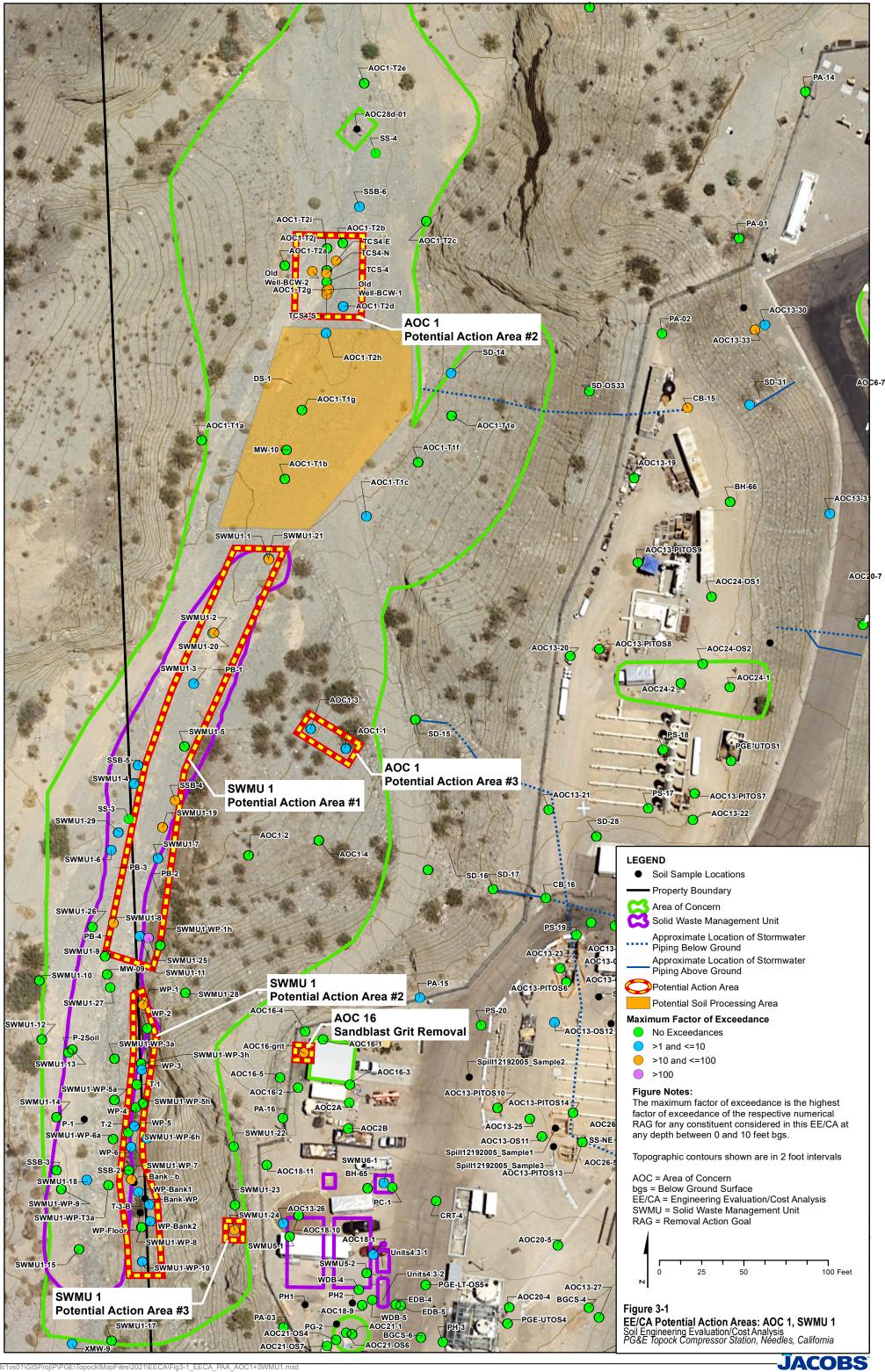
ROWD = Report of Waste Discharge SO<sub>x</sub> = sulfur oxides TCS = Topock Compressor Station USFWS = U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service WDR = Waste Discharge Requirements

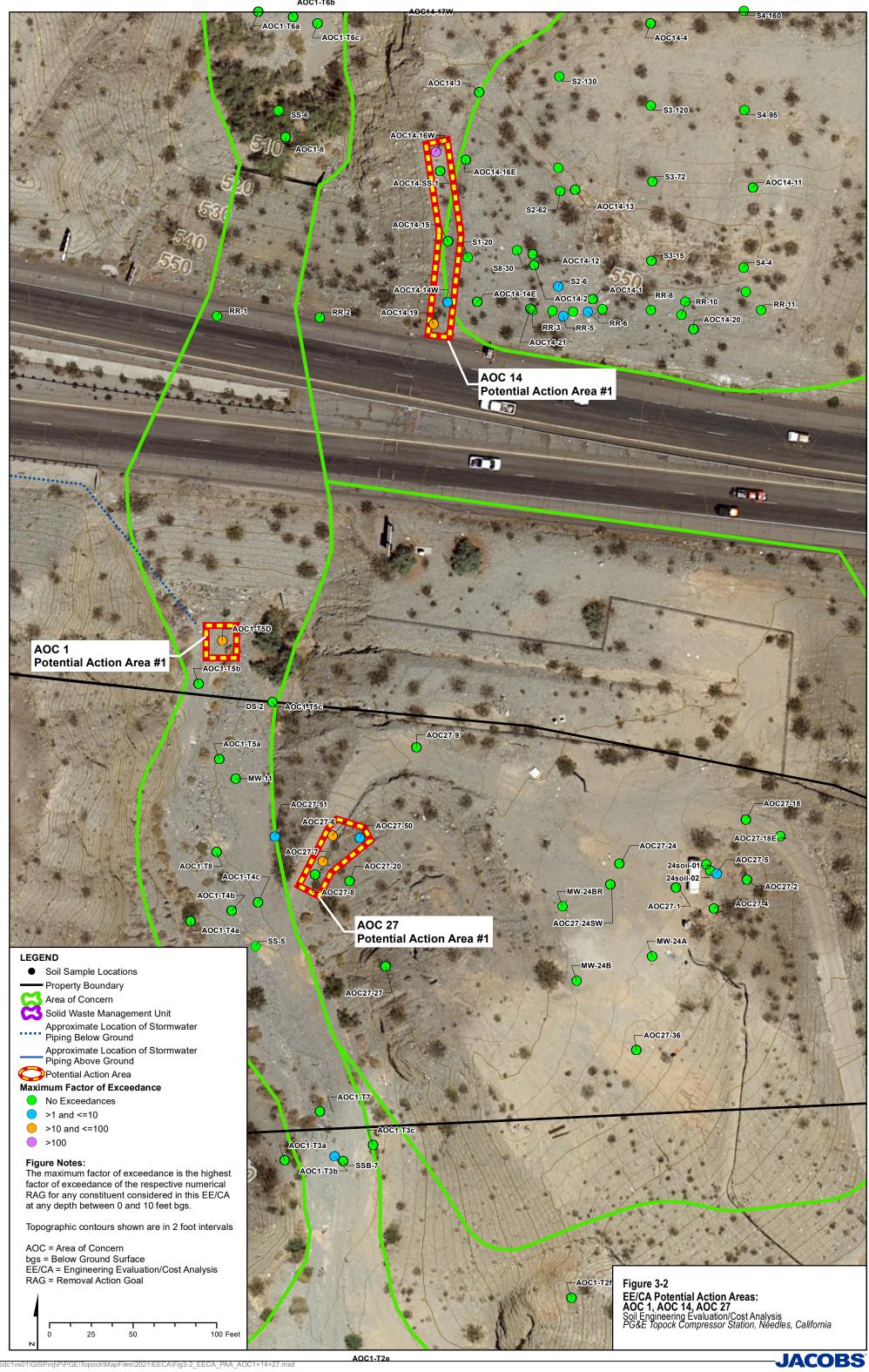
# **Figures**

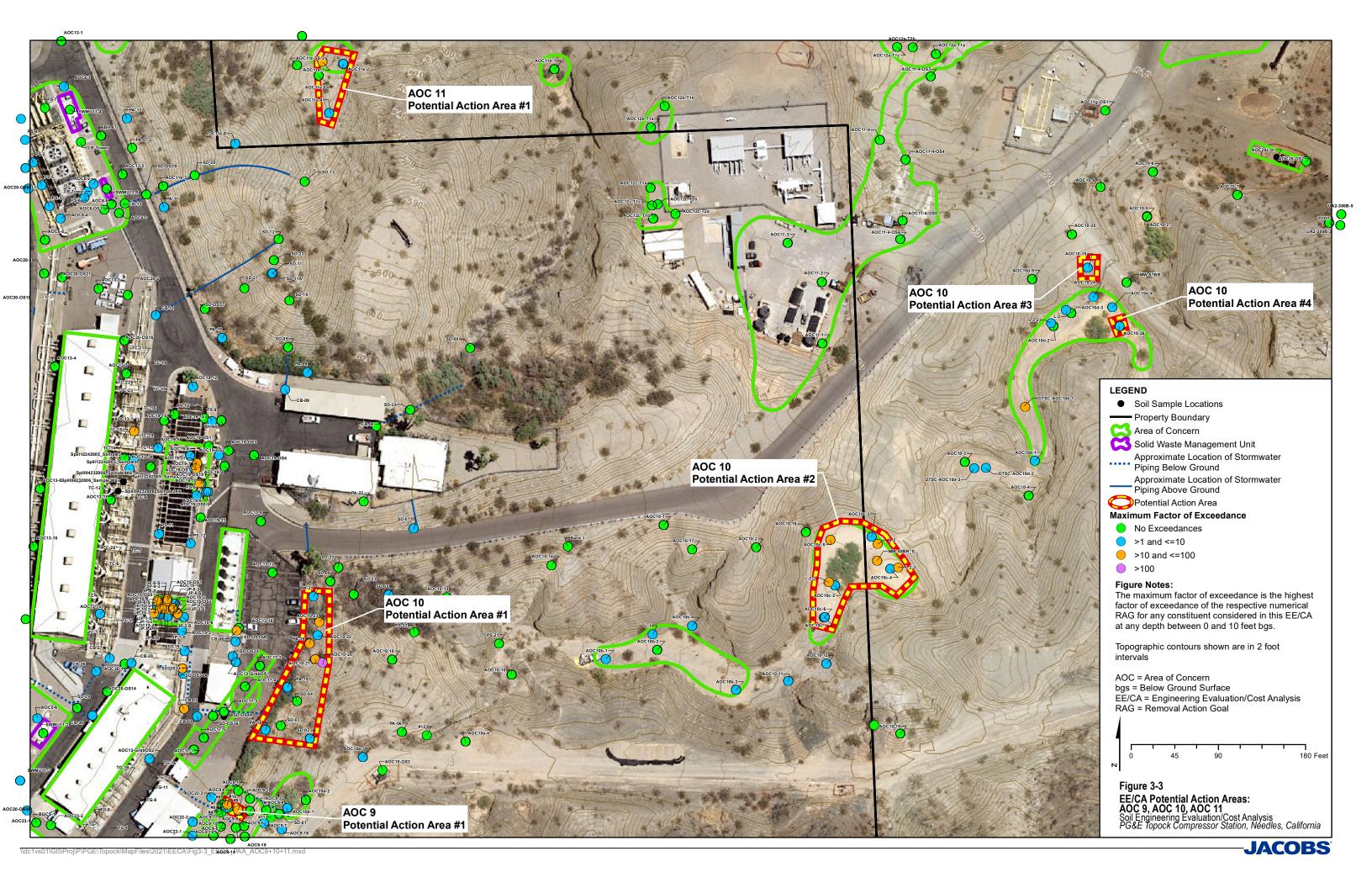


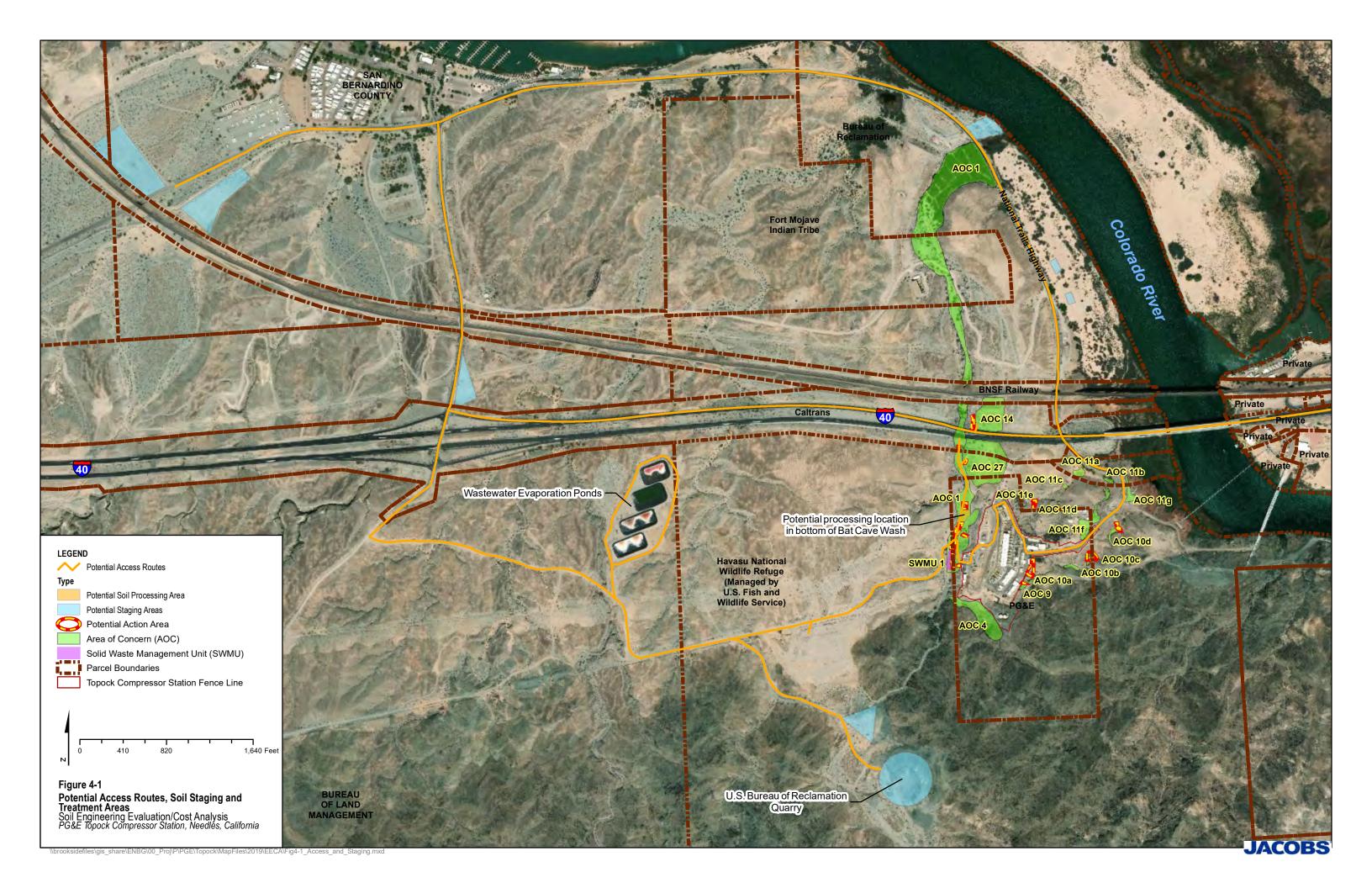












Appendix A
Signed Approval Memorandum for an
Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis at the
PG&E Topock Compressor Station,
San Bernardino County, CA

#### Memorandum

To:

Michaela E. Noble, Director Office of Environmental Policy &

Compliance

Through:

Amy Lueders, Director

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Southwest Region

Through:

William Lodder, ECLM Team Lead

Office of Environmental Policy & Compliance

From:

Pamela Innis, CHF Remedial Project Manager

Subject:

Approval Memorandum for an Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis at the Pacific Gas and Electric Topock Compressor Station, San Bernardino County,

CA

The purpose of this memorandum is to request approval to proceed with an Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis (EE/CA) to evaluate non-time critical removal action alternatives at the Pacific Gas and Electric (PG&E) Topock Compressor Station Remediation Site (Site) to address contaminated soil at Solid Waste Management Units (SWMUs) and Areas of Concern (AOCs) within the Site. At this time, the Department of the Interior (DOI) expects PG&E to prepare the EE/CA and, if warranted, to implement any removal action that the DOI subsequently selects based on the findings of the EE/CA and subject to the DOI oversight.

# I. Site Background

Investigative and remedial activities at the Site date to the 1980s with the identification of solid waste management units through a RCRA facility assessment. Since 1996, there have been multiple phases of investigation at the Topock site to collect soil data to evaluate the nature and extent of contamination at up to forty SWMUs, AOCs, and Undesignated Areas. Soil investigation activities were completed in 2017. Eleven areas are located on or adjacent to Federal lands, of which five areas contain contaminant concentrations significantly above background values, ecological comparison values, and/or residential human screening levels. Below are descriptions and background information for those five areas.

# AOC 1 and SWMU 1 - Former percolation bed and surrounding area

AOC 1 and SWMU 1 are located outside the facility fence line west of the compressor station within Bat Cave Wash (Figure 1). AOC 1 comprises a portion of Bat Cave Wash

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adjacent to the station including SWMU 1, as well as the portion of Bat Cave Wash extending to the north of SWMU 1 toward the Colorado River. SWMU 1 is the former percolation bed located in Bat Cave Wash. From about 1964 to approximately 1971, the facility discharged wastewater to the percolation bed (SWMU 1) and allowed water to percolate into the ground and/or evaporate. Historical aerial photos indicate that, prior to the establishment of the bermed percolation bed, discharges to Bat Cave Wash may have extended as far downstream as the railroad tracks (just of Figure 1 to the north). Further north, near the mouth of Bat Cave Wash, the thick vegetation, widening of the channel, and blockage of flow by National Trails Highway greatly reduces the energy of flow during runoff events, resulting in deposition of entrained soil within the vegetated area at the lower end of Bat Cave Wash. The area is heavily vegetated, predominately with salt cedar (also known as tamarisk), which is an aggressive, non-native plant species. This heavily vegetated portion of Bat Cave Wash is a long-term depositional area that existed before the compressor station was built, although the depositional history and patterns within this area are not well known. AOC 1 is located partially on PG&E property, the Havasu National Wildlife Refuge (HNWR), Bureau of Reclamation property (managed by Bureau of Land Management), BNSF Railway Company (BNSF) property, and Fort Mojave Indian Tribe property with PG&E as an easement holder. SWMU 1 is located on both PG&E property and the HNWR.

# AOC 10 - East Ravine

AOC 10 is located outside the facility fence line southeast of the compressor station in a small ravine known as east ravine. The ravine runs eastward toward the Colorado River. AOC 10 generally includes all of east ravine as well as the specific areas shown on Figure 2. The ravine is approximately 1,600 feet long and is bisected by three constructed berms. Due to the berms, surface flow within the ravine does not typically reach the Colorado River. AOC 10 likely received runoff from the compressor station, the access road to the compressor station, and AOC 9; discharge from stormwater drain pipes; surface debris on the slopes of the ravine; and incidental overflows of wastewater via the former trench drain at the top of the station access road. AOC 10 is located on both PG&E property and the HNWR.

# AOC 14 - Railroad Debris Site

AOC 14 is located outside the facility fence line approximately 1,000 feet north of the compressor station and is currently bounded by the BNSF railway tracks to the north, Interstate 40 to the south, Bat Cave Wash to the west, and a former access road to the east (Figure 1). AOC 14 currently contains miscellaneous construction debris related to construction of the rail line including chunks of asphalt, railroad ties, and piping. Asbestos-containing material and burned material have also been identified within AOC 14. Former compressor station employees reported that water softening (lime) sludge was disposed of in this area. An asbestos removal action was completed in 1999. Surface water

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runoff along the western side of AOC 14 flows into Bat Cave Wash (AOC 1). AOC 14 is located on property owned by BNSF, Bureau of Land Management, HNWR, and CalTrans Right-of-Way.

# AOC 27 - MW-24 Bench

AOC 27 is located outside the facility fence line north of the compressor station, south of Interstate 40, and east of Bat Cave Wash (AOC 1) shown on Figure 1. A former PG&E Topock Compressor Station Employee indicated that AOC 27, informally known as MW-24 bench, was used as a waste disposal area. Miscellaneous construction debris and burned material are present in AOC 27. The burned debris occurs along the eastern edge of the road cut on the road from AOC 27 to Bat Cave Wash (AOC 1). Runoff from AOC 27 likely flowed into Bat Cave Wash (AOC 1). AOC 27 is located on HNWR and the Caltrans Right-of-Way.

# II. Threat to Public Health, Welfare, or the Environment

Metals and dioxins and furans were detected at concentrations significantly exceeding background values, ecological comparison values (ECVs) and/or residential human health screening levels in certain locations within AOC 1, SWMU 1, AOC 10, AOC 14, and AOC 27. For the purposes of this memorandum, those locations that are located on Federal land or have the potential to migrate to Federal land are called "potential action areas", and are discussed below.

Metals with elevated concentrations include total chromium, copper, lead, mercury, molybdenum, and zinc. Dioxins and furans toxicity equivalent (TEQ) values are calculated from 17 individual dioxin and furan congeners for human/mammal and avian receptors.

# Contaminant Information for AOC 1 and SWMU 1

Total chromium and dioxins and furan TEQs were detected at concentrations significantly exceeding background value/ecological comparison values and/or residential human screening levels at several locations within AOC 1 and SWMU 1. Four potential action areas (one in SWMU 1 and three in AOC 1) have been identified within AOC1 and SWMU that contain soil samples with high factors of exceedance of total chromium and dioxin and furans (See Figure 1). These areas are located on Federal land or have the potential to migrate to Federal land. Figure 1 presents TEQ-avian concentrations compared to the TEQ avian ECV of 16 nanograms per kilogram (ng/kg). Locations with elevated total chromium concentrations generally correspond to the locations with elevated dioxin and furan concentrations.

Table 1 presents the soil sample concentrations in AOC 1 and SWMU 1 potential action areas compared to respective screening levels and the factors of exceedance of each screening level.

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# Summary of exceedances:

- Total chromium concentrations range from 41 to 4,400 milligrams per kilogram (mg/kg); maximum detected concentration was in AOC 1, potential action area #2 at Old Well-BCW-2 (4 to 5 feet below ground surface (bgs)). The total chromium background value is 39.8 mg/kg.
- TEQ-avian concentrations range from 20 to 11,000 ng/kg; maximum detected concentration was in SWMU 1, potential action area #1 at SWMU1-25 (0 to 1 foot bgs). The TEQ-avian ECV is 16 ng/kg.
- TEQ-human concentrations range from 51 to 12,000 nanograms per kilogram (ng/kg; maximum detected concentration was also at SWMU1-25 (0 to 1 foot bgs). The TEQ-human residential screening level is 50 ng/kg.
- TEQ-mammal concentrations range from 6.4 to 12,000 ng/kg; maximum detected concentration was again at SWMU1-25 (0 to 1 foot bgs). The TEQ-mammal screening level is based on a background concentration of 5.58 ng/kg.

# Contaminant Information for AOC 10

Copper, total chromium, lead, mercury, and dioxins and furans were detected at concentrations significantly exceeding background value/ecological comparison values and/or residential human screening levels at several locations within AOC 10. Five proposed action areas have been identified within AOC 10 that contain soil samples with high factors of exceedance of metals and dioxin and furans (See Figure 2). These areas are located on Federal land or have the potential to migrate to Federal land. Figure 2 presents TEQ-avian concentrations compared to the TEQ avian ECV of 16 ng/kg. Locations with elevated metals concentrations generally correspond to the locations with elevated dioxin and furan concentrations.

Table 2 presents the soil sample concentrations in AOC 10 proposed action areas compared to respective screening levels, and the factors of exceedance of each screening level.

# Summary of exceedances:

- Total chromium concentrations range from 41 to 4,000 mg/kg; maximum detected concentration was in proposed action area #2 at MW-58BR\_S (1.5 to 2 feet bgs).
   The total chromium background value is 39.8 mg/kg.
- Copper concentrations range from 17 to 3,100 mg/kg; maximum detected concentration was in proposed action area #1 at AOC10-21 (0 to 0.5 foot bgs).
   The copper background value is 16.8 mg/kg.
- Lead concentrations range from 8.9 to 920 mg/kg; maximum detected concentration was also at AOC10-21 (0 to 0.5 foot bgs). The lead background value is 8.39 mg/kg.

- Mercury concentrations range from 0.12 to 35 mg/kg; maximum detected concentration was also at AOC10-21 (0 to 0.5 foot bgs). The mercury ECV is 0.0125 mg/kg.
- TEQ-avian concentrations range from 27 to 1,100 ng/kg; maximum detected concentration was in proposed action area #1 at PA-20 (0 to 1 foot bgs). TEQavian ECV is 16 ng/kg.
- TEQ-human concentrations range from 53 to 1,600 ng/kg; maximum detected concentration was also at PA-20 (0 to 1 foot bgs). TEQ-human residential screening level is 50 ng/kg.
- TEQ-mammal concentrations range from 8.8 to 1,600 ng/kg; maximum detected concentration was also at PA-20 (0 to 1 foot bgs). The TEQ-mammal screening level is based on a background concentration of 5.58 ng/kg.

# **Contaminant Information for AOC 14**

Lead and dioxins and furans were detected at concentrations significantly exceeding background value/ecological comparison values and/or residential human screening levels at several locations within AOC 14. One proposed action area has been identified within AOC 14 that contain soil samples with high factors of exceedance of lead and dioxin and furans (See Figure 1). These areas are located on Federal land or have the potential to migrate to Federal land. Figure 1 presents TEQ-avian concentrations compared to the TEQ avian ECV of 16 ng/kg. Locations with elevated lead concentrations correspond to the locations with elevated dioxin and furan concentrations.

Table 3 presents the soil sample concentrations in AOC 14 proposed action areas compared to respective screening levels, and the factors of exceedance of each screening level.

# Summary of exceedances:

- Lead concentrations range from 15 to 1,600 mg/kg and the maximum detected concentration was in proposed action area #1 at AOC14-19 (2 to 3 feet bgs).
   The lead background value is 8.39 mg/kg.
- TEQ-avian concentrations range from 21 to 780 ng/kg; maximum detected concentration was in proposed action area #1 at AOC14-14W (5 to 5.5 feet bgs).
   TEQ-avian ECV is 16 ng/kg.
- TEQ-human concentrations range from 140 to 480 ng/kg; maximum detected concentration was also at AOC14-14W (5 to 5.5 feet bgs). TEQ-human residential screening level is 50 ng/kg.
- TEQ-mammal concentrations range from 6 to 480 ng/kg; maximum detected concentration was also at AOC14-14W (5 to 5.5 feet bgs). The TEQmammal screening level is based on a background concentration of 5.58 ng/kg.

## Contaminant Information for AOC 27

Copper, lead, mercury, zinc, and dioxins and furans were detected at concentrations significantly exceeding background value/ecological comparison values and/or residential human screening levels at several locations within AOC 27.

One proposed action area has been identified within AOC 27 that contain soil samples with high factors of exceedance of metals and dioxin and furans (See Figure 1). These areas are located on Federal land. Figure 1 presents TEQ-avian concentrations compared to the TEQ avian ECV of 16 ng/kg. Locations with elevated metals concentrations correspond to the locations with elevated dioxin and furan concentrations.

Table 4 presents the soil sample concentrations in AOC 27 proposed action area compared to respective screening levels, and the factors of exceedance of each screening level.

# Summary of exceedances:

- Copper concentrations ranged from 18 to 1,000 mg/kg; maximum detected concentration was in proposed action area #1 at AOC27-7 (2 to 3 feet bgs). The copper background value is 16.8 mg/kg.
- Lead concentrations ranged from 8.4 to 630 mg/kg; maximum detected concentration was in proposed action area #1 at AOC27-6 (0 to 1 foot bgs). The lead background value is 8.39 mg/kg.
- Detected mercury concentrations ranged from 0.12 to 0.95 mg/kg (the reporting limit exceeded the screening level); maximum detected concentration was also at AOC27-7 (2 to 3 feet bgs). The mercury ECV is 0.0125 mg/kg.
- Zinc concentrations ranged from 74 to 1,300 mg/kg; maximum detected concentration was also at AOC27-7 (2 to 3 feet bgs). The zinc background value is 58 mg/kg.
- TEQ-avian concentrations range from 32 to 260 ng/kg; maximum detected concentration was also at AOC27-7 (2 to 3 feet bgs). TEQ-avian ECV is 16 ng/kg.
- TEQ-human concentrations range from 57 to 230 ng/kg; maximum detected concentration was also at AOC27-7 (2 to 3 feet bgs). TEQ-human residential screening level is 50 ng/kg.
- TEQ-mammal concentrations range from 5.8 to 230 ng/kg; maximum detected concentration was also at AOC27-7 (2 to 3 feet bgs). The TEQ-mammal screening level is based on a background concentration of 5.58 ng/kg.

# **Evaluation of Threat**

Sufficient evidence exists to justify the preparation of an EE/CA. The goals of the EE/CA are to identify removal action objectives for the AOCs; analyze the effectiveness, implementability, and cost of various alternatives that satisfy these objectives; and recommend a removal action alternative. The primary concerns are potential impacts to ecological receptors and specific human exposures. Several AOC locations are within active wash areas where ephemeral discharges could move contamination toward the Colorado River. If this removal action is not taken, then necessary cleanup work will be delayed until

after completion of a site-wide Remedial Investigation/ Feasibility Study and Record of Decision (ROD), during which time contaminant migration and unacceptable exposures will continue to occur. It is anticipated that the ROD will be completed in 2022, at the earliest.

# III. Statutory Basis for Action

The information presented in this memorandum indicates that actual or threatened releases of hazardous substances from these sites present a substantial threat to public health and the environment. Based on this information, further evaluation, in the form of an EE/CA, is warranted to evaluate alternatives that may be necessary to address such risks. The results of this EE/CA will provide the basis for the selection of a removal action to prevent, minimize, or mitigate risks to public health and the environment.

# IV. Factors for Determining Appropriateness of a Removal Action Section

The National Contingency Plan (NCP) provides factors for determining the appropriateness of a removal action. Factors found in 40 C.F.R. § 300.415(b)(2) most applicable to current conditions at the TCS AOCs include: the actual or potential contamination of drinking water supplies or sensitive ecosystems; actual or potential exposure to nearby human populations, animals, or the food chain from hazardous substances or pollutants or contaminants; high levels of hazardous substances or pollutants or contaminants in soils largely at or near the surface that may migrate; and weather conditions that may cause hazardous substances or pollutants or contaminants to migrate or be released. In accordance with 40 C.F.R. § 300.415(b)(4) of the NCP, the DOI has determined that a planning period of at least six months exists before on-site activities could be initiated; therefore; an EE/CA must be conducted prior to selecting a non-time critical removal action.

# V. Enforcement/Proposed Actions/Cost Estimates

The DOI has entered into an Administrative Order on Consent (AOC) with PG&E to conduct this work. Pursuant to this AOC, PG&E will prepare the EE/CA and implement any subsequent removal action selected by the DOI. The DOI estimates that the approximate cost of proposed removal actions could range from ten to forty million dollars.

# VI. Public Involvement

The DOI will issue the EE/CA for public comment in accordance with section 300.415(n)(4) and anticipates the EE/CA will be available for public comment in 2019. The DOI will also comply with (former) Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act, 54 U.S.C. § 300101 et. seq.

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# VII. Approval/Disapproval

The conditions at the PG&E Topock Compressor Station Remediation Site AOCs and SWMUs meet the NCP criteria for undertaking an EE/CA that will provide the basis for the selection of a removal action, if warranted. Therefore, I am requesting approval to proceed with an EE/CA. Your approval or disapproval should be indicated below.

Director, Office of Environmental	Policy and Compliance
Approve: //wtw	Policy and Compliance Date: 10/18/18
Disapprove:	Date:
U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service	M
Approve: Kickard	Neyers Date: 10/16/2018
Disapprove:	Date:

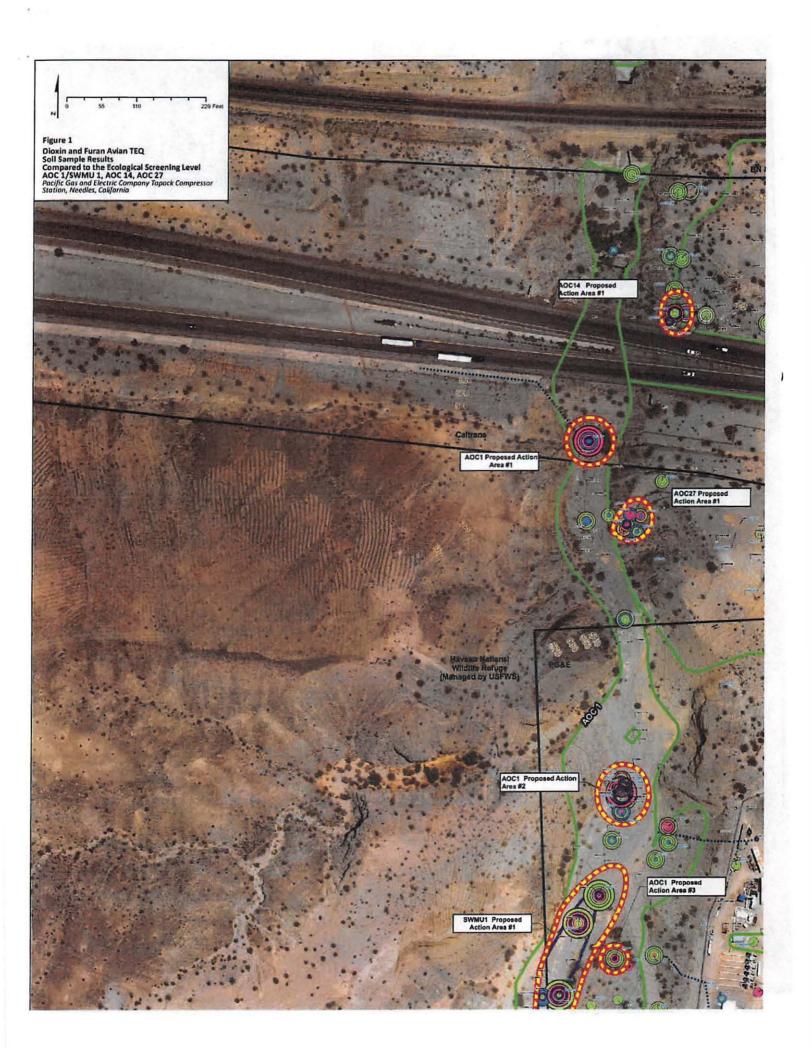




TABLE 1
Proposed Action Areas, AOC 1 and SWMU 1

		Chro	mlum, Tot	ai	TE	2 Avien		TEQ Human			TEQ Mamma	5
Screening Lovel	Туре		BKG	ECV		ECV		RES	COM		BKG	ECV
Screening Level	Value *		39.80	36.3	l	16	l	50	200		5.58	1.6
	Depth	Result	Fect	or of	Result	Factor of	Result			Result		
Location b	(feet bgs)	(mg/kg)	Excee	dance	(ng/kg)	Exceedance	(ng/kg)	Factor of E	xceedance	(ng/kg)	Factor of E	xceedance
AOC 1 Potentik	l Action Area III											
AOC1-T5b	0 - 0.5	26										
	2-3	41	1	1								
	5-6	61	2	2	1							
AOC1-TSD	0-1	23			7.4		10			10	2	6
	2-3	69	2	2	600	38	1100	22	5.5	1100	197	688
	5-6	80	2	2	58	4	92	2		92	16	58
	9 - 10	23			15		21		'	21	4	13
Samples Exceed	ilng SL (%)	· ·	50%	50%	•	50%	•	50%	25%		100%	100%
Total # of Samp	ales	8			4	_	4			_ 4		

TABLE 1
Proposed Action Areas, AOC 1 and SWMU 1

Samples Exceeding SL (%)

Total # of Samples

48%

48%

21

Pacific Gas and Electric Company Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California Chromium, Total TEQ Avian TEQ Human **TEQ Mammals** Screening Level Type BKG ECV ECV RES COM BKG ECV Screening Level Value 39.80 36.3 16 50 200 5.58 1.6 Depth Result Factor of Result Factor of Result Result Location \* (feet bgs) (mg/kg) Exceedance (ng/kg) Factor of Exceedance (ng/kg) Exceedance (ne/ke) Factor of Exceedance AOC 1 Proposed Action Area #2 AOC1-T2b 0-0.5 26 2-3 26 53 5-6 1 1 9-10 18 0-0.5 AOC1-T2d 46 1 2-3 970 27 24 370 9 10 5-6 9-10 140 4 4 AOC1-T2g 9-10 2100 53 58 89 6 130 130 23 81 0-1 100 21 34 34 21 AOC1-T2h 3 3 6 2-3 12 19 19 12 24 3 5-6 200 6 1.2 1.9 1.9 5 1 9-10 28. 16 21 21 13 AOC1-T2i 0-1 28 15 25 25 16 2-3 25 7.9 14 14 16 0.91 0.91 5-6 0.75 40 20 32 32 9-10 1 1 20 1 0-1 31 2.2 4.8 4.8 AOC1-T2j 3 2.3 21 8.6 13 13 8 5-6 18 3.6 4.8 4.8 9-10 16 0.65 0.71 0.71 7-8 4200 106 116 250 16 350 350 63 219 Old Well-BCW-1 1.75 Old Well-BCW-2 4-5 4400 111 121 100 230 5 1.15 230 41 144 TCS4-E 4-5 3400 85 94 600 870 17 4.35 870 156 544 5-6 13 3 4.6 4.6 3 110 20 69 TCS4-N 4-5 3400 85 94 74 110 210 210 38 131 5-6 3300 83 91 150 1.05 21 130 180 180 32 113 4-5 840 23 TCS4-S 2200 55 61 34 47 47 29 5-6

33%

21

19%

71%

90%

TABLE 1
Proposed Action Areas, AOC 1 and SWMU 1

		Chro	mkum, Tot		TEC	Avian		TEQ Human		1	TEQ Mamma	
Screening Level			BXG	ECV		ECV		RES	COM		BXG	ECV
Screening Level	Value *	L	39.80	36.3		16		50	200		5.58	1.6
	Depth	Result	Facto	or of	Result	Factor of	Result			Result		
Location b	(feet hgs)	(mg/kg)	Excee	dance	(ng/kgt	Exceedance	(ng/kg)	Factor of E	Exceedance	(ng/kg)	Factor of E	xceedanc
SWMU 1 Propo:	red Action Area A	1										
SSB-4	3	1520	38	42								
	1	10.1			]							
	10	201	5	6	l							
	6	297	7	8								
SS8-S	3	1440	36	40	1							
	1	521	13	14								
	10	31.6			)		1					
	6	617	16	17	[		l		İ			
5WMU1-1	0 - 0.5	44 -	1	1	1		ŀ					
	2.3	67	2	2	1							
	5-6	3200	80	88								
	9 - 10	SS	1	2	l l		ì			1		
SWMU1-11	0 - 0.5	200	5	6	i					l		
	2-3	840	21	23	1		ļ					
SWMU1-19	0-1	1400	35	39	ĺз		3.9			3.9		2
	2-3	23			850	53	1100	22	5.5	1100	197	688
	5-6	680	17	19	25	2	41			41	7	26
	9 - 10	2100	53	58	170	11	210	4	1.05	210	38	131
SWMU1-2	0 - 0.5	26			1		1					
	2-3	36								ļ		
	5-6	44	1	1	1					1		
	9-10	2000	50	55	l .					1		
SWMU1-20	1-1.5				3.4		5.5			5.5		3
	2-3	1			2.8		3.7			3.7		2
	5-6				78	5	110	2		110	20	69
	9-10	ì			780	49	950	19	4.75	950	170	594
SWMU1-21	0.1	l			65	4	190	4		190	34	119
	2-3	I			580	36	870	17	4.35	870	156	544
	5-6	1			23	1	41			41	7	26
	9-10	1			0.57	-	1.8			1.8	-	1

TABLE 1
Proposed Action Areas, AOC 1 and SWMU 1

		Chro	mium, Tot	<b>d</b>	TEX	2 Avian		TEQ Human			TEQ Mamma	3
Screening Level	Туре		BKG	ECV		ECV		RES	COM		BKG	ECV
Screening Level	Value *		39.80	36.3		16		50	200		5.58	1.6
	Depth	Result	Facts	or of	Result	Factor of	Result			Result		
Location *	(feet bgs)	(mg/kg)	Excee	dance	(ng/kg)	Exceedance	(ng/kg)	Factor of E	xceedance	(ng/kg)	Factor of E	xceedance
SWMU 1 Propo	sed Action Area I	1 (Continued)										
SWMU1-25	0-1	2000	50	55	11000	688	12000	240	60	12000	2151	7500
	2-3	450	11	12	5.4		9.9			9.9	2	. 6
	5-6	200	5	6	4.2		6.4			6.4	1	4
	9 - 10	17			1.9		2.6			2.6		2
SWMU1-29	0-0.5	19		i	5		7.8			7.8	1	5
	2-3	1100	28	30	250	16	320	6	1.6	320	57	200
	5-6	270	7	7	15		19			19	3	12
	9 - 10	98	2	3	9.3		15			15	3	9
SWMU1-3	0 - 0.5	28			ł							
	2-3	41	1	1	1							
	5-6	1300	33	36	1							
	9-10	96	2	3	1							
SWMU1-4	0-0.5	17										
	2-3	870	22	24	1							
	5-6	100	3	3	ł							
	7-8	40	1	1	1							
SWMU1-5	9 - 10	47	1	1	ļ							
SWMU1-6	0 - 0.5	220	6	6	1							
	2-3	270	7	7			Ī					
SWMU1-7	0-0.5	27			ı		i					
	2-3	630	16	17								
	5-6	330	8	9	1		i			Ì		
	9 - 10	51	1	2			l			l		
SWMU1-8	0 - 0.5	120	3	3	1		1			1		
	2-3	970	24	27	l							
	5-6	1600	40	44	1		ì			ì		
	9-10	15			l					l		
Samples Exceed	ding SL (%)	<del></del>	70%	70%	T	50%	•	40%	30%		75%	100%
Total # of Samu	ales	54			· 20		20			20		

TABLE 1 Proposed Action Areas, AOC 1 and SWMU 1

		Chro	mium, Tot	el e	TEC	Avian		TEQ Human			TEQ Mammal	<b>5</b>
Screening Level Type	9		BKG	ECV		ECV		RES	COM		BKG	ECV
Screening Level Value	e•		39.80	35.3		16		50	200		5.58	1.6
	Depth	Result	Facto	or of	Result	Factor of	Result			Result		
Location b	(feet bgs)	(mg/kg)	Excee	dance	(ng/kg)	Excredance	(ng/lg)	Factor of E	Exceedance	(ng/kg)	Factor of E	xceedano
AOC 1 Proposed Act	Son Area #3											
ADCI-3	0 - 0.5	410	10	11	250	16	330	7	1.65	330	59	206
	2-3	210	5	6	130	. 8	180	4		180	32	113
Samples Exceeding S	G /KI		100%	100%		100%		100%	50%	•	100%	100%
anuthan recensed a	~ (~)		100%	700.4	_	10074			3070			
Total # of Samples  * Screening levels are  * For simplicity, some	e presented in		nits shown t	or the res			2			2		

TABLE 2
Proposed Action Areas, AOC 10

		Chro	mium, T				Copper					Lead				Merc			TE	Q Avian	TE TE	Q Huma		TE	Q Mamn	
creening Lev		l	BKG	ECV	l	BKG	ECV	RES	COM		BKG	ECV	RES	COM	1	ECV	RES	COM		ECV		RES	COM	1	BKG	ECV
creening Leve	el Value *		39.80	38.3		16,8	20.6	3100	47000		8.39	0.0166	80	320	<u> </u>	0.0125	1	4.5		16	Ļ	50	200	<u> </u>	5.58	1.6
	Depth	Result		or of	Result				1	Result					Result				Result	Factor of	Result	Fact		Result	Fact	or of
Location	(feet bgs)	(mg/kg)	Exces	dance	(mg/kg)	fa	ctor of E	nceedan	108	(mg/kg)	Fa	ctor of Ex	ceedan	CE	(mg/kg)	Factor	of Excee	dance	(ng/kg)	Exceedance	(ng/kg)	Excee	dance	(ng/kg)	Excee	dance
	sed Action Are									·																
OC10-21	0 - 0.5	270	7	7	3100	185	150			920	110	55422	12	3	35	2800	35	8	33	2	53	1		53	9	33
	2 - 3	8.1			5					2.9		175			0.099				0.33		0.22		•	0.22		
OC10-23	0-1	72	2	2	140	8	7			30	4	1807			0.24	19			440	28	1100	22	6	1100	197	68.
	1-2	130	3	4.	22	1	1			22	3	1325			0.1				6.3		8.8			8.8	2	6
	2-3	5.5			4.2					2.2		133			0.1				9.7		17			17	3	11
A-19	0-1	34			160	10	8			30	4	1807			0.12				150	9	220	4	1	220	39	13
	2-3	ł			l														0.95		0,62			0.62		
	5 - 6	ł			1										1				1.5		0.89			0.89		
PA-20	0-1	33			11					23	3	1386			0.1				1100	69	1600	32	8	1600	287	100
	2 - 3	ł			ł										1				27	2	53	1		53	9	33
	5-6				į.														63	4	130	3		130	23	81
PA-21	0-1	49			26	2	1			32	4	1928			0.1				320	20	580	12	3	580	104	36
	2 - 3																		9.5		14			14	3	9
	5-6	ļ			ł					1					1				38	2	73	1		73	13	46
SD-04	0-1	10			5.1					2.7		163			0.1				l					l		
	2-3	8			4.4					2.5		151			0.1				1		l					
Samples Exce	eding SL (%)	1 .	30%	30%		50%	50%	0%	0%	•	60%	100%	10%	10%		20%	10%	10%		57%		57%	29%	1 .	79%	799
Total # of San	nples	10			10					10					10				14		14		_	14		
AOC 10 Propo	sed Action Are	to #2																								
AOC10c-4	0 - 0.5	120	3	3	46	3	2			36	4	2169			0.1				220	14	360		2	360	65	225
	2-3	90	2	2	19	1				8.9	1	536			0.1				44	3	66	1		66	12	41
	5-6	27			14					2.6		157			0.1				2.3		3.1			3.1		2
	9 - 10	92	2	3	25	1	1			13	2	783			0.1				l		l			1		
L-2	2	3360	84	93	211	13	10			1					1				l		Į.			I		
	0	86.8	2	2	42.7	3	2								l				l		Į.			1		
L-2-3	- 2	2740	69	75	288	17	14			l					1				l		l					
MW-588R_S	1.5 - 2	4000	101	110	300	18	15			160	19	9639	2		0.33	26			1		l					
Samples Ecce	eding SL (%)	•	88%	88%	١.	88%	75%	0%	0%	· ·	80%	100%	20%	0%	1	20%	0%	0%		67%		67%	33%		67%	100
Total # of Sar		8			8					5					5				3		3			13		
	osed Action An	to #3																						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
ADC10-15	0-1	70	2	2	27	2	1			21	3	1265			0.1				180	11	290	6	1	290	52	18:
	2 - 3	41	1	1	22	1	1			17	2	1024			0.1				74	5	110	2		110	20	69
	5-6	33			14					7.6		458			0.1				49	3	77	2		77	14	48
	9 - 10	17	-		11					1.5		90		1.227	0.1	4			3.2		2.9			2.9		2
Samples Exce		· ·	50%	50%	l ·	50%	50%	0%	0%	l ·	50%	100%	0%	0%		0%	0%	0%		75%		75%	25%		75%	100
Total # of Sa		1_4_			1_4_					1 4									4_					4		
	esed Action An	<del>20 M</del>													<del></del>				<del></del>					T		
AOC10-26	0 - 0.5	1			Ī										I				7.8	_	9.5			9.5	2	6
	2-3	I	_	_	I	_	_			l	_				l				140	9	180	4	_	180	32	11
	2.5 - 2.7	340	9	9	40	2	2			18	2	1084			0.15	12			300	19	410	8	2	410	73	25
	4.5 - 5	I			I					l	_				ł				86	5	100	2		100	18	6
ADC10d-4	0-0.5	29			25	1	1			25	3	1506			0.1				1		1			1		
	2-3	130	3	4	27	2	1			26	3	1566			0.11				1		1			1		
	5-6	66	2	2	21	1	1			17	2	1024			0.1				ı		i			1		
	9 - 10	32			16					5.2		313			0.1				<b>-</b>		<del> </del>			4		
Samples Exce		1 :	60%	60%	1 :	80%	80%	0%	0%	1 :	80%	100%	0%	0%	1:	20%	0%	0%	1:	75%	1:	75%	25%	1:	100%	100
Total # of Sax	moles	5			5					_ 5					5				1 4		4			1 4		

TABLE 2 Proposed Action Areas, AOC 10

			enium, Te				Copper			1		Lead				Merci	жу		TE	Q Avian	7	EQ Huma	n	T	Q Mam	nais
Screening Le	vel Type		BKG	ECV		BKG	ECV	RES	COM		BKG	ECV	RES	COM		ECV	RES	COM		ECV		RES	COM	1	BKG	ECV
Screening Le	vel Value *	<u> </u>	39.80	36.3		16.8	20.6	3100	47000	<u> </u>	8.39	0.0166	80	320		0.0125	1	4.5		16	ļ	50	200		5.58	1.6
	Depth	Result	Fact	or of	Result					Result					Result				Result	Fector of	Result	Fect	or of	Result	Fect	por of
Location	(feet bgs)	(mg/kg)	Excee	dance _	(mg/kg)		actor of I	xceedar	100	(mg/kg)	Fa	ector of E	ceedar	ce	(mg/kg)	Factor	of Excee	dance	(ne/te)	<b>Exceedance</b>	(ne/ke)	Excee	dance	(sq/lqs)	Exper	dance
AOC 10 Prop	osed Action Are	10 A5																								
AOC10c-3	0-0.5	110	3	3	42	3	2			32	4	1928			0.1						1			1		
	2-3	690	17	19	60	4	3			31	4	1867			0.1						i .			ı		
	5-6	29			9					4.5		271			0.1				1		l			1		
	9 - 10	22			11					2.7		163			0.1						l			l		
Samples Exo	eeding SL (%)		50%	50%	-	50%	50%	0%	0%		50%	100%	0%	0%	•	0%	0%	0%	•	#DIV/O!		#DIV/0!	#DIV/O		#DIV/01	#DIV/0!
Total # of Sa	mples	4			4					4					4				0		0			0		

<sup>\*</sup> Screening levels are presented in the same units shown for the results. bgs = below ground surface

BKG = Background Level

COM = Commercial Screening Level

ECV = Ecological Screening Level

FoE = Factor of exceedance

RES = Residential Screening Level

SL = Screening level

TEQ = toxicity equivalent

mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram

ng/kg = nanograms per kilogram

TABLE 3 Proposed Action Area, AOC 14

				Lead			TE	Q Avian		TEQ Human			TEQ Mamma	5
Screening Lav	el Type		BKG	ECV	RES	COM		ECV		RES	COM		BKG	ECV
Screening Lev	el Value *		8.39	0.0166	. 80	320	L	16		50	200	I	5.58	1.6
	Depth	Result					Result	Factor of	Result			Result		
Location	(feet bgs)	(mg/kg)		Factor of E	ceedance		(ne/ke)	Exceedance	(ng/kg)	Factor of E	xceedance	(ng/kg)	Factor of E	esceedance
AOC 14 Propo	sed Action Are	a 41												
AOC14-14E	0 - 1	7.2		434			2.6		4.6			4.6		3
	2 - 3	3.5		211			7.4		14			14	3	9
	5 - 5.5	2.1		127			21	1	32			32	6	20
	6-7	2.1		127			1.8		2.5			2.5		2
	9 - 10	2.6		157			3.5		6.6			6.6	1	4
AOC14-14W	0-1	15	2	904			2.5		3.5			3.5		2
	2-3	3.4		205			1.1		1.1			1.1		
	5 - 5.5	160	19	9639	2		780	49	480	10	2	480	86	300
	6-7	70	8.	4217			33	2	27			27	5	17
	9 - 10	2.6		157			3.4		6			6	1	4
AOC14-19	2-3	1500	191	96386	20	5	210	13	140	3		140	25	88
-	3-4	6.3		380			1.3		1.2			1.2		
Samples Exce	eding SL (X)	•	33%	100%	17%	8%		33%	•	17%	8%	•	58%	83%
Total # of San	nples	12					12		12			12		

<sup>\*</sup> Screening levels are presented in the same units shown for the results, bgs = below ground surface

BKG = Background Level

COM = Commercial Screening Level

ECV = Ecological Screening Level

FoE = Factor of exceedance

RES = Residential Screening Level

SL = Screening level

TEQ = toxicity equivalent

mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram

ng/kg = nanograms per kilogram

TABLE 4 Proposed Action Area, AOC 27

Pacific Gas and Electric Company Topock Compressor Station, Needles, Catifornia

				Copper					Lead				Mercu	ry _				Zinc			TE	Q Avian	TE	Q Huma		TEQ	Mamm	ats .
Screening Lev Screening Lev			BKG 16.8	ECV 20.6	RES 3100	COM 47000		BKG 8.39	ECV 0.0166	RES 80	COM 320		ECV 0,0125	RES 1	COM 4.5		BKG 58	ECV 0.164	RES 23000	COM 350000		ECV 16		RES 50	200		8KG 5.58	ECV 1.6
	Depth	Result		_			Result					Result				Result					Result	Factor of	Result	Fact		Result	Fact	
Location	(feet bgs)	(mg/kg)	Fa	ctor of	Exceed	ance	(mg/kg)	Fac	tor of Exc	ecdan	<b>CR</b>	(mg/kg)	Factor o	f Excee	dance	(mg/kg)	Fi	ector of	Exceed	nce	(ng/kgr)	Exceedance	(ng/kg)	Excee	dance	(ng/kg)	Excee	dance
	ased Action Arc																					<u> </u>						
AOC27-20	0-1	9.2					8.4	1	506			0.1				38		232			13		19		-	19	3	12
	2 - 3	9.7					4.6		277			0.1				42		256			4		5.8			5.8	1	4
	5 - 6	27	2	1			15	2	904			0.13	10			74	1	451			8		10			10	2	6
	9 - 10	11					2.7		163			0.1				41		250			1		1					
AOC27-50	0-1	25	1	1			73	9	4398			0.13	10			250	4	1524			13		12			12	2	8
	2 - 3	100	6	5			190	23	11446	2		0.47	38			330	6	2012			59	4	57	1		57	10	36
	5-6	7.9					2.1		127			0.13	10			39		238			0.5		0.41			0.41		
	9 - 10	9.1					2.1		127			0.12	10			38		232			1							
AOC27-6	0-1	500	30	24			630	75	37952	8	2	0.51	41			700	12	4268			120	8	120	2		120	22	75
	2 - 3	76	5	4			37	4	2229			0.26	21			130	2	793			32	2	32			32	6	20
	5-6	18	1		•		51	6	3072			0.14	11			92	2	561			6.2		6.9			6.9	1	4
AOC27-7	0-1	580	35	28			170	20	10241	2		0.32	26			420	7	2561			110	7	110	2		110	20	69
	2-3	1000	60	49			570	68	34337	7	2	0.95	76			1300	22	7927			260	16	230	5	1	230	41	144
	5-6	9.8					2.6		157			0.1				38		232			4.1		4.3			4.3		3
AOC27-8	1-2	29	2	1			24	3	1446			0.17	14			93	2	567			36	2	33			33	6	21
_	5-6	15	_				6.1	_	367			0.1				45		274			2.9	_	2.8			2.8		2
Samples Exce	eeding SL (%)	· ·	56%	50%	0%	0%	<del>                                     </del>	63%	100%	25%	13%	•	69%	0%	0%	_ <del>`</del>	56%		0%	0%	T :	43%	T -	29%	7%	-	79%	93%
Total # of Sa		16					16				•	16				16					14		14			14		

Screening levels are presented in the same units shown for the results.

bgs = below ground surface

BKG = Background Level

COM = Commercial Screening Level

ECV = Ecological Screening Level

FoE = Factor of exceedance

RES = Residential Screening Level
SL = Screening level

TEQ = toxicity equivalent

mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram

ng/kg = nanograms per kilogram

# Appendix B Nature and Extent of Contamination

TABLE B-1a
Sample Results: Metals
SWMU 1 – Former Percolation Bed
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

													Metals (mg	/kg)							
	Interim S	creening	Level 1:	0.285	11	410	0.672	1.1	0.83	39.8	12.7	16.8	8.39	0.0125	1.37	27.3	1.47	5.15	0.78	52.2	58
Reside	ntial Regional Sc	_	3	31	0.68	15,000	160	71	0.3	120,000	23	3,100	400	11	390	1,500	390	390	0.78	390	23,000
		ential DTS	<b>1</b> *	NE	0.11	NE	15	5.2	NE	36,000	NE	NE	80	1	NE	490	NE	390	NE	390	NE
	<b>Ecological Com</b>	parison v Backgi	5	0.285 NE	11.4	330	23.3	0.0151	139.6	36.3	13	20.6	0.0166	0.0125	2.25	0.607	0.177	5.15 NE	2.32	13.9	0.164
		Баску	iouna .	NE	11	410	0.672	1.1	0.83	39.8	12.7	16.8	8.39	NE	1.37	27.3	1.47	NE	NE	52.2	58
Location	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	Antimony	Arsenic	Barium	Beryllium	Cadmium	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Cobalt	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Nickel	Selenium	Silver	Thallium	Vanadium	Zinc
Category 1																					
MW-09	06/30/97	1	N						ND (0.05)	15		7.2				7.6					19.7
	06/30/97	3.5	N						0.06	4.1		3.1				3.6					11.8
	06/30/97	3.5	FD						0.21	7.6		3.5				3.7					12.6
	06/30/97	6	N						ND (0.05)	11.8		6.4				7.7					21
	07/01/97	10	N			91			ND (0.05)	42.2		6.8	2.7		ND (0.2)	9.7				21.8	29
	06/30/97	20	N						ND (0.05)	9		7.1				9.1					21.7
	07/01/97	30	N			28.8			ND (0.05)	16.3		12.4	3.9		ND (0.2)	15.3				31	29.4
	06/30/97	40	N						ND (0.05)	9.7		7.5				9					22.5
	07/01/97	50	N			83.8			ND (0.05)	11.7		14.7	3.2		ND (0.2)	11.3				20.3	23.3
	06/30/97	60	N						ND (0.05)	28.8		17.4				20.2					34.4
	06/30/97	70	N			0.4			ND (0.05)	8.9		10			 ND (0.0)	10.2					19
	07/01/97	87	N			94			ND (0.05)	9.8		10.2	8.4		ND (0.2)	11.6				33	126
0)4/14/14	07/01/97	87	FD			100			0.06	11.9		11.4				11.7					121
SWMU1-1	10/16/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2.4) J*	3.5	120	ND (1.2) *	ND (1.2) *	0.524	44	11	12	4.2	ND (0.12) *	ND (1.2)	16	ND (1.2)	ND (1.2)	ND (2.4) *	38	41
	10/16/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	3	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.462	67	7.5	9.4	3	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	15	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	32	37
	10/16/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	94	ND (1) *	ND (1)	14.1	3,200	7.3	9.5	4.5	ND (0.1) *	7.8	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	45	76
014/14/14/0	10/16/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2.1) *	2.2	83	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.907	55	6.9	8.6	1.7	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	27	89
SWMU1-2	10/15/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	4.7	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.401)	26	7.3	22	6.5	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	14	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	35	37
	10/15/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	2.6	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.404)	36	9.3	10	3.7	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	15 40	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	33	38
	10/15/08 10/15/08	5 - 6 9 - 10	N N	ND (2) *	3.2 ND (1)	120	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.404)	2,000	8.9 10	12 15	6.1	ND (0.1) *	2.8	16 16	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	33 41	38
CVANALIA				ND (2.1) *		130	ND (1) *	ND (1)	$\sim$	$\sim$			2.0	ND (0.1) *			ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *		
SWMU1-3	10/06/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	2.7	94	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.405)	28	9.9	11	3.9	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	15 16	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	37 35	33
	10/06/08 10/06/08	2 - 3 2 - 3	FD	ND (2.1) * ND (2) *	2.5 2.8	130 120	ND (1) * ND (1) *	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (0.413) ND (0.41)	38	9.2	9.4 9	2.3 2.9	ND (0.1) * ND (0.1) *	1.5	14	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (2.1) * ND (2) *	35 34	38
	10/06/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2) ND (2.1) *	2.6 ND (1)	140	ND (1) *	ND (1) ND (1)	(22.7)	1,300	8.6 8.9	11	3.8	ND (0.1) *	4.2	12	ND (1)	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	37	78
	10/06/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2.1) *	3	60	ND (1) *	ND (1)	1.55 J	96	9.4	11	2.7	ND (0.11) *	ND (1)	18	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	32	140
	10/06/08	19 - 20	N	ND (2.1) *	5.6	250	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.416)	20	9.1	10	2.9	ND (0.1) *	ND (2.1) *	13	ND (1)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.1) *	34	39
	10/06/08	29 - 30	N	ND (2.1) *	10	59	ND (5.3) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.424)	21	8.8	15	2.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (5.3) *	16	ND (1.1)	ND (5.3) *	ND (11) *	32	38
	10/06/08	39 - 40	N	ND (2.1) *	5.3	45	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.424)	22	8.6	8.5	2.7	ND (0.1) *	ND (2.1) *	14	ND (1)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.2) *	31	35
	10/06/08	49 - 50	N	ND (2.1) *	5.6	63	ND (2.1) *	ND (1.1) *		25	9.8	12	3.2	ND (0.11) *	ND (2.1) *	17	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.3) *	35	39
	10/06/08	59 - 60	N	ND (2.1) *	5.3	99	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.418)	38	9.6	14	3	ND (0.1) *	2.1	20	ND (1)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.1) *	37	36
	10/07/08	69 - 70	N	ND (2.1) *	5.2	64	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.42)	29	9.9	14	2.6	ND (0.1) *	ND (2.1) *	19	ND (1)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.2) *	38	38
	10/07/08	79 - 80	N	ND (2.2) *	6.6	350	ND (2.2) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.427)	20	8.3	13	3.1	ND (0.11) *	ND (2.2) *	14	ND (1.1)	ND (2.2)	ND (4.5) *	35	39
	10/07/08	79 - 80	FD	ND (2.3) *	5.1	340	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	, ,	21	7.3	15	2.6	ND (0.11) *	1.3	14	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.3) *	31	34
SWMU1-4	10/15/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) J*	2.9	75	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.401)	17	5.6	6.8	2.6	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	9.5	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	34	26
- ·	10/15/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	130	ND (1) *	ND (1)	4.95	870	7.3	11	3.6	ND (0.1) *	1.7	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	36	72
	10/15/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2.1) *	1.8	100	ND (1) *	ND (1)	1.39	100	7.6	10	1.8	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	10	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	36	170
	10/15/08	7 - 8	N	ND (2.1) *	2.1	89	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.415)	40	7.5	7.6	1.6	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	9.8	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	31	120
	10/15/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2.1) *	2.1	95	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.414)	23	7.5	7.9	1.7	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	10	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	33	110
	10/15/08	13 - 14	N	ND (2.1) *	2.4	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.413)	18	7.4	7.1	1.7	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	31	67

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TABLE B-1a Sample Results: Metals
SWMU 1 – Former Percolation Bed
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

													Metals (mg	/kg)							
Interim Screening Level <sup>1</sup>			Level 1:	0.285	11	410	0.672	1.1	0.83	39.8	12.7	16.8	8.39	0.0125	1.37	27.3	1.47	5.15	0.78	52.2	58
Reside	ential Regional So Resid Ecological Com	SC-SL 3.	31 NE 0.285 NE	0.68 0.11 11.4 11	15,000 NE 330 410	160 15 23.3 0.672	71 5.2 0.0151 1.1	0.3 NE 139.6 0.83	120,000 36,000 36.3 39.8	23 NE 13 12.7	3,100 NE 20.6 16.8	400 80 0.0166 8.39	11 1 0.0125 NE	390 NE 2.25 1.37	1,500 490 0.607 27.3	390 NE 0.177 1.47	390 390 5.15 NE	0.78 NE 2.32 NE	390 390 13.9 52.2	23,000 NE 0.164 58	
Location	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	Antimony	Arsenic	Barium	Beryllium	Cadmium	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Cobalt	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Nickel	Selenium	Silver	Thallium	Vanadium	Zinc
SWMU1-5	10/15/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2.1) *	2.6	71	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.874	47	7	8.3	2.1	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	9.9	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	28	100
	10/15/08	13 - 14	N	ND (2.1) *	5.4	58	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.42)	21	8.3	7.9	2.8	ND (0.1) *	ND (2.1) *	13	ND (1)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.2) *	30	42
	10/15/08	13 - 14	FD	ND (2.1) *	5.8	48	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.423)	21	8	8	2.9	ND (0.1) *	ND (2.1) *	13	ND (1)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.2) *	31	44
	10/15/08	15 - 16	N	ND (2.1) *	5.4	63	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.414)	21	8.1	9.1	2.8	ND (0.1) *	ND (2.1) *	13	ND (1)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.1) *	31	34
	10/15/08	19 - 20	N	ND (2.1) *	4.3	180	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.423)	19	8.6	11	3.1	ND (0.11) *	1.5	12	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	32	37
SWMU1-6	10/15/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	2.4	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	1.32	220	8.8	11	3.3	ND (0.1) *	1.2	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	41	42
	10/15/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	2.1	95	ND (1) *	ND (1)	2.15	270	8.1	12	2.6	ND (0.1) *	1.9	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	39	46
	10/15/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	2.6	81	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.405)	32	7.7	10	2.6	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	34	29
	10/15/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2) *	2.4	79	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.531	33	8.3	8.6	1.7	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	33	88
SWMU1-7	10/15/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	3.3	98	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.403)	27	8.7	13	6.6	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	15	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	37	38
	10/15/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	ND (1)	97	ND (1) *	ND (1)	6.45	630	9	14	3.6	ND (0.1) *	1.7	15	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	36	130
	10/15/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2.1) *	1.2	100	ND (1) *	ND (1)	5.3	330	8.1	20	2.8	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	35	190
	10/15/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2) *	2.4	100	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.517	<u>51</u>	8.2	9.2	1.9	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	14 J	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	34	150
	10/15/08	9 - 10	FD	ND (2) *	2.4	99	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.554	<u>47</u>	7.9	8.3	1.6	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	11 J	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	32	150
SWMU1-8	10/15/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	2.9	86	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.618	120	8.2	9.1	4.7	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	14	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	38	36
	10/15/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	1.5	100	ND (1) *	ND (1)	22.3	970	8.2	11	3.5	ND (0.1) *	2.2	14	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	36	160
	10/15/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	120	ND (1) *	ND (1)	9.25	1,600	9.2	22	3.3	ND (0.1) *	3.2	16	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	46	120
	10/15/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2.2) *	3.9	39	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.433)	15	7	7.1	2.8	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	11	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.2) *	28	32
SWMU1-9	10/14/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2.1) *	2.9	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.697	87	8.7	10	2.9	ND (0.11) *	$\bigcirc 1.4 \bigcirc$	16	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	36	37
	10/14/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	5.6	140	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.42)	13	4.5	5.9	5	ND (0.11) *	ND (1)	8.6	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	21	26
	10/14/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2.1) *	5.8	45	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.417)	26	8.9	8.1	3.1	ND (0.1) *	ND (2.1) *	15	ND (1)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.1) *	34	39
	10/14/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2.1) *	4.3	150	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.425)	22	9	11	3.2	ND (0.1) *	ND (1.1)	16	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	35	38
SWMU1-10	10/14/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	2.8	91	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.401)	19	7.8	11	2.6	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	30	32
	10/14/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	2.5	100	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.403)	26	8.8	13	2.2	ND (0.1) *	(1.8)	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	31	33
	10/14/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2.1) *	3.9	44	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.413)	21	10	8.4	2.9	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	15	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	36	42
	10/14/08	5 - 6	FD	ND (2.1) *	3.4	48	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.413)	22	9.4	10	2.9	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	14	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	36	41
	10/14/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2.1) *	4.9	51	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.431)	25	9.6	15	3.6	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	17	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	37	44
SWMU1-11	10/15/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2.1) *	3.6	61	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *		200	8.4	11	3.8	ND (0.11) *	1.2	15	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	34	65
	10/15/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	2.2	92	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *		840	8.1	11	4.3	ND (0.11) *	$\overline{4}$	13	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	34	120
	10/15/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2.1) *	5.7	37	ND (2.1) *	ND (1.1) *		34	9.3	12	3.2	ND (0.11) *	ND (2.1) *	16	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.3) *	35	96
	10/15/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2.1) *	4.7	36	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *		22	9	10	3.4	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	15	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	35	43
SWMU1-12	10/14/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	2.8	100	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.403)	19	8	8.5	2.7	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	32	31
	10/14/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	4.6	88	ND (2) *	ND (1)	ND (0.406)	24	9.5	11	2.3	ND (0.1) *	ND (2) *	16	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4) *	34	37
	10/14/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	5.5	57	ND (2) *	ND (1)	ND (0.412)	20	9.6	13	2.7	ND (0.1) *	ND (2) *	15	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4.1) *	35	40
	10/14/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2.1) *	10	42	ND (5.2) *	ND (1)	ND (0.419)	21	9.7	11	3.1	ND (0.1) *	ND (5.2) *	16	ND (1)	ND (5.2) *	ND (10) *	34	41
SWMU1-13	10/14/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) J*	3.3	120	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.407)	23	7.1	14	5.3	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	33	35
	10/14/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	9.7	160	ND (5.1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.409)	28	9.3	11	3.5	ND (0.1) *	ND (5.1) *	15	ND (1)	ND (5.1)	ND (10) *	36	39
	10/14/08	2 - 3	FD	ND (2) *	9.3	170	ND (5.1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.411)	27	8.7	11	3.5	ND (0.1) *	ND (5.1) *	14	ND (1)	ND (5.1)	ND (10) *	34	39
	10/14/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2.1) *	6.4	85	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.416)	34	11	13	2.8	ND (0.1) *	ND (2.1) *	20	ND (1)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.1) *	40	44
	10/14/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2.1) *	5.7	49	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.426)	30	12	16	3.5	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	20	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	43	45

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TABLE B-1a

Sample Results: Metals
SWMU 1 – Former Percolation Bed
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

-													Metals (mg	J/kg)							
	Interim S	Screenin	g Level <sup>1</sup> :	0.285	11	410	0.672	1.1	0.83	39.8	12.7	16.8	8.39	0.0125	1.37	27.3	1.47	5.15	0.78	52.2	58
Residen	tial Regional So	creening	Levels 2:	31	0.68	15,000	160	71	0.3	120,000	23	3,100	400	11	390	1,500	390	390	0.78	390	23,000
		lential D1	/¹	NE	0.11	NE	15	5.2	NE	36,000	NE	NE	80	1	NE	490	NE	390	NE	390	NE
ı	Ecological Com		- 5	0.285	11.4	330	23.3	0.0151	139.6	36.3	13	20.6	0.0166	0.0125	2.25	0.607	0.177	5.15	2.32	13.9	0.164
		Back	ground :	NE	11	410	0.672	1.1	0.83	39.8	12.7	16.8	8.39	NE	1.37	27.3	1.47	NE	NE	52.2	58
Location	Date	Depth (ft bgs)		Antimony	Arsenic	Barium	Beryllium	Cadmium	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Cobalt	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Nickel	Selenium	Silver	Thallium	Vanadium	Zinc
SWMU1-14	10/14/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	2.3	96	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.404)	20	8.8	8.2	2.6	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	33	33
	10/14/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	2.8	120	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.408)	19	7.9	14	2.3	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	31	33
	10/14/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	5.8	73	ND (2) *	ND (1)	ND (0.413)	28	11	17	3.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (2) *	20	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4.1) *	40	42
	10/14/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2.1) *	5.6	67	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.415)	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	35	3.9	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	32	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	48	45
SWMU1-15	09/22/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) J*	2.6	130	ND (1) *	ND (1)	1.14	25	8.7	12	4.1	ND (0.1) *	<u> </u>	15	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	34	36
	09/22/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	2.8	130	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.422)	23	9.3	11	3	ND (0.11) *	1.2	17	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	32	34
	09/22/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2.1) *	4.5	100	ND (2.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.424)	41	12	18	4.5	ND (0.11) *	ND (2.1) *	28	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.3) *	44	46
	09/22/08	9 - 10		ND (2.1) *	4.7	230	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.419)	58	15	24	4.4	ND (0.11) *	ND (2.1) *	43	ND (1)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.1) *	55	50
	09/22/08	9 - 10		ND (2.1) *	5.1	190	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.42)	60	15	23	4.5	ND (0.1) *	ND (2.1) *	44	ND (2.1) *	ND (2.1)	ND (4.1) *	53	50
	09/22/08 09/22/08	19 - 20 29 - 30		ND (2.1) * ND (2.1) *	5.5 7.4	81 110	ND (2.1) *	ND (1.1) * ND (1.1) *	ND (0.425) ND (0.433)	51	14	23	4.5 5.4	ND (0.11) *	ND (2.1) *	37	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.2) *	<u>53</u> 51	50 54
	09/22/08	29 - 30 39 - 40		ND (2.1) ND (2.1) *	1.4	110 56	ND (5.3) * ND (1) *	ND (1.1)	ND (0.433)	40	12	23	3.4	ND (0.11) * ND (0.1) *	ND (5.3) * ND (1)	27	ND (1.1) ND (1)	ND (5.3) * ND (1)	ND (11) * ND (2.1) *	48	47
	09/22/08	49 - 50		ND (2.1) ND (2.2) *	6.7	160	ND (1) ND (2.2) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.422)	55	13	25	5.4	ND (0.1) ND (0.11) *	ND (2.2) *	39	ND (1.1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) ND (4.3) *	57	59
	09/22/08	59 - 60		ND (2.1) *	8.4	110	ND (5.3) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.449)	47	14	23	3	ND (0.11) *	ND (5.3) *	34	ND (1.1)	ND (5.3) *	ND (11) *	51	49
	09/22/08	59 - 60		ND (2.1) *	5.6	110	ND (2.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.411)	44	15	24	4.3	ND (0.1) *	ND (2.1) *	31	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.2) *	52	47
	09/22/08	69 - 70		ND (2.1) *	6.1	47	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.43)	39	13	25	3.8	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	27	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	42	53
	09/22/08	79 - 80		ND (2.1) *	4.4	94	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.43)	28	11	20	3.2	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	19	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	38	60
	09/23/08	89 - 90	) N	ND (4) *	3.7	560	ND (2) *	ND (2) *	ND (0.4)	6.5	6.2	ND (4)	ND (2)	ND (0.1) *	ND (2) *	7	ND (2) *	ND (2)	ND (4) *	15	21
SWMU1-16	09/21/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	2.6	83	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.405)	10	4.5	5.2	2.3	ND (0.099) *	ND (1)	6.8	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	20	21
	09/21/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	1.7	99	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.408)	18	7.9	8.3	2	ND (0.1) *	1	11	1.1	ND (1)	ND (2) *	32	34
	09/21/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	1.6	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.406)	18	7.8	8.9	2	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	11	1.6	ND (1)	ND (2) *	32	35
SWMU1-17	09/21/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	3.7	210	ND (2) *	ND (1)	ND (0.403)	27	11	16	3.5	ND (0.1) *	ND (2) *	19	ND (2) *	ND (2)	ND (4) *	47	46
	09/21/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	4.3	180	ND (2) *	ND (1)	ND (0.405)	29	10	12	3.9	ND (0.1) *	ND (2) *	20	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4) *	40	40
	09/21/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	2.8	130	ND (2) *	ND (1)	ND (0.407)	29	10	12	3.1	ND (0.1) *	2.4	18	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4) *	39	44
	09/21/08	9 - 10		ND (2) *	3.9	110	ND (2) *	ND (1)	ND (0.408)	43 J	13	26	4.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (2) *	32	ND (2) *	ND (2)	ND (4) *	46	41
	09/21/08	9 - 10		ND (2) *	4.1	110	ND (2) *	ND (1)	ND (0.408)		14	24	4.7	ND (0.1) *	ND (2) *	37	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4) *	51	46
SWMU1-18	01/07/16	0 - 1	N	ND (2.2) *	1.7	93	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	2.6	16	7.7	7.4	2	0.28	ND (1.1)	13	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.2) *	29	30
	01/07/16	2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	2.9	150	ND (1.1) *			26	9.4	20	2.5	0.27	ND (1.1)	21	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	38	40
	01/07/16	5 - 6	N	ND (2.2) *	1.5	83	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.22)	110	7	8.5	2.1	0.3	ND (1.1)	13	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.2) *	26	130
	01/07/16	9 - 10		ND (2.1) *	3.5	55 62 J	ND (1.1) *			41	12 12	17	2.6	0.34	ND (1.1)	27	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	47 45	43
	01/07/16	14 - 15		ND (2.1) *	2.9	62 J	ND (1.1) *			48	12 12	19 J	2.4	0.35	ND (1.1)	38	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	45 48	41
	01/07/16 01/07/16	14 - 15 19 - 20		ND (2.1) * ND (2.2) *	3.2 3.4	94 J 110	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) * ND (1.1) *	ND (0.21) ND (0.22)	50	12	25 J 21	3.5 3.6	0.29	ND (1.1)	40	ND (1.1) ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	48 53	44 49
	01/07/16	29 - 30		ND (2.2) ND (2.1) *	2.5	59	ND (1.1) * ND (1.1) *		ND (0.22) ND (0.21)	29	8.9	22	2	0.29	ND (1.1) ND (1.1)	23	ND (1.1) ND (1.1)	ND (1.1) ND (1.1)	ND (2.2) * ND (2.1) *	33	33
	01/07/16	29 - 30 39 - 40		ND (2.1) ND (2.2) *	3.3	96	ND (1.1) ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.21) ND (0.21)	42	12	19	2.9	0.29	ND (1.1) ND (1.1)	28	ND (1.1) ND (1.1)	ND (1.1) ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) ND (2.2) *	50	44
	01/08/16	49 - 50		ND (2.4) J*	4.6	66 J	ND (1.1) ND (1.2) *	ND (1.1)	ND (0.21)	33 J	11	19	4.2	0.27	ND (1.1) ND (1.2)	28	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.2) ND (2.4) *	47	46 J
	01/08/16	59 - 60		ND (2.4) 3 ND (2.6) *	5.6	84		ND (1.2)	ND (0.24)	27	10	16	5.6	0.31	ND (1.2)	22	ND (1.2) 3	ND (1.2)	ND (2.4) ND (2.6) *	44	54
	01/08/16	69 - 70		ND (2.3) *	2.8	72	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.23)	21	9.1	13	2.5	ND (0.12) *	ND (1.1)	16	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.3) *	37	41
	01/08/16			ND (2.5) *	3.2	41	, ,	ND (1.3) *		28	9	17	2.1	ND (0.13) *	ND (1.3)	22	ND (1.3)	ND (1.3)	ND (2.5) *	37	37
-	3.,00,10	. 5 30	• • •	(=.0)		• •	()	()	(0.20)					(3)	()		()	()	(=.0)	J.	<del></del>

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TABLE B-1a

Sample Results: Metals
SWMU 1 – Former Percolation Bed
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

			4	Metals (mg/kg)																	
Interim Screening Level 1  Residential Regional Screening Levels 2  Residential DTSC-SL 3  Ecological Comparison Values 5  Background 5			Level 1:	0.285	11	410	0.672	1.1	0.83	39.8	12.7	16.8	8.39	0.0125	1.37	27.3	1.47	5.15	0.78	52.2	58
			SC-SL 3. alues 4:	31 NE 0.285 NE	0.68 0.11 11.4 11	15,000 NE 330 410	160 15 23.3 0.672	71 5.2 0.0151 1.1	0.3 NE 139.6 0.83	120,000 36,000 36.3 39.8	23 NE 13 12.7	3,100 NE 20.6 16.8	400 80 0.0166 8.39	11 1 0.0125 NE	390 NE 2.25 1.37	1,500 490 0.607 27.3	390 NE 0.177 1.47	390 390 5.15 NE	0.78 NE 2.32 NE	390 390 13.9 52.2	23,000 NE 0.164 58
ocation	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	Antimony	Arsenic	Barium	Beryllium	Cadmium	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Cobalt	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Nickel	Selenium	Silver	Thallium	Vanadium	Zinc
/MU1-19	01/09/16	0 - 1	N	ND (2.1) *	7.8	86	ND (1) *	ND (1)	1.3	(1,400)	5.7	10	3.5	ND (0.1) *	1.1	7.7	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	34	160
	01/09/16	2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	1.9	89	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	22	23	6.6	8.8	1.8	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	16	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	26	34
	01/09/16	5 - 6	N	ND (2.1) *	3.5	74	ND (1) *	ND (1)	4.9	680	5.7	9.9	1.8	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	8.9	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	32	87
	01/09/16	9 - 10	N	ND (2) *	3.8	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	22	2,100	6.1	18	2.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	9.2	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	37	120
	01/09/16	14 - 15	N	ND (2.1) *	1.6	67	ND (1) *	ND (1)	6.8	240	6.3	23	1.6	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	9.7	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	27	150
	01/09/16	19 - 20	N	ND (2.2) *	5.2	53	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.21)	24 J	8	12	3.3	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	17	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.2) *	34	120
	01/09/16	19 - 20	FD	ND (2.1) *	2.5	64	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.21)	31 J	8.5	11	1.9	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	19	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	38	110
	01/09/16	29 - 30	N	ND (2.1) *	2.4	33	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.21)	19	9.1	59	1.8	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	20	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	34	35
	01/09/16	39 - 40	N	ND (2.1) *	2.5	22	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	16	7.1	14	1.7	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	16	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	29	33
	01/09/16	49 - 50	N	ND (2.1) *	2.7	87	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.21)	32	11	28	2.2	ND (0.1) *	ND (1.1)	23	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	43	40
	01/09/16	59 - 60	N	ND (2.1) *	2.7	66	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.21)	29	8.9	16	2.5	0.24	ND (1.1)	18	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	34	38
	01/10/16	69 - 70	N	ND (2.1) *	3.6	130	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	22	9.2	<b>17</b>	2.6	0.23	ND (1)	18	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	36	38
	01/10/16	79 - 80	N	ND (2.1) *	2.5	85	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.21)	16	8.2	10	1.6	0.27	ND (1.1)	14	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	31	34
VMU1-20	01/13/16	14 - 15	N	ND (2.1) *	1.9	68	ND (1) *	ND (1)	8.9	190	8.2	12	1.6	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	30	(110)
	01/13/16	14 - 15	FD	ND (2.1) *	1.7	76	ND (1) *	ND (1)	7.9	200	9.7	9.9	2.2	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	32	98
	01/13/16	19 - 20	N	ND (2.1) *	2.2	69	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	23	7.9	8	1.8	ND (0.11) *	ND (1)	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	31	37
	01/13/16	29 - 30	N	ND (2.1) *	2	63	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	14	9	11	1.2	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	10	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	27	30
	01/14/16	39 - 40	N	ND (2.1) *	2.4	29	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	18	8.6	13	1.7	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	32	36
	01/14/16	49 - 50	N	ND (2.2) *	2.3	28	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.22)	15	8.6	8	2	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	13	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.2) *	31	37
	01/14/16	59 - 60	N	ND (2.1) *	2.1	32	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	21	7.7	38	1.2	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	15	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	29	32
	01/14/16	69 - 70	N	ND (2) *	1.9	56	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	23	9.4	10	1.2	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	14	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	34	34
	01/14/16	79 - 80	N	ND (2.1) *	2.5	100	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	27	10	11	1.7	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	16	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	39	41
VMU1-21	01/26/16	14 - 15	N	ND (2.1) *	1.9	64	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.5	19	7.5	13	1.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	10	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	31	78
	01/26/16	19 - 20	N	ND (2) *	ND (1)	77	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.3	16	7.4	8.7	ND (1)	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	9.1	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	29	69
	01/27/16	29 - 30	N	ND (2.1) *	2.5	50	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	16	8	11	1.3	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1) J	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	28	34
	01/27/16	39 - 40	N	ND (2.1) *	2.3	35	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	14	8.1	7.9	1.3	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	29	37
	01/27/16	49 - 50	N	ND (2.1) *	2.6	26	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	14	7.7	9	1.5	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	27	33
	01/27/16	59 - 60	N	ND (2.1) *	3.1	45	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.21)	22	9.6	12	1.7	ND (0.1) *	ND (1.1)	17	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	32	41
	01/27/16	69 - 70	N	ND (2.1) *	2.6	54	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	23	9.2	10	1.5	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	17	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	34	40
	01/27/16	79 - 80	N	ND (2.2) *	3.1	330 J	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.22)	19	7.6	16	1.2	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	15	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.2) *	29	32
	01/27/16	79 - 80	FD	ND (2.2) *	3.4	120 J	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.22)	17	7.5	11	1.3	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	14	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.2) *	29	35
/MU1-22	12/17/15	0 - 1	N	ND (2) *	3.6	140	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	18		12	6.5	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	26	33
/MU1-23	12/17/15	0 - 1	N	ND (2) *	2.7	120	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.36	23	7.2	11	7.5	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	14	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	31	39
VMU1-24	12/17/15	0 - 1	N	ND (2) *	3.5	170	ND (1) *	ND (1)	1.6	55	7.1	13	6.5	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	15	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	29	44
/MU1-25	01/26/16	0 - 1	N	18	14	210	ND (1) *	ND (1)	42	2,000	7.6	12	4.4	ND (0.1) *	20	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	38	60
VIVIO I-ZU	01/26/16	2 - 3	N	2.4	2.7	53	ND (1) *	ND (1.1) *	9.5	450	7.6 8.5	13	1.6	ND (0.1) ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	18	ND (1) ND (1.1)	ND (1) ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	35	200
	01/26/16	5 - 6	N	ND (2.1) *	2.7	30	ND (1.1) ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	2.3	200	7.4	14	1.6	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1) ND (1.1)	12	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1) ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	29	170
	01/26/16	9 - 10	N N	ND (2.1) ND (2.1) *	3.1	30	ND (1.1) ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.21)	17	7.4 8.5	14	1.0	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1) ND (1.1)	12	ND (1.1) ND (1.1)	ND (1.1) ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) ND (2.1) *	29 29	37

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TABLE B-1a

Sample Results: Metals
SWMU 1 – Former Percolation Bed
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

-													Metals (mg	ı/kg)							_
	Interim S	Level 1:	0.285	11	410	0.672	1.1	0.83	39.8	12.7	16.8	8.39	0.0125	1.37	27.3	1.47	5.15	0.78	52.2	58	
	Regional So Reside	SC-SL 3	31 NE 0.285	0.68 0.11 11.4	15,000 NE 330	160 15 23.3	71 5.2 0.0151	0.3 NE 139.6	120,000 36,000 36.3	23 NE 13	3,100 NE 20.6	400 80 0.0166	11 1 0.0125	390 NE 2.25	1,500 490 0.607	390 NE 0.177	390 390 5.15	0.78 NE 2.32	390 390 13.9	23,000 NE 0.164	
200	logical com	Backg	5	NE	11	410	0.672	1.1	0.83	39.8	12.7	16.8	8.39	NE	1.37	27.3	1.47	NE	NE	52.2	58
Location	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	Antimony	Arsenic	Barium	Beryllium	Cadmium	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Cobalt	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Nickel	Selenium	Silver	Thallium	Vanadium	Zinc
SWMU1-28	02/14/17	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	1.7	140	ND (1) *	1.3	ND (0.2)	15	7.1	9.1	1.6	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	9.7	ND (1) J	ND (1) J	ND (2) J*	27	31
	02/14/17	0 - 0.5	FD	ND (2) *	1.9	140	ND (1) *	1.4	ND (0.2)	16	7.7	13	1.5	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	10	ND (1) J	ND (1) J	ND (2) J*	28	34
	02/14/17	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	1.4	97	ND (1) *	1.2	ND (0.2)	13	6.6	8.3	3	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	8.3	ND (1) J	ND (1) J	ND (2) J*	24	31
SWMU1-29	02/16/17	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	ND (1)	70	ND (1) *	1.5	ND (0.2)	19	7.3	8.5	1.2	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	9.9	ND (1) J	ND (1) J	ND (2) J*	33	28 J
	02/16/17	2 - 3	N	13	7.2	89	ND (1) *	1.1	$\bigcirc 17 \bigcirc$	1,100	5.6	8.7	2.3	ND (0.1) *	1.2	8	ND (1) J	ND (1) J	ND (2.1) J*	29	41
	02/16/17	5 - 6	N	2.6	1.6	73	ND (1) *	1.2	5.6	270	7.2	11	ND (1)	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	11	ND (1) J	ND (1) J	ND (2.1) J*	26	33
	02/16/17	9 - 10	N	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	54	ND (1) *	1.2	1.4	98	7.2	13	1.1	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	9.7	ND (1) J	ND (1) J	ND (2.1) J*	27	140
SWMU1-WP-1h	10/07/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2.1) *	4.5	53	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.418)	25	8.3	11	3.9	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	32	38
	10/07/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	4.4	40	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.418)	17	7.2	8.9	2.8	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	30	34
	10/07/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2.1) *	3.7	23	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.417)	15	7	7.1	2.5	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	11	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	26	39
	10/07/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2.1) *	3.8	29	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.422)	28	8	8.7	2.9	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	29	58
SWMU1-WP-3a	10/14/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2.1) *	3.1	100	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.419)	27	7.4	11	3.6	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	13	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	33	40
	10/14/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	2.3	100	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.419)	20	8	9.4	2.3	ND (0.11) *	1.1	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	38	34
	10/14/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2.1) *	6	68	ND (2.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.425)	27	$\bigcirc 14 \bigcirc$	15	6.2	ND (0.11) *	ND (2.1) *	17	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.2) *	37	45
	10/14/08	7 - 8	N	ND (2.1) *	6	69	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.417)	23	9.3	11	3.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (2.1) *	18	ND (1)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.1) *	36	39
	10/14/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2.1) *	$\underbrace{12}$	120	ND (5.1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.415)	<u>66</u>	$\underbrace{14}$	21	2.8	ND (0.1) *	ND (5.1) *	45	ND (1)	ND (5.1)	ND (10) *	51	46
	10/14/08	9 - 10	FD	ND (2.1) *	$\bigcirc 12 \bigcirc$	120	ND (5.1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.414)	<u>66</u>	15	22	2.7	ND (0.1) *	ND (5.1) *	<u>45</u>	ND (1)	ND (5.1)	ND (10) *	52	47
	10/14/08	11 - 12	N	ND (2.1) *	5.1	56	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.421)	30	12	27	4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	23	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	40	40
-	10/14/08	13 - 14	N	ND (2.1) *	5.5	40	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.426)	28	10	<u>31</u>	3.8	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	21	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	39	40
SWMU1-WP-3h	10/07/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2.1) *	5.1	40	ND (2.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.433)	17	7.4	6.3	1.8	ND (0.11) *	ND (2.1) *	11	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.3) *	25	33
	10/07/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	2.4	89	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.404)	17	7.6	8.6	2.1	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	30	34
	10/07/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	2.8	92	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.404)	21	8.7	7.8	2.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	15	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	31	36
SWMU1-WP-5a	10/05/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) J*	2.4	91	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.405)	19	8	11	3.9	ND (0.1) *	1	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	36	35
	10/05/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	2.3	100	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.408)	19	8.9	9.2	2.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	33	35
	10/05/08	5 - 6	N 	ND (2.1) *	6.7	120	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.419)	53	(13)	17	3.9	ND (0.1) *	ND (2.1) *	38	ND (1)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.1) *	52	42
	10/05/08	5 - 6	FD	ND (2.1) *	12	120	ND (5.2) *	ND (1)	ND (0.42) J		15	19	3.5	ND (0.1) *	ND (5.2) *	42	ND (1)	ND (5.2) *	ND (10) *	56	46
	10/05/08	7 - 8	N	ND (2.1) *	6.6	100	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.416)	53	12	18	4.1	ND (0.1) *	ND (2.1) *	37	ND (1)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.1) *	44	41
	10/05/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2.1) *	6.4	76 50	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.421)	43	13	21	4.2	ND (0.1) *	ND (2.1) *	33	ND (1)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.2) *	47	47
	10/05/08	11 - 12	N	ND (2.1) *	6.8	50	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.416)	36	11	26	3.5	ND (0.1) *	ND (2.1) *	26	ND (1)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.1) *	43	42
	10/05/08	13 - 14	N	ND (2.1) *	4.9	92	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.422)	27	11	13	3.5	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	20	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	40	52
SWMU1-WP-5h	10/07/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2.2) J*	3.4	73	ND (1.1) *		ND (0.43)	14	12	12	2.7	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	9.5	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.2) *	23	31
	10/07/08	_	N 	ND (2.1) *	5.3	130	ND (2.1) *		ND (0.435)	33	8.7	12	4.9	ND (0.11) *	ND (2.1) *	14	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.3) *	31	46
-	10/07/08	5	N	ND (2.1) *	3.2	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.415)	23	8.5	11	3.3	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	14	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	33	40

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TABLE B-1a

													Metals (mg	ı/kg)							
	Interim S	creening	Level 1:	0.285	11	410	0.672	1.1	0.83	39.8	12.7	16.8	8.39	0.0125	1.37	27.3	1.47	5.15	0.78	52.2	58
Residential	Regional Sc	reening l	Levels <sup>2</sup> :	31	0.68	15,000	160	71	0.3	120,000	23	3,100	400	11	390	1,500	390	390	0.78	390	23,000
	Reside	ential DT	SC-SL 3;	NE	0.11	ΝE	15	5.2	NE	36,000	NE	NE	80	1	NE	490	NE	390	NE	390	NE
Ecol	logical Com		5	0.285	11.4	330	23.3	0.0151	139.6	36.3	13	20.6	0.0166	0.0125	2.25	0.607	0.177	5.15	2.32	13.9	0.164
		Backg	round :	NE	11	410	0.672	1.1	0.83	39.8	12.7	16.8	8.39	NE	1.37	27.3	1.47	NE	NE	52.2	58
Location	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	Antimony	Arsenic	Barium	Beryllium	Cadmium	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Cobalt	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Nickel	Selenium	Silver	Thallium	Vanadium	Zinc
SWMU1-WP-6a	10/05/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	2.9	100	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.405)	32	9.3	10	7.2	ND (0.1) *	2.5	15	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	30	35
	10/05/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	2.3	81	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.404)	19	8.8 J	10	2.3	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	34	35
	10/05/08	2 - 3	FD	ND (2) *	2.4	82	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.403)	19	11 J	9.2	2.2	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	34	33
	10/05/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2.1) *	6.2	180	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.413)	41	12	19	3.2	ND (0.1) *	ND (2.1) *	27	ND (1)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.1) *	43	44
	10/05/08	7 - 8	N	ND (2.1) *	6	66	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.414)	35	10	18	3.5	ND (0.1) *	ND (2.1) *	24	ND (1)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.1) *	40	38
	10/05/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2) *	11	98	ND (5.1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.412)	26	11	14	2.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (5.1) *	19	ND (1)	ND (5.1)	ND (10) *	40	39
	10/05/08	11 - 12	N	ND (2) *	4.3	71	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.411)	<u>51</u>	10	$\boxed{17}$	3.1	ND (0.1) *	3.6	22	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	38	35
	10/05/08	13 - 14	N	ND (2) *	6.7	110	ND (2) *	ND (1)	ND (0.41)	<u>60</u>	14	15	3.6	ND (0.1) *	ND (2) *	<b>43</b>	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4.1) *	<u> </u>	43
SWMU1-WP-6h	10/06/08 <sup>O</sup>	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	4.7	150	ND (2) *	ND (1)	4.98	130	8.8	15	5.5	ND (0.1) *	ND (2) *	17	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4.1) *	37	87
	10/06/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	5.5	70	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.538	23	19	61	6.6	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	15	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	36	34
	10/06/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	2.7	100	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.406)	19	8	10	2.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	34	36
	10/06/08	5 - 6	FD	ND (2) *	2.7	100	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.405)	20	8.1	12	2.3	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	32	37
	10/06/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2.1) *	4.1	100	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.409)	<b>41</b>	9.4	23	3.5	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	27	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	36	39
SWMU1-WP-7	10/06/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2.1) *	ND (5.3)	160	ND (5.3) *	ND (1.1) *	0.566	2,600	7.2	11	$\bigcirc 13 \bigcirc$	ND (0.11) *	7.1	15	ND (1.1)	ND (5.3) *	ND (11) *	35	88
	10/06/08 <sup>O</sup>	2 - 3	N	ND (2.2) *	6	190	ND (2.2) *	ND (1.1) *	18.2	1,200	7.4	16	5.7	ND (0.11) *	3.4	17	ND (1.1)	ND (2.2)	ND (4.4) *	35	56
	10/06/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2.1) *	3	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	6.17	21	8	11	2.7	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	31	34
	10/06/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2.1) *	3	82	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.417)	23	7.2	15	2.7	ND (0.11) *	ND (1)	15	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	30	31
SWMU1-WP-8	10/06/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	5.4	150	ND (2) *	ND (1)	ND (0.402)	35	7.5	13	6.9	ND (0.1) *	ND (2) *	16	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4.1) *	31	47
	10/06/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	5.1	160	ND (2.1) *	ND (1.1) *	0.541	26	7.9	10	4.1	ND (0.1) *	ND (2.1) *	17	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.2) *	32	32
	10/06/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	2.7	130	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.407)	19	8.3	10	2.7	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	34	38
	10/06/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2) J*	2.9	120	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.411)	22	7.9	9.8	2.6	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	38	38
SWMU1-WP-9	09/21/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	2.4	100	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.406)	26	7.6	8.2	2.9	ND (0.1) *	2.1	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	30	33
	09/21/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	2.7	150 J	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.407)	34 J	9.5 J	15	2.3	ND (0.1) *	1.2	20 J	2.5	ND (1)	ND (2) *	35	34
	09/21/08	2 - 3	FD	ND (2.1) *	2.1	1,900 🕽	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.409)	20 J	5.9 J	10	2.7	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12 J	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	32	34
	09/21/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	4.2	75	ND (2) *	ND (1)	ND (0.416)	39	13	15	3.2	ND (0.1) *	ND (2) *	26	1.3	ND (2)	ND (4.1) *	49	43
	09/21/08	7 - 8	N	ND (2.1) *	4.8	58	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.416)	28	10	14	3.5	ND (0.1) *	ND (2.1) *	20	ND (1)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.1) *	39	45
	09/21/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2) *	4.7	77	ND (2) *	ND (1)	ND (0.411)	37	12	15	3.3	ND (0.1) *	ND (2) *	28	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4.1) *	43	43
	09/21/08	11 - 12	N	ND (2.1) *	7.1	88	ND (5.2) *	ND (1)	ND (0.422)	68	<u> 16</u>	23	4	ND (0.11) *	ND (5.2) *	51	ND (1)	ND (5.2) *	ND (10) *	56	56
	09/21/08	13 - 14	N	ND (2.1) *	5.3	91	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.423)	<u>60</u>	15	22	4.9	ND (0.11) *	ND (2.1) *	46	ND (1)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.2) *	56	52
SWMU1-WP-10	10/05/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2.1) *	4.4	150	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	6.64	540	7.1	11	8.3	ND (0.1) *	ND (2.1) *	15	ND (1)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.1) *	32	56
	10/05/08 <sup>O</sup>	2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	5.3	180	ND (5.2) *	ND (1)	3.85	1,400	8.8	18	$\boxed{10}$	ND (0.1) *	ND (5.2) *	16	ND (1)	ND (5.2) *	ND (10) *	39	360
	10/05/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2.1) *	5.5	81	ND (2.1) *	ND (1.1) *	0.494 J	<u>50</u>	8	12	3.6	ND (0.11) *	ND (2.1) *	15	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.3) *	33	53
	10/05/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2.1) *	4.8	110	ND (2.1) *	ND (1.1) *	2.31	250	9.4	11	5.4	ND (0.11) *	ND (2.1) *	18	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.2) *	33	83

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TABLE B-1a

													Metals (mg	a/ka)							
	Interim S	Screening	g Level <sup>1</sup> :	0.285	11	410	0.672	1.1	0.83	39.8	12.7	16.8	8.39	0.0125	1.37	27.3	1.47	5.15	0.78	52.2	58
Residential	Regional So	creening	Levels 2:	31	0.68	15,000	160	71	0.3	120,000	23	3,100	400	11	390	1,500	390	390	0.78	390	23,000
_		lential DT	<b>/-</b>	NE	0.11	NE	15	5.2	NE	36,000	NE	NE	80	1	NE	490	NE	390	NE	390	NE
Eco	logical Com		Values : ground 5:	0.285	11.4	330	23.3	0.0151	139.6	36.3	13	20.6	0.0166	0.0125	2.25	0.607	0.177	5.15 NE	2.32 NE	13.9	0.164
				NE	11	410	0.672	1.1	0.83	39.8	12.7	16.8	8.39	NE	1.37	27.3	1.47	NE	NE	52.2	58
Location	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	Antimony	Arsenic	Barium	Beryllium	Cadmium	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Cobalt	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Nickel	Selenium	Silver	Thallium	Vanadium	Zinc
SWMU1-WP-T3a	10/05/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) J*	2.6	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.41)	25	10	11	2.8	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	38	39
	10/05/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	2	92	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.411)	18	9.2	12	2.9	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	32	35
	10/05/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2.1) *	4.1	82	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.431)	26	11	16	3.4	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	19	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	38	40
	10/05/08	5 - 6	FD	ND (2.1) *	4.2	80	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.438)	26	10	15	3.7	ND (0.11) *	1.1	19	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	38	39
	10/05/08	7 - 8	N	ND (2.1) *	6.1	86	ND (2.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.429)	38	12	19	4.4	ND (0.11) *	ND (2.1) *	28	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.3) *	43	44
	10/05/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2) *	5.1	140	ND (2) *	ND (1)	ND (0.406)	71	13	20	3.4	ND (0.1) *	6.4 ND (2.4) *	29	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4.1) *	44	42
	10/05/08 10/05/08	11 - 12 13 - 14		ND (2.1) * ND (2.1) *	7.1 11	92 100	ND (2.1) * ND (5.3) *	ND (1) ND (1.1) *	ND (0.42) ND (0.424)	50 62	15	30	4.5 3.8	ND (0.1) * ND (0.11) *	ND (2.1) * ND (5.3) *	38	ND (1) ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) ND (5.3) *	ND (4.2) * ND (11) *	54	42 51
SSB-2	06/30/97	13 - 14	N	ND (2.1)					ND (0.424)	48.7		7.4				7.9					27.3
30B-2	06/30/97	3	N						ND (0.05)	7.6		6.8				5.7					20.4
	06/30/97	6	N						ND (0.05)	10.1		9.4				7.9					27
	06/30/97	10	N			46.4			ND (0.05)	9.7		11	3.1		ND (0.2)	11.7				20.2	27.3
SSB-3	06/30/97	1	N						ND (0.05)	8.2		4.3				6					13.7
	06/30/97	3	N						ND (0.05)	13.2		9.5				10.4					21.4
	06/30/97	6	N						ND (0.05)	23.5		13.7				16.4					27.1
	06/30/97	10	N			70			ND (0.05)	7.1		13.4	2.3		ND (0.2)	7.7				15.5	19.2
SSB-4	06/30/97	1	N						ND (0.05)	10.1		3				3.9					11.9
	06/30/97	3	N						ND (0.05)	1,520		10.3				5.4					141
	06/30/97	6	N						ND (0.05)	297		12.4				6.9					130
	06/30/97	10	N			93.9			ND (0.05)	201		11.9	2.1		ND (0.2)	7.4				19.3	188
SSB-5	06/30/97	1	N						0.06	521		13.5				7.8					39.6
	06/30/97	3	N						ND (0.05)	1,440		16				4.2					128
	06/30/97	6	N						ND (0.05)	<u>(617)</u>		14.9				6.4					115
	06/30/97	10	N			89.6			ND (0.05)	31.6		7	1.75		ND (0.2)	7.7				18.7	107
WP-1	06/30/97	0	N						47.5	2,090		3.9				3.6					44.5
WP-2	09/18/97	0	N						ND (0.5)	25.9		22.8				9.9					80.1
WP-3	09/18/97	0.5	N						(11.8)	1,290		13.2				5.6					50.3
	09/18/97	2	N						0.41	273		18.6				18.3					50
WP-4	09/18/97	0	N						(1.14)	120		10.8				4					65.6
WP-5	09/18/97	0	N						3.51	511		16.8				13.2					50.4
	09/18/97	1	N						6.66	711		15.4				10.2					61.5
	09/18/97	2	N						8.97	421		15.8				12.9					51.9
	09/18/97	3	N N						6.1	158		10.1				4.5 20.6					22.9
WD 6	09/18/97	4	N N						10.2	113		24.4				20.6					41.9
WP-6	09/18/97	0	N						1.64	712		21.6				12.4					57.9
	09/18/97 09/18/97	2	N N						<u>9.46</u> <u>2.29</u>	(1,030)		11.9				5.8 10.5					46.5
WP-Bank1	11/23/98	0							5.5	261		10.3									
			N N						=	=						3.8					23.4
WP-Bank2	11/23/98	0	N N						14	909		27.2				7.9					61.8
BANK-WP	11/13/98	Unknow	n N						ND (0.51)	34.4		16.3				24.7					41.3

R:\PGEAlliance\Topock\Topock\_DataGaps\_Tables\_RES.mdb\rptMetal

## TABLE B-1a

Sample Results: Metals

SWMU 1 – Former Percolation Bed

Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis

PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

													Metals (mg	/kg)							
	Interim	Screening I	Level <sup>1</sup> :	0.285	11	410	0.672	1.1	0.83	39.8	12.7	16.8	8.39	0.0125	1.37	27.3	1.47	5.15	0.78	52.2	58
Residentia	l Regional S	creening L	evels <sup>2</sup> :	31	0.68	15,000	160	71	0.3	120,000	23	3,100	400	11	390	1,500	390	390	0.78	390	23,000
	Resid	dential DTS	C-SL 3	NE	0.11	NE	15	5.2	NE	36,000	NE	NE	80	1	NE	490	NE	390	NE	390	NE
Ec	ological Con	nparison Va	alues <sup>4</sup> :	0.285	11.4	330	23.3	0.0151	139.6	36.3	13	20.6	0.0166	0.0125	2.25	0.607	0.177	5.15	2.32	13.9	0.164
		Backgr	ound <sup>3</sup> :	NE	11	410	0.672	1.1	0.83	39.8	12.7	16.8	8.39	NE	1.37	27.3	1.47	NE	NE	52.2	58
Location	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	Antimony	Arsenic	Barium	Beryllium	Cadmium	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Cobalt	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Nickel	Selenium	Silver	Thallium	Vanadium	Zinc
P-Floor	11/23/98	Unknown	N						3.3	317		13.9				1.4 J					15.9 J
ank - b	11/13/98	Unknown	N						0.7	20.1		15				18.2					38.2
-1	11/13/98	Unknown	N						ND (0.53)	15.9		13.1				13.2					38.6
	11/13/98	Unknown	N						2.1	38.8		28				21.6					164
2	11/13/98	Unknown	N						ND (0.53)	21.2		12.4				16.2					44.7
	11/13/98	Unknown	N						0.6	44.4		14.2				13.1					43
3-B	11/13/98	0	Ν						3.1	619		19.6				7.9					673
-1	11/13/98	Unknown	Ν						ND (0.52)	12		12.7				9.2					29.4
	11/13/98	Unknown	N						ND (0.53)	17.9		16.1				13.1					40.4
-2Soil	11/13/98	- 3.5	Ν						ND (0.76)	33.2		6				5.6					6.4
	11/13/98	Unknown	N						ND (0.52)	15		9.7				8.1					36.1
ategory 3																					
B-1	06/24/88	0 - 3	N						ND (0.5)	45											
3-2	06/24/88	0 - 3	N						ND (0.5)	38											
	06/24/88	0 - 3	FD						ND (0.5)	37											
B-3	06/24/88	0 - 3	N						7.1	270											
B-4	06/24/88	0 - 3	N						ND (0.5)	25											

#### Notes:

Category 1: Validated data suitable for all uses, including risk assessment and remedial action decisions.

Category 2: Validated data suitable for use in characterization of the chemicals of potential concern at the facility and to help define the

nature and extent of contamination.

Category 3: Validated data suitable only for use in qualitative characterization of the nature and extent of contamination.

Results greater than or equal to the interim screening level are circled; however, if the interim screening level is equal to the background value, only results greater than the interim screening level are circled.

θ white powder sample.

Reporting limits greater than or equal to the interim screening level.

-- not analyzed

ft bgs feet below ground surface mg/kg milligrams per kilogram

DTSC California Department of Toxic Substances Control

DTSC-SL DTSC Screening Levels

FD field duplicate

concentration or reporting limit estimated by laboratory or data validation

N primary sample

ND not detected at the listed reporting limit

NE not established

USEPA United States Environmental Protection Agency

- 1 Interim screening level is background value. If background value is not available then the interim screening value is the lower of the Ecological Comparison Value, residential DTSC-SL, or USEPA residential regional screening value.
- <sup>2</sup> United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA). 2017. Regional Screening Levels (RSLs) for Chemical Contaminants at Superfund Sites. November.
- <sup>3</sup> California Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC). 2018. Human Health Risk Assessment (HHRA) Note Number 3. January.
- <sup>4</sup> ARCADIS. 2008. "Technical Memorandum 3: Ecological Comparison Values for Metals and Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons in Soil." May 28.
- <sup>5</sup> CH2M HILL. 2009. "Final Soil Background Technical Memorandum at Pacific Gas and Electric Company Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California." May.

Print Date: 5/7/2018

# TABLE B-1b Sample Results: Dioxins and Furans SWMU 1 – Former Percolation Bed Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

													Dioxin/Fu	rans (ng/kg	<b>g</b> )								
	Interim S	creening	Level <sup>1</sup> :	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	16	50	5.58
Residentia	al Regional So	reening L	_evels2:	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE
		ential DTS		NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	50	NE
Ed	ological Com	•		NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	16	NE	1.6
-			round <sup>5</sup> :	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	5.98	5.58	5.58
Location	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	1,2,3,4,6,7,8- HpCDD	1,2,3,4,6,7,8- HpCDF	1,2,3,4,7,8,9- HpCDF	1,2,3,4,7,8- HxCDD	1,2,3,4,7,8- HxCDF	1,2,3,6,7,8- HxCDD	1,2,3,6,7,8- HxCDF	1,2,3,7,8,9- HxCDD	1,2,3,7,8,9- HxCDF	1,2,3,7,8- PeCDD	1,2,3,7,8- PeCDF	2,3,4,6,7,8- HxCDF	2,3,4,7,8- PeCDF	2,3,7,8-TCDD	2,3,7,8-TCDF	OCDD	OCDF	TEQ Avian	TEQ Human	TEQ Mammals
Category 1																					_		
SWMU1-18	01/07/16	0 - 1	N	3,300	310	33	13	ND (0.53)	91	26	27	ND (0.61)	ND (2.4)	ND (0.37)	ND (1,500)	2.7 J	ND (0.44)	ND (0.13)	47,000	980	98	140	140
	01/07/16	2 - 3	N	4.7 J	ND (0.2)	ND (0.049)	ND (0.092)	ND (0.093)	ND (0.091)	ND (0.086)	ND (0.086)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.085)	ND (0.14)	ND (3.3)	ND (0.15)	ND (0.062)	ND (0.24)	49	0.97 J	0.47	0.37	0.37
	01/07/16	5 - 6	N	3.5 J	ND (0.13)	ND (0.16)	ND (0.09)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.089)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.084)	ND (0.5)	ND (0.041)	ND (0.048)	ND (0.57)	ND (0.052)	ND (0.079)	ND (0.24)	13 J	0.39 J	0.29	0.2	0.2
	01/07/16	9 - 10	N	3.5 J	ND (0.2)	ND (0.25)	ND (0.073)	ND (0.31)	ND (0.079)	ND (0.29)	ND (0.075)	ND (0.36)	ND (0.063)	ND (0.044)	ND (0.87)	ND (0.047)	ND (0.075)	ND (0.14)	23 J	ND (0.12)	0.27	0.23	0.23
SWMU1-19	01/09/16	0 - 1	N	80	4.5 J	ND (0.23)	ND (0.82)	ND (0.35)	3.3 J	ND (0.33)	ND (1.5)	ND (0.41)	ND (0.41)	ND (0.27)	ND (41)	ND (0.29)	ND (0.1)	ND (0.31)	450	11 J	3	3.9	3.9
	01/09/16	2 - 3	N	14,000	2,200	ND (41)	130	320	770	ND (24)	350	ND (30)	63	ND (2.7)	ND (12,000)	36	3.1 J	ND (0.91)	240,000	6,500	850	1,100	1,100
	01/09/16	5 - 6	N	1,100	79	ND (3.7)	4.3 J	ND (2.1)	31	ND (1.9)	10 J	ND (2.4)	ND (1.5)	ND (0.8)	ND (360)	ND (0.86)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.58)	16,000	230	25	41	41
	01/09/16	9 - 10	N	3,300	170	25	17	ND (15)	120	ND (14)	45	ND (18)	7.8 J	3 J	ND (2,600)	17	ND (0.97)	ND (0.59)	43,000	300	170	210	210
	01/09/16	14 - 15	N	1,100 J	100 J	9.1 J	ND (6.4) J	ND (6.2) J	40 J	ND (9.1) J	12 J	ND (7.1) J	3 J	ND (1.9) J	ND (700) J	5.6 J	ND (0.48) J	0.9 J	15,000 J	120 J	<u>51</u>	63	63
	01/09/16	19 - 20	N	25 J	ND (2.4) J	ND (2.8) J	ND (0.11) J	ND (0.11) J	ND (0.12) J	ND (0.24) J	ND (0.27) J	ND (0.13) J	ND (0.079) J	ND (0.087)	J ND (29) J	ND (0.13) J	ND (0.07) J	ND (0.046) J	340 J	1.7 J	1.7	2	2
SWMU1-20	01/13/16	1 - 1.5	N	170	10 J	ND (0.9)	ND (1.1)	ND (0.44)	7 J	ND (0.6)	ND (2.6)	ND (0.51)	ND (0.87)	ND (0.31)	ND (33)	ND (0.33)	ND (0.44)	ND (0.44)	1,100	25	3.4	5.5	5.5
	01/13/16	2 - 3	N	63	3.1 J	ND (0.5)	ND (1.7)	ND (0.62)	3.7 J	ND (0.81)	3.9 J	ND (0.19)	ND (1.5)	ND (0.33)	ND (20)	ND (0.36)	ND (0.18)	ND (0.15)	670	9.3 J	2.8	3.7	3.7
	01/13/16	5 - 6	Ν	2,200	220	16	23	ND (16)	100	ND (15)	69	ND (19)	20	8 J	ND (690)	ND (3.5)	1.2 J	ND (2.6)	24,000	380	78	110	110
	01/13/16	9 - 10	N	13,000	1,500	150	75	350	730	59	170	36	31	ND (2.5)	ND (11,000)	75	4.6 J	ND (0.5)	160,000	5,700	780	950	950
	01/13/16	14 - 15	N	1,900	160	ND (7.6)	11 J	ND (140)	67	ND (130)	21	ND (160)	ND (2.5)	ND (0.8)	ND (1,300)	12 J	ND (0.46)	ND (0.39)	46,000	200	110	140	140
	01/13/16	19 - 20	N	4.8 J	ND (0.16)	ND (0.19)	ND (0.079)	ND (0.21)	ND (0.068)	ND (0.18)	ND (0.069)	ND (0.24)	ND (0.047)	ND (0.069)	ND (2.7)	ND (0.069)	ND (0.034)	ND (0.066)	ND (71)	ND (0.57)	0.29	0.29	0.29
SWMU1-21	01/26/16	0 - 1	N	10,000	1,100	49 J	ND (12)	28	130 J	ND (9.3)	ND (12)	ND (12)	ND (2.6)	ND (7.9)	ND (220)	7.9 J	0.69 J	ND (1.3)	140,000	13,000	65	190	190
	01/26/16	2 - 3	N	19,000	ND (320)	ND (410)	160	89	1,000	150	350	ND (38)	92	ND (61)	ND (6,500)	ND (66)	3.5 J	ND (6.8)	200,000	10,000	580	870	870
	01/26/16	5 - 6	N	1,600	21	ND (10)	27	ND (1.9)	30	ND (1.8)	8.4 J	ND (2.2)	ND (0.67)	ND (5.2)	ND (260)	ND (5.6)	ND (0.28)	ND (0.26)	12,000	44	23	41	41
	01/26/16	9 - 10	N	130	ND (0.95)	ND (0.39)	ND (0.64)	ND (0.21)	ND (2.6)	ND (0.19)	ND (1.2)	ND (0.24)	ND (0.082)	ND (0.21)	ND (0.21)	ND (0.22)	ND (0.062)	ND (0.11)	500	ND (1.3)	0.57	1.8	1.8
	01/26/16	14 - 15	N	31	ND (0.2)	ND (0.23)	ND (0.18)	ND (0.17)	ND (0.15)	ND (0.15)	ND (0.16)	ND (0.2)	ND (0.077)	ND (0.091)	ND (3.7)	ND (0.21)	ND (0.05)	ND (0.084)	110	1.1 J	0.48	0.68	0.68
	01/26/16	19 - 20	N	12 J	ND (0.087)	ND (0.34)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.074)	ND (0.47)	ND (0.15)	ND (0.092)	ND (0.084)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.066)	ND (1.6)	ND (0.077)	ND (0.058)	ND (0.066)	110	ND (1.3)	0.3	0.39	0.39
SWMU1-22	12/17/15	0 - 1	N	240 J	17 J	ND (1.1) J	ND (1.9) J	ND (2.7) J	6.1 J	ND (2.3) J	ND (2.8) J	ND (3.2) J	ND (0.36) J	ND (0.99) J	ND (24) J	ND (0.64) J	ND (0.26) J	ND (1.5) J	2,100 J	31 J	3.9	6.2	6.2
SWMU1-23	12/17/15	0 - 1	N	480 J	39 J	2.6 J	3 J	3.9 J	13 J	2.7 J	5.8 J	ND (1.1) J	2.2 J	1.5 J	ND (71) J	ND (1.1) J	ND (0.38) J	ND (1.1) J	5,200 J	94 J	10	16	16
SWMU1-24	12/17/15	0 - 1	N	47,000 J	5,500 J	ND (71) J	ND (540) J	150 J	1,600 J	260 J	ND (470) J	ND (38) J	150 J	ND (80) J	ND (4,000)	ND (81) J	(18 J)	7.4 J	360,000 J	5,000 J	650	1,300	1,300
SWMU1-25	01/26/16	0 - 1	N	140,000	ND (1,100)	ND (1,400)	1,900	ND (400)	14,000	1,600	2,900	ND (470)	910	ND (92)	ND (140,000	1,600	67	89	540,000	160,000	11,000	12,000	12,000
	01/26/16	2 - 3	N	340	13	ND (1.8)	1.9 J	ND (0.89)	7.8 J	ND (0.82)	ND (2.5)	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	ND (0.35)	ND (71)	ND (0.38)	ND (0.16)	ND (0.22)	4,400	35	5.4	9.9	9.9
	01/26/16	5 - 6	N	210	ND (5.6)	ND (1.3)	2.5 J	ND (0.85)	6.1 J	ND (0.79)	1.9 J	ND (1)	ND (0.17)	ND (0.53)	ND (37)	ND (0.57)	ND (0.58)	0.65 J	2,200	13 J	4.2	6.4	6.4
	01/26/16	9 - 10	N	59	5.4 J	ND (0.42)	ND (0.39)	ND (0.85)	1.7 J	ND (1.1)	ND (0.49)	ND (0.4)	ND (0.19)	ND (0.16)	ND (24)	ND (0.18)	ND (0.097)	ND (0.14)	670	12 J	1.9	2.6	2.6

## TABLE B-1b

Sample Results: Dioxins and Furans SWMU 1 – Former Percolation Bed Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

													Dioxin/Fu	rans (ng/kg	1)								
	Interim S	Screening	Level <sup>1</sup> :	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	16	50	5.58
Resid	ential Regional So	creening L	_evels <sup>2</sup> :	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE
	Resid	ential DTS	SC-SL3:	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	50	NE
	<b>Ecological Com</b>	parison V	/alues4 :	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	16	NE	1.6
			round <sup>5</sup> :	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	5.98	5.58	5.58
Location	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	1,2,3,4,6,7,8- HpCDD	1,2,3,4,6,7,8- HpCDF	1,2,3,4,7,8,9- HpCDF	1,2,3,4,7,8- HxCDD	1,2,3,4,7,8- HxCDF	1,2,3,6,7,8- HxCDD	1,2,3,6,7,8- HxCDF	1,2,3,7,8,9- HxCDD	1,2,3,7,8,9- HxCDF	1,2,3,7,8- PeCDD	1,2,3,7,8- PeCDF	2,3,4,6,7,8- HxCDF	2,3,4,7,8- PeCDF	2,3,7,8-TCDD	2,3,7,8-TCDF	OCDD	OCDF	TEQ Avian	TEQ Human	TEQ Mammals
SWMU1-26	01/08/17	0 - 0.5	N	450 J	37	ND (9.4)	ND (0.39)	ND (2)	12 J	ND (1.8)	2.9 J	ND (2.3)	ND (0.25)	ND (0.98)	ND (93)	ND (0.79)	ND (0.14)	ND (0.62)	5,100 J	75	7.7	13	13
	01/08/17	0 - 0.5	FD	1,200 J	70	5.7 J	2.1 J	ND (3.4)	21	ND (3.1)	4 J	ND (4)	ND (0.39)	ND (0.38)	ND (140)	ND (1)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.71)	8,000 J	150	12	26	26
	01/08/17	2 - 3	N	46	ND (3.4)	ND (0.6)	ND (0.25)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.25)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.61)	ND (0.15)	ND (0.16)	ND (0.16)	ND (10)	ND (0.51)	ND (0.27)	ND (1.2)	390	8.7 J	1.7	1.5	1.5
	01/08/17	5 - 6	N	410	61	8.3 J	ND (1.4)	ND (1.4)	14	5.6 J	ND (2.6)	ND (1.7)	ND (0.68)	ND (3.2)	ND (420)	ND (3.3)	ND (0.12)	0.77 J	7,100	120	27	31	31
	01/08/17	9 - 10	N	11 J	ND (2.8)	ND (2)	ND (0.57)	0.66 J	ND (0.48)	ND (0.49)	0.99 J	ND (1.2)	0.33 J	0.47 J	ND (1.7)	ND (0.17)	ND (0.11)	0.74 J	80	ND (4.2)	1.7	1	1
	01/08/17	14 - 15	N	1.9 J	ND (0.64)	ND (0.45)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.1)	ND (0.096)	ND (0.14)	ND (0.19)	ND (0.1)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.5)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.084)	ND (0.31)	20 J	ND (0.26)	0.37	0.22	0.22
	01/08/17	19 - 20	N	ND (0.19)	ND (0.37)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.086)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.078)	ND (0.15)	ND (0.5)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.68)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.45)	11 J	ND (1)	0.49	0.26	0.26
SWMU1-27	01/07/17	0 - 0.5	N	210	22	ND (4.4)	ND (1.1)	ND (0.42)	ND (0.37)	ND (2.3)	3 J	ND (1.2)	ND (0.53)	ND (2.1)	ND (78)	ND (0.4)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.28)	2,100	56	5.9	7.9	7.9
	01/07/17	2 - 3	N	34	ND (2.7)	ND (0.23)	ND (0.42)	ND (0.42)	1.1 J	ND (0.1)	0.74 J	ND (0.13)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.18)	ND (5.9)	ND (0.18)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.6)	250	ND (4.6)	1	1.1	1.1
	01/07/17	5 - 6	N	150	17	ND (2.6)	ND (0.63)	ND (1.8)	4.2 J	ND (1.6)	2 J	ND (2.1)	ND (0.92)	ND (0.53)	ND (44)	ND (0.51)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.59)	1,600	35	4.3	5.9	5.9
	01/07/17	9 - 10	N	ND (1.8)	ND (0.36)	ND (0.064)	ND (0.081)	ND (0.071)	ND (0.08)	ND (0.065)	ND (0.26)	ND (0.17)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.093)	ND (0.69)	ND (0.098)	ND (0.11)	0.27 J	ND (22)	ND (0.78)	0.5	0.24	0.24
	01/07/17	14 - 15	N	ND (0.28)	ND (0.14)	ND (0.62)	0.21 J	ND (0.24)	ND (0.27)	ND (0.057)	ND (0.078)	ND (0.42)	ND (0.08)	ND (0.072)	ND (0.2)	ND (0.075)	ND (0.17)	ND (0.69)	ND (9.9)	ND (1.3)	0.58	0.26	0.26
	01/07/17	19 - 20	N	ND (1.1)	ND (0.45)	ND (0.37)	ND (0.048)	ND (0.093)	ND (0.047)	ND (0.085)	ND (0.075)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.092)	ND (0.033)	ND (0.096)	ND (0.15)	ND (0.09)	ND (0.29)	ND (12)	ND (0.76)	ND (0.34)	ND (0.17)	ND (0.17)
SWMU1-28	02/14/17	0 - 0.5	N	150	14	ND (1.9)	ND (0.55)	ND (0.2)	ND (2.6)	ND (1.1)	ND (1.7)	ND (0.3)	ND (0.27)	ND (0.2)	ND (25)	ND (0.21)	ND (0.073)	ND (0.22)	1,000	57	2.2	3.8	3.8
	02/14/17	0 - 0.5	FD	120	15	ND (1.9)	ND (0.43)	ND (0.56)	3.5 J	ND (0.46)	ND (0.42)	ND (0.51)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.41)	ND (26)	ND (0.43)	ND (0.071)	ND (0.1)	1,000	59	2.2	3.6	3.6
	02/14/17	2 - 3	N	33	6.4 J	ND (0.7)	ND (0.27)	ND (0.35)	1.3 J	ND (0.18)	0.87 J	ND (0.22)	ND (0.32)	ND (0.3)	ND (8.7)	ND (0.56)	ND (0.061)	ND (0.17)	230	ND (11)	1.3	1.5	1.5
SWMU1-29	02/16/17	0 - 0.5	N	240 J	21	ND (1.7)	ND (1.2)	1.6 J	8.1 J	ND (0.92)	2.8 J	ND (0.34)	ND (0.62)	ND (0.93)	ND (49)	ND (1.1)	ND (0.15)	ND (0.57)	2,400	56 J	5	7.8	7.8
	02/16/17	2 - 3	N	4,700	250	25	61	20	240	18	ND (110)	4.6 J	39	7.4 J	ND (3,400)	7.1 J	ND (0.16)	2 J	48,000 J	320	250	320	320
	02/16/17	5 - 6	N	400	29	2.7 J	3.2 J	ND (2.9)	14	ND (1.6)	7 J	ND (0.27)	ND (1.8)	ND (0.68)	ND (190)	1.3 J	ND (0.11)	0.59 J	4,700	48	15	19	19
	02/16/17	9 - 10	N	380	23	2.3 J	ND (1.6)	2.4 J	9.2 J	ND (0.64)	ND (3.8)	ND (0.4)	ND (0.94)	ND (0.16)	ND (130)	ND (0.45)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.39)	6,200	43	9.3	15	15

Category 1: Validated data suitable for all uses, including risk assessment and remedial action decisions.

Category 2: Validated data suitable for use in characterization of the chemicals of potential concern at the facility and to help define the nature and extent of contamination.

Category 3: Validated data suitable only for use in qualitative characterization of the nature and extent of contamination.

Results greater than or equal to the Interim Screening Level are circled.

not analyzed

ft bgs feet below ground surface ng/kg nanograms per kilogram DTSC-SL DTSC Screening Levels

DTSC California Department of Toxic Substances Control FD Field Dupliicate

concentration or reporting limit estimated by laboratory or data validation

JR estimated value, one or more input values is "R" qualified.

Primary Sample NA NA = not applicable NE not established

R:\PGEAlliance\Topock\Topock\_DataGaps\_Tables\_RES.mdb\rptDioxins Print Date: 5/7/2018

#### TABLE B-1b

R

Sample Results: Dioxins and Furans SWMU 1 – Former Percolation Bed Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

ND not detected at the listed reporting limit

The result has been rejected; identification and/or quantitation could not be verified because critical QC specifications were not

met (e.g., a non-detect result obtained for an archive sample following a hold time of greater than one year).

USEPA USEPA = United States Environmental Protection Agency

- 1 For individual dioxins and furans, selected value is the lower of the ECV, residential DTSC-SL, or USEPA residential regional screening value, unless the background value is higher. For TEQ values, selected value is the DTSC-SL.
- 2 United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA). 2017. Regional Screening Levels (RSLs) for Chemical Contaminants at Superfund Sites. November.
- 3 California Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC). 2018. Human Health Risk Assessment (HHRA) Note Number 3. JanuaryCalifornia Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC). 2017. Human Health Risk Assessment (HHRA) Note 2, Soil Remedial Goals for Dioxins and Dioxin-like Compounds for Consideration at California Hazardous Waste Sites. April.
- 4 ARCADIS. 2008. "Technical Memorandum 3: Ecological Comparison Values for Metals and Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons in Soil." May 28. ARCADIS. 2009. "Topock Compression Station Final Technical Memorandum 4: Ecological Comparison Values for Additional Dectected Chemicals in Soil." July 1.
- 5 CH2M. 2017. Revised Ambient Study of Dioxins and Furans at the Pacific Gas and Electric Company, Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California. October.

#### Calculations:

TEQ = Sum of Result xToxic equivalency factor (TEF), 1/2 reporting limit used for nondetects. If all Dioxins and Furans are nondetect, the final qualifier code is U.

TEQ Avian = Sum of Result x TEF, 1/2 reporting limit used for nondetects. If all Dioxins and Furans are nondetect, the final qualifier code is U.

TEQMammals = Sum of Result x TEF, 1/2 reporting limit used for nondetects. If all Dioxins and Furans are nondetect, the final qualifier code is U.

Teq Humans = Sum of Result x TEF, 1/2 reporting limit used for nondetects. If all Dioxins and Furans are nondetect, the final qualifier code is U.

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TABLE B-2a

													Metals (mg	/kg)							
	Interim S	Screening	g Level <sup>1</sup> :	0.285	11	410	0.672	1.1	0.83	39.8	12.7	16.8	8.39	0.0125	1.37	27.3	1.47	5.15	0.78	52.2	58
	l Regional So Resid ological Com	ential Dī parison	rsc-sl 3.	31 NE 0.285 NE	0.68 0.11 11.4 11	15,000 NE 330 410	160 15 23.3 0.672	71 5.2 0.0151 1.1	0.3 NE 139.6 0.83	120,000 36,000 36.3 39.8	23 NE 13 12.7	3,100 NE 20.6 16.8	400 80 0.0166 8.39	11 1 0.0125 NE	390 NE 2.25 1.37	1,500 490 0.607 27.3	390 NE 0.177 1.47	390 390 5.15 NE	0.78 NE 2.32 NE	390 390 13.9 52.2	23,000 NE 0.164 58
Location	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	•	Antimony	Arsenic	Barium	Beryllium	Cadmium	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Cobalt	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Nickel	Selenium	Silver	Thallium	Vanadium	Zinc
Category 1				•																	
AOC1-BCW1	09/20/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	4.3	160	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.401)	23	6.4	11	7.5	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	26	44
	09/20/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	8.4	160	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.404)	25	9.4	15	2	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	19	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	40	28
AOC1-BCW2	10/04/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	3.4	96	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.403)	21	6	7.6	3.7	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	10	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	23	40
	10/04/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	3.1	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.407)	34	7.1	9.2	18	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	30	39
	10/04/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	3.1	100	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.404)	35	7.1	8.8	4.4	ND (0.1) *	1.5	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	28	41
	10/04/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2.1) *	3.8	120	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.426)	20	8.7	8.1	3.8	ND (0.1) *	ND (1.1)	14	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	38	39
AOC1-BCW3	10/04/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	4.4	140	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.416	25	6.4	11	7.3	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	27	51
	10/04/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	3.2	99	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.404)	25	7.5	9.8	4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	30	38
	10/04/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2.1) *	4.2	170	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.415)	23	11	9.6	2.2	ND (0.1) *	ND (2.1) *	14	ND (1)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.1) *	36	43
	10/04/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2.1) *	4	120	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.421)	21	9	8.5	2.2	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	13	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	36	38
	10/04/08	9 - 10	FD	ND (2.1) *	4.2	130	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.424)	22	9.3	8.8	2.3	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	14	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	37	41
AOC1-BCW4	10/04/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	4.4	180	ND (1) *	ND (1)	1.3	36	8.3	13	9.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	16	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	33	<u>61</u>
	10/04/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	2.9	76	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.407)	24	5.8	8.3	3.6	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	9.5	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	23	33
	10/04/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2.1) *	4	60	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.416)	23	9.4	8.4	2.7	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	14	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	37	45
	10/04/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2.1) *	5.1	81	ND (2.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.426)	22	9.7	7.6	2.3	ND (0.11) *	ND (2.1) *	15	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.3) *	35	42
AOC1-BCW5	10/04/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	3.7	160	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.445	35	8.7	12	6	ND (0.099) *	ND (1)	15	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	34	46
	10/04/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	3.5	130	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.407)	31	7.4	9.6	7	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	30	42
	10/04/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2.1) *	3.9	120	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.42)	26	9.9	8.4	2.7	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	15	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	41	44
	10/04/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2.1) *	4.7	110	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.425)	22	9.2	ND (7.4)	3.2	ND (0.11) *	ND (2.1) *	15	ND (1)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.2) *	35	40
	10/04/08	9 - 10	FD	ND (2.1) *	4.7	110	ND (2.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.427)	24	9	ND (7.3)	3	ND (0.11) *	ND (2.1) *	15	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.2) *	34	40
AOC1-BCW6	08/22/08 ‡		N	ND (5.7) *	13	320	ND (2.8) *	ND (2.8) *	2.63	71	7.7	22	23	ND (0.14) *	ND (2.8) *	18	ND (2.8) *	ND (2.8)	ND (5.7) *	37	81
	08/22/08 ‡	2-3	N	ND (5.8) *	9.3	230	ND (2.9) *	ND (2.9) *	ND (0.608)	21	6.3	14	8.7	ND (0.14) *	ND (2.9) *	13	ND (2.9) *	ND (2.9)	ND (5.8) *	31	50
AOC1-T1a	10/16/08	0 - 0.5		ND (2) *	6.5	100	ND (2) *	ND (1)	ND (0.406)	19	7.3	11	4.9	ND (0.1) *	ND (2) *	14	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4) *	30	38
	10/16/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	3.2	120	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.404)	27	7.7	8.6	3.8	ND (0.1) *	2	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	29	37
	10/16/08 10/16/08	5 - 6 9 - 10	N	ND (2) *	3.5	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.405)	26	7.2	9.5	3.4	ND (0.1) *	2	12 0.5	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	29	34
AOC4 T45			N	ND (2) *	2.4	88	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.404)	14	7.3	7.5	1.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	9.5	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	29	32
AOC1-T1b	10/16/08	0 - 0.5		ND (2) *	2.9	88	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.405)	43 J	8.4	9	3.1	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	14	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	36 35	31
	10/16/08 10/16/08	0 - 0.5 2 - 3		ND (2) *	2.8	86 210	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.405)	33 J	8.2	10 12	3.2 3.9	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	16 16	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	35 22	32 67
	10/16/08	5-6	N N	ND (2.1) * ND (2) *	2.9 3	99	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (1.94) * 0.402	98	7.5 7.2	12 9	3.9	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	16 12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	33	
	10/16/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2) *	2.6	120	ND (1) * ND (1) *	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (0.402)	42	8	11	2.6	ND (0.1) * ND (0.1) *	5	12 14	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (2) * ND (2) *	31 30	31 32
AOC1-T1c	10/16/08	0 - 0.5		ND (2) *		120	ND (1) *		0.601	$\sim$	7.4	13	7.5	ND (0.1) *	1.9	11		ND (1)	ND (2) *	33	53
A001-110	10/16/08	2 - 3	N N	ND (2) ND (2.1) *	3.2 2.6	150	ND (1) ND (1) *	ND (1) ND (1)	4.77 J	140	7. <del>4</del> 8	26	7.5 20 J	ND (0.1) ND (0.1) *	2.5	11 J	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (2) ND (2.1) *	33	82 J
	10/16/08	2 - 3	FD	ND (2.1) ND (2.1) *	3	170	ND (1) *	ND (1) ND (1)	3.58 J	150	8.2	29	32 J	ND (0.1) ND (0.1) *	2.2	11 J 14 J	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (2.1) ND (2.1) *	29	110 J
	10/16/08	5-6	N	ND (2.1)	3.1	97	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.446	46	7.2	15	5	ND (0.1) *	3	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1)	27	44
	10/16/08																	. ,			
	10/16/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2.1) *	2.8	120	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.418)	20	8.6	11	1.9	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	33	38

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TABLE B-2a

Proceedings   Procedure   Pr														Metals (mg	/kg)							
Part		Interim S	creening	Level 1:	0.285	11	410	0.672	1.1	0.83	39.8	12.7	16.8	8.39	0.0125	1.37	27.3	1.47	5.15	0.78	52.2	58
Part		Resid	ential DT: parison \	SC-SL <sup>3</sup> . /alues <sup>4</sup> :	NE 0.285	0.11 11.4	NE 330	15 23.3	5.2 0.0151	NE 139.6	36,000 36.3	NE 13	NE 20.6	80 0.0166	1 0.0125	NE 2.25	490 0.607	NE 0.177	390 5.15	NE 2.32	390 13.9	NE 0.164
Minisha   1.4   Minisha   1.4   Minisha   1.4   Minisha   1.4   Minisha   1.4   Minisha   Mini	Location	Date			Antimony	Arsenic	Barium	Beryllium	Cadmium	,	,	Cobalt	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Nickel	Selenium	Silver	Thallium	Vanadium	Zinc
Ministry	AOC1-T2a	10/05/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	4	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.403)	26	7.1	10	4.8	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	30	38
Ministry		10/16/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	6	120	ND (2) *	ND (1)	ND (0.407)	28	8.7	10	4	ND (0.1) *	ND (2) *	15	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4) *	32	42
March   Marc		10/16/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	2.7	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.405)	19	8.1	8.3	2.4	ND (0.1) *	1.1	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	28	35
March   Marc		10/16/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2.1) *	2.9	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.416)	15	7.4	7.1	2.1	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	27	36
10/1600   5-8   N   ND   P   24   90   ND   ND   ND   ND   ND   ND   ND   N	AOC1-T2b	10/16/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) J*	3.6	120	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.408)	26	7.3	9.3	3.2	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	28	39
Marche   M		10/16/08	2 - 3	N	` ,	3	93	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.414)	26	6.9	10	3	ND (0.1) *		11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *		33
								` '	( )	` ,					` '			* *	* *	• •		
March   Marc					` '			` '	( )	` ,					` '			` '	` '	` '		
100808   2-3   N   NO   NO   100   NO   NO   NO   NO   NO   NO   NO					. ,			. ,	. ,						` '			. ,	. ,	` ,		
100008   5-6   N   NO   N   NO   12   23   81   NO   NO   NO   NO   NO   NO   NO   N	AOC1-T2c				` ,																	
March   Marc				N					` '	` ,												
ACCI-T26   1007/08   0-0.5   N   ND (2)   3   100   ND (1)   ND (1				N N	` ,			` '	( )	` '						. ,		* *	` '			
1007/08   2-3   N   ND   101	AOC1 T2d				` '			. ,	. ,	, ,								. ,	. ,	. ,		
1007/08   6 - 6   N   ND   21   ND   01   84   ND   11   22   230   0.9   11   3.9   ND   0.11   1.1   11   ND   11   ND   11   ND   12   12   26   130	AUC1-120								` '													
100708   9-10   N   ND(21)   4.5   88   ND(21)   ND(1)   \(\frac{2}{2}\) \(\frac{1}{2}\) \(\frac{1}\) \(\frac					` ,			• ,	` '									* *	* *			
100708   19-20   N   ND (21)   5.8   56   ND (21)   ND (11)   ND (0.42)   28   10   9.2   3   ND (0.1)   ND (2.1)   ND (2.1)   ND (2.1)   ND (4.2)   38   45					` ,	` '		` '										` ,	* *	, ,		
1007/08   29-30   N   ND (2.1)   6.2   38   ND (2.1)   ND (1.1)   ND (0.424)   21   8.5   8.9   2.7   ND (1.1)   ND (0.1)   ND (0.1)   ND (0.1)   ND (2.1)   ND (0.2)   31   37				N	` ,				` '					3		` ,		* *	` ,	, ,		
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			29 - 30	N					ND (1)	` ,		8.5		2.7					` ,			
1007/08   49-50   N   ND (2:1)*   4.1   62   ND (1:1)*   ND (1:1)*   ND (0:45)   28   9.3   10   2.1   ND (0:11)*   ND (1:1)   17   ND (1:1)   ND (1:1)   ND (1:1)*   ND (2:1)*   36   38		10/07/08	29 - 30	FD	ND (2.1) *	9.7	40	ND (5.3) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.423)	24	8.7	ND (11)	2.2		ND (5.3) *	16	ND (1.1)	ND (5.3) *	ND (11) *	34	36
100808   59-60   N   ND (2)*   53   36   ND (2)*   ND (1)   ND (0.0406)   39   9   9.8   2.2   ND (0.1)*   4.7   13   ND (1)   ND (2)   ND (4)*   33   32		10/07/08	39 - 40	N	ND (2.1) *	6.4	79	ND (2.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.431)	22	8.9	11	3.6	ND (0.11) *	ND (2.1) *	16	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.3) *	34	42
10/08/08   69-70   N   ND (22)*   4.4   41   ND (1.1)* ND (1.1)* ND (0.435)   18   9.1   9.8   2.8   ND (0.11)*   2.2   13   ND (1.1)   ND (1.1)   ND (1.1)   ND (2.2)*   31   31		10/07/08	49 - 50	N	ND (2.1) *	4.1	62	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.425)	28	9.3	10	2.1	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	17	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	36	38
AOC1-T2e		10/08/08	59 - 60	N	ND (2) *	5.3	36	ND (2) *	ND (1)	ND (0.406)	39	9	9.8	2.2	ND (0.1) *	4.7	13	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4) *	33	32
10/16/08   2-3   N   ND (2)*   2.9   87   ND (1)*   ND (1)   ND (0.408)   30   6.9   8.4   3.2   ND (0.1)*   1.4   12   ND (1)   ND (1)   ND (2)*   27   30		10/08/08	69 - 70	N	ND (2.2) *	4.4	41	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.435)	18	9.1	9.8	2.8	ND (0.11) *	2.2	13	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.2) *	31	31
10/16/08   2-3   FD   ND (2)*   3.1   90   ND (1)*   ND (0.408)   32   7.1   8   3.2   ND (0.1)*   1.3   12   ND (1)   ND (1)   ND (2)*   27   33	AOC1-T2e	10/16/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	2.9	98	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.405)	34	7.5	9.3	3.4	ND (0.1) *	2.2	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	29	36
10/16/08   5-6   N   ND (2)*   2.6   98   ND (1)*   ND (0.402)   44   7   8.4   2.3   ND (0.1)*   5.4   12   ND (1)   ND (1)   ND (2)*   26   32		10/16/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	2.9	87	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.408)	30	6.9	8.4	3.2	ND (0.1) *	$\bigcirc 1.4 \bigcirc$	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	27	30
10/16/08   9 - 10   N   ND (2.1)*   2.5   100   ND (1)   ND (0.415)   20   6.4   4.9   1.1   ND (0.1)*   1.1   9   ND (1)   ND (1)   ND (1)   ND (2.1)*   24   27				FD		3.1		` '											* *			
AOC1-T3a								` '				•										
10/17/08   2-3   N   ND (2) *   4.4   110   ND (1) * ND (1) ND (0.407)   19   7.1   9   4.2   ND (0.1) * ND (1) ND (1) ND (1) ND (1) ND (1) ND (2) *   29   37					, ,			. ,	` ,						` '			. ,	. ,	` ,		
10/17/08   5 - 6   N   ND (2) *   4.2   110   ND (1) * ND (1) ND (0.405)   23   7   12   14   ND (0.1) *   1.7   12   ND (1) ND (1) ND (1) ND (2) *   28   39	AOC1-T3a																		* *			
10/17/08   9 - 10   N   ND (2) *   2.9   99   ND (1) * ND (1)   ND (0.406)   15   7.2   10   1.9   ND (0.1) * ND (1)   9.8   ND (1)   ND (1)   ND (1)   ND (2) *   26   33					` ,														` '			
AOC1-T3b												•						* *	* *	• •		
10/17/08 2-3 N ND (2.1)* 3.1 120 ND (1)* ND (1) 2.77 170 6.5 13 9.1 ND (0.11)* ND (1) 12 ND (1) ND (1) ND (2.1)* 26 120 ND (17/08 5-6 N ND (2)* 2.3 92 ND (1)* ND (1) ND (0.405) 46 7 8.6 2.3 ND (0.1)* 4.6 12 ND (1) ND (1) ND (2)* 25 34 ND (17/08 9-10 N ND (2)* 2.7 110 ND (1)* ND (1)* ND (1)* ND (1)* ND (1)* ND (1)* ND (2)* 28 31	AOC1 T25															. ,		. ,	. ,	. ,		
10/17/08 5 - 6 N ND (2) * 2.3 92 ND (1) * ND (1) ND (0.405) 46 7 8.6 2.3 ND (0.1) * 4.6 12 ND (1) ND (1) ND (2) * 25 34 10/17/08 9 - 10 N ND (2) * 2.7 110 ND (1) * ND (1) ND (0.41) 17 7.3 7.7 1.7 ND (0.1) * 1.1 9.4 ND (1) ND (1) ND (2) * 28 31	AUC 1-13D																		` '			
10/17/08 9 - 10 N ND (2)* 2.7 110 ND (1)* ND (1) ND (0.41) 17 7.3 7.7 1.7 ND (0.1)* 1.1 9.4 ND (1) ND (1) ND (2)* 28 31																						
								• ,				•							` '			
		10/17/08	9 - 10	FD	ND (2.1) *	2.5	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.412)	16	7.2	6.5	1.9	ND (0.1) *	1.1	9.5	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	29	32

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TABLE B-2a

													Metals (mg	/kg)							
	Interim S	Screenin	g Level <sup>1</sup> :	0.285	11	410	0.672	1.1	0.83	39.8	12.7	16.8	8.39	0.0125	1.37	27.3	1.47	5.15	0.78	52.2	58
Reside	ntial Regional Sc	creening	Levels 2:	31	0.68	15,000	160	71	0.3	120,000	23	3,100	400	11	390	1,500	390	390	0.78	390	23,000
		lential D1	/ <b>"</b>	NE	0.11	NE	15	5.2	NE	36,000	NE	NE	80	1	NE	490	NE	390	NE	390	NE
	Ecological Com		5	0.285	11.4	330	23.3	0.0151	139.6	36.3	13	20.6	0.0166	0.0125	2.25	0.607	0.177	5.15	2.32	13.9	0.164
		Васк	ground $\check{\ }$ :	NE	11	410	0.672	1.1	0.83	39.8	12.7	16.8	8.39	NE	1.37	27.3	1.47	NE	NE	52.2	58
Location	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	•	Antimony	Arsenic	Barium	Beryllium	Cadmium	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Cobalt	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Nickel	Selenium	Silver	Thallium	Vanadium	Zinc
AOC1-T3c	10/05/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	4.6	130	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.42	27	6.5	11	7	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	29	46
	10/05/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	3.5	98	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.41)	30	8.9	9.7	3.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	14	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	33	39
	10/05/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	3.7	130	ND (1) *	ND (1)	1.65	<b>89</b>	8.8	12	5.8	ND (0.1) *	$\bigcirc 1.4 \bigcirc$	14	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	34	65
	10/05/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2) *	2.7	94	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.403)	19	8.2	10	2.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	32	36
AOC1-T4a	10/03/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	4.2	120	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.402)	28	7.3	11	5.5	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	26	51
	10/03/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	3.9	99	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.407)	26	7.7	10	4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	14	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	31	40
	10/03/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	4	89	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.409)	25	8.3	11	3.3	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	14	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	34	40
	10/03/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2) *	3.7	160	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.525	26	6.9	9.6	4.3	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	28	36
AOC1-T4b	10/02/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	2.9	83	ND (1) *	ND (1)	1.26	21	6.3	7.5	2.6	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	10	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	22	29
	10/02/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	3.7	120	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.412)	29	7.6	12	8.8 J	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	33	46
	10/02/08	2 - 3	FD	ND (2) *	3.5	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.408)	28	7.2	11	7 J	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	31	50
	10/02/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2.1) *	3.6	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.419)	24	9.9	9.6	3.2	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	33	39
	10/02/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2.1) *	3.2	100	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.415)	19	7.7	8.8	2.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	31	37
AOC1-T4c	10/04/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) J*	4.2	100	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.403)	19	5.5	22	5.9	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	9.4	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	25	33
	10/04/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	3.8	130	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.816	27	8.9	19	$\bigcirc 14 \bigcirc$	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	38	67
	10/04/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	3.3	150	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.868	28	9.2	$\bigcirc$ 21	<u>19</u>	ND (0.1) *	1.3	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	36	71
	10/04/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2.1) *	3.1	120	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.413)	27	8.3	13	5.8	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	35	47
AOC1-T5a	10/04/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	3.1	150	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.402)	21	7.8	13	4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	33	41
	10/04/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	2.8	95	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.403)	39	9	10	3.2	ND (0.099) *	ND (1)	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	32	38
	10/04/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	3.8	99	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.405)	35	9	24	3.4	ND (0.1) *	2.2	17	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	32	38
	10/04/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2) *	2.6	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.411)	24	7.4	11	3.6	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	30	38
	10/04/08	9 - 10	FD	ND (2) *	2.4	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.409)	27	7.8	11	3.1	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	30	38
AOC1-T5b	10/04/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) J*	2.4	73	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.402)	26	6.8	11	4.9	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	28	33
	10/04/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	3.3	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.452	<u>41</u>	7.2	9.5	4.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	32	38
	10/04/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	3.4	120	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.596	<u>61</u>	7.9	9.8	4.8	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	31	41
	10/04/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2) *	3.5	120	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.409)	23	9.6	13	3.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	39	41
AOC1-T5c	10/04/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	3.7	140	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.403)	15	6.7	8.8	5.8	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	8.7	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	27	37
	10/04/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	3.3	150	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.875	31	8.6	12	7.5	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	35	53
	10/04/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	3.1	130	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.641	36	7.2	12	$\bigcirc 11 \bigcirc$	ND (0.099) *	ND (1)	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	31	49
	10/04/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2) *	3.5	130	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.478	21	7.7	9.8	3.9	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	32	39
AOC1-T6a	09/30/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	3.2	96	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.402)	20	6.3	11	5.6	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	28	47
	09/30/08	2.5 - 3	N	ND (2) *	3.2	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.408)	20	6.9	8.9	5.6	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	29	36
	09/30/08	2.5 - 3		ND (2) *	3.1	100	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.407)	21	6.6	8.8	5.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	31	40
	09/30/08	5.5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	2.3	94	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.408)	16	7.2	7.9	3.9	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	10	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	33	34
	09/30/08	9.5 - 10	) N	ND (2) *	3.2	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.41)	20	7	8.7	12	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	32	40
AOC1-T6b	09/30/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	3	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.401)	26	6.3	9	5.5	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	10	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	31	41
	09/30/08	2.5 - 3	N	ND (2) *	3.4	130	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.404)	18	5.7	7.1	4.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	8.5	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	25	29
	09/30/08	5.5 - 6		ND (2) *	2.9	100	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.404)	22	7.3	10	3.2	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	30	36
	09/30/08			ND (2) *	2.8	94	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.405)	25	7	9.3	3.1 J	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	30	37
	09/30/08	9.5 - 10	) FD	ND (2) *	3	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.404)	27	7.9	10	(8.5 J)	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	33	39

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TABLE B-2a

													Metals (mg	/kg)							
'	Interim S	creening	Level 1:	0.285	11	410	0.672	1.1	0.83	39.8	12.7	16.8	8.39	0.0125	1.37	27.3	1.47	5.15	0.78	52.2	58
Residentia	l Regional So	reening l	Levels 2:	31	0.68	15,000	160	71	0.3	120,000	23	3,100	400	11	390	1,500	390	390	0.78	390	23,000
		ential DT	<b>/-</b>	NE	0.11	NE	15	5.2	NE	36,000	NE	NE	80	1	NE	490	NE	390	NE	390	NE
Ec	ological Com		- 5	0.285	11.4	330	23.3	0.0151	139.6	36.3	13	20.6	0.0166	0.0125	2.25	0.607	0.177	5.15	2.32	13.9	0.164
		Backg	round :	NE	11	410	0.672	1.1	0.83	39.8	12.7	16.8	8.39	NE	1.37	27.3	1.47	NE	NE	52.2	58
Location	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	Antimony	Arsenic	Barium	Beryllium	Cadmium	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Cobalt	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Nickel	Selenium	Silver	Thallium	Vanadium	Zinc
AOC1-T6c	09/30/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	2.9	81	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.401)	18	6.4	8.7	3.2	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	10	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	25	39
	09/30/08	2.5 - 3	N	ND (2) *	5.1	94	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.407)	26	6.6	9.7	5.1	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	29	37
	09/30/08	5.5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	2.4	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.406)	21	9	9.4	2.9	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	32	37
AOC4-1	10/14/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) J*	3.7	(440 J)	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.49	<u>47</u>	6.7	16	8.5	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	19	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	23	48
	10/14/08	0.5 - 1	N	ND (2) *	4	120	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.404)	32	9.6	13	10	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	17	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	32	47
	10/14/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	3.6	120	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.405)	20	7.4	12	17	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	30	39
AOC1-1	01/23/16	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2.1) *	3.5	93	ND (1) *	ND (1)	12	410	6.8	14	5.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	31	74
	01/23/16	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	2.5	120	ND (1) *	ND (1)	4.1	290	7.6	14	4.5	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	35	74
	01/23/16	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	2.3	130	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	15	7	9	2.6	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	10	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	31	34
	01/23/16	9 - 10	N	ND (2) *	1.5	99	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	17	7.7	9.6	2.1	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	36	35
	01/23/16	14 - 15	N	ND (2) *	1.8	130	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	18	9	11	1.8	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	15 J	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	32	36
	01/23/16	14 - 15	FD	ND (2) *	1.5	130	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	19	8.5	12	1.9	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12 J	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	35	36
	01/24/16	19 - 20	N	ND (2) *	1.1	100	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	18	8.7	9	1.3	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	36	39
	01/24/16	29 - 30	N	ND (2.1) *	1.5	100	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	16	9.5	12	2.3	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	36	41
AOC1-2	01/23/16	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2.1) *	2.2	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	20	7.9	9.1	4.2	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	15	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	35	38
	01/23/16	2 - 3	N	ND (2) J*	1.7	180	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	18 J	8	9.1	1.9	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1) J	ND (1)	ND (2) *	31	36
	01/23/16	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	1.7	130	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	19	8.7	11	1.8	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	32	36
	01/23/16	9 - 10	N	ND (2) *	ND (1)	74	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	18	6.7	6.3	1	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	25	28
	01/23/16	14 - 15	N	ND (2) *	ND (1)	92	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	13	7.9	8.1	1	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	8.5	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	35	34
	01/23/16	19 - 20	N	ND (2) *	1.5	73	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	16 J	7.8	7.7	1.5	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12 J	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	30	35
	01/23/16	20 - 30	FD	ND (2) *	1.4	84	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	13 J	7.6	8	1.3	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	9.4 J	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	33	36
	01/23/16	29 - 30	N	ND (2) *	1.1	94	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	15	7.8	7.6	1.2	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	31	31
AOC1-3	01/25/16	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2.1) *	3	100	ND (1) *	ND (1)	<u> 14</u>	410	7.9	13	3.7	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	14	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	37	90
	01/25/16	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	2.4	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	3.7	210	8.6	11	3.3	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	14	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	36	60
	01/25/16	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	1.2	130	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	24	8.6	14	1.5	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	37	39
	01/25/16	9 - 10	N	ND (2) *	1.3	97	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	13	7.5	7.7	1.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	8.9	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	33	32
	01/25/16	14 - 15	N	ND (2) *	1.8	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	17	8.1	10	1.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	38	40
	01/25/16	14 - 15	FD	ND (2) *	1.4	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	19	8.3	9.8	1.3	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	37	43
	01/25/16	19 - 20	N	ND (2) *	1.5	120	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	19	9.5	11	1.6	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	14	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	42	38
	01/25/16	29 - 30	N	ND (2) *	1.3	66	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	15	7.5	11	2.2	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	34	34
	01/25/16	39 - 40	N	ND (2.2) *	2.7	40	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.22)	22	9.7	10	1.7	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	18	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.2) *	35	39
	01/25/16	49 - 50	N	ND (2.1) *	2.8	42	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.21)	23	11	14	2.3	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	19	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	45	42
	01/25/16	59 - 60	N	ND (2.1) *	4	42	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.21)	39	10	14	2.2	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	23	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	45	42
	01/26/16	69 - 70	N	ND (2.1) *	2.2	64	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	20	8.9	19	1.5	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	15	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	35	38
	01/26/16	79 - 80	N	ND (2.1) *	2.4	86	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	17	7.1	13	1.3	ND (0.11) *	ND (1)	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	29	31

TABLE B-2a

_													Metals (mg	/kg)							
	Interim	Screenin	ıg Level <sup>1</sup> :	0.285	11	410	0.672	1.1	0.83	39.8	12.7	16.8	8.39	0.0125	1.37	27.3	1.47	5.15	0.78	52.2	58
	ntial Regional Se Resid Ecological Com	dential D nparison	TSC-SL 3	31 NE 0.285 NE	0.68 0.11 11.4 11	15,000 NE 330 410	160 15 23.3 0.672	71 5.2 0.0151 1.1	0.3 NE 139.6 0.83	120,000 36,000 36.3 39.8	23 NE 13 12.7	3,100 NE 20.6 16.8	400 80 0.0166 8.39	11 1 0.0125 NE	390 NE 2.25 1.37	1,500 490 0.607 27.3	390 NE 0.177 1.47	390 390 5.15 NE	0.78 NE 2.32 NE	390 390 13.9 52.2	23,000 NE 0.164 58
Location	Date	Depth (ft bgs		Antimony	Arsenic	Barium	Beryllium	Cadmium	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Cobalt	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Nickel	Selenium	Silver	Thallium	Vanadium	Zinc
AOC1-4	01/23/16	0 - 0.5	5 N	ND (2) *	1.9	82	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	13	6.7	7	1.9	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	9	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	26	35
	01/23/16	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	2	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	19	7.7	8.7	3	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	32	30
	01/23/16	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	1.8	84	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	14	6.8	10	2.9	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	9.5	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	30	31
	01/23/16	9 - 10	) N	ND (2) *	1.8	90	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	14	7	9.3	2.2	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	31	33
	01/23/16	14 - 1	5 N	ND (2) *	1.8	95	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	35	7.6	9.1	2	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	14	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	33	35
	01/23/16	19 - 20	0 N	ND (2) *	1.6	99	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	16	8.4	8.4	1.2	ND (0.1) J*	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	33	37
	01/23/16	19 - 20	0 FD	ND (2) J*	1.6	110 J	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	21	9.9	11	1.3	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	15	ND (1) J	ND (1)	ND (2) *	39	43 J
	01/23/16	29 - 30	0 N	ND (2.1) *	2.5	1,400	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.21)	16	8.1	7.9	2.2	ND (0.1) *	ND (1.1)	14	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	32	39
AOC1-5	01/09/17	0 - 0.5	5 N	ND (2.1) *	1.3	65	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	14	7.2	7.3	1.5	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	9.7	ND (1) J	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	28	26
	01/09/17	2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	1.6	76	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	24	8.8	8.7	ND (1)	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1) J	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	42	32
	01/09/17	5 - 6	N	ND (2.1) *	1.4	77	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	19	7.6	7.9	2.1	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	10	ND (1) J	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	27	45
	01/09/17	9 - 10	N	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	13	7.2	9.5	ND (1)	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	8.6	ND (1) J	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	29	28
	01/09/17	14 - 1	5 N	ND (2.1) *	1.7	51	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.21)	18	8.4	8.3	1.9	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	13	ND (1.1) J	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	29	34
AOC1-6	01/09/17	0 - 0.5	5 N	ND (2.1) *	1.8	69	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.22	23	8.4	11	2.9	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	11	ND (1) J	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	30	34
	01/09/17	2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	1.1	60	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	17	7.1	6.7	1.2	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	9.4	ND (1) J	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	25	27
	01/09/17	5 - 6	N	ND (2.1) *	1.3	92	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	14	8.3	8.8	ND (1)	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	9.4	ND (1) J	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	29	30
	01/09/17	9 - 10	N	ND (2.1) *	2.1	50	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	21	9.9	8.3	1.5	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	13	ND (1) J	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	36	35
	01/09/17	14 - 15	5 N	ND (2.1) *	2.8	52	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	23	9.4	7.3	1.6	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	17	ND (1) J	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	32	38
AOC16-5	02/20/17	0 - 0.5	5 N	ND (2.1) *	1.5	130	ND (1) *	(1.4)	0.56	28 J	5.7 J	(18 J)	29 J		ND (1)	9.8 J	ND (1) J	ND (1)	ND (2.1) J*	20 J	46 J
	02/20/17	0 - 0.5	5 FD	ND (2.1) *	1.7	130	ND (1) *	1.3	0.61	22 J	8.1 J	11 J	3.9 J	0.12	ND (1)	14 J	ND (1) J	ND (1)	ND (2.1) J*	25 J	36 J
	02/20/17	2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	1.3	84	ND (1) *	1.1	ND (0.21)	13	7.6	28	1.3	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1) J	ND (1)	ND (2.1) J*	22	25
AOC1-7	01/09/17	0 - 0.5	5 N	ND (2.1) *	1.6 J	56	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	14	6.4	9.4	1.6	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	9.3 J	ND (1) J	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	21	28 J
	01/09/17	2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	1.7	62	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	20	9.5	9	1.9	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	34	35
	01/09/17	2 - 3	FD	ND (2.1) *	1.6	56	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	18	8.6	7.1	1.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	30	33
	01/09/17	5 - 6	N	ND (2.1) *	1.6	51	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	18	9.3	6.3	1.1	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	33	35
	01/09/17	9 - 10	) N	ND (2.1) *	1.9	86	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	25	11	8.8	1.6	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	16	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	38	42
	01/09/17	14 - 1	5 N	ND (2.1) *	1.9	61	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	22	10	9.2	1.3	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	15	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	36	38
AOC1-8	01/05/17	0 - 0.5		ND (2.1) *	2.2	110	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.21)	26	6.1	12	4.1	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	9.9	ND (1.1) J	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) J*	22	41
<b>-</b>	01/05/17	2 - 3		ND (2.4) *	2.4	130	ND (1.2) *	ND (1.2) *	0.24	16	5.8	10	12	ND (0.12) *	ND (1.2)	7.3	ND (1.2) J	ND (1.2)	ND (2.4) J*	24	40
AOC1-BCW10		0 - 0.5		ND (2.1) *	3.6	190	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	52	8.5	16	(11)	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	14	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	33	65
, (OO 1-DOW 10	02/04/16	2 - 3		ND (2.1) *	3.4	190	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.42	66	8.8	15	11	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	14	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	32	63
	02/04/16	5-6		ND (2.1)	1.7	100	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.42 ND (0.2)	17	7.8	9.5	1.1	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) ND (2) *	30	35
	02/04/16	9 - 10		ND (2.1) *	2.6	150	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	25 J	7.0 11	7.9	1.8	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	16	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	40	49
	02/04/16			ND (2.1) *	2.5	160	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.21)	29 J	11	8.2	1.9	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	14	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	41	44
AOC1 PCW44														• • •	` '		, ,	, ,	· · · · ·		
AOC1-BCW11		0 - 0.5		ND (2.1) *	4.4 2.5	180 180	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.21) J	19 38	6.6	14 15	8.5	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	12 17	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	25 41	54 54
	02/04/16	2 - 3 5 - 6		ND (2) *	2.5	180 210	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.36	38	11 10	15 16	6.3 7.3	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	17 18	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	41 38	54
	02/04/16			ND (2.1) *	3.3	210	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.5 ND (0.22)					ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	18 7.3	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *		62
	02/04/16	9 - 10	, IN	ND (2.2) *	2.1	91	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.22)	11	6.5	6	ND (1.1)	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	7.3	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.2) *	22	27

R:\PGEAlliance\Topock\Topock\_DataGaps\_Tables\_RES.mdb\rptMetal

TABLE B-2a

													Metals (mg	/kg)							
	Interim \$	Screening	g Level <sup>1</sup> :	0.285	11	410	0.672	1.1	0.83	39.8	12.7	16.8	8.39	0.0125	1.37	27.3	1.47	5.15	0.78	52.2	58
	l Regional So Resid ological Com	lential DT nparison '	SC-SL 3	31 NE 0.285 NE	0.68 0.11 11.4 11	15,000 NE 330 410	160 15 23.3 0.672	71 5.2 0.0151 1.1	0.3 NE 139.6 0.83	120,000 36,000 36.3 39.8	23 NE 13 12.7	3,100 NE 20.6 16.8	400 80 0.0166 8.39	11 1 0.0125 NE	390 NE 2.25 1.37	1,500 490 0.607 27.3	390 NE 0.177 1.47	390 390 5.15 NE	0.78 NE 2.32 NE	390 390 13.9 52.2	23,000 NE 0.164 58
Location	Date	Depth (ft bgs)		Antimony	Arsenic	Barium	Beryllium	Cadmium	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Cobalt	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Nickel	Selenium	Silver	Thallium	Vanadium	Zinc
AOC1-BCW12	02/04/16	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2.2) *	4.3	200	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.23)	29	7.5	15	9.8	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	13	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.2) *	30	74
	02/04/16	2 - 3	N	ND (2.3) *	4	190	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	0.8	48	7.7	17	$\bigcirc$ 10	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	13	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.3) *	31	58
	02/04/16	5 - 6	N	ND (2.1) *	2.5	110	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.21)	12	6.2	6.9	2	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	8.3	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	24	30
	02/04/16	9 - 10	N	ND (2.1) *	2.1	92	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.21)	13	7.3	6.5	1.3	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	8.2	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	26	29
AOC1-BCW13	02/04/16	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2.1) *	3.7	190	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.21)	29	8	16	8.7	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	14	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	31	62
	02/04/16	2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	2.4	190	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	0.22	22	10	$\bigcirc 17 \bigcirc$	1.5	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	14	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	39	44
	02/04/16	5 - 6	N	ND (2.2) *	3.4	73	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.22)	17	9.3	11	2	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	14	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.2) *	34	39
	02/04/16	9 - 10	N	ND (2.2) *	2.5	140	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.22)	16	8.6	6.5	1.5	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	11	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.2) *	30	35
AOC1-BCW14	02/04/16	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2.1) *	2.5	150	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.21)	28	9.5	12	4.7	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	14	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	39	49
	02/04/16	2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	2.5	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.23	15	7.7	10	3.6	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	32	34
	02/04/16	5 - 6	N N	ND (2.1) J*	ND (1)	88 J	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	14	8	8.8	1.3	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	9.6	ND (1) J	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	29	34
A COA DOWAS	02/04/16	9 - 10	- IN	ND (2.1) *	4.5	280	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.21)	19	11	22	1.2	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	18	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	37	29
AOC1-BCW15	02/04/16	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2.3) *	4.7	180	ND (1.2) *	ND (1.2) *	ND (0.23)	21	6.6 7	15	9.2	ND (0.12) *	ND (1.2)	12	ND (1.2)	ND (1.2)	ND (2.3) *	27	52
	02/04/16 02/04/16	2 - 3 5 - 6	IN N	ND (2.5) * ND (2.2) *	2.5 ND (1.1)	140 95	ND (1.2) * ND (1.1) *	ND (1.2) * ND (1.1) *	0.54 ND (0.22)	14	7 8.5	6.6	9.9	ND (0.13) * ND (0.11) *	ND (1.2) ND (1.1)	12 9.9	ND (1.2) ND (1.1)	ND (1.2)	ND (2.5) * ND (2.2) *	29 32	49 39
	02/04/16	9 - 10	N	ND (2.2) *	ND (1.1) ND (1.1)	140	ND (1.1) ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.22)	16	7.5	6.9	ND (1.1)	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1) ND (1.1)	9.9 12	ND (1.1) ND (1.1)	ND (1.1) ND (1.1)	ND (2.2) *	29	37
AOC1-BCW16	02/04/16	0 - 0.5	N N	ND (2.2) *	2.4	150	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.22)	30	8.9	13	5.8	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	14	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.2) *	38	46
AOC1-BCW10	02/04/16	2 - 3	N N	ND (2.2) ND (2.4) *	4.2	200	ND (1.1) ND (1.2) *	ND (1.1) ND (1.2) *	0.36	50	7.4	18	12	ND (0.11) ND (0.12) *	ND (1.1) ND (1.2)	12	ND (1.1) ND (1.2)	ND (1.1) ND (1.2)	ND (2.2) ND (2.4) *	31	51
	02/04/16	5-6	N	ND (2.1) *	2.2	78	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.21)	15	6.3	8.1	1.3	ND (0.12)	ND (1.1)	8.8	ND (1.2)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	27	28
	02/04/16	9 - 10	N	ND (2.1) *	1.8	40	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.21)	10	5.5	6.2	ND (1.1)	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	7.7	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	24	22
AOC1-BCW17	02/04/16	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2.3) *	2.7	140	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.23)	15	6.9	13	5.1	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	10	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.3) *	28	36
7.00.20	02/04/16	2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	ND (1.1)	110	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.21)	23	9.1	18	1.4	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	12	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	36	41
	02/04/16	5 - 6	N	ND (2.1) *	ND (1.1)	120	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.21)	18	8.5	18	2	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	11	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	34	38
	02/04/16	9 - 10	N	ND (2.1) *	ND (1.1)	250	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.21)	19	8.3	15	1.7	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	11	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	34	39
AOC1-BCW18	02/05/16	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2.6) *	3.7	250	ND (1.3) *	ND (1.3) *	ND (0.26)	46	9.4	<u> 19</u>	(13)	ND (0.13) *	ND (1.3)	18	ND (1.3)	ND (1.3)	ND (2.6) *	39	68
	02/05/16	2 - 3	N	ND (2.5) *	2.9	180	ND (1.2) *	ND (1.2) *	ND (0.25)	10	5.5	7	3.5	ND (0.12) *	ND (1.2)	7.6	ND (1.2)	ND (1.2)	ND (2.5) *	23	30
	02/05/16	5 - 6	N	ND (2.2) *	1.7	110	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.22)	9.6	5.8	6.9	ND (1.1)	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	7.6	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.2) *	22	28
	02/05/16	9 - 10	N	ND (2.2) *	2.4	180	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.22)	17	8.4	6	1.5	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	11	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.2) *	33	35
AOC1-BCW19	02/05/16	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2.3) J*	3.3	190	ND (1.2) *	ND (1.2) *	1.4	58	8.5	15	11	ND (0.12) *	ND (1.2)	15	ND (1.2) J	ND (1.2)	ND (2.3) *	34	60
	02/05/16	2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	1.4	60	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	12	7.1	6.9	1.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	8.2	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	26	27
	02/05/16	5 - 6	N	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	62	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	15	8.2	6.9	1	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	32	34
-	02/05/16	9 - 10	N	ND (2.2) *	1.9	59	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.22)	12	7.1	7.7	ND (1.1)	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	8.6	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.2) *	31	31
AOC1-BCW20	02/05/16	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	75	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	20	8.7	8.2	2.2	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	35	38
	02/05/16	2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	1.8	67	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.21)	14	7.3	7.4	1.6	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	9.9	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	34	31
	02/05/16	5 - 6	N	ND (2.3) *	1.6	71	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.22)	12	7.1	8.7	1.4	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	8.9	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.3) *	29	29
	02/05/16	9 - 10	N	ND (2.3) *	2.4	70	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.23)	22	11	17	2.9	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	15	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.3) *	43	48
AOC1-BCW21	02/05/16	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2.3) *	3.3	190	ND (1.1) *	, ,		42	8.6	$\boxed{17}$	13	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	15	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.3) *	36	64
	02/05/16	2 - 3	N	ND (2.2) *	2.9	110	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *		22	10	9.7	3.2	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	12	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.2) *	38	40
	02/05/16	5 - 6	N	ND (2.2) *	2	420	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.22)	15	7.2	13	1.6	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	11	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.2) *	29	33
	02/05/16	9 - 10	N	ND (2.2) *	2	140	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.22)	19	9.1	14	2	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	11	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.2) *	41	40

R:\PGEAlliance\Topock\Topock\_DataGaps\_Tables\_RES.mdb\rptMetal

# TABLE B-2a

Sample Results: Metals in Soil
AOC 1 – Area around Former Percolation Bed
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

													Metals (mg	/kg)							
	Interim S	creening	Level 1:	0.285	11	410	0.672	1.1	0.83	39.8	12.7	16.8	8.39	0.0125	1.37	27.3	1.47	5.15	0.78	52.2	58
	Regional So Resid logical Com	ential DT parison \	SC-SL 3.	31 NE 0.285 NE	0.68 0.11 11.4 11	15,000 NE 330 410	160 15 23.3 0.672	71 5.2 0.0151 1.1	0.3 NE 139.6 0.83	120,000 36,000 36.3 39.8	23 NE 13 12.7	3,100 NE 20.6 16.8	400 80 0.0166 8.39	11 1 0.0125 NE	390 NE 2.25 1.37	1,500 490 0.607 27.3	390 NE 0.177 1.47	390 390 5.15 NE	0.78 NE 2.32 NE	390 390 13.9 52.2	23,000 NE 0.164 58
Location	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	Antimony	Arsenic	Barium	Beryllium	Cadmium	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Cobalt	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Nickel	Selenium	Silver	Thallium	Vanadium	Zinc
AOC1-BCW22	02/05/16	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2.1) *	3.9	72	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	12	4.6	7	6.1	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	6.8	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	23	26
	02/05/16	2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	3.9	120	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	20	6.6	10	<u> 16</u>	ND (0.11) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	30	43
	02/05/16	5 - 6	N	ND (2.1) *	2.9	90	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	16	7.6	7.7	4.2	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	9.1	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	36	36
	02/05/16	9 - 10	N	ND (2.2) *	2.2	66	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.22)	15	7.2	8.8	ND (1.1)	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	9.6	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.2) *	29	33
AOC1-BCW23	02/05/16	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2.6) *	6.9	270	ND (1.3) *	ND (1.3) *	ND (0.26)	38	9.6	22	<u> 16</u>	ND (0.13) *	ND (1.3)	18	ND (1.3)	ND (1.3)	ND (2.6) *	42	84
	02/05/16	2 - 3	N	ND (2.4) *	3.3	180	ND (1.2) *	ND (1.2) *	ND (0.24)	17	7.6	12	6.9	ND (0.12) *	ND (1.2)	12	ND (1.2)	ND (1.2)	ND (2.4) *	33	47
	02/05/16	5 - 6	N	ND (2.2) *	2.3	55	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.22)	11	5.9	5.7	1.7	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	6.9	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.2) *	28	24
	02/05/16	9 - 10	N	ND (2.2) *	2	120	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.22)	13	7.3	7.6	1.5	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	8.7	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.2) *	29	33
AOC1-BCW24	02/05/16	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2.4) J*	3.4	170	ND (1.2) *	ND (1.2) *	ND (0.24)	30	9.2	14	7.4	ND (0.12) *	ND (1.2)	15	ND (1.2) J	ND (1.2)	ND (2.4) *	40	56
	02/05/16	2 - 3	N	ND (2.4) *	2.7	170	ND (1.2) *	ND (1.2) *	0.28	29	6.7	15	8.8	ND (0.12) *	ND (1.2)	11	ND (1.2)	ND (1.2)	ND (2.4) *	29	49
	02/05/16	5 - 6	N	ND (2.2) *	1.9	55	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.22)	11	7.3	7.7	1.1	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	8	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.2) *	28	27
	02/05/16	9 - 10	N	ND (2.2) *	1.9	43	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.22)	7.9	4.5	4.9	1.3	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	5.6	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.2) *	19	21
AOC1-BCW25	02/05/16	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2.6) *	5.1	230	ND (1.3) *	ND (1.3) *	ND (0.26)	39	9.4	18	$\bigcirc 11 \bigcirc$	ND (0.13) *	ND (1.3)	16	ND (1.3)	ND (1.3)	ND (2.6) *	41	69
	02/05/16	2 - 3	N	ND (2.6) *	3.6	180	ND (1.3) *	ND (1.3) *	ND (0.26)	21	9.2	14	3.8	ND (0.13) *	ND (1.3)	12	ND (1.3)	ND (1.3)	ND (2.6) *	38	42
	02/05/16	5 - 6	N	ND (2.2) *	2.2	110	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.22)	13	7.5	7.9	2.6	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	8.8	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.2) *	31	37
	02/05/16	9 - 10	N	ND (2.2) *	2	120	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.22)	16	9.1	14	2	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	11	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.2) *	38	42
AOC1-BCW26	02/04/16	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2.2) *	5	170	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.22)	35	9	15	8.9	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	15	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.2) *	35	59
	02/04/16	2 - 3	N	ND (2.5) *	7.1	190	ND (1.3) *	ND (1.3) *	ND (0.25)	12	6.3	10	8.2	ND (0.13) *	ND (1.3)	9.8	ND (1.3)	ND (1.3)	ND (2.5) *	23	43
	02/04/16	5 - 6	N	ND (2.1) *	3.3	74	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.21)	13	6.8	11	3.6	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	9.2	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	24	33
	02/04/16	9 - 10	N	ND (2.4) *	3.3	42	ND (1.2) *	(1.3)	ND (0.24)	19	9	25	3.1	ND (0.12) *	ND (1.2)	14	ND (1.2)	ND (1.2)	ND (2.4) *	35	40
AOC1-BCW27	02/05/16	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2.4) *	5.2	210	ND (1.2) *	ND (1.2) *	ND (0.24)	33	8.1	$\bigcirc 17 \bigcirc$	$\bigcirc 17 \bigcirc$	ND (0.12) *	ND (1.2)	15	ND (1.2)	ND (1.2)	ND (2.4) *	35	59
	02/05/16	2 - 3	N	ND (2.3) *	1.7	65	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.23)	12	8	8.6	2	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	9.2	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.3) *	36	33
	02/05/16	5 - 6	N	ND (2.1) *	1.4	53	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.21)	9.7	6.3	9	1.3	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	7	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	26	29
	02/05/16	9 - 10	N	ND (2.3) *	1.9	78	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.23)	15	7.4	7.4	2.2	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	12	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.3) *	30	31
AOC1-BCW28	02/05/16	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2.4) *	5.1	270	ND (1.2) *		0.3	<u>49</u>	9.2	$\bigcirc 19 \bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$ 14 $\bigcirc$	ND (0.12) *	ND (1.2)	17	ND (1.2)	ND (1.2)	ND (2.4) *	39	$\overline{)}$
	02/05/16	2 - 3	N	ND (2.3) *	4.6	150	ND (1.2) *		ND (0.23)	18	6.8	10	4.2	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.2)	9.9	ND (1.2)	ND (1.2)	ND (2.3) *	32	38
	02/05/16	5 - 6	N	ND (2.2) *	1.3	96	ND (1.1) *	1.1	ND (0.22)	18	7.8	8.3	1.4	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	12	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.2) *	29	33
	02/05/16	9 - 10	N	ND (2.2) *	1.8	110		ND (1.1) *	ND (0.22)	18	8.9	11	2.1	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	11	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.2) *	36	39
AOC1-BCW29	02/04/16	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2.6) *	4.3	160	ND (1.3) *		ND (0.26)	33	8.7	15	8.3	ND (0.13) *	ND (1.3)	14	ND (1.3)	ND (1.3)	ND (2.6) *	38	56
	02/04/16	2 - 3	N	ND (2.7) *	4.2	210	ND (1.4) *	` '	ND (0.27)	17	8.7	13	5.2	ND (0.14) *	ND (1.4) *	13	ND (1.4)	ND (1.4)	ND (2.7) *	31	49
	02/04/16	5 - 6	N	ND (3.1) *	5.4	350	ND (1.5) *		ND (0.31)	27	14	23	7.6	ND (0.15) *	ND (1.5) *	19	ND (1.5) *	ND (1.5)	ND (3.1) *	46	66
	02/04/16	9 - 10	N	ND (2.4) *	2.7	74	ND (1.2) *		ND (0.24) J	11	7.3	7.1	ND (1.2)	ND (0.12) *	ND (1.2)	9.6	ND (1.2)	ND (1.2)	ND (2.4) *	32	29
AOC1-BCW30	02/04/16	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2.4) J*	5.5	220	ND (1.2) *		ND (0.24)	42	7.3	18	17 J	ND (0.12) *	ND (1.2) J	14	ND (1.2) J	ND (1.2)	ND (2.4) J*	28	61
	02/04/16	2 - 3	N	ND (2.4) *	3.4	140	ND (1.2) *	ND (1.2) *	0.26	14	6	8.7	2.7	ND (0.12) *	ND (1.2)	11	ND (1.2)	ND (1.2)	ND (2.4) *	22	28
	02/04/16	5 - 6	N	ND (2.3) *	3.7	210	ND (1.2) *		ND (0.23)	12	6	8.4	2.9	ND (0.12) *	ND (1.2)	9.6	ND (1.2)	ND (1.2)	ND (2.3) *	23	29
	02/04/16	9 - 10	N	ND (2.3) *	2.7	49	ND (1.2) *	ND (1.2) *	ND (0.23)	8.8	5.8	7.8	ND (1.2)	ND (0.12) *	ND (1.2)	6.3	ND (1.2)	ND (1.2)	ND (2.3) *	19	27

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# TABLE B-2a

Sample Results: Metals in Soil
AOC 1 – Area around Former Percolation Bed
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

Residential Re	Reside	reening L ntial DTS parison Va Backgr	evels <sup>2</sup> : 6C-SL <sup>3</sup> : alues <sup>4</sup> : ound <sup>5</sup> :	0.285 31 NE 0.285 NE	0.68 0.11 11.4	410 15,000 NE	0.672 160	1.1	0.83	39.8	12.7	16.8	8.39	0.0125	1.37	27.3	1.47	5.15	0.78	52.2	58
Ecolog Location	Residence Reside	ntial DTS parison Va Backgr Depth	SC-SL <sup>3</sup> : alues <sup>4</sup> : cound <sup>5</sup> :	NE 0.285	0.11		160	-4													
	02/05/16		olama)		11	330 410	15 23.3 0.672	71 5.2 0.0151 1.1	0.3 NE 139.6 0.83	120,000 36,000 36.3 39.8	23 NE 13 12.7	3,100 NE 20.6 16.8	400 80 0.0166 8.39	11 1 0.0125 NE	390 NE 2.25 1.37	1,500 490 0.607 27.3	390 NE 0.177 1.47	390 390 5.15 NE	0.78 NE 2.32 NE	390 390 13.9 52.2	23,000 NE 0.164 58
AOC1-BCW7			Sample Type	Antimony	Arsenic	Barium	Beryllium	Cadmium	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Cobalt	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Nickel	Selenium	Silver	Thallium	Vanadium	Zinc
	02/05/16	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	2.2	74	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.29	18	6.3	18	8	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	9.6	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	24	34
		2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	3.5	80	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.36	20	7	8.4	1.7	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	10	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	25	29
	02/05/16	2 - 3	FD	ND (2.1) *	4.3	91	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.28	23	6.3	7.5	1.7	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	10	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	25	27
	02/05/16	5 - 6	N	ND (2.1) *	6.7	150	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	15	3.3	6.2	2.2	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	7.5	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	15	15
	02/05/16	9 - 10	N	ND (2.1) *	7.1	540	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	0.36	24	10	23	1.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1.1)	18	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	41	26
	02/05/16	14 - 15	N	ND (2.1) *	3	210	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.21)	19	10	8.4	2.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1.1)	16	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	33	39
	02/05/16	19 - 20	N	ND (2.1) *	3.9	460 J	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	20	9.1	7.2	1.8	ND (0.11) *	ND (1)	14	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	34	38
	02/05/16	19 - 20	FD	ND (2.1) *	3.5	210 J	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.21)	19	9.1	8.7	1.8	ND (0.1) *	ND (1.1)	13	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	34	38
AOC1-BCW8	02/04/16	0 - 0.5	Ν	ND (2.2) *	3.8	180	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.22)	21	7.1	14	8.3	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	13	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.2) *	32	53
	02/04/16	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	2.5	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.44	28	9.3	10	4.5	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	37	45
	02/04/16	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	1.4	82	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.24	18	9.6	8.4	3.2	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	10	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	32	35
	02/04/16	9 - 10	N	ND (2.1) *	1.1	92	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.21)	15 J	8	9.3	1.1	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	10	ND (1.1) J	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	32	35
	02/04/16	9 - 10	FD	ND (2.1) *	2.2	110	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.21)	11 J	8.7	11	ND (1.1)	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	9.5	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	30	37
AOC1-BCW9	02/04/16	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2.2) *	4	200	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.22)	35	8.3	(17)	9.3	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	15	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.2) *	33	<u>61</u>
	02/04/16	2 - 3	N	ND (2.2) *	3.5	190	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	1.2	66	8.1	16	$\overline{11}$	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	14	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.2) *	33	57
	02/04/16	5 - 6	N	ND (2.1) *	2.4	110	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.21)	17	8.5	9.5	3	ND (0.1) *	ND (1.1)	11	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	37	37
	02/04/16	9 - 10	N	ND (2.1) *	2.4	100	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.21)	13	7.9	10	ND (1.1)	ND (0.1) *	ND (1.1)	10	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	28	32
AOC1-T1e	01/11/16	0 - 1	N	ND (2.1) *	2.7	37	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	26	7.5	13	3.3		ND (1)	16	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	23	37
	01/11/16	2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	2.7	32	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	18	9.8	10	2	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	15	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	30	40
	01/11/16	5 - 6	N	ND (2.1) *	1.9	22	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	16	6.6	7.5	1.1	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	23	30
	01/11/16	9 - 10	N	ND (2.1) *	1.9	40	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	20	8.1	11	1.3	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	14	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	27	32
	01/11/16	9 - 10	FD	ND (2.1) *	2.4	43	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	17	8.1	13	1.5	0.18	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	27	32
	01/11/16	14 - 15	N	ND (2.2) *	2.1	42	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.22)	17	6.8	11	1.3	0.16	ND (1.1)	13	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.2) *	24	28
AOC1-T1f	01/12/16	0 - 1	N	ND (2.1) *	2.5	73	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.71	49	6.6	13	5.5	0.13	ND (1)	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	23	41
	01/12/16	2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	2.3	37	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	20	7.6	7.2	1.5	0.13	ND (1)	19	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	25	32
	01/12/16	5 - 6	N	ND (2.1) *	3.1	32	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.21)	24	8.9	11	2	0.11	ND (1.1)	18	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	27	40
	01/12/16	9 - 10	N	ND (2.1) *	2.7	72	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	18 J	11 J	9.1	1.9	0.11	ND (1)	14	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	36 J	46 J
	01/12/16	9 - 10	FD	ND (2) *	3.1	71	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	30 J	8.2 J	11	2.6	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	14	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	28 J	35 J
	01/12/16	14 - 15	N	ND (2) *	2.2	55	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.68	29	7.6	9.2	2	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	25	34
	02/17/17	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	1.4	97	ND (1) *	1.4	ND (0.2)	26	8.2	12	4.1	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	15	ND (1) J	ND (1) J	ND (2) J*	30	33
- · · <del>J</del>	02/17/17	0 - 0.5	FD	ND (2) *	ND (1)	100	ND (1) *	1.4	ND (0.2)	24	9.9	14	1.6	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	15	ND (1) J	ND (1) J	ND (2) J*	31	36
	02/17/17	2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	80	ND (1) *	1.3	ND (0.21)	30	9.4	13	ND (1)	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	17	ND (1) J	ND (1) J	ND (2.1) J*	31	32
	02/17/17	5 - 6	N	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	81	ND (1) *	1.1	0.63	23	7.1	9.2	1.1	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	9.9	ND (1) J	ND (1) J	ND (2.1) J*	27	30
	02/17/17	9 - 10	N	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	69	ND (1) *	1.1	ND (0.21)	14	6.7	9.2	ND (1)	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	8.8	ND (1) J	ND (1) J	ND (2.1) J*	26	29
AOC1-T2f	12/17/15	0 - 1	N	ND (2) *	7.6	96	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.22	14	5.3	12	7.9	ND (0.1) *	3.2	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	25	39
	12/17/15	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	4.4	55	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.25	17	7.5	11	3.1	ND (0.1) *	8.2	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	37	40

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TABLE B-2a

													Metals (mg	/kg)							
	Interim S	Screening	g Level <sup>1</sup> :	0.285	11	410	0.672	1.1	0.83	39.8	12.7	16.8	8.39	0.0125	1.37	27.3	1.47	5.15	0.78	52.2	58
Reside	ntial Regional So Resid Ecological Com	lential DT nparison '	SC-SL 3	31 NE 0.285 NE	0.68 0.11 11.4 11	15,000 NE 330 410	160 15 23.3 0.672	71 5.2 0.0151 1.1	0.3 NE 139.6 0.83	120,000 36,000 36.3 39.8	23 NE 13 12.7	3,100 NE 20.6 16.8	400 80 0.0166 8.39	11 1 0.0125 NE	390 NE 2.25 1.37	1,500 490 0.607 27.3	390 NE 0.177 1.47	390 390 5.15 NE	0.78 NE 2.32 NE	390 390 13.9 52.2	23,000 NE 0.164 58
Location	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	•	Antimony	Arsenic	Barium	Beryllium	Cadmium	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Cobalt	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Nickel	Selenium	Silver	Thallium	Vanadium	Zinc
AOC1-T2g	03/03/16	9 - 10	N	4.5	3.6	90	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	30	2,100	8	11	5.2	0.26	8.4	10	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.2) *	26	140
	03/03/16	14 - 15	N	ND (2.1) *	2.3	52	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	0.77	28	8.6	8.9	2	0.16	ND (1.1)	14	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	33	75
	03/03/16	19 - 20	N	ND (2.1) *	1.8	43	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	0.58	27	8.7	9.2	2	0.16	ND (1.1)	17	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	30	53
	03/03/16	29 - 30	N	ND (2.1) *	2.1	50	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	0.25	21	10	9.9	2.1	0.15	ND (1.1)	14	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	36	50
	03/03/16	39 - 40	N	ND (2.1) *	2.2	94	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	0.23	19	8.9	9.2	1.8	0.14	ND (1.1)	13	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	36	39
	03/03/16	39 - 40	FD	ND (2.1) *	2	79	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.21)	19	9	9.8	1.8	0.13	ND (1.1)	13	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	36	39
	03/03/16	49 - 50	N	ND (2.1) *	2.8	22	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.21)	18	8.9	15	1.9	0.12	ND (1.1)	15	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	36	37
	03/03/16	59 - 60	N	ND (2.1) *	2.3	69	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.21)	18	9.6	13	2.1	0.15	ND (1.1)	14	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	37	44
A O C 4 T O b	03/03/16	69 - 70	- IN	ND (2.1) *	2.1	67	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.21)	15	7.5	8.4	1.4	0.11 ×	ND (1.1)	13	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	29	36
AOC1-T2h	03/04/16 03/04/16	0 - 1 2 - 3	N N	ND (2.1) J* ND (2.1) *	1.4 2.1	120 72	ND (1) * ND (1.1) *	ND (1) ND (1.1) *	0.42	100 J 24	9 11	9.2 J 9.9	2.2 2.2	ND (0.1) * ND (0.11) *	ND (1) ND (1.1)	17 16	ND (1) J ND (1.1)	ND (1) ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) * ND (2.1) *	32 34	39 45
	03/04/16	2 - 3 5 - 6	N N	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	130	ND (1.1) ND (1) *	ND (1.1)	6.8	200	9.4	9.8	3.4	ND (0.11) ND (0.1) *	ND (1.1)	12	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) ND (2.1) *	32	85
	03/04/16	9 - 10	N	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	100	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.94	28	8.7	16	1.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	31	44
	03/04/16	14 - 15	N	ND (2.1) *	1.7	42	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.29	19	7.1	9	1.1	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	26	33
	03/04/16	19 - 20	N	ND (2.1) *	1.5	58	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	0.23	18	9.1	12	1.3	ND (0.1) *	ND (1.1)	12	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	31	41
	03/04/16	29 - 30	N	ND (2.1) *	1.9	40	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	18	8.9	8.9	1.2	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	14	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	31	34
	03/04/16	39 - 40	N	ND (2.1) *	2.2	44	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.21)	17	7.9	8	1.6	ND (0.1) *	ND (1.1)	13	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	30	35
AOC1-T2i	03/05/16	0 - 1	N	ND (2.1) *	1.8	92	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.61	28	7.8	10	2.6	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	31	36
	03/05/16	2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	1.3	89	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.55	25	7.8	9.2	2.5	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	27	34
	03/05/16	5 - 6	N	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	89	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.29	16	7.8	10	3.5	0.12	ND (1)	10	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	27	40
	03/05/16	9 - 10	N	ND (2) *	1.2	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.31	40	7.9	12	4.8	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	28	40
	03/05/16	14 - 15	N	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	100	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.28	17	9	9.5	1.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	35	38
-	03/05/16	19 - 20	N	ND (2) *	1.2	130	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.27	18	8.7	14	1.3	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	15	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	31	39
AOC1-T2j	03/05/16	0 - 1	N	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	93	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.6	31	11	8.8	1.9	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	15	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	48	40
	03/05/16	2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	80 J	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.38	21	8.3 J	9.3	2.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	35	32
	03/05/16	2 - 3	FD	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	65 J	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.39	18	6.5 J	10	1.7	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	9.1	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	29	29
	03/05/16	5 - 6	N	ND (2.1) *	1.7	64	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	18	8.7	9.2	1.4	0.11	ND (1)	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	33	31
	03/05/16	9 - 10	N	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	81	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.37	16	7.4	6.4	1.3	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	10	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	41	33
	03/05/16 03/05/16	14 - 15 19 - 20		ND (2.1) * ND (2.1) *	1.5 1.6	64 53	ND (1.1) * ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) * ND (1.1) *	0.26 0.7	26 22 J	10 9.8	12 8.8	2.1 1.7	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	14 11 J	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) * ND (2.1) *	42 39	44 46
	03/05/16	19 - 20		ND (2.1) *	1.6	57	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	0.64	30 J	11	9.3	2	ND (0.11) * ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1) ND (1.1)	14 J	ND (1.1) ND (1.1)	ND (1.1) ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	40	45
AOC1-T5D	01/12/16	0 - 1	N	ND (2) *	1.3	84	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	23	7.5	8.3	6.2	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	11	ND (11)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	26	33
A001-10D	01/12/16	2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	5.3	230	ND (1.1) *	ND (1) *	(0.2)	120 J	6.6	17	18	ND (0.1) *	ND (1) ND (1.1)	12	ND (1) ND (1.1)	ND (1) ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	28	100 J
	01/12/16	2 - 3	FD	ND (2.1) *	4.2	210	ND (11)*	ND (11)	2.6	69 J	6.4	14	16	ND (0.11) *	ND (1)	12	ND (11)	ND (11)	ND (2.1) *	25	72 J
	01/12/16	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	2.3	120	ND (1) *	ND (1)	2.4	80	7.9	9.7	3.7	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	32	42
	01/12/16	9 - 10	N	ND (2) *	1.9	97	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.33	23	8.2	8.3	4.8	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	14	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	31	40
	01/12/16	14 - 15	N	ND (2) *	1.8	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.92	36	7.3	8.8	4.1	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	27	36
	01/12/16	19 - 20	N	ND (2) *	ND (1)	120 J	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.51	23	9.5	8.8	1.8	ND (0.099) *	ND (1)	14	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	33	48
	01/12/16	19 - 20	FD	ND (2.1) *	ND (1.1)	91 J	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	0.72	22	9.3	8.8	1.8	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	13	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	32	52

TABLE B-2a

													Metals (mg	/kg)							
	Interim S	creening	g Level <sup>1</sup> :	0.285	11	410	0.672	1.1	0.83	39.8	12.7	16.8	8.39	0.0125	1.37	27.3	1.47	5.15	0.78	52.2	58
Residen	tial Regional Sc	reening	Levels 2:	31	0.68	15,000	160	71	0.3	120,000	23	3,100	400	11	390	1,500	390	390	0.78	390	23,000
		ential DT	A*	NE	0.11	NE	15	5.2	NE	36,000	NE	NE	80	1	NE	490	NE	390	NE	390	NE
E	Ecological Com	-	5	0.285	11.4	330	23.3	0.0151	139.6	36.3	13	20.6	0.0166	0.0125	2.25	0.607	0.177	5.15	2.32	13.9	0.164
		Backg	ground $ ightharpoonup$ :	NE	11	410	0.672	1.1	0.83	39.8	12.7	16.8	8.39	NE	1.37	27.3	1.47	NE	NE	52.2	58
Location	Date	Depth (ft bgs)		Antimony	Arsenic	Barium	Beryllium	Cadmium	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Cobalt	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Nickel	Selenium	Silver	Thallium	Vanadium	Zinc
AOC1-T6D	02/09/16	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	3.7	110 J	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2) J	19	6.7	7.6	2.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	9.9	ND (1)	ND (1)	2.4	28	100
	02/09/16	2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	2.6	96	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.32 J	19	8.4	11	1.3	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	31	38
	02/09/16	5 - 6	N	ND (2.1) *	1.3	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.24 J	19	9.1	11	1.7	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	2.3	33	43
	02/09/16	9 - 10	N	ND (2.1) *	3.4	39	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21) J	16	7.6	8.8	1.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	2.6	27	35
	02/09/16	9 - 10	FD	ND (2.1) *	3.9	40	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21) J	16	7.6	9.5	1.7	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	2.1	29	36
	02/09/16	14 - 15	N	ND (2.1) *	3.1	72 J	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21) J	16	8.3	8.3	1.2	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	2.4	31	36
	02/09/16	14 - 15	FD	ND (2) *	2	91 J	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2) J	19	9.5	9.9	1.7	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	14	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	35	41
	02/09/16	19 - 20	N	ND (2) *	2.6	65	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2) J	24	9.7	10	1.2	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	15	ND (1)	ND (1)	2.2	37	41
AOC1-T7	02/19/17	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2.1) *	1.1	84	ND (1.1) *	1.3	ND (0.21)	23	8.2	13	ND (1.1)	ND (0.1) *	ND (1.1)	13	ND (1.1) J	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) J*	26	32
	02/19/17	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	ND (1)	58	ND (1) *	1.1	0.33	27	6.4	8.9	1.1	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	10	ND (1) J	ND (1)	ND (2) J*	24	35
	02/19/17	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	ND (1)	72	ND (1) *	1.1	0.43	18	6.5	8.9	7.1	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	8.5	ND (1) J	ND (1)	ND (2) J*	23	30
	02/19/17	9 - 10	N	ND (2.1) *	1.2	78	ND (1) *	1.3	ND (0.21)	17	7.3	10	ND (1)	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	9.5	ND (1) J	ND (1)	ND (2.1) J*	27	30
AOC1-T8	02/18/17	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	57	ND (1) *	1.2	0.23	43	7.8	11	1.1	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	16	ND (1) J	ND (1)	ND (2.1) J*	22	34
	02/18/17	2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	60	ND (1) *	1	ND (0.21)	18	6.1	$\overline{17}$	1.1	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	8.8	ND (1) J	ND (1)	ND (2.1) J*	20	28
	02/18/17	5 - 6	N	ND (2.1) *	1.5	47	ND (1.1) *	1.2	ND (0.21)	14	7.3	8.6	ND (1.1)	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	9.9	ND (1.1) J	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) J*	23	36
	02/18/17	9 - 10	N	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	62	ND (1) *	1.1	0.22	13 J	6	10	ND (1)	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	7.9 J	ND (1) J	ND (1)	ND (2.1) J*	20	31
	02/18/17	9 - 10	FD	ND (2) *	ND (1)	63	ND (1) *	1.1	ND (0.21)	17 J	6.8	9.2	ND (1)	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	11 J	ND (1) J	ND (1)	ND (2) J*	21	27
AOC4-GB10	02/10/10	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2.2) *	ND (1.1)	160 J	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.44)	35 J	8.5	16	<b>14</b>	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	20	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.2) *	40 J	(71 J)
AOC4-GB11	02/10/10	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2.2) *	ND (1.1)	170	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.43)	31	9.1	13	7.2 J	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	17	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.2) *	38	46
	02/10/10	0 - 0.5	FD	ND (2.2) *	ND (1.1)	160	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	0.57	29	8.1	14	(16 J)	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	16	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.2) *	38	47
AOC4-GB12	02/10/10	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2.2) *	ND (1.1)	160	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.44)	35	9.1	15	5.5	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	24	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.2) *	42	43
MW-10	06/27/97	1	N						ND (0.05)	14.2		14.1				8.8					20.9
	06/27/97	3	N						ND (0.05)	13.4		8.3				9					26.6
	06/27/97	6	N						ND (0.05)	19		8.4				10.7					23.3
	06/27/97	10	N			95.3			ND (0.05)	26.7		9.6	2.8		0.62	14.1				26.9	30.4
	06/27/97	20	N						ND (0.05)	14.7		7.7				10.2					27.1
	06/27/97	25	N						ND (0.05)	16.1		10.6				13.4					34.1
	06/27/97	30	N						ND (0.05)	13.8		9.4				11.5					31.5
	06/27/97	35	N			87							3.6		ND (0.2)					29.9	
	06/27/97	40	N						ND (0.05)	14.5		9.2				12.6					29.4
	06/28/97	50	N						ND (0.05)	14.3		8.5				12.2					31.2
	06/27/97	60	N						ND (0.05)	9.1		6				6.6					16.3
	06/27/97	70	N			110			ND (0.05)	11.7		8.8	2.2		ND (0.2)	9.4				20.1	24.2
	06/27/97	75	N						ND (0.05)	11.5		6.4				8.2					24.9
	06/27/97	75	FD						0.1	9.6		6.97				8.1					21.6
	06/27/97	82	N			115			ND (0.05)	9.9		6.3	2.3		ND (0.2)	8.7				21.5	26.6

TABLE B-2a

			1										Metals (mg	<u> </u>							
	Interim S	creening	Level 1:	0.285	11	410	0.672	1.1	0.83	39.8	12.7	16.8	8.39	0.0125	1.37	27.3	1.47	5.15	0.78	52.2	58
Residential F	•	_	2	31	0.68	15,000	160	71	0.3	120,000	23	3,100	400	11	390	1,500	390	390	0.78	390	23,000
		ential DTS	/°	NE	0.11	NE	15	5.2	NE	36,000	NE	NE	80	1	NE	490	NE	390	NE	390	NE
Ecol	ogical Com	•	5	0.285	11.4	330	23.3	0.0151	139.6	36.3	13	20.6	0.0166	0.0125	2.25	0.607	0.177	5.15	2.32	13.9	0.164
		Backg	rouna :	NE	11	410	0.672	1.1	0.83	39.8	12.7	16.8	8.39	NE	1.37	27.3	1.47	NE	NE	52.2	58
Location	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	Antimony	Arsenic	Barium	Beryllium	Cadmium	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Cobalt	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Nickel	Selenium	Silver	Thallium	Vanadium	Zinc
W-11	06/29/97	1	N						ND (0.05)	12.2		7.5				8.4					24.8
	06/29/97	3	N						ND (0.05)	31.1		6.6				7.3					29.5
	06/29/97	6	N						ND (0.05)	26.9		5.3				5.6					23.2
	06/29/97	10	N			101			ND (0.05)	13.5		8.3	6.3		0.32	7.7				18.9	38.5
	06/29/97	20	N						ND (0.05)	5.9		6				4.9					19.9
	06/29/97	30	N			91.4			ND (0.05)	12.6		6.9	1.8		8.0	8.2				22	28.4
	06/29/97	40	N						ND (0.05)	9.8		9.8				8.6					28.4
	06/29/97	50	N						ND (0.05)	13.6		6.9				10.1					29.8
	06/29/97	60	N			27.4			ND (0.05)	9.6		5.8	3		0.088 J	8.3				18.1	26.2
	06/29/97	60	FD						ND (0.05)	10		5.74				8.6					19.8
	06/29/97	69	N			370			ND (0.05)	16.9		13.8	5		ND (0.2)	11.3				23.2	
/IW-13	07/09/97	10	N						ND (0.05)	10.8		9.3				8.1					27.2
	07/09/97	20	N			94.2			ND (0.05)	10.5		7.1	2.4		0.14 J	8.9				21.1	35.7
	07/09/97	25	N			124							2.8		ND (0.2)					26.4	
	07/09/97	30	N						ND (0.05)	12.2		8.6				8.2					33.3
	07/09/97	40	N						ND (0.05)	10.7		8.1				9.4				28.3	30.4
	07/09/97	40	FD						ND (0.05)	6.4		5.6				5.6					17.7
Old Well-BCW-1	09/11/13	7 - 8	N	ND (2.2) J*	4.8	130	ND (1.1) J*	ND (1.1) J*	80	4,200	7	14	(12 J)	ND (0.11) *	18	11	2.1	ND (1.1) J	ND (2.2) *	37 J	190
Old Well-BCW-2	09/11/13	4 - 5	N	ND (2.1) *	19	130	ND (1) *	ND (1)	73	4,400	7.2	23	10	ND (0.11) *	6.7	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	61	150
A-01	11/09/15	0 - 1	N	ND (2) J*	3.4	85 J	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.65	20	3.7	8.5	9.3	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	6.9	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	18	80
PA-03	11/09/15	0 - 1	N	ND (2) *	3.8	140	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.65	26	7.1	15	<u> 13</u>	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	15	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	25	200
PA-04	11/09/15	0 - 1	N	ND (2) *	3.9	170	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.69	36	7.1	14	25	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	20	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	33	56
PA-14	01/27/16	0 - 1	N	ND (2.1) *	4.5	180	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	20	5.5	22	10	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	8.7	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	23	270
PA-15	01/27/16	0 - 1	N	ND (2.1) *	4.7	120	ND (1) *	ND (1)	1.1	170	6.6	26	20	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	14	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	25	120
PA-16	01/27/16	0 - 1	N	ND (2.1) *	4.1	150	ND (1) *	ND (1)	1.3	47	6.4	26	8.5	ND (0.1) *	1.2	35	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	25	64
D-14	01/11/16	0 - 1	N	ND (2.1) *	3.7	87	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.72	29	5.6	14	13	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	10	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	20	37
	01/11/16	2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	2.6	94	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.63	32	5	7.6	<u> 16</u>	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	9.1	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	19	47
	01/11/16	5 - 6	N	ND (2.3) *	6.7	140	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	3.1	42	4.5	64	120	ND (0.11) *	5	11	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.3) *	18	660
	01/11/16	9 - 10	N	ND (2.1) *	1.6	64	ND (1) *	ND (1)	1.1	35	7.6	7.8	1.9	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	28	36
SD-15	01/12/16	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2.1) *	1.8	220	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	0.77	19	6.3	13	2.7	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	9.6	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	24	32
	01/12/16	2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	2.1	36	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.21)	25	7.7	12	1.8	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	13	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	27	32
	01/12/16	5 - 6	N	ND (2.1) *	1.6	72	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.21)	21	7.2	11	1.5	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	12	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	28	32
	01/12/16	9 - 10	N	ND (2.1) *	2	49	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.21)	20	9.4	9.3	2.1	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	13	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	35	37
D-16	01/12/16	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2.1) *	1.3	100	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.21)	16	7.3	10	1.8	ND (0.1) *	ND (1.1)	10	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	28	32
	01/12/16	2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	1.9	230	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.21)	19	7.6	11	2.2	ND (0.1) *	ND (1.1)	13	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	34	28
	01/12/16	5 - 6	N	ND (2.1) *	2.3	46	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	24	10	9.3	2.4	ND (0.11) *	ND (1)	16	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	37	40
	01/12/16	9 - 10	N	ND (2.1) *	1.4	69	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	13	9.4	6.1	1.9	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	9.3	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	28	33
				` '			` '	` '	` '					` '	` '		` '	` '	. ,		
D-17	12/17/15	0 - 0.5	Ν	ND (2.1) *	5.1	190	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	17	6.6	15	<b>15</b>	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	27	60

R:\PGEAlliance\Topock\Topock\_DataGaps\_Tables\_RES.mdb\rptMetal

TABLE B-2a

													Metals (mg	/kg)							
	Interim S	creening	Level 1:	0.285	11	410	0.672	1.1	0.83	39.8	12.7	16.8	8.39	0.0125	1.37	27.3	1.47	5.15	0.78	52.2	58
Residentia	al Regional Sc	reening L	_evels 2:	31	0.68	15,000	160	71	0.3	120,000	23	3,100	400	11	390	1,500	390	390	0.78	390	23,000
	Reside	ential DTS	SC-SL :	NE	0.11	NE	15	5.2	NE	36,000	NE	NE	80	1	NE	490	NE	390	NE	390	NE
Ed	cological Com			0.285	11.4	330	23.3	0.0151	139.6	36.3	13	20.6	0.0166	0.0125	2.25	0.607	0.177	5.15	2.32	13.9	0.164
		Backg	round $\H$ :	NE	11	410	0.672	1.1	0.83	39.8	12.7	16.8	8.39	NE	1.37	27.3	1.47	NE	NE	52.2	58
Location	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	Antimony	Arsenic	Barium	Beryllium	Cadmium	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Cobalt	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Nickel	Selenium	Silver	Thallium	Vanadium	Zinc
)-18	12/17/15	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2.1) *	2.9	63	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.21)	32	11	(17)	3.4	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	22	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	41	310
D-19	01/13/16	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2.1) *	2.3	150 J	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	30	9.8	15 J	2	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	24	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	31	33
	01/13/16	0 - 0.5	FD	ND (2.1) *	2.3	120 J	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	28	9.8	11 J	2.1	ND (0.11) *	1.3	22	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	31	33
	01/13/16	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	2.8	150	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	24	8.3	10	2.8	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	17	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	32	33
	01/13/16	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	1.2	75	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	14	6.6	7.9	1.5	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	23	30
	01/13/16	8 - 8.5	N	ND (2) *	1.9	94	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	15	6.5	7.8	1.8	0.12	ND (1)	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	24	35
)-25	03/10/16	0 - 1	N	ND (2.1) *	2.2	89	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	23	8.6	15	3.1	0.1	ND (1)	20	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	32	39
)-26	03/10/16	0 - 1	N	ND (2) *	4.8	130	ND (1) *	1.1	0.32	24	5.6	21	16	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	17	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	22	220
)-OS33	12/20/16	1.5 - 2	N	ND (2.1) J*	4.7	120	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.36	29	8	12	5.2	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	15	ND (1) J	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	34	47
S-4	03/25/14	59 - 60	N	ND (2) J*	2.1	80	ND (1) *	ND (1) J	2.2	(61 J)	6.3	(18 J)	(32 J)	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	16 J	1.6	ND (1) J	ND (2) J*	29	30
	03/25/14	113	N	ND (2) *	20	51	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.4)	1,700	31	580	$\overbrace{17}$	ND (0.1) *	35	300	42	ND (1)	ND (2) *	5.7	55
S4-E	03/01/16	4 - 5	N	(8.3 J)		140	ND (1) J*	ND (1)	29 J	3,100	6.5	16 J	6.2	ND (0.1) *	9.6 J	10 J	ND (1) J	ND (1)	ND (2.1) J*	67 J	(190 J)
	03/01/16	4 - 5	FD	16 J	18 J	120	ND (1.1) J*	ND (1.1) *	50 J	3,400	5.9	12 J	5	ND (0.11) *	9.1 J	7.1 J	ND (1.1) J	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) J*	60 J	120 J
	03/01/16	5 - 6	N	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	58	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.99	13	8	8	ND (1)	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	7.6	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	32	31
S4-N	03/01/16	4 - 5	N	8.6	14	100	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	33	(3,400)	6.9	8.7	6.9	ND (0.1) *	4.9	13	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	70	82
	03/01/16	5 - 6	N	6.9	3.8	130	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	39	3,300	7.5	14	6.2	ND (0.11) *	15	12	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.2) *	33	130
:S4-S	03/01/16	4 - 5	N	ND (2.1) *	1.9	74	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	30	840	7.4	9	4.5	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	9.5	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	33	120
	03/01/16	5 - 6	N	5	2.7	100	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	21	2,200	7.3	11	3.1	ND (0.11) *	3.4	9	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.2) *	30	150
5-1	06/29/97 ‡	0.5	N						ND (0.05)	38.2		16.5				17.9					55
	06/29/97 ‡	1.5	N						ND (0.05)	25.3		13.6				12.5					43.4
-2	06/29/97	0.5	N						ND (0.05)	18.9		14.1				13.2					48.3
	06/29/97	1.5	N						ND (0.05)	10.2		12.9				9.4					42.2
-3	06/29/97	0.5	N						ND (0.05)												
-4	06/29/97	0.5	N						ND (0.05)												
-5	06/29/97	0.5	N						ND (0.05)												
i-6	06/29/97	0.5	N						ND (0.05)												
5-7	06/29/97	0.5	N N						ND (0.05)												
5-8																					
	06/29/97	0.5	N N						ND (0.05)	40.7		44.0				44.0					25.7
B-1	06/25/97	1	N						ND (0.05)	13.7		14.9				11.6					35.7
	06/25/97	3	N						ND (0.05)	13.6		11				12					29.6
	06/25/97	6	N			07.2			ND (0.05)	16.7		16.9	1.2		 ND (0.2)	12.2				24.6	34.5 26.2
D.0	06/25/97	10	N N			97.3			ND (0.05)	16.5		8.2	1.3		ND (0.2)	12.9				24.6	
6B-6	06/30/97	1	N						ND (0.05)	13.7		8.6				8.9					29.1
	06/30/97	3	N						ND (0.05)	27.5		6.6				8.2					24.8
	06/30/97	6	N			100			0.06 ND (0.05)	467		33.8	2.1		0.70	5.5				22.7	132
	06/30/97	10	N			100			ND (0.05)	14.8		9.6	3.1		0.79	10.3				22.7	33.4

TABLE B-2a

Part														Metals (mg	/kg)							
Part		Interim S	Screening	g Level <sup>1</sup> :	0.285	11	410	0.672	1.1	0.83	39.8	12.7	16.8	8.39	0.0125	1.37	27.3	1.47	5.15	0.78	52.2	58
Part		Resid	ential DT	SC-SL <sup>3</sup> . Values <sup>4</sup> :	NE 0.285	0.11 11.4	NE 330	15 23.3	5.2 0.0151	NE 139.6	36,000 36.3	NE 13	NE 20.6	80 0.0166	1 0.0125	NE 2.25	490 0.607	NE 0.177	390 5.15	NE 2.32	390 13.9	0.164
Part	Location	Date			Antimony	Arsenic	Barium	Beryllium	Cadmium			Cobalt	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Nickel	Selenium	Silver	Thallium	Vanadium	Zinc
Control   Cont	SSB-7	06/30/97	1	N						ND (0.05)	19.8		7.7				8.4					28.1
Series   S		06/30/97	3	N						ND (0.05)	24.9		6.5				7					29.4
SSB-8		06/30/97	6	N						ND (0.05)	8.6		14.7				6.3					23
		06/30/97	10	N			77.5			ND (0.05)	8.1		5.8	1.8		ND (0.2)	6.5				16.2	23.4
Part	SSB-8	07/10/97	1	N						ND (0.05)	53.1		15.1				15.3					38.3
No		07/10/97	3	N						ND (0.05)	13.6		14.1				10.6					35.3
SSB-9		07/10/97	6	N						ND (0.05)	15.3		7.3				10					33.5
SSB-9		07/10/97	10	N			43.9			ND (0.05)	17.1		10.7	2.8		0.071 J	13.9				26.8	35.8
No control   No		07/10/97	10	FD						ND (0.05)	13.7		8				11.1					30
Category 2   Category 3   N   N   N   N   N   N   N   N   N	SSB-9	07/10/97	1	N						ND (0.05)	17.3		8.6				10.1					35.5
Name		07/10/97	3	N						ND (0.05)	11		6.1				7					31.8
Name		07/10/97	6	N						ND (0.05)	9.6		6.4				7.8					25.3
Category 2   Category 3   Category 3   Category 3   Category 4   Category 4   Category 5   Category 6   Cat		07/10/97	10	N			102			ND (0.05)	15.7		7.7	3		0.096 J	11.4				25.7	33.1
Category 2   10	XMW-9	06/25/97	3	N						ND (0.05)	18.4		12				9					25.8
06/25/97   30   N       88.1       ND (0.05)   35.6     17.2   7.2     0.11 J   32.1         42.9   50.3       06/25/97   50   N       57.4       ND (0.05)   36.3     15.6   4.5     ND (0.2)   28.5         37.7   54.2       06/25/97   70   N       1,580       ND (0.05)   6.7     17.0   6.1     1.8   7.4           19.7   54.6       SpillO4162006_Sam   04/26/06   0   N   5   2.3   140   0.5   0.5     35   5.3   10   18   0.14   2.7   15   1   0.5   5   24   78       SpillO4162006_Sam   04/26/06   0   N   10   4.6   210   1   1     20   7   11   6.2   0.16   5   15   1   1   10   34   42       SpillO4162006_Sam   04/26/06   0   N   10   4.6   210   1   1     20   7   11   6.2   0.16   5   15   1   1   10   34   42       SpillO4162006_Sam   04/26/06   0   N   10   4.6   210   1   1     20   7   11   6.2   0.16   5   15   1   1   10   34   42       SpillO4162006_Sam   04/26/06   0   N   05   0.5       0.7   6.8   80		06/25/97	10	N			257			ND (0.05)	45.7		19.7	5.7		0.075 J	35.2				44.5	44.2
Ob/25/97   50   N       57.4       ND (0.05)   36.3     15.6   4.5     ND (0.2)   28.5         37.7   54.2       Ob/25/97   70   N       1.580       ND (0.05)   6.7     170   6.1     1.8   7.4         1.9   54.6       Ob/25/97   70   N       1.580       ND (0.05)   6.7     170   6.1     1.8   7.4           1.9   54.6       Ob/25/97   70   N       1.580       ND (0.05)   6.7     170   6.1     1.8   7.4             19.7   54.6       Ob/25/97		06/25/97	10	FD						ND (0.05)	31.1		16.7				27					38.7
Category 2   SpillO4162006_Sam   O4/26/06   O   N   O   O   O   O   O   O   O   O		06/25/97	30	N			88.1			ND (0.05)	35.6		17.2	7.2		0.11 J	32.1				42.9	50.3
Category 2  SpillO4162006_Sam 04/26/06 0 N 5 2.3 140 0.5 0.5 35 5.3 10 18 0.14 2.7 15 1 0.5 5 24 78  SpillO4162006_Sam 04/26/06 0 N 10 4.6 210 1 1 20 7 11 6.2 0.16 5 15 1 1 0.5 5 24 78  Category 3  DS-1 06/24/88 1-3 N 6.8 80		06/25/97	50	N			57.4			ND (0.05)	36.3		15.6	4.5		ND (0.2)	28.5				37.7	54.2
SpillO4162006_Sam         04/26/06         0         N         5         2.3         140         0.5         0.5          35         5.3         10         18         0.14         2.7         15         1         0.5         5         24         78           SpillO4162006_Sam         04/26/06         0         N         10         4.6         210         1         1          20         7         11         6.2         0.16         5         15         1         1         10         34         42           Category 3           DS-1         06/24/88         1-3         N            6.8         80		06/25/97	70	N			1,580			ND (0.05)	6.7		170	6.1		1.8	7.4				19.7	54.6
Spill04162006_Sam         04/26/06         0         N         10         4.6         210         1         1          20         7         11         6.2         0.16         5         15         1         1         10         34         42           Category 3           DS-1         06/24/88         1-3         N            6.8         80	Category 2																					
Category 3	Spill04162006_Sam	04/26/06	0	N	5	2.3	140	0.5	0.5		35	5.3	10	18	0.14	2.7	15	1	0.5	5	24	78
DS-1 06/24/88 1-3 N 6.8 80	Spill04162006_Sam	04/26/06	0	N	10	4.6	210	1	1		20	7	11	6.2	0.16	5	15	1	1	10	34	42
DS-2 06/24/88 0 - 3 N 0.7 43	Category 3																					
DS-3 06/24/88 0 - 3 N ND (0.5) 25	DS-1	06/24/88	1 - 3	N						6.8	80											
	DS-2	06/24/88	0 - 3	N						0.7	43											
	DS-3	06/24/88	0 - 3	N						ND (0.5)	25											
DS-4 06/24/88 0 - 3 N ND (0.5) 28	DS-4	06/24/88	0 - 3	N							28											

## TABLE B-2a

Sample Results: Metals in Soil

AOC 1 – Area around Former Percolation Bed

Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis

PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

#### Notes:

Category 1: Validated data suitable for all uses, including risk assessment and remedial action decisions.

Category 2: Validated data suitable for use in characterization of the chemicals of potential concern at the facility and to help define the

nature and extent of contamination.

Category 3: Validated data suitable only for use in qualitative characterization of the nature and extent of contamination.

Results greater than or equal to the interim screening level are circled; however, if the interim screening level is equal to the background value, only results greater than the interim screening level are circled.

This location is in an area where soil is transitioning into sediment.

sediment sample

Reporting limits greater than or equal to the interim screening level.

--- not analyzed

ft bgs feet below ground surface

mg/kg milligrams per kilogram

DTSC California Department of Toxic Substances Control

DTSC-SL DTSC Screening Levels

FD field duplicate

concentration or reporting limit estimated by laboratory or data validation

N primary sample

ND not detected at the listed reporting limit

NE not established

USEPA United States Environmental Protection Agency

- 1 Interim screening level is background value. If background value is not available then the interim screening value is the lower of the Ecological Comparison Value, residential DTSC-SL, or USEPA residential regional screening value.
- <sup>2</sup> United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA). 2017. Regional Screening Levels (RSLs) for Chemical Contaminants at Superfund Sites. November.
- <sup>3</sup> California Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC). 2018. Human Health Risk Assessment (HHRA) Note Number 3. January.
- <sup>4</sup> ARCADIS. 2008. "Technical Memorandum 3: Ecological Comparison Values for Metals and Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons in Soil." May 28.
- 5 CH2M HILL. 2009. "Final Soil Background Technical Memorandum at Pacific Gas and Electric Company Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California." May.

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Sample Results: Dioxins and Furans
AOC 1 – Area around Former Percolation Bed
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

													Dioxin/Fu	rans (ng/k	g)								
	Interim S	creening	Level <sup>1</sup> :	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	16	50	5.58
Residenti	ial Regional Sc	reening	Levels <sup>2</sup> :	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE
		ential DT		NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	50	NE
E	cological Com	-		NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	16	NE 5.50	1.6
			round <sup>5</sup> : Sample	NE 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,4,7,8,9-	NE 1,2,3,4,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,4,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,6,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,6,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,7,8,9-	NE 1,2,3,7,8,9-	NE 1,2,3,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,7,8-	NE 2,3,4,6,7,8-	NE 2,3,4,7,8-	2 3 7 8-TCDD	NE 2,3,7,8-TCDF	OCDD	NE OCDF	5.98 TEQ Avian	5.58 TEQ Human	5.58 TEQ
Location	Date	(ft bgs)	-	HpCDD	HpCDF	HpCDF	HxCDD	HxCDF	HxCDD	HxCDF	HxCDD	HxCDF	PeCDD	PeCDF	HxCDF	PeCDF	2,0,1,0 1000	2,0,7,0 1001			12 G AVIGIT	TEQ TIGHTON	Mammals
Category 1				ı																			
AOC1-BCW6	08/22/08	0 - 0.5	N	2,100 J	210 J	ND (8.4) J	14 J	14 J	75 J	14 J	25 J	ND (5.5) J	ND (5.3) J*	ND (4) J	ND (350) J	ND (5.5) J	ND (0.31) J	ND (2) J	16,000 J	510 J	<u>37</u>	<u>64</u>	64
	08/22/08	2 - 3	N	570 J	85 J	ND (6.7) J	3.1 J	ND (2) J	ND (0.79)	J ND (5.2) J	7.9 J	ND (2.3) J	ND (0.37) J	ND (1.5) J	ND (2.5) J	ND (1.5) J	ND (0.1) J	ND (0.2) J	8,000 J	200 J	5	11	<u> 11</u>
AOC1-1	01/23/16	0 - 0.5	N	5,600 J	410 J	31 J	43 J	44 J	180 J	20 J	100 J	ND (8) J	23 J	6.4 J	ND (2,900) J	l 13 J	1.1 J	ND (0.18) J	87,000 J	700 J	220	300	300
	01/23/16	2 - 3	N	3,700 J	370 J	28 J	20 J	23 J	120 J	13 J	49 J	5.7 J	11 J	3.8 J	ND (1,900) J	7.1 J	ND (0.12) J	ND (1.2) J	66,000 J	810 J	140	190	190
AOC1-2	01/23/16	0 - 0.5	N	41	4.2 J	ND (0.68)	ND (0.66)	ND (0.41)	1.5 J	ND (0.45)	1.1 J	ND (0.23)	ND (1.4)	ND (0.4)	ND (5.3)	ND (0.16)	ND (0.08)	ND (0.14)	300	8.1 J	1.5	1.9	1.9
	01/23/16	2 - 3	N	ND (1.3)	ND (0.32)	ND (0.093)	ND (0.17)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.15)	ND (0.095)	ND (0.15)	0.29 J	ND (0.064)	ND (0.057)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.057)	ND (0.046)	ND (0.053)	21 J	ND (0.83)	0.17	0.15	0.15
AOC1-3	01/25/16	0 - 0.5	N	6,200 J	670 J	ND (35)	62 J	ND (40)	230 J	ND (35)	140 J	ND (47)	37 J	ND (3.4)	ND (3,100)	15 J	ND (0.47)	ND (3.4)	45,000 J	730 J	250	330	330
	01/25/16	2 - 3	N	3,600	300	ND (15)	31	ND (18)	120	26	76	ND (3.3)	15	ND (10)	ND (1,700)	ND (11)	ND (0.33)	ND (0.95)	33,000 J	480	130	180	180
	01/25/16	5 - 6	N	13 J	1.3 J	ND (0.32) J	ND (0.25) J	ND (0.39)	J ND (0.23)	J ND (0.18) J	ND (0.23) J	ND (0.29) J	ND (0.27) J	ND (0.21)	J ND (5.4) J	ND (0.22) J	ND (0.14) J	ND (0.073) J	200 J	ND (3.6)	0.74	0.8	0.8
	01/25/16	9 - 10	N	5.2 J	ND (0.82) J	ND (0.36) J	ND (0.19) J	ND (0.13)	J ND (0.098)	J ND (0.24) J	0.5 J	ND (0.15) J	ND (0.29) J	ND (0.1) J	ND (1.3) J	ND (0.11) J	ND (0.22) J	ND (0.2) J	72 J	ND (2.1)	0.58	0.52	0.52
AOC1-4	01/23/16	0 - 0.5	N	24 J	ND (2.4) J	ND (0.6) J	ND (0.9) J	ND (0.59)	J ND (0.46)	J ND (0.55) J	ND (0.47) J	ND (0.71) J	ND (0.27) J	ND (0.14) J	J ND (3.8) J	ND (0.15) J	ND (0.1) J	ND (0.15) J	240 J	ND (5)	0.74	0.92	0.92
	01/23/16	2 - 3	N	18 J	2 J	ND (2.4) J	ND (0.23) J	ND (0.31)	J ND (0.22)	J ND (0.29) J	ND (0.22) J	ND (0.37) J	ND (0.16) J	ND (0.091)	J ND (2.7) J	ND (0.096)	J ND (0.081)	ND (0.084) J	310 J	ND (5.6)	0.5	0.66	0.66
AOC1-5	01/09/17	0 - 0.5	N	120	ND (9.5)	ND (1.4)	ND (0.37)	ND (0.44)	ND (0.47)	ND (0.58)	ND (1.6)	ND (0.25)	ND (0.47)	ND (0.11)	ND (6)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.087)	ND (0.098)	1,300	28	1.2	2.4	2.4
	01/09/17	2 - 3	N	6.5 J	ND (0.2)	ND (0.24)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.053)	ND (0.17)	ND (0.048)	ND (0.16)	ND (0.063)	ND (0.07)	ND (0.064)	ND (0.2)	ND (0.067)	ND (0.071)	ND (0.1)	ND (44)	ND (1.3)	0.2	0.2	0.2
	01/09/17	5 - 6	N	280	45	ND (2.5)	1.3 J	ND (1.2)	ND (0.22)	ND (1.7)	ND (2.2)	ND (0.52)	ND (0.49)	ND (0.24)	ND (53)	ND (0.25)	ND (0.077)	ND (0.12)	4,200	280	4.7	8	(8)
	01/09/17	9 - 10	N	8.1 J	ND (1.6)	ND (1.1)	ND (0.29)	ND (0.14)	ND (0.19)	ND (0.13)	ND (1.1)	ND (0.56)	ND (0.14)	ND (0.11)	0.77 J	ND (0.11)	ND (0.071)	ND (0.27)	83	ND (4.4)	0.51	0.45	0.45
	01/09/17	14 - 15	N	1.8 J	ND (0.13)	ND (0.39)	ND (0.3)	ND (0.067)	ND (0.09)	ND (0.061)	0.27 J	ND (0.079)	ND (0.064)	ND (0.043)	ND (0.069)	ND (0.046)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.18)	ND (9.2)	ND (0.73)	0.26	0.19	0.19
AOC1-6	01/09/17	0 - 0.5	N	440	42	ND (4.5)	ND (1.6)	ND (1.3)	12 J	ND (2.8)	5.1 J	ND (1.6)	ND (1)	ND (0.52)	ND (110)	ND (0.55)	ND (0.18)	ND (0.25)	4,500	94	8.8	14	14
	01/09/17	2 - 3	N	77	ND (10)	ND (0.72)	ND (0.49)	ND (0.51)	2.4 J	ND (0.46)	ND (0.79)	ND (0.6)	ND (0.19)	ND (0.39)	ND (20)	ND (0.41)	ND (0.092)	ND (0.13)	750	26	1.8	2.7	2.7
	01/09/17	5 - 6	N	ND (8.9)	ND (1.1)	ND (0.24)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.14)	ND (0.32)	ND (0.28)	ND (0.15)	ND (0.06)	ND (0.051)	1.2 J	ND (0.053)	ND (0.044)	ND (0.039)	ND (75)	ND (1.5)	0.28	0.3	0.3
	01/09/17	9 - 10	N	ND (3.5)	ND (0.37)	ND (0.38)	ND (0.052)	ND (0.092)	ND (0.051)	ND (0.084)	ND (0.05)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.098)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.095)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.069)	ND (0.063)	ND (41)	ND (1.5)	ND (0.21)	ND (0.16)	ND (0.16)
	01/09/17	14 - 15	N	3.5 J	ND (0.34)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.14)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.097)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.21)	ND (0.047)	ND (0.31)	ND (0.049)	ND (0.067)	ND (0.048)	ND (30)	ND (1.6)	0.24	0.24	0.24
AOC16-5	02/20/17	0 - 0.5	N	820 J	54	5.9 J	3.8 J	9 J	26	ND (3.1)	8.4 J	ND (1.6)	ND (2.4)	ND (0.23)	ND (370)	ND (2.8)	ND (0.095)	ND (0.16)	6,800 J	100	26	36	36
	02/20/17	0 - 0.5	FD	440 J	28	3.1 J	2.1 J	5.3 J	15	ND (4.1)	4.9 J	1.3 J	ND (1.3)	ND (0.27)	ND (260)	ND (2.1)	ND (0.075)	ND (0.68)	3,700 J	45	18	23	23
	02/20/17	2 - 3	N	ND (7.9)	ND (0.57)	ND (0.18)	ND (0.069)	ND (0.081)	ND (0.34)	ND (0.078)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.094)	ND (0.065)	ND (0.047)	ND (5.9)	ND (0.049)	ND (0.031)	ND (0.036)	ND (66)	ND (0.91)	ND (0.42)	ND (0.44)	ND (0.44)
AOC1-7	01/09/17	0 - 0.5	N	480	38 J	ND (0.85)	1.4 J	1.8 J	7.7 J	ND (1.8)	ND (0.29)	ND (0.8)	ND (0.8)	ND (0.13)	ND (61)	ND (0.65)	ND (0.33)	0.38 J	5,100	130 J	6.2	12	(12)
	01/09/17	2 - 3	N	190 J	19	ND (1.3)	ND (0.8)	ND (1.1)	5 J	ND (0.95)	ND (1.8)	ND (0.43)	ND (0.28)	ND (0.33)	ND (41)	ND (0.35)	ND (0.075)	ND (0.11)	2,200 J	69	3.4	5.8	5.8
	01/09/17	2 - 3	FD	97 J	9.8 J	ND (0.79)	ND (0.64)	ND (0.45)	2.8 J	ND (0.41)	1.6 J	ND (0.53)	ND (0.57)	ND (0.14)	ND (30)	ND (0.14)	ND (0.073)	ND (0.12)	980 J	24 J	2.5	3.8	3.8
	01/09/17	5 - 6	N	4 J	ND (1.3)	1.2 J	ND (0.32)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.061)	ND (0.099)	ND (0.63)	ND (0.41)	ND (0.36)	ND (0.2)	0.84 J	ND (0.16)	ND (0.068)	ND (0.24)	51	2.5 J	0.61	0.49	0.49
	01/09/17	9 - 10	N	ND (0.27)	ND (0.42)	ND (0.59)	ND (0.19)	ND (0.28)	ND (0.083)	ND (0.07)	ND (0.24)	ND (0.53)	ND (0.048)	ND (0.1)	ND (0.079)	ND (0.056)	ND (0.055)	ND (0.077)	17 J	ND (1.2)	0.2	0.15	0.15
	01/09/17	14 - 15	N	1.1 J	ND (0.11)	ND (0.33)	ND (0.068)	ND (0.032)	ND (0.067)	ND (0.03)	ND (0.066)	ND (0.038)	ND (0.079)	ND (0.059)	ND (0.26)	ND (0.062)	ND (0.096)	ND (0.12)	12 J	ND (0.66)	0.21	0.15	0.15

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R:\PGEAlliance\Topock\Topock\_DataGaps\_Tables\_RES.mdb\rptDioxins
Print Date: 5/7/2018

Sample Results: Dioxins and Furans
AOC 1 – Area around Former Percolation Bed
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

													Dioxin/Fu	rans (ng/kg	1)								
	Interim S	Screening	Level <sup>1</sup> :	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	16	50	5.58
Residential	Regional So	creening L	Levels <sup>2</sup> :	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE
	Resid	ential DTS	SC-SL <sup>3</sup> :	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	50	NE
Eco	logical Com	-		NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	16	NE	1.6
			round <sup>5</sup> :	NE 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,4,7,8,9-	NE 1,2,3,4,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,4,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,6,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,6,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,7,8,9-	NE 1,2,3,7,8,9-	NE 1,2,3,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,7,8-	NE 2,3,4,6,7,8-	NE 2,3,4,7,8-	NE 2,3,7,8-TCDD	NE 2,3,7,8-TCDF	NE OCDD	NE OCDF	5.98 TEQ Avian	5.58 TEQ Human	5.58 TEQ
Location	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	HpCDD	HpCDF	HpCDF	HxCDD	HxCDF	HxCDD	HxCDF	HxCDD	HxCDF	PeCDD	PeCDF	HxCDF	PeCDF	2,3,7,0-1000	2,3,7,0-100F	ОСББ	OCDI	TEQ AVIAII	TEQ Human	Mammals
AOC1-8	01/05/17	0 - 0.5	N	130	18	ND (1.9)	ND (1.2)	ND (0.54)	5.4 J	1.9 J	2.9 J	ND (4.4)	ND (0.84)	ND (0.35)	ND (41)	ND (0.26)	ND (0.19)	ND (0.35)	1,200	41	4.1	5.8	5.8
	01/05/17	2 - 3	N	200	ND (1.5)	ND (1.8)	ND (2)	ND (1.9)	8.5 J	ND (1.6)	5.1 J	ND (2.1)	ND (0.95)	ND (0.97)	ND (78)	ND (0.98)	ND (0.3)	ND (0.44)	1,800	64	6.6	9	9
AOC1-BCW10	02/04/16	0 - 0.5	N	5,100	ND (240)	27	ND (7.1)	ND (1.1)	88	ND (45)	23	ND (1.3)	ND (4.2)	ND (0.58)	ND (570)	5.1 J	ND (0.4)	2.3 J	42,000	1,700	55	110	110
	02/04/16	2 - 3	N	670	ND (0.21)	ND (4)	3.5 J	ND (0.21)	17	ND (7.7)	7 J	1.6 J	ND (1)	ND (1.1)	ND (110)	ND (1.2)	ND (0.08)	ND (0.077)	6,700	120	9.7	18	<u> 18</u>
	02/04/16	5 - 6	N	17	ND (0.091)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.2)	ND (0.16)	0.78 J	ND (1.5)	ND (0.19)	ND (0.24)	ND (0.16)	ND (1.5)	ND (0.27)	ND (1.6)	ND (0.045)	ND (0.069)	130	2.2 J	1.2	0.79	0.79
	02/04/16	9 - 10	N	ND (1.7)	0.38 J	ND (0.094)	ND (0.064)	ND (0.15)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.14)	ND (0.06)	ND (0.18)	ND (0.074)	ND (0.074)	ND (0.42)	ND (0.08)	ND (0.049)	ND (0.11)	ND (14)	ND (0.14)	0.22	0.15	0.15
	02/04/16	9 - 10	FD	ND (0.88)	ND (0.03)	ND (0.067)	ND (0.046)	ND (0.052)	ND (0.036)	ND (0.048)	ND (0.034)	ND (0.061)	ND (0.052)	ND (0.062)	ND (0.21)	ND (0.067)	ND (0.025)	0.1 J	ND (3.8)	ND (0.047)	0.2	0.089	0.089
AOC1-BCW11	02/04/16	0 - 0.5	N	380	ND (1.3)	ND (1.6)	1.9 J	ND (2.8)	8.6 J	ND (4.9)	3.7 J	ND (1.1)	ND (0.35)	ND (0.19)	ND (58)	ND (0.21)	ND (0.36)	ND (0.36)	4,700	52	5.4	10	
	02/04/16	2 - 3	N	830	ND (1.9)	ND (8)	4 J	ND (2.3)	25	ND (19)	9.3 J	ND (2.7)	ND (2.4)	ND (0.53)	ND (2.4)	2.7 J	ND (0.19)	ND (0.96)	9,700	320 J	9.1	19	<u>19</u>
	02/04/16	5 - 6	N	1,800	110	12 J	7.8 J	ND (2.1)	50	4.6 J	18	ND (2.4)	ND (3.8)	ND (1.4)	ND (340)	ND (1.6)	0.5 J	1 J	16,000	440	29	<u>52</u>	<u>52</u>
	02/04/16	9 - 10	N	ND (2.2)	ND (0.055)	ND (0.07)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.15)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.14)	ND (0.15)	ND (0.18)	ND (0.1)	ND (0.06)	ND (0.76)	ND (0.065)	ND (0.061)	ND (0.16)	ND (13)	ND (0.56)	ND (0.27)	ND (0.19)	ND (0.19)
AOC1-BCW12	02/04/16	0 - 0.5	N	1,400	160	ND (11)	13	ND (7.7)	41	ND (6.8)	15	ND (8.7)	4.4 J	ND (7.5)	ND (380)	5.8 J	ND (0.32)	2.5 J	15,000	590	41	<u>54</u>	54
	02/04/16	2 - 3	N	2,900	410	ND (41)	ND (3.3)	ND (45)	70	ND (40)	15	ND (51)	ND (2.9)	ND (23)	ND (670)	ND (23)	ND (0.52)	ND (0.84)	50,000	2,300	70	100	100
	02/04/16	5 - 6	N	36 J	ND (1.8) J	ND (0.22) J	ND (0.39) J	ND (0.48) J	ND (0.37) J	ND (0.44) J	ND (0.37) J	ND (0.57) J	ND (0.28) J	ND (0.12) J	ND (15) J	ND (0.13) J	ND (0.063) J	ND (0.088) J	120 J	ND (3.2) J	1.2	1.5	1.5
AOC1-BCW13	02/04/16	0 - 0.5	N	550	36	5.4 J	2.6 J	5 J	16	ND (10)	ND (5.4)	ND (0.78)	ND (0.3)	ND (0.26)	ND (140)	2.1 J	0.27 J	0.9 J	5,200	260	14	19	19
	02/04/16	2 - 3	N	8.3 J	ND (0.39)	ND (0.19)	ND (0.29)	ND (0.21)	ND (0.088)	ND (0.22)	ND (0.23)	ND (0.25)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.07)	ND (1.9)	ND (0.075)	ND (0.051)	ND (0.047)	70	ND (0.96)	0.32	0.37	0.37
	02/04/16	5 - 6	N	ND (1.8)	0.21 J	ND (0.079)	0.14 J	ND (0.066)	ND (0.1)	ND (0.084)	ND (0.055)	ND (0.35)	ND (0.072)	ND (0.1)	ND (0.072)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.13)	0.26 J	ND (12)	ND (0.4)	0.46	0.21	0.21
	02/04/16	9 - 10	N	ND (2.3)	ND (0.2)	ND (0.093)	ND (0.074)	ND (0.098)	ND (0.22)	ND (0.091)	ND (0.069)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.18)	ND (0.069)	ND (0.6)	ND (0.074)	ND (0.075)	0.25 J	ND (7.6)	ND (0.26)	0.47	0.24	0.24
AOC1-BCW14	02/04/16	0 - 0.5	N	530	51	ND (2.8)	3.8 J	3.1 J	ND (0.4)	1.5 J	7.4 J	ND (3.7)	ND (1)	ND (1.6)	1.1 J	ND (1.6)	ND (0.52)	0.9 J	6,600	120	6	11	11
	02/04/16	2 - 3	N	47	6.2 J	ND (0.46)	ND (0.39)	ND (0.24)	1.5 J	ND (0.21)	0.78 J	ND (2.3)	ND (0.075)	ND (0.11)	ND (8.9)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.062)	ND (0.3)	680	14 J	1.1	1.7	1.7
AOC1-BCW15	02/04/16	0 - 0.5	N	260 J	24 J	2.4 J	1.8 J	1.5 J	7.4 J	ND (1.1) J	3.6 J	ND (0.42) J	ND (0.26) J	0.71 J	ND (81) J	ND (0.89) J	ND (0.064) J	0.56 J	2,700 J	80 J	6.8	9.6	9.6
AOC1-BCW16	02/04/16	0 - 0.5	N	580	53 J	4.8 J	4.5 J	ND (7.1)	24 J	ND (2)	9.4 J	ND (2.4)	3.8 J	ND (1.1)	ND (190)	ND (1.2)	ND (0.48)	ND (0.3)	5,400	190 J	18	26	26
	02/04/16	2 - 3	N	300	43	4.7 J	22	ND (0.16)	ND (1.1)	2 J	5 J	1.5 J	3.8 J	ND (0.7)	ND (130)	ND (0.73)	0.34 J	ND (0.46)	3,100	120	14	18	18
	02/04/16	5 - 6	N	26	2.3 J	ND (0.47)	ND (0.33)	0.63 J	ND (1.1)	ND (0.77)	ND (0.67)	ND (0.26)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.38)	ND (8.5)	ND (0.3)	ND (4.8) *	0.39 J	200	4.7 J	3.7	3.5	3.5
	02/04/16	9 - 10	N	ND (1.9)	ND (0.18)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.15)	ND (0.084)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.082)	0.22 J	ND (0.098)	ND (0.1)	ND (0.16)	ND (0.29)	ND (0.17)	ND (0.1)	ND (0.15)	ND (6.4)	ND (0.41)	0.32	0.21	0.21
AOC1-BCW17	02/04/16	0 - 0.5	N	15	1.7 J	ND (0.59)	ND (0.24)	ND (0.26)	ND (0.21)	ND (0.23)	ND (0.21)	ND (0.3)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.28)	ND (0.26)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.06)	ND (0.17)	120	3 J	0.37	0.42	0.42
	02/04/16	2 - 3	N	2 J	ND (0.49)	ND (0.052)	ND (0.1)	ND (0.1)	ND (0.086)	ND (0.089)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.061)	ND (0.069)	ND (0.2)	ND (0.069)	ND (0.051)	ND (0.091)	ND (24)	ND (0.37)	0.18	0.14	0.14
AOC1-BCW18	02/05/16	0 - 0.5	N	1,300	57 J	ND (6.7)	ND (2.8)	6.8 J	21	ND (0.46)	7.4 J	ND (1.2)	ND (1.7)	1.1 J	ND (110)	ND (0.8)	ND (0.21)	ND (0.49)	15,000	230 J	12	29	29
	02/05/16	2 - 3	N	4.1 J	ND (0.13)	ND (0.1)	ND (0.4)	ND (0.17)	ND (0.39)	ND (0.15)	ND (0.37)	ND (0.19)	ND (0.087)	ND (0.2)	ND (1.4)	ND (0.22)	ND (0.053)	ND (0.22)	ND (9.5)	0.39 J	0.43	0.31	0.31
	02/05/16	5 - 6	N	ND (0.29)	ND (0.05)	ND (0.036)	ND (0.056)	ND (0.032)	ND (0.055)	ND (0.03)	ND (0.072)	ND (0.084)	ND (0.073)	ND (0.09)	ND (0.1)	ND (0.097)	ND (0.076)	ND (0.3)	ND (0.66)	ND (0.068)	ND (0.3)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.13)
	02/05/16	9 - 10	N	ND (0.19)	ND (0.028)	ND (0.036)	ND (0.06)	ND (0.034)	ND (0.049)	ND (0.031)	ND (0.1)	ND (0.04)	ND (0.058)	ND (0.062)	ND (0.035)	ND (0.067)	ND (0.069)	ND (0.2)	ND (0.9)	ND (0.052)	ND (0.21)	ND (0.1)	ND (0.1)
AOC1-BCW19	02/05/16	0 - 0.5	N	7,100 J	470 J	29 J	28 J	41 J	160 J	14 J	57 J	13 J	(13 J)	10 J	ND (1,000) J	15 J	ND (0.82) J	4 J	97,000 J	1,200 J	120	210	210

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Sample Results: Dioxins and Furans
AOC 1 – Area around Former Percolation Bed
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

													Dioxin/Fu	ırans (ng/kg	1)								
	Interim S	Screening	Level <sup>1</sup> :	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	16	50	5.58
Residentia	l Regional So	_		NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE
		ential DT		NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	50	NE
Ec	ological Com	•		NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	16 5.98	NE 5.58	1.6 5.58
-		Depth	round <sup>5</sup> : Sample	1,2,3,4,6,7,8-	1,2,3,4,6,7,8-	1,2,3,4,7,8,9-	1,2,3,4,7,8-	1,2,3,4,7,8-	1,2,3,6,7,8-	1,2,3,6,7,8-	1,2,3,7,8,9-	1,2,3,7,8,9-	1,2,3,7,8-	1,2,3,7,8-	2,3,4,6,7,8-	2,3,4,7,8-		2,3,7,8-TCDF	OCDD	OCDF	TEQ Avian	TEQ Human	TEQ
Location	Date	(ft bgs)	Туре	HpCDD	HpCDF	HpCDF	HxCDD	HxCDF	HxCDD	HxCDF	HxCDD	HxCDF	PeCDD	PeCDF	HxCDF	PeCDF	7-7-7-	,,,,,					Mammals
AOC1-BCW20	02/05/16	0 - 0.5	N	160	ND (0.2)	1.2 J	1.3 J	ND (0.24)	6.1 J	ND (3.1)	2.7 J	ND (0.28)	ND (0.26)	ND (0.32)	ND (42)	ND (0.34)	ND (0.068)	ND (0.064)	1,600	35	3.4	5.6	5.6
	02/05/16	2 - 3	N	4.4 J	ND (0.13)	ND (0.16)	ND (0.17)	ND (0.056)	ND (0.039)	ND (0.052)	ND (0.037)	ND (0.065)	ND (0.074)	ND (0.086)	ND (1.5)	ND (0.1)	ND (0.041)	ND (0.11)	ND (21)	ND (0.41)	0.26	0.22	0.22
	02/05/16	5 - 6	N	ND (3.1)	ND (0.088)	ND (0.068)	ND (0.17)	ND (0.075)	ND (0.069)	ND (0.069)	ND (0.14)	ND (0.087)	ND (0.054)	ND (0.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.06)	0.15 J	ND (13)	0.31 J	0.35	0.19	0.19
	02/05/16	9 - 10	N	ND (0.61)	ND (0.084)	ND (0.038)	ND (0.04)	ND (0.064)	ND (0.05)	ND (0.059)	ND (0.047)	ND (0.075)	ND (0.097)	ND (0.085)	ND (0.2)	ND (0.091)	ND (0.041)	ND (0.14)	ND (2)	ND (0.031)	ND (0.21)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.12)
AOC1-BCW21	02/05/16	0 - 0.5	N	2,000	ND (9.8)	ND (12)	5.2 J	14	44	ND (23)	16	3.8 J	4.6 J	ND (0.2)	5.5 J	3.5 J	ND (0.29)	ND (0.48)	20,000	440	18	42	42
	02/05/16	2 - 3	N	12 J	ND (0.086)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.14)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.075)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.081)	ND (0.053)	ND (0.14)	110	3.1 J	0.26	0.31	0.31
	02/05/16	5 - 6	N	ND (1)	ND (0.04)	ND (0.05)	ND (0.047)	ND (0.067)	ND (0.046)	ND (0.057)	ND (0.044)	ND (0.078)	ND (0.073)	ND (0.08)	ND (0.43)	ND (0.086)	ND (0.047)	ND (0.1)	ND (5.6)	ND (0.17)	ND (0.19)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.12)
	02/05/16	9 - 10	N	ND (0.73)	ND (0.069)	ND (0.087)	ND (0.03)	ND (0.05)	ND (0.062)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.034)	ND (0.058)	ND (0.074)	ND (0.052)	ND (0.39)	ND (0.056)	ND (0.055)	ND (0.04)	ND (3.4)	ND (0.19)	ND (0.15)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.12)
AOC1-BCW22	02/05/16	0 - 0.5	N	190 J	22 J	2.3 J	ND (0.63) J	ND (1.2) J	5.5 J	ND (0.99) J	2.1 J	ND (0.77) J	ND (0.87) J	ND (0.4) J	ND (49) J	ND (0.88) J	ND (0.15) J	ND (0.097) J	2,500 J	63 J	4.6	7	7
AOC1-BCW23	02/05/16	0 - 0.5	N	540	63	5.2 J	ND (4)	ND (3.4)	16	ND (4.5)	ND (4.9)	ND (1.5)	ND (2.3)	5.7 J	ND (170)	ND (2.3)	ND (0.34)	3.1 J	5,900	180	17	21	21
	02/05/16	2 - 3	N	16	1.9 J	ND (0.57)	ND (0.22)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.5)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.5)	0.67 J	ND (0.16)	ND (0.23)	ND (1.7)	ND (0.23)	ND (0.16)	ND (0.17)	120	2.3 J	0.62	0.65	0.65
AOC1-BCW24	02/05/16	0 - 0.5	N	830	58	ND (15)	4.9 J	ND (4.7)	20	ND (4.1)	12 J	ND (5.3)	1.7 J	ND (2)	ND (160)	ND (2)	ND (0.15)	ND (0.93)	10,000	150	16	27	27
	02/05/16	2 - 3	N	510	110	ND (28)	ND (1.5)	ND (8.3)	23	5.4 J	ND (5.7)	ND (1.7)	1.5 J	ND (3.5)	ND (250)	ND (3.5)	ND (0.068)	ND (0.2)	5,500	310	20	26	26
	02/05/16	5 - 6	N	ND (1.6) J	ND (0.079)	J ND (0.12) J	ND (0.11) J	ND (0.061)	J ND (0.1) J	ND (0.057) J	ND (0.1) J	ND (0.073)	J ND (0.11) J	ND (0.073) J	ND (0.55) J	ND (0.078)	J ND (0.086) J	ND (0.046) J	ND (8.3)	ND (0.13) J	ND (0.21)	ND (0.18)	ND (0.18)
AOC1-BCW25	02/05/16	0 - 0.5	N	1,700	110 J	12 J	7.8 J	ND (1.7)	50 J	ND (29)	16	ND (2)	4.7 J	ND (1)	ND (400)	ND (1.1)	ND (0.16)	1.4 J	17,000	620 J	36	58	58
	02/05/16	2 - 3	N	38	3.4 J	ND (0.32)	1.4 J	ND (0.16)	ND (0.3)	ND (1.6)	ND (0.56)	ND (0.18)	ND (0.2)	ND (0.15)	ND (17)	ND (0.16)	ND (0.056)	ND (0.12)	510	17 J	1.4	1.9	1.9
	02/05/16	5 - 6	N	7.2 J	ND (0.69)	ND (0.33)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.18)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.17)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.21)	ND (0.084)	ND (0.78)	ND (4.5)	ND (0.84)	ND (0.03)	ND (0.26)	73	6.6 J	0.93	0.58	0.58
	02/05/16	9 - 10	N	ND (0.36)	ND (0.032)	ND (0.04)	ND (0.03)	ND (0.057)	ND (0.03)	ND (0.053)	ND (0.055)	ND (0.066)	ND (0.042)	ND (0.036)	ND (0.15)	ND (0.039)	ND (0.023)	ND (0.076)	ND (1.8)	ND (0.037)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.067)	ND (0.067)
AOC1-BCW26	02/04/16	0 - 0.5	N	4,100	250	ND (18)	16	18	95	15	30	ND (13)	ND (1.7)	ND (3.1)	ND (540)	7.8 J	ND (0.5)	2.6 J	39,000	710	58	100	100
	02/04/16	2 - 3	N	ND (19)	3 J	ND (1.7)	ND (0.76)	ND (0.21)	ND (1.2)	ND (0.4)	ND (1.7)	ND (0.76)	ND (0.37)	0.26 J	ND (1.4)	ND (0.24)	ND (0.083)	ND (0.2)	ND (120)	ND (3.4)	0.78	0.75	0.75
AOC1-BCW27	02/05/16	0 - 0.5	N	91	ND (0.57)	ND (0.73)	ND (0.68)	ND (0.14)	3.5 J	ND (2.9)	1.3 J	ND (0.25)	ND (0.82)	ND (0.18)	ND (25)	ND (2)	ND (0.19)	0.7 J	660	21 J	4	3.9	3.9
	02/05/16	2 - 3	N	ND (0.2)	ND (0.095)	ND (0.035)	ND (0.055)	ND (0.041)	ND (0.054)	ND (0.038)	ND (0.052)	ND (0.048)	ND (0.071)	ND (0.084)	ND (0.066)	ND (0.091)	ND (0.052)	0.24 J	ND (1.2)	ND (0.095)	0.37	0.12	0.12
	02/05/16	5 - 6	N	0.6 J	ND (0.068)	ND (0.086)	ND (0.055)	ND (0.058)	ND (0.055)	ND (0.15)	ND (0.052)	ND (0.068)	ND (0.089)	ND (0.058)	ND (0.34)	ND (0.063)	ND (0.04)	ND (0.069)	4.4 J	ND (0.56)	0.17	0.13	0.13
	02/05/16	9 - 10	N	0.27 J	ND (0.028)	ND (0.035)	ND (0.08)	ND (0.022)	ND (0.029)	ND (0.02)	ND (0.027)	ND (0.026)	ND (0.037)	ND (0.032)	ND (0.29)	ND (0.035)	ND (0.053)	ND (0.19)	ND (1.5)	ND (0.076)	0.18	0.088	0.088
AOC1-BCW28	02/05/16	0 - 0.5	N	5,700	ND (28)	ND (35)	23	ND (74)	180	ND (68)	53	ND (86)	14	8.9 J	ND (1,000)	15	ND (1)	2.7 J	47,000	1,500	110	180	180
	02/05/16	2 - 3	N	16	ND (0.16)	ND (0.2)	ND (0.19)	ND (0.21)	ND (0.19)	ND (1.2)	ND (0.27)	ND (0.24)	ND (0.094)	ND (0.13)	ND (8.2)	ND (0.14)	ND (0.056)	ND (0.11)	130	4.7 J	0.75	0.83	0.83
	02/05/16	5 - 6	N	8 J	ND (0.71)	ND (0.14)	ND (0.2)	ND (0.19)	ND (0.19)	ND (0.33)	ND (0.18)	ND (0.22)	ND (0.097)	ND (0.12)	ND (4.8)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.19)	0.23 J	82	4 J	0.76	0.6	0.6
	02/05/16	9 - 10	N	ND (0.65)	ND (0.076)	ND (0.097)	ND (0.034)	ND (0.044)	ND (0.033)	ND (0.041)	ND (0.032)	ND (0.051)	ND (0.072)	ND (0.064)	ND (0.15)	ND (0.069)	ND (0.066)	ND (0.15)	ND (1.8)	ND (0.23)	ND (0.2)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.11)
AOC1-BCW29	02/04/16	0 - 0.5	N	2,900	280	ND (5)	ND (13)	ND (12)	68	ND (12)	ND (12)	ND (14)	ND (2.4)	10 J	ND (600)	ND (4.1)	ND (0.39)	ND (1.2)	30,000	1,300	47	84	84
	02/04/16	2 - 3	N	2.8 J	ND (0.12)	ND (0.14)	0.74 J	ND (0.13)	ND (0.14)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.27)	ND (0.095)	ND (0.15)	ND (2.5)	ND (0.16)	ND (0.084)	ND (1.1)	24 J	ND (0.8)	0.93	0.45	0.45
	02/04/16	5 - 6	N	2.7 J	0.69 J	ND (0.29)	ND (0.2)	0.3 J	ND (0.072)	ND (0.36)	ND (0.18)	ND (0.26)	ND (0.2)	ND (0.14)	ND (1)	ND (0.15)	ND (0.27)	1.2 J	29	ND (1.1)	1.7	0.56	0.56
	02/04/16	9 - 10	N	17	ND (0.75)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.15)	ND (0.072)	ND (0.23)	ND (0.14)	ND (0.15)	ND (0.084)	ND (0.09)	ND (0.092)	ND (1.3)	ND (0.17)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.61)	370	2.4 J	0.65	0.55	0.55

Sample Results: Dioxins and Furans
AOC 1 – Area around Former Percolation Bed
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

-													Dioxin/Fu	ırans (ng/kç	<b>j</b> )								
	Interim S	creening	Level <sup>1</sup> :	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	16	50	5.58
Residentia	Regional So	reening l	Levels <sup>2</sup> :	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE
		ential DT		NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	50	NE
Eco	ological Com	-		NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	16	NE 5.58	1.6
			round <sup>5</sup> : Sample	1,2,3,4,6,7,8-	1,2,3,4,6,7,8-	1,2,3,4,7,8,9-	1,2,3,4,7,8-	1,2,3,4,7,8-	1,2,3,6,7,8-	1,2,3,6,7,8-	1,2,3,7,8,9-	1,2,3,7,8,9-	1,2,3,7,8-	1,2,3,7,8-	2,3,4,6,7,8-	2,3,4,7,8-	2,3,7,8-TCDD		OCDD	OCDF	5.98 TEQ Avian	TEQ Human	5.58 TEQ
Location	Date	(ft bgs)	-	HpCDD	HpCDF	HpCDF	HxCDD	HxCDF	HxCDD	HxCDF	HxCDD	HxCDF	PeCDD	PeCDF	HxCDF	PeCDF	_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	_,0,1,0 1021			1247114		Mammals
AOC1-BCW30	02/04/16	0 - 0.5	N	5,200	460	24	22	34	ND (5.8)	32	49	ND (9.1)	12 J	ND (8.8)	ND (890)	13	0.5 J	7	14,000	980	100	140	140
	02/04/16	2 - 3	N	ND (0.77)	2.4 J	ND (0.22)	ND (0.46)	ND (0.63)	ND (0.32)	ND (0.49)	ND (0.64)	ND (0.93)	0.87 J	ND (0.23)	ND (7.8)	ND (0.46)	ND (1.1)	0.65 J	98	3.6 J	2.9	2.2	2.2
AOC1-BCW31	02/20/17	0 - 0.5	N	9.3 J	1.1 J	ND (0.13)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.19)	0.43 J	ND (0.18)	ND (0.33)	ND (0.22)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.092)	ND (3)	ND (0.095)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.27)	ND (88)	ND (1.3)	0.53	0.5	0.5
	02/20/17	2 - 3	N	ND (0.46)	ND (0.049)	ND (0.058)	ND (0.039)	ND (0.042)	ND (0.04)	ND (0.04)	ND (0.053)	ND (0.048)	ND (0.054)	ND (0.037)	ND (0.21)	ND (0.039)	ND (0.03)	ND (0.034)	ND (7.4)	ND (0.16)	ND (0.1)	ND (0.078)	ND (0.078)
AOC1-BCW32	02/20/17	0 - 0.5	N	20	2.9 J	0.32 J	ND (0.11)	ND (0.12)	1.2 J	ND (0.2)	ND (0.43)	ND (0.14)	ND (0.064)	0.27 J	14	ND (0.056)	ND (0.035)	ND (0.087)	190	5.5 J	1.7	1.9	1.9
	02/20/17	2 - 3	N	ND (2.9)	ND (0.38)	ND (0.083)	ND (0.076)	ND (0.054)	ND (0.076)	ND (0.098)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.062)	ND (0.06)	ND (0.043)	ND (0.58)	ND (0.045)	ND (0.035)	ND (0.023)	ND (40)	0.93 J	0.14	0.13	0.13
AOC1-BCW7	02/05/16	0 - 0.5	N	200	16	2.1 J	0.87 J	1.8 J	5.6 J	ND (3.2)	ND (2)	0.59 J	ND (0.35)	ND (0.19)	ND (37)	ND (0.39)	0.17 J	0.26 J	2,600	74	3.9	6.4	6.4
	02/05/16	2 - 3	N	100	8.2 J	1.1 J	0.85 J	0.94 J	2.9 J	ND (0.27)	1.2 J	ND (0.26)	ND (0.21)	ND (0.24)	ND (18)	ND (0.26)	ND (0.051)	0.19 J	1,100	32	2	3.1	3.1
	02/05/16	2 - 3	FD	90	ND (0.15)	ND (0.68)	0.54 J	ND (0.24)	ND (2.5)	ND (0.88)	1.3 J	ND (0.28)	ND (0.15)	ND (0.12)	ND (17)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.052)	ND (0.074)	870	30	1.5	2.5	2.5
	02/05/16	5 - 6	N	ND (2.7)	ND (0.094)	ND (0.12)	0.24 J	ND (0.081)	ND (0.074)	ND (0.075)	ND (0.071)	ND (0.094)	ND (0.095)	ND (0.038)	ND (0.28)	ND (0.041)	ND (0.068)	ND (0.052)	ND (23)	ND (0.6)	0.18	0.17	0.17
	02/05/16	9 - 10	N	5 J	ND (0.36)	ND (0.15)	ND (0.075)	ND (0.084)	ND (0.074)	ND (0.078)	ND (0.07)	ND (0.098)	ND (0.085)	ND (0.12)	ND (1)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.05)	ND (0.037)	54	1.5 J	0.24	0.23	0.23
AOC1-BCW8	02/04/16	0 - 0.5	N	730	55	ND (2.8)	ND (3.2)	ND (4.9)	15	ND (4.3)	5.9 J	ND (5.6)	ND (1.5)	ND (0.73)	ND (120)	ND (0.63)	ND (0.18)	ND (0.66)	9,900	170	11	21	21
	02/04/16	2 - 3	N	1,400	110	7.6 J	6.9 J	6.4 J	30	6 J	14	2.5 J	ND (1.8)	ND (2.9)	ND (180)	ND (3.7)	ND (0.33)	3 J	18,000	270	23	38	38
	02/04/16	5 - 6	N	240 J	53 J	8.8 J	ND (0.5) J	ND (0.55) J	6.7 J	ND (0.51) J	ND (1.2) J	ND (0.66) J	ND (0.23) J	ND (0.26) J	ND (81) J	ND (0.64) J	ND (0.072) J	ND (0.08) J	2,600 J	170 J	5.9	9	9
AOC1-BCW9	02/04/16	0 - 0.5	N	920	78	ND (6.7)	3.7 J	ND (11)	22	ND (9.7)	7.7 J	ND (1.8)	ND (0.23)	ND (1.2)	ND (220)	ND (1.9)	ND (0.13)	1.5 J	10,000	220	19	29	29
	02/04/16	2 - 3	N	17	ND (1.8)	ND (0.19)	ND (0.33)	ND (0.41)	ND (0.71)	ND (0.36)	ND (0.29)	ND (0.47)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.15)	ND (3.9)	ND (0.15)	ND (0.067)	ND (0.096)	150	5.1 J	0.55	0.68	0.68
AOC1-T1e	01/11/16	0 - 1	N	670	68	ND (4.3)	4 J	ND (3)	15	4 J	8.9 J	ND (3.5)	2.1 J	ND (0.8)	ND (84)	ND (0.31)	0.23 J	ND (0.12)	6,300	120	11	19	19
	01/11/16	2 - 3	N	29	ND (3)	ND (0.52)	ND (0.65)	ND (0.85)	ND (0.58)	ND (0.72)	ND (0.62)	ND (31)	ND (0.25)	ND (0.4)	2.7 J	ND (0.28)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.14)	190	ND (2.2)	2.4	2.6	2.6
	01/11/16	5 - 6	N	4.5 J	ND (0.79)	ND (0.14)	ND (0.26)	ND (0.18)	ND (0.3)	ND (0.16)	ND (0.31)	ND (0.21)	ND (0.16)	ND (0.095)	ND (0.18)	ND (0.074)	ND (0.062)	ND (0.1)	51	ND (1.2)	0.28	0.27	0.27
	01/11/16	9 - 10	N	28	ND (3.6)	ND (2)	ND (0.38)	ND (0.34)	ND (0.34)	ND (0.29)	ND (0.8)	ND (0.4)	ND (0.16)	ND (0.17)	ND (3.6)	ND (0.18)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.14)	240	ND (4.9)	0.67	0.86	0.86
AOC1-T1f	01/12/16	0 - 1	N	550	74	ND (5.5)	3.6 J	ND (11)	13	ND (9.1)	ND (0.54)	ND (12)	ND (0.76)	ND (0.66)	ND (140)	ND (0.69)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.51)	6,800	230	12	19	19
	01/12/16	2 - 3	N	2.5 J	ND (0.27)	ND (0.071)	ND (0.037)	ND (0.055)	ND (0.032)	ND (0.048)	ND (0.032)	ND (0.099)	ND (0.024)	ND (0.059)	ND (0.055)	ND (0.059)	ND (0.03)	ND (0.034)	29	ND (0.43)	0.099	0.092	0.092
	01/12/16	5 - 6	N	7.7 J	ND (0.12)	ND (0.15)	ND (0.25)	ND (0.4)	ND (0.22)	ND (0.29)	ND (0.17)	ND (0.2)	ND (0.19)	ND (0.14)	ND (0.17)	ND (0.15)	ND (0.2)	ND (0.76)	22 J	ND (0.5)	0.74	0.43	0.43
	01/12/16	9 - 10	N	9.6 J	ND (0.56)	0.74 J	ND (0.33)	ND (0.16)	ND (0.3)	ND (0.15)	ND (0.32)	ND (0.43)	ND (0.27)	ND (0.14)	ND (0.24)	ND (0.15)	ND (0.1)	ND (0.17)	30	ND (0.29)	0.45	0.43	0.43
AOC1-T1g	02/17/17	0 - 0.5	N	260 J	17	1.5 J	1.4 J	1.1 J	ND (6.1)	0.79 J	2.3 J	ND (0.38)	ND (0.56)	0.34 J	ND (36)	ND (0.5)	ND (0.067)	ND (0.06)	2,000 J	35	3.6	6.5	6.5
	02/17/17	0 - 0.5	FD	650 J	21	1.5 J	ND (1)	1.2 J	7.7 J	0.73 J	2.7 J	ND (0.31)	ND (0.55)	ND (0.46)	ND (28)	ND (0.57)	ND (0.066)	ND (0.34)	6,900 J	34	4.3	12	12
	02/17/17	2 - 3	N	590	78	6 J	2.7 J	3.6 J	16	2.7 J	5.6 J	1.1 J	1.5 J	ND (1.3)	ND (110)	ND (0.66)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.2)	7,300	250	11	19	19
	02/17/17	5 - 6	N	160	34	2.3 J	ND (0.37)	ND (0.7)	5.7 J	ND (0.37)	ND (1.4)	ND (0.58)	0.45 J	ND (0.29)	ND (44)	ND (0.42)	ND (0.05)	ND (0.045)	1,600	95	3.8	6	6
	02/17/17	9 - 10	N	91	9.1 J	ND (0.7)	ND (0.34)	ND (0.27)	2.7 J	ND (0.26)	0.78 J	ND (0.31)	ND (0.14)	ND (0.082)	ND (14)	ND (0.085)	ND (0.027)	ND (0.032)	610	25	1.3	2.4	2.4
AOC1-T2g	03/03/16	9 - 10	N	3,100 J	820 J	ND (31)	12 J	ND (21)	85	ND (89) J	16	ND (25)	3.6 J	ND (0.62)	ND (1,200)	ND (0.65)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.2)	35,000	4,200	89	130	130
	03/03/16	14 - 15	N	310	ND (0.22)	6.5 J	ND (0.91)	ND (0.46)	12 J	ND (17)	2.1 J	ND (0.53)	ND (0.42)	ND (0.73)	ND (220)	ND (0.76)	ND (0.22)	ND (0.16)	3,300	170	14	18	18
	03/03/16	19 - 20	N	59	11 J	ND (1.2)	ND (0.23)	ND (0.39)	2.1 J	ND (3.8)	ND (0.22)	ND (0.46)	ND (0.039)	ND (0.11)	ND (44)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.037)	0.14 J	640	43	3	3.6	3.6

Sample Results: Dioxins and Furans
AOC 1 – Area around Former Percolation Bed
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

													Dioxin/Fu	ırans (ng/kg	)								
	Interim S	Screening	Level <sup>1</sup> :	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	16	50	5.58
Residentia	al Regional So	creening L	_evels <sup>2</sup> :	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE
		ential DT	•	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	50	NE
Ed	cological Com	•		NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	16	NE	1.6
			round <sup>5</sup> :	NE 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,4,7,8,9-	NE 1,2,3,4,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,4,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,6,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,6,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,7,8,9-	NE 1,2,3,7,8,9-	NE 1,2,3,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,7,8-	NE 2,3,4,6,7,8-	NE 2,3,4,7,8-	NE 2,3,7,8-TCDD	NE 2.3.7.8-TCDF	NE OCDD	NE OCDF	5.98 TEQ Avian	5.58 TEQ Human	5.58 TEQ
Location	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	HpCDD	HpCDF	HpCDF	HxCDD	HxCDF	HxCDD	HxCDF	HxCDD	HxCDF	PeCDD	PeCDF	HxCDF	PeCDF	2,3,7,0-1000	2,3,7,0-1001	ОСББ	OCDI	TEQ Aviali	i EQ Huillali	Mammals
AOC1-T2h	03/04/16	0 - 1	N	930	150	ND (4.3)	3.4 J	ND (1.1)	23	ND (27)	5.9 J	ND (1.3)	ND (0.86)	ND (0.66)	ND (290) J	ND (0.59)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.18)	11,000	720 J	21	34	34
	03/04/16	2 - 3	N	570	56	5.3 J	2.8 J	ND (0.22)	14	1.6 J	5.8 J	ND (0.91)	ND (1.3)	ND (0.81)	ND (130)	1.1 J	0.2 J	ND (0.38)	6,700	200	12	19	19
	03/04/16	5 - 6	N	69	5.7 J	ND (0.19)	0.97 J	ND (0.12)	ND (1.9)	ND (0.26)	0.9 J	ND (0.14)	ND (0.23)	ND (0.18)	ND (11)	ND (0.19)	ND (0.035)	ND (0.17)	420	10 J	1.2	1.9	1.9
	03/04/16	9 - 10	N	460	44	6.4 J	ND (2.3)	ND (0.23)	13	ND (0.67)	4.7 J	ND (0.68)	ND (0.75)	ND (0.24)	ND (240)	0.86 J	ND (0.13)	0.23 J	5,400	250	16	21	<u>21</u>
AOC1-T2i	03/05/16	0 - 1	N	670	88	10 J	1.7 J	ND (0.62)	14	ND (20)	ND (2.6)	ND (0.72)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.42)	ND (220)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.044)	ND (0.22)	9,800	610	15	25	25
	03/05/16	2 - 3	N	420	37	3.4 J	2.8 J	4.1 J	13	1.1 J	4.5 J	ND (0.81)	ND (1.2)	ND (0.34)	ND (80)	ND (0.79)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.18)	5,800	150	7.9	14	14
	03/05/16	5 - 6	N	16	ND (1.6)	ND (0.3)	ND (0.15)	0.72 J	0.88 J	0.87 J	ND (0.36)	ND (0.72)	ND (0.08)	ND (0.091)	ND (6)	ND (0.096)	ND (0.029)	ND (0.14)	170	9.4 J	0.75	0.91	0.91
	03/05/16	9 - 10	N	910	110	ND (12)	ND (1.8)	ND (0.27)	21	1.1 J	4.7 J	1.3 J	1.2 J	ND (0.92)	ND (280)	ND (0.47)	ND (0.039)	0.28 J	10,000	730	20	32	32
AOC1-T2j	03/05/16	0 - 1	N	190	8.7 J	ND (1.5)	0.93 J	ND (0.31)	4.6 J	ND (0.3)	ND (1.4)	ND (0.36)	ND (0.25)	ND (0.098)	ND (21)	ND (0.26)	ND (0.052)	ND (0.1)	2,900	21 J	2.2	4.8	4.8
	03/05/16	2 - 3	Ν	380 J	37	3.6 J	2.4 J	ND (0.16)	11 J	1.9 J	4.7 J	ND (0.86)	1.5 J	ND (0.15)	ND (78)	ND (1.3)	0.28 J	ND (0.31)	4,000 J	120	8.6	13	13
	03/05/16	2 - 3	FD	170 J	16	ND (0.58)	1.1 J	2.4 J	6.4 J	1.2 J	2.6 J	0.79 J	ND (0.82)	ND (0.23)	ND (41)	0.68 J	ND (0.09)	ND (0.19)	1,400 J	33	4.6	6.5	6.5
	03/05/16	5 - 6	N	120	19	1.8 J	ND (0.38)	ND (0.6)	3.5 J	ND (0.59)	1.2 J	ND (0.7)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.097)	ND (42)	ND (0.22)	ND (0.11)	0.55 J	1,700	99	3.6	4.8	4.8
	03/05/16	9 - 10	Ν	17	1.9 J	ND (0.37)	ND (0.16)	ND (0.12)	0.56 J	ND (0.4)	ND (0.25)	ND (0.14)	ND (0.045)	ND (0.092)	ND (5.2)	ND (0.097)	ND (0.065)	ND (0.33)	190	10 J	0.65	0.71	0.71
AOC1-T5D	01/12/16	0 - 1	N	280	30	ND (2.2)	ND (1.4)	ND (1.2)	ND (9.1)	ND (1.1)	3.7 J	ND (1.4)	ND (0.19)	ND (0.6)	ND (96)	ND (1.3)	ND (0.1)	ND (0.54)	2,700	94	7.4	10	10
	01/12/16	2 - 3	Ν	21,000 J	2,800	130 J	79	360	880	ND (66)	190	ND (83)	ND (40) *	ND (22)	ND (6,300)	ND (24)	4.9 J	12	270,000	11,000 J	520	830	830
	01/12/16	2 - 3	FD	44,000 J	3,700	ND (250) J	ND (96)	360	1,200	89	260	ND (52)	ND (23) *	ND (2.9)	ND (5,900)	68	6.2	14	340,000	18,000 J	600	1,100	1,100
	01/12/16	5 - 6	N	2,500	420	39	5.9 J	ND (9.8)	57	ND (9.1)	ND (13)	ND (11)	ND (2.1)	ND (0.41)	ND (860)	ND (1)	0.59 J	ND (0.34)	28,000	2,200	58	92	92
	01/12/16	9 - 10	N	500	86	ND (4.3)	ND (2.8)	ND (0.66)	15	ND (0.61)	ND (3.6)	ND (0.77)	ND (0.77)	ND (0.28)	ND (230)	ND (0.3)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.22)	5,000	290	15	21	21
	01/12/16	14 - 15	N	1,700	120	10 J	7.7 J	13	38	ND (2.6)	15	ND (2.3)	3.2 J	ND (1.3)	ND (340)	ND (1.4)	ND (0.52)	0.73 J	22,000	380	31	53	53
	01/12/16	19 - 20	N	590	130	20	4 J	ND (7.1)	22	ND (6.6)	7.1 J	ND (8.2)	ND (0.27)	ND (0.3)	ND (370)	ND (0.32)	ND (0.083)	ND (0.12)	5,300	410	24	32	32
	01/12/16	19 - 20	FD	620	120	18	ND (3.5)	ND (5.7)	24	ND (5.3)	7 J	ND (6.6)	ND (0.45)	ND (0.15)	ND (380)	ND (0.45)	ND (0.087)	ND (0.067)	5,400	400	24	33	33
AOC1-T6D	02/09/16	0 - 0.5	N	240	13	1.4 J	ND (0.84)	ND (0.051)	3.8 J	ND (0.34)	1.7 J	0.34 J	ND (0.49)	ND (0.23)	ND (58)	ND (0.27)	ND (0.4)	0.31 J	2,100	48	4.7	7.3	7.3
	02/09/16	2 - 3	N	17	0.66 J	ND (0.25)	ND (0.18)	ND (0.089)	0.49 J	ND (0.087)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.1)	ND (0.17)	ND (0.076)	ND (1.7)	ND (0.14)	ND (3.5)	ND (0.2)	100	1.5 J	2.2	2.2	2.2
	02/09/16	5 - 6	N	5.1 J	ND (0.24)	ND (0.08)	ND (0.046)	ND (0.059)	ND (0.15)	ND (0.048)	ND (0.14)	ND (0.069)	ND (0.04)	ND (0.062)	ND (0.49)	ND (0.056)	ND (2.6)	ND (0.14)	41	ND (0.32)	1.5	1.5	1.5
	02/09/16	9 - 10	N	ND (0.74)	ND (0.093)	0.11 J	ND (0.071)	ND (0.066)	ND (0.023)	ND (0.051)	ND (0.022)	ND (0.061)	ND (0.063)	ND (0.029)	ND (0.18)	ND (0.03)	ND (0.94)	0.17 J	ND (4.5)	ND (0.13)	0.71	0.55	0.55
	02/09/16	9 - 10	FD	ND (1.1)	ND (0.32)	0.27 J	ND (0.087)	ND (0.092)	ND (0.064)	ND (0.09)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.37)	ND (0.067)	ND (0.14)	ND (0.096)	ND (0.15)	ND (2.4)	ND (0.25)	ND (4.6)	ND (0.18)	1.5	1.3	1.3
AOC1-T7	02/19/17	0 - 0.5	N	210 J	21	ND (1.5)	0.65 J	0.81 J	4 J	ND (0.44)	ND (0.66)	ND (0.43)	ND (0.32)	ND (0.088)	ND (37)	ND (0.069)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.038)	2,100 J	68 J	3	5.7	5.7
	02/19/17	2 - 3	N	310	34	2.5 J	1.9 J	2.2 J	10 J	ND (1.6)	4.1 J	ND (0.63)	ND (0.65)	0.6 J	ND (56)	ND (0.64)	ND (0.15)	ND (0.094)	3,600	65	5.6	9.8	9.8
	02/19/17	5 - 6	N	690	150	8.6 J	1.1 J	ND (1.4)	19	ND (0.64)	2.5 J	ND (0.93)	ND (0.22)	ND (0.16)	ND (190)	ND (0.17)	ND (0.051)	ND (0.1)	7,600	610	14	23	23
	02/19/17	9 - 10	N	93	15	ND (1)	ND (0.15)	0.38 J	3.1 J	ND (0.26)	ND (0.63)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.099)	ND (0.078)	ND (26)	ND (0.081)	ND (0.041)	ND (0.045)	1,000	51	1.9	3.2	3.2

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Sample Results: Dioxins and Furans
AOC 1 – Area around Former Percolation Bed
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

													Dioxin/Fu	ırans (ng/kg	1)								
	Interim S	Screening	Level <sup>1</sup> :	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	16	50	5.58
Residential	Regional So	creening L	_evels <sup>2</sup> :	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE
		ential DTS		NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	50	NE
Eco	logical Com	-		NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	16	NE 5.50	1.6
			round <sup>5</sup> : Sample	NE 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,4,7,8,9-	NE 1,2,3,4,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,4,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,6,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,6,7,8-	1,2,3,7,8,9-	NE 1,2,3,7,8,9-	NE 1,2,3,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,7,8-	NE 2,3,4,6,7,8-	NE 2,3,4,7,8-	2 3 7 8-TCDD	NE 2,3,7,8-TCDF	NE OCDD	OCDF	5.98 TEQ Avian	5.58 TEQ Human	5.58 TEQ
Location	Date	(ft bgs)	Type	HpCDD	HpCDF	HpCDF	HxCDD	HxCDF	HxCDD	HxCDF	HxCDD	HxCDF	PeCDD	PeCDF	HxCDF	PeCDF	2,0,1,0 1000	2,0,1,0 1021			1247111411	12411411411	Mammals
AOC1-T8	02/18/17	0 - 0.5	N	360	48	3.4 J	2.2 J	2.2 J	11 J	ND (1.2)	4.9 J	0.69 J	ND (1.2)	1 J	ND (110)	ND (0.64)	ND (0.17)	0.25 J	4,000	130	9.2	14	14
	02/18/17	2 - 3	N	330	46	3.4 J	2.4 J	2.8 J	12 J	ND (1.1)	4.7 J	0.75 J	ND (1.4)	ND (0.79)	ND (100)	ND (0.86)	ND (0.072)	ND (0.25)	3,100	110	8.6	13	<u> 13</u>
	02/18/17	5 - 6	N	80	4.3 J	0.83 J	ND (0.26)	ND (0.18)	1.5 J	ND (0.33)	ND (0.13)	0.36 J	ND (0.2)	ND (0.19)	ND (7.8)	ND (0.047)	ND (0.025)	ND (0.036)	470	14 J	0.82	1.7	1.7
	02/18/17	9 - 10	N	49	5.8 J	0.69 J	ND (0.15)	ND (0.11)	1.3 J	ND (0.069)	ND (0.4)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.18)	ND (0.082)	ND (14)	ND (0.085)	ND (0.046)	ND (0.042)	590	18 J	1.1	1.7	1.7
	02/18/17	9 - 10	FD	110	14	ND (0.86)	ND (0.2)	ND (0.34)	3.1 J	ND (0.45)	0.92 J	ND (0.13)	0.17 J	ND (0.089)	ND (33)	ND (0.093)	ND (0.029)	ND (0.024)	1,300	39	2.5	4	4
AOC4-GB10	02/10/10	0 - 0.5	N	4,200	140	14	16	ND (21)	88	ND (13)	29	ND (12.5)	ND (12.5) *	ND (12.5)	ND (12.5)	6.5 J	ND (5) *	ND (5)	52,000	260	37	87	87
AOC4-GB11	02/10/10	0 - 0.5	N	4,700	180	ND (12.5)	ND (13)	ND (28)	110	ND (17)	34	ND (12.5)	ND (12.5) *	3.7 J	ND (14)	6.7 J	1.2 J	ND (5)	33,000	610	35	87	87
	02/10/10	0 - 0.5	FD	5,300	230	ND (12.5)	21	ND (43)	160	ND (23)	39	ND (12.5)	ND (12.5) *	ND (12.5)	22	14	1.7 J	ND (5)	30,000	440	48	110	110
AOC4-GB12	02/10/10	0 - 0.5	N	490	26	ND (12.5)	5.5 J	ND (12.5)	14	ND (12.5)	ND (12.5)	ND (12.5)	ND (12.5) *	ND (12.5)	ND (12.5)	1.4 J	ND (5) *	ND (5)	4,400	66	18	21	21
Old Well-BCW-1	09/11/13	7 - 8	N	7,000	ND (1.2)	170	21	64	200	ND (280)	40	ND (2)	(8.8 J)	ND (0.42)	ND (4,000)	ND (4.8)	ND (0.17)	0.46 J	53,000	8,400	250	350	350
Old Well-BCW-2	09/11/13	4 - 5	N	8,300	ND (1.9)	170	50	110	380	ND (450)	97	ND (5.6)	18	ND (2.4)	63	ND (10)	ND (0.23)	1.6	100,000	11,000	100	230	230
PA-14	01/27/16	0 - 1	N	660 J	49 J	4.1 J	7.1 J	ND (3.2) J	20 J	4.3 J	14 J	ND (0.51) J	(4.9 J)	ND (1.4) J	ND (64) J	2.1 J	ND (0.53) J	3.2 J	5,300 J	92 J	<u> 18</u>	23	23
PA-15	01/27/16	0 - 1	N	2,600 J	320 J	15 J	21 J	19 J	85 J	25 J	43 J	4.5 J	(10 J)	4 J	ND (340) J	6.7 J	ND (0.93) J	4.2 J	22,000 J	370 J	58	86	86
PA-16	01/27/16	0 - 1	N	880 J	74 J	5.1 J	7.2 J	6 J	24 J	7.1 J	12 J	1.6 J	ND (0.95) J	2.1 J	ND (110) J	2.3 J	ND (0.63) J	ND (1.2) J	7,300 J	140 J	15	25	25
SD-14	01/11/16	0 - 1	N	5,500	340	45	49	ND (1.4)	170	15	85	9 J	24	ND (1.4)	ND (1,200)	9.1 J	3.1 J	2.7 J	40,000	1,100	(130)	190	190
	01/11/16	2 - 3	N	3,100	240	ND (9.4)	14	ND (1.9)	71	ND (5.2)	29	ND (2.3)	ND (5.8) *	ND (0.91)	ND (490)	4.2 J	ND (1.4)	ND (1.4)	25,000	1,100	46	83	83
	01/11/16	5 - 6	N	1,500	ND (27)	ND (34)	ND (3.8)	ND (7)	35	ND (8.8)	12 J	ND (4.6)	ND (4.5)	ND (0.76)	ND (190)	ND (1.7)	ND (1.2)	ND (0.68)	20,000	400	20	40	40
	01/11/16	9 - 10	N	6.3 J	ND (0.59)	ND (0.3)	ND (0.19)	ND (0.16)	ND (0.18)	ND (0.15)	ND (0.17)	ND (0.19)	ND (0.14)	ND (0.045)	ND (0.81)	ND (0.049)	ND (0.094)	ND (0.32)	55	ND (1.3)	0.4	0.32	0.32
SD-15	01/12/16	0 - 0.5	N	1,300	120	11 J	7.1 J	ND (0.71)	36	2.9 J	14	ND (0.83)	3.6 J	ND (0.9)	ND (240)	2.5 J	ND (0.56)	ND (1)	13,000	390	25	41	41
	01/12/16	2 - 3	N	50	5.1 J	ND (0.38)	ND (0.26)	0.61 J	ND (1.4)	ND (1.6)	ND (0.43)	ND (0.15)	ND (0.065)	ND (0.091)	ND (18)	ND (0.098)	ND (0.099)	ND (0.2)	450	13 J	1.5	2	2
	01/12/16	5 - 6	N	51	3.7 J	ND (0.5)	ND (0.34)	ND (0.28)	ND (1.4)	ND (1.2)	ND (0.22)	ND (0.33)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.071)	ND (12)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.043)	ND (0.085)	430	7.2 J	1	1.6	1.6
	01/12/16	9 - 10	N	8.4 J	ND (0.59)	ND (0.29)	ND (0.15)	ND (0.14)	ND (0.23)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.38)	ND (0.17)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.076)	ND (0.76)	ND (0.041)	ND (0.04)	ND (0.38)	36	0.67 J	0.39	0.3	0.3
SD-16	01/12/16	0 - 0.5	N	6.2 J	ND (0.52)	ND (0.19)	ND (0.1)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.3)	ND (0.098)	ND (0.097)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.069)	ND (0.052)	1.1 J	ND (0.056)	ND (0.041)	ND (0.3)	44	1.2 J	0.39	0.31	0.31
	01/12/16	2 - 3	N	1.6 J	ND (0.2)	ND (0.071)	ND (0.097)	ND (0.04)	ND (0.096)	ND (0.037)	ND (0.091)	ND (0.047)	ND (0.065)	ND (0.073)	0.26 J	ND (0.078)	ND (0.024)	ND (0.18)	7.5 J	ND (0.21)	0.22	0.13	0.13
	01/12/16	5 - 6	N	0.57 J	ND (0.12)	ND (0.075)	ND (0.04)	ND (0.07)	ND (0.04)	ND (0.065)	ND (0.038)	ND (0.092)	ND (0.051)	ND (0.059)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.064)	ND (0.059)	0.27 J	2.5 J	0.15 J	0.38	0.12	0.12
	01/12/16	9 - 10	N	0.32 J	ND (0.11)	ND (0.15)	ND (0.039)	ND (0.035)	ND (0.038)	ND (0.043)	ND (0.011)	ND (0.037)	ND (0.029)	ND (0.063)	ND (0.22)	ND (0.068)	ND (0.036)	ND (0.095)	ND (1.5)	ND (0.092)	0.14	0.074	0.074
SD-25	03/10/16	0 - 1	N	140 J	9.5 J	0.82 J	ND (0.61) J	ND (1.4) J	3.5 J	1.7 J	2 J	ND (0.28) J	ND (0.24) J	ND (0.97) J	ND (9.4) J	2.4 J	ND (0.099) J	1.7 J	990 J	13 J	5.6	4.2	4.2
SD-26	03/10/16	0 - 1	N	1,400 J	99 J	6.9 J	14 J	8.3 J	36 J	8.2 J	21 J	2.6 J	6.2 J	2.2 J	ND (93) J	4.2 J	ND (0.68) J	ND (2.4) J	13,000 J	170 J	26	41	41
TCS-4	03/25/14	59 - 60	N	4,200	740	53	8.1 J	ND (21)	79	ND (19)	16	ND (25)	2.3 J	ND (1.5)	ND (1,400)	ND (1.6)	ND (0.09)	ND (0.15)	46,000	3,800	96	150	150
	03/25/14	113	N	1,000	200	20	ND (4.5)	ND (5.7)	26	ND (5.3)	10 J	ND (6.7)	ND (1.2)	ND (0.87)	ND (490)	18	ND (0.45)	ND (0.3)	11,000	920	50	51	51

Sample Results: Dioxins and Furans
AOC 1 – Area around Former Percolation Bed
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

													Dioxin/Fu	rans (ng/kg	g)								
	Interim S	creening	Level <sup>1</sup> :	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	16	50	5.58
Residen	ntial Regional Sc	reening L	.evels <sup>2</sup> :	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE
	Resid	ential DTS	SC-SL3:	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	50	NE
	<b>Ecological Com</b>	parison V	alues4 :	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	16	NE	1.6
		Backg	round <sup>5</sup> :	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	5.98	5.58	5.58
Location	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	1,2,3,4,6,7,8- HpCDD	1,2,3,4,6,7,8- HpCDF	1,2,3,4,7,8,9- HpCDF	1,2,3,4,7,8- HxCDD	1,2,3,4,7,8- HxCDF	1,2,3,6,7,8- HxCDD	1,2,3,6,7,8- HxCDF	1,2,3,7,8,9- HxCDD	1,2,3,7,8,9- HxCDF	1,2,3,7,8- PeCDD	1,2,3,7,8- PeCDF	2,3,4,6,7,8- HxCDF	2,3,4,7,8- PeCDF	2,3,7,8-TCDD	2,3,7,8-TCDF	OCDD	OCDF	TEQ Avian	TEQ Human	TEQ Mammals
TCS4-E	03/01/16	4 - 5	N	10,000 J	ND (550)	ND (650) J	54 J	230	630	ND (770)	110	ND (16)	26	ND (1.1)	ND (9,100)	ND (5.2)	3.2 J	1.9 J	140,000 J	19,000	600	780	780
	03/01/16	4 - 5	FD	19,000 J	ND (2.5)	430 J	ND (170) J	250	680	ND (810)	ND (160)	ND (17)	19	ND (1.1)	ND (8,600)	ND (4.6)	2.4 J	1.3 J	220,000 J	18,000	590	870	870
	03/01/16	5 - 6	N	150	ND (0.24)	ND (1.1)	ND (0.3)	1.2 J	ND (3.2)	ND (3.3)	ND (1.1)	ND (0.41)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.22)	ND (38)	ND (0.23)	0.23 J	ND (0.065)	1,000	35	3	4.6	4.6
TCS4-N	03/01/16	4 - 5	N	2,600	ND (0.45)	36	9.5 J	20	70	ND (90)	15	ND (5.6)	3.1 J	ND (0.81)	ND (1,100)	ND (0.86)	ND (0.32)	0.46 J	26,000	1,800	74	110	110
	03/01/16	5 - 6	N	4,200	ND (750)	96	9.6 J	ND (12)	140	ND (180)	23	ND (14)	3.6 J	ND (0.58)	ND (2,300)	ND (2.9)	0.34 J	ND (0.49)	48,000	4,300	150	210	210
TCS4-S	03/01/16	4 - 5	N	3,300	ND (0.47)	77	18	41	120	ND (160)	36	ND (2.8)	9 J	ND (0.88)	ND (1,800)	ND (1.5)	ND (0.37)	0.48 J	39,000	3,300	130	180	180
	03/01/16	5 - 6	N	940	130	21	1.8 J	ND (0.32)	23	ND (37)	4.3 J	ND (0.38)	0.8 J	ND (1.2)	ND (530)	ND (1.3)	ND (0.23)	ND (0.066)	10,000	1,100	34	47	47

## Notes:

Category 1: Validated data suitable for all uses, including risk assessment and remedial action decisions.

Category 2: Validated data suitable for use in characterization of the chemicals of potential concern at the facility and to help define the nature and extent of contamination.

Category 3: Validated data suitable only for use in qualitative characterization of the nature and extent of contamination.

Results greater than or equal to the Interim Screening Level are circled.

† This location is in an area where soil is transitioning into sediment.

not analyzed

ft bgs feet below ground surface ng/kg nanograms per kilogram DTSC-SL DTSC Screening Levels

DTSC California Department of Toxic Substances Control FD Field Duplicate

J concentration or reporting limit estimated by laboratory or data validation

R estimated value, one or more input values is "R" qualified.

N Primary Sample
NA NA = not applicable
NE not established

ND not detected at the listed reporting limit

R The result has been rejected; identification and/or quantitation could not be verified because critical QC specifications were not

met (e.g., a non-detect result obtained for an archive sample following a hold time of greater than one year).

USEPA USEPA = United States Environmental Protection Agency

- 1 For individual dioxins and furans, selected value is the lower of the ECV, residential DTSC-SL, or USEPA residential regional screening value, unless the background value is higher. For TEQ values, selected value is the DTSC-SL.
- <sup>2</sup> United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA). 2017. Regional Screening Levels (RSLs) for Chemical Contaminants at Superfund Sites. November.
- 3 California Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC). 2018. Human Health Risk Assessment (HHRA) Note Number 3. JanuaryCalifornia Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC). 2017. Human Health Risk Assessment (HHRA) Note 2, Soil Remedial Goals for Dioxins and Dioxin-like Compounds for Consideration at California Hazardous Waste Sites. April.
- 4 ARCADIS. 2008. "Technical Memorandum 3: Ecological Comparison Values for Metals and Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons in Soil." May 28. ARCADIS. 2009. "Topock Compression Station Final Technical Memorandum 4: Ecological Comparison Values for Additional Dectected Chemicals in Soil." July 1.
- 5 CH2M. 2017. Revised Ambient Study of Dioxins and Furans at the Pacific Gas and Electric Company, Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California. October.

## Calculations:

TEQ = Sum of Result xToxic equivalency factor (TEF), 1/2 reporting limit used for nondetects. If all Dioxins and Furans are nondetect, the final qualifier code is U.

TEQ Avian = Sum of Result x TEF, 1/2 reporting limit used for nondetects. If all Dioxins and Furans are nondetect, the final qualifier code is U.

TEQMammals = Sum of Result x TEF, 1/2 reporting limit used for nondetects. If all Dioxins and Furans are nondetect, the final qualifier code is U.

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R:\PGEAlliance\Topock\Topock\_DataGaps\_Tables\_RES.mdb\rptDioxins

Print Date: 5/7/2018

Sample Results: Dioxins and Furans
AOC 1 – Area around Former Percolation Bed
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

Teq Humans = Sum of Result x TEF, 1/2 reporting limit used for nondetects. If all Dioxins and Furans are nondetect, the final qualifier code is U.

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Print Date: 5/7/2018

TABLE B-3a

Sample Results: Metals
AOC 9 – Southeast Fence Line
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

													Metals (mg	/kg)							
	Interim S	creening	Level 1:	0.285	11	410	0.672	1.1	0.83	39.8	12.7	16.8	8.39	0.0125	1.37	27.3	1.47	5.15	0.78	52.2	58
	al Regional Sc Reside cological Com	ential DT parison \	SC-SL 3	31 NE 0.285 NE	0.68 0.11 11.4 11	15,000 NE 330 410	160 15 23.3 0.672	71 5.2 0.0151 1.1	0.3 NE 139.6 0.83	120,000 36,000 36.3 39.8	23 NE 13 12.7	3,100 NE 20.6 16.8	400 80 0.0166 8.39	11 1 0.0125 NE	390 NE 2.25 1.37	1,500 490 0.607 27.3	390 NE 0.177 1.47	390 390 5.15 NE	0.78 NE 2.32 NE	390 390 13.9 52.2	23,000 NE 0.164 58
Location	Date	Depth (ft bgs)		Antimony	Arsenic	Barium	Beryllium	Cadmium	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Cobalt	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Nickel	Selenium	Silver	Thallium	Vanadium	Zinc
Category 1																					
AOC9-1	10/01/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	6.2	93	ND (1) *	ND (1)	1.03	23	5.4	9.1	19	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	26	46
	10/01/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	4.1	89	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.478)	9.7	4.3	5	4.5	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	7.4	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	17	17
AOC9-2	09/18/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	3.2	120	ND (2) *	ND (1)	ND (0.401)	16	4.7	11	9.6	ND (0.099) *	ND (2) *	11	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4) *	25	33
	09/18/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	3.3	150	ND (2) *	ND (1)	ND (0.406)	11	3	5.9	4.9	ND (0.1) *	ND (2) *	6.9	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4) *	20	20
AOC9-3	09/18/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	3.2	110	ND (2) *	ND (1)	ND (0.402)	25	4.1	$\boxed{17}$	9	ND (0.1) *	ND (2) *	12	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4) *	24	49
	09/18/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	3.5	130	ND (2) *	ND (1)	ND (0.454)	15	3.8	7.3	23	ND (0.1) *	ND (2) *	10	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4.1) *	23	92
AOC9-4	09/18/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	3.7	120	ND (2) *	ND (1)	1.06	22	5	12	13	ND (0.1) *	ND (2) *	12	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4) *	29	53
	09/18/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	3.9	110	ND (2) *	ND (1)	ND (0.402)	19	4.6	11	(11)	ND (0.1) *	ND (2) *	11	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4) *	25	42
AOC9-5	10/01/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	4.9	90	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.726	35	7.1	19	28	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	17	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	30	100
	10/01/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	6	130	ND (2) *	ND (1)	$\bigcirc$ 1	38	7.6	21	25	0.27	ND (2) *	20	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4) *	31	76
	10/01/08	2 - 3	FD	ND (2) *	7	120	ND (2) *	ND (1)	0.791	<u>43</u>	7.7	<u>19</u>	24	0.23	ND (2) *	19	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4) *	34	85
OC9-6	09/18/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	3.8	180	ND (2) *	ND (1)	0.789	25	5.4	12	23	0.14	ND (2) *	13	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4) *	31	68
	09/18/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	3.8	120	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.458)	16	5	9.3	5	ND (0.1) *	ND (2.1) *	14	ND (1)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.2) *	25	31
OC9-7	09/18/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	2.2	94	ND (2) *	ND (1)	4.37	$\overline{72}$	4.2	14	15	ND (0.1) *	ND (2) *	11	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4) *	22	120
	09/18/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	4.3	83	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.411)	13	2.9	6.7	20	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	6.7	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	18	29
OC9-8	10/01/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	3.6	100	ND (1) *	ND (1)	48.6 J	230	4.4	11	20	ND (0.1) *	1	10	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	20	1,000
	10/01/08	2.5 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	6.3	130	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	2.41	41	5.3	13	<u>59</u>	ND (0.1) *	4.5	12	ND (1)	ND (2.1)	4.1	25	130
	10/01/08	5.5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	4	87	ND (1) *	ND (1)	1.32	13	3.7	5.5	4.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	8.1	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	17	21
OC9-9	10/01/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	5	120	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.404)	14	3.9	8	7	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	8.1	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	19	34
	10/01/08	2.5 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	4.8	91	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.415)	21	6.9	10	3.8	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	15	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	32	41
	10/01/08	5.5 - 6	N	ND (2.1) *	4.9	97	ND (1) *	ND (1)	1.53	28	7.1	11	4.9	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	15	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	31	53
	10/01/08	5.5 - 6	FD	ND (2.1) *	4.5	87	ND (1) *	ND (1)	1.28	27	7.3	10	4.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	15	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	30	50
OC9-10	10/01/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	5.1	76	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.418	28	6.8	11	18	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	15	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	30	49
	10/01/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	7.3	110	ND (2) *	ND (1)	0.494	30	8.1	15	15	0.11	ND (2) *	19	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4) *	35	(110)
OC9-11	09/18/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2.1) *	3.6	130	ND (2.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.418)	18	4.5	8.5	7.7	0.13	ND (2.1) *	11	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.3) *	25	35
	09/18/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	3.4	120	ND (2) *	ND (1)	ND (0.406)	20	4.3	9.7	7.1	ND (0.1) *	ND (2) *	11	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4) *	24	30
OC9-12	10/01/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) J*	7.3	190 J	ND (2) *	ND (1)	0.727	34	9.4	19	13	ND (0.1) *	ND (2) *	24	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4.1) *	38	57
	10/01/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	6.6	220	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.415)	40	11	17	11	ND (0.1) *	ND (2.1) *	29	ND (1)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.1) *	40	50
OC9-13	09/19/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) J*	5.2	180	ND (2) *	ND (1)	ND (0.404)	18	4.7	13	8.3	ND (0.099) *	ND (2) *	11	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4) *	27	36
	09/19/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	3.8	130	ND (2) *	ND (1)	ND (0.409)	23 J	4.7	9.8	$\bigcirc$ 10	ND (0.1) *	ND (2) *	13	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4.1) *	27	35
	09/19/08	2 - 3	FD	ND (2) *	3.6	110	ND (2) *	ND (1)	ND (0.41)	18 J	4.5	9.6	5.6	ND (0.1) *	ND (2) *	13	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4.1) *	24	32
OC9-14	10/02/08 <sup>E</sup>	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2.1) *	12	170	ND (5.4) *	ND (1.1) *	1.7	31	ND (5.4)	24	34	ND (0.11) *	ND (5.4) *	10	ND (1.1)	ND (5.4) *	ND (11) *	19	81
	10/02/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	7.1	160	ND (2) *	ND (1)	ND (0.412)	38	8.8	17	13	ND (0.1) *	ND (2) *	22	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4.1) *	33	<u>61</u>
AOC9-15	12/06/15	0 - 1	N	ND (2.2) *	2.6 J	160	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.21)	24 J	5.5 J	(17 J)	(15 J)	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	13	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1) J	ND (2.2) *	25 J	52
	12/06/15	2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	3.1	170	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.58	25	5	14	23	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	23	46

TABLE B-3a

Sample Results: Metals
AOC 9 – Southeast Fence Line
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

-													Metals (mg	/kg)							
	Interim S	creening	g Level <sup>1</sup> :	0.285	11	410	0.672	1.1	0.83	39.8	12.7	16.8	8.39	0.0125	1.37	27.3	1.47	5.15	0.78	52.2	58
Resido	ential Regional So Resid Ecological Com	ential DT parison	SC-SL 3	31 NE 0.285 NE	0.68 0.11 11.4 11	15,000 NE 330 410	160 15 23.3 0.672	71 5.2 0.0151 1.1	0.3 NE 139.6 0.83	120,000 36,000 36.3 39.8	23 NE 13 12.7	3,100 NE 20.6 16.8	400 80 0.0166 8.39	11 1 0.0125 NE	390 NE 2.25 1.37	1,500 490 0.607 27.3	390 NE 0.177 1.47	390 390 5.15 NE	0.78 NE 2.32 NE	390 390 13.9 52.2	23,000 NE 0.164 58
Location	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	•	Antimony	Arsenic	Barium	Beryllium	Cadmium	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Cobalt	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Nickel	Selenium	Silver	Thallium	Vanadium	Zinc
AOC9-16	01/13/16	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2.1) *	3.3	72	ND (1) *	ND (1)	4.4	48	5.6	11	22	0.14	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	23	69
	01/13/16	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	2.9	89	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	17	5	18	6.8	0.11	ND (1)	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	22	34
	01/13/16	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	3.3	91	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	14	4.5	6.3	7.1	ND (0.11) *	ND (1)	9.1	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	19	26
	01/13/16	9 - 10	N	ND (2) *	3.3	84	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	12	4	6.2	2.9	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	8.9	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	17	21
AOC9-17	01/10/16	9 - 10	N						1.2												
	01/14/16	14 - 15	N						ND (0.21)												
AOC9-18	01/10/16	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	5.9	120	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.55	25	7.4	$\boxed{17}$	$\boxed{14}$	0.18	ND (1)	15	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	31	57
	01/10/16	9 - 10	N	ND (2.1) *	3.8	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.94	20	5.3	11	28	0.75	ND (1)	9.9	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	22	53
AOC9-19	01/13/16	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2.1) J*	4.2	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)		19	5.1	9.3	9.4	0.15	ND (1)	12	ND (1) J	ND (1)	ND (2.1) J*	21	42
	01/13/16	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	3.7	89	ND (1) *	ND (1)		13	4	15	13	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	7.8	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	17	35
	01/13/16	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	4.1	73	ND (1) *	ND (1)		13	4.5	7.6	7.4	0.12	ND (1)	9.9	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	17	33
	01/13/16	9 - 10	N	ND (2) *	3.9	98	ND (1) *	ND (1)		17	5.5	14	5.1	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	15	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	21	29
AOC9-20	01/13/16	0 - 0.5	N										7.1	0.11							
	01/13/16	2 - 3	N										$\underbrace{11}$	0.12							
	01/13/16	2 - 3	FD										9.3	ND (0.1) *							
	01/13/16	5 - 6	N										47	0.16							
	01/13/16	9 - 10	N										2.2	ND (0.1) *							
AOC9-21	01/08/17	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2.1) *	3.4	130 J	ND (1) *	ND (1)		34	7.2	11	3.8	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	17	ND (1) J	ND (1)	ND (2.1) J*	30 J	47 J
	01/08/17	0 - 0.5		ND (2.1) *	3.6	170 J	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *		33	8.2	13	4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1.1)	18	ND (1.1) J	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) J*	31	45 J
	01/08/17	2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	3.1 3	200	ND (1) *	1.1		48	15	23	2.7	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	38	ND (1) J	ND (1)	ND (2.1) J*	46 47	44
1000.00	01/08/17	5-6	N N	ND (2.1) *		220	ND (1) *	1.1		57			2.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)		ND (1) J	ND (1)	ND (2.1) J*		42
AOC9-22	01/04/17	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2.4) *	4.6	190	ND (1.2) *	ND (1.2) *		30	8.2	23	17	ND (0.12) *	ND (1.2)	18 16	ND (1.2) J	ND (1.2)	ND (2.4) J*	32	60
	01/04/17 01/04/17 <sup>Y</sup>	2-3	IN S NI	ND (2.1) * ND (2.9) *	5.1 4.6	140 220	ND (1) * ND (1.4) *	ND (1) ND (1.4) *	 0.79	62	6.8	16	5.4	0.17 ND (0.14) *	ND (1) ND (1.4) *	16	ND (1) J ND (1.4) J	ND (1) ND (1.4)	ND (2.1) J* ND (2.9) J*	28 48	42 48
	01/04/17	4.5 - 5		ND (2.2) *	1.5	130	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *		41	2.6	13	6.4	ND (0.14)	ND (1.1)	5.9	ND (1.4) J	ND (1.4)	ND (2.2) J*	18	18
PA-05	11/09/15	0 - 1	N	ND (2) *	3.6	130	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.42	27	6.9	16	7.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	19	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	33	83
PA-23	01/27/16	0 - 1	N	ND (2.1) *	11	64	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	0.52	8.9	3.3	6.7	5.1	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	6.3	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	18	49
#4	04/06/00	0 - 3	N						4.2	53.2		12.4				13.5					343
									$\sim$												
#5	04/06/00	0 - 3	N						2.7	29		13.8				16.3					64
#6	04/06/00	0 - 3	N						2.6	33		12.4				13.2					92.7
#7 "2	04/06/00	0 - 3	N 						1.3	32.1		15.3				16.3					68
#8	04/06/00	0 - 3	N						2.8	28.8		12.9				16.4					61.1
#9	04/06/00	0 - 3	N						2.7	92.7		50.4				10.1					215
#10	04/06/00	0 - 3	N						(114)	398		17.9				14.8					744
#11	04/06/00	0 - 3	N																		80.3
#12	04/06/00	0 - 3	N						8.0	38.3		35.6				21.1					

## TABLE B-3a

Sample Results: Metals

AOC 9 – Southeast Fence Line

Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis

PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

## Notes:

Category 1: Validated data suitable for all uses, including risk assessment and remedial action decisions.

Category 2: Validated data suitable for use in characterization of the chemicals of potential concern at the facility and to help define the

nature and extent of contamination.

Category 3: Validated data suitable only for use in qualitative characterization of the nature and extent of contamination.

Results greater than or equal to the interim screening level are circled; however, if the interim screening level is equal to the background value, only results greater than the interim screening level are circled.

9 white powder sample.

Y debris sample

Reporting limits greater than or equal to the interim screening level.

--- not analyzed

ft bgs feet below ground surface

mg/kg milligrams per kilogram

DTSC California Department of Toxic Substances Control

DTSC-SL DTSC Screening Levels

FD field duplicate

concentration or reporting limit estimated by laboratory or data validation

N primary sample

ND not detected at the listed reporting limit

NE not established

USEPA United States Environmental Protection Agency

- 1 Interim screening level is background value. If background value is not available then the interim screening value is the lower of the Ecological Comparison Value, residential DTSC-SL, or USEPA residential regional screening value.
- <sup>2</sup> United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA). 2017. Regional Screening Levels (RSLs) for Chemical Contaminants at Superfund Sites. November.
- <sup>3</sup> California Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC). 2018. Human Health Risk Assessment (HHRA) Note Number 3. January.
- <sup>4</sup> ARCADIS. 2008. "Technical Memorandum 3: Ecological Comparison Values for Metals and Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons in Soil." May 28.
- <sup>5</sup> CH2M HILL. 2009. "Final Soil Background Technical Memorandum at Pacific Gas and Electric Company Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California." May.

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## TABLE B-3b

Sample Results: Dioxins and Furans AOC 9 – Southeast Fence Line Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

													Dioxin/Fu	rans (ng/kg	1)								
	Interim S	creening	g Level <sup>1</sup> :	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	16	50	5.58
Resident	ial Regional Sc	reening	Levels <sup>2</sup> :	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE
	Resid	ential DT	SC-SL3:	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	50	NE
E	cological Com	parison	Values <sup>4</sup> :	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	16	NE	1.6
			ground <sup>5</sup> :	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	5.98	5.58	5.58
Location	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	1,2,3,4,6,7,8- HpCDD	1,2,3,4,6,7,8- HpCDF	1,2,3,4,7,8,9- HpCDF	1,2,3,4,7,8- HxCDD	1,2,3,4,7,8- HxCDF	1,2,3,6,7,8- HxCDD	1,2,3,6,7,8- HxCDF	1,2,3,7,8,9- HxCDD	1,2,3,7,8,9- HxCDF	1,2,3,7,8- PeCDD	1,2,3,7,8- PeCDF	2,3,4,6,7,8- HxCDF	2,3,4,7,8- PeCDF	2,3,7,8-TCDD	2,3,7,8-TCDF	OCDD	OCDF	TEQ Avian	TEQ Human	TEQ Mammals
Category 1																					1		
AOC9-2	09/18/08	0 - 0.5	N	67 J	5.3 J	0.6 J	ND (0.74) J	ND (0.29) J	1.8 J	ND (0.65) J	1.2 J	ND (0.35) J	ND (0.23) J	ND (0.46) J	ND (6) J	ND (0.2) J	ND (0.081) J	ND (0.31) J	610 J	12 J	1.1	1.8	1.8
	09/18/08	2 - 3	N	66 J	4.9 J	ND (0.27) J	ND (0.41) J	ND (0.22) J	ND (1.4) J	ND (0.25) J	ND (0.39) J	J ND (0.33) J	ND (0.33) J	ND (0.35) J	ND (4.5) J	ND (0.37) J	ND (0.042) J	ND (0.12) J	810 J	9.9 J	0.95	1.6	1.6
AOC9-8	10/01/08	2.5 - 3	N	3,200 J	210 J	15 J	21 J	9.3 J	59 J	ND (6) J	19 J	3.3 J	6.1 J	ND (2.4) J	ND (350) J	3.1 J	ND (0.44) J	ND (1.2) J	34,000 J	490 J	42	81	81
AOC9-15	12/06/15	0 - 1	N	1,700 J	130 J	10 J	18 J	7.8 J	46 J	6.1 J	29 J	ND (2.4) J	(11 J)	2.9 J	ND (220) J	4.6 J	ND (0.09) J	3 J	18,000 J	310 J	41	59	59
	12/06/15	2 - 3	N	5,500 J	430 J	32 J	48 J	28 J	140 J	38 J	90 J	6.8 J	28 J	19 J	ND (350) J	12 J	ND (2) J	ND (0.73) J	41,000 J	940 J	95	160	160
AOC9-16	01/13/16	0 - 0.5	N	9,300 J	210 J	ND (17) J	110 J	20 J	150 J	12 J	60 J	5.5 J	(17 J)	ND (6.3) J	ND (420) J	6.9 J	ND (2.4) J	ND (3.5) J	51,000 J	400 J	82	190	190
	01/13/16	2 - 3	N	290 J	23 J	ND (1.7) J	2.9 J	ND (2.6) J	ND (6.1) J	ND (1.4) J	4 J	ND (0.55) J	ND (1.2) J	3.4 J	ND (23) J	ND (1.7) J	ND (0.22) J	1.5 J	2,800 J	70 J	6.2	7.6	7.6
	01/13/16	5 - 6	N	600 J	55 J	ND (3.4) J	ND (3.7) J	2.4 J	ND (10) J	ND (2.1) J	ND (7.3) J	ND (0.39) J	ND (2) J	ND (1.2) J	ND (34) J	ND (1.2) J	ND (0.26) J	ND (0.27) J	7,200 J	290 J	6.4	13	13
AOC9-18	01/10/16	5 - 6	N	2,000 J	150 J	9.8 J	12 J	9.7 J	46 J	6.5 J	17 J	ND (2.6) J	(5.2 J)	3.4 J	ND (240) J	3.6 J	ND (0.14) J	2.4 J	18,000 J	300 J	34	55	55
AOC9-19	01/13/16	0 - 0.5	N	1,000 J	70 J	6.3 J	6.6 J	5 J	ND (20) J	ND (3.5) J	9.6 J	ND (1.5) J	ND (1.2) J	ND (1.6) J	ND (110) J	ND (1.8) J	ND (0.17) J	1.2 J	9,400 J	170 J	13	24	24
	01/13/16	2 - 3	N	430 J	34 J	ND (2.3) J	ND (4.3) J	ND (1.8) J	10 J	ND (2.1) J	6.9 J	ND (0.67) J	ND (1.4) J	ND (2.6) J	ND (42) J	ND (0.77) J	ND (0.13) J	ND (0.99) J	4,000 J	90 J	6.2	11	11
	01/13/16	5 - 6	N	220 J	19 J	ND (0.88) J	1.7 J	ND (1.1) J	ND (4.8) J	ND (0.82) J	ND (1.6) J	ND (1) J	ND (0.97) J	1.6 J	ND (31) J	ND (0.63) J	ND (0.15) J	ND (0.57) J	2,000 J	46 J	3.8	5.9	5.9
AOC9-20	01/13/16	0 - 0.5	N	410 J	36 J	ND (2.3) J	ND (1.1) J	ND (1.2) J	ND (8.6) J	2.4 J	ND (5.1) J	ND (0.64) J	ND (1.6) J	ND (1.2) J	ND (39) J	ND (1.2) J	ND (0.25) J	ND (0.55) J	3,600 J	97 J	5.6	9.8	9.8
	01/13/16	2 - 3	N	540 J	38 J	2.7 J	4.6 J	ND (3.4) J	ND (12) J	ND (3.8) J	6.9 J	ND (1.2) J	ND (1.7) J	3.2 J	ND (44) J	ND (1.3) J	ND (0.23) J	2.8 J	3,500 J	72 J	9.6	13	13
	01/13/16	5 - 6	N	1,300 J	110 J	ND (7.6) J	11 J	ND (9.3) J	30 J	ND (7) J	ND (14) J	ND (0.91) J	ND (4.9) J*	9.9 J	ND (130) J	ND (4.7) J	ND (0.48) J	9.1 J	12,000 J	230 J	28	35	35
AOC9-21	01/08/17	0 - 0.5	N	3,500	360 J	27 J	14	ND (17)	77	ND (15)	23	ND (20)	ND (2.6)	ND (5.5)	ND (940)	ND (5.6)	ND (0.49)	ND (0.51)	24,000	820	68	(110)	110
	01/08/17	0 - 0.5	FD	3,600	380	25	ND (9.8)	ND (15)	81	ND (13)	22	ND (17)	ND (3.3)	ND (1)	ND (900)	ND (1)	ND (0.23)	ND (0.83)	34,000 J	870	64	110	110
	01/08/17	2 - 3	N	ND (18)	ND (0.3)	ND (0.8)	ND (0.19)	ND (0.22)	ND (0.26)	ND (0.17)	ND (0.17)	ND (0.25)	ND (0.17)	ND (0.39)	ND (1.5)	ND (0.19)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.098)	170	ND (2.9)	0.46	0.47	0.47
	01/08/17	5 - 6	N	ND (5.6)	ND (0.87)	ND (0.19)	ND (0.22)	ND (0.35)	ND (0.24)	ND (0.3)	ND (0.19)	ND (0.39)	ND (0.063)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.35)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.16)	ND (0.36)	ND (94)	ND (2.2)	ND (0.46)	ND (0.3)	ND (0.3)
AOC9-22	01/04/17	0 - 0.5	N	960	49	ND (2.6)	9.9 J	ND (1.4)	22	5.5 J	13	ND (1.6)	ND (5.2) *	11 J	ND (110)	ND (2.5)	ND (0.26)	11	8,100	87	27	28	28
	01/04/17	2 - 3	N	3,800	200	18	20	23	63	ND (32)	26	ND (6.4)	ND (73) *	ND (3.8)	ND (5.6)	ND (3.8)	ND (1.4)	ND (7.7)	24,000	480	60	100	100
	01/04/17	4.5 - 5	N	100	ND (5.3)	ND (6.5)	ND (0.34)	ND (0.35)	3.9 J	ND (0.75)	1.1 J	ND (0.41)	ND (0.32)	ND (1.6)	ND (44)	ND (0.15)	ND (0.1)	ND (0.19)	1,000	22 J	3.2	4.4	4.4
PA-23	01/27/16	0 - 1	N	680 J	67 J	5.7 J	ND (6.3) J	19 J	19 J	8.5 J	ND (9.5) J	ND (2.4) J	ND (1.9) J	28 J	ND (59) J	ND (11) J	ND (1.2) J	36 J	6,700 J	96 J	55	26	26
Notes:	-			<u> </u>	-	-	( / -				( / -	( /-	· -/-		(, -	( ) (	, , , -	-	,			-	

Category 1: Validated data suitable for all uses, including risk assessment and remedial action decisions.

Category 2: Validated data suitable for use in characterization of the chemicals of potential concern at the facility and to help define the nature and extent of contamination.

Category 3: Validated data suitable only for use in qualitative characterization of the nature and extent of contamination.

Results greater than or equal to the Interim Screening Level are circled.

not analyzed

ft bgs feet below ground surface nanograms per kilogram ng/kg DTSC Screening Levels DTSC-SL

DTSC California Department of Toxic Substances Control

FD Field Dupliicate

1 of 2 R:\PGEAlliance\Topock\Topock\_DataGaps\_Tables\_RES.mdb\rptDioxins Print Date: 5/7/2018

#### TABLE B-3b

Sample Results: Dioxins and Furans
AOC 9 – Southeast Fence Line
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

J concentration or reporting limit estimated by laboratory or data validation

JR estimated value, one or more input values is "R" qualified.

N Primary SampleNA NA = not applicableNE not established

ND not detected at the listed reporting limit

The result has been rejected; identification and/or quantitation could not be verified because critical QC specifications were not

met (e.g., a non-detect result obtained for an archive sample following a hold time of greater than one year).

USEPA USEPA = United States Environmental Protection Agency

- 1 For individual dioxins and furans, selected value is the lower of the ECV, residential DTSC-SL, or USEPA residential regional screening value, unless the background value is higher. For TEQ values, selected value is the DTSC-SL.
- 2 United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA). 2017. Regional Screening Levels (RSLs) for Chemical Contaminants at Superfund Sites. November.
- 3 California Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC). 2018. Human Health Risk Assessment (HHRA) Note Number 3. JanuaryCalifornia Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC). 2017. Human Health Risk Assessment (HHRA) Note 2, Soil Remedial Goals for Dioxins and Dioxin-like Compounds for Consideration at California Hazardous Waste Sites. April.
- 4 ARCADIS. 2008. "Technical Memorandum 3: Ecological Comparison Values for Metals and Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons in Soil." May 28. ARCADIS. 2009. "Topock Compression Station Final Technical Memorandum 4: Ecological Comparison Values for Additional Dectected Chemicals in Soil." July 1.
- 5 CH2M. 2017. Revised Ambient Study of Dioxins and Furans at the Pacific Gas and Electric Company, Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California. October.

#### Calculations:

TEQ = Sum of Result xToxic equivalency factor (TEF), 1/2 reporting limit used for nondetects. If all Dioxins and Furans are nondetect, the final qualifier code is U.

TEQ Avian = Sum of Result x TEF, 1/2 reporting limit used for nondetects. If all Dioxins and Furans are nondetect, the final qualifier code is U.

TEQMammals = Sum of Result x TEF, 1/2 reporting limit used for nondetects. If all Dioxins and Furans are nondetect, the final qualifier code is U.

Teg Humans = Sum of Result x TEF, 1/2 reporting limit used for nondetects. If all Dioxins and Furans are nondetect, the final gualifier code is U.

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TABLE B-4a Sample Results: Metals
AOC 10 – East Ravine
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

													Metals (mg	/kg)							
	Interim S	Screening	g Level <sup>1</sup> :	0.285	11	410	0.672	1.1	0.83	39.8	12.7	16.8	8.39	0.0125	1.37	27.3	1.47	5.15	0.78	52.2	58
Reside	ntial Regional So Resid Ecological Com	ential DT	SC-SL 3.	31 NE 0.285 NE	0.68 0.11 11.4	15,000 NE 330	160 15 23.3	71 5.2 0.0151	0.3 NE 139.6	120,000 36,000 36.3	23 NE 13	3,100 NE 20.6	400 80 0.0166	11 1 0.0125 NE	390 NE 2.25	1,500 490 0.607	390 NE 0.177	390 390 5.15	0.78 NE 2.32 NE	390 390 13.9	23,000 NE 0.164
		Depth	-		11 Arsenic	410 Barium	0.672 Beryllium	1.1 Cadmium	0.83 Chromium,	39.8 Chromium,	12.7 Cobalt	16.8 Copper	8.39  Lead	Mercury	1.37 Molybdenum	27.3 Nickel	1.47 Selenium	NE Silver	Thallium	52.2 Vanadium	Zinc
Location	Date	(ft bgs)							Hexavalent	total											
Category 1				1																	
AOC10-1	10/02/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	3.7	93	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.401)	6.6	2.7	4.9	9.2	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	5.5	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	13	20
	10/02/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	4.2	81	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.405)	7.4	3	5.6	5.8	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	6.3	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	16	21
	10/02/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	4.9	82	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.407)	7.5	3.2	5.8	5.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	6.4	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	17	20
	10/02/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2) *	4.7	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.406)	6.8	3	5.7	4.8	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	6.2	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	15	21
AOC10-10	01/22/16	0 - 1	N	ND (2.1) *	3.1	100	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.45	36	6.2	15	4.7	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	16	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	23	63
	01/22/16	2 - 3	N	ND (2.2) *	2.6	100	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.22)	27	9	13	2	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	22	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.2) *	38	41
	01/22/16	5 - 6	N 	ND (2.1) *	3.2	120	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	0.35	34	11	13	2.1	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	28	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	43	44
	01/22/16	9 - 10	N	ND (2.2) *	3.4	100	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	0.35	32	9.5	11	2.6	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	23	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.2) *	42	43
1001011	01/22/16	9 - 10	FD	ND (2.2) *	3.1	85	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	0.39	31	9.2	11	2.4	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	21	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.2) *	39	42
AOC10-11	01/22/16	0 - 1	N	ND (2.1) *	3.3	85	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.87	31	5.8 J	9.1	2.7	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	14 J	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	24 J	40
	01/22/16	0 - 1	FD	ND (2.1) *	3.4	86	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.44	27	8.6 J	14	2.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	18 J	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	31 J	45
	01/22/16	2 - 3 5 - 6	IN N	ND (2.1) J*	2.7	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.9	45	7.3	13	2.6	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	19	ND (1) J	ND (1)	ND (2.1) J*	30 35	44
	01/22/16 01/22/16	9 - 10	N N	ND (2.1) * ND (2) *	2.4 2.4	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.72	73	9.4 10	<u>31</u> <u>19</u>	2.5 2.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	24 22	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	35 36	74 160
A O C 4 O 4 O			N NI			190	ND (1) *	ND (1)						ND (0.1) *	ND (1)		ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *		
AOC10-12	01/22/16	0 - 0.5	IN N	ND (2.1) *	4.3	89 63	ND (1) *	ND (1)	13	460	9.8	9	12	ND (0.11) *	ND (1)	21	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	36	56
	01/22/16 01/22/16	2 - 3 5 - 6	N N	ND (2.1) * ND (2.1) *	8.9 3	63 200	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) * ND (1)	0.3	25	4.6 8.4	9 11	3.6	ND (0.1) *	1.4 ND (1)	11 18	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	38 31	70
	01/22/16	9 - 10	N	ND (2.1) ND (2.1) *	3 4.4	120	ND (1) * ND (1) *	ND (1) ND (1)	0.66	37	9.6	16	2.5	ND (0.1) * ND (0.11) *	ND (1) ND (1)	22	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (2.1) * ND (2.1) *	34	47
AOC10-13	12/03/15	0 - 1	NI NI	ND (2.1) *	4.3		ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *		14	5.3	13	9.8	, ,	1.4	12		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		22	39
AUC 10-13	12/03/15	0 - 1	FD	ND (2.1) ND (2.1) *	4.5 4.5	130 130	ND (1.1) ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) ND (1.1) *	ND (0.21) ND (0.21)	16	5.3 5.7	13	10	ND (0.11) * ND (0.11) *	1.4	14	ND (1.1) 1.1	ND (1.1) ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) * ND (2.1) *	23	41
AOC10-14	12/03/15	0 - 1	NI NI	ND (2.1) *	6.3	380	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (0.21)	11	4.1	13	5.9	ND (0.11)	1.3	9.1	9.1	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	21	29
AOC10-14 AOC10-15		0 - 1	NI NI	1																	
AOC 10-15	12/15/15 12/15/15	0 - 1	N FD	ND (2) * ND (2) *	5.8 5.4	150 150	ND (1) *	ND (1) ND (1)	2.6	67       70	6.1 5.9	23	21	ND (0.1) * ND (0.1) *	14	11 10	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	24 22	98
	12/15/15	2-3	N FD	ND (2) *	0.4 4.7	210	ND (1) * ND (1) *	ND (1) ND (1)	1.4	41	7.2	22	17 J	ND (0.1) ND (0.1) *	8.2	10	ND (1) ND (1) J	ND (1) ND (1) J	ND (2) * ND (2) J*	26	70 J
	12/15/15	5-6	N N	ND (2.1) *	4.4	320	ND (1) *	ND (1)	1.1	33	6.3	14	7.6	ND (0.1) *	4.2	15	ND (1) 3	ND (1) 3	ND (2.1) *	26	100
	12/15/15	9 - 10	N	ND (2.1) *	4.8	78	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	17	8.1	11	1.5	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	15	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	30	44
AOC10-16	12/15/15	0 - 1	N	ND (2) *	3	69	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.59	21	7.3	8.9	5.9	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	16	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	26	40
A0010-10	12/15/15	2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	2.8	44	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.24	21	7.5	9.7	2.5	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	14	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	27	44
	12/15/15	5 - 6	N	ND (2.1) *	3.1	170	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.48	21	7.2	12	3.2	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	30	40
	12/15/15	9 - 10	N	ND (2) *	2.9	59	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	14	6.6	9.4	2.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1)	28	38
AOC10-17	12/03/15	0 - 1	N	ND (2.1) *	3.8	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	9.7	4.6	11	9.9	ND (0.1) *	7.8	10	1.9	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	16	32
AOC10-17 AOC10-18	12/05/15	0 - 1	N	ND (2) *	2.3	100	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	5.6	2.3	2.8	1.9	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	3.6	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1)	14	13
AUG 10-10	12/06/15	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	2.3	160	ND (1) *	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (0.2) ND (0.2)	5.7	2.5 2.5	2.0 4.1	1.9	ND (0.1) ND (0.1) *	ND (1) ND (1)	4.2	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (2) ND (2) *	15	13
AOC10-19		0 - 1	N N												. ,		. ,	, ,		34	48
AUG 10-19	02/24/16 02/24/16	2 - 3	N N	ND (2) J* ND (2.1) *	4.2 5	120 120	ND (1) *	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (0.2) 0.3	27 34 J	8.4 10	14	6.7 J 5.8	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	20 22	ND (1)	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (2) * ND (2.1) *	34 40	48 55
	02/24/16	2-3	FD	ND (2.1) ND (2.1) *	5 4.9	110	ND (1) * ND (1) *	ND (1) ND (1)	0.3 ND (0.21)	34 J 27 J	9.1	17	5.6 5.8	ND (0.1) * ND (0.1) *	ND (1) ND (1)	22 19	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (2.1) ND (2.1) *	36	52
	02/24/16	5 - 6	N PD	ND (2.1) ND (2.1) *	4.9 5.8	130	ND (1) *	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (0.21) ND (0.21)	27 J 27	9.1	17	3.8	ND (0.1) ND (0.11) *	ND (1) ND (1)	19	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (2.1) ND (2.1) *	30 37	47
	02/24/10	3-0	IN	14D (Z.1)	5.0	130	(ו) שאו	(ו) שוו	110 (0.21)	<u> </u>	9.4		5.0	MD (0.11)	(ו) שוו	١ð	14D (1)	ND (1)	IND (2.1)	JI	71

R:\PGEAlliance\Topock\Topock\_DataGaps\_Tables\_RES.mdb\rptMetal

TABLE B-4a

Sample Results: Metals AOC 10 – East Ravine

Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

													Metals (mg	/kg)							
	Interim S	Screenin	g Level <sup>1</sup> :	0.285	11	410	0.672	1.1	0.83	39.8	12.7	16.8	8.39	0.0125	1.37	27.3	1.47	5.15	0.78	52.2	58
Reside	ential Regional So Resid Ecological Com	lential DT	SC-SL 3	31 NE 0.285 NE	0.68 0.11 11.4 11	15,000 NE 330 410	160 15 23.3 0.672	71 5.2 0.0151 1.1	0.3 NE 139.6 0.83	120,000 36,000 36.3 39.8	23 NE 13 12.7	3,100 NE 20.6 16.8	400 80 0.0166 8.39	11 1 0.0125 NE	390 NE 2.25 1.37	1,500 490 0.607 27.3	390 NE 0.177 1.47	390 390 5.15 NE	0.78 NE 2.32 NE	390 390 13.9 52.2	23,000 NE 0.164 58
Location	Date	Depth (ft bgs)		Antimony	Arsenic	Barium	Beryllium	Cadmium	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Cobalt	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Nickel	Selenium	Silver	Thallium	Vanadium	Zinc
AOC10-2	10/02/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	3.4	93	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.402)	4.9	2.3	4.1	5.1	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	4.3	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	12	14
	10/02/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	5.5	370	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.417)	17	6.4	9.4	3.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	33	38
	10/02/08	5-6	N	ND (2.1) *	9.1	120	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.415)	19	7.4	9.5	4.2	ND (0.1) *	ND (2.1) *	14	ND (1)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.1) *	36	40
A O C 4 O 2 O	10/02/08	7 - 8	N N	ND (2.1) *	6	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.412)	2,800	6.3	9	3.2	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	30	32
AOC10-20	02/17/16 02/25/16	0 - 0.5 2 - 3	N N	15 ND (2) *	3.5 3.3	120 100	ND (1) * ND (1) *	ND (1) ND (1)	2,700	28	3.4 3.2	11 5	6.1 2.8	ND (0.1) * ND (0.1) *	ND (1) ND (1)	5.8 5.8	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (2) * ND (2) *	14 18	38 16
AOC10-21	02/25/16	0 - 0.5	N N	ND (2) *	9.7	320	ND (1) *	7.4	1.4	270	8.5	3,100	920	35	9.4	28	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	23	360
	02/25/16	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	3	85	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.2	8.1	3.2	5	2.9	ND (0.099) *	ND (1)	5.4	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	16	16
AOC10-22	02/17/16	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	4.1	140	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	35	8.1	14	12	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	20	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	38	50
	02/17/16	1 - 2	N	ND (2.1) *	$\bigcirc 17 \bigcirc$	77	ND (1.1) *	4.4	0.91	85	36	200	38	ND (0.11) *	2.7	<u>51</u>	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	19	39
	02/17/16	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	5.5	140	ND (1) *	1.2	0.37	35	13	42	17	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	25	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	34	35
	02/17/16	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	4.1	130	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	8.6	3.4	5.1	3.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	5.4	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	19	18
AOC10-23	02/25/16 02/25/16	0 - 1 1 - 2	N N	ND (2) * ND (2) *	11 5.1	57 59	ND (1) * ND (1) *	1.8 ND (1)	1.8	72	5.7	140	30	0.24 ND (0.1) *	ND (1) ND (1)	34	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (2) * ND (2) *	12 16	26 56
	02/25/16	2-3	N	ND (2) *	3.1	60	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	5.5	2.5	4.2	2.2	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	4.4	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	13	11
AOC10-25	01/08/17	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	3.1	120 J	ND (1) J*	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	15	5.9 J	8	7.9 J	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	11 J	ND (1) J	ND (1)	ND (2) J*	23	32
	01/08/17	0 - 0.5	FD	ND (2) *	3.7	150 J	ND (1) J*	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	18	7.3 J	9.5	(11 J)	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	14 J	ND (1) J	ND (1)	ND (2) J*	27	38
	01/08/17	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	4.1	140 J	ND (1) J*	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	31	9.9	11	2.1 J	ND (0.1) *	1.4	21	ND (1) J	ND (1)	ND (2) J*	36 J	41
	01/08/17	5 - 6	N	ND (2.1) *	4.8	160	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	25	8.2	11	1.5	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	16	ND (1) J	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	30	45
	01/08/17	9 - 10	N	ND (2) *	5.6	130	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	26	10	13	1.5	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	15	ND (1) J	ND (1)	ND (2) *	34	42
AOC10-26	02/21/17			3.5	6.6	200	ND (1.4) *	1.5	9.5	340	6.5	40	18	0.15 ND (0.1) *	ND (1.4) *	13	ND (1.4) J	ND (1.4)	ND (2.8) J*	31	110
AOC10-3	09/19/08 09/19/08	0 - 0.5 0 - 0.5	N FD	ND (2) J* ND (2) *	3.1 2.6	160 150	ND (2) * ND (2) *	ND (1) ND (1)	1.91	62	4.6 4.5	14 13	7.8 7.7	ND (0.1) * ND (0.1) *	ND (2) * ND (2) *	12 12	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (2) ND (2)	ND (4) * ND (4) *	23 22	40 41
	09/19/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	3.3	160	ND (5.1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.412)	43	10	14	ND (5.1)	ND (0.1) *	ND (5.1) *	26	ND (1)	ND (5.1)	ND (10) *	43	47
	09/19/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2.1) *	5.4	220	ND (5.1) *	ND (1)	0.705	37	9.9	16	2.9	ND (0.1) *	ND (5.1) *	25	ND (1)	ND (5.1)	ND (10) *	46	<u>61</u>
	09/19/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2.1) *	7.4	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.412)	28	9	12	2.8	ND (0.1) J*	ND (1)	20	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	33	50
AOC10-4	09/19/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	3.5	110	ND (2) *	ND (1)	0.55	33	6.5	14	$\bigcirc 11 \bigcirc$	ND (0.1) *	ND (2) *	15	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4) *	32	52
	09/19/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	2.5	130	ND (2) *	ND (1)	ND (0.409)	26	7.1	16	4.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (2) *	19	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4.1) *	33	38
	09/19/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2.1) *	5.9	75 49	ND (5.2) *	ND (1)	ND (0.418)	27	10	16 12	3	ND (0.11) *	ND (5.2) *	20	ND (1)	ND (5.2) *	ND (10) *	40	63
AOC10 F	09/19/08	9 - 10	N N	ND (2.1) *	7.7	48	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.413)	18	7.9	12	2.7	ND (0.1) J*	ND (1)	14	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	27	48
AOC10-5	09/19/08 09/19/08	0 - 0.5 2 - 3	N N	ND (2) * ND (2.1) *	9.6 8.2	380	ND (5.1) * ND (5.1) *	ND (1) ND (1)	0.48	39 30	9.6 8.3	27	34	ND (0.1) * ND (0.1) *	ND (5.1) * ND (5.1) *	23 20	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (5.1) ND (5.1)	ND (10) * ND (10) *	52 43	97
	09/19/08	5 - 6	N	ND (4.1) *	12	(1,100)	ND (5.1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.407)	19	8.8	40	6.7	ND (0.1) *	ND (5.1) *	16	ND (2) *	ND (5.1)	ND (10) *	36	80
	09/19/08	5 - 6	FD	ND (4.1) *	12	1,300	ND (5.1) *	ND (2) *	ND (0.407)	18	8.5	41	7.3	ND (0.1) *	ND (5.1) *	14	ND (2) *	ND (5.1)	ND (10) *	37	79
AOC10-6	09/20/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) J*	7	220 J	ND (2) *	ND (1)	ND (0.402)	24	7.2	11	26	ND (0.1) *	ND (2) *	16	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4) *	32	58
_	09/20/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	4.2	220	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.404)	23	7	9.5	4.1	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	16	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	34	45
AOC10-7	09/20/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	7.6	250	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.414)	22	6.7	12	8.6	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	14	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	29	54
	09/20/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	8	210	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.406)	27	7.9	12	8.1	ND (0.1) *	1.1	14	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	33	58
	09/20/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	9.6	270	ND (2) *	ND (1)	ND (0.407)	33	8.7	13	4.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (2) *	20	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4.1) *	38	58

TABLE B-4a

Sample Results: Metals
AOC 10 – East Ravine
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

Part														Metals (mg	/kg)							
Part		Interim S	Screening	Level 1	: 0.285	11	410	0.672	1.1	0.83	39.8	12.7	16.8	8.39	0.0125	1.37	27.3	1.47	5.15	0.78	52.2	58
Part	Reside	Resid	lential DT nparison \	SC-SL $\frac{3}{4}$	NE : 0.285	0.11 11.4	NE 330	15 23.3	5.2 0.0151	NE 139.6	36,000 36.3	NE 13	NE 20.6	80 0.0166	1 0.0125	NE 2.25	490 0.607	NE 0.177	390 5.15	NE 2.32	390 13.9	NE 0.164
Marche   M	Location	Date	•			Arsenic	Barium	Beryllium	Cadmium	,	,	Cobalt	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Nickel	Selenium	Silver	Thallium	Vanadium	Zinc
March   Marc	AOC10-8			N	` '	8.6				ND (0.402)		6.4			ND (0.1) *	7	14		ND (2)			
Mathematical Region					, ,				. ,	, ,		•			. ,				. ,			
Month   Mont	AOC10-9				` '			` '	. ,	` '												
Marie   Mari	AOC10a-1			N N	, ,			. ,										` '	. ,	` '		
Property of the column   Property of the col				N N	` '			` ,	. ,		$\sim$					$\overline{}$	$\overline{}$		` ,			
Mathematical   Math				N					, ,	-												
ACCIDAD   OUTSING   C-1   N   NO   C-1   N   NO   C-1   N   NO   NO   NO   NO   NO   NO   NO		01/13/16	5 - 6	N	ND (2.1) *	2.9	65	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	3.7	1.9	2.6	1.9	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	2.7	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	9.3	9.5
D11314   B - 5		01/13/16	9 - 10	N	ND (2.1) *	2.9	290	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.21)	4.6	2.2	3.6	2.4	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	3.9	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	9.9	12
Post	AOC10a-3				` '													` ,	` '			
Mathematical Regions				N	, ,													` '	, ,			
ACCIDA-4   OFFICIAL PROPERTY   OFFICIAL PROP				N N	` ′			` '	` '			· ·						, ,	, ,	` '		
Part	AOC10a-4							. ,	. ,									• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	. ,			_
1	7100104				, ,				, ,					2.6								
ACCIDS-1 093008 0 -0.5 N ND(2) 3.6 130 ND(1) ND(1) 0.559 24 4.8 9.8 8.6 ND(0.1) ND(1) 10 ND(1) ND(1) ND(1) ND(2) 25 38 ND(0.2) ND(1) ND(1) ND(1) ND(1) ND(2) 25 38 ND(0.2) ND(1) ND(1) ND(1) ND(1) ND(2) ND(1) ND(2) ND(1) ND(1) ND(2) ND(1) ND(1) ND(2) ND(1) ND(2) ND(1) ND(1) ND(2) ND(1) ND(1) ND(2) ND(1) ND(2) ND(1) ND(2) ND(1) ND(1) ND(2) ND(1) ND(1) ND(2) ND(1) ND(1) ND(2) ND(1) ND(2) ND(1) ND(1) ND(2) ND(1) ND(1) ND(2) ND(1) ND(1) ND(2) ND(2) ND(1) ND(1) ND(2) ND(1) ND(1) ND(2) ND(1) ND(2) ND(2) ND(1) ND(1) ND(2) ND(2) ND(2) ND(1) ND(2) ND(2) ND(2) ND(2) ND(1) ND(2) ND(		01/08/17	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	3.5	130	ND (1) *	ND (1)		11	3.9	6.9	2.5		ND (1)	7.9	ND (1) J	ND (1)	ND (2) J*	17	19
		01/08/17	9 - 10	N	ND (2.1) *	2.2	310	ND (1) *	1.1		47	12	14	2.1	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	35	ND (1) J	ND (1)	ND (2.1) J*	43	41
	AOC10b-1			N	` '											ND (1)		` ,	• •			
Color-   C								. ,										` ,	, ,			$\simeq$
March   Marc					, ,			` '	. ,									` '	` '			
AOC10b-2  09/30/08  0-0.5  N  ND (2)* 3  89  ND (1)* ND (1) 0.434  29  3.8  11  8.2  ND (0.1)* 1.1  8.9  ND (0.1)* 1.1  ND (0.1) ND (0.1) ND (0.1) ND (0.2)* 17  40  09/30/08  0-0.5  N  ND (2)* 09/30					` '								•		` ,			` '	, ,			
09/30/08   2-3   N   ND (2)*   2-9   100   ND (1)*   ND (1)   1.05   47   4.3   15   5.2   ND (0.1)*   1.1   10   ND (1)   ND (1)   ND (1)   ND (2)*   17   44	AOC10b-2			N	, ,				. ,	, ,					. ,	. ,		. ,	. ,	, ,		_
No		09/30/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	2.9	100	ND (1) *	ND (1)		<u>47</u>	4.3	15	5.2		1.1	10	` '	• •		17	44
ACC10b-3  09/30/08  0-0.5  N  ND (2)* ND (1) 120 ND (1)* ND (1) 27.7 820 3.6 90 24 ND (0.1)* 1.5 9.2 ND (0.1)* ND (1) ND (1) ND (1) ND (1) ND (1) ND (2)* 22 59 10/01/08 5 - 6 N  ND (2.1)* 5 110 ND (2.1)* ND (1) ND (2.1)* ND		09/30/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	4.1	100	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.453	29	5.3	8.8	4.2	ND (0.1) *	1	14	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	22	27
10/01/08   2-3   N   ND (2)*   2.9   93   ND (1)*   ND (1)   1.82   90   5.8   23   5   ND (0.1)*   ND (1)   ND (1)   ND (1)   ND (1)   ND (2)*   22   59				N			120										22	· /	ND (2)			
10/01/08   5 - 6   N   ND (2.1)*   5   110   ND (2.1)*   ND (1)   0.429   38   9.2   14   3.8   ND (0.1)*   ND (2.1)*   24   ND (1)   ND (2.1)   ND (4.1)*   33   40	AOC10b-3													24								
10/01/08   5-6   FD   ND (2.1)*   5   110   ND (2.1)*   ND (0.417)   36   10   16   3.6   ND (0.1)*   ND (2.1)*   ND (2.1)*   25   ND (1)   ND (2.1)   ND (4.1)*   35   39														5 3.8					• •			
10/01/08   9-10   N   ND(2.1)*   6.2   120   ND(2.1)*   ND(1)   ND(0.415)   36   11   13   3.5   ND(0.1)*   ND(0.1)*   ND(0.1)*   26   ND(1)   ND(0.1)*   ND(0.1)*   ND(0.1)*   38   44					1 1														, ,	` '		
09/30/08   2 - 3   N   ND (2) *   3.6   100   ND (1) * ND (1)   ND (0.403)   14   4.7   6.7   10   ND (0.1) * ND (1)   ND (0.1) * ND (1)   ND (1)   ND (1)   ND (2) *   21   31																` '				, ,		
09/30/08         5 - 6         N         ND (2)*         3.8         150         ND (1)*         ND (1)*         ND (2)*         3.4         ND (1)*         ND (1)*         ND (1)*         ND (2)*         30         35           09/30/08         9 - 10         N         ND (2.1)*         4         85         ND (1)*         ND (2)*         23         48           10/01/08         2 - 3         N         ND (2)*         1.2         140         ND (1)*         ND (1)*         1.2         13         ND (1)*         ND (1)*         ND (2)*         21         76           10/01/08         5 - 6         N         ND (2)*         3.4         110	AOC10b-4	09/30/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	3.4	76			ND (0.401)	12	4	5.8	41	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	9.1	ND (1)	ND (1)		17	29
O9/30/08         9 - 10         N         ND (2.1)*         4         85         ND (1)*         ND (1)         ND (0.415)         26         7.4         11         2.8         ND (0.1)*         ND (1)         ND (1)         ND (2.1)*         30         42           AOC10c-1         10/01/08         0 - 0.5         N         ND (2)*         4.2         110         ND (1)*         ND (1)         13         ND (1)         ND (1)         ND (2)*         23         48           10/01/08         2 - 3         N         ND (2)*         1.2         140         ND (1)*         ND (1)         27.3         490         5.6         41         18         ND (0.1)*         ND (1)         ND (1)         ND (2)*         21         76           10/01/08         5 - 6         N         ND (2)*         3.4         110         ND (2)*         ND (1)         4.78         220         8.2         17         5.4         ND (0.1)*         ND (1)         ND (1)         ND (2)*         28         42		09/30/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	3.6	100	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.403)	14	4.7	6.7	<u> 10</u>	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	9.6	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	21	31
AOC10c-1 10/01/08 0 - 0.5 N ND (2) J* 4.2 110 ND (1) * ND (1) * 1.98 55 5.4 15 7.8 ND (0.1) * ND (1) * ND (1) ND (1) ND (2) * 23 48  10/01/08 2 - 3 N ND (2) * 1.2 140 ND (1) * ND (1) * ND (1) * ND (1) * ND (2)																						
10/01/08 2 - 3 N ND (2)* 1.2 140 ND (1)* ND (1) 27.3 490 5.6 41 18 ND (0.1)* 1.2 13 ND (1) ND (1) ND (2)* 21 76 10/01/08 5 - 6 N ND (2)* 3.4 110 ND (2)* ND (1) 4.78 220 8.2 17 5.4 ND (0.1)* ND (2)* 20 ND (1) ND (2) ND (4.1)* 28 42	10010 1																			` '		
10/01/08 5 - 6 N ND (2)* 3.4 110 ND (2)* ND (1) 4.78 220 8.2 17 5.4 ND (0.1)* ND (2)* 20 ND (1) ND (2) ND (4.1)* 28 42	AUC10c-1													_					• •			
																			• •	` ,		
					` '	4										1		` ,	, ,	` '		

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TABLE B-4a

Sample Results: Metals AOC 10 – East Ravine

Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

-													Metals (mg	/kg)							
	Interim S	Screening	g Level <sup>1</sup> :	0.285	11	410	0.672	1.1	0.83	39.8	12.7	16.8	8.39	0.0125	1.37	27.3	1.47	5.15	0.78	52.2	58
Reside	ntial Regional So Resid Ecological Com	ential DT parison \	SC-SL 3.	31 NE 0.285 NE	0.68 0.11 11.4 11	15,000 NE 330 410	160 15 23.3 0.672	71 5.2 0.0151 1.1	0.3 NE 139.6 0.83	120,000 36,000 36.3 39.8	23 NE 13 12.7	3,100 NE 20.6 16.8	400 80 0.0166 8.39	11 1 0.0125 NE	390 NE 2.25 1.37	1,500 490 0.607 27.3	390 NE 0.177 1.47	390 390 5.15 NE	0.78 NE 2.32 NE	390 390 13.9 52.2	23,000 NE 0.164 58
Location	Date	Depth (ft bgs)		Antimony	Arsenic	Barium	Beryllium	Cadmium	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Cobalt	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Nickel	Selenium	Silver	Thallium	Vanadium	Zinc
AOC10c-2	10/01/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	5.9	130	ND (2) *	ND (1)	1.25	<u>51</u>	5.8	19	12	ND (0.1) *	ND (2) *	13	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4) *	24	61
	10/01/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	4.1	150	ND (1) *	ND (1)	3.77	190	5.6	37	$\bigcirc 17 \bigcirc$	ND (0.1) *	2.2	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	24	78
	10/01/08	2 - 3	FD	ND (2) *	4.1	150	ND (1) *	ND (1)	3.8	180	5.4	34	16	ND (0.1) *	1.9	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	24	75
	10/01/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	3.4	150	ND (1) *	ND (1)	1.92	110	8.4	24	7	ND (0.1) *	1.9	19	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	31	51
	10/01/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2) *	4.5	86	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.605	32	11	13	2.7	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	22	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	44	50
AOC10c-3	10/02/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	9.4	270	ND (2) *	ND (1)	2.56	110	8	42	32	ND (0.1) *	ND (2) *	19	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4.1) *	36	140
	10/02/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	3.6	230	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	9.27	690	7	60	31	ND (0.11) *	ND (2.1) *	16	ND (1)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.1) *	29	140
	10/02/08	2 - 3	FD	ND (2.1) *	3.5	220	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	7.97	660	6.9	60	26	ND (0.1) *	ND (2.1) *	16	ND (1)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.1) *	28	140
	10/02/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	3.9	140	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.512	29	7.8	9	4.5	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	17	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	28	36
	10/02/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2.1) *	4.4	64	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.412)	22	7.8	11	2.7	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	14	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	31	41
AOC10c-4	10/01/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2.1) *	11	310	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	2.66	120	8.8	46	36	ND (0.1) *	ND (2.1) *	21	ND (1)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.1) *	42	150
	10/01/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	5.9	170	ND (2) *	ND (1)	2.11	90	9.9	19	8.9	ND (0.1) *	ND (2) *	20	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4.1) *	31	52
	10/01/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	4.6	120	ND (1) *	ND (1)	2.84	27	9.1	14	2.6	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	17	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	35	47
	10/01/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2.1) *	7.3	200	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	0.436	92	5.4	25	13	ND (0.1) *	ND (2.1) *	13	ND (1)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.1) *	25	74
AOC10c-5	10/01/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	6.6	170	ND (2) *	ND (1)	2.49	81	6.3	29	15	ND (0.1) *	ND (2) *	15	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4) *	27	80
	10/01/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	230	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	16.4	1,500	6.7	110	47	ND (0.1) *	2.9	16	ND (1)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.1) *	27	170
	10/01/08	5-6	N	ND (2.1) *	3.7	100	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	1.48	82	8.6	12 45	4	ND (0.1) *	ND (2.1) *	19	ND (1)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.1) *	31	44
A 0 0 4 0 + 0	10/01/08	9 - 10	N N	ND (2) *	4.5	130	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.423	47	9.1	15	3	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	21	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	34	46
AOC10c-6	01/21/16	14 - 15	N N						0.54	40											
	01/22/16 01/22/16	19 - 20 29 - 30	N N						ND (0.21) ND (0.23)	31 39					<b></b>						<del></del>
	01/22/16	40 - 50	FD						ND (0.23)	32											
	01/22/16	49 - 50	N						ND (0.26)	33											
	01/22/16	59 - 60	N						ND (0.21)	32											
AOC10d-1	09/18/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) J*	3.4	120	ND (2) *	ND (1)	0.644	49	6.8	16	8.8	ND (0.1) *	ND (2) *	16	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4) *	31	58
7.00.04	09/18/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	3.9	120	ND (2) *	ND (1)	2.86	150	7.1	31	6.8	ND (0.1) *	ND (2) *	17	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4.1) *	35	76
	09/18/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2.1) *	6.9	200	ND (5.2) *	ND (1)	1.06	66	11	23	5.2	ND (0.11) *	ND (5.2) *	27	ND (1)	ND (5.2) *	ND (10) *	45	80
	09/18/08	5 - 6	FD	ND (2.1) *	7.1	210	ND (5.2) *	ND (1)	0.703	64	11	23	5.3	ND (0.1) *	ND (5.2) *	26	ND (1)	ND (5.2) *	ND (10) *	46	74
	09/18/08	9 - 10	N	ND (4.1) *	9.8	140	ND (2.1) *	ND (2.1) *	ND (0.414)	23	9.4	12	3.5	ND (0.1) J*	ND (2.1) *	17	ND (2.1) *	ND (2.1)	ND (4.1) *	31	58
AOC10d-2	09/17/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	4.2	180	ND (2) *	ND (1)	ND (0.403)	22	6.2	(17)	21	ND (0.1) *	ND (2) *	16	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4) *	32	<u>61</u>
	09/17/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	3.3	180	ND (2) *	ND (1)	1.16	40	5.4	14	16	ND (0.1) *	ND (2) *	14	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4.1) *	30	54
	09/17/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	6.6	210	ND (5.1) *	ND (1)	0.597	33	10	16	6.2	ND (0.1) *	ND (5.1) *	21	ND (1)	ND (5.1)	ND (10) *	45	70
	09/17/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2) *	7.2	150	ND (5.1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.406)	22	8.5	16	3.2	ND (0.1) J*	ND (5.1) *	16	ND (1)	ND (5.1)	ND (10) *	38	73
AOC10d-3	09/17/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	3.6	120	ND (2) *	ND (1)	ND (0.406)	20	5.9	12	22	ND (0.1) *	ND (2) *	15	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4) *	29	52
	09/18/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	3.4	270	ND (2) *	ND (1)	1.91	64	6.3	18	21	ND (0.1) *	ND (2) *	15	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4.1) *	33	61
	09/18/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	7.3	280	ND (5.1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.407)	30	10	18	3.3	ND (0.1) *	ND (5.1) *	23	ND (1)	ND (5.1)	ND (10) *	43	60
	09/18/08	5 - 6	FD	ND (2) *	6	330	ND (5.1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.407)	31	10	18	5.1	ND (0.1) *	ND (5.1) *	23	ND (1)	ND (5.1)	ND (10) *	42	59
	09/18/08	9 - 10	N	ND (4.1) *	8.2	150	ND (2) *	ND (2) *	ND (0.408)	21	8.5	11	3.6	ND (0.1) J*	ND (2) *	15	ND (2) *	ND (2)	ND (4.1) *	28	56

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# TABLE B-4a

Sample Results: Metals
AOC 10 – East Ravine
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

													Metals (mg	g/kg)							
	Interim S	creening	Level 1:	0.285	11	410	0.672	1.1	0.83	39.8	12.7	16.8	8.39	0.0125	1.37	27.3	1.47	5.15	0.78	52.2	58
Residential	Regional Sc	reening L	_evels 2:	31	0.68	15,000	160	71	0.3	120,000	23	3,100	400	11	390	1,500	390	390	0.78	390	23,000
		ential DTS	/°	NE	0.11	NE	15	5.2	NE	36,000	NE	NE	80	1	NE	490	NE	390	NE	390	NE
Ecol	logical Com	•		0.285	11.4	330	23.3	0.0151	139.6	36.3	13	20.6	0.0166	0.0125	2.25	0.607	0.177	5.15	2.32	13.9	0.164
		васко	round <sup>3</sup> :	NE	11	410	0.672	1.1	0.83	39.8	12.7	16.8	8.39	NE	1.37	27.3	1.47	NE	NE	52.2	58
Location	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	Antimony	Arsenic	Barium	Beryllium	Cadmium	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Cobalt	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Nickel	Selenium	Silver	Thallium	Vanadium	Zinc
AOC10d-4	09/18/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2.1) *	9.2	340	ND (5.2) *	ND (1)	0.92	29	8.3	25	25	ND (0.1) *	ND (5.2) *	21	ND (1)	ND (5.2) *	ND (10) *	42	85
	09/18/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	5.4	260	ND (2.1) *	ND (1.1) *	3.93	130	6.7	27	26	ND (0.11) *	ND (2.1) *	17	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.2) *	35	81
	09/18/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	3.6	220	ND (2) *	ND (1)	ND (0.415)	<u>66</u>	6.5	21	$\bigcirc 17 \bigcirc$	ND (0.1) *	ND (2) *	15	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4.1) *	31	64
-	09/18/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2) *	6.9	220	ND (5.1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.41)	32	11	16	5.2	ND (0.1) J*	ND (5.1) *	24	ND (1)	ND (5.1)	ND (10) *	43	68
AOC10d-9	12/15/15	0 - 1	N	ND (2) *	2.8	120	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	20	7.3	8.9	20	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	16	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	28	44
	12/15/15	2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	5.3	130	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	20	8.4	13	2.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	16	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	31	48
	12/15/15	5 - 6	N	ND (2.1) *	5.2	190	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.21)	27	8.8	17	2.3	ND (0.1) *	ND (1.1)	18	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	31 25	49
AOC10-OS1	12/15/15	9 - 10	N N	ND (2.1) *	4.9	150	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	24	9.1	17	2.6	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	20	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	35	54
AOC10-OS1	04/06/11	11 - 11.5 5.5 - 6	N N						ND (0.4) J 0.78 J	43					5.9						
AOC10-OS2 AOC10-OS4	04/06/11	6.5 - 7	N N						ND (0.41) J	170					13						
AOC10-034 AOC10-XRF-01	08/25/08	0.5 - 7	N						ND (0.404)	9.2											
AOC10-XRF-02	08/25/08	0 - 0.5	N						ND (0.404)	11											
AOC10-XRF-03	08/25/08	0 - 0.5	N N						ND (0.405)	10											
AOC10-XRF-10	09/21/08	3 - 4	N N						ND (0.416)	26											
DTSC-AOC10d-1	01/18/08 €		N	ND (4.42) *	8.28	163	ND (4.41) *	ND (8.83) *	31.5	652	ND (4.41)	(137)	14.3	ND (0.0193) *	ND (2.5) *	ND (4.41)	ND (4.42) *	ND (4.42)	ND (8.83) *	39.5	134
DTSC-AOC10d-2	01/18/08 €		N	ND (4.89) *	7.36	595	ND (4.89) *	ND (9.78) *	6.03	243	ND (4.89)	66.5	(13.1)	ND (0.0192) *	ND (4.89) *	ND (4.89)	ND (4.89) *	ND (4.89)	ND (9.78) *	36.2	147
DTSC-AOC10d-3	01/18/08 6		N	ND (4.65) *	5.87	264	ND (4.65) *	ND (9.3) *	4.38	224	ND (4.65)	46.5	12	ND (0.0198) *	ND (4.65) *	ND (4.65)	ND (4.65) *	ND (4.65)	ND (9.3) *	34.5	197
MW-57BR	01/14/09	3 - 4	N	ND (2) *	9.2	270	ND (2) *	ND (1)	ND (0.16)	26	7.8	11	6.7	ND (0.1) *	ND (2) *	17	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4.1) *	34	52
	01/14/09	8 - 9	N	ND (2.1) *	8	85	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.17)	20	7.9	11	2.7	ND (0.1) *	1.3	16	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	28	46
	01/14/09	8 - 9	FD	ND (2.1) *	8.4	85	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.16)	22	8	11	2.9	ND (0.1) *	1.3	16	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	27	48
	01/14/09	18 - 19	N	ND (4.1) *	9.9	240	ND (2.1) *	ND (2.1) *	ND (0.16)	25	10	12	4.3	ND (0.1) *	3	16	ND (2.1) *	ND (2.1)	ND (4.1) *	31	68
MW-58BR_S	01/29/09	1.5 - 2	N	ND (2.1) J*	ND (2.1)	410	ND (2.1) *	ND (1.1) *	150	4,000	8.2	300	160	0.33	3.5	24	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1)	6.1	23	300
	01/29/09	19 - 20	N	ND (2.1) *	12	240	ND (2.1) *	ND (1.1) *	0.43	33	12	24	4	ND (0.11) *	ND (2.1) *	25	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1)	4.7	38	63
	01/29/09	29 - 30	N	ND (2.1) *	$\bigcirc 13 \bigcirc$	110	ND (2.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.17)	26	11	14	3.6	ND (0.11) *	ND (2.1) *	19	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1)	4.8	33	64
	01/29/09	39 - 40	N	ND (2.1) *	$\bigcirc 12 \bigcirc$	150		ND (1.1) *	0.43	35	12	17	4.2	ND (0.11) *	ND (2.1) *	22	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1)	4.7	34	51
	01/29/09	49 - 50	N	ND (2.1) *	8.3	180		ND (1.1) *		24	8.7	17	3.7	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	16	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	28	46
	01/29/09	59 - 60	N	ND (2.2) *	8.4	37	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *		27	13	58	3.4	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	22	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.2) *	28	41
PA-06	11/09/15	0 - 1	N	ND (2) *	2.4	69	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.89	30	8.1	15	5.2	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	20	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	23	74
PA-18	01/27/16	0 - 1	N	ND (2.1) *	5.2	130	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.28	65	7.3	64	47	ND (0.1) *	1.4	22	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	33	190
PA-19	01/27/16	0 - 1	N	ND (2.3) *	5.8	150	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *		34	5.8	160	30	ND (0.12) *	9.8	15	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.3) *	28	550
PA-20	01/27/16	0 - 1	N	ND (2.1) *	5.2	96	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.82 J	33	5.5	11	23	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	27	84
PA-21	01/27/16	0 - 1	N	ND (2) *	5.5	96	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	49	5.8	26	32	ND (0.1) *	1.2	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	28	150
SD-01	01/13/16	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2.1) *	3	78 J		ND (1.1) *	0.24	14	3.9	29	7.6	ND (0.1) *	ND (1.1)	7.8	ND (1.1) J	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	16	190
	01/13/16	2 - 3	N	ND (2.2) *	5.2	210		ND (1.1) *	ND (0.22)	36	11	14	3.2	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	30	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.2) *	43	41
	01/13/16	5 - 6 0 10	N N	ND (2.2) *	4.1	100		ND (1.1) *		49	11	15 12	2.5	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	37	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.2) *	44 46	43
SD 03	01/13/16	9 - 10	N N	ND (2.1) *	2.9	100	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.21)	40	11 5.8	12	1.9	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	34	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	46	40
SD-02	11/10/15 11/10/15	0 - 1 2 - 3	N N	ND (2) * ND (2) *	3.2 5	100 590	ND (1) * ND (1) *	ND (1) ND (1)	0.66	26	5.8 5.8	16 590	<u>29</u> <u>170</u>	$ \begin{array}{c} 0.17 \text{ J} \\ \hline 3.2 \end{array} $	ND (1)	12 17	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (2) * ND (2) *	28 26	300
	11/10/13	2-3	IN	ND (Z)	J	<u> </u>	14D (1)	(ו) מאו		200	5.0	<u> </u>	110	J.Z	9.1	17	(ו) מאו	ואם (ד)	IND (Z)	۷۵	300

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TABLE B-4a

Sample Results: Metals AOC 10 – East Ravine

Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

													Metals (mg	/kg)							
	Interim S	creening	Level 1:	0.285	11	410	0.672	1.1	0.83	39.8	12.7	16.8	8.39	0.0125	1.37	27.3	1.47	5.15	0.78	52.2	58
Reside		ential DT	SC-SL 3	31 NE	0.68 0.11	15,000 NE	160 15	71 5.2	0.3 NE	120,000 36,000	23 NE	3,100 NE	400 80	11 1	390 NE	1,500 490	390 NE	390 390	0.78 NE	390 390	23,000 NE
	Ecological Com	-	values : pround 5:	0.285 NE	11.4 11	330 410	23.3 0.672	0.0151 1.1	139.6 0.83	36.3 39.8	13 12.7	20.6 16.8	0.0166 8.39	0.0125 NE	2.25 1.37	0.607 27.3	0.177 1.47	5.15 NE	2.32 NE	13.9 52.2	0.164 58
Location	Date	Depth (ft bgs)		Antimony	Arsenic	Barium	Beryllium	Cadmium	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Cobalt	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Nickel	Selenium	Silver	Thallium	Vanadium	Zinc
SD-03	11/10/15	0 - 1	N	ND (2) *	4	91	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.28	12	3.7	7.3	9.7	ND (0.099) *	ND (1)	8.6	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	17	31
	11/10/15	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	2.6	52	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	6.4	2.3	3.4	2.5	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	4.7	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	11	13
SD-04	11/10/15	0 - 1	N	ND (2) J*	3	90 J	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	10	4	5.1	2.7	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	8.3	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	21	22
	11/10/15	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	2.9	83	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	8	3.2	4.4	2.5	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	5.9	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	16	19
SD-05	11/10/15	0 - 1	N	ND (2) *	3.2	100 J	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	13 J	3.3	9.2	(13 J)	ND (0.1) *	2.5	6.3 J	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	17	46
	11/10/15	0 - 1	FD	ND (2) *	4.5	130 J	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	19 J	3.9	10	37 J	ND (0.1) *	1.1	9.5 J	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	19	42
	11/10/15	2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	3.8	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	30	7.3	12	10	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	24	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	33	41
SD-06	11/10/15	0 - 1	N	ND (2) *	3.3	82	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	17	6.4	9.4	3.9	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	30	39
	11/10/15	2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	3.6	97	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	21	7.8	10	4.2	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	16	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	37	40
	11/10/15	5 - 6	N	ND (2.1) *	3.1	77	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	20	7.6	9.5	2.8	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	19	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	34	40
SD-21	03/10/16	0 - 1	N	ND (2) *	3.2	71	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	21	7	8.7	2.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	14	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	32	44
	03/10/16	2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	5.4	79	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.81	31	6.4	10	4.5	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	14	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	34	60
SD-22	03/09/16	0 - 1	N	ND (2.1) *	3.3	100	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	22	6.4	13	$\bigcirc 10$	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	30	61
	03/09/16	2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	3.2	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	27	7.4	10	4.7	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	17	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	32	49
Bank 1	03/07/03	0	N						ND (4) *	21.5		13.7				14.3					55
L-1	02/20/03	0	N						ND (4.1) *	88.4		34.8				17					99.7
	02/20/03	2	N						2.5	217		69.6				10.8					123
L-2	02/20/03	0	N						ND (4.7) *	86.8		42.7				22.8					122
	02/20/03	2	N						13	3,360		211				18					278
L-2-2	03/05/03	- 2	N						41	1,610		139				19					203
L-2-3	03/05/03	- 2	N						99	2,740		288				25					299
L-3	02/20/03	0	N						ND (4.5) *	28.4		22.7				18.1					74.3
	02/20/03	1	N						1.2 J	379		79.7				10.1					252
	02/20/03	1.5	N						ND (4) *	77.7		17.2				11.9					61.9
L-3-2	03/05/03	0 - 0.5	N						9.4	228		40.5				15.1					129
PS-21	04/13/99	0	N						0.9	16.5		14.2				10.5					43.9
	04/13/99	2	N						ND (0.51)	90		12.6				10.8					59.1
PS-22	04/13/99	0	N						ND (0.5)	24.7		11.4				10.5					85.3

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# TABLE B-4a

Sample Results: Metals AOC 10 – East Ravine

Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis

PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

# Notes:

Category 1: Validated data suitable for all uses, including risk assessment and remedial action decisions.

Category 2: Validated data suitable for use in characterization of the chemicals of potential concern at the facility and to help define the

nature and extent of contamination.

Category 3: Validated data suitable only for use in qualitative characterization of the nature and extent of contamination.

Results greater than or equal to the interim screening level are circled; however, if the interim screening level is equal to the background value, only results greater than the interim screening level are circled.

⊖ white powder sample.

Reporting limits greater than or equal to the interim screening level.

-- not analyzed

ft bgs feet below ground surface mg/kg milligrams per kilogram

DTSC California Department of Toxic Substances Control

DTSC-SL DTSC Screening Levels

FD field duplicate

J concentration or reporting limit estimated by laboratory or data validation

N primary sample

ND not detected at the listed reporting limit

NE not established

USEPA United States Environmental Protection Agency

- 1 Interim screening level is background value. If background value is not available then the interim screening value is the lower of the Ecological Comparison Value, residential DTSC-SL, or USEPA residential regional screening value.
- <sup>2</sup> United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA). 2017. Regional Screening Levels (RSLs) for Chemical Contaminants at Superfund Sites. November.
- <sup>3</sup> California Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC). 2018. Human Health Risk Assessment (HHRA) Note Number 3. January.
- <sup>4</sup> ARCADIS. 2008. "Technical Memorandum 3: Ecological Comparison Values for Metals and Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons in Soil." May 28.
- <sup>5</sup> CH2M HILL. 2009. "Final Soil Background Technical Memorandum at Pacific Gas and Electric Company Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California." May.

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# TABLE B-4b

Sample Results: Dioxins and Furans AOC 10 – East Ravine Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

													Dioxin/Fu	ırans (ng/kg	1)								-
	Interim	Screening	g Level <sup>1</sup> :	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	16	50	5.58
Resident	tial Regional S	creening	Levels <sup>2</sup> :	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE
		dential DT	•	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	50	NE
E	Ecological Con	-		NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	16	NE 5.50	1.6
		Backo Depth	ground <sup>5</sup> : Sample	NE 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,4,7,8,9-	NE 1,2,3,4,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,4,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,6,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,6,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,7,8,9-	NE 1,2,3,7,8,9-	NE 1,2,3,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,7,8-	NE 2,3,4,6,7,8-	NE 2,3,4,7,8-	NE 2,3,7,8-TCDD	NE 2,3,7,8-TCDF	NE OCDD	NE OCDF	5.98 TEQ Avian	5.58 TEQ Human	5.58 TEQ
Location	Date	(ft bgs)	-	HpCDD	HpCDF	HpCDF	HxCDD	HxCDF	HxCDD	HxCDF	HxCDD	HxCDF	PeCDD	PeCDF	HxCDF	PeCDF	2,0,1,0-1000	2,3,7,0-1001			TEQ AVIAII	r L & riuman	Mammals
Category 1				ı																	1		
AOC10-10	01/22/16	0 - 1	N	650	79	6.7 J	4.9 J	ND (2.3)	17	ND (3.9)	13	ND (1.6)	ND (2.1)	ND (1)	ND (110)	ND (1)	ND (0.23)	ND (0.13)	6,300	190	12	20	20
	01/22/16	2 - 3	N	ND (6.9)	ND (2)	ND (1.8)	ND (0.52)	ND (0.23)	ND (0.4)	ND (0.23)	ND (0.57)	1.3 J	ND (0.25)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.87)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.16)	ND (0.081)	31	ND (6.7)	0.57	0.56	0.56
	01/22/16	5 - 6	N	ND (8.4)	ND (1.8)	4.9 J	ND (0.14)	ND (0.14)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.13)	1.2 J	1.4 J	ND (0.27)	ND (0.14)	ND (0.2)	ND (0.071)	ND (0.043)	ND (0.13)	50	ND (5.1)	0.62	0.59	0.59
AOC10-11	01/22/16	0 - 1	N	550 J	47	6.1 J	ND (2.5)	ND (0.93)	14	ND (0.93)	5.5 J	ND (1.1)	0.74 J	ND (0.33)	ND (160)	ND (0.62)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.13)	3,500 J	170 J	12	18	18
	01/22/16	0 - 1	FD	190 J	23	ND (1.3)	ND (1.5)	ND (0.63)	8.6 J	ND (11)	3.4 J	ND (0.74)	ND (0.58)	ND (0.53)	ND (140)	ND (0.57)	ND (0.077)	ND (0.088)	1,100 J	65 J	9.3	12	<u> 12</u>
	01/22/16	2 - 3	N	590	46	5 J	ND (2.1)	ND (1.2)	13	ND (11)	ND (5.4)	ND (0.42)	ND (0.68)	ND (1)	ND (140)	ND (1.1)	ND (0.077)	ND (0.22)	4,800	190	11	18	18
-	01/22/16	5 - 6	N	3,500	760	ND (110)	15	ND (6.8)	150	ND (6.3)	32	ND (7.9)	3.7 J	ND (0.55)	ND (2,400)	ND (2.8)	ND (0.28)	ND (0.33)	33,000	2,700	150	200	200
	01/22/16	9 - 10	N	170	ND (3.8)	ND (0.54)	4.5 J	ND (0.24)	ND (0.38)	ND (2.2)	ND (0.99)	ND (0.28)	ND (0.25)	ND (0.15)	ND (23)	ND (0.16)	ND (0.093)	ND (0.066)	1,100	15 J	2.2	4.1	4.1
AOC10-12	01/22/16	0 - 0.5	N	770	ND (1.9)	ND (6.2)	ND (4.7)	ND (3.4)	48	32	25	ND (3.9)	ND (3.3)	ND (2.1)	ND (380)	ND (2.1)	ND (0.34)	ND (0.88)	4,800	310	30	42	42
	01/22/16	2 - 3	N	540	57	3.8 J	ND (2)	5.6 J	19	3.7 J	ND (1.7)	ND (1.6)	ND (1.4)	ND (1.4)	ND (130)	3 J	ND (0.32)	ND (0.51)	6,100	110	14	19	19
	01/22/16	5 - 6	N	320	ND (18)	ND (21)	ND (3.8)	5.8 J	21	18	18	ND (2.4)	ND (4.3)	2.1 J	ND (100)	3 J	ND (0.35)	ND (1)	1,400	55	16	19	19
AOC10-15	12/15/15	0 - 1	N	9,000	630	ND (96)	33	ND (19)	210	ND (17)	59	ND (22)	ND (12) *	ND (11)	ND (2,300)	ND (16)	4.1 J	ND (8.6)	110,000	2,600	180	290	290
	12/15/15	0 - 1	FD	8,200	650	72	30	62	190	17	56	ND (2.8)	ND (11) *	ND (8.2)	ND (2,000)	ND (8.8)	ND (2.5)	8.2	110,000	2,100	160	270	270
	12/15/15	2 - 3	N	3,100	230	ND (18)	14	26	85	ND (8.1)	27	ND (10)	(8.4 J)	ND (3.3)	ND (820)	ND (7.8)	ND (2.4)	ND (4.5)	38,000	920	74	(110)	110
	12/15/15	5 - 6	N	2,300	180	21	9.3 J	ND (9.4)	55	ND (5)	19	ND (6.3)	ND (4)	ND (4.4)	ND (570)	ND (4.7)	ND (2.3)	3.1 J	31,000	700	49	77	77
	12/15/15	9 - 10	N	34	ND (3.1)	ND (1.5)	ND (1.1)	1.4 J	ND (1.9)	1.3 J	ND (1.7)	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (1.4)	ND (11)	ND (0.47)	ND (1.3)	ND (1.2)	340	10 J	3.2	2.9	2.9
AOC10-16	12/15/15	0 - 1	N	23	ND (1.8)	ND (1.7)	1.6 J	ND (1.3)	2.3 J	ND (0.66)	ND (0.76)	ND (0.83)	ND (0.85)	ND (1.4)	ND (1)	ND (0.48)	ND (0.36)	ND (0.86)	110	ND (1.9)	1.7	1.6	1.6
	12/15/15	2 - 3	N	40	ND (4.2)	1.5 J	ND (0.69)		ND (2.3)	ND (1.1)	2.7 J	ND (0.63)	1.4 J	ND (1.1)	ND (7.2)	ND (1.1)	ND (1.5)	1.6 J	240	ND (5)	5.3	4	4
	12/15/15	5 - 6	N	22	ND (6.6)	ND (1)	1.6 J	1.3 J	2.2 J	2.1 J	ND (0.95)	ND (0.42)	ND (1.2)	1.2 J	ND (12)	ND (0.7)	ND (0.17)	ND (1.1)	89	ND (4.9)	2.9	2.6	2.6
	12/15/15	9 - 10	N	6.9 J	ND (2)	ND (1)	ND (0.74)	1.2 J	ND (1.4)	ND (1)	ND (0.62)	ND (0.79)	ND (0.38)	ND (0.41)	ND (0.88)	ND (1)	ND (1.5)	ND (1.1)	ND (25)	2.6 J	2.3	1.6	1.6
AOC10-18	12/06/15	0 - 1	N	24	ND (2.5)	ND (0.92)	ND (1)	ND (0.8)	1.5 J	ND (0.81)	1.6 J	ND (0.57)	ND (0.2)	0.82 J	0.56 J	0.77 J	0.6 J	0.46 J	190	4.3 J	2.4	1.8	1.8
	12/06/15		N	ND (4.8)	ND (1.2)	ND (0.8)	ND (0.98)	ND (0.23)	0.97 J	ND (0.61)	ND (0.75)	0.79 J	0.8 J	ND (0.84)	0.7 J	0.86 J	ND (0.26)	0.45 J	30	2 J	2.6	1.7	1.7
AOC10-19	02/24/16		N	83 J	6.3 J	, ,	ND (0.47) J	, ,	2.3 J	ND (0.37) J	1.2 J	ND (0.44) J		. ,			J ND (0.067) J		820 J	14 J	1.3	2.3	2.3
A0010-13	02/24/16		N	180 J	13 J	ND (0.41) J	, ,	ND (0.4) J	4.8 J	1 J	2.4 J	, ,		, ,	. ,		, ,	ND (0.22) J	1,600 J	25 J	2	4.2	4.2
AOC10-20	02/17/16		N	ND (5.5)	ND (0.83)	ND (1.1)	ND (0.18)	ND (0.19)	ND (0.17)	ND (0.17)	ND (0.35)	ND (0.5)	• • •		ND (0.15)	ND (0.17)	, ,	ND (0.13)	35 J	ND (3)	0.36	0.28	0.28
	02/25/16	2 - 3	N	1.2 J	ND (0.35)	ND (0.086)	ND (0.044)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.038)	ND (0.1)	ND (0.059)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.047)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.24)	ND (0.27)	ND (0.051)	ND (0.064)	ND (8.9)	ND (0.21)	0.26	0.15	0.15
AOC10-21	02/25/16	0 - 0.5	N	1,700	270	ND (11)	ND (25)	ND (6.9)	ND (39)	ND (6.8)	ND (14)	ND (8.1)	ND (35) *	ND (2.9)	ND (7.2)	ND (3.1)	ND (2.6)	ND (5.2) J	26,000	250	33	53	53
	02/25/16		N	2.6 J	ND (0.41)	ND (0.082)	ND (0.088)	ND (0.18)	ND (0.076)	ND (0.16)	ND (0.1)	ND (0.2)	• , ,	ND (0.27)	ND (0.18)	ND (0.27)	. ,	ND (0.078)	ND (22)	ND (0.72)	0.33	0.22	0.22
AOC10-22	02/17/16		N	800	ND (4.2)	ND (5)	ND (3.3)	ND (5.2)	21	ND (6.7)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.7)	ND (3.1)	ND (2.3)	ND (4.2)	ND (2.4)	ND (2)	ND (3.7)	6,400	90	8.6	17	17
	02/17/16		N N	2,100	ND (0.79)	11 J	12 J	12 J	49	6.8 J	23	2.9 J	ND (5.4) *	ND (1.4)	ND (160)	4.9 J	1 J	1.8 J	9,000	240	27	48	48
	02/17/16		N	770	ND (280)	ND (14)	9.6 J	ND (7.1)	22	ND (13)	ND (1.4)	ND (2.1)	ND (2.9)	ND (1.9)	ND (120)	3.9 J	ND (0.89)	ND (1.4)	7,100	ND (5.5)	17	25	25
	02/17/16		N	7.9 J	ND (1.1)	ND (0.29)		ND (0.094)		ND (0.13)	ND (0.25)			. ,		ND (0.053)		ND (0.18)	51	1.7 J	0.29	0.28	0.28
	02/11/10	J <b>-</b> U	ıN	1.83	ואף (ו.ו)	ואט (ט.עפ)	(ט. וט)	ND (0.094)	ואט (ט.טט)	(ט. וט) אווי	ואט (ט.עט)	ואט (ט.טו)	(0.073) שאו	(וויס) חגו	(0.03) אין	(נפטיט) חויו	(0.04) שוו	(0. וס) שוו	JI	1. <i>1</i> J	0.29	0.20	0.20

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# TABLE B-4b Sample Results: Dioxins and Furans AOC 10 – East Ravine Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

													Dioxin/Fu	rans (ng/kg	g)								
	Interim S	Screening	Level <sup>1</sup> :	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	16	50	5.58
Reside	ential Regional Sc	_		NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE
		ential DT	•	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	50	NE
	Ecological Com	-		NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	16	NE	1.6
			round <sup>5</sup> :	NE 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,4,7,8,9-	NE 1,2,3,4,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,4,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,6,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,6,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,7,8,9-	NE 1,2,3,7,8,9-	NE 1,2,3,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,7,8-	NE 2,3,4,6,7,8-	NE 2,3,4,7,8-	NE 2,3,7,8-TCDD	NE 2,3,7,8-TCDF	OCDD	NE OCDF	5.98 TEQ Avian	5.58 TEQ Human	5.58 TEQ
Location	Date	(ft bgs)	Sample Type	HpCDD	HpCDF	HpCDF	HxCDD	HxCDF	HxCDD	HxCDF	HxCDD	HxCDF	PeCDD	PeCDF	HxCDF	PeCDF	2,3,1,0-1000	2,3,7,0-1001	ОСББ	ОСЫ	I LQ AVIAII	TEQ Human	Mammals
AOC10-23	02/25/16	0 - 1	N	63,000	2,300 J	120 J	ND (31) J	ND (45) J	980 J	110 J	140 J	ND (51) J	ND (21) J*	ND (7.9) J	ND (3,300) J	100 J	2.7 J	ND (25) J	230,000	11,000 J	440	1,100	1,100
	02/25/16	1 - 2	N	230	ND (150)	ND (3.8)	ND (3.1)	ND (3)	10 J	ND (6)	ND (3)	ND (2)	ND (5.1) *	ND (0.54)	ND (1.7)	ND (2.1)	ND (0.46)	ND (0.63)	2,000	94	6.3	8.8	8.8
	02/25/16	2 - 3	N	890	34	ND (5.7)	ND (0.68)	4.1 J	13	1.9 J	ND (3.8)	ND (1.9)	ND (0.62)	1.1 J	ND (64)	2 J	ND (0.38)	1.2 J	4,300	55	9.7	17	<u> 17</u>
AOC10-24	03/07/16	0 - 1	N	590	41	ND (2.4)	6.5 J	ND (0.26)	17	2.5 J	11 J	ND (1)	3.4 J	ND (0.32)	ND (96)	2.6 J	ND (0.41)	ND (1.2)	5,300	130	15	21	21
	03/07/16	2 - 3	N	3,000	ND (37)	ND (44)	22	ND (23)	140	ND (23)	49	ND (27)	8.1 J	4.7 J	ND (2,300)	7.9 J	0.22 J	1 J	28,000	2,100	150	190	190
AOC10-25	01/08/17	0 - 0.5	N	30 J	ND (2.4)	ND (0.59)	ND (0.25)	ND (0.35)	ND (0.75)	ND (0.31)	0.63 J	ND (0.63)	ND (0.16)	ND (0.31)	ND (3.8)	ND (0.66)	ND (0.054)	ND (0.13)	200 J	ND (4.5)	0.91	0.96	0.96
	01/08/17	0 - 0.5	FD	130 J	ND (11)	ND (1.4)	ND (2.8)	ND (0.62)	ND (0.66)	ND (1.7)	ND (0.68)	ND (0.7)	ND (0.53)	ND (0.8)	8 J	ND (5.2)	ND (0.2)	1.5 J	1,500 J	29	5.9	4.3	4.3
	01/08/17	2 - 3	N	ND (0.24)	ND (1.1)	ND (0.73)	ND (0.34)	ND (0.16)	ND (0.54)	ND (0.28)	ND (0.41)	ND (0.7)	ND (0.14)	ND (0.1)	ND (0.51)	ND (0.14)	ND (0.14)	ND (0.41)	ND (41)	ND (1.6)	ND (0.55)	ND (0.35)	ND (0.35)
	01/08/17	5 - 6	N	ND (2.3)	ND (0.23)	ND (1.3)	ND (0.47)	ND (0.26)	ND (0.27)	ND (0.56)	ND (0.55)	1 J	ND (0.5)	ND (0.097)	0.73 J	ND (0.1)	ND (0.064)	ND (0.095)	ND (18)	ND (1.8)	0.65	0.6	0.6
	01/08/17	9 - 10	N	2.2 J	ND (0.49)	ND (0.56)	ND (0.3)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.22)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.39)	ND (0.14)	ND (0.076)	ND (0.36)	ND (0.2)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.082)	ND (14)	ND (1.7)	0.35	0.28	0.28
AOC10-26	02/21/17	0 - 0.5	N	220	21	2.6 J	3 J	ND (1.2)	7.8 J	1.3 J	4.9 J	ND (0.2)	1.7 J	0.51 J	ND (50)	1.8 J	ND (0.15)	ND (0.39)	1,500	41	7.8	9.5	9.5
1	02/21/17	2 - 3	N	1,200	170	17	13	8 J	49	28	24	ND (2.5)	5.6 J	3 J	ND (910)	ND (3.7)	ND (0.04)	ND (0.1)	6,500	250	64	<u>80</u>	<u>80</u>
	02/21/17	2 - 3	FD	3,400	410	44	29	19	120	60	57	5.6 J	13	5.1 J	ND (1,900)	6.7 J	ND (0.16)	1.1 J	16,000	610	140	(180)	<u> 180</u>
	02/21/17	2.5 - 2.7	N	9,300	1,100	110	73	48	300	120	140	13	28	ND (8.9)	ND (3,800)	13	ND (0.17)	0.75 J	54,000	2,000	300	<u>410</u>	<u>410</u>
	02/21/17	4.5 - 5	N	1,800	440	36	11 J	12 J	80	15	25	3.9 J	ND (5.7) *	2.5 J	ND (1,100)	12 J	ND (0.1)	1.1 J	15,000	830	86	(100)	<u> 100</u>
AOC10-27	01/04/17	0 - 0.5	N	450	44	ND (4.4)	ND (3.4)	ND (6.3)	12 J	ND (5.5)	7.9 J	ND (7.2)	ND (1.1)	ND (2)	ND (6.5)	7.7 J	ND (0.14)	ND (0.71)	6,100	71	13	13	13
·-	01/04/17	2 - 3	N	260	36	4.6 J	3.3 J	ND (2.3)	9.9 J	5.7 J	5.3 J	ND (1.7)	ND (1.8)	ND (1.4)	ND (100)	ND (5)	ND (0.2)	ND (0.47)	1,800	72	11	13	13
	01/04/17	4 - 5	N	30	6.8 J	ND (1.2)	ND (0.22)	ND (0.3)	ND (0.22)	ND (0.59)	ND (0.22)	ND (0.36)	ND (0.21)	ND (0.3)	ND (18)	ND (0.32)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.25)	260	17 J	1.6	1.7	1.7
AOC10-6	09/20/08	0 - 0.5	N	170 J	13 J	ND (1.7) J	2.2 J	ND (1) J	4.5 J	ND (1.4) J	3.4 J	ND (0.75) J	ND (0.26) J	ND (0.34) J	ND (17) J	1.9 J	ND (0.099) J	J ND (0.39) J	1,800 J	ND (28)	4.3	5.2	5.2
	09/20/08	2 - 3	N	ND (6.3) J	ND (1.4) J	ND (1.7) J	ND (1.3) J	ND (2) J	ND (1.6) J	ND (1.8) J	ND (1.6) J	ND (2.3) J	ND (1.5) J	ND (1.4) J	ND (2) J	ND (1.4) J	ND (1.1) J	ND (1.6) J	ND (5) J	ND (5.9) J	ND (3.4)	ND (2.3)	ND (2.3)
AOC10a-2	01/13/16	0 - 1	N	650 J	38 J	ND (2.2) J	7.2 J	3.2 J	17 J	ND (3.8) J	ND (10) J	ND (0.76) J	ND (2.8) J	3.3 J	ND (49) J	ND (0.85) J	ND (0.18) J	0.89 J	6,600 J	66 J	8.9	17	17
	01/13/16	2 - 3	N	ND (2.5) J	ND (0.24) J	ND (0.2) J	ND (0.21) J	ND (0.062)	J ND (0.14) J	ND (0.058) J	ND (0.15) J	ND (0.075)	J ND (0.093) J	ND (0.083)	J ND (0.53) J	ND (0.088)	J ND (0.066) J	I ND (0.097) J	ND (18) J	ND (0.36) J	ND (0.23)	ND (0.18)	ND (0.18)
AOC10a-3	01/13/16	0 - 1	N	2,700	550	ND (87)	ND (5.1)	ND (9.7)	100	ND (8.5)	31	ND (11)	(7.3 J)	ND (1)	ND (1,200)	4 J	ND (0.22)	ND (0.38)	22,000	1,200	88	120	120
	01/13/16	2 - 3	N	5,400	660	ND (76)	18	ND (15)	110	ND (13)	43	ND (17)	(8 J)	ND (2.7)	ND (1,000)	ND (3.5)	0.66 J	2.3 J	44,000	2,200	88	150	150
	01/13/16	5 - 6	N	ND (9.5)	ND (1.3)	ND (0.52)	ND (0.39)	ND (0.67)	ND (0.24)	ND (0.59)	ND (0.25)	ND (1.6)	ND (0.15)	ND (0.2)	ND (0.67)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.15)	ND (0.092)	75	ND (2.3)	0.49	0.48	0.48
	01/13/16	9 - 10	N	ND (4.8)	ND (0.52)	ND (0.22)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.4)	ND (0.15)	ND (0.35)	ND (0.16)	ND (0.45)	ND (0.21)	ND (0.1)	ND (0.65)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.14)	ND (0.29)	34	ND (1.8)	0.49	0.36	0.36
AOC10a-4	01/08/17	0 - 0.5	N	770	62	5.5 J	ND (5)	3.7 J	17	ND (1.6)	8.5 J	ND (1.3)	2.2 J	ND (1)	ND (120)	1.3 J	ND (0.11)	ND (0.65)	8,400	150	14	23	23
-	01/08/17	2 - 3	N	4.6 J	1 J	ND (0.26)	ND (0.16)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.23)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.61)	ND (0.2)	ND (0.2)	ND (0.21)	ND (0.66)	ND (0.079)	ND (0.061)	ND (0.085)	43	ND (1.9)	0.33	0.33	0.33
AOC10b-1	09/30/08	0 - 0.5	N	820 J	88 J	ND (5.3) J	5.8 J	ND (2.2) J	20 J	ND (4.1) J	12 J	ND (2.5) J	2.7 J	ND (0.59) J	ND (100) J	ND (0.59) J	ND (0.14) J	ND (0.36) J	7,900 J	230 J	13	24	24
-	09/30/08	2 - 3	N	4,600 J	980 J	ND (83) J	33 J	25 J	170 J	42 J	67 J	ND (9.6) J	(16 J)	ND (1.7) J	ND (1,700) J	ND (5.7) J	ND (0.62) J	ND (1.6) J	38,000 J	1,800 J	140	200	200
	09/30/08	5 - 6	N	2,600 J	650 J	56 J	27 J	ND (11) J	ND (1.2) J	ND (56) J	54 J	ND (12) J	(15 J)	ND (8.3) J	ND (1,600) J	ND (8.3) J	ND (0.17) J	ND (0.38) J	17,000 J	930 J	120	150	150

# TABLE B-4b

Sample Results: Dioxins and Furans AOC 10 – East Ravine Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

													Dioxin/Fu	ırans (ng/kg	<b>j</b> )								
	Interim S	creening	Level <sup>1</sup> :	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	16	50	5.58
Reside	ential Regional Sc	reening l	Levels <sup>2</sup> :	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE
	Resid	ential DT	SC-SL3:	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	50	NE
	<b>Ecological Com</b>	-		NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	16	NE	1.6
			round <sup>5</sup> : Sample	NE 1.2.3.4.6.7.8-	NE 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,4,7,8,9-	NE 1,2,3,4,7,8-	NE 1.2.3.4.7.8-	NE 1,2,3,6,7,8-	NE 1.2.3.6.7.8-	NE 1,2,3,7,8,9-	NE 1,2,3,7,8,9-	NE 1,2,3,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,7,8-	NE 2,3,4,6,7,8-	NE 2,3,4,7,8-	NE 2,3,7,8-TCDD	NE 2.3.7.8-TCDF	NE OCDD	NE OCDF	5.98 TEQ Avian	5.58 TEQ Human	5.58 TEQ
Location	Date	(ft bgs)	Type	HpCDD	HpCDF	HpCDF	HxCDD	HxCDF	HxCDD	HxCDF	HxCDD	HxCDF	PeCDD	PeCDF	HxCDF	PeCDF	2,3,7,0-1000	2,3,7,0-100F	ОСББ	OCDF	I EQ AVIAII	TEQ Hulliali	Mammals
AOC10c-4	10/01/08	0 - 0.5	N	10,000 J	1,600 J	120 J	73 J	ND (100) J	330 J	ND (92) J	150 J	ND (120) J	ND (1.7) J	ND (3.6) J	ND (2,600) J	ND (14) J	2.4 J	6.9 J	110,000 J	3,400 J	220	360	360
-	10/01/08	2 - 3	N	1,700 J	280 J	21 J	12 J	8.6 J	54 J	16 J	24 J	ND (2.6) J	ND (5.1) J*	ND (1.2) J	ND (530) J	ND (1.2) J	ND (0.23) J	1.4 J	15,000 J	580 J	44	66	66
	10/01/08	5 - 6	N	74 J	10 J	ND (0.4) J	ND (2.2) J	ND (0.46) J	ND (0.38) J	ND (0.41) J	1.2 J	ND (0.53) J	0.22 J	ND (0.12) J	ND (30) J	ND (0.12) J	ND (0.058) J	ND (0.091) J	550 J	12 J	2.3	3.1	3.1
AOC10c-6	01/21/16	14 - 15	N	320	19	ND (4.7)	ND (2)	ND (1.1)	9.6 J	3.7 J	4.3 J	ND (1.2)	ND (0.26)	ND (0.28)	ND (110)	ND (0.3)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.39)	3,300	39	8	12	12
AOC10d-9	12/15/15	0 - 1	N	40 J	ND (2.9) J	ND (0.49) J	ND (0.88) J	ND (0.22) J	1.4 J	ND (0.4) J	1.4 J	ND (0.25) J	ND (0.13) J	ND (0.31) J	ND (2.7) J	ND (0.32) J	ND (0.13) J	ND (0.3) J	300 J	6.4 J	0.9	1.2	1.2
	12/15/15	2 - 3	N	ND (1.6) J	ND (0.14) J	ND (0.14) J	ND (0.19) J	ND (0.13) J	ND (0.17) J	ND (0.11) J	ND (0.18)	J ND (0.15) J	ND (0.087) J	J ND (0.26) J	ND (0.21) J	ND (0.28) J	ND (0.071) J	ND (0.14) J	13 J	ND (0.33) J	0.35	0.2	0.2
	12/15/15	5 - 6	N	ND (2.2) J	ND (1.1) J	ND (0.93) J	ND (0.2) J	ND (0.12) J	ND (0.19) J	ND (0.1) J	ND (0.28)	J ND (0.084) J	ND (0.32) J	ND (0.16) J	0.61 J	ND (0.17) J	ND (0.068) J	ND (0.082) J	11 J	ND (1.5) J	0.44	0.36	0.36
	12/15/15	9 - 10	N	ND (0.17) J	ND (0.097)	J ND (0.11) J	ND (0.088) J	ND (0.14) J	ND (0.077)	J ND (0.12) J	ND (0.083)	J ND (0.16) J	ND (0.068) J	J ND (0.15) J	ND (0.14) J	ND (0.15) J	ND (0.074) J	ND (0.12) J	ND (1.4) J	ND (0.21) J	ND (0.25)	ND (0.14)	ND (0.14)
PA-18	01/27/16	0 - 1	N	11,000 J	760 J	43 J	86 J	41 J	280 J	53 J	140 J	8.6 J	<b>43 J</b>	10 J	ND (470) J	16 J	ND (3.5) J	8.1 J	87,000 J	1,700 J	150	280	280
	01/26/17	5 - 6	N	550	41	3.4 J	2.4 J	2.6 J	13	ND (1.3)	4.7 J	1.1 J	ND (1.2)	ND (0.92)	ND (76)	ND (1.1)	ND (0.099)	ND (0.69)	4,500	84	8	14	14
PA-19	01/27/16	0 - 1	N	6,700 J	570 J	ND (35) J	69 J	ND (38) J	190 J	ND (26) J	110 J	ND (4.2) J	<b>48 J</b>	16 J	ND (450) J	14 J	ND (6.1) J*	19 J	71,000 J	2,000 J	150	220	220
	01/31/17	2 - 3	N	2.9 J	ND (0.38)	ND (0.17)	ND (0.23)	ND (0.22)	ND (0.22)	ND (0.19)	ND (0.22)	ND (0.25)	ND (0.54)	ND (0.4)	ND (1.2)	ND (0.41)	ND (0.18)	ND (0.49)	32	ND (0.94)	0.95	0.62	0.62
	01/31/17	5 - 6	N	16	2.1 J	0.29 J	ND (0.45)	ND (0.079)	0.6 J	ND (0.071)	0.38 J	ND (0.091)	ND (0.33)	ND (0.31)	ND (2.4)	ND (0.2)	ND (0.27)	0.81 J	130	3.5 J	1.5	0.89	0.89
PA-20	01/27/16	0 - 1	N	55,000 J	4,700 J	240 J	140 J	550 J	1,900 J	130 J	260 J	170 J	<b>44 J</b>	120 J	ND (7,400) J	270 J	ND (10) J*	77 J	440,000 J	13,000 J	1,100	1,600	1,600
	01/31/17	2 - 3	N	2,400	100	ND (5.3)	ND (2.1)	10 J	42	2.8 J	6.9 J	4.1 J	ND (1)	2.4 J	ND (190)	6.1 J	ND (0.25)	ND (1.7)	29,000	220	27	53	53
	01/31/17	5 - 6	N	6,200	240	14	3.7 J	30	92	7.5 J	12 J	12 J	ND (1.2)	5.4 J	ND (460)	13	ND (0.14)	3.5 J	64,000	430	63	130	130
PA-21	01/27/16	0 - 1	N	25,000 J	1,300 J	65 J	79 J	150 J	550 J	ND (46) J	120 J	45 J	30 J	42 J	ND (1,800) J	66 J	3.7 J	23 J	250,000 J	3,100 J	320	580	580
	01/31/17	2 - 3	N	590	24	ND (1.4)	ND (0.77)	2.9 J	11 J	0.83 J	ND (1.2)	ND (1.3)	ND (0.24)	ND (1.3)	ND (58)	2.8 J	ND (0.17)	1.5 J	5,300	47	9.5	14	14
	01/31/17	5 - 6	N	3,400	130	ND (7.3)	4.3 J	16	56	4.7 J	11 J	6.2 J	2.2 J	ND (5.9)	ND (270)	ND (7.6)	ND (0.46)	5.1	32,000	270	38	73	73
SD-21	03/10/16	0 - 1	N	31	ND (2.3)	ND (0.32)	ND (0.45)	ND (0.34)	ND (1.5)	ND (0.31)	ND (0.46)	ND (0.39)	ND (0.54)	ND (0.23)	ND (2.9)	ND (0.23)	ND (0.53)	ND (0.14)	270	4.4 J	1	1.3	1.3
_	03/10/16	2 - 3	N	110	8.5 J	ND (0.4)	1.6 J	ND (0.39)	3.6 J	ND (0.46)	ND (2.3)	ND (0.27)	ND (0.65)	ND (0.16)	ND (8.6)	ND (0.42)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.25)	920	12 J	1.7	3	3
Notes:				•																	1		

Category 1: Validated data suitable for all uses, including risk assessment and remedial action decisions.

Category 2: Validated data suitable for use in characterization of the chemicals of potential concern at the facility and to help define the

nature and extent of contamination.

Category 3: Validated data suitable only for use in qualitative characterization of the nature and extent of contamination.

Results greater than or equal to the Interim Screening Level are circled.

white powder sample.

not analyzed

ft bgs feet below ground surface ng/kg nanograms per kilogram DTSC-SL DTSC Screening Levels

DTSC California Department of Toxic Substances Control

FD Field Dupliicate

concentration or reporting limit estimated by laboratory or data validation

JR estimated value, one or more input values is "R" qualified.

Primary Sample

R:\PGEAlliance\Topock\Topock\_DataGaps\_Tables\_RES.mdb\rptDioxins Print Date: 5/7/2018

# TABLE B-4b

R

Sample Results: Dioxins and Furans AOC 10 - East Ravine Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

NA NA = not applicable NE not established

ND not detected at the listed reporting limit

The result has been rejected; identification and/or quantitation could not be verified because critical QC specifications were not

met (e.g., a non-detect result obtained for an archive sample following a hold time of greater than one year).

USEPA USEPA = United States Environmental Protection Agency

- 1 For individual dioxins and furans, selected value is the lower of the ECV, residential DTSC-SL, or USEPA residential regional screening value, unless the background value is higher. For TEQ values, selected value is the DTSC-SL.
- 2 United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA). 2017. Regional Screening Levels (RSLs) for Chemical Contaminants at Superfund Sites. November.
- 3 California Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC), 2018. Human Health Risk Assessment (HHRA) Note Number 3. January California Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC), 2017. Human Health Risk Assessment (HHRA) Note 2, Soil Remedial Goals for Dioxins and Dioxin-like Compounds for Consideration at California Hazardous Waste Sites. April.
- 4 ARCADIS. 2008. "Technical Memorandum 3: Ecological Comparison Values for Metals and Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons in Soil." May 28. ARCADIS. 2009. "Topock Compression Station Final Technical Memorandum 4: Ecological Comparison Values for Additional Dectected Chemicals in Soil." July 1.
- 5 CH2M. 2017. Revised Ambient Study of Dioxins and Furans at the Pacific Gas and Electric Company, Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California. October.

# Calculations:

TEQ = Sum of Result xToxic equivalency factor (TEF), 1/2 reporting limit used for nondetects. If all Dioxins and Furans are nondetect, the final qualifier code is U.

TEQ Avian = Sum of Result x TEF, 1/2 reporting limit used for nondetects. If all Dioxins and Furans are nondetect, the final qualifier code is U.

TEQMammals = Sum of Result x TEF, 1/2 reporting limit used for nondetects. If all Dioxins and Furans are nondetect, the final qualifier code is U.

Teq Humans = Sum of Result x TEF, 1/2 reporting limit used for nondetects. If all Dioxins and Furans are nondetect, the final qualifier code is U.

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TABLE B-5a

													Metals (mg	/kg)							
	Interim S	Screenin	ng Level <sup>1</sup> :	0.285	11	410	0.672	1.1	0.83	39.8	12.7	16.8	8.39	0.0125	1.37	27.3	1.47	5.15	0.78	52.2	58
	l Regional So Resid ological Com	lential D nparison	TSC-SL 3.	31 NE 0.285 NE	0.68 0.11 11.4 11	15,000 NE 330 410	160 15 23.3 0.672	71 5.2 0.0151 1.1	0.3 NE 139.6 0.83	120,000 36,000 36.3 39.8	23 NE 13 12.7	3,100 NE 20.6 16.8	400 80 0.0166 8.39	11 1 0.0125 NE	390 NE 2.25 1.37	1,500 490 0.607 27.3	390 NE 0.177 1.47	390 390 5.15 NE	0.78 NE 2.32 NE	390 390 13.9 52.2	23,000 NE 0.164 58
Location	Date	Depth (ft bgs		Antimony	Arsenic	Barium	Beryllium	Cadmium	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Cobalt	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Nickel	Selenium	Silver	Thallium	Vanadium	Zinc
Category 1				1																	
AOC11-4-OS4	06/11/14	0	N	ND (2) *	3.4	150	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	16	6.2	9.6	3.5	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	32	40
AOC11-4-OS6	06/11/14	0	N	ND (2) *	3.1	140	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.22	18	5.7	9.2	7.2	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	27	39
AOC11-4-OS5	06/11/14	0	N	ND (2) *	3.4	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	21	6.8	12	6.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	15	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	32	43
AOC11-4-OS3	06/11/14	0	N	ND (2) *	3	150	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	14	5	8.6	5.3	ND (0.099) *	ND (1)	10	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	27	35
AOC11-4-OS1	06/11/14	0	N	ND (2) J*	7.2 J	200 J	ND (1) J*	ND (1) J	ND (0.2)	18 J	7 J	11 J	4.2 J	ND (0.1) *	ND (1) J	14 J	ND (1) J	ND (1) J	ND (2) J*	32 J	47 J
AOC11-4-OS6	06/11/14	2 - 3		ND (2.1) *	3	120	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.21)	20	6.7	7.7	3.2	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	15	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	29	36
AOC11-4-OS5	06/11/14	2 - 3		ND (2.1) *	2.7	97	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	18	5.7	9.3	5.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	28	36
AOC11-4-OS4	06/11/14	2 - 3		ND (2) *	3.4	120	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	14	5.9	8.6	3.2	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	33	37
AOC11-4-OS3	06/11/14	2 - 3		ND (2) *	3.1	120	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.43	18	5	7.3	6.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	8.9	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	23	30
AOC11-4-OS1	06/11/14	2 - 3		ND (2.1) *	6.7	170	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.21)	16	6.5	11	3.5	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	13	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	30	41
AOC11-4-OS3	06/11/14	2-3		ND (2) *	3	120	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.43	17	4.2	7.7	6.2	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	9	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	23	30
AOC11-4-OS4 AOC11-4-OS5	06/11/14 06/11/14	5 - 6 5 - 6		ND (2) * ND (2.1) *	3.6 3.4	150 110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	17 20	6.4 6.2	10 8.9	5.5 5.6	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12 15	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	30 30	38 40
				` '			ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)					ND (0.1) *	ND (1)		ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *		
AOC11-1	01/05/16	0 - 1		ND (2.1) *	4.9	110 J	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	11	4.8	9.7	7.8 J	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	9.5	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	19	67 J
	01/05/16 01/05/16	0 - 1 2 - 3	FD N	ND (2) * ND (2.1) *	5.2 3.3	200 J 140	ND (1) * ND (1) *	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (0.21) ND (0.21)	11 11	4.5 3.9	8.1 9.5	5.4 J 5.2	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	8.9 8.3	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	21 22	50 J 32
	01/05/16	5-6		ND (2.1) ND (2.4) *	3.9	120	ND (1) ND (1.2) *	ND (1) ND (1.2) *	ND (0.21) ND (0.24)	18	5.8	9.5 8.1	5.2	ND (0.1) * ND (0.12) *	ND (1) ND (1.2)	6.3 12	ND (1) ND (1.2)	ND (1) ND (1.2)	ND (2.1) * ND (2.4) *	29	38
	01/05/16	9 - 10		ND (2.4) ND (2.8) *	6.1	140	ND (1.2) ND (1.4) *	ND (1.2) ND (1.4) *	ND (0.24)	15	5.0 6	9.2	6.1	ND (0.12) ND (0.14) *	ND (1.2) ND (1.4) *	12	ND (1.2) ND (1.4)	ND (1.2)	ND (2.4) ND (2.8) *	30	37
AOC11-2	01/05/16	0 - 1	N N	ND (2.1) *	5.1		ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	21	7.4	8.7	2.4	, ,	, ,	15	, ,	, ,		36	51
AUCTI-2	01/05/16	2-3		ND (2.1) ND (2.1) *	3.5	100 73	ND (1) *	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (0.21) ND (0.21)	21	7.4 7.9	10	1.9	ND (0.1) * ND (0.1) *	ND (1) ND (1)	16	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (2.1) * ND (2.1) *	39	44
	01/05/16	5-6		ND (2.1) *	2.9	73 81	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	30	9.4	12	2.2	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	21	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	45	45
	01/05/16	9 - 10		ND (2.1) *	2.6	37 J	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	23 J	9.4	9.4	1.8	ND (0.11) *	ND (1)	17	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	38	45
	01/05/16	9 - 10		ND (2.1) *	2.8	26 J	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	17 J	8.6	12	2.7	ND (0.11) *	ND (1)	16	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	38	46
AOC11-3	01/05/16	0 - 1	N N	ND (2) *	3.3	98	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	15	5.6	8	2.6	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	29	31
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	01/05/16	2-3	N	ND (2.1) *	3.6	120	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	20	7.9	10	2.3	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	15	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	40	43
	01/05/16	5-6		ND (2.1) *	3.7	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	20	7.5 7.7	11	2.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	15	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	35	38
	01/05/16	9 - 10		ND (2.1) *	3.4	110	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.21)	23	8.6	10	2.2	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	17	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	42	45
	01/05/16	9 - 10		ND (2.1) *	3.2	90	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.21)	14	6.3	7.7	1.8	ND (0.1) *	ND (1.1)	11	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	27	34
AOC11-4	01/05/16	0 - 1		ND (2.1) *	3.3	120	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	25	5.5	9.1	4.1	ND (0.1) *	1.3	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	24	33
	01/05/16	2 - 3		ND (2.1) *	3.5	140	ND (1) *	ND (1)	1	16	5.8	9	4.1	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1.1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	24	33
AOC11-5	02/03/16	0 - 0.5		ND (2.5) *	7.1	170	ND (1.2) *	ND (1.2) *		27	7.4	22	(14)	ND (0.13) *	ND (1.2)	16	ND (1.2)	ND (1.2)	ND (2.5) *	34	70
	02/03/16	2 - 3		ND (2.1) *	5.8	150	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *		18	6.9	8.9	1.7	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	13	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	30	46
	02/03/16	5-6		ND (2.1) *	5.3	210	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21) J	25	9.1	10	1.7	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	16	ND (11)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	37	48
	02/03/16	9 - 10		ND (2) *	7.1	140	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2) J	21	8.1	9.3	2	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	15	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	32	56
AOC11-6	01/06/16	0 - 1		ND (2.2) *	8.7	500	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *		20	7.2	12	<u> </u>	ND (0.11) *	1.7	18	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.2) *	31	67
	01/06/16	2 - 3		ND (2) *	8.3	490	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	20	7.4	9.5	24	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	14	ND (11)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	32	62
	01/06/16	5-6		ND (2.1) *	7.9	300	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	25	8.9	10	2.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	18	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	34	59
	01/06/16			ND (2) *	11	150	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	14	7.4	9.1	6.1	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	10	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	45	79
				. ,			` '	\ /	` '					` '	` '		` '	` '	` '		

R:\PGEAlliance\Topock\Topock\_DataGaps\_Tables\_RES.mdb\rptMetal

TABLE B-5a

													Metals (mg	/kg)							
	Interim S	creening	J Level <sup>1</sup> :	0.285	11	410	0.672	1.1	0.83	39.8	12.7	16.8	8.39	0.0125	1.37	27.3	1.47	5.15	0.78	52.2	58
Reside	ntial Regional So Resid Ecological Com	ential DT parison	SC-SL 3.	31 NE 0.285 NE	0.68 0.11 11.4 11	15,000 NE 330 410	160 15 23.3 0.672	71 5.2 0.0151 1.1	0.3 NE 139.6 0.83	120,000 36,000 36.3 39.8	23 NE 13 12.7	3,100 NE 20.6 16.8	400 80 0.0166 8.39	11 1 0.0125 NE	390 NE 2.25 1.37	1,500 490 0.607 27.3	390 NE 0.177 1.47	390 390 5.15 NE	0.78 NE 2.32 NE	390 390 13.9 52.2	23,000 NE 0.164 58
Location	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	Antimony	Arsenic	Barium	Beryllium	Cadmium	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Cobalt	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Nickel	Selenium	Silver	Thallium	Vanadium	Zinc
AOC11-7	01/06/16	0 - 1	N	ND (2.2) *	4.6	120	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.22)	11	6.1	8	220	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	8	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.2) *	25	40
	01/06/16	2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	4.1	170	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.52	15	5.7	11	30	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	9	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	23	70
	01/06/16	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	9	250	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	15	9	7.5	8.5	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	<u> </u>	79
AOC11-8	12/06/15	0 - 1	N	ND (2) *	4	77	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	12	5	9.3	26	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	7.5	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	29	43
	12/06/15	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	3.1	62	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	9.6	4.6	8.1	28	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	7.1	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	25	45
AOC11-9	12/06/15	0 - 1	N	ND (2) *	3.3	57	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	9.6	5.1	7.5	23	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	7.8	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	26	61
	12/06/15	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	3.2	72	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	11	5.5	8.6	13	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	8.6	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	32	63
AOC11a-1	09/21/08 09/21/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	6	170	ND (2) *	ND (1)	ND (0.403)	19	5.8	12	9.9	ND (0.1) *	ND (2) *	13	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4) *	23	46
	09/21/08	2 - 3 5 - 6	N N	ND (2.1) J* ND (2) *	6.4 4.6	190 190	ND (2.1) * ND (1) *	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (0.411) ND (0.41)	23 22	6.6 7.1	14 9	4.7	ND (0.1) * ND (0.1) *	ND (2.1) * ND (1)	14 14	ND (1)	ND (2.1) ND (1)	ND (4.1) * ND (2) *	30 31	58 44
	09/21/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2) *	6.9	190	ND (1)	ND (1)	3	19	5.8	10	9.2	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (4) *	22	44
AOC11a-2	09/21/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2.1) *	8.3	210	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	0.417	32	6.8	20	(15)	ND (0.11) *	ND (2.1) *	18	ND (2.1) *	ND (2.1)	ND (4.1) *	32	75
	09/21/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	5.5	220	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.413)	19	6.9	10	7.7	ND (0.11) *	ND (2.1) *	14	ND (1)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.2) *	32	42
	09/21/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	5.5	1,300	ND (2) *	ND (1)	ND (0.408)	25	8.9	14	3.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (2) *	19	ND (2) *	ND (2)	ND (4.1) *	41	56
	09/21/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2) *	5.2	480	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.412)	19	8.3	6.5	2.2	ND (0.1) J*	1	14	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	35	47
AOC11a-3	09/20/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	6.9	190	ND (2) *	ND (1)	ND (0.411)	22	6.1	16	13	ND (0.1) *	ND (2) *	15	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4.1) *	24	62
	09/20/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	6.6	220	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.423)	24	7	14	17	ND (0.1) *	2.2	16	ND (1)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.2) *	30	63
	09/20/08	2 - 3	FD	ND (2.1) *	7.4	220	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.418)	24	7.1	14	16	ND (0.1) *	2.4	16	ND (1)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.2) *	31	61
	09/20/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2.1) *	6.8	410	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	0.634	76	7.4	15	25	ND (0.1) *	ND (2.1) *	17	ND (1)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.1) *	36	75
10044	09/20/08	9 - 10	N N	ND (2) *	5.4	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.407)	23	8.1	11	2.9	ND (0.1) J*	1.1	17	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	33	48
AOC11a-4	09/20/08 09/20/08	0 - 0.5 2 - 3	N N	ND (2) * ND (2) *	7.7 6.2	180 210	ND (2) * ND (2) *	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (0.409) ND (0.41)	25 27	6.4 8.5	18	27	ND (0.1) * ND (0.1) *	ND (2) * ND (2) *	17 20	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4.1) * ND (4.1) *	28 37	79 52
	09/20/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	5	140	ND (2) *	ND (1)	ND (0.41)	27 25	8.7	11	3.7	ND (0.1) *	ND (2) *	19	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (2) ND (2)	ND (4.1) ND (4.1) *	38	54
	09/20/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2) *	7.5	640	ND (2) *	ND (1)	ND (0.41)	27	9.6	14	3.5	ND (0.1) J*	ND (2) *	22	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4.1) *	43	59
AOC11a-5	09/21/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2.1) *	7.8	210	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	0.652	32	6.8	(17)	<u> </u>	ND (0.1) *	ND (2.1) *	16	ND (1)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.1) *	32	71
	09/21/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	6	370	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.412)	30	8.5	12	9.4	ND (0.1) *	2.5	18	ND (1)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.2) *	38	57
	09/21/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2.1) *	4.4	82	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.411)	18	8.7	9.2	3	ND (0.1) *	1.5	14	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	34	53
	09/21/08	5 - 6	FD	ND (2) *	4.1	84	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.412)	18	8	9.6	3.1	ND (0.1) *	1.6	14	3.2	ND (1)	ND (2) *	33	51
	09/21/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2.1) J*	7.6	1,000	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.415)	24	8.4	9.8	3.1	ND (0.1) J*	2.5	19	ND (1)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.1) *	37	62
AOC11a-SS-		0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	3.6	88	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.402)	13	3.2	9.4	5.6	ND (0.1) J*	1.1	7.8	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	13	54
	09/21/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	7.2	130	ND (2) *	ND (1)	ND (0.404)	19	6.7	8.9	6	ND (0.1) J*	ND (2) *	14	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4) *	29	48
	09/21/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	6.1	77	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.408)	16	6.7	7.6	3	ND (0.1) J*	ND (1)	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	29	42
A0044 - 00	09/21/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2) *	6.6	230	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.414)	13	6.2	7	3	ND (0.1) J*	ND (1)	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	29	40
AOC11a-SS-	2 09/21/08 09/21/08	0 - 0.5	N N	ND (2) * ND (2) *	5.2 5.3	120 140	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.414)	15 19	5.1 6	8.1 15	7.1 5.0	ND (0.1) J*	ND (1)	11 14	ND (1)	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (2) *	21 26	42 53
AOC11a-SS-		2-3	N N	` '	5.3	140	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.402) 0.622	29		15	5.9	ND (0.1) J*	ND (1)		ND (1)	. ,	ND (2) *	26 27	53
AUC118-35-	09/20/08	0 - 0.5 2 - 3	N N	ND (2) * ND (2) *	9 8.8	240 270	ND (2) * ND (2) *	ND (1) ND (1)	0.622 ND (0.409)	29 27	6.8 8.5	15	5.7	ND (0.1) J* ND (0.1) J*	ND (2) * ND (2) *	17 19	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (2) ND (2)	ND (4) * ND (4.1) *	38	73 57
	09/20/08	5-6	N	ND (2) *	8.5	51	ND (2)	ND (1)	ND (0.412)	19	6.8	9.5	3.7	ND (0.1) J*	1.1	14	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4.1)	32	46
	09/20/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2.1) *	7.1	150	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.413)	24	7.7	11	3	ND (0.1) J*	1.4	19	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	30	48
				·-··/			( · /	( · /	(3)	•			-	(/-		-	. (.)	( · /	(-··/		

TABLE B-5a

													Metals (mg	/kg)							
	Interim S	creening	Level <sup>1</sup> :	0.285	11	410	0.672	1.1	0.83	39.8	12.7	16.8	8.39	0.0125	1.37	27.3	1.47	5.15	0.78	52.2	58
	al Regional Sc Reside cological Com	ential DTS	SC-SL <sup>3</sup> .	31 NE 0.285	0.68 0.11 11.4	15,000 NE 330	160 15 23.3	71 5.2 0.0151	0.3 NE 139.6	120,000 36,000 36.3	23 NE 13	3,100 NE 20.6	400 80 0.0166	11 1 0.0125	390 NE 2.25	1,500 490 0.607	390 NE 0.177	390 390 5.15	0.78 NE 2.32	390 390 13.9	23,000 NE 0.164
		Backgı	- 5	NE	11	410	0.672	1.1	0.83	39.8	12.7	16.8	8.39	NE	1.37	27.3	1.47	NE	NE	52.2	58
Location	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	Antimony	Arsenic	Barium	Beryllium	Cadmium	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Cobalt	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Nickel	Selenium	Silver	Thallium	Vanadium	Zinc
AOC11b-1	09/17/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) J*	6.7	200 J	ND (5) *	ND (1)	ND (0.402)	27	8.1	16	25	ND (0.1) *	ND (5) *	20	ND (1)	ND (5)	ND (10) *	41	71
	09/17/08	0 - 0.5	FD	ND (2) *	6.4	180	ND (5) *	ND (1)	0.553	25	8.1	15	12	ND (0.1) *	ND (5) *	19	ND (1)	ND (5)	ND (10) *	38	68
	09/17/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	5.2	110	ND (2) *	ND (1)	ND (0.404)	17	3.6	7	8.2	ND (0.1) *	ND (2) *	8.9	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4) *	33	28
	09/17/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	6.2	230	ND (2) *	ND (1)	ND (0.411)	21	6.5	15	22	ND (0.1) *	ND (2) *	15	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4.1) *	37	72
	09/17/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2.1) *	6	250	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.411)	20	5.7	13	13	ND (0.1) J*	ND (2.1) *	15	ND (1)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.1) *	33	65
AOC11b-2	09/17/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	4.8	190	ND (2) *	ND (1)	0.645	21	5.6	13	<u>45</u>	ND (0.1) *	ND (2) *	13	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4) *	30	76
	09/17/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	13	270	ND (5.1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.41)	32	9.1	15	7.6	ND (0.1) *	ND (5.1) *	20	ND (1)	ND (5.1)	ND (10) *	43	74
	09/17/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	10	150	ND (5.1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.411)	24	8.3	14	5.9	ND (0.1) *	ND (5.1) *	18	ND (1)	ND (5.1)	ND (10) *	40	75
	09/17/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2) *	9	330	ND (5.1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.407)	24	8.3	15	8.2	ND (0.1) J*	ND (5.1) *	18	ND (1)	ND (5.1)	ND (10) *	40	86
AOC11c-1	09/21/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	4.8	120	ND (2) *	ND (1)	ND (0.4)	26	4.8	9.7	30	ND (0.098) *	2.7	9.8	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4) *	19	47
	09/22/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	7.9	220	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	2.03	64	6.5	20	26	ND (0.11) *	2.1	16	ND (1)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.1) *	32	110
	09/22/08	2 - 3	FD	ND (2.1) *	7.4	220	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	1.47	63	6.5	19	25	ND (0.11) *	2.3	16	ND (1)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.1) *	31	110
	09/22/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2.1) *	7.7	200	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	2.03	64	7.4	20	24	ND (0.1) *	ND (2.1) *	18	ND (1)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.1) *	35	110
	09/22/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2) *	5.3	140	ND (2) *	ND (1)	3.33	130	5.8	17	$\bigcirc 11 \bigcirc$	ND (0.1) J*	ND (2) *	13	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4.1) *	24	62
OC11c-2	09/21/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	5.1	170	ND (2) *	ND (1)	0.744	26	5.7	12	(11)	ND (0.1) *	ND (2) *	12	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4) *	23	52
	09/22/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	7.6	220	ND (2.1) *	ND (1.1) *	2.74	81	6.8	21	28	ND (0.11) *	2.7	16	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.3) *	32	<u> 130</u>
	09/22/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2.1) *	6.6	190	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	1.3	56	6	16	18	ND (0.11) *	ND (2.1) *	14	ND (1)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.2) *	27	93
	09/22/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2) *	6.3	160	ND (2) *	ND (1)	2.05	70	6.2	16	10	ND (0.1) J*	ND (2) *	14	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4) *	27	70
AOC11C-3	02/03/16	14 - 15	N	ND (2.1) *	4.3	38	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	0.67 J	18	7.7	8.4	2.2	ND (0.1) *	ND (1.1)	15	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	33	42
	02/03/16	19 - 20	N	ND (2.1) *	4.3	53	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21) J	17	8.1	9.7	1.6	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	36	42
	02/03/16	29 - 30	N	ND (2) *	2.9	53	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2) J	27	10	14	ND (1)	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	19	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	42	39
AOC11c-4	01/28/16	0 - 1	N	ND (2.1) J*	3.6	89 J	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.38	16	5.4	7.4	3.1	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	11	ND (1) J	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	21	31
	01/28/16	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	3.6	58	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	12	6.2	9.2	1.8	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	10	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	29	34
	01/28/16	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	3.5	39	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	13	7.4	8.9	2.5	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	35	<u>62</u>
	01/28/16	9 - 10	N	ND (2) *	3.3	70 J	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	18	8.4	8.4	1.7	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	36	67
	01/28/16	9 - 10	FD	ND (2) *	3.2	53 J	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	16	8	7.7	1.5	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	35	63
	02/02/16	14 - 15	N	ND (2) *	2.4	240	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.25	21	7.8	7.8	ND (1)	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	32	38
	02/02/16	19 - 20	N	ND (2) *	3.4	270	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	17	6.8	8.1	1.1	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	10	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	30	37
OC11c-SS-1	09/21/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	3.6	75	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.401)	12	3.3	5.2	6.8	ND (0.1) J*	ND (1)	6.8	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	14	23
	09/22/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	4.3	91	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.403)	16	4.4	11	5.5	ND (0.1) J*	ND (1)	8.6	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	17	30
	09/22/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	6.9	160	ND (2) *	ND (1)	1.14	37	6.1	13	$\bigcirc 11 \bigcirc$	ND (0.1) J*	2.9	14	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4.1) *	25	57
	09/22/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2) *	5.8	110	ND (2) *	ND (1)	ND (0.408)	19	5.9	6.2	5	ND (0.1) J*	ND (2) *	12	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4.1) *	21	31
OC11c-SS-2	09/22/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	3.5	71	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.401)	14	3.4	4.9	8	ND (0.1) J*	ND (1)	6.6	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	14	25
	09/22/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	3.6	77	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.402)	16	3.9	4.9	6.5	ND (0.1) J*	ND (1)	7.5	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	16	30
	09/22/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	3.6	100	ND (1) *	ND (1)	7.78	32	4.2	11	8.9	ND (0.1) J*	ND (1)	9.2	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	18	54
	09/22/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2.1) *	3.4	98	ND (1) *	ND (1)	2.06	73	3.4	30	8.6	ND (0.1) J*	ND (1)	7.7	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	15	290

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TABLE B-5a

													Metals (mg	/kg)							
	Interim S	creening	Level 1:	0.285	11	410	0.672	1.1	0.83	39.8	12.7	16.8	8.39	0.0125	1.37	27.3	1.47	5.15	0.78	52.2	58
Residential	Regional Sc	reening I	Levels 2:	31	0.68	15,000	160	71	0.3	120,000	23	3,100	400	11	390	1,500	390	390	0.78	390	23,000
	Resid	ential DT	SC-SL <sup>3</sup> :	NE	0.11	NE	15	5.2	NE	36,000	NE	NE	80	1	NE	490	NE	390	NE	390	NE
Eco	ological Com	parison \	Values <sup>⁴</sup> :	0.285	11.4	330	23.3	0.0151	139.6	36.3	13	20.6	0.0166	0.0125	2.25	0.607	0.177	5.15	2.32	13.9	0.164
		Backg	round :	NE	11	410	0.672	1.1	0.83	39.8	12.7	16.8	8.39	NE	1.37	27.3	1.47	NE	NE	52.2	58
Location	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	Antimony	Arsenic	Barium	Beryllium	Cadmium	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Cobalt	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Nickel	Selenium	Silver	Thallium	Vanadium	Zinc
AOC11d-1	09/23/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2.1) J*	9.5	310 J	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	0.677	31	8.2	19	16	ND (0.1) *	ND (2.1) *	18	ND (1)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.1) *	43	73
	09/23/08	0 - 0.5	FD	ND (2) *	9.2	250 J	ND (2) *	ND (1)	0.628	33	8.6	20	$\boxed{14}$	ND (0.1) *	ND (2) *	19	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4) *	44	76
	09/23/08	2.5 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	4.5	86	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.414)	24	9	12	4.8	ND (0.1) *	1.2	17	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	32	48
	09/23/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2.1) *	5.9	94	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.416)	29	8.4	12	5	ND (0.1) *	ND (2.1) *	21	ND (1)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.1) *	39	52
	09/23/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2.1) *	8.6	180	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	0.659	28	7.1	11	9.3	ND (0.1) J*	ND (2.1) *	16	ND (1)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.1) *	31	49
AOC11e-1	09/23/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	5.8	180	ND (2) *	ND (1)	0.959	43	5.4	10	10	ND (0.098) *	ND (2) *	11	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4) *	22	54
	09/23/08	2.5 - 3	N	ND (2) *	3.4	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	3.19	92	5.8	41	9	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	26	170
	09/23/08	5.5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	4	100	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.961	48	5.8	$\boxed{17}$	6.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	28	59
	09/23/08	9.5 - 10	N	ND (2) *	4.6	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	3.2	84	4.6	31	13	ND (0.1) J*	ND (1)	9.8	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	20	140
AOC11e-2	09/24/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	4.8	140	ND (1) *	ND (1)	1.4	37	5.1	12	28	ND (0.1) *	1.1	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	24	160
	09/24/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	3	88	ND (1) *	ND (1)	3.78	130	3.4	<b>19</b>	$\boxed{11}$	ND (0.099) *	2.6	7.1	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	14	130
	09/24/08	2 - 3	FD	ND (2.2) *	3.3	78	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	3.51	130	3.5	18	$\bigcirc 11 \bigcirc$	ND (0.11) *	2.9	7.3	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.2) *	15	120
	09/24/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	3.3	100	ND (1) *	ND (1)	2.25	98	4.7	30	9.6	ND (0.1) *	1.3	9.3	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	20	150
	09/24/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2.1) *	5.2	100	ND (2.1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.436)	36	8.6	19	4.6	ND (0.11) J*	ND (2.1) *	19	ND (1)	ND (2.1)	ND (4.2) *	38	53
AOC11e-3	01/08/16	0 - 1	N	ND (2) *	3.8	80 J	ND (1) *	ND (1)	2.3 J	16	3.4	6.3	5.9	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	6	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	17	24
	01/08/16	0 - 1	FD	ND (2) *	3.3	100 J	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.44 J	17	3.7	6.5	5.5	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	6.5	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	17	27
	01/10/16	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	3.6	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	11	4.1	6.7	3.6	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	7.3	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	19	21
	01/10/16	5 - 6	N	ND (2.2) *	4.9	180	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.22)	19	5.4	7.5	4.5	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	12	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.2) *	26	29
	01/10/16	9 - 10	N	ND (2.1) *	4.5	170	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	12	4.7	6.9	4.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	8.9	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	22	25
	01/10/16	13 - 14	N	ND (2) *	4	120	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	11	3.9	5.9	3.3	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	7.3	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	18	35
AOC11e-4	01/28/16	0 - 1	N	ND (2) *	4.8	58	ND (1) *	ND (1)	1.2	16	4.1	7.4	4.3	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	9.1	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	20	33
	01/28/16	2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	2.7	51	ND (1) *	ND (1)	2.1	32	4.2	9	7	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	7.2	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	16	42
	01/28/16	5 - 6	N	ND (2.1) *	2.7	45	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	0.74	27	3.4	22	3.5	ND (0.1) *	ND (1.1)	6.8	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	15	76
	01/28/16	14 - 15	N	ND (2) *	1.8	36	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	17	8	22	1.7	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	15	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	34	35
AOC11e-5	01/19/16	14 - 15	N	ND (2.1) *	2.7	93 J	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.21)	34 J	11	<b>21 J</b>	2	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	25 J	ND (1.1) J	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	41 J	48 J
	01/19/16	19 - 20	N	ND (2.1) *	2.2	60	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	40	11	16	2.4	ND (0.1) *	1.5	19	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	35	38
	01/19/16	29 - 30	N	ND (2.1) *	2.3	30	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.21)	18	8	11	1.7	ND (0.1) *	ND (1.1)	14	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	30	34
	01/19/16	39 - 40	N	ND (2.2) *	3.8	37	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.21)	30	9.1	8.3	2	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	21	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.2) *	36	38
	01/20/16	49 - 50	N	ND (2.1) *	2	55	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	17	8.9	11	1.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	31	36
	01/21/16	59 - 60	N	ND (2.1) *	3.1	54	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.21)	25	10	12	2	ND (0.1) *	ND (1.1)	20	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	41	45
	01/21/16	69 - 70	N	ND (2.2) *	4.7	28	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.22)	24	8.5	12	2.8	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	22	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.2) *	41	47
AOC11e-6	12/03/15	0 - 1	N	ND (2.1) *	4.6	130	ND (1) *	ND (1)	16	320	4.9	12	8.4	ND (0.1) *	1.6	9.6	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	18	37
AOC11e-SS-1	09/23/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) J*	4.6	96 J	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.698	20	3.9	8.7	8.6	ND (0.1) J*	ND (1)	8.7	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	18	35 J
	09/23/08	2.5 - 3	N	ND (2) *	4.6	87	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.411)	21	4.5	7.7	4.8	ND (0.1) J*	ND (1)	8.3	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	20	27
	09/23/08	5.5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	4.6	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.407)	9.2	3.8	5.1	5.2	ND (0.1) J*	ND (1)	6	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	16	20
	09/23/08	9.5 - 10	N	ND (2) *	4.7	100	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.407)	10	3.2	10	5.4	ND (0.1) J*	ND (1)	6.3	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	15	19

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TABLE B-5a

Part														Metals (mg	/kg)							
Part		Interim S	Screening	Level <sup>1</sup> :	0.285	11	410	0.672	1.1	0.83	39.8	12.7	16.8	8.39	0.0125	1.37	27.3	1.47	5.15	0.78	52.2	58
Part		Resid	ential DT	SC-SL <sup>3</sup> . Values <sup>4</sup> :	NE 0.285	0.11 11.4	NE 330	15 23.3	5.2 0.0151	NE 139.6	36,000 36.3	NE 13	NE 20.6	80 0.0166	1 0.0125	NE 2.25	490 0.607	NE 0.177	390 5.15	NE 2.32	390 13.9	NE 0.164
March   Marc	Location	Date	•		Antimony	Arsenic	Barium	Beryllium	Cadmium	,		Cobalt	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Nickel	Selenium	Silver	Thallium	Vanadium	Zinc
Minima	AOC11e-SS-2	09/23/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	4.5	120	ND (1) *	ND (1)	1.38	28	4.3	8.1	9.5	ND (0.1) J*	ND (1)	8.7	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	17	39
		09/23/08	2.5 - 3	N	ND (2) *	6.6	110	ND (2) *	ND (1)	0.438	21	6.2	9.7	7.4	ND (0.1) J*	ND (2) *	13	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4.1) *	24	35
Ministry		09/23/08	5.5 - 6	N	ND (2.1) *	4.8	98	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.466	26	6.3	10	5.1	ND (0.1) J*	ND (1)	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	28	39
ACCIDENCE   Service   Se					` '	4.5	100	` '		0.437			9.6	5.5	• •	` '	11	` '	• •			
				N	1	4.5	100	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *				11	3.8	ND (0.11) J*		15	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *		
PA-90   91-2779   9-1	AOC11g-OS1	04/06/11	8.5 - 9	N	ND (2) *	8.3	220	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.4) J	26	9.6			ND (0.1) J*	7.1	18	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	45	
Part	PA-07	11/09/15	0 - 1	N	ND (2) *	4.9	160	ND (1) *	ND (1)		<u>66</u>	4.9	19				13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	22	
Part	PA-09	01/27/16	0 - 1	N	ND (2) *	4.2	95	ND (1) *	ND (1)		21	6.7			0.18	ND (1)	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	32	
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	PA-10	01/27/16	0 - 1	N	ND (2.1) *	7	150	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.95	40	4.3	24	56	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	8	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	20	190
Part	PA-11	01/27/16	0 - 1	N	ND (2.1) *	4.3	140	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.35	63	5.6	23	28	ND (0.1) *	3.3	16	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	20	300
PA-12		01/25/17	2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	4.9	180	ND (1) *	ND (1)		10	4	7.1	4.7	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	7.4	ND (1) J	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	19	29
		01/25/17	2 - 3	FD	ND (2.1) *	4.7	160	ND (1) *	ND (1)		10	3.9	6.9	3.7	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	7.4	ND (1) J	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	18	
SP-08   11/11/15	PA-12		0 - 1	N	ND (2.1) *	6	190	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.56	50	5.3	31	12	ND (0.1) *	3.1	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	25	
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		01/25/17	2 - 3	N	` ′	5.6	150	, ,	ND (1)			4.7	9.7	5.7	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	8.3	ND (1) J	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	18	37 J
SD-09   11/10/15   2-3   N   ND   (2)   8-9   92   ND   (1)   ND   (1)   ND   (2)   23   (37 )	SD-08	11/11/15	0 - 1	N		3.2	91							5.3 J								
SD-96   1110115   0-1   N   ND(21)   4.3   260   ND(11)   ND(11)   ND(021)   11   4.3   6.4   3.8   ND(0.11)   ND(11)   ND(11)   ND(11)   ND(11)   ND(21)   22   25					` '			` '	` '													
11/10/15   2-3   N   ND(21)   4.6   240   ND(1.1)   ND(1.1)   ND(0.21)   11   4.3   5.6   3.1   ND(0.1)   ND(1.1)   ND(1.1)   ND(1.1)   ND(2.1)   21   21					, ,							•							. ,			
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	SD-09				` ′				` '	` '									` '			
SD-10   11/10/15   0-1   N   ND (2)*   3.3   83   ND (1)*   ND (1)   ND (0.2)   7.9   2.7   6.7   6.1   ND (0.1)*   ND (1)   S6   ND (1)   ND (1)   ND (2)*   14   36				7.7					` ,													
11/10/15   2-3   N   ND(2)*   24   82   ND(1)*   ND(1)   14   27   4.2   9   16   0.37   ND(1)   8.8   ND(1)   ND(1)   ND(1)   ND(2)*   19   180								. ,	. ,						. ,				• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
SD-11   1206/15   0 - 0.5   N   ND (2)   2.9   99   ND (1)   ND (1)   ND (2)   38   4.5   14   22   ND (0.1)   ND (1)   9.6   ND (1)   ND (1)   ND (2)   22   1,100	SD-10				` '				` '													
12/06/15   2-3   N   ND (2)*   2.7   62   ND (1)*   ND (1)   1   21   3.3   10   6.2   ND (0.1)*   ND (1)   6   ND (1)   ND (1)   ND (1)   ND (2)*   17   42	00.44			N N	, ,			. ,	. ,	$\sim$								. ,	. ,			
SD-11A 03/07/16 0-1 N ND(2)* 3.7 88 ND(1)* ND(1) 0.51 110 3.8 19 20 ND(0.1)* ND(1) 7.3 ND(1) ND(1) ND(1) ND(2)* 18 170 03/07/16 2-3 N ND(2.1)* 2.9 90 ND(1)* ND(1) 0.63 90 4.5 44 36 ND(0.1)* ND(1) 8.8 ND(1) ND(1) ND(1) ND(1) ND(2.1)* 21 310 03/07/16 5-6 N ND(2.1)* 2.6 71 ND(1)* ND(1) ND(1) ND(0.79 23 3.7 11 11 ND(0.1)* ND(1) ND(1) 6.6 ND(1) ND(1) ND(1) ND(2.1)* 18 88 ND(1) ND(2.1)* 15 38 ND(1) ND(2)* 2.3 N ND(2)* 2.3 N ND(2)* 2.5 92 ND(1)* ND(1) ND(1) ND(1) ND(2) 8.1 2.7 5.1 7.2 ND(0.1)* ND(1) 5.1 ND(1) ND(1) ND(1) ND(2)* 19 27 ND(1)* ND(1) ND(2)* 2.3 ND(1)* ND(2)* 19 30 ND(1)* ND(2)* 18 71JJ11111* ND(1)* ND(2)* 18 71JJ11111* ND(1)* ND(2)* 18 71JJ11111* ND(1)* ND(2)* 18 71JJ11111* ND(1)*	SD-11			N				` ,														
03/07/16   2-3   N   ND (2.1)*   2.9   90   ND (1)*   ND (1)   0.63   90   4.5   44   36   ND (0.1)*   ND (1)   8.8   ND (1)   ND (1)   ND (1)   ND (2.1)*   21   310	CD 111																					
SD-12   11/10/15   0-1   N   ND (2.1)*   2.6   71   ND (1)   ND	SD-TTA																					
SD-12																						
SD-13   11/10/15   2-3   N   ND (2)*   2.5   92   ND (1)*   ND (1)   0.51   16   4.4   8.9   4.1   ND (0.1)*   ND (1)   7.7   ND (1)   ND (1)   ND (2)*   19   27	SD-12				1																	
SD-13	3D-12																					
11/10/15   2-3   N   ND (2.1)*   2.4   70   ND (1.1)*   ND (2.1)*   33   40	SD-13																					
SD-20	JD 10				1 1																	
11/11/15 0-1 FD ND (2)* 3.1 74 J ND (1)* ND (1) 0.61 14 J 3.5 7.3 4.6 ND (0.099)* ND (1) 7.4 ND (1) ND (1) ND (2)* 18 71 J 11/11/15 2-3 N ND (2)* 3.8 75 ND (1)* ND (1)* ND (1)* ND (1)* ND (0.2)* 8.9 2.6 4.3 2.7 ND (0.1)* ND (1) 4.3 ND (1) ND (1) ND (2)* 13 17  SD-23 03/09/16 0-1 N ND (2.1)* 2.4 65 ND (1.1)* ND (2.2)* 38 39	SD-20																					
11/11/15 2-3 N ND (2)* 3.8 75 ND (1)* ND (1) ND (0.2) 8.9 2.6 4.3 2.7 ND (0.1)* ND (1) ND (1) ND (1) ND (1) ND (2)* 13 17  SD-23 03/09/16 0-1 N ND (2.1)* 2.4 65 ND (1.1)* ND (1.1) ND (1.1) ND (1.1) ND (1.1) ND (2.1)* 26 87  03/09/16 2-3 N ND (2.2)* 2.2 51 ND (1.1)* ND (1.1)* ND (0.22) 31 9.2 14 3 ND (0.11)* ND (1.1) D (1.1) ND (1.1) ND (1.1) ND (2.2)* 38 39	22 20																					
SD-23 03/09/16 0-1 N ND (2.1)* 2.4 65 ND (1.1)* ND (1.1)* 0.27 19 6.3 11 5.6 ND (0.11)* ND (1.1) 14 ND (1.1) ND (1.1) ND (2.1)* 26 87 03/09/16 2-3 N ND (2.2)* 2.2 51 ND (1.1)* ND (1.1)* ND (0.22) 31 9.2 14 3 ND (0.11)* ND (1.1) 21 ND (1.1) ND (1.1) ND (2.2)* 38 39					1 1																	
03/09/16 2 - 3 N ND (2.2)* 2.2 51 ND (1.1)* ND (1.1)* ND (0.22) 31 9.2 14 3 ND (0.11)* ND (1.1) 21 ND (1.1) ND (1.1) ND (2.2)* 38 39	SD-23																					
														3								
יסטיבו סייבויסוו ביט ואין ואיטובאון בוויסווי ביט ואין איטובאון בייסווי ביט ואין איטובאון בייסווי ביט ואין איטובאון בייסווי ביט ואיטובאון בייסווייסווי ביט ואיטובאון בייסוויסווייסווייסווייסווייסווייסווייסו	SD-27	02/15/17	2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	2.4	56	ND (1) *	(1.2)	ND (0.21)	20	6.1	9	ND (1)	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1) J	ND (1) J	ND (2.1) J*	23	34

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Sample Results: Metals

AOC 11 – Topographic Low Areas

Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis

PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

													Metals (mg	/kg)							
	Interim S	creening l	Level <sup>1</sup> :	0.285	11	410	0.672	1.1	0.83	39.8	12.7	16.8	8.39	0.0125	1.37	27.3	1.47	5.15	0.78	52.2	58
Residential	Regional Sc	reening Le	evels 2:	31	0.68	15,000	160	71	0.3	120,000	23	3,100	400	11	390	1,500	390	390	0.78	390	23,000
	Reside	ential DTS	C-SL 📜	NE	0.11	NE	15	5.2	NE	36,000	NE	NE	80	1	NE	490	NE	390	NE	390	NE
Eco	logical Com	parison Va	alues <sup>4</sup> :	0.285	11.4	330	23.3	0.0151	139.6	36.3	13	20.6	0.0166	0.0125	2.25	0.607	0.177	5.15	2.32	13.9	0.164
		Backgro	ound <sup>5</sup> :	NE	11	410	0.672	1.1	0.83	39.8	12.7	16.8	8.39	NE	1.37	27.3	1.47	NE	NE	52.2	58
Location	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	Antimony	Arsenic	Barium	Beryllium	Cadmium	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Cobalt	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Nickel	Selenium	Silver	Thallium	Vanadium	Zinc
D-OS37	11/30/16	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	3.5	120	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.41	35	5.2	21	36	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1) J	ND (1)	ND (2) J*	20	92
	11/30/16	3 - 3.5	N	ND (2) *	3.1	93	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.24	16	3.2	9.4	5.4	ND (0.1) *	2.7	7	ND (1) J	ND (1)	ND (2) J*	13	24
	11/30/16	5 - 5.5	N	ND (2) *	2.9	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	14	4.1	7.4	3.3	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	11	ND (1) J	ND (1)	ND (2) J*	16	20

## Notes:

Category 1: Validated data suitable for all uses, including risk assessment and remedial action decisions.

Category 2: Validated data suitable for use in characterization of the chemicals of potential concern at the facility and to help define the

nature and extent of contamination.

Category 3: Validated data suitable only for use in qualitative characterization of the nature and extent of contamination.

Results greater than or equal to the interim screening level are circled; however, if the interim screening level is equal to the background value, only results greater than the interim screening level are circled.

\* Reporting limits greater than or equal to the interim screening level.

not analyzed

ft bgs feet below ground surface mg/kg milligrams per kilogram

DTSC California Department of Toxic Substances Control

DTSC-SL DTSC Screening Levels

FD field duplicate

concentration or reporting limit estimated by laboratory or data validation

N primary sample

ND not detected at the listed reporting limit

NE not established

USEPA United States Environmental Protection Agency

- 1 Interim screening level is background value. If background value is not available then the interim screening value is the lower of the Ecological Comparison Value, residential DTSC-SL, or USEPA residential regional screening value.
- <sup>2</sup> United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA). 2017. Regional Screening Levels (RSLs) for Chemical Contaminants at Superfund Sites. November.
- <sup>3</sup> California Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC). 2018. Human Health Risk Assessment (HHRA) Note Number 3. January.
- <sup>4</sup> ARCADIS. 2008. "Technical Memorandum 3: Ecological Comparison Values for Metals and Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons in Soil." May 28.
- <sup>5</sup> CH2M HILL. 2009. "Final Soil Background Technical Memorandum at Pacific Gas and Electric Company Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California." May.

													Dioxin/Fu	ırans (ng/kg	1)								
	Interim S	creening	Level <sup>1</sup> :	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	16	50	5.58
Residentia	l Regional Sc	reening L	Levels <sup>2</sup> :	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE
		ential DTS	•	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	50	NE
Ec	ological Com			NE NE	NE	NE NE	NE	NE NE	NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE	NE NE	NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE	NE	NE NE	16	NE 5.58	1.6
			round <sup>5</sup> : Sample	NE 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-	1,2,3,4,7,8,9-	NE 1,2,3,4,7,8-	1,2,3,4,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,6,7,8-	1,2,3,6,7,8-	1,2,3,7,8,9-	1,2,3,7,8,9-	NE 1,2,3,7,8-	1,2,3,7,8-	NE 2,3,4,6,7,8-	2,3,4,7,8-		NE 2,3,7,8-TCDF	OCDD	OCDF	5.98 TEQ Avian	TEQ Human	5.58 TEQ
Location	Date	(ft bgs)	Type	HpCDD	HpCDF	HpCDF	HxCDD	HxCDF	HxCDD	HxCDF	HxCDD	HxCDF	PeCDD	PeCDF	HxCDF	PeCDF	_,,,,,,,,,	_,-,-,-				4	Mammals
Category 1																					•		
AOC11-4-OS5	06/11/14	0	N	490	28	ND (2.3)	2 J	3 J	11 J	1.1 J	3.4 J	ND (0.44)	1 J	ND (0.43)	ND (46)	ND (1.3)	ND (0.15)	ND (0.48)	6,200	82	6.7	13	13
AOC11-4-OS6	06/11/14	0	N	230	22	2 J	2.2 J	2 J	6.9 J	1 J	ND (3.3)	ND (0.51)	ND (1.2)	ND (0.47)	ND (28)	1.3 J	ND (0.12)	ND (0.65)	2,200	65	5.1	7.1	7.1
AOC11-4-OS4	06/11/14	0	N	14	1.2 J	ND (0.12)	ND (0.28)	ND (0.097)	0.6 J	ND (0.093)	ND (0.29)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.11)	ND (1.8)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.095)	ND (0.1)	120	ND (2.4)	0.39	0.51	0.51
AOC11-4-OS3	06/11/14	0	N	100	8.2 J	0.89 J	ND (0.67)	1 J	2.6 J	0.5 J	1.3 J	ND (0.23)	ND (0.49)	ND (0.26)	ND (18)	ND (0.45)	ND (0.15)	ND (0.19)	1,000	25	2.2	3.3	3.3
AOC11-4-OS1	06/11/14	0	N	12 J	1.1 J	ND (0.13)	ND (0.42)	ND (0.16)	ND (0.22)	ND (0.15)	ND (0.21)	ND (0.2)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.11)	ND (1.4)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.098)	100	2.4 J	0.38	0.44	0.44
AOC11-4-OS6	06/11/14	2 - 3	N	76	4.1 J	ND (0.18)	ND (0.31)	ND (0.39)	1.7 J	ND (0.19)	ND (0.58)	ND (0.26)	ND (0.15)	ND (0.16)	ND (7.5)	ND (0.18)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.11)	980	11 J	0.97	1.9	1.9
AOC11-4-OS5	06/11/14	2 - 3	N	560 J	ND (0.27)	4 J	1.5 J	4.3 J	15	1.4 J	3 J	1.6 J	ND (0.55)	ND (0.24)	ND (100)	3.7 J	ND (0.1)	0.83 J	7,000	130	12	17	17
AOC11-4-OS4	06/11/14	2 - 3	N	7.8 J	ND (0.78)	ND (0.15)	ND (0.2)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.28)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.18)	ND (0.16)	ND (0.15)	ND (0.12)	ND (1.3)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.11)	70	ND (2)	0.38	0.38	0.38
AOC11-4-OS3	06/11/14	2 - 3	N	390	32	ND (2.7)	2.9 J	2.7 J	9.4 J	1.5 J	4.7 J	ND (0.76)	ND (1.3)	ND (0.87)	ND (48)	1.2 J	ND (0.088)	ND (0.49)	4,900	140	7	11	11
AOC11-4-OS1	06/11/14	2 - 3	N	8.1 J	0.81 J	ND (0.18)	ND (0.22)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.22)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.21)	ND (0.16)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.14)	1.3 J	ND (0.16)	ND (0.24)	ND (0.071)	70	1.6 J	0.5	0.51	0.51
AOC11-4-OS3	06/11/14	2 - 3	FD	360	27	2.4 J	ND (2.6)	2.7 J	9.7 J	1.5 J	4.7 J	0.88 J	ND (1.3)	0.87 J	ND (49)	1 J	ND (0.15)	ND (0.85)	3,500	77	6.8	11	(11)
AOC11-4-OS4	06/11/14	5 - 6	N	65	4.9 J	ND (0.53)	0.75 J	ND (0.42)	2.1 J	ND (0.41)	ND (0.99)	ND (0.22)	ND (0.38)	ND (0.19)	ND (9.7)	ND (0.21)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.18)	600	16 J	1.3	2.1	2.1
AOC11-4-OS5	06/11/14	5 - 6	FD	350 J	ND (0.35)	2.9 J	1.4 J	ND (2.9)	11 J	ND (0.96)	2.1 J	ND (1.2)	ND (0.29)	ND (0.47)	ND (71)	ND (2.6)	ND (0.14)	ND (0.72)	4,700	100	7	11	11
AOC11-1	01/05/16	0 - 1	N	ND (6.2) J	ND (0.83) J	ND (0.21) J	ND (0.099)	J ND (0.17) J	ND (0.099)	J ND (0.16) J	0.16 J	ND (0.2) J	ND (0.068) J	J ND (0.064) J	J ND (1.1) J	ND (0.066)	J ND (0.055) J	ND (0.051) J	70 J	ND (0.99) J	0.24	0.24	0.24
	01/05/16	2 - 3	N	ND (0.93) J	ND (0.11) J	ND (0.079)	J ND (0.033)	J ND (0.03) J	ND (0.033)	J ND (0.028)	J ND (0.057)	J ND (0.023)	J ND (0.033) J	J ND (0.032) J	J ND (0.07) J	ND (0.033)	J ND (0.036) J	ND (0.026) J	ND (8.7)	ND (0.12) J	ND (0.079)	ND (0.062)	ND (0.062)
AOC11-2	01/05/16	0 - 1	N	13	ND (1.2)	ND (0.15)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.32)	ND (0.1)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.059)	ND (0.15)	ND (1.6)	ND (0.16)	ND (0.052)	ND (0.08)	120	5.3 J	0.32	0.39	0.39
	01/05/16	2 - 3	N	ND (0.88)	ND (0.056)	ND (0.071)	0.32 J	ND (0.042)	0.3 J	ND (0.03)	ND (0.039)	ND (0.049)	ND (0.05)	ND (0.088)	ND (0.034)	ND (0.095)	ND (0.054)	ND (0.16)	ND (0.095)	ND (0.13)	0.21	0.15	0.15
	01/05/16	5 - 6	N	ND (0.65)	ND (0.06)	ND (0.076)	ND (0.054)	ND (0.056)	ND (0.059)	ND (0.052)	ND (0.056)	ND (0.065)	ND (0.027)	ND (0.049)	ND (0.18)	ND (0.053)	ND (0.065)	ND (0.063)	6.9 J	ND (0.54)	0.13	0.09	0.09
	01/05/16	9 - 10	N	ND (0.23)	ND (0.028)	ND (0.041)	ND (0.025)	ND (0.044)	ND (0.024)	ND (0.041)	ND (0.023)	ND (0.051)	ND (0.061)	ND (0.066)	ND (0.14)	ND (0.071)	ND (0.035)	ND (0.098)	ND (0.77)	ND (0.04)	ND (0.15)	ND (0.084)	ND (0.084)
	01/05/16	9 - 10	FD	ND (0.044)	ND (0.03)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.041)	ND (0.028)	ND (0.041)	ND (0.026)	ND (0.039)	ND (0.033)	ND (0.1)	ND (0.097)	ND (0.061)	ND (0.04)	ND (0.046)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.43)	ND (0.05)	ND (0.17)	ND (0.1)	ND (0.1)
AOC11-3	01/05/16	0 - 1	N	100	9.3 J	ND (0.68)	ND (0.8)	ND (1.1)	3.9 J	ND (1)	1.7 J	ND (1.3)	ND (0.36)	ND (0.12)	ND (14)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.096)	ND (0.25)	990	33	1.8	3.1	3.1
	01/05/16	2 - 3	N	4 J	0.47 J	ND (0.11)	ND (0.1)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.1)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.097)	ND (0.15)	ND (0.044)	ND (0.04)	ND (1.1)	ND (0.043)	ND (0.028)	ND (0.17)	36	ND (0.97)	0.24	0.2	0.2
	01/05/16	5 - 6	N	58	5.9 J	ND (0.23)	ND (0.62)	ND (0.23)	ND (2.1)	ND (0.16)	ND (1)	ND (0.16)	ND (0.14)	ND (0.11)	ND (9.2)	ND (0.26)	ND (0.051)	ND (0.19)	520	20 J	1.1	1.6	1.6
	01/05/16	9 - 10	N	6.6 J	1.3 J	ND (0.18)	ND (0.066)	ND (0.091)	ND (0.065)	ND (0.33)	ND (0.062)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.043)	ND (0.15)	ND (3)	ND (0.16)	ND (0.042)	ND (0.12)	71	5.6 J	0.4	0.36	0.36
	01/05/16	9 - 10	FD	5.8 J	1.3 J	ND (0.32)	0.083 J	ND (0.14)	ND (0.35)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.16)	ND (0.066)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.14)	ND (0.14)	ND (0.043)	ND (0.045)	51	3.6 J	0.22	0.23	0.23
AOC11-4	01/05/16	0 - 1	N	43	3.7 J	ND (0.25)	ND (0.35)	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	ND (0.27)	0.89 J	ND (0.34)	ND (0.15)	ND (0.14)	ND (5.2)	ND (0.15)	ND (0.038)	ND (0.28)	390	8.8 J	0.84	1.2	1.2
	01/05/16	2 - 3	N	120	5.1 J	ND (0.59)	ND (0.76)	ND (0.3)	2.4 J	ND (0.28)	ND (1.2)	ND (0.35)	ND (0.2)	ND (0.14)	ND (7.9)	• • •	ND (0.053)	. ,	1,200	16 J	1.1	2.6	2.6
AOC11-5	02/03/16	0 - 0.5	N	920	92	7.5 J	5.9 J	7.3 J	25	3.2 J	11 J	ND (2.2)	3.1 J	ND (0.95)	ND (140)	ND (3.1)	1 J	ND (2.3)	9,700	290	20	30	30
· · · · ·	02/03/16	2 - 3	N	19	2.4 J	ND (0.37)	0.26 J	ND (0.19)	0.73 J	ND (0.22)	ND (0.36)	ND (0.26)			ND (3.4)	ND (0.081)		ND (0.24)	180	ND (5.3)	0.6	0.74	0.74
	02/03/16	5 - 6	N N	3.5 J	0.57 J	ND (0.23)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.089)				ND (0.1)	ND (0.085)		ND (1.2)			ND (0.24)	28	ND (0.97)	0.33	0.23	0.23
	02/03/16	9 - 10	N	ND (0.83)	ND (0.22)	0.27 J		, ,	. ,		. ,	. ,	ND (0.051)	, ,	, ,	ND (0.062)	, ,	ND (0.24)	ND (3.5)	ND (0.049)	2.1	2	2

													Dioxin/Fu	rans (ng/kg	)								
	Interim S	Screening	Level <sup>1</sup> :	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	16	50	5.58
Residenti	al Regional So	creening l	Levels2:	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE
		lential DT	-	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	50	NE
E	cological Com	=		NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	16	NE 5.50	1.6
		васк <u>а</u> Depth	round <sup>5</sup> : Sample	NE 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,4,7,8,9-	NE 1,2,3,4,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,4,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,6,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,6,7,8-	1,2,3,7,8,9-	NE 1,2,3,7,8,9-	NE 1,2,3,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,7,8-	NE 2,3,4,6,7,8-	NE 2,3,4,7,8-	NE 2,3,7,8-TCDD	2.3.7.8-TCDF	OCDD	NE OCDF	5.98 TEQ Avian	5.58 TEQ Human	5.58 TEQ
Location	Date	(ft bgs)	Туре	HpCDD	HpCDF	HpCDF	HxCDD	HxCDF	HxCDD	HxCDF	HxCDD	HxCDF	PeCDD	PeCDF	HxCDF	PeCDF	2,0,1,0 1000	2,0,1,0 1021			124711411	124 11411411	Mammals
AOC11-6	01/06/16	0 - 1	N	19 J	2.3 J	ND (0.3) J	ND (0.22) J	ND (0.45) J	ND (0.66) J	ND (0.43) J	ND (0.22)	J ND (0.51) J	ND (0.24) J	ND (0.14) J	ND (2.6) J	ND (0.37) J	ND (0.074) J	ND (0.11) J	180 J	4 J	0.69	0.74	0.74
	01/06/16	2 - 3	N	8.5 J	1.5 J	ND (0.23) J	ND (0.2) J	ND (0.31) J	ND (0.2) J	ND (0.29) J	ND (0.19)	J ND (0.35) J	ND (0.25) J	ND (0.23) J	ND (1.2) J	ND (0.24) J	ND (0.055) J	ND (0.067) J	95 J	ND (1.6) J	0.47	0.46	0.46
AOC11-7	01/06/16	0 - 1	N	27 J	3.7 J	1.4 J	ND (1.1) J	ND (1.2) J	1.9 J	ND (1.1) J	ND (1.7)	J 1.4 J	1.1 J	1 J	ND (5.1) J	ND (1.7) J	0.63 J	ND (0.23) J	230 J	7 J	3.5	3.3	3.3
	01/06/16	2 - 3	N	5.8 J	2.3 J	ND (0.4) J	ND (0.41) J	ND (0.25) J	ND (0.41) J	ND (0.24) J	ND (0.4)	J ND (0.29) J	ND (0.35) J	ND (0.45) J	ND (2.7) J	ND (1.3) J	ND (0.2) J	ND (0.49) J	79 J	4.8 J	1.4	0.84	0.84
AOC11-8	12/06/15	0 - 1	N	26 J	ND (2.2) J	ND (0.56) J	ND (0.22) J	ND (0.45) J	ND (0.71) J	ND (0.43) J	ND (0.42)	J ND (0.52) J	ND (0.18) J	ND (0.1) J	ND (5.1) J	ND (0.11) J	ND (0.046) J	ND (0.072) J	340 J	16 J	0.64	0.91	0.91
	12/06/15	2 - 3	N	12 J	2.2 J	ND (0.1) J	ND (0.23) J	ND (0.16) J	ND (0.23) J	0.4 J	ND (0.28)	J ND (0.18) J	ND (0.19) J	ND (0.23) J	ND (2.6) J	ND (0.24) J	ND (0.15) J	ND (0.19) J	140 J	4.4 J	0.65	0.63	0.63
AOC11-9	12/06/15	0 - 1	N	22 J	2.5 J	ND (0.23) J	0.39 J	ND (0.15) J	ND (0.9) J	ND (0.15) J	ND (0.43)	J ND (0.18) J	0.47 J	ND (0.15) J	ND (2.5) J	ND (0.15) J	ND (0.075) J	ND (0.076) J	190 J	ND (3.4) J	0.89	1.1	1.1
	12/06/15	2 - 3	N	7.4 J	ND (0.83) J	ND (0.17) J	ND (0.11) J	ND (0.12) J	ND (0.25) J	0.58 J	ND (0.21)	J ND (0.14) J	ND (0.09) J	ND (0.1) J	ND (0.7) J	ND (0.1) J	ND (0.036) J	ND (0.11) J	59 J	ND (0.83) J	0.31	0.32	0.32
AOC11a-3	09/20/08	0 - 0.5	N	1,300 J	140 J	13 J	8.1 J	5.5 J	30 J	9.9 J	14 J	ND (1.4) J	ND (2.9) J	1.7 J	ND (290) J	1.8 J	ND (0.41) J	ND (1.1) J	12,000 J	440 J	26	42	42
	09/20/08	2 - 3	N	910 J	73 J	6.3 J	4.7 J	3.6 J	20 J	ND (2.6) J	9.2 J	ND (0.86) J	ND (2.5) J	ND (0.95) J	ND (130) J	1.6 J	ND (0.15) J	0.98 J	9,100 J	210 J	15	25	25
	09/20/08	5 - 6	N	3,600 J	470 J	41 J	19 J	18 J	110 J	8.5 J	33 J	4.4 J	6.7 J	ND (2.4) J	ND (1,400) J	4.4 J	ND (0.14) J	ND (0.12) J	32,000 J	1,200 J	100	150	150
	09/20/08	9 - 10	N	6 J	0.71 J	ND (0.18) J	ND (0.26) J	ND (0.17) J	ND (0.25) J	ND (0.16) J	ND (0.25)	J ND (0.16) J	ND (0.12) J	ND (0.11) J	ND (2.2) J	ND (0.11) J	ND (0.11) J	ND (0.13) J	57 J	ND (1) J	0.41	0.4	0.4
AOC11a-5	09/21/08	0 - 0.5	N	2,600 J	230 J	21 J	16 J	9.6 J	61 J	ND (3.8) J	ND (26) J	ND (0.84) J	ND (8) J*	4 J	ND (400) J	2.7 J	ND (0.86) J	2.6 J	26,000 J	750 J	42	72	72
	09/21/08	2 - 3	N	630 J	55 J	ND (4.7) J	4.7 J	ND (1.7) J	15 J	ND (1.7) J	ND (5.1)	J ND (0.5) J	2.6 J	ND (1) J	ND (97) J	ND (0.49) J	ND (0.26) J	ND (0.52) J	6,800 J	150 J	11	19	19
	09/21/08	5 - 6	N	ND (4.5) J	ND (0.46) J	ND (0.29) J	ND (0.18) J	ND (0.11) J	ND (0.18) J	ND (0.098)	J ND (0.17)	J ND (0.13) J	ND (0.12) J	ND (0.08) J	ND (0.4) J	ND (0.079)	J ND (0.11) J	ND (0.12) J	53 J	ND (1.4) J	0.28	0.24	0.24
	09/21/08	9 - 10	N	ND (0.93) J	ND (2.7) J	ND (0.32) J	ND (0.43) J	ND (0.22) J	ND (0.41) J	ND (0.2) J	ND (0.32)	J ND (0.26) J	ND (0.55) J	ND (0.26) J	ND (0.22) J	ND (0.26) J	ND (0.44) J	ND (0.31) J	ND (9.3) J	ND (0.54) J	ND (0.88)	ND (0.68)	ND (0.68)
AOC11a-SS-1	09/21/08	0 - 0.5	N	9.6 J	1.3 J	ND (0.52) J	ND (0.31) J	ND (0.28) J	ND (0.57) J	ND (0.26) J	ND (0.42)	J ND (0.35) J	ND (0.36) J	ND (0.17) J	ND (1.5) J	ND (0.2) J	ND (0.17) J	ND (0.27) J	68 J	ND (2.2)	0.69	0.63	0.63
	09/21/08	2 - 3	N	47 J	4.5 J	ND (0.95) J	ND (1) J	ND (0.71) J	ND (0.97) J	ND (1.1) J	ND (1.6)	J ND (0.94) J	ND (1.1) J	ND (0.68) J	ND (8.1) J	1.3 J	ND (0.29) J	ND (1.1) J	440 J	11 J	3.4	2.5	2.5
	09/21/08	5 - 6	N	1.8 J	ND (0.14) J	ND (0.3) J	ND (0.17) J	ND (0.084)	ND (0.24) J	ND (0.076)	J ND (0.16)	J ND (0.2) J	ND (0.16) J	ND (0.2) J	ND (0.065) J	ND (0.2) J	ND (0.12) J	ND (0.22) J	9.7 J	ND (0.54) J	0.4	0.26	0.26
AOC11a-SS-3	09/20/08	0 - 0.5	N	2,000 J	190 J	15 J	ND (14) J	ND (0.45) J	47 J	ND (3.9) J	29 J	ND (1.5) J	ND (6) J*	2.4 J	ND (240) J	ND (2.8) J	ND (0.54) J	2.2 J	20,000 J	480 J	29	53	53
	09/20/08	5 - 6	N	4.3 J	ND (0.22) J	ND (0.25) J	ND (0.23) J	ND (0.12) J	ND (0.22) J	ND (0.11) J	ND (0.22)	J ND (0.14) J	ND (0.17) J	ND (0.096) J	ND (0.18) J	ND (0.096)	J ND (0.12) J	ND (0.11) J	33 J	ND (1.2) J	0.31	0.28	0.28
AOC11b-1	09/17/08	0 - 0.5	N	4.9 J	1.1 J	ND (0.13) J	ND (0.12) J	ND (0.099)	ND (0.23) J	ND (0.23) J	ND (0.28)	J ND (0.11) J	ND (0.11) J	ND (0.16) J	ND (1.3) J	ND (0.57) J	ND (0.041) J	ND (0.039) J	54 J	ND (2)	0.52	0.36	0.36
	09/17/08	2 - 3	N	77 J	7.5 J	0.88 J	ND (0.87) J	0.55 J	2.2 J	ND (0.76) J	ND (1.5)	J ND (0.21) J	ND (0.5) J	ND (0.33) J	ND (13) J	0.66 J	ND (0.061) J	ND (0.24) J	720 J	18 J	2.2	2.7	2.7
	09/17/08	5 - 6	N	100 J	10 J	ND (0.83) J	ND (0.84) J	0.87 J	3.2 J	1.3 J	2 J	ND (0.36) J	ND (0.65) J	0.41 J	ND (16) J	1.4 J	ND (0.06) J	ND (0.21) J	920 J	21 J	3.5	3.8	3.8
AOC11c-4	01/28/16	0 - 1	N	520 J	56 J	4.6 J	4.1 J	ND (2.5) J	15 J	ND (1.7) J	6.4 J	ND (0.38) J	2 J	1.3 J	ND (110) J	ND (1) J	ND (0.19) J	0.81 J	4,800 J	180 J	12	18	18
	01/28/16	2 - 3	N	22 J	2.4 J	ND (0.28) J	ND (0.15) J	ND (0.19) J	ND (0.15) J	ND (0.18) J	ND (0.14)	J ND (0.22) J	ND (0.16) J	ND (0.28) J	ND (5.7) J	ND (0.24) J	ND (0.12) J	ND (0.19) J	510 J	3.7 J	0.79	0.93	0.93
	01/28/16	5 - 6	N	26 J	ND (3.8) J	ND (0.13) J	ND (0.26) J	ND (0.22) J	ND (0.19) J	ND (0.34) J	ND (0.4)	J ND (0.26) J	ND (0.14) J	ND (0.14) J	ND (20) J	ND (0.15) J	ND (0.031) J	ND (0.14) J	230 J	3.1 J	1.4	1.6	1.6
AOC11d-1	09/23/08	0 - 0.5	N	180 J	15 J	1.2 J	3.1 J	ND (1) J	6.6 J	1.4 J	4.8 J	ND (0.27) J	1.8 J	0.44 J	ND (19) J	0.73 J	ND (0.078) J	ND (0.42) J	1,800 J	38 J	5.2	7.2	7.2
	09/23/08	2.5 - 3	N	20 J	2.9 J	ND (0.22) J	ND (0.25) J	ND (0.11) J	0.64 J	ND (0.11) J	ND (0.53)	J ND (0.13) J	ND (0.1) J	ND (0.059) J	ND (2.5) J	ND (0.062)	J ND (0.047) J	ND (0.11) J	210 J	4.7 J	0.42	0.63	0.63
	09/23/08	5 - 6	N	8.8 J	1.2 J	ND (0.25) J	ND (0.11) J	ND (0.059)	ND (0.33) J	ND (0.13) J	0.4 J	ND (0.069)	ND (0.13) J	ND (0.056) J	ND (1.3) J	ND (0.099)	J ND (0.032) J	ND (0.036) J	81 J	2.2 J	0.3	0.36	0.36
AOC11e-1	09/23/08	0 - 0.5	N	4,100 J	510 J	52 J	39 J	28 J	130 J	16 J	70 J	5.9 J	26 J	11 J	ND (710) J	8.9 J	2.6 J	9.2 J	49,000 J	1,500 J	(110)	160	160
-	09/23/08	2.5 - 3	N	88,000 J	17,000 J	1,600 J	250 J	430 J	2,200 J	610 J	430 J	100 J	90 J	30 J	ND (31,000)	J 40 J	1.9 J	5.5 J	300,000 J	60,000 J	2,200	3,200	3,200

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R:\PGEAlliance\Topock\Topock\_DataGaps\_Tables\_RES.mdb\rptDioxins
Print Date: 5/7/2018

# TABLE B-5b

Sample Results: Dioxins and Furans AOC 11 – Topographic Low Areas Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

													Dioxin/Fu	ırans (ng/kç	g)								
	Interim S	Screening	Level <sup>1</sup> :	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	16	50	5.58
Resident	ial Regional So	creening L	Levels <sup>2</sup> :	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE
		ential DTS		NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	50	NE
E	cological Com	•		NE NE	NE	NE NE	NE	NE NE	NE	NE NE	NE	NE NE	NE	NE NE	NE NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE NE	16 5.98	NE 5.58	1.6
<u>,</u>			round <sup>5</sup> : Sample	1,2,3,4,6,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-	1,2,3,4,7,8,9-	NE 1,2,3,4,7,8-	1,2,3,4,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,6,7,8-	1,2,3,6,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,7,8,9-	1,2,3,7,8,9-	NE 1,2,3,7,8-	1,2,3,7,8-	2,3,4,6,7,8-	NE 2,3,4,7,8-	NE 2,3,7,8-TCDD	NE 2,3,7,8-TCDF	OCDD	OCDF	TEQ Avian	TEQ Human	5.58 TEQ
Location	Date	(ft bgs)	Type	HpCDD	HpCDF	HpCDF	HxCDD	HxCDF	HxCDD	HxCDF	HxCDD	HxCDF	PeCDD	PeCDF	HxCDF	PeCDF		2,0,7,0 1021			- Layttian		Mammals
AOC11e-2	09/24/08	0 - 0.5	N	3,000 J	380 J	31 J	29 J	30 J	120 J	ND (26) J	46 J	ND (2.2) J	ND (18) J*	ND (5.1) J	ND (850) J	ND (8.8) J	` '	ND (4) J	23,000 J	670 J	80	120	120
	09/24/08	2 - 3	N	17,000 J	ND (6) J	260 J	110 J	ND (7.2) J	610 J	ND (6.5) J	ND (9.8) J	ND (8.4) J	71 J	ND (11) J	ND (6,700) J	ND (11) J	ND (2.3) J	8.7 J	140,000 J	9,200 J	<u>470</u>	700	700
	09/24/08	5 - 6	N	38,000 J	10,000 J	860 J	140 J	220 J	1,300 J	70 J	270 J	49 J	(72 J)	17 J	ND (18,000)	J 25 J	ND (1.8) J	ND (4) J	210,000 J	89,000 J	1,300	1,800	1,800
	09/24/08	9 - 10	N	9,700 J	2,000 J	140 J	28 J	46 J	250 J	72 J	ND (49) J	ND (9) J	(12 J)	ND (3.4) J	ND (4,200) J	ND (5) J	ND (0.51) J	ND (0.86) J	200,000 J	9,800 J	300	<u>450</u>	450
AOC11e-3	01/08/16	0 - 1	N	240 J	21 J	2 J	ND (2.4) J	ND (1.4) J	7.8 J	ND (1.9) J	5 J	ND (0.79) J	ND (1.6) J	ND (0.87) J	ND (31) J	1.5 J	ND (0.43) J	ND (0.31) J	1,800 J	39 J	5.8	7.8	7.8
	01/10/16	2 - 3	N	110 J	14 J	ND (0.9) J	ND (1.4) J	ND (1.1) J	ND (2.9) J	ND (0.73) J	ND (0.71) J	ND (0.42) J	ND (1.3) J	ND (0.4) J	ND (14) J	ND (0.3) J	ND (0.14) J	ND (0.14) J	830 J	17 J	2.2	3.3	3.3
	01/10/16	5 - 6	N	54 J	5.7 J	ND (0.33) J	ND (0.25) J	ND (0.33) J	ND (0.25) J	ND (0.32) J	ND (1.1) J	ND (0.38) J	ND (0.29) J	ND (0.25) J	ND (9.2) J	ND (0.6) J	ND (0.074) J	ND (0.17) J	430 J	9.8 J	1.3	1.6	1.6
	01/10/16	9 - 10	N	76 J	7.2 J	ND (0.88) J	ND (0.86) J	ND (0.39) J	ND (2.3) J	ND (0.66) J	1.8 J	ND (0.45) J	ND (0.79) J	ND (0.22) J	ND (11) J	ND (0.4) J	ND (0.1) J	ND (0.15) J	570 J	13 J	1.8	2.5	2.5
AOC11e-4	01/28/16	0 - 1	N	470 J	39 J	ND (3) J	4 J	ND (1.4) J	14 J	ND (1.8) J	6.3 J	ND (0.34) J	ND (2.5) J	ND (0.46) J	ND (80) J	ND (0.48) J	ND (0.15) J	ND (0.32) J	3,200 J	100 J	8.1	14	14
	01/28/16	2 - 3	N	19,000 J	5,000 J	390 J	110 J	130 J	680 J	73 J	180 J	22 J	<b>53 J</b>	14 J	ND (8,900) J	25 J	ND (0.45) J	3 J	220,000 J	30,000 J	680	940	940
	01/28/16	5 - 6	N	6,900 J	920 J	76 J	27 J	29 J	160 J	ND (14) J	54 J	9.2 J	17 J	4 J	ND (2,000) J	4.9 J	ND (0.25) J	ND (1.1) J	82,000 J	3,200 J	160	250	250
AOC11e-6	12/03/15	0 - 1	N	49 J	ND (3.5) J	ND (0.7) J	ND (0.3) J	ND (1.6) J	1.6 J	ND (1.4) J	ND (0.97) J	ND (0.54) J	ND (0.63) J	4.6 J	ND (24) J	2.6 J	ND (0.093) J	10 J	230 J	ND (5.5) J	15	4.5	4.5
PA-09	01/27/16	0 - 1	N	480 J	28 J	1.9 J	5.8 J	2.8 J	16 J	ND (3.2) J	7.9 J	ND (1.3) J	3.7 J	ND (1.8) J	ND (22) J	ND (1.8) J	ND (0.6) J	1.9 J	2,400 J	45 J	11	15	15
PA-10	01/27/16	0 - 1	N	4,600 J	320 J	20 J	47 J	27 J	130 J	22 J	66 J	4.8 J	28 J	9.1 J	ND (260) J	10 J	ND (2.3) J	3.9 J	41,000 J	530 J	85	140	140
	01/26/17	2 - 3	N	2.4 J	0.54 J	ND (0.11)	ND (0.15)	ND (0.09)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.1)	ND (0.25)	ND (0.17)	ND (0.89)	ND (0.37)	ND (0.14)	ND (0.14)	24 J	0.69 J	0.54	0.38	0.38
	01/26/17	5 - 6	N	7.2 J	0.93 J	ND (0.1)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.092)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.083)	ND (0.24)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.25)	ND (0.092)	ND (1.1)	ND (0.16)	ND (0.051)	ND (0.16)	79	1.6 J	0.43	0.38	0.38
PA-11	01/27/16	0 - 1	N	3,300 J	340 J	23 J	40 J	23 J	120 J	29 J	60 J	4.4 J	25 J	6.1 J	ND (340) J	9.7 J	ND (2.4) J	5.3 J	25,000 J	460 J	83	120	120
	01/25/17	2 - 3	N	51	7 J	ND (0.42)	0.77 J	ND (0.53)	ND (2)	0.78 J	1.2 J	ND (0.16)	ND (0.46)	ND (0.43)	ND (10)	ND (1.1)	ND (0.19)	ND (0.23)	410	11 J	2	2.1	2.1
	01/25/17	5 - 6	N	2,200	230	16	24	20	70	13	36	3.3 J	16	5.5 J	ND (290)	7.6 J	ND (2)	4.7 J	21,000	340	60	82	82
PA-12	01/27/16	0 - 1	N	20,000 J	1,500 J	95 J	45 J	160 J	410 J	59 J	94 J	60 J	(22 J)	24 J	ND (1,900) J	42 J	ND (3.3) J	9.5 J	290,000 J	6,000 J	280	520	520
	01/25/17	2 - 3	N	65	7.5 J	ND (0.96)	ND (0.57)	ND (0.37)	1.8 J	ND (0.49)	ND (1.1)	ND (0.26)	ND (0.24)	ND (0.3)	ND (5.3)	ND (0.3)	ND (0.1)	ND (0.14)	620	43	1	1.7	1.7
	01/25/17	5 - 6	N	210	19	1.8 J	1.7 J	ND (3.1)	6.9 J	2.9 J	ND (0.43)	ND (0.5)	ND (0.36)	10 J	ND (82)	ND (7.9)	ND (0.39)	ND (0.45)	1,900	40	11	10	10
SD-11A	03/07/16	0 - 1	N	2,700 J	ND (2.9) J	67 J	42 J	55 J	130 J	50 J	80 J	ND (3) J	ND (130) J*	ND (2.9) J	ND (2.7) J	ND (11) J	ND (4.4) J	ND (14) J	18,000 J	1,000 J	(110)	140	140
	03/07/16	2 - 3	N	3,300 J	ND (3.5) J	59 J	ND (28) J	41 J	110 J	23 J	ND (44) J	ND (5.4) J	ND (51) J*	240 R	ND (4.8) J	ND (250) J	ND (4.1) J	ND (12) J	33,000 J	1,800 J	190 JR	130 JR	130 JR
	03/07/16	5 - 6	N	1,800 J	260 J	ND (20) J	16 J	ND (3.7) J	64 J	12 J	35 J	ND (4.3) J	ND (15) J*	ND (3.8) J	ND (380) J	ND (4) J	ND (1.6) J	ND (2.6) J	18,000 J	670 J	44	67	67
SD-23	03/09/16	0 - 1	N	460 J	38 J	ND (2.4) J	5.9 J	3.4 J	14 J	3.4 J	8.2 J	ND (0.26) J	ND (3) J	ND (0.68) J	ND (37) J	2.3 J	ND (0.16) J	ND (0.22) J	4,300 J	67 J	9.1	14	14
SD-27	02/15/17	2 - 3	N	12 J	1.5 J	ND (0.22)	ND (0.49)	ND (0.15)	ND (0.48)	ND (0.14)	ND (0.47)	ND (0.18)	ND (0.47)	ND (0.17)	ND (4.6)	ND (0.17)	ND (0.41)	ND (0.11)	86	ND (3.4)	0.92	0.96	0.96
Notes:						. ,	. ,	. ,	. ,	. ,	. ,	. ,	. ,	` '	` ,	. ,	. ,	. ,		. ,	1		

Notes:

Category 1: Validated data suitable for all uses, including risk assessment and remedial action decisions.

Category 2: Validated data suitable for use in characterization of the chemicals of potential concern at the facility and to help define the

nature and extent of contamination.

Category 3: Validated data suitable only for use in qualitative characterization of the nature and extent of contamination.

Results greater than or equal to the Interim Screening Level are circled.

not analyzed

ft bgs feet below ground surface

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# TABLE B-5b

Sample Results: Dioxins and Furans
AOC 11 – Topographic Low Areas
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

ng/kg nanograms per kilogram
DTSC-SL DTSC Screening Levels

DTSC California Department of Toxic Substances Control

FD Field Dupliicate

J concentration or reporting limit estimated by laboratory or data validation

JR estimated value, one or more input values is "R" qualified.

N Primary Sample
NA NA = not applicable
NE not established

ND not detected at the listed reporting limit

The result has been rejected; identification and/or quantitation could not be verified because critical QC specifications were not

met (e.g., a non-detect result obtained for an archive sample following a hold time of greater than one year).

USEPA USEPA = United States Environmental Protection Agency

- 1 For individual dioxins and furans, selected value is the lower of the ECV, residential DTSC-SL, or USEPA residential regional screening value, unless the background value is higher. For TEQ values, selected value is the DTSC-SL.
- 2 United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA). 2017. Regional Screening Levels (RSLs) for Chemical Contaminants at Superfund Sites. November.
- 3 California Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC). 2018. Human Health Risk Assessment (HHRA) Note Number 3. JanuaryCalifornia Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC). 2017. Human Health Risk Assessment (HHRA) Note 2, Soil Remedial Goals for Dioxins and Dioxin-like Compounds for Consideration at California Hazardous Waste Sites. April.
- 4 ARCADIS. 2008. "Technical Memorandum 3: Ecological Comparison Values for Metals and Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons in Soil." May 28. ARCADIS. 2009. "Topock Compression Station Final Technical Memorandum 4: Ecological Comparison Values for Additional Dectected Chemicals in Soil." July 1.
- 5 CH2M. 2017. Revised Ambient Study of Dioxins and Furans at the Pacific Gas and Electric Company, Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California. October.

## Calculations

TEQ = Sum of Result xToxic equivalency factor (TEF), 1/2 reporting limit used for nondetects. If all Dioxins and Furans are nondetect, the final qualifier code is U.

TEQ Avian = Sum of Result x TEF, 1/2 reporting limit used for nondetects. If all Dioxins and Furans are nondetect, the final qualifier code is U.

TEQMammals = Sum of Result x TEF, 1/2 reporting limit used for nondetects. If all Dioxins and Furans are nondetect, the final qualifier code is U.

Teq Humans = Sum of Result x TEF, 1/2 reporting limit used for nondetects. If all Dioxins and Furans are nondetect, the final qualifier code is U.

TABLE B-6a

-													Metals (mg	/kg)							
	Interim S	Screening	Level 1:	0.285	11	410	0.672	1.1	0.83	39.8	12.7	16.8	8.39	0.0125	1.37	27.3	1.47	5.15	0.78	52.2	58
Reside	ntial Regional S	reening I	_evels 2:	31	0.68	15,000	160	71	0.3	120,000	23	3,100	400	11	390	1,500	390	390	0.78	390	23,000
	Resid	ential DT	SC-SL 3	NE	0.11	NE	15	5.2	NE	36,000	NE	NE	80	1	NE	490	NE	390	NE	390	NE
	<b>Ecological Com</b>	-	5	0.285	11.4	330	23.3	0.0151	139.6	36.3	13	20.6	0.0166	0.0125	2.25	0.607	0.177	5.15	2.32	13.9	0.164
-		Backg	round :	NE	11	410	0.672	1.1	0.83	39.8	12.7	16.8	8.39	NE	1.37	27.3	1.47	NE	NE	52.2	58
Location	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	Antimony	Arsenic	Barium	Beryllium	Cadmium	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Cobalt	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Nickel	Selenium	Silver	Thallium	Vanadium	Zinc
Category 1				_																	
AOC14-1	09/30/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	4.8	190 J	ND (2) *	ND (1)	0.841	25	7.2	11	18	ND (0.1) *	ND (2) *	11	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4) *	30	70
	09/30/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	4.8	220	ND (2) *	ND (1)	ND (0.412)	25	8.4	8.5	8.7	ND (0.1) *	ND (2) *	11	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4.1) *	36	47
	09/30/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	2.2	180	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.412)	27	8.5	9.5	2.3	ND (0.1) *	(1.6)	12	ND (2) *	ND (1)	ND (2) *	34	38
	09/30/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2) *	2.3	160	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.403)	17	7.4	8.2	2.7	ND (0.099) *	ND (1)	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	31	34
	09/30/08	14 - 15	N	ND (2) *	2.7	140	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.412)	18	8.6	12	2.1	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	29	34
AOC14-2	09/30/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	5.8	190	ND (2) *	ND (1)	0.768	28	6.8	44	18	ND (0.1) *	ND (2) *	12	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4.1) *	28	49
	09/30/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	11	130	ND (11) *	ND (1.1) *	1.04	<u>42</u>	ND (11)	ND (21) *	7.6	ND (0.11) *	ND (11) *	12	ND (1.1)	ND (11) *	ND (21) *	25	34
	10/01/08		N	ND (2.3) *	15	120	ND (11) *	ND (1.1) *	2.16	26	ND (11)	ND (23) *	ND (1.1)	ND (0.11) *	ND (11) *	4.5	ND (1.1)	ND (11) *	ND (23) *	13	ND (11)
	09/30/08	5 - 6	N 	ND (2.1) *	8.5	150	ND (5.2) *	ND (1)	1.32	42	6.6	19	21	ND (0.11) *	ND (5.2) *	13	ND (1)	ND (5.2) *	ND (10) *	27	51
	09/30/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2) *	2.6	180	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.405)	21	8.5	16 J	1.8	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	32	40
	09/30/08	9 - 10	FD	ND (2) *	2.6	180	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.404)	21	8.4	11 J	1.9	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	10	ND (2) *	ND (1)	ND (2) *	33	41
100110	09/30/08	14 - 15	N	ND (2) *	3.1	120	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.407)	15	7.2	9.1	2.1	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	28	35
AOC14-3	10/01/08	0 - 0.5	N 	ND (2) J*	3.7	140	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.403)	31	7.5	12	8.4	ND (0.1) *	(1.6)	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	30	52
	10/01/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	3.3	90	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.405)	26	8.1	13	6.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	34	46
	10/01/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	3.4	130	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.877	32	6.6	11	9	ND (0.1) *	2.1 ND (4)	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	26	40
	10/01/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2) *	2.1	140	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.404)	19	7.5	7.1	2	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	10	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	30	33
100111	10/01/08	14 - 15	N	ND (2) *	2.7	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.403)	17	7.6	12	2.2	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	29	32
AOC14-4	10/01/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	4.5	99	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.402)	13	4.3	7.3	7.2	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	7.1	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	20	31
	10/01/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	4.5	130	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.405)	16	4.4	6.2	3.5	ND (0.1) *	1.5	7.6	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	21	23
	10/01/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	4.1	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.403)	16	4.4	5.3	3.5	ND (0.1) *	1.5	7.3	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	21	23
	10/01/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2) *	2.9	86	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.403)	8.2	3.4	2.9	2.8	ND (0.1) *	1.2	4.8	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	19	16
	10/01/08 10/01/08	9 - 10 14 - 15	FD N	ND (2) *	3.1 3.4	96 130	ND (1) * ND (1) *	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (0.404)	8.1 15	3.3 6.4	2.7 7.9	2.9 2.2	ND (0.1) *	1.2 ND (1)	4.8 10	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	18 27	16 29
A O C 4 4 F				ND (2) *			. ,	. ,	ND (0.406)					ND (0.1) *	. ,		. ,	ND (1)	ND (2) *		
AOC14-5	10/02/08		N	ND (2) *	6.8	300	ND (2) *	ND (1)	ND (0.403)	15	6.8	9.6	5.3	ND (0.099) *	ND (2) *	10	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4) *	29	35
	10/02/08 10/02/08	2 - 3 5 - 6	N N	ND (2) * ND (2) *	9	240 240	ND (2) * ND (1) *	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (0.405) ND (0.404)	17 15	6.1 7.3	16 7.9	2.7	ND (0.1) * ND (0.099) *	ND (2) *	13 10	ND (1)	ND (2) ND (1)	ND (4) * ND (2) *	28 28	46 35
	10/02/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2) *	3.2 2.8	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.404)	15	7.5 7.6	9.5	2.7		ND (1)	10	ND (1)	• •	ND (2) *	30	35
	10/02/08	14 - 15	N	ND (2) *	3.2	90	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.406)	16	6.8	7.3	2.2	ND (0.1) * ND (0.1) *	ND (1) ND (1)	12	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (2) *	28	30
AOC14-6	10/02/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	5	120		ND (1)	ND (0.402)	11	4	6.1	7.4		1.2	7			ND (2) *	20	35
AOC 14-0			N	` '			ND (1) *							ND (0.1) *	2.4	, 11	ND (1)	ND (1)		34	
	10/02/08 10/02/08	2 - 3 5 - 6	N N	ND (2) * ND (2) *	6 3.4	210 140	ND (2) * ND (1) *	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (0.403) ND (0.405)	23 18	7.8 7.7	9.5 9.1	3.3 2.3	ND (0.1) * ND (0.099) *	ND (1)	11	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (2) ND (1)	ND (4) * ND (2) *	31	37 35
	10/02/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2) *	2.6	120	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.406)	18	8.3	9.6	2.4	ND (0.099)	ND (1)	12	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	33	39
	10/02/08	9 - 10	FD	ND (2) *	2.8	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.406)	18	8.4	9.7	2.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1) ND (1)	12	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (2) *	33	39
	10/02/08	14 - 15	N	ND (2) *	3.3	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.400)	16	5.9	7.2	2.2	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	9.3	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	25	28
AOC14-7	10/02/08	0 - 0.5	N N	ND (2) *	5	160	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.404)	15	4.7	7.4	6.1	ND (0.099) *	ND (1)	9.6	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	25	31
AUU 14-1	10/02/08	2 - 3	N N	ND (2) *	5	170	ND (1) *	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (0.404) ND (0.405)	13	6.1	10	7.1	ND (0.099) ND (0.1) *	ND (1) ND (1)	9.0	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (2) *	23	30
	10/02/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	5.3	210	ND (1) ND (2) *	ND (1)	ND (0.405)	18	7.5	10	4.8	ND (0.1) *	ND (1) ND (2) *	9.5 12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) ND (4) *	30	35
	10/02/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2) *	3.9	120	ND (2) ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.404)	26	10	14	2.9	ND (0.1) *	ND (2)	16	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4) ND (2) *	38	46
	10/02/08	14 - 15	N	ND (2) *	3.7	150	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.401)	25	6.5	9.9	3.5	ND (0.1) *	2.4	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	25	32
	10/02/00	1-7 - 10	1 N	(2)	0.1	100	110 (1)	145 (1)	.45 (0.401)		0.0	0.0	0.0	(0.1)	2.7	- ''	(1)	145 (1)	(2)	20	

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TABLE B-6a

													Metals (mg	J/kg)							
	Interim S	Screenin	g Level <sup>1</sup> :	0.285	11	410	0.672	1.1	0.83	39.8	12.7	16.8	8.39	0.0125	1.37	27.3	1.47	5.15	0.78	52.2	58
Reside	ntial Regional So Resid Ecological Com	ential Di parison	TSC-SL 3.	31 NE 0.285 NE	0.68 0.11 11.4 11	15,000 NE 330 410	160 15 23.3 0.672	71 5.2 0.0151 1.1	0.3 NE 139.6 0.83	120,000 36,000 36.3 39.8	23 NE 13 12.7	3,100 NE 20.6 16.8	400 80 0.0166 8.39	11 1 0.0125 NE	390 NE 2.25 1.37	1,500 490 0.607 27.3	390 NE 0.177 1.47	390 390 5.15 NE	0.78 NE 2.32 NE	390 390 13.9 52.2	23,000 NE 0.164 58
Location	Date	Depth (ft bgs		Antimony	Arsenic	Barium	Beryllium	Cadmium	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Cobalt	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Nickel	Selenium	Silver	Thallium	Vanadium	Zinc
AOC14-8	10/02/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	6.8	110	ND (2) *	ND (1)	ND (0.403)	12	4.9	7.9	6.4	ND (0.099) *	ND (2) *	9.4	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4) *	24	30
	10/02/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	6.9	93	ND (2) *	ND (1)	ND (0.406)	15	5.5	8.8	6.8	ND (0.1) *	ND (2) *	11	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4) *	26	31
	10/02/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	2.8	210	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.404)	18	8.6	6.6	2.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	35	39
	10/02/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2) *	3.3	89	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.404)	19	8.5	12	2.7	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	33	38
	10/02/08	9 - 10	FD	ND (2) *	3.3	92	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.404)	19	8.5	10	3	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	35	39
	10/02/08	14 - 15	5 N	ND (2.1) J*	4.7	73 J	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.413)	23 J	9.7	18	3.7	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	16	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	36 J	42 J
AOC14-9	10/01/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	5.3	140	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.404)	13	4.8	7.6	5.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	9.5	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	23	28
	10/01/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	6.3	170	ND (2) *	ND (1)	ND (0.407)	12	4.8	7.2	6	ND (0.1) *	ND (2) *	9.1	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4) *	23	29
	10/01/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	3	61	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.4)	9	2.8	4.1	2.8	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	5	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	13	13
	10/01/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2) *	4.4	220	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.405)	15	5.5	7.6	3.6	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	9.1	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	23	29
	10/01/08	14 - 15	5 N	ND (2) J*	6.2	120 J	ND (2) *	ND (1)	ND (0.406)	13	5.9	8.2	5	ND (0.1) *	ND (2) *	9.4	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4.1) *	22	32
AOC14-10	10/01/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	3.6	69	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.401)	10	2.4	3.5	3.5	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	4.2	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	13	14
	10/01/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	2.9	65	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.401)	11	2.4	3.1	2.9	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	3.9	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	11	14
	10/01/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	3.3	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.403)	12	2.9	4.6	3.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	5.2	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	14	17
	10/01/08	5 - 6	FD	ND (2) *	3.1	97	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.402)	12	2.6	4.1	3.1	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	4.6	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	13	15
	10/01/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2) *	5	81	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.409)	11	4.5	7.1	5.9	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	8.7	ND (1)	ND (1)	2.2	21	28
	10/01/08	14 - 15	5 N	ND (2) *	7.1	110	ND (4) *	ND (1)	ND (0.404)	9.8	ND (4)	ND (8.1)	2.6	ND (0.1) *	ND (4) *	4.6	ND (1)	ND (4)	ND (8.1) *	13	13
AOC14-11	10/01/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	5.5	140	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.406)	15	5.9	7.3	4.2	ND (0.1) *	1	9.9	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	28	28
	10/01/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2) *	2.4	140	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.405)	18	8.4	13	2	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	34	37
	10/01/08	14 - 15	5 N	ND (2) *	4	80	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.41)	20	8.5	9	3	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	14	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	35	39
AOC14-12	09/30/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	3.2	190	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.406)	27	7.5	8.4	3.2	ND (0.1) *	2.4	9.8	1.5	ND (1)	ND (2) *	29	36
	09/30/08	9 - 10	N	ND (2) *	2.3	150	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.405)	17	7.4	7.7	3	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	11	1.2	ND (1)	ND (2) *	29	37
	09/30/08	14 - 15		ND (2) *	3.2	140	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.401)	20	7.7	9.8	2.8	ND (0.1) *	1.2	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	29	35
AOC14-13	09/30/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	3.3	130	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.405)	22	5.8	11	3.6	ND (0.099) *	2	9	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	21	30
7.000	09/30/08	9 - 10		ND (2) *	1.9	140	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.405)	16	7.7	7.2	2.1	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	10	1.6	ND (1)	ND (2) *	28	34
	09/30/08	14 - 15		ND (2) *	3.2	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.409)	16	7	11	2.2	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	29	33
	09/30/08	14 - 15		ND (2) *	2.9	100	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.409)	16	7.5	13	2.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	29	33
AOC14-14E	02/18/16	0 - 1	N	ND (2) *	3.2	140	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.27	16	7.2	11	7.2	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	10	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	27	44
, 100 14-14L	02/18/16	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	3.3	71 J	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.25	30	8.5	13	3	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	17	ND (1)	ND (1)	2.1	30	42
	02/18/16	2-3	FD	ND (2) *	3.3	87 J	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.25	26	8.4	10	3.5	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	15	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	34	43
	02/18/16	5 - 5.5		ND (2) *	2.6	98	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.33	27	7.8	9.8	2.1	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	2.2	29	38
	02/18/16	6 - 7	N	ND (2.1) *	3.2	77	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	19	8.3	9.9	2.1	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	33	38
	02/18/16	9 - 10		ND (2.1)	3.4	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	20	7.4	8	2.6	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	2.6	29	39
AOC14-14W	02/16/16	0 - 1	N			150		1.4	0.33		7.4		15			11				30	
AUG 14-14W				ND (2) *	2.5		ND (1) *			16 13		12 12		ND (0.1) *	ND (1)		ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *		65 32
	02/16/16 02/16/16	2 - 3 5 - 5.5	N N	ND (2) * ND (2.1) *	2 5.9	120 160	ND (1) * ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	13	7.1 7.3	12	3.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	8.9 27	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) * ND (2.1) *	30 58	
	02/16/16	5 - 5.5 6 - 7	N N	ND (2.1) ND (2) *	3.4		ND (1) ND (1) *	1.9	2.7	65	7.3 7.7	80	70	ND (0.1) *	2.8	2 <i>1</i> 16	ND (1)	ND (1)		27	310 260
				` ′		160 95			0.66		7.7 7						ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	29	
	02/16/16	9 - 10	N	ND (2) *	2.5	95	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.00	15		9.7	2.6	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	10	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	29	34

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TABLE B-6a

													Metals (mg	/kg)							
	Interim S	Screening	g Level <sup>1</sup> :	0.285	11	410	0.672	1.1	0.83	39.8	12.7	16.8	8.39	0.0125	1.37	27.3	1.47	5.15	0.78	52.2	58
	itial Regional So Resid Ecological Com	lential DT	SC-SL 3	31 NE 0.285 NE	0.68 0.11 11.4 11	15,000 NE 330 410	160 15 23.3 0.672	71 5.2 0.0151 1.1	0.3 NE 139.6 0.83	120,000 36,000 36.3 39.8	23 NE 13 12.7	3,100 NE 20.6 16.8	400 80 0.0166 8.39	11 1 0.0125 NE	390 NE 2.25 1.37	1,500 490 0.607 27.3	390 NE 0.177 1.47	390 390 5.15 NE	0.78 NE 2.32 NE	390 390 13.9 52.2	23,000 NE 0.164 58
Location	Date	Depth (ft bgs)		Antimony	Arsenic	Barium	Beryllium	Cadmium	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Cobalt	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Nickel	Selenium	Silver	Thallium	Vanadium	Zinc
AOC14-15	02/18/16	0 - 1	N	ND (2) *	4	140	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	14	7.8	11	2.2	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	29	36
	02/18/16	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	3	190	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.21	16	6.5	12	4.6	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	9.9	ND (1)	ND (1)	2.3	26	40
	02/18/16	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	2.9	170	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	11	6.3	9.7	3.1	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	8.9	ND (1)	ND (1)	2.2	24	34
	02/18/16	7 - 8	N	ND (2) *	3.9	150	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	16	6.9	8.9	2.5	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	2.2	30	33
AOC14-16E	02/23/16	0 - 1	N	ND (2) *	2	120	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.26	20	7.6	9.6	5.9	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	32	62
	02/23/16 02/23/16	2 - 3 5 - 6	N N	ND (2.1) * ND (2) *	2.3 1.7	150 110	ND (1) * ND (1) *	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (0.21) 0.22	12 12	7.1 5.7	9 6.7	3 3	ND (0.1) * ND (0.1) *	ND (1) ND (1)	8.6 7.6	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (2.1) * ND (2) *	31 23	33 30
	02/23/16	9 - 10	N	ND (2.1) *	1.3	97	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	15	7.7	9	1.6	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	10	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	23 27	31
AOC14-16W	02/22/16	0 - 1	N	ND (2) J*	2.1	140 J	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	13	6.2	7.3	2.7	0.41	ND (1)	8.4	ND (1) J	ND (1) J	ND (2) *	27 J	27
	02/22/16	2 - 3	N	3.3	19	100	ND (1) *	4.2	20	360	11	1,300	(110)	180	63	170	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	26	110
	02/22/16	5 - 6	N	ND (2.2) *	4.3	130	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	3	50	7.7	100	28	72	14	17	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.2) *	30	61
	02/22/16	7 - 8	N	ND (2) *	2.8	140	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.96	23	7.6	35	$\boxed{14}$	17	ND (1)	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	31	45
	02/22/16	9 - 10	N	ND (2) *	1.4	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	13	7.5	8.7	2.3	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	9	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	32	31
	02/22/16	9 - 10	FD	ND (2) *	ND (1)	100	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	13	7	7.1	1.6	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	8.9	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	29	30
AOC14-17E	02/24/16	9 - 10	N	ND (2) *	1.4	92	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	11	6.4	7.8	2.7	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	9.1	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	27	31
AOC14-17W	02/24/16	0 - 1	N	ND (2) *	2.6	66	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	9	3.3	4.7	3.9	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	5	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	17	21
	02/24/16 02/24/16	1 - 2 2 - 3	N N	ND (2) * ND (2) *	3.4 2.7	90 130	ND (1) * ND (1) *	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (0.2) ND (0.2)	12 13	4.8 6.4	9.2 7.7	3.7	ND (0.1) * ND (0.1) *	ND (1) ND (1)	7.9 8	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (2) * ND (2) *	18 27	26 29
	02/24/16	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	3.1	180	ND (1) *	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (0.2)	12	5	10	3.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	7.3	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (2) *	24	24
	02/24/16		N	ND (2) *	4.1	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	12	6.2	8.6	2.6	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	8	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	33	29
AOC14-18	02/17/16	0 - 1	N	ND (2) *	4	250	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	14	7.1	13	(14)	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	9.6	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	30	41
	02/17/16	2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	3.8	280	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	13	7.8	12	3.5	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	9.5	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	30	34
	02/17/16	5 - 6	N	ND (2.1) *	4.5	86	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	13	8	12	4.4	ND (0.1) *	3	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	33	36
AOC14-19	02/17/16	2 - 3	N	19	14	410	ND (1) *	7.1 J	ND (0.21)	380 J	17	1,800	1,600	ND (0.1) *	16	270	ND (1) J	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	24 J	2,000 J
	02/17/16	3 - 4	N	ND (2.1) *	2.3	190	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	13	6.7	19	6.3	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	9.7	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	27	41
AOC14-20	04/26/17	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	1.5	120	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	14	6.7	9	5.6	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	9	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	25	37
	04/26/17	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	ND (1)	140	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	12	5.8	7.1	3.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	7.6	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	25	31
	04/26/17 04/26/17	5 - 6 8 - 0	N N	ND (2) *	1.6 ND (1)	130 68	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	14 o o	6.8 5.7	11 6.5	2.6	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	9 7.1	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	26 23	29 24
AOC14-21	04/26/17		N N	ND (2) * ND (2) *	ND (1) ND (1)	68 140	ND (1) * ND (1) *	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (0.2) ND (0.2)	9.9 15	5.7 7	6.5	1.1	ND (0.1) * ND (0.1) *	ND (1) ND (1)	7.1 9	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (2) * ND (2) *	23 26	24 41
, 100 14-21	04/26/17	2 - 3	N N	ND (2) *	ND (1) ND (1)	130	ND (1) *	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (0.2) ND (0.2)	15	7.9	11	9.4	ND (0.1) ND (0.1) *	ND (1) ND (1)	9.7	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (1) ND (1)	ND (2) *	29	45
	04/26/17	2 - 3	FD	ND (2) *	1.5	130	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	17	7.3	12	9.8	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	26	44
	04/26/17	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	1.1	60	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	13	5.7	40	1.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	8	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	24	39
	04/26/17	9 - 10	N	ND (2) *	1	98	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	14	6.7	8.1	2	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	9.2	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	25	30
AOC14-SS-1	10/01/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	5	150	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.405)	15	5.2	9.4	7.2	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	8.8	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	23	34
	10/01/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	7.2	150	ND (2) *	ND (1)	0.456	22	5.7	15	$\bigcirc 11 \bigcirc$	0.25	ND (2) *	13	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4) *	23	32
	10/01/08		N	ND (2) *	6	240	ND (2) *	ND (1)	ND (0.406)	18	6.7	15	4.8	ND (0.1) *	ND (2) *	12	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4.1) *	25	35
	10/01/08		N	ND (2) *	2.8	120	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.402)	17	7	7.4	1.6	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	10	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	26	33
	10/01/08	14 - 15	N	ND (2) *	3.1	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.406)	13	6.7	9	2.6	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	10	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	27	31

TABLE B-6a

-													Metals (mg	/kg)							
	Interim S	Screening	g Level <sup>1</sup> :	0.285	11	410	0.672	1.1	0.83	39.8	12.7	16.8	8.39	0.0125	1.37	27.3	1.47	5.15	0.78	52.2	58
	al Regional S Resid cological Com	lential Dī nparison	rsc-sl 3	31 NE 0.285 NE	0.68 0.11 11.4 11	15,000 NE 330 410	160 15 23.3 0.672	71 5.2 0.0151 1.1	0.3 NE 139.6 0.83	120,000 36,000 36.3 39.8	23 NE 13 12.7	3,100 NE 20.6 16.8	400 80 0.0166 8.39	11 1 0.0125 NE	390 NE 2.25 1.37	1,500 490 0.607 27.3	390 NE 0.177 1.47	390 390 5.15 NE	0.78 NE 2.32 NE	390 390 13.9 52.2	23,000 NE 0.164 58
Location	Date	Depth (ft bgs)		Antimony	Arsenic	Barium	Beryllium	Cadmium	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Cobalt	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Nickel	Selenium	Silver	Thallium	Vanadium	Zinc
AOC14-SS-2	10/01/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	4.8	160	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.403)	14	4.8	8.8	4.8	ND (0.1) *	1.1	10	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	24	27
	10/01/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	7	160	ND (2) *	ND (1)	ND (0.407)	14	4.9	7.6	5.5	ND (0.1) *	ND (2) *	9.4	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4) *	22	29
	10/01/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	7	150	ND (2) *	ND (1)	ND (0.405)	10	4.2	6.5	5.5	ND (0.1) *	ND (2) *	8.2	ND (1)	ND (2)	ND (4.1) *	19	25
	10/01/08	9 - 10	Ν	ND (2) *	4.6	130	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.407)	9.5	4.2	6.7	5.3	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	8.1	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	18	24
	10/01/08	14 - 15	5 N	ND (2) *	3.3	120	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.404)	17	7	9.6	3	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	27	32
	10/01/08	14 - 15	5 FD	ND (2) *	3	130	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.405)	18	7.3	9.6	3	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	28	33
AOC14-SS-3	10/02/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	5.4	190	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.401)	17	7.1	11	3.8	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	10	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	30	35
	10/02/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	4	180	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.402)	18	8.3	9.5	2.7	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	33	36
	10/02/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	2.9	100	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.403)	12	5.4	6.7	2	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	7.2	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	23	29
	10/02/08	9 - 10		ND (2) *	3	160	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.404)	16	7	8.4	2.2	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	31	32
	10/02/08	14 - 15		ND (2) *	3.2	89	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.404)	17	8.9	9.5	2.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	34	35
AOC14-SS-4	10/02/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2) *	5	190	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.402)	15	6.3	8.1	5.1	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	9.6	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	27	31
	10/02/08	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	5	130	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.401)	14	4.4	6.9	10	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	7	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	20	27
	10/02/08	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	4.5	120	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.403)	16	4.1	6.4	$\bigcirc 11 \bigcirc$	ND (0.1) *	(1.5)	6.7	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	19	27
	10/02/08	9 - 10		ND (2) *	3	120	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.404)	16	8	11	2.3	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	31	32
	10/02/08	14 - 15		ND (2) *	2.7	120	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.405)	17	8.5	11	3	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	32	37
	10/02/08	14 - 15		ND (2) *	2.5	120	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.405)	17	8.6	8.5	1.6	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	32	34
S1-20	11/01/98	3	N						0.7	31.8		15.7				14					49.4
S2-6	11/01/98		N						12	45.5		1.8				0.57					14.5
	11/01/98	5	N						(1.8)	39.9		9.7				9.4					35.7
S2-62	11/01/98		N						$\bigcirc 1$	32		4.1				1.8					8.4
	11/01/98 <sup>[</sup>	3	N	(1.1 J)	2.6	72.2	ND (0.89) *	ND (0.89)		72.7	5.9	22.2	7.9	0.046 J	0.86 J	47	0.99 J	ND (2.2)	ND (22) *	39.2	ND (29.3)
	11/01/98	4	N						ND (0.5)	21.9		11.5				10.2					39.8
S2-130	11/01/98	1	N						ND (0.5)	22.1		10.6				10.8					34.5
S3-15	11/01/98	2	N						ND (0.5)	13.8		9.4				7.5					24.1
	11/01/98	4	N						ND (0.5)	12.1		11				9.6					29.2
S3-72	11/01/98	9 1	N						ND (0.5)	18.7		6.7				5.9					27
	11/01/98	2	N						ND (0.5)	11.3		8				8.6					28.9
S3-120	11/01/98	1	N						ND (0.5)	12.1		4.2				4.3					18
S4-4	11/01/98	9 4	N						15.4	23.4		3.2				0.43 J					1.9
	11/01/98	6	N						$\bigcirc$ 1	13.7		10.3				9.8					32.6
S4-95	11/01/98	Э 2	N						ND (0.5)	10.3		2.5				4.3					4.3
	11/01/98	3	N						ND (0.5)	14.9		8.3				8.8					27
S4-160	11/01/98	2	N						0.5	25		11.8				10.9					38.2
S8-23	11/01/98	3	N	0.43 J	4.3	154	0.19 J	ND (0.83)		28.7	8.4	14.3	12.5	0.092 J	0.42 J	21	0.59 J	ND (2.1)	ND (21) *	36.4	57
S8-30	11/01/98	3	N						0.5	12.8		10.8				9.4					40.9
GS-1	11/01/98	9 <sub>0</sub>	N						0.59	33.7		2.2				0.28 J					31.3
GS-2	11/01/98		N						ND (0.5)	21.9		8.2				6					32.7
RR-1	02/02/00	0	N N						ND (0.5)	23.4		15.6				15.8					44
1417-1	02/02/00	U	IN						IND (0.3)	20.4		13.0		<b></b>		13.0					77

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# TABLE B-6a

Sample Results: Metals

AOC 14 - Railroad Debris Area

Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis

PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

													Metals (mg	/kg)							
	Interim S	creening	Level 1:	0.285	11	410	0.672	1.1	0.83	39.8	12.7	16.8	8.39	0.0125	1.37	27.3	1.47	5.15	0.78	52.2	58
	I Regional Sc Reside ological Com	ential DT	SC-SL <sup>3</sup> . /alues <sup>4</sup> :	31 NE 0.285 NE	0.68 0.11 11.4 11	15,000 NE 330 410	160 15 23.3 0.672	71 5.2 0.0151 1.1	0.3 NE 139.6 0.83	120,000 36,000 36.3 39.8	23 NE 13 12.7	3,100 NE 20.6 16.8	400 80 0.0166 8.39	11 1 0.0125 NE	390 NE 2.25 1.37	1,500 490 0.607 27.3	390 NE 0.177 1.47	390 390 5.15 NE	0.78 NE 2.32 NE	390 390 13.9 52.2	23,000 NE 0.164 58
Location	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	Antimony	Arsenic	Barium	Beryllium	Cadmium	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Cobalt	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Nickel	Selenium	Silver	Thallium	Vanadium	Zinc
RR-2	02/02/00	0	N						ND (0.5)	16.1		13.8				12.3					37.5
RR-3	02/02/00	0	N						ND (0.5)	18.3		11.6				13					35
RR-4	02/02/00 <sup>E</sup>	0	N						0.6	19.4		19.2				0.92					27.1
RR-5	02/02/00	0	N						5.8	39.5		7.1				0.33					34.1
RR-6	02/02/00	0	N						4.8	74.9		7.5				0.39					243
RR-7	02/02/00 <sup>©</sup>	0	N						ND (0.51)	28.6		9.7				10.4					35.1
RR-8	02/02/00	0	N						ND (0.51)	28.9		9.9				7.4					29.8
RR-9	02/02/00 <sup>©</sup>	0	N						2.7	19.6		27.9				2.2					15.4
RR-10	02/02/00	0	N						ND (0.51)	18.8		12.9				11.6					36.3
RR-11	02/02/00	0	N						ND (0.51)	18.1		20.2				13.4					47.5
RR-12	02/02/00 <sup>©</sup>	0	N						ND (0.5)	17.5		3.8				1.5					11.3
Category 3				-																	
AOC14-13	10/01/08 <sup>Y</sup>	0.5 - 1.5	N	ND (2) *	18	160	ND (10) *	ND (1)	0.487	63	ND (10)	33	(16)	ND (0.1) *	98	57	ND (1)	ND (10) *	ND (20) *	ND (10)	39

# Notes:

Category 1: Validated data suitable for all uses, including risk assessment and remedial action decisions.

Category 2: Validated data suitable for use in characterization of the chemicals of potential concern at the facility and to help define the

nature and extent of contamination.

Category 3: Validated data suitable only for use in qualitative characterization of the nature and extent of contamination.

Results greater than or equal to the interim screening level are circled; however, if the interim screening level is equal to the background value, only results greater than the interim screening level are circled.

θ white powder sample.ß black sandy material

Y debris sample

\* Reporting limits greater than or equal to the interim screening level.

--- not analyzed

ft bgs feet below ground surface mg/kg milligrams per kilogram

DTSC California Department of Toxic Substances Control

DTSC-SL DTSC Screening Levels

FD field duplicate

concentration or reporting limit estimated by laboratory or data validation

N primary sample

ND not detected at the listed reporting limit

NE not established

USEPA United States Environmental Protection Agency

- 1 Interim screening level is background value. If background value is not available then the interim screening value is the lower of the Ecological Comparison Value, residential DTSC-SL, or USEPA residential regional screening value.
- <sup>2</sup> United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA). 2017. Regional Screening Levels (RSLs) for Chemical Contaminants at Superfund Sites. November.
- <sup>3</sup> California Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC). 2018. Human Health Risk Assessment (HHRA) Note Number 3. January.
- <sup>4</sup> ARCADIS. 2008. "Technical Memorandum 3: Ecological Comparison Values for Metals and Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons in Soil." May 28.
- <sup>5</sup> CH2M HILL. 2009. "Final Soil Background Technical Memorandum at Pacific Gas and Electric Company Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California." May.

R:\PGEAlliance\Topock\_DataGaps\_Tables\_RES.mdb\rptMetal

# TABLE B-6b

Sample Results: Dioxins and Furans
AOC 14 – Railroad Debris Area
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

													Dioxin/Fu	ırans (ng/kg	1)								
	Interim S	Screening	Level1 :	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	16	50	5.58
Resident	tial Regional S	creening l	Levels <sup>2</sup> :	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE
		lential DT		NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	50	NE
E	Ecological Com	•		NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	16	NE	1.6
		Backg Depth	round <sup>5</sup> : Sample	NE 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,4,7,8,9-	NE 1,2,3,4,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,4,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,6,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,6,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,7,8,9-	NE 1,2,3,7,8,9-	NE 1,2,3,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,7,8-	NE 2,3,4,6,7,8-	NE 2,3,4,7,8-	NE 2,3,7,8-TCDD	NE 2.3.7.8-TCDF	NE OCDD	NE OCDF	5.98 TEQ Avian	5.58 TEQ Human	5.58 TEQ
Location	Date	(ft bgs)	-	HpCDD	HpCDF	HpCDF	HxCDD	HxCDF	HxCDD	HxCDF	HxCDD	HxCDF	PeCDD	PeCDF	HxCDF	PeCDF	2,3,7,0-1000	2,0,1,0-1001	0000		TEQ AVIAII	r E & riuman	Mammals
Category 1				<u> </u>																	T		
AOC14-14E	02/18/16	0 - 1	N	160 J	15	ND (1.4)	ND (1.3)	2.2 J	4.1 J	ND (0.81)	ND (2.2)	ND (0.2)	ND (0.22)	ND (0.47)	ND (20)	ND (0.64)	ND (0.16)	ND (0.21)	2,200	27	2.6	4.6	4.6
	02/18/16	2 - 3	N	510	30	2.7 J	ND (1.6)	ND (0.44)	8.6 J	ND (0.43)	3.5 J	ND (0.52)	0.9 J	ND (0.3)	ND (83)	ND (0.32)	ND (0.19)	ND (0.21)	5,900	94	7.4	14	14
	02/18/16	2 - 3	FD	380	35	ND (2.9)	ND (0.72)	ND (1.3)	9.1 J	ND (1.3)	3.5 J	ND (1.5)	ND (0.58)	ND (0.39)	ND (82)	0.39 J	ND (0.12)	ND (0.18)	5,000	100	6.9	12	12
	02/18/16	5 - 5.5	N	800	140	12 J	4.2 J	ND (4)	22	ND (3.9)	9.3 J	ND (4.6)	2.1 J	ND (0.34)	ND (260)	ND (1.3)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.15)	8,300	380	<u>21</u>	32	32
	02/18/16	6 - 7	N	72	9.1 J	ND (0.74)	ND (0.29)	ND (0.43)	1.5 J	ND (0.42)	0.69 J	ND (0.5)	0.16 J	ND (0.63)	ND (15)	ND (0.66)	ND (0.071)	ND (0.14)	880	34	1.8	2.5	2.5
	02/18/16	9 - 10	N	240	23	ND (1.8)	ND (0.7)	ND (0.21)	4.6 J	0.58 J	1.9 J	ND (0.24)	ND (0.42)	ND (0.19)	ND (38)	ND (0.2)	ND (0.049)	ND (0.16)	3,300	64	3.5	6.6	6.6
AOC14-14W	02/16/16	0 - 1	N	84	9.3 J	0.87 J	ND (0.74)	ND (0.12)	3 J	ND (0.38)	ND (1.6)	ND (0.14)	0.51 J	ND (0.31)	ND (22)	ND (0.35)	0.18 J	ND (0.24)	880	21 J	2.5	3.5	3.5
	02/16/16	2 - 3	N	15	3 J	ND (0.22)	ND (0.37)	0.37 J	ND (0.37)	ND (0.19)	ND (0.16)	ND (0.22)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.093)	ND (12)	ND (0.19)	ND (0.031)	0.2 J	150	8.2 J	1.1	1.1	1.1
	02/16/16	5 - 5.5	N	3,700	1,700	140	130	ND (350)	260	380	220	83	ND (110) *	210	640	490	<u>20</u>	ND (17)	16,000	740	780	<u>480</u>	480
	02/16/16	6 - 7	N	490	150	8.1 J	6.2 J	16	16	16	9.6 J	4.3 J	ND (5.6) *	9.8 J	19	18	1.4 J	ND (0.22)	4,900	120	33	27	27
	02/16/16	9 - 10	N	260	12 J	1.5 J	0.59 J	ND (0.59)	2.8 J	ND (0.58)	1.2 J	ND (0.69)	ND (0.44)	ND (0.51)	ND (26)	ND (0.76)	ND (0.13)	0.44 J	3,300	62	3.4	6	6
AOC14-15	02/18/16	0 - 1	N	94	16	1.4 J	ND (0.52)	ND (0.13)	3.1 J	ND (0.5)	ND (1.1)	ND (0.35)	ND (0.34)	ND (1.7)	ND (20)	ND (0.14)	ND (0.055)	ND (0.3)	740	49	2	3	3
	02/18/16	2 - 3	N	180	28	ND (1.4)	ND (1.1)	ND (0.21)	5.1 J	ND (0.59)	2 J	ND (0.25)	ND (0.76)	ND (0.22)	ND (44)	ND (0.23)	ND (0.14)	ND (0.17)	1,500	98	3.8	6.1	6.1
	02/18/16	5 - 6	N	140	19	1.5 J	ND (0.57)	ND (0.11)	3.9 J	ND (0.37)	2.1 J	ND (0.29)	ND (0.49)	ND (0.45)	ND (26)	ND (0.33)	ND (0.15)	ND (0.4)	1,500	57	2.8	4.4	4.4
	02/18/16	7 - 8	N	16	1.8 J	ND (0.18)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.27)	0.44 J	ND (0.13)	ND (0.14)	ND (0.15)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.062)	ND (3.6)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.039)	0.11 J	140	4.5 J	0.52	0.59	0.59
AOC14-16E	02/23/16	0 - 1	N	220	ND (0.099)	1.9 J	1.1 J	ND (0.32)	5.8 J	ND (5.6)	2.4 J	ND (0.38)	0.55 J	ND (0.32)	ND (66)	ND (0.29)	ND (0.022)	ND (0.24)	2,500	53	5.3	8.2	8.2
	02/23/16	2 - 3	N	140	ND (0.15)	ND (0.76)	ND (0.42)	ND (0.36)	2.5 J	ND (0.35)	1.3 J	ND (0.42)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.21)	ND (27)	ND (0.17)	ND (0.099)	ND (0.25)	1,400	20 J	2.2	3.8	3.8
	02/23/16	5 - 6	N	26	1.6 J	ND (0.27)	ND (0.13)	0.25 J	ND (0.69)	ND (0.082)	0.44 J	ND (0.061)	ND (0.067)	ND (0.051)	ND (15)	ND (0.054)	ND (0.022)	ND (0.16)	270	5 J	1.1	1.3	1.3
	02/23/16	9 - 10	N	3.8 J	0.29 J	ND (0.12)	ND (0.047)	ND (0.053)	ND (0.03)	ND (0.053)	ND (0.074)	ND (0.037)	ND (0.02)	ND (0.068)	ND (0.71)	ND (0.053)	ND (0.013)	ND (0.087)	30	ND (0.92)	0.15	0.13	0.13
AOC14-16W	02/22/16	0 - 1	N	5.6 J	0.9 J	ND (0.11)	ND (0.06)	ND (0.044)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.043)	0.16 J	ND (0.051)	ND (0.044)	ND (0.054)	ND (1)	ND (0.056)	ND (0.024)	0.16 J	52	2.2 J	0.32	0.22	0.22
	02/22/16	2 - 3	N	230	27	ND (2.6)	ND (4.5)	ND (5)	ND (4.5)	ND (4.9)	ND (4.3)	ND (5.9)	ND (3)	ND (1.4)	ND (21)	ND (1.5)	ND (1.5)	ND (1.2)	1,800	ND (42)	6.6	8.2	8.2
	02/22/16	5 - 6	N	44	ND (8.1)	ND (0.34)	ND (0.6)	ND (0.38)	ND (0.43)	ND (0.73)	ND (0.41)	ND (0.52)	ND (0.22)	ND (0.23)	ND (5.5)	ND (0.25)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.35)	370	9.8 J	1	1.3	1.3
	02/22/16	7 - 8	N	62	19	ND (0.98)	1.3 J	ND (0.48)	2 J	ND (0.94)	ND (0.83)	ND (0.56)	ND (0.39)	ND (0.19)	ND (10)	ND (0.41)	ND (0.1)	ND (0.3)	650	17 J	1.7	2.3	2.3
	02/22/16	9 - 10	N	ND (0.45)	ND (0.062)	ND (0.074)	ND (0.066)	ND (0.08)	ND (0.067)	ND (0.078)	ND (0.064)	ND (0.094)	ND (0.058)	ND (0.05)	ND (0.3)	ND (0.052)	ND (0.061)	ND (0.098)	3.2 J	ND (0.21)	0.17	0.11	0.11
	02/22/16	9 - 10	FD	ND (0.47)	ND (0.059)	ND (0.07)	ND (0.074)	ND (0.075)	ND (0.051)	ND (0.073)	ND (0.086)	ND (0.087)	ND (0.029)	ND (0.042)	ND (0.28)	ND (0.044)	ND (0.018)	ND (0.046)	4.7 J	ND (0.18)	0.1	0.074	0.074
AOC14-17E	02/24/16	9 - 10	N	0.23 J	0.088 J	ND (0.062)	ND (0.02)	ND (0.026)	ND (0.02)	ND (0.032)	ND (0.019)	ND (0.053)	ND (0.066)	ND (0.034)	ND (0.23)	ND (0.036)	ND (0.018)	ND (0.07)	1.9 J	ND (0.15)	0.12	0.075	0.075
AOC14-17W	02/24/16	0 - 1	N	14	1.7 J	ND (0.13)	ND (0.18)	ND (0.16)	ND (0.47)	ND (0.15)	ND (0.39)	ND (0.18)	ND (0.083)	ND (0.11)	ND (1.7)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.049)	ND (0.073)	110	2.9 J	0.34	0.44	0.44
	02/24/16	1 - 2	N	35	3.2 J	ND (0.3)	ND (0.43)	ND (0.14)	ND (1)	ND (0.12)	0.78 J	ND (0.046)	ND (0.24)	ND (0.12)	ND (3.4)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.049)	ND (0.043)	270	6.3 J	0.61	0.97	0.97
	02/24/16	2 - 3	N	14	ND (1)	ND (0.16)	ND (0.15)	ND (0.063)	ND (0.39)	ND (0.062)	ND (0.42)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.065)	ND (0.083)	ND (1.3)	ND (0.088)	ND (0.087)	ND (0.11)	120	2.4 J	0.31	0.4	0.4
	02/24/16	5 - 6	N	ND (0.44)	ND (0.16)	ND (0.071)	ND (0.029)	ND (0.049)	ND (0.03)	ND (0.058)	ND (0.028)	ND (0.055)	ND (0.029)	ND (0.059)	ND (0.041)	ND (0.062)	ND (0.086)	ND (0.19)	2 J	ND (0.089)	0.2	0.096	0.096
_	02/24/16	9 - 10	N	ND (1.1)	ND (0.16)	ND (0.19)	ND (0.039)	ND (0.047)	ND (0.043)	ND (0.046)	ND (0.038)	ND (0.055)	ND (0.021)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.31)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.037)	0.2 J	6.1 J	ND (0.28)	0.32	0.11	0.11

R:\PGEAlliance\Topock\Topock\_DataGaps\_Tables\_RES.mdb\rptDioxins

# **TABLE B-6b**

Sample Results: Dioxins and Furans AOC 14 - Railroad Debris Area Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

													Dioxin/Fu	ırans (ng/kg	1)								
	Interim S	creening	j Level <sup>1</sup> :	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	16	50	5.58
Reside	ential Regional Sc	reening	Levels <sup>2</sup> :	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE
	Resid	ential DT	SC-SL3:	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	50	NE
	<b>Ecological Com</b>	•		NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	16	NE	1.6
			round <sup>5</sup> :	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	5.98	5.58	5.58
Location	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	1,2,3,4,6,7,8- HpCDD	1,2,3,4,6,7,8- HpCDF	1,2,3,4,7,8,9- HpCDF	1,2,3,4,7,8- HxCDD	1,2,3,4,7,8- HxCDF	1,2,3,6,7,8- HxCDD	1,2,3,6,7,8- HxCDF	1,2,3,7,8,9- HxCDD	1,2,3,7,8,9- HxCDF	1,2,3,7,8- PeCDD	1,2,3,7,8- PeCDF	2,3,4,6,7,8- HxCDF	2,3,4,7,8- PeCDF	2,3,7,8-TCDD	2,3,7,8-TCDF	OCDD	OCDF	TEQ Avian	TEQ Human	TEQ Mammals
AOC14-19	02/17/16	2 - 3	N	610	390	23	29	110	60	110	52	ND (11)	ND (49) *	92	220	ND (190)	<u> 17</u>	ND (5.8)	1,800	79	210	140	140
'	02/17/16	3 - 4	N	15	ND (0.48)	ND (0.57)	ND (0.9)	ND (0.3)	ND (0.43)	ND (1.3)	ND (0.41)	ND (1.1)	ND (0.91)	ND (0.11)	ND (1)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.43)	ND (0.66)	43	ND (1.3)	1.3	1.2	1.2
AOC14-20	04/26/17	0 - 0.5	N	6.1 J	ND (0.79)	0.3 J	ND (0.19)	ND (0.21)	ND (0.49)	ND (0.27)	0.58 J	ND (0.22)	ND (0.089)	ND (0.2)	ND (1.1)	ND (0.2)	ND (0.042)	ND (0.045)	40	1.2 J	0.37	0.36	0.36
	04/26/17	2 - 3	N	3.6 J	ND (0.64)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.18)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.18)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.31)	ND (0.15)	ND (0.15)	ND (0.16)	ND (1.3)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.044)	ND (0.094)	22 J	1.1 J	0.33	0.29	0.29
'-	04/26/17	5 - 6	N	8.7 J	ND (0.73)	ND (0.14)	ND (0.14)	ND (0.18)	ND (0.073)	ND (0.18)	ND (0.28)	ND (0.076)	ND (0.1)	0.33 J	ND (1.5)	ND (0.17)	ND (0.056)	0.53 J	66	ND (1.4)	0.86	0.4	0.4
'	04/26/17	8 - 9	N	ND (1.8)	ND (0.61)	ND (0.32)	ND (0.21)	ND (0.1)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.23)	ND (0.43)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.34)	ND (0.25)	ND (0.97)	ND (0.082)	ND (0.07)	ND (0.061)	15 J	ND (1.2)	0.4	0.35	0.35
AOC14-21	04/26/17	0 - 0.5	N	12 J	2.5 J	ND (0.25)	0.25 J	0.38 J	ND (0.88)	0.35 J	ND (0.61)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.45)	ND (0.19)	ND (3.1)	ND (0.26)	ND (0.1)	0.32 J	82	ND (3.7)	1.1	0.85	0.85
	04/26/17	2 - 3	N	60	8.5 J	ND (0.65)	0.63 J	ND (0.45)	2.5 J	ND (0.62)	ND (1.3)	ND (0.15)	0.57 J	0.35 J	ND (17)	ND (0.34)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.13)	620	23 J	2.1	2.9	2.9
	04/26/17	2 - 3	FD	89	8.6 J	0.69 J	0.5 J	0.48 J	2.9 J	0.75 J	1.2 J	ND (0.14)	ND (0.58)	0.47 J	ND (20)	ND (0.39)	ND (0.073)	ND (0.085)	780	23 J	2.2	3.2	3.2
	04/26/17	5 - 6	N	ND (1.3)	ND (0.25)	ND (0.094)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.067)	ND (0.14)	ND (0.17)	ND (0.14)	ND (0.1)	ND (0.15)	ND (0.053)	ND (0.43)	ND (0.053)	ND (0.064)	ND (0.047)	ND (10)	ND (0.43)	ND (0.21)	ND (0.19)	ND (0.19)
	04/26/17	9 - 10	N	4.1 J	ND (0.61)	ND (0.027)	ND (0.061)	ND (0.047)	ND (0.061)	ND (0.045)	ND (0.067)	ND (0.053)	ND (0.1)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.75)	ND (0.14)	ND (0.052)	ND (0.11)	39	1.8 J	0.27	0.22	0.22

Category 1: Validated data suitable for all uses, including risk assessment and remedial action decisions.

Category 2: Validated data suitable for use in characterization of the chemicals of potential concern at the facility and to help define the

nature and extent of contamination.

Category 3: Validated data suitable only for use in qualitative characterization of the nature and extent of contamination.

Results greater than or equal to the Interim Screening Level are circled.

not analyzed

ft bgs feet below ground surface nanograms per kilogram ng/kg DTSC-SL DTSC Screening Levels

DTSC California Department of Toxic Substances Control

FD Field Dupliicate

concentration or reporting limit estimated by laboratory or data validation

JR estimated value, one or more input values is "R" qualified.

Primary Sample NA NA = not applicable ΝE not established

ND not detected at the listed reporting limit

The result has been rejected: identification and/or quantitation could not be verified because critical QC specifications were not

met (e.g., a non-detect result obtained for an archive sample following a hold time of greater than one year).

USEPA USEPA = United States Environmental Protection Agency

- 1 For individual dioxins and furans, selected value is the lower of the ECV, residential DTSC-SL, or USEPA residential regional screening value, unless the background value is higher. For TEQ values, selected value is the DTSC-SL.
- 2 United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA). 2017. Regional Screening Levels (RSLs) for Chemical Contaminants at Superfund Sites. November.
- 3 California Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC). 2018. Human Health Risk Assessment (HHRA) Note Number 3. January California Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC). 2017. Human Health Risk Assessment (HHRA) Note 2, Soil Remedial Goals for Dioxins and Dioxin-like Compounds for Consideration at California Hazardous Waste Sites. April.
- 4 ARCADIS. 2008. "Technical Memorandum 3: Ecological Comparison Values for Metals and Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons in Soil." May 28. ARCADIS. 2009. "Topock Compression Station Final Technical Memorandum 4: Ecological Comparison Values for Additional Dectected Chemicals in Soil." July 1.
- 5 CH2M. 2017. Revised Ambient Study of Dioxins and Furans at the Pacific Gas and Electric Company, Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California. October.

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# TABLE B-6b

Sample Results: Dioxins and Furans AOC 14 – Railroad Debris Area Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

# Calculations:

TEQ = Sum of Result xToxic equivalency factor (TEF), 1/2 reporting limit used for nondetects. If all Dioxins and Furans are nondetect, the final qualifier code is U.

TEQ Avian = Sum of Result x TEF, 1/2 reporting limit used for nondetects. If all Dioxins and Furans are nondetect, the final qualifier code is U.

TEQMammals = Sum of Result x TEF, 1/2 reporting limit used for nondetects. If all Dioxins and Furans are nondetect, the final qualifier code is U.

Teq Humans = Sum of Result x TEF, 1/2 reporting limit used for nondetects. If all Dioxins and Furans are nondetect, the final qualifier code is U.

3 of 3 R:\PGEAlliance\Topock\Topock\_DataGaps\_Tables\_RES.mdb\rptDioxins Print Date: 5/7/2018

TABLE B-7a Sample Results: Metals AOC 27 – MW-24 Bench

Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

													Metals (mg	/kg)							
	Interim S	Screening	Level 1:	0.285	11	410	0.672	1.1	0.83	39.8	12.7	16.8	8.39	0.0125	1.37	27.3	1.47	5.15	0.78	52.2	58
Reside	ntial Regional So	•	2	31	0.68	15,000	160	71	0.3	120,000	23	3,100	400	11	390	1,500	390	390	0.78	390	23,000
		lential DT	/l*	NE	0.11	NE	15	5.2	NE	36,000	NE	NE	80	1	NE	490	NE	390	NE	390	NE
	Ecological Com	•	5	0.285	11.4	330	23.3	0.0151	139.6	36.3	13	20.6	0.0166	0.0125	2.25	0.607	0.177	5.15	2.32	13.9	0.164
		Backg	round :	NE	11	410	0.672	1.1	0.83	39.8	12.7	16.8	8.39	NE	1.37	27.3	1.47	NE	NE	52.2	58
Location	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	Antimony	Arsenic	Barium	Beryllium	Cadmium	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Cobalt	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Nickel	Selenium	Silver	Thallium	Vanadium	Zinc
ategory 1																					
lsoil-01	01/31/08	2.5 - 3	N	ND (0.4) *	3.1	130	ND (0.1)	0.71	ND (0.4)	15	3.5	7.2	6.4	ND (0.1) *	0.63	6.8	6.2	ND (0.25)	ND (1) *	17	16
1soil-02	01/31/08	2.5 - 3	N	ND (0.4) *	2.9	89	ND (0.1)	0.3	ND (0.4)	15	3.4	9.1	8.7	ND (0.1) *	0.7	7.2	1.4	ND (0.25)	ND (1) *	18	17
OC27-1	03/18/16	0 - 1	N	ND (2.1) *	3.1	130	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.35	17	5.8	11	28	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	9	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	27	37
	03/18/16	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	4	160	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	11	6.3	12	5.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	8.8	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	28	31
	03/18/16	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	2	90	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	17	6.7	11	2.9	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	31	31
	03/18/16	9 - 10	N	ND (2) *	1.2	98	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	13	7.2	8.6	1.9	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	8.7	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	32	29
OC27-18	03/17/16	0 - 1	N	ND (2) *	2.6	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.3	15	4.1	8.3	5.7	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	7.3	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	22	26
	03/17/16	2 - 3	Ν	ND (2.1) *	3.1	91	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.36	22	5.4	9.7	8.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	24	31
	03/17/16	5 - 6	Ν	ND (2.1) *	2.5	100	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	11	4.1	7.4	6.9	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	7.7	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	19	27
	03/17/16	9 - 10	N	ND (2.1) *	2.5	81	ND (1) *	ND (1)	1.2	22	3.2	6.8	7.1	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	5.4	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	17	47
DC27-18E	03/17/16	4 - 5	N	ND (2) *	2.7	110	ND (1) *	1.8	ND (0.2)	11	3.9	6.6	10	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	6.7	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	18	250
C27-2	03/18/16	0 - 1	Ν	ND (2) *	4.2	100	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.2	13	3.2	5.6	3.8	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	5.2	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	19	24
	03/18/16	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	5.3	150	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.28	16	3.9	8.1	5.7	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	5.7	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	23	24
	03/18/16	5 - 6	Ν	ND (2) *	3.5	160	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	11	5.2	8.5	4.9	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	7.9	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	24	30
	03/18/16	9 - 10	N	ND (2) *	2.1	96	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	14	6.6	9.3	3.3	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	9.1	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	32	32
OC27-20	03/01/16	0 - 1	Ν	ND (2) *	1.9	84	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	17	7.2	9.2	8.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	10	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	27	38
	03/01/16	2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	3.2	70 J	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	19	8.8	11	4.6	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	14	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	31	42
	03/01/16	2 - 3	FD	ND (2.1) *	3.2	51 J	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.21)	18	8.3	9.7	3.6	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	14	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	32	42
	03/01/16	5 - 6	N	ND (2.1) *	2.4	65	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.29	20	7.2	27	$\bigcirc 15 \bigcirc$	0.13	ND (1)	14	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	27	74
	03/01/16	9 - 10	N	ND (2.1) *	3.5	32	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	20	9.5	11	2.7	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	14	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	38	41
OC27-24	03/18/16	0 - 1	N	ND (2) *	3.9	180	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.36	29	6.2	12	6.2	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	9.2	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	31	37
	03/18/16	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	2.6	150	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	19	6.6	9.4	3.6	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	9.8	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	33	33
	03/18/16	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	2.6	120	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	14	6.5	11	4.1	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	9.2	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	30	30
	03/18/16	9 - 10	N	ND (2) *	2	130	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	20	7.5	14	3	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	34	34
OC27-24SV		0 - 1	N	ND (2) *	3.2	150	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	15	6.9	13	4.3	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	10	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	31	32
	03/18/16	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	4.4	170	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.34	17	5.4	8.9	7	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	8.1	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	25	29
	03/18/16	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	1.8	100	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	20	7.6	11	2.9	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	29	33
	03/18/16	9 - 10	N	ND (2) *	1.2	97	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	12	7	9.3	1.9	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	8.4	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	32	29
OC27-27	03/02/16	0 - 1	N	ND (2) *	3.3	100	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	22	6.4	11	5.5	0.12	ND (1)	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	34	38
	03/02/16	2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	2.6	100	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	16	7.6	8.2	3.8	0.1	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	36	38
C27-36	03/17/16	0 - 1	N	ND (2.1) J*	4.6	150 J	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	14	5.4	11	6	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	11	ND (1) J	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	25	(59 J)
	03/17/16	2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	4.4	210	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	14	3.9	7	4.3	ND (0.11) *	ND (1)	7	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	21	24
	03/17/16	5-6	N	ND (2.2) *	2.8	100	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.22)	16	6.1	8.8	3.7	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	9.8	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.2) *	29	29
	03/17/16	9.6 - 10	N	ND (2.2) *	5.2	81	ND (1.1) *	ND (1.1) *	ND (0.22)	13	5.6	11	6.5	ND (0.11) *	ND (1.1)	11	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.2) *	27	34
DC27-4	03/17/16	0 - 1	N	ND (2) *	2.8	110 J	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.23	16	4	7.5	7.3	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	7.2	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	21	31
	03/17/16	0 - 1	FD	ND (2) *	3.2	150 J	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.28	16	4.8	8.9	6.6	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	6.9	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	25	31
	03/17/16	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	4	180	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	13	5.7	9.5	5.9	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	8.1	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	25	27
	03/17/16	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	1.1	76	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	14	7.1	8.1	2	ND (0.099) *	ND (1)	9.1	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	36	28

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TABLE B-7a

Sample Results: Metals
AOC 27 – MW-24 Bench
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

													Metals (mg	ı/kg)							
	Interim S	creening	Level 1:	0.285	11	410	0.672	1.1	0.83	39.8	12.7	16.8	8.39	0.0125	1.37	27.3	1.47	5.15	0.78	52.2	58
Resident	ial Regional Sc	reening l	_evels 2:	31	0.68	15,000	160	71	0.3	120,000	23	3,100	400	11	390	1,500	390	390	0.78	390	23,000
	Resid	ential DT	SC-SL វ៉	NE	0.11	NE	15	5.2	NE	36,000	NE	NE	80	1	NE	490	NE	390	NE	390	NE
E	cological Com	-	5	0.285	11.4	330	23.3	0.0151	139.6	36.3	13	20.6	0.0166	0.0125	2.25	0.607	0.177	5.15	2.32	13.9	0.164
		Backg	round :	NE	11	410	0.672	1.1	0.83	39.8	12.7	16.8	8.39	NE	1.37	27.3	1.47	NE	NE	52.2	58
Location	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	Antimony	Arsenic	Barium	Beryllium	Cadmium	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Cobalt	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Nickel	Selenium	Silver	Thallium	Vanadium	Zinc
AOC27-5	03/17/16	0 - 1	N	ND (2) *	3.4	110	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.31	15	3.7	7.6	7	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	7.2	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	19	48
	03/17/16	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	4.1	120	ND (1) *	1.5	0.48	21	4.7	14	38	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	8.8	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	24	500
	03/17/16	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	1.3	82	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	15	6.9	9.2	2.4	ND (0.099) *	ND (1)	10	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	34	32
	03/17/16	9 - 10	N	ND (2) *	1.6	93	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	13	6.3	8.6	2.5	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	8.8	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	30	33
AOC27-50	03/02/16	0 - 1	N	ND (2) *	2.1	180	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.3	25	8.3	25	73	0.13	ND (1)	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	38	250
	03/02/16	2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) J*	4.4	190	ND (1) *	1.1	1.3	(50 J)	7.6	(100 J)	(190 J)	0.47	<b>4.7 J</b>	16	ND (1) J	ND (1.7)	ND (2.1) J*	26 J	330 J
	03/02/16	5 - 6	N	ND (2.1) *	2.1	62	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	18	8	7.9	2.1	0.13	ND (1)	14	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	29	39
	03/02/16	9 - 10	N	ND (2.1) *	2.1	36	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	18	7.7	9.1	2.1	0.12	ND (1)	13	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	31	38
AOC27-51	02/17/17	0 - 0.5	N	ND (2.1) *	2.3	130	ND (1) *	2.3	ND (0.21)	20	7.7	36	19	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	15	ND (1) J	ND (1)	ND (2.1) J*	22	1,200
	02/17/17	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	ND (1)	68	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	10	5	7.4	1.4	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	6.9	ND (1) J	ND (1)	ND (2) J*	18	28
	02/17/17	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	1.4	97	ND (1) *	1.2	ND (0.2)	13	6.3	8.3	ND (1)	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	8.2	ND (1) J	ND (1)	ND (2) J*	24	30
AOC27-6	02/29/16	0 - 1	N	ND (2.1) *	5.2	200	ND (1.1) *	1.5	0.87 J	43	6.7	500	630	0.51	8.3	22	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.1) *	23	700
	02/29/16	2 - 3	N	ND (2.1) *	3.4	120	ND (1) *	ND (1)	4.8	24	6.9	76	37	0.26	ND (1)	16	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	26	130
	02/29/16	5 - 6	N	ND (2.1) *	2.7	70	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.21)	39	8.6	18	<u>51</u>	0.14	ND (1)	26	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	33	92
AOC27-7	02/29/16	0 - 1	N	ND (2) *	5.7	190	ND (1) *	1.7	2.7	150	11	580	170	0.32	$\boxed{11}$	35	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	27	420
	02/29/16	2 - 3	N	3.5	20	180	ND (1.1) *	4.5	$\bigcirc$ 4	290	$\bigcirc 16 \bigcirc$	1,000	570	0.95	26	97	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2.3) *	17	1,300
	03/01/16	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	2.6	28	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.5	16	7.7	9.8	2.6	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	29	38
AOC27-8	03/01/16	1 - 2	N	ND (2) *	2	130	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.49	20	7	29	24	0.17	ND (1)	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	28	93
	03/01/16	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	2.5	39	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	17	7.3	15	6.1	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	12	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	30	45
AOC27-9	03/08/16	0 - 1	N	ND (2) J*	2.2	140	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	13	5.9	8.2	2.5	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	9.2	ND (1) J	ND (1)	ND (2) *	25	30 J
	03/08/16	0 - 1	FD	ND (2) J*	2.9	140	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	14	5.8	14	5.9	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	9.7	ND (1) J	ND (1)	ND (2) *	25	38 J
	03/08/16	2 - 3	N	ND (2) *	2.1	120	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	14	5.7	8.3	3.7	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	9.3	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	25	35
	03/08/16	5 - 6	N	ND (2) *	2.1	120	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	15	6.7	11	2.7	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	33	36
-	03/08/16	9 - 10	N	ND (2) *	1.2	88	ND (1) *	ND (1)	ND (0.2)	11	5.8	7.8	1.6	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	7.9	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2) *	28	28
PA-13	01/27/16	0 - 1	N	ND (2.1) *	4.8	200	ND (1) *	ND (1)	0.26	15	6.3	12	5.8	ND (0.1) *	ND (1)	11	ND (1)	ND (1)	ND (2.1) *	27	45
Category 3																					
24debris-01	01/18/08 <sup>K</sup>	<sup>O</sup> Unknown	N	1.3	4.1	89	ND (0.1)	0.49	0.43	9.6	2.9	17	66	ND (0.1) *	0.42	7.3	8	ND (0.25)	ND (1) *	16	26
24debris-02	K 80/81/10	<sup>(</sup> Unknown	N	3.8	0.89	43	ND (0.1)	ND (0.1)	ND (0.4)	190	0.7	3.9	830	ND (0.1) *	0.56	1.4	8.9	ND (0.25)	ND (1) *	1.9	170
24debris-03	01/18/08 ዛ	Unknown	N	ND (0.4) *	4.6	45	ND (0.1)	0.74	ND (0.4)	16	2.7	5.1	20	ND (0.1) *	1.5	100	6.6	ND (0.25)	ND (1) *	120	41

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# TABLE B-7a

Sample Results: Metals AOC 27 – MW-24 Bench

Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis

PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

# Notes:

Category 1: Validated data suitable for all uses, including risk assessment and remedial action decisions.

Category 2: Validated data suitable for use in characterization of the chemicals of potential concern at the facility and to help define the

nature and extent of contamination.

Category 3: Validated data suitable only for use in qualitative characterization of the nature and extent of contamination.

Results greater than or equal to the interim screening level are circled; however, if the interim screening level is equal to the background value, only results greater than the interim screening level are circled.

ψ tar sample

Ж wood sample

O debris sample

Reporting limits greater than or equal to the interim screening level.

- not analyzed

ft bgs feet below ground surface mg/kg milligrams per kilogram

DTSC California Department of Toxic Substances Control

DTSC-SL DTSC Screening Levels

FD field duplicate

J concentration or reporting limit estimated by laboratory or data validation

N primary sample

ND not detected at the listed reporting limit

NE not established

USEPA United States Environmental Protection Agency

- 1 Interim screening level is background value. If background value is not available then the interim screening value is the lower of the Ecological Comparison Value, residential DTSC-SL, or USEPA residential regional screening value.
- <sup>2</sup> United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA). 2017. Regional Screening Levels (RSLs) for Chemical Contaminants at Superfund Sites. November.
- <sup>3</sup> California Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC). 2018. Human Health Risk Assessment (HHRA) Note Number 3. January.
- 4 ARCADIS. 2008. "Technical Memorandum 3: Ecological Comparison Values for Metals and Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons in Soil." May 28.
- <sup>5</sup> CH2M HILL. 2009. "Final Soil Background Technical Memorandum at Pacific Gas and Electric Company Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California." May.

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# TABLE B-7b Sample Results: Dioxins a

Sample Results: Dioxins and Furans
AOC 27 – MW-24 Bench
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis

Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

													Dioxin/Fu	rans (ng/kg	1)								
Interim Screening Level <sup>1</sup> : Residential Regional Screening Levels <sup>2</sup> :				NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	16	50	5.58
				NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE
	Residential DTSC-SL <sup>3</sup> :			NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	50	NE
I	Ecological Com	-		NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	16	NE 5.50	1.6
		Backg Depth	ground <sup>5</sup> : Sample	NE 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,4,7,8,9-	NE 1,2,3,4,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,4,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,6,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,6,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,7,8,9-	NE 1,2,3,7,8,9-	NE 1,2,3,7,8-	NE 1,2,3,7,8-	NE 2,3,4,6,7,8-	NE 2,3,4,7,8-	NE 2,3,7,8-TCDD	NE 2,3,7,8-TCDF	NE OCDD	NE OCDF	5.98 TEQ Avian	5.58 TEQ Human	5.58 TEQ
Location	Date	(ft bgs)	-	HpCDD	HpCDF	HpCDF	HxCDD	HxCDF	HxCDD	HxCDF	HxCDD	HxCDF	PeCDD	PeCDF	HxCDF	PeCDF	2,3,7,0-1000	2,3,7,0-1001		ОСЫ	I LQ Avidii	i E Q i i u i i a i	Mammals
Category 1	00//0//0			I			/	/			/			/			/	()		/>			
AOC27-1	03/18/16	2 - 3	N	ND (1.4)	ND (0.43)	ND (0.1)	ND (0.093)	ND (0.059)	, ,	, ,	ND (0.09)	ND (0.15)	ND (0.073)	ND (0.06)	ND (0.062)	,	, ,	ND (0.15)	11 J	ND (0.32)	0.2	0.12	0.12
AOC27-18	03/17/16	0 - 1	N	280	ND (1.3)	ND (1.5)	ND (1.7)	1.4 J	7.8 J	2.1 J	4.9 J	ND (0.68)	ND (0.53)	ND (0.47)	ND (65)	ND (0.88)	ND (0.14)	ND (0.68)	3,300	110	6	9.3	9.3
	03/17/16	2 - 3	N	290	ND (170)	ND (4.3)	ND (1.7)	ND (1.9)	11 J	ND (5.8)	ND (2.7)	ND (0.76)	ND (1)	ND (0.95)	1.9 J	ND (1)	ND (0.37)	ND (0.37)	3,300	190	3.8	7.6	7.6
	03/17/16	5 - 6	N	240	ND (100)	ND (2.7)	14	ND (1.3)	ND (1.3)	ND (13)	ND (2.1)	ND (1.5)	ND (0.63)	ND (1.1)	ND (1.3)	ND (1.2)	ND (0.26)	ND (0.41)	2,600	96	4	6.8	6.8
AOC27-18E	03/17/16	4 - 5	N	330	ND (96)	ND (5.5)	ND (1.2)	ND (1.7)	5.4 J	ND (14)	ND (1.1)	ND (2)	ND (0.83)	ND (1.5)	ND (66)	ND (1.6)	ND (0.2)	ND (0.9)	3,800	110	7.4	11	<u> 11</u>
AOC27-2	03/18/16	0 - 1	N	16	ND (0.54)	ND (0.64)	ND (0.29)	ND (0.13)	0.56 J	ND (1.3)	ND (0.41)	ND (0.15)	ND (0.27)	ND (0.31)	ND (4.4)	ND (0.33)	ND (0.066)	ND (0.31)	160	6.2 J	0.87	0.84	0.84
	03/18/16	2 - 3	N	15	ND (0.076)	ND (0.31)	ND (0.26)	ND (0.33)	ND (0.44)	ND (0.89)	ND (0.35)	ND (0.39)	ND (0.17)	ND (0.53)	ND (5.6)	ND (0.56)	ND (0.066)	ND (0.34)	130	7.2 J	1	0.83	0.83
AOC27-20	03/01/16	0 - 1	N	470	67	ND (6.4)	4.1 J	ND (2.8)	16	5.5 J	7.3 J	ND (3.2)	ND (1.4)	ND (0.41)	ND (160)	ND (0.92)	ND (0.54)	ND (0.44)	4,200	170	13	19	19
	03/01/16	2 - 3	N	130	15	ND (3.3)	2.2 J	ND (1.1)	5.5 J	1.8 J	ND (5.2)	ND (0.41)	ND (0.4)	ND (0.35)	ND (48)	ND (0.35)	ND (0.16)	ND (0.17)	1,000	36	4	5.8	5.8
	03/01/16	5 - 6	N	200	31	ND (3.8)	ND (1.8)	ND (2.1)	8.8 J	ND (1.9)	ND (3.2)	ND (2.4)	1.6 J	ND (0.59)	ND (75)	ND (0.59)	ND (0.95)	0.54 J	1,700	84	8	10	10
AOC27-4	03/17/16	0 - 1	N	1,100	ND (0.34)	7.1 J	ND (5.4)	8.9 J	20	ND (14)	7.8 J	ND (0.31)	ND (1.4)	ND (0.4)	ND (0.3)	ND (0.43)	ND (0.16)	0.73 J	11,000	260	6.8	20	20
	03/17/16	0 - 1	FD	1,000	45	5.3 J	6 J	7.8 J	18	ND (0.81)	6.9 J	ND (0.76)	1.2 J	ND (0.55)	ND (150)	ND (0.58)	ND (0.24)	ND (0.36)	9,800	200	14	26	26
	03/17/16	2 - 3	N	77	ND (0.39)	ND (1.5)	0.73 J	ND (0.79)	2.1 J	ND (0.77)	1.3 J	ND (0.92)	ND (0.46)	ND (0.35)	ND (15)	ND (0.17)	ND (0.34)	ND (0.33)	790	31	1.9	2.8	2.8
	03/17/16	5 - 6	N	ND (6.2)	ND (0.38)	ND (0.66)	ND (0.36)	ND (0.28)	ND (0.21)	ND (0.25)	ND (0.21)	ND (0.32)	ND (0.19)	ND (0.092)	ND (0.83)	ND (0.093)	ND (0.1)	ND (0.11)	ND (88)	ND (0.29)	ND (0.37)	ND (0.34)	ND (0.34)
AOC27-5	03/17/16	2 - 3	N	740	ND (0.88)	21	ND (3.7)	ND (3.9)	ND (11)	ND (9.7)	ND (5.7)	ND (0.52)	ND (1.5)	ND (0.48)	ND (98)	ND (0.57)	ND (0.24)	ND (0.29)	10,000	200	9.3	18	18
	03/17/16	5 - 6	N	ND (2.4)	ND (0.076)	ND (0.09)	ND (0.2)	ND (0.072)	ND (0.095)	ND (0.095)	ND (0.09)	ND (0.084)	ND (0.099)	ND (0.18)	ND (0.62)	ND (0.19)	ND (0.054)	ND (0.099)	35	ND (0.73)	0.29	0.2	0.2
AOC27-50	03/02/16	0 - 1	N	96	19	ND (1.2)	3.7 J	3.2 J	9.1 J	3.6 J	7.4 J	ND (0.9)	(5.8 J)	ND (1.9)	4.3 J	3.1 J	ND (1.5)	1.2 J	380	12 J	13	12	12
	03/02/16	2 - 3	N	420	ND (79)	6.6 J	ND (15)	12 J	52	ND (13)	34	ND (3)	32	ND (5.7)	ND (13)	12 J	ND (9.1) *	ND (4.6)	1,100	40	59	57	57
	03/02/16	5 - 6	N	9 J	ND (1.5)	ND (0.95)	ND (0.31)	ND (0.2)	ND (0.27)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.38)	0.55 J	ND (0.17)	ND (0.14)	ND (0.34)	ND (0.14)	ND (0.091)	ND (0.31)	ND (33)	ND (0.89)	0.5	0.41	0.41
AOC27-51	02/17/17	0 - 0.5	N	71	15	ND (0.91)	2.5 J	1.6 J	6.4 J	1.7 J	5.6 J	ND (0.27)	4 J	ND (0.89)	ND (12)	1.5 J	1.3 J	0.78 J	420	34	9.6	9.2	9.2
	02/17/17	2 - 3	N	6.2 J	1.2 J	ND (0.13)	0.29 J	ND (0.072)	0.87 J	ND (0.15)	0.68 J	ND (0.083)	ND (0.51)	ND (0.14)	ND (0.8)	ND (0.14)	ND (0.099)	ND (0.067)	ND (29)	ND (1)	0.58	0.65	0.65
	02/17/17	5 - 6	N	2.2 J	ND (0.27)	ND (0.051)	ND (0.057)	ND (0.094)	ND (0.057)	ND (0.09)	ND (0.056)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.074)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.41)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.038)	ND (0.026)	ND (27)	ND (0.85)	0.17	0.15	0.15
AOC27-6	02/29/16	0 - 1	N	610	99	6.4 J	32	14	77	12 J	67	3.1 J	70	7.6 J	14	11 J	19	5.4	2,300	84	120	120	120
	02/29/16	2 - 3	N	180	24	1.6 J	7.3 J	3.6 J	17	ND (2.8)	16	ND (0.94)	17	2 J	ND (18)	3.2 J	5.7	1.5 J	860	29	32	32	32
	02/29/16	5 - 6	N	47	10 J	ND (0.19)	1.9 J	ND (0.77)	5.2 J	ND (0.92)	ND (4.7)	ND (0.57)	4.3 J	ND (0.29)	ND (5.9)	ND (0.68)	ND (0.87)	ND (0.35)	330	ND (12)	6.2	6.9	6.9
AOC27-7	02/29/16	0 - 1	N	1,500	240	17	38	27	100	26	ND (63)	ND (5.7)	45	16	26	26	6.4	17	6,500	140	110	110	110
	02/29/16	2 - 3	N	1,500	380	36	62	68	160	ND (25)	120	ND (14)	110	39	81	65	29	ND (26)	4,000	190	260	230	230
	03/01/16	5 - 6	N	45	ND (0.48)	ND (0.57)	2 J	1.1 J	4.1 J	0.88 J	ND (3.1)	ND (0.2)	2.4 J	ND (0.59)	ND (1)	0.85 J	ND (0.25)	ND (0.15)	ND (190)	ND (5.4)	4.1	4.3	4.3
AOC27-8	03/01/16	1 - 2	N	330	67	ND (3.9)	11 J	7 J	27	ND (6.6)	21	ND (1)	14	3.9 J	ND (30)	6.7 J	4 J	3.9 J	1,500	53	36	33	33
	03/01/16	5 - 6	N	31	4.7 J	ND (1.2)	1.4 J	0.72 J	ND (1.8)	ND (0.52)	ND (1.3)	ND (1.2)	1.4 J	ND (0.43)	ND (5.1)	0.51 J	ND (0.17)	ND (0.43)	ND (170)	ND (6.8)	2.9	2.8	2.8

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# TABLE B-7b

Sample Results: Dioxins and Furans AOC 27 - MW-24 Bench Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

													Dioxin/Fu	ırans (ng/kg	)								-
	Interim Screening Level <sup>1</sup> :				NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	16	50	5.58
Resident	Residential Regional Screening Levels <sup>2</sup> :				NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE	NE	NE	NE	4.8	NE
	Residential DTSC-SL <sup>3</sup> .				NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	50	NE
E	Ecological Comparison Values <sup>4</sup> :				NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	16	NE	1.6
		Backg	round <sup>5</sup> :	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	5.98	5.58	5.58
Location	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	1,2,3,4,6,7,8- HpCDD	1,2,3,4,6,7,8- HpCDF	1,2,3,4,7,8,9- HpCDF	1,2,3,4,7,8- HxCDD	1,2,3,4,7,8- HxCDF	1,2,3,6,7,8- HxCDD	1,2,3,6,7,8- HxCDF	1,2,3,7,8,9- HxCDD	1,2,3,7,8,9- HxCDF	1,2,3,7,8- PeCDD	1,2,3,7,8- PeCDF	2,3,4,6,7,8- HxCDF	2,3,4,7,8- PeCDF	2,3,7,8-TCDD	2,3,7,8-TCDF	OCDD	OCDF	TEQ Avian	TEQ Human	TEQ Mammals
AOC27-9	03/08/16	0 - 1	N	110	23	ND (1.8)	1.3 J	ND (0.84)	3.7 J	1.3 J	ND (2.2)	ND (0.36)	ND (0.37)	ND (0.69)	ND (36)	ND (0.69)	ND (1.2)	1.4 J	960	120	5.2	5.3	5.3
	03/08/16	2 - 3	N	60	ND (0.64)	ND (0.76)	ND (0.41)	ND (0.73)	ND (0.35)	ND (0.64)	ND (0.36)	ND (0.83)	ND (0.57)	ND (0.82)	ND (9.7)	ND (0.52)	ND (0.21)	ND (1.9)	540	23 J	2.4	2	2
	03/08/16	5 - 6	N	20	3.3 J	ND (0.94)	ND (0.7)	ND (0.27)	ND (1.1)	ND (0.32)	ND (0.79)	ND (0.34)	ND (0.32)	ND (0.36)	ND (3.6)	ND (0.33)	ND (0.2)	0.91 J	ND (150)	ND (6.4)	1.7	1	1

## Notes:

Category 1: Validated data suitable for all uses, including risk assessment and remedial action decisions.

Category 2: Validated data suitable for use in characterization of the chemicals of potential concern at the facility and to help define the nature and extent of contamination.

Category 3: Validated data suitable only for use in qualitative characterization of the nature and extent of contamination.

Results greater than or equal to the Interim Screening Level are circled.

not analyzed

ft bgs feet below ground surface ng/kg nanograms per kilogram DTSC-SL DTSC Screening Levels

DTSC California Department of Toxic Substances Control

FD Field Dupliicate

concentration or reporting limit estimated by laboratory or data validation

JR estimated value, one or more input values is "R" qualified.

Primary Sample NA = not applicable NE not established

ND not detected at the listed reporting limit

R The result has been rejected; identification and/or quantitation could not be verified because critical QC specifications were not

met (e.g., a non-detect result obtained for an archive sample following a hold time of greater than one year).

USEPA USEPA = United States Environmental Protection Agency

- 1 For individual dioxins and furans, selected value is the lower of the ECV, residential DTSC-SL, or USEPA residential regional screening value, unless the background value is higher. For TEQ values, selected value is the DTSC-SL.
- 2 United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA). 2017. Regional Screening Levels (RSLs) for Chemical Contaminants at Superfund Sites. November.
- 3 California Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC), 2018. Human Health Risk Assessment (HHRA) Note Number 3. January California Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC), 2017. Human Health Risk Assessment (HHRA) Note 2, Soil Remedial Goals for Dioxins and Dioxin-like Compounds for Consideration at California Hazardous Waste Sites. April.
- 4 ARCADIS. 2008. "Technical Memorandum 3: Ecological Comparison Values for Metals and Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons in Soil." May 28. ARCADIS. 2009. "Topock Compression Station Final Technical Memorandum 4: Ecological Comparison Values for Additional Dectected Chemicals in Soil." July 1.
- 5 CH2M. 2017. Revised Ambient Study of Dioxins and Furans at the Pacific Gas and Electric Company, Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California. October.

TEQ = Sum of Result xToxic equivalency factor (TEF), 1/2 reporting limit used for nondetects. If all Dioxins and Furans are nondetect, the final qualifier code is U.

TEQ Avian = Sum of Result x TEF, 1/2 reporting limit used for nondetects. If all Dioxins and Furans are nondetect, the final qualifier code is U.

TEQMammals = Sum of Result x TEF, 1/2 reporting limit used for nondetects. If all Dioxins and Furans are nondetect, the final qualifier code is U.

Teg Humans = Sum of Result x TEF, 1/2 reporting limit used for nondetects, If all Dioxins and Furans are nondetect, the final gualifier code is U.

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# Appendix C Soil HHERA Executive Summary



Pacific Gas and Electric Company

# SOIL HHERA EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Topock Compressor Station, Needles, CA

February 2020

# **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

This appendix is the executive summary from the Soil Human Health and Ecological Risk Assessment (HHERA) Report (Arcadis 2019) for the Topock site. The executive summary is reproduced here without alteration. This information is attached to the Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis (EE/CA) document prepared by Jacobs (2020) to provide additional information on the approach and methods used in the HHERA. Citations in this text for document sections, tables, and figures refers to the sections, tables, and figures in the HHERA document.

The relevance of this information to the suggestions and recommendations for potential remediation at the Topock site is discussed in the body of the EE/CA document.

# **ES.1** Introduction

This Soil Human Health and Ecological Risk Assessment (HHERA) Report describes the potential risks to human health and ecological receptors that may contact soil impacted by historical discharges and operations at the Pacific Gas and Electric Company (PG&E) Topock Compressor Station (TCS). The TCS is an active natural gas compressor station located in eastern San Bernardino County, approximately 15 miles southeast of Needles, California. The compressor station occupies approximately 15 acres of a 65-acre parcel of PG&E-owned land. The study area for investigative and remedial activities covers additional surrounding land including portions of a 100-acre parcel owned by the Fort Mojave Indian Tribe (FMIT) and land owned and/or managed by government agencies including the U.S. Bureau of Land Management (USBLM), U.S. Bureau of Reclamation (USBOR), U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS), San Bernardino County, California Department of Transportation, and Burlington Northern Santa Fe (BNSF) Railroad. The TCS and the additional surrounding areas investigated together are referred to as the "site" in this report.

PG&E is conducting investigative and remedial activities at the site, including this HHERA, pursuant to the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) and the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA). Under CERCLA, the primary purpose of a baseline risk assessment (BRA) is to provide risk managers with an understanding of the potential adverse health effects (current or future) to human and ecological receptors posed by the release of hazardous substance from the site and in the absence of any actions to control or mitigate those releases. This information may be useful in determining whether a potential current or future threat to human health or the environment exists that warrants an action. This Soil HHERA, in conjunction with the Groundwater Risk Assessment (GWRA) (Arcadis 2009c), represent a BRA. The HHERA conducted for the TCS involved two primary components:

- Human health risk assessment (HHRA), which identifies potential human receptors and exposure
  pathways and presents the potential risks to human health that could result from exposure to
  constituents of potential concern (COPCs) in soil (discussed in Section 5 of the HHERA Report).
- Ecological risk assessment (ERA), which identifies potential ecological receptors and exposure
  pathways and presents the potential risks to ecological receptors that could result from exposure to
  constituents of potential ecological concern (COPECs) in soil (discussed in Section 6 of the HHERA
  Report).

The HHERA findings will be helpful in making risk management decisions. In accordance with the Human Health and Ecological Risk Assessment Work Plan (RAWP; Arcadis 2008a), specific objectives of the HHERA are twofold:

- 1. Help determine the need for remedial action with respect to soil conditions
- Provide a basis for determining levels of constituents that can remain in soil at the site and still
  adequately protect public health and the environment (U.S. Environmental Protection Agency [USEPA]
  1989).

The solid waste management units (SWMUs), areas of concern (AOCs), and additional surrounding areas investigated as part of the RCRA Facility Investigation/Remedial Investigation (RFI/RI) are those associated with the historical discharge to soil by operations and activities at the site. Site areas are organized into these two categories:

- Outside the TCS Fenceline Evaluated for both potential human health and ecological impacts.
- Inside the TCS Fenceline Evaluated for potential human health impacts only. Because this is an active
  operating facility, activities, and conditions inside the fenceline do not offer a suitable or attractive
  habitat for ecological populations at this time. All potential exposure pathways for ecological receptors
  are considered incomplete inside the TCS fenceline (Eichelberger 2006).

The HHERA evaluated all constituents detected in the soil during the RFI/RI and identifies those constituents that could potentially pose an unacceptable risk to either human health or the ecological environment using the methodology presented in the approved RAWP documents (Arcadis 2008a, 2009a, 2015) and California Environmental Protection Agency (CalEPA), Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC)-issued Directive Letter (DTSC 2017).

# **ES.2** Site History and Characteristics

# **ES.2.1** Site Historical Operations

The TCS began operations in December 1951 to compress natural gas supplied from the southwestern United States for transport through pipelines to PG&E's service territory in central and northern California. Current operations at the TCS are very similar to the operations that have occurred since 1951. The greatest use of chemical products at the facility involves treatment of cooling water, and the greatest volume of waste produced consists of untreated wastewater (or, blowdown) from the cooling towers.

From 1951 to 1964, untreated wastewater containing hexavalent chromium (used to inhibit corrosion, minimize scale formation, and control biological growth) was discharged to Bat Cave Wash (BCW), an ephemeral drainage that extends from the Chemehuevi Mountains to the north. From 1964 to 1969, PG&E treated the wastewater by converting hexavalent chromium to trivalent chromium. Beginning in May 1970, treated wastewater was discharged to an injection well (which is named PGE-08) located on PG&E property inside the TCS, and discharges to BCW generally ceased. Use of the injection well ceased in 1973 and wastewater was discharged exclusively to the four, single-lined evaporation ponds, located about 1,600 feet west of the TCS.

In the 1980s and 1990s, PG&E ended use of hexavalent chromium, removed the wastewater treatment system, and replaced the single-lined ponds with four new, Class II (double-lined) ponds. PG&E still uses the double-lined ponds, which are on USBLM property.

PG&E conducted soil investigations at six SWMUs, 29 AOCs, and seven additional investigation areas located inside and outside the TCS fenceline. The investigation areas carried forward into this HHERA are listed in the table titled Investigation Areas Carried Forward into the HHERA.

**Investigation Areas Carried Forward into the HHERA** 

Location	Investigation Areas Carried Forward into the HHERA
Inside the TCS	SWMU 5 (Sludge Drying Bed)
	SWMU 6 (Chromate Reduction Tank)
	SWMU 8 (Process Pump Tank)
	SWMU 9 (Transfer Pump)
	SWMU 11 (Former Sulfuric Acid Tanks)
	AOC 5 (Cooling Tower A)
	AOC 6 (Cooling Tower B)
	AOC 7 (Hazardous Materials Storage Area)
	AOC 8 (Paint Shed)
	AOC 13 (Unpaved Area Within the TCS)
	AOC 15 (Auxiliary Jacket Cooling Water Pumps)
	AOC 16 (Former Sandblast Shelter)
	AOC 17 (Onsite Septic System)
	AOC 18 (Combine Wastewater Transference Pipelines)
	AOC 19 (Former Cooling Liquid Mixing Area and Former Hotwell)
	AOC 20 (Industrial Floor Drains)
	AOC 21 (Round Depression Near Sludge Drying Bed)
	AOC 22 (Unidentified Three-Sided Structure)
	AOC 23 (Former Water Conditioning Building)
	AOC 24 (Stained Area and Former API Oil/Water Separator)
	AOC 25 (Compressor and Generator Engine Basements)
	AOC 26 (Former Scrubber Oil Sump)
	AOC 32 (Oil Storage Tanks and Waste Oil Sump)
	AOC 33 (Potential Former Burn Area Near AOC 17)
	Unit 4.3 (Oily Water Holding Tank)
	Unit 4.4 (Oil/Water Separator)
	Unit 4.5 (Portable Waste Oil Holding Tank)
	Portions of AOC 4 Inside the Fence Line
	Perimeter Area

Location	Investigation Areas Carried Forward into the HHERA
Outside the	SWMU 1 (Former Percolation Bed)
TCS	TCS Well #4 (Capped Well)
	AOC 1 (Area Around the Percolation Bed)
	AOC 4 (Debris Ravine)
	AOC 9 (Southeast Fence Line)
	AOC 10 (East Ravine)
	AOC 11 (Topographic Low Areas)
	AOC 12 (Fill Areas)
	AOC 14 (Railroad Debris Site)
	AOC 27 (MW-24 Bench)
	AOC 28 (Pipeline Drip Legs)
	AOC 31 (Former Tea Pot Dome Oil Pit)
	Undesignated Area 2 (UA-2) (Former 300B Pipeline Liquids Tank)
	Perimeter Area
	Storm Drain System

# ES.2.2 Soil Investigations and AOC 4 Interim Action

Investigative and remedial activities at the TCS date back to the 1980s when a RCRA Facility Assessment was completed, identifying a series of SWMUs at the site. The RFI began in 1996, and numerous phases of data collection and evaluation have been completed. Since 2005, investigative and remedial activities have been performed pursuant to both RCRA and CERCLA. The primary reports documenting these investigations are as follows in the table titled Primary Investigation Reports.

# **Primary Investigation Reports**

Report Name	Notes
RFI/RI Report Volume 1 Site Background and History (CH2M Hill [CH2M] 2007a)	<ul> <li>Completed in August 2007.</li> <li>Approved by CalEPA, DTSC (2007) and U.S. Department of the Interior (DOI 2007a).</li> </ul>
RFI/RI Report Volume 2 Hydrogeologic Characterization and Results of Groundwater and Surface Water Investigation and Addendum (CH2M 2009)	<ul> <li>Report completed in February 2009.</li> <li>Addendum completed in June 2009.</li> <li>Approved by DTSC (2009b) and DOI (2009a).</li> </ul>
PG&E Topock Compressor Station Soil Investigation Data Package (PG&E 2018)	PG&E TCS soil investigation data package transmittal to DOI, dated May 8, 2018.

Report Name	Notes
RFI/RI Report Volume 3 Results of Soil and Sediment Investigation (forthcoming)	<ul> <li>Currently being prepared by Jacobs.</li> <li>Includes final characterization data to complete the RFI/RI requirements for remaining TCS operations, including the results of soil investigations and the storm drain alignment investigation.</li> <li>Data provided to DOI in the TCS soil investigation data package transmittal (PG&amp;E 2018), will be included in the Draft RFI RI Report Volume 3, and form the basis for the risk evaluations in the Soil HHERA.</li> </ul>
Time-Critical Removal Action (TCRA) at the AOC 4 Debris Ravine Site (DOI 2009b)	<ul> <li>Result of DOI Action Memorandum that directed PG&amp;E to initiate TCRA at AOC 4.</li> <li>Fill material and debris were believed to be deposited and trash reportedly was burned at AOC 4.</li> <li>Removed 11,799 tons of soil and debris from AOC 4.</li> <li>Based on confirmation dataset and installation of erosion control measures, substantial threat of release of contaminated material from AOC 4 was stabilized and mitigated by the TCRA (Alisto Engineering Group [Alisto] et al. 2011).</li> </ul>
Soil Background Investigations (Various reports/authors)	<ul> <li>Conducted to characterize the background conditions for the presence of metals, polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon (PAHs), and dioxins/furans, and to establish background concentrations in soil.</li> <li>Site-related concentrations of constituents were compared to background concentrations to assess whether the delineation of nature and extent of contamination in soils at investigation areas was adequate.</li> <li>Results are provided in a series of reports (see Section 2.2.4 of the HHERA Report).</li> </ul>

# **ES.2.3** Site Conditions and Characteristics

The site is located in the Mohave Valley, along the California-Arizona border in eastern San Bernardino County, California. The Chemehuevi Mountains are located to the south and the Colorado River is located to the east and north. The site occupies approximately 3 square miles of the north-sloping piedmont alluvial terrace and floodplain along the northern margin of the mountains.

# ES.2.3.1 Physical and Ecological Characteristics

The tables in this section summarize the physical and ecological characteristics, and current and future land use at the site that are important for the HHERA.

# Site Physical and Ecological Characteristics and Land Use

Physical/ Ecological Characteristic	Description
Cilaracteristic	Geology of the landforms is characterized by alluvial terraces and incised drainage
	<ul> <li>channels.</li> <li>BCW is a prominent desert wash that crosses the Study Area from south to north.</li> </ul>
Geology	<ul> <li>Unconsolidated alluvial and fluvial deposits are underlain by the Miocene conglomerate and pre-Tertiary metamorphic and igneous bedrock.</li> </ul>
	In the upland area, the subsurface shallow aquifer zone consists of alluvial deposits.
	Site is situated at the southern extent of unconsolidated alluvial aquifer material in the Mohave groundwater basin.
	Colorado River runs north to south through the basin.
	<ul> <li>Groundwater occurs under unconfined to semi-confined conditions beneath most of the site.</li> </ul>
Hydrology and	Saturated portion of the alluvial fan and fluvial sediments are collectively referred as the alluvial aquifer.
Hydrogeology	In the floodplain area adjacent to the Colorado River, the fluvial deposits interfinger with, and are hydraulically connected to, the alluvial fan deposits.
	<ul> <li>Unconsolidated alluvial and fluvial deposits are underlain by bedrock with very low permeability; therefore, groundwater movement occurs primarily in the overlying unconsolidated deposits, and groundwater flow is generally north to northeasterly.</li> </ul>
	Due to the variable topography at the site, the depth to groundwater ranges from as shallow as 5 feet below ground surface (bgs) in floodplain wells next to the river to approximately 170 feet bgs at the upland alluvial terrace areas.
	Site is located adjacent to and includes a portion of the 37,515-acre Havasu National Wildlife Refuge (HNWR) managed by USFWS.
	<ul> <li>Area is characterized by arid conditions and high temperatures and consists of a series of terraces divided by dry desert washes (CH2M 2007a).</li> </ul>
Ecological	Site is located either within the Mojave Desert province of California, the Colorado Desert, or the boundary between these two deserts (CH2M 2007a). Upland terrestrial habitats are typical of Mojave Desert uplands dominated by creosote bush scrub, with Mojave Wash, desert riparian, and tamarisk thicket.
Overview	<ul> <li>BCW (AOC 1/SWMU 1) is relatively barren of vegetation, consisting of sand, gravel, and cobblestone substrate (CH2M 2014); BCW is a primarily north-south-trending channel located west of the Colorado River; large volume surface flows are generally infrequent and occur only briefly in response to high intensity rainfall events, but remains dry throughout most of the year due to arid desert conditions (PG&amp;E 2013, 2014). Dense vegetation is present in the Tamarisk Thicket area, located at the northern end of BCW.</li> </ul>
	East Ravine (AOC 10) is 1,600 foot long and runs eastward toward the Colorado River. The ravine is bisected by three constructed berms and contains three drainage

Physical/	
Ecological	
Characteristic	Description
	depression areas that are located behind these berms. AOC 10 is relatively barren of vegetation; may periodically flood during stormwater runoff events but remains dry throughout most of the year due to arid desert conditions. Flooding events are periodic; on the frequency of one or two times a year and usually during the summer monsoon season.
	<ul> <li>Riparian corridors consisting of small patches of emergent vegetation exist along the banks of the Colorado River, with little to no submergent vegetation within the river. East of the Colorado River, the Action Area is a sand and salt cedar (Tamarisk) environment very similar to that found on the floodplain on the California side. Various wildlife and plant species are supported by the riparian habitat. Saturated sediments along the edge of the Colorado River that are ephemerally (temporarily) flooded are located at the mouth of BCW and at the mouth of East Ravine (east of AOC 10). The ephemeral flooding is due to infrequent high flow in the wash or annual variations in stage along the Colorado River, the latter of which is not associated with the potential for transport of site-related materials.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Programmatic Biological Assessments (PBAs; CH2M 2007b and 2014) and the reinitiations (PG&amp;E 2017a, b) were conducted to evaluate potential impacts to species and habitats; concluded "may affect but likely to not adversely affect" for all the special- status species evaluated and their critical habitat for all terrestrial species for ongoing and planned activities at the site, including federally listed species.</li> </ul>
	No state- or federal-listed threatened or endangered (T&E) plant species are potentially present in the upland or riparian areas.
	<ul> <li>In the upland areas, special-status plant species are potentially present (CH2M 2017).</li> <li>California Desert Native Plant Act (CDNPA) or ethnobotanical plants include blue palo verde, catclaw acacia, desert smoke tree, and the western honey mesquite. California Rare Plants include mousetail suncup and the hillside palo verde.</li> </ul>
Special-Status Species	<ul> <li>No federal listed T&amp;E wildlife species were observed at the site, except for a single observation of the southwestern willow flycatcher (federally listed T&amp;E species) in 2009 in the Tamarisk Thicket (Garcia and Associates [GANDA] 2017), which is not considered to be resident at the site.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Other federally listed species including desert tortoise, yellow-billed cuckoo, and Yuma clapper rail were not directly observed at the site (CH2M 2014, Konecny Biological Services [Konecny] 2012).</li> </ul>
	Two large home-range species have been observed: the ring-tailed cat and Nelson's bighorn sheep. The ring-tailed cat is a California fully protected species. To be consistent with the GWRA (Arcadis 2009c) and observations made by a PG&E employee at the site Nelson's bighorn sheep was evaluated.
	Bat surveys indicated presence of the cave myotis and pallid bat (state species of concern) at BCW (Harvey 2015). Townsend big-eared bats (a state species of concern) have not been directly observed at the site (CH2M 2015, Brown and Rainey 2015).

Land Use	Description
	Site is located in a sparsely populated, rural area.
Current – General	<ul> <li>Major gas utility and transportation corridor, BNSF Railroad (railroad-owned land), and Interstate 40 (I-40) (California Department of Transportation-owned land) are located within the site.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>TCS in an active operation and occupies approximately 15 acres of a 65-acre parcel of PG&amp;E-owned land.</li> </ul>
Current –	<ul> <li>The surrounding area includes land owned and/or managed by a number of government agencies, including USBLM, USBOR, USFWS, and San Bernardino County.</li> </ul>
TCS	<ul> <li>USBLM-managed lands within the area are owned by USBLM, San Bernardino County, and USBOR and are considered public; however, public use is not encouraged, as the Topock Maze, a culturally significant area for several Native American tribes, is located here.</li> </ul>
Current – Tribes	• The Tribes indicated in a memorandum (FMIT 2012) and a letter (FMIT 2013) that the tribal use of the land in the area of the site including the Topock Maze is limited to: Tribal Group Activities several times a year for prayer and reflection; Tribal Education Activities for students and young people to visit the area to learn about its importance and spiritual significance; and Tribal Member Individual Visits to the Mojave Valley on a regular but infrequent basis for quiet time and reflection as part of religious practice and culture, to pay homage to the area and to honor their ancestors.
Current –	<ul> <li>Nearest residents are located 2,000 feet away across the river in Topock, Arizona, a seasonal community of about 20 (mostly retired senior citizens) in a small mobile home park near the Topock 66 Marina.</li> </ul>
Residential and	<ul> <li>Few permanently occupied homes are located on the southern side of I-40, along the shoreline between the pipeline bridge and the I-40.</li> </ul>
Recreational	<ul> <li>Moabi Regional Park is a recreational facility operated by the San Bernardino County Department of Parks and Recreation, which is located on land leased from USBLM. As a regional park, it has no permanent full-time residents.</li> </ul>
	PG&E plans to continue owning and operating the TCS and associated property as an industrial operation for the foreseeable future. The railroad and highway will also continue in their current use for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, the reasonably anticipated future use of these areas is the same as their current use, industrial operations.
Future	<ul> <li>The primary conservation mission of USFWS, as it applies to the HNWR, limits human use of HNWR property. Therefore, in the future, human use of HNWR property will continue to be restricted to recreational uses.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Similarly, future use of the USBLM-owned land at the site is likely to remain recreational.         Nonetheless, as recommended by DOI, future uses of the USBLM-owned property could include seasonal residential use and year-round residential use for San Bernardino County staff at Park Moabi, and recreational (such as camping) use on the floodplain.     </li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Although future residential use of the USBLM land is unlikely, DOI has specifically requested an evaluation of future residential use on USBLM property.</li> </ul>

# ES.2.3.2 Conceptual Site Model

The conceptual site model (CSM) for the site shows the relationships between a chemical source, exposure pathways, and potential receptors. The components that constitute the fate and transport portions of the CSM include potential sources, release mechanisms, and retention and transport media. These components apply to both the HHRA and ERA and are discussed in more detail in Section 2.5 of the HHERA Report.

For this site, several CSMs (Figures 2-2 through 2-7 of the HHERA Report) were prepared that illustrate the potential source-pathway-receptor relationships and provide the basis for the quantitative exposure assessment undertaken as part of the HHERA. Most sources for site-related compounds found both inside and outside the compressor station originated inside the compressor station or from associated activities, including incidental spills/releases from various processes and activities for the operating facility. Current data indicate that the primary site related constituents in soils are metals, primarily hexavalent chromium and trivalent chromium, as well as dioxins (CH2M 2007a).

Once constituents are in soil, the potential pathways through which the constituents may move from the soil to other environmental media include: transport and release through surface water runoff, leaching to groundwater, fugitive dust emissions, and volatilization of volatile organic compounds (VOCs) from soil and release into ambient/indoor air. For the HHRA, soil direct contact exposure pathways (that is, incidental ingestion, inhalation, and dermal contact) were the primary potentially complete exposure pathways evaluated. For the ERA, the primary potentially complete exposure pathways for soil are direct contact (plants and soil invertebrates) and incidental ingestion and uptake of constituents from soil into biota and subsequent ingestion of biota as part of the diet for wildlife (mammals and birds).

# **ES.3** Data Evaluation

During the HHERA, the data evaluation process analyzed site characteristics and analytical data to identify constituents that are potentially related to the site and for which there are data of sufficient quality to be used in a quantitative risk assessment (USEPA 1989). Data collected from 1997 through 2017 during multiple phases of site investigation were consolidated and used in the quantitative risk assessment.

The soil and soil gas data included in the HHERA are summarized in the table titled Overview of Data Included in the HHERA; Section 3 of the HHERA Report provides more details. Soil and soil gas sample locations for data evaluated in the HHERA are presented on Figures 3-1a and 3-1b for areas outside the TCS and on Figure 3-2 for the area inside the TCS.

## Overview of Data Included in the HHERA

Media	Data Included in the HHERA
Soil	<ul> <li>Only Category 1 data are included in the datasets used in the quantitative risk assessment. Soil samples representative of soil that has been removed as part of a removal action were not included in the HHERA datasets.</li> <li>Soil samples were analyzed for one or more of the following chemical analytical suites:         <ul> <li>Metals</li> <li>Contract Laboratory Program (CLP) inorganics</li> <li>PAHs</li> <li>Semivolatile organic compounds (SVOCs) and VOCs</li> <li>Total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPHs)</li> <li>General chemistry parameters</li> <li>Pesticides</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs)</li> <li>Dioxins/furans.</li> <li>Samples designated 'white powder' collected from AOC 9, AOC 10, AOC 14, and SWMU 1 are included in the datasets used in the quantitative risk assessment as a conservative measure assuming that contact would not differ significantly from exposure to surrounding soil.</li> </ul>
Soil Gas	Soil gas samples were collected in January 2016 and February 2017 at several locations inside the TCS fenceline at 3 or 6 feet bgs and analyzed for VOCs.

Additionally, data are available for sediment, porewater, and various debris materials. Sediment and porewater data, collected in 2003 and 2017 at the mouth of BCW and in East Ravine along the Colorado River, were not used to estimate potential risk to human and ecological receptors in the HHERA because potential receptor exposures in the sediment areas were found to be insignificant based on a transport pathway evaluation and gradient analysis conducted as described in Section 2.5 of the HHERA Report.

# ES 3.1 Data Usability

Data usability criteria identified by USEPA (1992) were used to confirm that the data were suitable for risk assessment. Data validation was conducted in accordance with the Quality Assurance Project Plan QAPP (CH2M 2004), and overall, the data were determined to be of acceptable quality (except where noted with appropriate flags), and the completeness objectives were accomplished. Section 3.2 of the HHERA Report discusses the data usability criteria and application to site data.

## ES 3.2 Groupings of Data

As described in the RAWP documents (Arcadis 2008a, 2009a, 2015) and based on subsequent direction from DTSC (2017), areas at the site were identified for independent evaluation in the HHERA for potential human and/or ecological exposures. Data were grouped into datasets for each potential exposure area and evaluated for the relevant human and/or ecological receptors, as described in Section 3.3. Figure 3-3 presents the potential exposure areas based on individual AOCs/investigation areas evaluated in the HHERA for relevant human receptors, ecological communities (plants and soil invertebrates), and small home range wildlife (mammals and birds). Larger areas based on combined potential exposure areas were

evaluated for relevant human receptors (Figure 3-4a) and large home range wildlife (mammals and birds) (Figure 3-4b). The potential exposure areas evaluated in the HHERA include the following areas listed in the table titled Potential Exposure Areas Evaluated in the HHERA.

## Potential Exposure Areas Evaluated in the HHERA

Exposure Areas Based on Individual AOCs	Sample Locations Representative of:	HHRA	ERA	
BCW	BCW (AOC 1, AOC 28d, SWMU 1, TCS-4, Tamarisk Thicket)	Evaluated	Evaluated	
SWMU1	SWMU 1 and TCS-4	Evaluated	Evaluated	
BCWxSWMU1	BCW excluding SWMU 1 and TCS-4	Evaluated	Evaluated	
AOC4	AOC 4	Evaluated	Evaluated	
AOC9	AOC 9 and AOC 10a	Evaluated	Evaluated	
AOC10	AOC 10 and Subareas b, c, d	Evaluated	Evaluated	
AOC11	AOC 11	Evaluated	Evaluated	
AOC12	AOC 12	Evaluated	Evaluated	
AOC14	AOC 14	Evaluated	Evaluated	
AOC27	AOC 27	Evaluated	Evaluated	
AOC28	AOC 28	Evaluated	Evaluated	
AOC31	AOC 31	Evaluated	Evaluated	
UA-2	UA-2	Evaluated	Evaluated	
TT	Tamarisk Thicket	Not Evaluated	Evaluated	
NORR	AOC 1 North of the Railroad / USBLM Land	Evaluated	Not Evaluated	
ICS	Inside the Compressor Station	Evaluated	Not Evaluated	
Combined Exposure Areas	Sample Locations Representative of:	HHRA	ERA	
ocs	Outside the Compressor Station: All Soil Exposure Areas Outside the TCS	Evaluated	Evaluated	
OCSxBCW	Outside the Compressor Station excluding BCW	Evaluated	Not Evaluated	
BCW+AOC4	BCW and AOC 4 Not Ev		Evaluated	
OCSxBCW+AOC4	Outside the Compressor Station excluding BCW and AOC 4	Not Evaluated Evaluated		

#### Notes:

ICS = Inside the Compressor Station

NORR = North of the Railroad

OCS = Outside the Compressor Station

TT = Tamarisk Thicket

Data for each of these potential exposure areas were also grouped according to exposure depth intervals evaluated in the HHERA. For human health, the various potential receptors were assumed to contact soil from 0 to 10 feet bgs, with interim intervals defined for specific receptor activities (see Section 5.3 of the HHERA Report). For ecological populations, the various potential receptors were assumed to contact soil from 0 to 6 feet bgs with interim intervals defined for specific receptor activities (see Section 6.4 of the HHERA Report).

Additionally, for the two soil potential exposure areas encompassing wash areas (BCW and AOC 10), two scouring scenarios were evaluated. The 2-foot scouring scenario assumes that the top 2 feet of soil is removed during potential future scouring resulting from surface runoff following heavy rainfalls. Similarly, in the 5-foot scouring scenario, 5 feet of soil is assumed to be removed during scouring. Datasets were adjusted so that potential exposures for the HHRA were from the 'new' surface to a depth of 10 feet bgs, and the ERA exposures were from the 'new' surface to 6 feet bgs.

#### ES 3.3 COPC/COPEC Selection

Selecting the COPCs/COPECs to be included in the risk assessments was a sequential process where compounds detected in site media were eliminated from further consideration based on either the concentration, if a constituent is deemed to be consistent with ambient background conditions, or their status as an essential nutrient. COPCs/COPECs were selected following appropriate guidance (DTSC 1997; USEPA 1989, 1997, 2000), according to the potential exposure areas previously described.

Using the agency-approved background soils datasets for inorganics, dioxins/furans, and PAHs, various statistical comparisons and tests were conducted to assess whether concentrations of constituents detected in the soil at the various potential exposures areas and depths are elevated above background levels. The statistical comparisons and tests conducted include: comparison of maximum observed values for each potential exposure area to a background threshold value (BTV); comparison of central tendency between potential exposure area data and background data; and comparison of upper quantiles of potential exposure area data and background data. Inorganics, dioxin/furans, and PAHs determined to be elevated above background levels were included as COPCs/COPECs in the risk assessments.

For essential nutrients determined to be elevated above background levels and where toxicity values were available, they were selected as COPCs to be evaluated further in the risk assessments. All other constituents detected in soil and soil gas were included in the quantitative HHRA.

# **ES.4** Estimation of Exposure Point Concentrations

An exposure point concentration (EPC) is the representative concentration of a constituent in an environmental medium that is potentially contacted by the potential receptor (USEPA 2002). In the HHERA, EPCs were calculated using depth-weighted data to account for variable depth profiles at each sampling location. For a given relevant exposure depth for the risk assessment, if only a single sample is available at a given location, that value was used to represent the concentration for the entire exposure depth. For locations with samples from multiple depths, the samples were weighted to account for the different lengths of the segments in the manner described in USEPA (1996).

Three types of EPCs were calculated based on the depth-weighted soil datasets: depth-weighted maximum, depth-weighted 95UCL (95% upper confidence limit on the mean), and depth- and area-weighted 95UCL (referred to as area-weighted EPCs for simplicity). USEPA's ProUCL v. 5.1 software was the basis for, and primary analytical tool used for, the statistical analyses conducted for soil and soil transitioning to sediments. For the depth-weighted 95UCL EPC, the ProUCL-recommended 95UCL method was selected as the

representative EPC. Area-weighted EPCs were calculated using Thiessen polygons and the bias-corrected, accelerated (BCa) Bootstrap method, one of the nonparametric statistics provided in ProUCL.

If the soil dataset had fewer than four detected values (that is, concentrations reported above the detection limit) or fewer than eight total observations, the EPC defaulted to the maximum depth-weighted concentration in that dataset. In summary, the EPC for each soil dataset is either a 95UCL (UCL method recommended by ProUCL for depth-weighted EPCs, BCa Bootstrap UCL for area-weighted EPCs), or the maximum depth-weighted concentration.

For soil gas data, individual observations for each given chemical and exposure scenario, were treated as separate estimates of exposure; no 95UCL calculations were made for soil gas.

# ES.5 Human Health Risk Assessment

The HHRA for soil evaluated the likelihood that constituents detected in soils at the various potential exposure areas of the site could adversely impact human health under the assumed set of current and reasonable future land-use scenarios. The results of the risk assessment also provide key information that assists risk managers with making health-protective site management and remedial decisions.

# **ES.5.1** Exposure Assessment

The exposure assessment estimated the intensity, frequency, and duration of potential human exposure to COPCs in environmental media at the site, such as soil, soil gas, and air. To quantify potential exposure to site constituents, in addition to EPCs for COPCs, these components are required:

- 1. Relevant current and future potential receptors and their associated site related activities
- Potentially complete exposure pathways for each current and future potential receptor as they engage in site related activities
- 3. Quantitative exposure assumptions for pathway specific intake of soil constituents.

# ES.5.1.1 Potentially Exposed Populations

The potential human receptors identified in the RAWP documents (Arcadis 2008a, 2009a, 2015) were evaluated in the HHRA as four main categories: worker, recreational user, tribal user, and hypothetical future resident. The potential soil exposure pathways evaluated for workers, recreational users, and the hypothetical future resident include ingestion and dermal contact with soil, as well as inhalation of particulates from ambient air and inhalation of VOCs that may volatilize from the soil. In addition to these potential soil exposure pathways, potential exposure to COPCs from consumption of home-produced food was also evaluated for the hypothetical future resident. The potential soil exposure pathways evaluated for tribal users include inhalation of particulates from ambient air and inhalation of VOCs that may volatilize from the soil.

Three types of workers were evaluated. The long- and short-term maintenance workers were assumed to conduct repair and maintenance activities both inside and outside the TCS fenceline. Their activities include intrusive work and they are assumed to contact surface soil (0 to 0.5 foot bgs), shallow soil (0 to 3 feet bgs) subsurface I soil (0 to 6 feet bgs) and subsurface II soil (0 to 10 feet). The commercial worker is assumed to be involved in routine administrative and other non-intrusive activities consistent with commercial/industrial activities inside the fenceline only. Potential pathways for commercial worker exposure to soil include those listed above for soil as well as potential exposure to VOCs in soil gas via inhalation of indoor air. The commercial worker was evaluated using a screening approach, as described in Section 5.3.4.5.

Four types of potential recreational users were evaluated outside the TCS: camper, hiker, hunter, and off-highway vehicle (OHV) rider (OHVs also referred to as all-terrain vehicles [ATVs]). The adult and/or youth recreators were evaluated for potential exposure to surface soil (0 to 0.5 foot bgs) and shallow soil (0 to 3 feet bgs).

Tribal use and associated potential exposure are expected to occur at areas outside the TCS. The potential indirect pathway for exposure to soil for tribal use is the inhalation of dust arising from wind erosion and of VOCs that may volatilize from the soil. The inhalation of dust was evaluated for surface soil (0 to 0.5 foot bgs) and shallow soil (0 to 3 feet bgs). and inhalation of VOCs volatized from subsurface II soil (0 to 10 feet bgs). The exposure assumptions for this exposure scenario were developed using site-specific input from the Tribes.

USBLM has specifically requested an evaluation of a hypothetical future residential user on their property (DOI 2007b), even though unrestricted residential use is highly unlikely (DOI 2014). The hypothetical future residential user is assumed to contact surface soil (0 to 0.5 foot bgs), shallow soil (0 to 3 feet bgs), subsurface I soil (0 to 6 feet bgs) and subsurface II soil (0 to 10 feet bgs) via inhalation of particulates entrained in ambient air, incidental ingestion of soil, and dermal contact with soil. In addition, they are assumed to grow and consume vegetables, fruits, and poultry from the site (see Section 5.3.4.4 of the HHERA Report for exposure assumptions).

# ES.5.1.2 Exposure Areas

The following two areas represent the upper bound potential exposure areas for the site-specific human receptors evaluated for this site – area outside the compressor station including BCW (OCS); and area inside the compressor station (ICS). For the purposes of risk management, the OCS and ICS potential exposure areas were considered most relevant to typical behaviour patterns anticipated for receptors and their activities. In addition, at the direction of DTSC, potential exposure areas based on individual AOCs outside TCS fenceline were evaluated in separate appendices as listed above in Section ES.3.2.

#### ES.5.1.3 Exposure Point Concentrations

As described above in ES.4, EPCs were calculated on a depth-weighted and area-weighted basis. EPCs were estimated for each of the soil intervals described above for each potential exposure area and the potentially exposed populations evaluated for that area. To ensure that the implications of averaging concentrations over one depth zone versus another are clearly understood, the Soil HHRA evaluated representative exposure concentrations for soils within the following depth categories:

- Surface soil (0 to 0.5 foot bgs)
- Shallow soil (0 to 3 feet bgs)
- Subsurface I soil (0 to 6 feet bgs)
- Subsurface II soil (0 to 10 feet bgs).

For the 2-foot and 5-foot scouring scenarios for BCW and AOC 10, datasets were adjusted to the revised surface level for the intervals. For example, for the 2-foot scouring scenario, the surface soil is adjusted to evaluate data collected from 2 to 3 feet bgs, while the shallow soil uses data from 2 to 6 feet bgs.

# **ES.5.2** Toxicity Assessment

The toxicity assessment was completed to characterize the relationship between the magnitude of assumed exposure to a constituent and the potential for adverse effects. More specifically, the toxicity assessment identifies or derives toxicity values that can be used to estimate the likelihood of adverse effects occurring in humans at different exposure levels. Consistent with regulatory risk assessment policy, adverse health effects resulting from constituent exposures are evaluated in two categories: carcinogenic effects and noncarcinogenic effects. Toxicity values to evaluate carcinogenic effects and noncarcinogenic effects were identified from available CalEPA and USEPA toxicity information databases and were selected for use in this HHRA in the RAWP documents (Arcadis 2008a, 2009a, 2015) and in accordance with DTSC (2015, 2014, 2018) and USEPA (1989, 2003) risk assessment guidance. In addition, the adverse health effects associated with potential exposure to lead are evaluated separately, using models developed by CalEPA DTSC and USEPA.

## ES.5.3 Risk Characterization

Estimating incremental lifetime cancer risks (ILCRs) and noncancer hazard indices (HIs) for potential exposures to constituents in soil and/or soil gas requires information regarding constituent concentrations in the soil and/or soil gas, the level of exposure to each constituent, and the relationship between exposure to the constituent and its toxicity. Cumulative incremental lifetime cancer risks (that is, sum of chemical-specific ILCRs) posed by a site are compared to a range of one in one million (1 x 10-6) to one hundred in a million (1 x 10-4). As indicated in the National Oil and Hazardous Substances Pollution Contingency Plan (NCP) (which is 40 Code of Federal Regulations [CFR] Part 300), cancer risks between one in a million and one hundred in a million probability of occurrence (1 x 10-6 and 1 x 10-4) fall within a risk management range. This is generally referred to as the acceptable risk range. Within this estimated cancer risk range, there is flexibility for risk managers in deciding what action, if any, is necessary and appropriate for the protection of human health. CalEPA DTSC point of departure for excess incremental lifetime cancer risk is 1 x 10-6, and risk management decisions may raise this criterion depending on site specific conditions. A cumulative non-cancer HI of less than or equal to 1 implies that the predicted exposure for a given population and chemical is not expected to result in adverse noncancer health effects for multi-chemical exposures (USEPA 1989).

# ES.5.3.1 Methodology

The methodology used to derive the ILCRs and noncancer HIs for the selected COPCs is based principally on guidance provided in the regulatory documents and the equations listed in Sections 5.5.1 and 5.5.2 of the HHERA Report. These calculation methods were applied to relevant receptors for all potential exposure areas outside and inside the TCS fenceline.

#### ES.5.3.2 Results of the Cancer Risk and Noncancer Hazard Assessment

ILCRs and HIs were estimated for each HHRA potential exposure area and its associated receptors using the methods described above. A detailed description of the calculated risks/hazards, including the tables that provide the breakdown of risk/hazard by individual chemical and exposure pathway, is provided in the exposure area-specific appendices, which are provided as Appendices BCW through ICS, and summarized in Section 5.5.3 of the HHERA Report. It should be noted that risks/hazards calculated separately for individual AOCs are conservative and likely overestimate site risks/hazards.

The potential exposure areas for which estimated HIs  $\leq$  1 and ILCRs were at or below the *de minimis* point of departure for risk management of 1 x 10<sup>-6</sup> for cancer risk include BCWxSWMU1/TCS4, AOC 12, AOC 14, AOC 27, AOC 28, and AOC 31.

The estimated ILCRs and HIs for the hunter and tribal user were at or below *de minimis* levels for all potential exposure areas evaluated in the HHRA. In addition, the estimated ILCRs and HIs for the short-term maintenance worker were at or below *de minimis* levels for the ICS potential exposure area.

This section summarizes the results for the two most representative upper-bound potential exposure areas, which are the OCS and ICS potential exposure areas. The risks/hazards estimated for the OCS potential exposure area are believed to provide a more appropriate representation of the potential exposures for the human populations that could be present in the areas outside of TCS, which are maintenance workers, recreational users, and tribal users, than the risks/hazards estimated for individual AOCs/SWMU/UA potential exposure areas. In addition, potential risks/hazards for COPCs in soil in the NORR potential exposure area are estimated for hypothetical future residents, at the request of the agencies, although future unrestricted land use in this area is highly unlikely. The results of the HHRA for the OCS and ICS potential exposure areas support these findings.

# OCS Potential Exposure Area Conclusions

The tables in this section summarize the results of the HHRA for the OCS potential exposure area.

OCS Estimated Cumulative Incremental Lifetime Cancer Risk and Hazard Index for the OCS Potential Exposure Area

Potential Receptor	Estimated Cumulative ILCR less than or equal to 1x10 <sup>-6</sup>	Estimated Cumulative ILCR greater than 1x10-6 and less than or equal to 5x10-6	Estimated Cumulative ILCR greater than 5x10-6 and less than or equal to 1x10-5	Estimated Cumulative ILCR greater than 1x10 <sup>-5</sup> and less than or equal to 1x10 <sup>-4</sup>	Estimated Cumulative ILCR greater than 1x10 <sup>-4</sup>	Estimated HI less than or equal to 1	Estimated HI greater than 1
Short-Term Maintenance Worker		Yes (depth- and area- weighted)				Yes (depth- and area- weighted)	
Long-Term Maintenance Worker			Yes (area- weighted)	Yes (depth- weighted)		Yes (depth- and area- weighted)	
Camper		Yes (depth- and area- weighted)				Yes (depth- and area- weighted)	
Hiker		Yes (area- weighted)	Yes (depth- weighted)			Yes (depth- and area- weighted)	
Hunter	Yes (depth- and area- weighted)					Yes (depth- and area- weighted)	

Potential Receptor	Estimated Cumulative ILCR less than or equal to 1x10-6	Estimated Cumulative ILCR greater than 1x10-6 and less than or equal to 5x10-6	Estimated Cumulative ILCR greater than 5x10-6 and less than or equal to 1x10-5	Estimated Cumulative ILCR greater than 1x10 <sup>-5</sup> and less than or equal to 1x10 <sup>-4</sup>	Estimated Cumulative ILCR greater than 1x10 <sup>-4</sup>	Estimated HI less than or equal to 1	Estimated HI greater than 1
OHV Rider			Yes (depth- and area- weighted)			Yes (depth- and area- weighted)	
Tribal User	Yes (depth- and area- weighted)					Yes (depth- and area- weighted)	

# OCS Estimated Cumulative Incremental Lifetime Cancer Risk and Hazard Index for the NORR Potential Exposure Area

Potential Receptor	Estimated Cumulative ILCR less than or equal to 1x10-6	Estimated Cumulative ILCR greater than 1x10-6 and less than or equal to 5x10-6	Estimated Cumulative ILCR greater than 5x10-6 and less than or equal to 1x10-5	Estimated Cumulative ILCR greater than 1x10 <sup>-5</sup> and less than or equal to 1x10 <sup>-4</sup>	Estimated Cumulative ILCR greater than 1x10-4	Estimated HI less than or equal to 1	Estimated HI greater than 1
Hypothetical Future			Yes (area-	Yes (depth-		Yes (area-	Yes (depth-
Resident			weighted)	weighted)		weighted)	weighted)
Hypothetical Future Resident – Consumer of Home- Produced Food					Yes (depth- and area- weighted)		Yes (depth- and area- weighted)

- Noncancer His. His for maintenance workers, recreational users, and tribal users were all ≤ 1. Based on the results of the HHRA, the levels of COPCs in OCS soil are safe and protective of potential noncancer health effects for all receptors except the hypothetical residential user in NORR potential exposure area.
- <u>Lead</u>. The depth- and area-weighted EPCs for lead in the OCS potential exposure area are not expected to result in an increase in blood lead levels above the Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment's (OEHHA's) benchmark value of 1 microgram per liter (μg/dL) for child receptors or the fetus of any of the adult receptors evaluated. **Based on the results of the OCS HHRA, the levels of lead in soil are safe and protective of all potential receptors evaluated.**

- <u>Tribal User and Hunter</u>. Estimated lifetime cancer risks for tribal users and hunters were at or below de minimis levels. Based on the results of the HHRA, levels of COPCs in OCS soils are safe and protective of tribal users and hunters.
- Short-Term Maintenance Worker. The depth- and area-weighted estimated cumulative ILCRs for the short-term maintenance worker for the OCS potential exposure area are above 1 × 10<sup>-6</sup>, the point of departure for risk management decisions, but below 5 x 10<sup>-6</sup>; which is well within the risk-management range of 1 x 10<sup>-6</sup> and 1 x 10<sup>-4</sup>. Estimated ILCRs above 1 x 10<sup>-6</sup> are due primarily to hexavalent chromium via the inhalation of particulate pathway. However, with health and safety work practices in place that limit the amount of exposure to soil, estimated ILCRs for the short-term maintenance worker are overestimated and actual risks are likely at or below 1 x 10<sup>-6</sup>. In sum, the overall weight of evidence (WOE) supports that the levels of COPCs in OCS soils are safe and protective of short-term maintenance workers.
- Long-Term Maintenance Worker. The depth-weighted estimated cumulative ILCRs for the long-term maintenance worker for the OCS potential exposure area are above 1 × 10<sup>-6</sup>, the point of departure for risk management decisions, and slightly above 1 x 10<sup>-5</sup>. The area-weighted estimated cumulative ILCRs for the long-term maintenance worker for the OCS potential exposure area are at 1 x 10<sup>-5</sup>, which is well within the risk-management range of 1 x 10<sup>-6</sup> and 1 x 10<sup>-4</sup>. Estimated ILCRs above 1 x 10<sup>-6</sup> are due primarily to hexavalent chromium via the inhalation of particulate pathway. However, with health and safety work practices in place that limit the amount of exposure to soil, the estimated ILCRs for the long-term maintenance worker are overestimated and actual risks are likely below 1 x 10<sup>-5</sup> and well within the risk management range of 1 × 10<sup>-6</sup> and 1 × 10<sup>-4</sup>. In sum, the overall WOE supports that the levels of COPCs in OCS soils are safe and protective of the long-term maintenance worker.
- Recreational User Camper. The depth- and area-weighted estimated cumulative ILCRs for the camper for the OCS potential exposure area are slightly above 1 × 10-6, the point of departure for risk management decisions due primarily to hexavalent chromium and dioxin toxicity equivalent (TEQ) via the soil ingestion pathway. The ILCRs are within the risk-management range of 1 x 10-6 and 1 x 10-4. The results of the sensitivity analysis suggest that the majority of the depth- and area-weighted estimated ILCRs above 1 x 10-6 for campers exposed to soils in the OCS potential exposure area are attributed to elevated concentrations of hexavalent chromium and/or dioxin TEQ. Based on the results of the OCS HHRA for campers, risks are within the risk management range of 1 x 10-6 and 1 x 10-4. Some targeted form of risk management or remediation, addressing elevated levels of hexavalent chromium and dioxin TEQ in select locations, would be effective at reducing risks to levels below the CalEPA DTSC point of departure for excess ILCR of 1 x 10-6. No risk management or remediation would be necessary to reduce risks for the camper to levels below 1 x 10-5.
- Recreational User Hiker. The depth- and area-weighted estimated cumulative ILCRs for the hiker for the OCS potential exposure area are at or slightly above 5 × 10<sup>-6</sup>; due primarily to hexavalent chromium and dioxin TEQ via the ingestion pathway. These estimated ILCRs are above 1 × 10<sup>-6</sup>, the point of departure for risk management decisions, but within the risk-management range of 1 x 10<sup>-6</sup> and 1 x 10<sup>-4</sup>. The results of the sensitivity analysis suggest that the majority of the depth- and area-weighted estimated ILCRs above 1 x 10<sup>-6</sup> for hikers exposed to soils in the OCS potential exposure area are attributed to elevated concentrations of hexavalent chromium and/or dioxin TEQ. Based on the results of the OCS HHRA for hikers, risks are within the risk management range of 1 x 10<sup>-6</sup> and 1 x 10<sup>-4</sup>. Some targeted form of risk management or remediation, addressing elevated levels of hexavalent chromium and dioxin TEQ in select locations, would be effective at reducing risks to

levels below the CalEPA DTSC point of departure for excess ILCR of 1 x 10<sup>-6</sup>. No risk management or remediation would be necessary to reduce risks for the hiker to levels below 1 x 10<sup>-5</sup>.

- Recreational User OHV Rider. The depth- and area-weighted estimated cumulative ILCRs for the OHV rider for the OCS potential exposure area are at 1 x 10<sup>-5</sup> and above 5 × 10<sup>-6</sup>, respectively due primarily to hexavalent chromium via the inhalation particulate pathway and dioxin TEQ via the ingestion pathway. These estimated ILCRs are above 1 × 10<sup>-6</sup>, the point of departure for risk management decisions, but within the risk-management range of 1 x 10<sup>-6</sup> and 1 x 10<sup>-4</sup>. The results of the sensitivity analysis suggest that the majority of the depth- and area-weighted estimated ILCRs above 1 x 10<sup>-6</sup> for OHV riders exposed to soils in the OCS potential exposure area are attributed to elevated concentrations of hexavalent chromium and/or dioxin TEQ. Based on the results of the OCS HHRA for OHV riders, risks are within the risk management range of 1 x 10<sup>-6</sup> and 1 x 10<sup>-4</sup>. Some targeted form of risk management or remediation, addressing elevated levels of hexavalent chromium and dioxin TEQ in select locations, would TEQ would be effective at reducing risks to levels below the CalEPA DTSC point of departure for excess ILCR of 1 x 10<sup>-6</sup>. No risk management or remediation would be necessary to reduce risks for the OHV rider to levels below 1 x 10<sup>-5</sup>.
- Hypothetical Future Resident. The depth- and area-weighted estimated cumulative ILCRs and HIs associated with theoretical exposure to COPCs in soil and home-produced food in NORR potential exposure area for hypothetical future residents are above 1 × 10<sup>-6</sup>, the point of departure for risk management decisions and an HI of 1, respectively, due to hexavalent chromium, cobalt, total PCBs, dioxin TEQ, and/or TPHd. The estimated cumulative ILCRs associated with potential exposure to COPCs in soil and home-produced food are slightly above 1 x 10<sup>-5</sup> and at 1 x 10<sup>-3</sup>, respectively. Note that risks/hazards estimated for NORR potential exposure area are not considered representative of the realistic or likely potential exposures for the human populations that could be present in this area or anywhere at the site. Specifically, it is highly unlikely that any area of the site will ever be used for residential purposes. However, the hypothetical future unrestrictive residential scenario was evaluated for the NORR potential exposure area at the request of the DOI. The estimated risks and hazards presented for the hypothetical future resident in the NORR potential exposure area are provided for informational purposes only.

In sum, based on the results of the OCS HHRA, the levels of COPCs in OCS soils are safe and protective of short- and long-term maintenance workers, hunters, and tribal users.

**Recommendation for OCS:** Some targeted form of risk management or remediation, addressing elevated levels of hexavalent chromium and dioxin, would be effective at reducing risks for the campers, hikers and OHV riders to levels below 1 x 10<sup>-6</sup>, the point of departure for risk management decisions. No risk management or remediation would be necessary to reduce risks for the the campers, hikers and OHV riders to levels below 1 x 10<sup>-5</sup>. The estimated risks and hazards presented for the hypothetical future resident in the NORR potential exposure area are provided for informational purposes only. However, the hypothetical future residential land use is not a reasonable anticipated future land use for the NORR area.

#### ICS Potential Exposure Area

The table in this section summarizes the results of the HHRA for the ICS potential exposure area.

Estimated Cumulative Incremental Lifetime Cancer Risk and Hazard Index for the ICS Potential Exposure Area

Potential Receptor	Estimated Cumulative ILCR less than or equal to 1x10-6	Estimated Cumulative ILCR greater than 1x10-6 and less than or equal to 5x10-6	Estimated Cumulative ILCR greater than 5x10-6 and less than or equal to 1x10-5	Estimated Cumulative ILCR greater than 1x10 <sup>-5</sup> and less than or equal to 1x10 <sup>-4</sup>	Estimated Cumulative ILCR greater than 1x10-4	Estimated HI less than or equal to 1	Estimated HI greater than 1
0			Yes <sup>1</sup>			Yes 1	
Commercial			(depth-			(depth-	
Worker			and area- weighted)			and area- weighted)	
Short-Term	Yes					Yes	
Maintenance	(depth-					(depth-	
Worker	weighted)					weighted)	
Long-Term		Yes	Yes			Yes	
Maintenance		(area-	(depth-			(depth-	
Worker		weighted)	weighted)			and area-	
		oiginou)	oigi itou)			weighted)	

#### Note:

- <u>Noncancer HIs.</u> The depth- and area-weighted estimated cumulative HIs for commercial worker, short-term maintenance worker, and long-term maintenance worker for ICS potential exposure area are below an HI of 1. Based on the results of the ICS HHRA, the levels of the levels of COPCs in ICS soil are safe and protective of potential noncancer health effects for all worker receptors evaluated.
- <u>Lead.</u> The depth- and area-weighted EPCs for lead in ICS potential exposure area soils are not expected to result in an increase in blood lead levels above OEHHA's benchmark value of 1 μg/dL for the fetus of any of the workers. **Based on the results of the ICS HHRA**, the levels of lead in soil are safe and protective for all worker receptors evaluated.
- Commercial Worker. The depth- and area-weighted estimated cumulative ILCRs associated with potential exposure to COPCs in soil in the ICS potential exposure area for the commercial worker are above 1 x 10<sup>-6</sup>, the point of departure for risk management decisions, but at or below 1 × 10<sup>-5</sup> which is well within the risk management range of 1 x 10<sup>-6</sup> and 1 x 10<sup>-4</sup>. However, the active TCS facility has work practices in place that limit the amount of exposure to soil. The overly conservative assumption that all areas within the ICS potential exposure area are uncovered, overestimates ILCRs for the commercial worker and reasonable upper bound values are likely below 1 x 10<sup>-5</sup> and well within the risk management range of 1 × 10<sup>-6</sup> and 1 × 10<sup>-4</sup>. The estimated ILCRs and HIs associated with potential COPCs in soil gas in the ICS potential exposure area for commercial workers exposed via the inhalation of vapors in indoor air pathway is well below 1 x 10<sup>-6</sup> and an HI of 1, respectively. In sum, the overall WOE supports that the conditions at the facility and levels of COPCs in soils and soil gas in ICS are safe and protective of the commercial worker.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Represents the estimated cumulative ILCR and HI for the commercial worker associated with COPCs in soil and soil gas.

- Short-Term Maintenance Worker. The depth-weighted estimated cumulative ILCRs associated with potential exposure to COPCs in soil in ICS potential exposure areas for the short-term maintenance worker are below 1 x 10<sup>-6</sup>, the point of departure for risk management decisions. Based on the results of the ICS HHRA, levels of COPCs in ICS soils are safe and protective of short-term maintenance workers.
- Long-Term Maintenance Worker. The depth- and area-weighted estimated cumulative ILCRs associated with potential exposure to COPCs in soil in ICS potential exposure areas for the long-term maintenance worker are above 1 x 10<sup>-6</sup>, the point of departure for risk management decisions, but at or below 1 × 10<sup>-5</sup> which is well within the risk management range of 1 x 10<sup>-6</sup> and 1 x 10<sup>-4</sup>. However, with work practices in place that limit the amount of exposure to soil and the overly conservative assumption that all areas within the ICS potential exposure area are uncovered, estimated ILCRs for the long-term maintenance worker are overestimated and likely well below 1 x 10<sup>-5</sup> and well within the risk management range of 1 × 10<sup>-6</sup> and 1 × 10<sup>-4</sup>. Based on the results of the ICS HHRA, the overall WOE supports that the levels of COPCs in soils ICS are safe and protective of the long-term maintenance worker.

# ES.5.4 HHRA Uncertainty Analysis

Many of the assumptions used in this HHRA are conservative, including representativeness of the sampling data, human exposures, fate and transport modeling, and chemical toxicity. Following agency guidance, the assumptions used reflect a 90th or 95th percentile UCL value, rather than a typical or average value. By using multiple conservative exposure assumptions or toxicity estimates, the risk estimates likely develop a conservative bias that may result in significant overestimation of potential risk and hazard.

In addition, as recommended by DOI (Arcadis 2015), it is assumed that each of the recreational activities could take place at any location on federal land. In reality, specific locations may be preferred for certain activities, while other locations may be less attractive or may have limited recreational options. No physical barrier (such as fencing) is present that would stop an individual recreational user from accessing any and all areas of the AOCs outside the TCS. Therefore, potential receptor populations would more likely be exposed randomly, over the course of a lifetime, to soils present across the OCS potential exposure area, rather than have a lifetime of contact limited to a potential exposure area based on an individual AOC (as evaluated in the area-specific appendices at the request of DTSC). Therefore, risk and/or hazards presented for individual potential exposure areas are not believed to be the most representative of the estimated health risks to humans potentially contacting the soil outside the TCS and are not recommended for remedial decision making. Section 5.6 of the HHERA Report discusses the uncertainties in the HHRA.

# ES.6 Ecological Risk Assessment

A Phase I Predictive ERA was completed for the site and includes ERAs for 17 individual potential ecological exposure areas, which were evaluated for the ecological communities and small home-range wildlife receptors (Figure 3-3), and large home-range wildlife receptors (Figure 3-4b) listed in the table titled Potential Ecological Exposure Areas Evaluated in the ERA.

Potential Ecological Exposure Areas Evaluated in the Ecological Risk Assessment

Potential Ecological	Final protection than Facility is all Dials Assessment
Exposure Areas	Evaluated in the Ecological Risk Assessment
Potential Terrestrial Exposure (Soil) for Plants, Soil Invertebrates, and Small Home- Range Wildlife Receptors (mammals and birds)	<ul> <li>BCW</li> <li>SWMU 1</li> <li>BCW excluding SWMU 1 and AOC 4</li> <li>AOC 4</li> <li>AOC 9</li> <li>AOC 10</li> <li>AOC 11</li> <li>AOC 12</li> <li>AOC 14</li> <li>AOC 27</li> <li>AOC 28</li> <li>AOC 31</li> </ul>
	• UA-2
	Tamarisk Thicket
Potential Terrestrial Exposures (Soil) for Large Home-Range Wildlife Receptors (mammals and birds)	<ul> <li>OCS</li> <li>BCW and AOC 4</li> <li>OCS excluding BCW and AOC 4</li> </ul>

The overall goal of the ERA is to estimate potential unacceptable risk to potential ecological receptors from exposure to COPECs in soil. The results of the risk assessment also provide key information that assists risk managers with making site management and remedial decisions protective of ecological receptors.

#### **ES.6.1** Problem Formulation

A problem formulation step was completed to identify societal or regulatory goals and assessment endpoints to evaluate potential impact to ecological populations from site constituents. The problem formulation relies on data collected during site investigations and incorporates features of the ecological setting, evaluation of the complete pathways in the CSM, and selection of the assessment and measurement endpoints.

# ES.6.1.1 Ecological Conceptual Site Model

The ecological CSM is the framework for relating potential ecological receptors to chemically affected media and evaluating the potentially complete exposure pathways.

The primary terrestrial potential exposure pathways for soil are direct contact or incidental ingestion of surface soil (0 to 0.5 foot bgs), shallow soil (0 to 3 feet bgs), and subsurface I soil (0 to 6 feet bgs)<sup>1</sup> and, for mammals and birds, uptake and subsequent ingestion of constituents in biota. Potential receptors evaluated include plants, soil invertebrates, birds, and mammals. Reptiles, while common in the Mojave Desert, were not evaluated quantitatively in the ERA because methods to evaluate exposure and toxicity to these receptors are generally unavailable. However, it was assumed that conservative assumptions used in the evaluation of risks for other species are protective of reptiles as well.

# ES.6.1.2 Assessment and Measurement Endpoints

Assessment endpoints, which define the valued ecological resource (that is, ecological entity) and a characteristic of the resource to protect (that is, attributes), and measurement endpoints (measurable ecological characteristics that are related to the assessment endpoint) for each indicator receptor were selected in the RAWP documents (Arcadis 2008a, 2009a, 2015) and are presented in Table 6-1. The assessment endpoints included sufficient rates of survival, growth, and reproduction to sustain communities of plants and soil invertebrates and populations of mammals and birds.

# **ES.6.2** Exposure Assessment

The exposure assessment was completed to estimate exposure concentrations or doses based on receptor contact with COPECs in the potential exposure areas for the assumed complete and significant exposure pathways described in the CSM. The exposure assessment identified the assumptions necessary to estimate direct exposure EPCs (that is, soil concentrations) and EPCs used as the basis for estimating bioaccumulation and subsequent exposure of upper trophic-level receptors (that is, soil and biota tissue EPCs).

## ES.6.2.1 Exposure Point Concentrations and Exposure Depths

The EPC is the representative concentration of a constituent in an environmental medium that is potentially contacted by the receptor (USEPA 1997). During the ERA, soil EPCs were estimated for each individual potential exposure area, as described above in Section ES.4. Biota tissue EPCs were calculated from soil EPCs using soil-to-biota uptake relationships for plants, invertebrates, and small mammals selected in the RAWP documents (Arcadis 2008a, 2009a, 2015).

As described in the CSM, potential receptor exposure to soil varies by receptor type. The ERA evaluated up to three relevant exposure depths for direct contact/incidental ingestion and biota uptake of soil for each receptor. The soil depths evaluated included surface soil (0 to 0.5 foot bgs), shallow soil (0 to 3 feet bgs), and subsurface I soil (0 to 6 feet bgs). EPCs were developed for each soil exposure interval for each potential exposure area. Ecological receptors were evaluated for potential exposure to soil, as listed in the table titled Soil Uptake Evaluations.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Subsurface soil exposure intervals are defined as subsurface I soil (0 to 6 feet bgs) and subsurface II soil (0 to 10 feet bgs). Subsurface soil II is considered in the human health risk assessment only.

#### **Soil Uptake Evaluations**

Exposure	Soil Uptake Evaluations	
Assumed Direct Contact / Incidental	Plants – based on the highest EPCs from surface, shallow, and subsurface I soil	
Ingestion	Soil invertebrates – based on surface soil EPCs	
	Granivorous, insectivorous, carnivorous birds, and invertivorous small mammals (non-burrowing) – EPCs from surface soil	
	Granivorous and carnivorous mammals (burrowing) – EPCs based on the highest EPCs from surface, shallow, and subsurface I soil	
	Herbivorous mammals (Nelson's desert bighorn sheep) – although not a burrowing receptor, soil EPCs based on the highest EPCs from surface, shallow, and subsurface I soil were conservatively selected for this special-status receptor	
Assumed Biota Uptake	Plant tissue as food – based on the highest EPCs from surface, shallow, and subsurface I soil	
	Soil invertebrate tissue as prey – based on surface soil EPCs	
	Small mammal tissue as prey – based on surface soil EPCs	

Additionally, EPCs for the soil exposure intervals were estimated for scouring scenarios in BCW and AOC 10 in the table titled EPCs for Soil Exposure Intervals for Scouring Scenarios.

**EPCs for Soil Exposure Intervals for Scouring Scenarios** 

Baseline Scenario	2-foot Scouring	5-foot Scouring
Surface soil (0 to 0.5 foot bgs)	Surface soil (2 to 3 feet bgs)	Surface soil (5 to 6 feet bgs)
Shallow soil (0 to 3 feet bgs)	Shallow soil (2 to 6 feet bgs)	Shallow soil (5 to 10 feet bgs)
Subsurface I soil (0 to 6 feet bgs)	Subsurface I soil (2 to 10 feet bgs)	Subsurface I soil (5 to 15 feet bgs)

# ES.6.2.2 Exposure Concentrations and Exposure Dose Models

For ecological communities (plants and soil invertebrates), potential exposures are expressed as soil concentrations, in units of milligram per kilogram (mg/kg) or nanogram per kilogram (ng/kg).

For potential wildlife receptors (mammals and birds), route-specific and food-web or dietary exposure models were used to estimate exposure doses in milligram per kilogram body weight per day (mg/kg-bw/day). To calculate exposure doses for wildlife receptors, soil data and receptor-specific parameters were used in the dose equations.

Consistent with DTSC guidance (1996), modelled exposure doses were estimated using both the maximum and 95UCL concentrations for each COPEC in soil. In most cases, an area-weighted 95UCL was also used to refine exposure doses when data were sufficient for that calculation. Risk estimates are presented for all EPC scenarios, however, risk conclusions presented in the ERA rely predominately on the exposure doses using an area-weighted 95UCL, as they are more resistant to sampling bias potentially present using depthweighted EPCs.

For dietary dose modeling, species-specific values used for the terrestrial receptors were selected, and include body weight, dietary composition, ingestion rate, and home range. For terrestrial birds and mammals, risks were evaluated using two site-specific use factor (SUF) scenarios: a generic SUF of 1 and a SUF based on a species- and site-specific home range (referred to as the site-specific SUF for simplicity) compared to the total area of each exposure area. For each area, COPECs with HQs greater than 1 using the depth-weighted EPCs were identified for further evaluation using refined exposure and effects assumptions, including site-specific SUFs. For ecological receptor populations exposed to COPECs in soil, risk conclusions were ultimately characterized based on HQs that were calculated using refined exposure and effects assumptions associated with a higher level of confidence in predicting risks (area-weighted EPCs, site-specific SUF, and selected TRVs) and supporting lines of evidence (LOEs). To estimate bioaccumulation in animal tissue or uptake into plants soil-to-biota uptake factors were developed as either regression equations or bioaccumulation factors (BAFs). Uptake regressions and BAFs that were selected in the RAWP (Arcadis 2008a) and technical memoranda (Arcadis 2007, 2008b, 2009b) were used to estimate concentrations of COPECs in biota and food item tissue (that is, prey) from soil.

For dioxin TEQ, the selected BAFs are based on uptake of a single congener: 2,3,7,8- tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin (2,3,7,8-TCDD). Because of the uncertainty associated with use of a single congener based BAF to estimate uptake for all 17 dioxin/furan congeners included in the dioxin TEQ mixture, dioxin TEQ uptake was evaluated using two congener-specific BAF approaches. Although the uptake regression for dioxin TEQ (based on 2,3,7,8-TCDD uptake) was used to estimate risk (that is, to calculate hazard quotients [HQs]) to potential ecological receptors at the site, the alternate and more robust BAFs approaches for dioxin TEQ based on congener-specific uptake are recommended for developing risk-based remediation goals (RBRGs) when considering risk management decisions.

#### ES.6.3 Effects Assessment

For the ERA, media-based screening levels for ecological communities of plants and soil invertebrates and dose-based toxicity reference values (TRVs) for wildlife (mammals and birds) were selected in the RAWP documents (Arcadis 2008a, 2009a, 2015) with review and/or input from the DTSC and USFWS. Screening levels and TRVs were updated with current values since the submission of the RAWP (Arcadis 2008a) and are presented in Table 6-6 of the HHERA Report.

For plants and soil invertebrates, screening levels are generic benchmarks obtained from publicly available guidance documents and other sources commonly used in ERAs.

For wildlife, range of risks were estimated using the no-observed adverse effects level (NOAEL)-based TRVs and lowest-observed adverse effects level (LOAEL)-based TRVs presented in the RAWP (Arcadis 2008a) and supporting technical memoranda (Arcadis 2007, 2008b, 2009b). These selected TRVs were primarily based on the TRVs used to develop USEPA's Ecological Soil Screening Levels (EcoSSLs; (USEPA 2008); other sources included the Toxicological Benchmarks for Wildlife from the Oak Ridge National Laboratory (Sample et al. 1996) and the USEPA Region 6's ERA Guidance (USEPA 1999). In addition, a second set of NOAEL- and LOAEL-TRVs based on the Navy/Biological Technical Assistance Group (BTAG) TRVs (California DTSC 2002, 2009b) were also used for COPECs, where available. Following DTSC guidance (1996, 2000), TRVs were adjusted when the differences in body weight between the site-specific potential wildlife receptor and the laboratory animals used in the studies to develop the TRVs were significant (greater than two orders of magnitude).

No avian TRVs were proposed in the RAWP documents (Arcadis 2008a, 2009a, 2015) to evaluate potential risk to birds from hexavalent chromium at the site, as published TRVs were unavailable. Avian NOAEL- and LOAEL-based TRVs for hexavalent chromium were developed for the ERA (2.5 mg/kg-bw/day and 25

mg/kg-bw/day, respectively), based on a literature search for recent studies. Uncertainty associated with these TRVs is discussed in Section 6.7.5 of the HHERA Report.

For dioxin TEQ, the selected mammalian and avian TRVs for the ERA were based on TRVs presented in the RAWP documents (Arcadis 2008a, 2009a, 2015), and are based on the lowest available TRVs. Following the approach used by USEPA in developing TRVs for the EcoSSLs (USEPA 2008), alternate and more robust dioxin TEQ TRVs were developed for mammals and birds based the geometric mean of the reproduction and growth endpoints for the NOAEL and LOAEL effect levels, respectively. Although the dioxin TEQ TRVs selected in the RAWP (Arcadis 2008a) were used to estimate risk (that is, to calculate HQs) to potential ecological receptors at the site, the alternate and more robust TRVs for dioxin TEQ based on more recent data are recommended for developing RBRGs when considering risk management decisions.

#### ES.6.4 Risk Characterization

The ERA risk characterization integrated the results of the exposure assessment and toxicity assessment and includes two major components: risk estimation and risk description. Following the approach described in the RAWP documents (Arcadis 2008a, 2009a, 2015), HQs were estimated for each potential receptor population in each potential exposure area using EPCs for each COPEC and appropriate soil exposure depth.

HQs only account for a single LOE. Following USEPA guidance (1998) guidance, risk estimates for each potential receptor and COPEC within a potential exposure area were interpreted based on a semi-quantitative WOE approach using multiple LOE. LOE could include but are not limited to the following: supporting statistical and site use information (such as the frequency of detection [FOD]), basis of the exposure concentrations (maximum versus 95UCL), confidence in the toxicity values, the direction of uncertainty in the risk estimates, consideration of special-status species at the site, and spatial extent of elevated concentrations. The WOE assessment, including the HQs based on the most refined exposure assumptions (area-weighted EPC and site-specific SUF) and supporting LOE, was used to evaluate the assessment endpoints, reduce uncertainty, and ultimately draw risk conclusions. These components comprise the risk description.

# ES.6.4.1 Approach

Risks to potential ecological receptors from COPECs in soil were estimated for all 17 potential ecological exposure areas by calculating HQs for each receptor and COPEC. For plants and soil invertebrates, risks (HQs) were estimated by comparing the soil EPCs for each COPEC with respective screening levels and these HQs were compared to the target HQ of 1. For wildlife, HQs are an expression of the ratio of an exposure estimated dose (ADDt) to an effects dose (that is, TRV). ADDt for indicator species were compared to the NOAEL-based (low) and LOAEL-based (high) TRVs, and these HQs were compared to the target HQ of 1.

For wildlife, HQs represent potential risk to individual receptors and potential risk to populations must be extrapolated from these HQ values following a standard HQ equation (USEPA 1997). For wildlife, risks were estimated using a generic SUF of 1 and also using site-specific SUFs. Following the RAWP (Arcadis 2008a), area-weighted EPCs were calculated only if risks based on depth-weighted EPCs suggested potential risk to ecological receptors (that is, HQ greater than 1 for any COPEC).

The ERAs for each potential ecological exposure area are presented in detail in the exposure area-specific appendices, including risk calculations based on depth-weighted and area-weighted EPCs (when calculated)

for all COPECs, and the WOE conclusions. At the conclusion of each potential exposure area ERA, risk drivers were identified based on those COPECs for which unacceptable community/population level risk (that is, HQs greater than 1 for plants and soil invertebrate communities and LOAEL-based HQs for wildlife populations [or LOAEL-based HQs greater than 10 for dioxin TEQ]) was predicted using the most refined exposure and effects assumptions (which are selected TRVs, area-weighted EPCs, and site-specific SUF) and additional supporting LOE. For T&E species and other species of concern observed onsite (ring-tail cat and bats, respectively), a qualitative assessment was completed based on surrogate and representative receptors.

#### ES.6.4.2 Results of the ERA

As noted above, risk conclusions are based on HQs calculated using refined exposure and effects assumptions associated with a higher level of confidence in predicting risks (area-weighted EPCs, site-specific SUF, and selected TRVs) and the supporting LOEs. The HQs, LOEs, and risk conclusions are summarized in Table 6-11 of the HHERA Report (see exposure area-specific appendices for details).

In summary, based on the WOE approach, there were no potentially unacceptable risks identified for T&E species potentially present at the site. In addition, no potentially unacceptable risk was identified for most ecological receptors, including granivorous small mammals, small home range birds, and all large home range receptors, for any of the potential exposure areas evaluated.

The potential for unacceptable risk was identified only for three ecological receptors in four potential exposure areas located along the TCS fenceline. These potential exposure areas, risk-driving COPECs, and potential receptors are presented in the table titled Potential Exposure Areas, Risk-Driving COPECs, and Potential Receptors and summarized in the following sections.

Potential Exposure Areas, Risk-Driving COPECs, and Potential Receptors

Exposure Area	Risk Driver	Plants	Invertebrates	Shrew
BCW	Dioxin TEQ	No	No	Yes
SWMU1	Hexavalent Chromium	Yes	Yes	No
SWMU1	Total Chromium	No	Yes	Yes
SWMU1	Dioxin TEQ	No	No	Yes
AOC9	Hexavalent Chromium	Yes	Yes	No
AOC9	Total Chromium	No	Yes	Yes
AOC9	Copper	Yes	Yes	Yes
AOC9	Dioxin TEQ	No	No	Yes
AOC 10	Hexavalent Chromium	Yes	Yes	No
AOC 10	Total Chromium	No	Yes	No
AOC 10	Dioxin TEQ	No	No	Yes

For ecological communities of plants and soil invertebrates, only generic risk-based screening levels were available to estimate HQs. As discussed in Section 6.7, screening levels for the risk-driving COPECs are

often below BTVs and there is low confidence in their ability to predict risk at the site. The screening levels are published values based on toxicity data that have limited relevance for the site and are designed for use in conservative screening level risk assessments and for site-characterization purposes. Therefore, use of these generic screening levels can result in significant uncertainty in the risk estimates. For plants, observations of plant communities made during floristic surveys were also used as a key LOE.

#### **BCW**

For the baseline scenario, and based on a WOE approach, no potentially unacceptable risk was identified for: plants, soil invertebrates, granivorous mammals and birds, or insectivorous birds. Area-weighted HQs for plants and soil invertebrates and LOAEL-based HQs for wildlife were greater than 1 for some COPECs and receptors; however, the WOE supports the conclusion that unacceptable risk is unlikely for: antimony and thallium for plants; hexavalent chromium and total chromium for soil invertebrates; total chromium, mercury, and dioxin TEQ for cactus wren; antimony for desert shrew; and dioxin TEQ for Merriam's kangaroo rat. Potential for unacceptable risk was identified only for dioxin TEQ for invertivorous mammals (desert shrew) with risk-driving locations primarily within SWMU 1 in the BCW potential exposure area.

The risk conclusions for the 2-foot scouring scenario are similar to the baseline scenario, with the same risk drivers and associated receptors showing potentially unacceptable risk. In the 5-foot scouring scenario, the potential for unacceptable risk to desert shrew is no longer present, indicating that the concentrations of concern for dioxin TEQ are not within the surface soil interval following scouring (5 to 5.5 feet bgs) evaluated in this scenario.

As discussed previously, SWMU 1 is located within the BCW potential exposure area. The ERA conducted for the BCW excluding SWMU 1 and TCS-4 (BCWxSWMU1) potential exposure area identified no potentially unacceptable risk for any receptor or COPEC evaluated. This supports the observation that the potentially unacceptable risks identified for BCW were due to COPEC concentrations present in SWMU 1 soil.

#### SWMU 1

For the baseline scenario, and based on a WOE approach, no potentially unacceptable risk was identified for granivorous mammals and birds, or insectivorous birds. Unacceptable risks were driven by: hexavalent chromium for plants; hexavalent chromium and total chromium for soil invertebrates; and total chromium and dioxin TEQ for invertivorous mammals (desert shrew).

#### AOC 9

For the baseline scenario, and based on a WOE approach, no potentially unacceptable risk was identified for granivorous mammals and birds, or insectivorous birds. Potentially unacceptable risks were driven by: hexavalent chromium and copper for plants; hexavalent chromium, total chromium, and copper for soil invertebrates; and total chromium, copper, and dioxin TEQ for invertivorous mammals (desert shrew) at locations along the TCS fenceline.

# **AOC 10**

For the baseline scenario, and based on a WOE approach, no potentially unacceptable risk was identified for granivorous mammals and birds, or insectivorous birds. Potentially unacceptable risks were identified for: hexavalent chromium for plants; hexavalent chromium and total chromium for soil invertebrates; and dioxin TEQ for invertivorous mammals (desert shrew). Elevated concentrations of hexavalent chromium and dioxin TEQ are present in a few locations, primarily located within the drainage depressions (which are subareas AOC10b, c, and d) behind the berms at AOC 10. The risk conclusions are similar for the 2-foot scouring scenario, although total chromium also was noted as a risk driver for the desert shrew in the 2-foot scouring

scenario. For the 5-foot scouring scenario, potential for unacceptable risk was identified only for dioxin TEQ and the desert shrew.

# **ES.6.5 ERA Uncertainty Analysis**

Sources of uncertainty that influenced the ERA risk characterization included uncertainties in the analytical results, data evaluation, problem formulation, CSM, exposure point concentrations, exposure assessment, effects assessment, and interpretation of the risk estimates. Because of these approaches and other protective assumptions made throughout the ERAs, risk estimates are expected to be overestimated rather than underestimated.

Similar to the uncertainties in the HHRA, many of these sources of uncertainty are generic in nature and inherent in the risk assessment process. Site-specific uncertainties are also discussed.

# ES.7 Conclusions and Recommendations

This section summarizes the conclusions of the HHRA and ERA for COPCs/COPECs in soil at the site and provides recommendations for constituents of concern (COCs) to be addressed in the Soil Corrective Measure Study/Feasibility Study (CMS/FS). For purposes of this HHERA, COCs refers to those chemicals that most significantly contribute to estimates of unacceptable risk (also referred to as 'risk drivers') and that are recommended to be the focus of future remedial planning.

#### ES.7.1 HHRA Conclusions and Recommendations

The results of the HHRA for the OCS and ICS potential exposure areas support the following findings:

#### Conclusions for the HHRA

- The depth- and area-weighted EPCs for lead in all potential exposure areas evaluated are not expected to result in an increase in blood lead levels above the OEHHA benchmark value of 1 µg/dL for child receptors or the fetus of any of the adult receptors evaluated. Based on the results of the HHRA, the levels of lead in soil are safe and protective for all potential receptors evaluated.
- The HHRA results for the ICS potential exposure area support that the levels of COPCs in ICS soil and/or soil gas are safe and protective of commercial and short- and long-term maintenance workers for current and anticipated future operational conditions and practices.
- While AOC-specific evaluations provide useful information regarding limited areas or areas of highest impact, they are not suitable as the sole basis for the conclusions of the HHRA or risk management decisions going forward. Assuming lifetime soil contact is limited to these specific individual potential exposure areas is not representative of either the potential receptors evaluated, or the likely future land use for the site.
- The OCS potential exposure area is considered the most representative baseline scenario for
  potential human exposures and associated risks for soil contact outside TCS. Human populations
  that could be present at the site would more likely be exposed randomly, over the course of a lifetime, to
  soil present in all areas located outside the TCS, rather than have a lifetime of contact limited to a single
  AOC/SWMU/UA.

- HIs for maintenance workers, recreational users, and tribal users were all ≤ 1 for both depth- and areaweighted EPCs for the OCS potential exposure area. Based on the results of the HHRA, the levels of COPCs in OCS soil are safe and protective of potential noncancer health effects.
- Estimated lifetime cancer risks for tribal users and hunters were at or below de minimis levels for the
  OCS potential exposure area. Based on the results of the HHRA, levels of COPCs in soil are safe
  and protective of tribal users and hunters.
- The HHRA results of the OCS potential exposure area support that the levels of COPCs in OCS soil
  are safe and protective of short- and long-term maintenance workers for current and anticipated
  future operational conditions and practices.
- For all potential human receptors evaluated, COPCs in soil driving risks or hazards above *de minimis* levels are hexavalent chromium and dioxin TEQ, located predominately in the top 3 feet of soil. Soil risk drivers appear to be predominately located in SWMU 1/TCS 4 and AOC 9.
- The ILCR and HI estimates for the hypothetical future resident are likely highly overestimated. Multiple conservative factors contributing to this overestimation include: the use of maximum depth-weighted concentrations to estimate exposure to PCBs and TPH as diesel and several conservative assumptions associated with food uptake modeling for hexavalent chromium and TPH as diesel.
- The hypothetical future resident is not representative of likely future land use on DOI land or other areas of the site. This evaluation is included in the HHRA for informational purposes only. As stated in DOI (2015) Land Use Memo, "DOI will not utilize a future residential scenario on Federal lands within the project area when evaluating cleanup options in the Feasibility Study phase."

#### Recommendations for the HHRA

- For this HHRA, the OCS potential exposure area evaluation is the most representative scenario for the basis of HHRA conclusions and recommendations for the protection and safety of potential human receptors outside the fenceline.
- Based on the estimated cumulative ILCRs calculated for the HHRA, for the protection of human health,
   COPCs to be carried forward for developing RBRGs for soil are hexavalent chromium and dioxin TEQ.
- RBRGs for the potential recreational users are the most appropriate benchmarks for the protection of human health and associated risk management decisions going forward.
- Risks are within the risk management range of 1 x 10<sup>-6</sup> and 1 x 10<sup>-4</sup>. Within this estimated cancer risk range, there is flexibility for risk managers in deciding what action, if any, is necessary and appropriate for the protection of human health. This approach to response actions at the site is consistent with the NCP (40 CFR 300). Some targeted form of risk management or remediation, addressing elevated soil levels of hexavalent chromium and dioxin TEQ would be effective at reducing risks for the potential camper, hiker, and OHV rider to levels below the CalEPA DTSC point of departure for excess ILCR of 1 x 10<sup>-6</sup>. No risk management or remediation would be necessary to reduce risks for the potential camper, hiker and OHV rider to levels below 1 x 10<sup>-5</sup>.

## **ES.7.2** ERA Conclusions and Recommendations

Potential for unacceptable risk was identified for a certain few receptors (plants, soil invertebrates, and invertivorous small mammals) based on estimated exposure to a small number of COPECs (primarily hexavalent chromium, total chromium, dioxin TEQ) in three potential exposure areas near the TCS:

SWMU1, AOC9, and AOC10. Potentially unacceptable risk to invertivorous small mammal populations from risk drivers at BCW is due to elevated concentrations within the SWMU 1 potential exposure area. Copper was also identified as a risk driving COPEC for plants, soil invertebrates, and invertivorous small mammals in the AOC 9 potential exposure area. The risk driving COPECs are associated with known historical site releases and/or activities at or adjacent to the TCS (Section 2 of the HHERA Report).

Potential for unacceptable risk was not expected (based on HQs less than 1) or considered unlikely (based on the WOE) for all other potential receptors including granivorous small mammals, small home range birds, and all large home range receptors. Additionally, unacceptable risk was not expected or was considered unlikely in all remaining potential exposure areas more distant from the TCS. Based on the conservative assumptions incorporated in ERA, these risk conclusions likely overestimate potential for unacceptable risk at the site.

Some targeted form of risk management or remediation, addressing elevated concentrations of the following risk drivers in the following potential exposure areas would be effective at reducing potential exposures and thus risks to acceptable levels:

- Dioxin TEQ in SWMU1 Targeted soil remediation for these risk drivers would be effective at reducing
  potential exposures and thus risks to acceptable levels within BCW (the potential exposure area
  considered to be the reasonable exposure area for receptor populations [and not SWMU 1]).
- Hexavalent chromium, total chromium, copper, and dioxin TEQ in AOC 9 Targeted soil remediation
  for these risk drivers at locations along the TCS fenceline would be effective at reducing potential
  exposures and thus risks to acceptable levels within AOC 9.
- Hexavalent chromium, total chromium, and dioxin TEQ in AOC 10 Targeted soil remediation for these
  risk drivers at locations within the AOC10c subarea (which is the drainage depression behind the middle
  berm in East Ravine), would be effective at reducing potential exposures and thus risks to desert shrew
  (which is an invertivorous small mammal) to acceptable levels within AOC 10.

# ES.8 Risk-Based Remedial Goals for Risk Drivers

As stated in the RAWP (Arcadis 2008a), risk management decisions to be made in the CMS/FS step of the regulatory process will be focused on COPCs/COPECs that contribute most significantly to risk and/or that exceed *de minimis* risk levels for soil for the potential receptors being evaluated (that is, COCs). RBRGs are concentrations at or below which COCs do not present potentially unacceptable risk to human health and ecological receptors. These values can be used in upcoming remedial planning including the CMS/FS to identify those COCs and areas of the site that may warrant some form of remedial or risk management action. RBRGs are proposed health protective target cleanup concentrations that can be used, in combination with other factors such as background concentrations, as a starting point for making risk management decisions. Consistent with the HHERA approach, RBRGs are applied based on the potential exposure area of interest (that is, the 95UCL for the exposure area should be less than or equal to the RBRG).

## ES.8.1 Human Health RBRGs

RBRGs were calculated for hexavalent chromium and dioxin TEQ, those compounds driving cancer risk estimates to greater than *de minimis* levels for the camper, hiker, and OHV rider exposure scenarios.

# ES.8.1.1 Methodology and Calculated RBRG Values

The methodology used to develop the RBRGs for the COPCs in soil at the site is based on USEPA and CalEPA guidance and the specific equations provided in the guidance documents (USEPA 1989, 1991; DTSC 1992, 2015). Exposure, transport, and toxicity assumptions remain unchanged from those described and used in the HHRA risk characterization (Section 5.0). Rearranging the equations used to estimate the ILCRs and noncancer hazards and using the CalEPA DTSC point of departure for the target ILCR of 1×10<sup>-6</sup> (and 1 x 10<sup>-5</sup> for dioxin TEQ) and the target noncancer HQ of 1, the concentration of each risk driver associated with the target ILCR and HQ levels was determined. Note that as indicated in the NCP (40 CFR 300), cancer risks between 1 x 10<sup>-6</sup> and 1 x 10<sup>-4</sup> fall within a risk management range. This is generally referred to as the acceptable risk range. Within this estimated cancer risk range, there is flexibility for risk managers in deciding what action, if any, is necessary and appropriate for the protection of human health. The CalEPA DTSC point of departure for excess incremental lifetime cancer risk is 1 x 10-6, and risk management decisions may raise the target criterion above 1×10<sup>-6</sup> depending on site specific conditions.

RBRGs protective of potential human receptors are summarized in the table titled Risk-Based Remediation Goals Protective of Potential Human Receptors. RBRGs are a tool and not intended as a "bright line" for remediation.

Risk Drivers for Potential Recreational Users	Human Health RBRG	RBRG Basis
CrVI	3.1 mg/kg	OHV rider at 1 x 10 <sup>-6</sup> risk
CrVI	31 mg/kg	OHV rider at 1 x 10 <sup>-5</sup> risk
CrVI	310 mg/kg	OHV rider at 1 x 10 <sup>-4</sup> risk
Dioxin TEQ	100 ng/kg	Hiker at 1 x 10 <sup>-6</sup> risk
Dioxin TEQ	1,000 ng/kg	Hiker at 1 x 10 <sup>-5</sup> risk
Dioxin TEQ	10,000 ng/kg	Hiker at 1 x 10 <sup>-4</sup> risk

# ES.8.1.2 Locations Driving Risk for the HHRA

The following discussion of the locations driving risk for the HHRA OCS potential exposure area is provided as an example of one method that can be used to apply the RBRGs and assist with identifying remedial design possibilities. This is not intended to substitute for actual remedial design and comprises part of the set of tools available to risk managers to make site-specific decisions regarding risk.

The lowest recreational user RBRGs for hexavalent chromium and dioxin TEQ are 3.1 mg/kg (for OHV rider at 1 x 10<sup>-6</sup> risk level) and 0.00010 mg/kg (or 100 ng/kg; for hiker at 1 x 10<sup>-6</sup> risk level), respectively (Table 8-1). Depth-weighted concentrations of the risk drivers, hexavalent chromium and dioxin TEQ, were ranked and the highest concentrations were iteratively removed from the baseline soil dataset. Then residual depth-weighted EPCs were calculated for the 0- to 0.5-foot bgs and 0- to 3-foot bgs exposure depths and compared with respective RBRGs. This process was repeated until the resulting residual depth-weighted 95UCL for the OCS potential exposure area was at or below the RBRG. To achieve this outcome, the following soil locations were identified as driving risks. When they were removed, the RBRG was achieved by the 95UCL for the remaining data.

#### SWMU 1

SWMU1-25 to meet the RBRG of 100 ng/kg for dioxin TEQ based on target cancer risk of 1 x 10<sup>-6</sup> for both the 0- to 0.5-foot bgs and 0- to 3-foot bgs exposure depths; no sample data needs to be removed to meet the RBRG of 1,000 ng/kg for dioxin TEQ based on target cancer risk of 1 x 10<sup>-5</sup> for both the 0- to 0.5-foot bgs and 0- to 3-foot bgs exposure depths.

#### AOC 9

- AOC10-20 to meet the RBRG of 3.1 mg/kg for hexavalent chromium for both the 0- to 0.5-foot bgs and 0- to 3-foot bgs exposure depths
- #10 to meet the RBRG of 3.1 mg/kg for hexavalent chromium for the 0- to 3-foot bgs exposure depth.

#### AOC 10

 MW-58BR\_S to meet the RBRG of 3.1 mg/kg for hexavalent chromium for the 0- to 3-foot bgs exposure depth.

# ES.8.2 Ecological RGRGs

The ERA identified the following risk drivers and potential exposure areas as presenting an unacceptable risk to one or more potential ecological receptors:

- BCW (baseline) -dioxin TEQ for small mammals
- AOC 9 hexavalent chromium and copper for plants; hexavalent chromium, total chromium, and copper for invertebrates; total chromium, copper, and dioxin TEQ for small mammals
- AOC 10 hexavalent chromium and total chromium for plants; total chromium for invertebrates; and total chromium and dioxin TEQ for small mammals.

## ES.8.2.1 Methodology and Calculated RBRG Values

For potential ecological communities of plants and soil invertebrates, only generic risk-based screening levels are available, and there is low confidence in their ability to predict risk at the site. Therefore, these generic screening levels for plants and soil invertebrates are not recommended for use as RBRGs at the site. Because the key risk drivers for plants and soil invertebrates (hexavalent chromium and total chromium) tend to be co-located, risk-management or remedial actions considered for the protection of wildlife receptors potentially exposed to total chromium will also reduce risk to plants and invertebrates.

For potential wildlife receptors, RBRGs based on protection of wildlife populations (that is, based on LOAEL-based TRVs) were derived for invertivorous small mammals (desert shrew), the only potential wildlife receptor identified with the potential for unacceptable risk associated with exposure to COPECs in soil at this site. The RBRGs (Table 8-3 of the HHERA Report) for small home range invertivorous mammals (desert shrew) were derived using the dietary dose model used to estimate HQs in the predictive ERAs (Sections 6.4 and 6.6). The RBRGs were calculated using Microsoft<sup>®</sup> Excel Solver<sup>™</sup> software that determines the soil concentration for a target HQ equal to 1.

For dioxin TEQ, a range of RBRGs were calculated using the alternate and more robust BAF and TRV approaches/values. The congener-specific BAFs (USEPA 1999, Fagervold et al. 2010) and a recommended mammalian dioxin TRV developed in HHERA Report Section 6.7.5 of 30 ng/kg-bw/day derived using the

USEPA EcoSSL approach were used to calculate the RBRGs protective of invertivorous small mammals. Ecological RBRGs are summarized in the table titled Ecological Risk-Based Remediation Goals.

#### **Ecological Risk-Based Remediation Goals**

Risk Driver for Shrew	BAF	LOAEL-Based Mammalian TRV	Ecological RBRG
Total Chromium	ERA / RAWP	ERA / RAWP	145 mg/kg
Copper	ERA / RAWP	ERA / RAWP	145 mg/kg
Dioxin TEQ	USEPA (1999)	30 ng/kg-day (geomean of rodent studies)	190 ng/kg
Dioxin TEQ	Fagervold et al. (2010)	30 ng/kg-day (geomean of rodent studies)	360 ng/kg

#### Note:

ng/kg-day = nanograms per kilogram per day

# ES.8.2.2 Locations Driving Risk for the ERA

The following discussion of the locations driving risk for the ERA is provided as an example of one method that can be used to apply the RBRGs and assist with identifying remedial design possibilities. This is not intended to substitute for actual remedial design and comprises part of the set of tools available to the risk manager to make site-specific decisions regarding risk.

For each potential exposure area, depth-weighted concentrations of the risk-driving COPECs were ranked and the highest concentrations were iteratively removed from the baseline soil dataset. Then residual depth-weighted EPCs were calculated for the 0- to 0.5-foot bgs exposure depth and compared with respective RBRGs for the risk driving compounds. This process was repeated until the resulting residual depth-weighted 95UCL for the potential exposure area was at or below the relevant RBRG. To achieve this outcome, the following soil locations were identified as driving risks. When they were removed from the dataset, the RBRG was achieved by the 95UCL for the remaining data. Details of the exact samples and sampling locations included in each potential exposure area are presented in the Data Evaluation and COPC/COPEC Selection section (Section 2) of each exposure area-specific appendix.

To summarize, these include removal of soil the following locations:

#### BCW:

 SWMU1-25 to meet the RBRG of 190 ng/kg for dioxin TEQ at 0 to 0.5 foot bgs. No sample data were removed to meet the RBRG of 360 ng/kg for dioxin TEQ.

## AOC 9:

- AOC10-21 to meet the RBRG of 145 mg/kg for copper at 0 to 0.5 foot bgs
- AOC10-20 to meet the RBRG of 145 mg/kg for total chromium at 0 to 0.5 foot bgs
- PA-20, AOC10-23, and PA-21 to meet the RBRG of 190 ng/kg for dioxin TEQ at 0 to 0.5 foot bgs;
   and PA-20 and AOC10-23 to meet the RBRG of 360 ng/kg for dioxin TEQ at 0 to 0.5 foot bgs.

#### AOC 10:

 AOC10c-4 to meet the RBRG of 190 ng/kg for dioxin TEQ at 0 to 0.5 foot bgs. No sample data were removed to meet the RBRG of 360 ng/kg for dioxin TEQ.

# ES.9 Key Findings

Overall, the HHERA conducted herein found no potentially unacceptable risk to most human and ecological receptors potentially exposed to COPCs/COPECs in soil at the site, both within the TCS (ICS potential exposure area) and potential exposure areas outside the TCS. No unacceptable risk was identified for all relevant potential exposure areas for the following receptors:

- Potential Human Receptors:
  - Tribal users
  - Hunter
  - Workers (commercial and short- and long-term maintenance workers).
- Potential Ecological Receptors
  - Special-status species, including ring-tailed cat (California fully protected species), cave myotis
     (California species of concern), and pallid bats (California species of concern)
  - Large home-range receptors (desert kit fox, Nelson's desert bighorn sheep, and red-tailed hawk)
  - Herbivorous and insectivorous birds (Gambel's quail and cactus wren)
  - Herbivorous small mammals (Merriam's kangaroo rat).

For the remaining potential receptors (camper, hiker, OHV rider, and desert shrew), the potential for unacceptable risk was identified as being driven by a limited number of compounds (that is, dioxin TEQ and hexavalent chromium for human health; dioxin TEQ, total chromium, and copper for ecological receptors) in areas within SWMU 1, AOC 9, and/or AOC 10.

The RBRGs calculated for the risk drivers and relevant human and ecological receptors, were used in an example of applying the RBRGs to identify locations driving risk above acceptable levels for both human and ecological populations. That process revealed a total of nine locations in three potential exposure areas (SWMU 1, AOC 9, and AOC 10) as associated with unacceptable risk. Those locations are as follows:

- Protection of potential human recreators (four total locations for all potential exposure depth intervals [0to 3-foot bgs depth interval]):
  - Dioxin TEQ: SWMU1-25 in OCS / SWMU1
  - Hexavalent chromium: AOC10-20, #10 in AOC 9, and MW-58BR\_S in AOC 10 for the 0- to 3-foot bgs depth interval.
- Protection of desert shrew (up to seven total locations for the 0- to 0.5-foot bgs depth interval):
  - Dioxin TEQ (based on RBRG of 190 ng/kg): SWMU1-25 in BCW; PA-20, AOC10-23, and PA-21 in AOC 9; and AOC10c-4 in AOC 10
    - Based on dioxin TEQ RBRG of 360 ng/kg: PA-20 and AOC10-23 in AOC 9
  - Total chromium: AOC10-20 in AOC 9
  - Copper: AOC10-21 in AOC 9.

The overall results of the HHERA support that focusing remedial planning on limited specific locations should be effective in reducing overall risks to levels that are protective of human health and ecological receptors.

# ES10. References

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Appendix D

Derivation of Risk-Based Remediation Goals
for Risk Drivers in Soil



Pacific Gas & Electric Company

# DERIVATION OF RISK-BASED REMEDIATION GOALS FOR RISK DRIVERS IN SOIL

Topock Compressor Station, Needles, CA

February 2020

This Appendix to the Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis (EE/CA) document is an excerpt from the Soil Human Health and Ecological Risk Assessment Report (HHERA; Arcadis 2019). Specifically, the entirety of Section 8 of the Soil HHERA is presented without alteration. The information provided in this document describes the process used to develop Risk-Based Remediation Goals (RBRGs) for site specific human and ecological populations evaluated in the HHERA. Citations in this text for document sections, tables, and figures refers to the sections, tables, and figures in the HHERA document.

# 1 RISK-BASED REMEDIATION GOALS FOR RISK DRIVERS IN SOIL

As stated in the Human Health and Ecological Risk Assessment Work Plan (RAWP; Arcadis 2008), risk management decisions to be made in the CMS/FS step of the regulatory process will be focused on constituents of potential concern/constituents of potential ecological concern (COPCs/COPECs) that contribute most significantly to risk and/or that exceed *de minimis* risk levels for soil for the potential receptors being evaluated (i.e., the risk drivers). The overall remedial action goal is to ensure that residual concentrations of chemicals remaining at the site are protective of human health and the environment for the reasonable anticipated future land uses.

This section presents the RBRGs that can be used in the upcoming remedial planning, including the Soil Corrective Measures Study/Feasibility Study (CMS/FS) and EE/CA, to identify those areas of the site that may warrant some form of remedial or risk management action. RBRGs are concentrations that do not present unacceptable risk to human health and ecological receptors. An RBRG is a proposed health protective target cleanup concentration that can be used, in combination with other factors such as background concentrations, as a starting point for making risk management decisions. RBRGs are calculated for constituents in soil for a given potential receptor where the findings of the HHERA suggest some form of risk management or remediation may be warranted. Consistent with the HHERA approach, RBRGs are applied based on the potential exposure area of interest (i.e., the 95% upper confidence limit on the mean [95UCL] for the potential exposure area should be less than or equal to the RBRG).

The approach for the derivation of RBRGs and the calculated RBRGs for potential human and ecological receptors are discussed in the sections below. Additionally, an example is provided showing one method to identify specific soil locations that, when removed from the potential exposure area dataset, result in exposure point concentrations (EPCs) at or below RBRGs. This evaluation also constitutes a hot spot analysis in that it identifies the locations with elevated COPC/COPEC concentrations associated with unacceptable risk for an area. At these locations, deep impacts that potentially represent a threat to groundwater will be further identified in the forthcoming RCRA Facility Investigation/Remedial Investigation (RFI/RI) Report Volume 3 (currently being prepared by Jacobs).

#### 1.1 Human Health RBRGs

Based on the results of the soil Human Health Risk Assessment (HHRA), the concentrations of COPCs in Outside the Compressor Station (OCS) exposure area soil are safe and protective of short- and long-term maintenance workers, hunters, and tribal users. Concentrations of COPCs in Inside the Compressor Station (ICS) soils are safe and protective of commercial workers and short- and long-term maintenance

workers. Concentrations of COPCs in OCS soils result in calculated risks for the potential campers, hikers, and off-highway vehicle (OHV) riders that are within the risk management range of 1 x 10<sup>-6</sup> and 1 x 10<sup>-4</sup>. Within this estimated cancer risk range, there is flexibility for risk managers in deciding what action, if any, is necessary and appropriate for the protection of human health. However, some targeted form of risk management or remediation, addressing elevated levels of hexavalent chromium and dioxin, would be effective at reducing calculated risks for the potential campers, hikers and OHV riders to levels below California Environmental Protection Agency (CalEPA) Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC) point of departure for excess incremental lifetime cancer risk (ILCR) of 1 x 10<sup>-6</sup>. No risk management or remediation would be necessary to reduce risks for the the potential camper, hiker, and OHV rider to levels below 1 x 10<sup>-5</sup>. The result of the north of the railroad (NORR) HHRA for hypothetical future residents are presented at the request of the Department of Interior (DOI) and for informational purposes only; the hypothetical future residential land use is not a reasonable anticipated future land use for the NORR potential exposure area.

Consistent with U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) guidance (1991), a risk-based process was used to estimate RBRGs for COPCs that drive soil risk concerns above *de minimis* risk levels. For compounds identified as carcinogens negligible or *de minimis* risk levels are defined in accordance with state and federal guidance as one in one million ( $1 \times 10^{-6}$ ). This will be the point of departure, recognizing that DTSC and USEPA ultimately have authority to allow for residual risks to be within the risk management range of  $1 \times 10^{-4}$  to  $1 \times 10^{-6}$ . RBRGs are a tool to aid in risk management decisions and are not intended to provide a bright line for remediation.

For dioxins toxicity equivalent (TEQ), DTSC's Human and Ecological Risk Office (HERO) supports the use of residential and indoor commercial worker remedial goals equal to 10 times the theoretical potential cancer risk of 1 x 10<sup>-6</sup> (equal to that associated with a theoretical potential cancer risk of 1 x 10<sup>-5</sup>). This regulatory approach is based on studies of bioavailability of dioxins that demonstrate exposure to soil under normal residential and indoor commercial conditions has minimal influence on the serum of exposed individuals. The 1 × 10<sup>-5</sup> potential risk level is considered by DTSC to be a likely overestimate of the actual potential risk for exposure to soil with dioxin TEQ (DTSC 2017). For outdoor workers with direct contact with site soils such that regular incidental ingestion of soil impacted with dioxin TEQs may occur, DTSC recommends RBRGs equal to a theoretical potential cancer risk of 1 × 10<sup>-6</sup> (DTSC 2017). Note that recreational users are assumed to have the same intake rates via ingestion, dermal contact, and inhalation exposure pathways as under a residential scenario, but exposure occurs on a less frequent basis than assumed under a residential scenario. Therefore, potential exposure to dioxin TEQ in soil for the recreational users over a lifetime would be less than for a hypothetical resident. As such, the RBRGs for recreational users equal to 10 times the theoretical potential cancer risk of 1 × 10<sup>-6</sup> may be appropriate for the site.

For noncancer health effects, a hazard quotient (HQ) of less than or equal to 1 implies that the predicted exposure for a given population and chemical is not expected to result in adverse noncancer health effects; a hazard index (HI) of less than or equal to 1 implies the same for multi-chemical exposures (USEPA 1989).

The identification of risk drivers in the HHRA was based on the summary of results and overall conclusions of the Human Health Risk Assessment (HHRA) as presented in Section 7.1.3 and Table 5-6. RBRGs were calculated for hexavalent chromium and dioxin TEQ, the significant contributors to soil risks

above *de minimis* levels<sup>1</sup>, under the camper, hiker, and OHV rider potential exposure scenarios. The approach for the derivation of the human health RBRGs, the calculated RBRGs for recreational users, and soil locations that contribute most significantly to calculated unacceptable risks for recreational users are discussed in the sections below.

#### 1.1.1 Methodology for Deriving Human Health RBRGs and Values

RBRGs for soil are developed by combining information regarding the level of assumed intake of the constituent, the levels of acceptable risk, and the relationship between the assumed intake of constituent and the calculated incidence of an adverse health effect as a function of human exposure to the constituent. The methodology used to develop the RBRGs for the COPCs in soil at the site is based on USEPA and DTSC guidance and the specific equations provided in the guidance documents below:

- Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund, Volume I: Human Health Evaluation Manual (Part A) (USEPA 1989)
- Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund, Volume I: Human Health Evaluation Manual (Part B: Development of Risk-Based Preliminary Remediation Goals) (USEPA 1991)
- Supplemental Guidance for Human Health Multimedia Risk Assessments of Hazardous Waste Sites and Permitted Facilities (DTSC 1992)
- Preliminary Endangerment Assessment Guidance Manual (DTSC 2015).

Section 5.5 presents the estimated ILCRs and noncancer hazards posed by a representative concentration of constituent present at the site for potential recreational user scenarios. Assumptions for potential exposure, transport, and toxicity remain unchanged from those described and used in Section 5.0. Rearranging the equations used to estimate the ILCRs and noncancer hazards and using the target ILCRs at the lower and upper bounds the risk management range of 1×10<sup>-6</sup> and 1×10<sup>-4</sup> and the target noncancer HQ of 1, the concentration of each constituent associated with the target ILCR and HQ levels can be determined. This is the common method used to estimate RBRGs for a site, where the results of the risk assessment indicate that some form of remediation or risk management may be warranted. The soil RBRGs for the potential recreational user scenarios presented in Table 8-1 were developed using the equations below. RBRGs are rounded to two significant figures. Note that risk-based concentrations (RBCs) were developed for the list of COPCs identified in the HHERA using the same approach and equations as for the development of the human health RBRGs. The RBCs were developed for the Soil Management Plan to be used to support decisions for the handling, management, and storage of potentially contaminated and displaced soil at the site during implementation of a groundwater remedy at the site to address chromium contamination in groundwater. The RBCs are presented in Appendix RBC.

For carcinogenic effects, the following equation is used to derive the soil RBRG for assumed incidental ingestion of soil, dermal contact with soil, and inhalation of particulates and volatile organic compound (VOC) vapors in ambient outdoor air from soil:

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In accordance with the RAWP (Arcadis 2008), the conclusions and recommendations for this HHRA are based on the risks estimated for the ICS and OCS potential exposure areas.

#### **Equation 1-1**

$$RBRG_{a,carcinogen} = \frac{Target \ Risk \ Level}{\left[\frac{Risk_{a,inhv}}{Conc_{a,inhv}}\right] + \left[\frac{Risk_{a,inhp}}{Conc_{a,inhp}}\right] + \left[\frac{Risk_{a,ing}}{Conc_{a,ing}}\right] + \left[\frac{Risk_{a,der}}{Conc_{a,der}}\right]}$$

Where:

RBRG<sub>a,carcinogen</sub> = Risk-based remediation goal for constituent a, for carcinogenic effects, (milligrams per kilogram [mg//kg])

Target Risk Level = Target cancer risk level (unitless)

Risk<sub>a,inhv</sub> = Calculated cancer risk for constituent a for the vapor inhalation pathway, developed as described above (unitless)

Risk<sub>a,inhp</sub> = Calculated cancer risk for constituent a for the particulate inhalation pathway, developed as described above (unitless)

Risk<sub>a,ing</sub> = Calculated cancer risk for constituent a for the soil ingestion pathway, developed as described above (unitless)

Risk<sub>a,der</sub> = Calculated cancer risk for constituent a for the dermal contact pathway, developed as described above (unitless)

Conc<sub>a,inhv</sub> = Representative exposure concentration of constituent a for the vapor inhalation pathway; mg/kg

Conc<sub>a,inhp</sub> = Representative exposure concentration of constituent a for the particulate inhalation pathway; mg/kg

Conc<sub>a,ing</sub> = Representative exposure concentration of constituent a for the soil ingestion pathway; mg/kg

Conc<sub>a,der</sub> = Representative exposure concentration of constituent a for the dermal contact pathway; mg/kg

For noncarcinogenic effects, the following equation was used to derive the soil RBRG for incidental ingestion of soil, dermal contact with soil, and inhalation of particulates and VOC vapors in ambient outdoor air from soil:

#### **Equation 1-2**

$$RBRG_{a,noncarcinogen} = \frac{Target \ HQ}{\left[\frac{HQ_{a,inhv}}{Conc_{a,inhv}}\right] + \left[\frac{HQ_{a,inhp}}{Conc_{a,inhv}}\right] + \left[\frac{HQ_{a,ing}}{Conc_{a,ing}}\right] + \left[\frac{HQ_{a,der}}{Conc_{a,der}}\right]}$$

Where:

RBRG<sub>a,noncarcinogen</sub> = Risk-based remediation goal for constituent a, for noncarcinogenic effects, (mg/kg)

Target HQ = Target hazard quotient level (unitless)

- HQ<sub>a,inhv</sub> = Calculated hazard quotient for constituent a for the vapor inhalation pathway, developed as described above (unitless)
- HQ<sub>a,inhp</sub> = Calculated hazard quotient for constituent a for the particulate inhalation pathway, developed as described above (unitless)
- HQ<sub>a,ing</sub> = Calculated hazard quotient for constituent a for the soil ingestion pathway, developed as described above (unitless)
- HQ<sub>a,der</sub> = Calculated hazard quotient for constituent a for the dermal contact pathway, developed as described above (unitless)
- Conc<sub>a,inhv</sub> = Representative exposure concentration of constituent a for the vapor inhalation pathway; mg/kg
- Conc<sub>a,inhp</sub> = Representative exposure concentration of constituent a for particulate inhalation pathway; mg/kg
- Conca,ing = Representative exposure concentration of constituent a for soil ingestion pathway; mg/kg
- Conc<sub>a,der</sub> = Representative exposure concentration of constituent a for dermal contact pathway; mg/kg

The RBRGs for hexavalent chromium and dioxin TEQ for the potential camper, hiker, and OHV rider are presented in Table 8-1 and the lowest recreational user RBRGs for hexavalent chromium (CrVI) and dioxin TEQ are summarized in the table titled Lowest Recreational User Risk-Based Remediation Goals for Hexavalent Chromium.

#### Lowest Recreational User Risk-Based Remediation Goals for Hexavalent Chromium

Risk Drivers for Potential Recreational Users	Human Health RBRG	RBRG Basis
CrVI	3.1 mg/kg	OHV rider at 1 x 10 <sup>-6</sup> risk
CrVI	31 mg/kg	OHV rider at 1 x 10 <sup>-5</sup> risk
CrVI	310 mg/kg	OHV rider at 1 x 10 <sup>-4</sup> risk
Dioxin TEQ	100 ng/kg	Hiker at 1 x 10 <sup>-6</sup> risk
Dioxin TEQ	1,000 ng/kg	Hiker at 1 x 10 <sup>-5</sup> risk
Dioxin TEQ	10,000 ng/kg	Hiker at 1 x 10 <sup>-4</sup> risk

#### Notes:

mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram

ng/kg = nanograms per kilogram

The RBRGs calculated for hexavalent chromium (3.1 mg/kg) and dioxin TEQ (ranging from 100 to 1,000 ng/kg) were used to identify soil locations associated with calculated levels of risk above the CalEPA DTSC point of departure for excess ILCR of 1 x 10-6, as described in following section. RBRGs are a tool and not intended as a "bright line" for remediation.

## 1.1.2 Soil Locations Contributing to Calculated Risks Above De Minimis Levels for Potential Human Receptors

This section discusses the locations that drive risk for the HHRA for the OCS potential exposure area and is provided as an example of one method that can be used to apply the RBRGs and assist with identifying remedial design possibilities. This is not intended to substitute for actual remedial design and comprises part of the set of tools available to risk managers to make site-specific decisions regarding risk.

As previously stated in Section 8.1, based on the results of the HHRA, some targeted form of risk management or remediation, addressing elevated levels of the calculated risk drivers, hexavalent chromium and dioxin TEQ, would be effective at reducing calculated risks for potential campers, hikers, and OHV riders to levels below 1 x 10<sup>-6</sup>. As indicated in Table 8-1, the lowest recreational user RBRGs for hexavalent chromium and dioxin TEQ are 3.1 mg/kg (for OHV rider at 1 x 10<sup>-6</sup> risk level) and 0.00010 mg/kg (or 100 ng/kg; for hiker at 1 x 10<sup>-6</sup> risk level), respectively.

To further refine the locations that could be considered for targeted risk management in the OCS potential exposure area, depth-weighted concentrations of the risk drivers, hexavalent chromium and dioxin TEQ, were ranked and the highest concentrations were iteratively removed from the baseline soil dataset. Using the remaining data, depth-weighted EPCs were calculated for the 0 to 0.5 foot below ground surface (bgs) and 0 to 3 foot bgs exposure depths and compared to the respective RBRGs. Table 8-2 identifies soil locations at three investigation areas (Solid Waste Management Unit [SWMU] 1, Area of Concern [AOC] 9, and AOC 10) within the OCS potential exposure area where the depth-weighted concentrations of hexavalent chromium and/or dioxin TEQ in the top 0 to 3 feet bgs of soil exceed the RBRGs. If removed from the OCS potential exposure area baseline dataset (i.e., mimicking a hypothetical remediation), the resulting residual depth-weighted 95UCL for the OCS potential exposure area is at or below the RBRG. These locations were identified based on depth-weighted EPCs for simplicity and as a conservative approach to identifying the areas/locations that if removed, would result in residual concentrations of Cr VI and dioxin TEQ in soil that are calculated to be protective of the potential camper, hiker, and OHV rider. As mentioned above, this is just one example of the application of RBRGs, and the specific locations identified in Table 8-2 are not intended to be used either for remedial design without further consideration or as a post remediation risk evaluation. Confirmation sampling and a postremediation risk assessment may be necessary to demonstrate that residual contamination is not of concern if removal of soil is implemented as a remedial and risk management decision at the site.

To summarize, this example included removal of soil data for the following locations:

#### SWMU 1

SWMU1-25 to meet the RBRG of 100 ng/kg for dioxin TEQ based on target cancer risk of 1 x 10<sup>-6</sup> for both the 0- to 0.5-foot bgs and 0- to 3-foot bgs exposure depths; no sample data need to be removed to meet the RBRG of 1,000 ng/kg for dioxin TEQ based on target cancer risk of 1 x 10<sup>-5</sup> for both the 0- to 0.5-foot bgs and 0- to 3-foot bgs exposure depths.

#### AOC 9

 AOC10-20 to meet the RBRG of 3.1 mg/kg for hexavalent chromium for both the 0- to 0.5-foot bgs and 0- to 3-foot bgs exposure depths  #10 to meet the RBRG of 3.1 mg/kg for hexavalent chromium for the 0- to 3-foot bgs exposure depth.

#### AOC 10

MW-58BR\_S to meet the RBRG of 3.1 mg/kg for hexavalent chromium for the 0 to 3 foot bgs exposure depth.

#### 1.2 Ecological RBRGs

Ecological RBRGs are calculated health protective concentrations below which no potentially unacceptable calculated risk to potential ecological receptor populations is expected. RBRGs protective of potential ecological receptors are developed for risk drivers; that is, those COPECs, and potential exposure areas for which potential unacceptable risk to receptor populations was concluded in the Ecological Risk Assessment (ERA) (Section 7.2.5). For COPECs with HQs greater than 1 using the most refined exposure and effects assumptions (i.e., area-weighted EPCs, selected screening levels/toxicity reference values (TRVs), and site-specific site use factors (SUFs), a weight of evidence (WOE) assessment was used to draw risk conclusions and identify potential risk drivers for each potential exposure area. The various lines of evidence (LOEs) considered in the WOE assessment and risk conclusions are presented in Table 6-11.

The ERA calculated the following risk drivers and potential exposure areas as presenting potentially unacceptable risk to one or more ecological receptors:

- Bat Cave Wash (BCW) dioxin TEQ for small invertivorous mammals (desert shrew)
- AOC 9 hexavalent chromium and copper for plants; hexavalent chromium, total chromium, and copper for invertebrates; total chromium, copper, and dioxin TEQ for small invertivorous mammals
- AOC 10 hexavalent chromium and total chromium for plants; total chromium for invertebrates (baseline and 2-foot scouring scenarios only); and total chromium and dioxin TEQ for small invertivorous mammals.

For potential ecological communities of plants and soil invertebrates, only generic risk-based screening levels (Table 6-6) are available as RBRGs. As discussed in Section 6.7.5, screening levels for the risk-driving COPECs are often below background threshold values (BTVs) and there is low confidence in their ability to predict risk at the site. The screening levels are published values based on toxicity data (typically using agriculturally important produce or crop species and conducted in laboratory settings) that have limited relevance for the Topock site. The screening levels are designed for use in conservative screening level risk assessments and for site-characterization purposes (as was done for determining nature and extent for the RFI/RI).

Surveys were conducted for special-status species only, not for general populations. The results of these special-status species surveys are summarized in Section 2.4.5 and in the individual potential exposure area appendices.

Vegetation communities observed at the site during the floristic surveys conducted in 2013 (GANDA and CH2M 2013) and 2017 (CH2M 2017) is typical of Mojave Desert plant communities (summarized in Section 2.4.2). More than 100 different vascular plant species have been observed at the site and documented in these survey reports (GANDA and CH2M 2013; CH2M 2017). The floristic surveys report

a diverse assemblage of plants species found in typical abundance, density, cover, and vigor of plant communities in undisturbed desert habitat. These observations are not consistent with impairment of the plant community at the site. The floristic surveys provide site-specific observations that support the health of plant communities at the site and is considered a stronger LOE than the exceedances of low-confidence generic plant screening values, which are widely acknowledged to have low ability to predict toxicity in plants. Therefore, these generic screening levels for plants and soil invertebrates are not recommended for use as RBRGs at the site. Because the key risk drivers for plants and soil invertebrates (hexavalent chromium and total chromium) tend to be co-located, risk-management or remedial actions considered for the protection of wildlife receptors (i.e., mammals and birds) potentially exposed to total chromium will also reduce risk to plants and invertebrates.

The methodology for the derivation of ecological RBRGs, the calculated RBRGs for potential ecological receptors, and soil locations associated with calculated unacceptable risk to potential ecological receptors are discussed in the sections below.

#### 1.2.1 Methodology for Deriving Ecological RBRGs and Values

Ecological RBRGs based on protection of wildlife populations (i.e., based on lowest observed adverse effects level (LOAEL)-based TRVs) were derived for invertivorous small mammals (desert shrew), the only wildlife receptor identified with the potential for unacceptable risk associated with assumed exposure to COPECs in soil at this site. Based on the conclusion of no unacceptable risk for T&E species potentially present at the site, RBRGs based on the protection of individual potential receptors (i.e., based on the no observed adverse effect level (NOAEL)-based TRVs) were not warranted.

The RBRGs (Table 8-3) for small home-range invertivorous mammals (desert shrew) were derived following USEPA guidance (1997, 2008) and using the dietary dose model integrating exposure assumptions and LOAEL-based TRVs used to estimate HQs in the predictive ERAs, as described in Sections 6.2 and 6.3, respectively. Note that RBCs were developed for the list of COPECs identified in the HHERA using the same approach and equations as for the development of the ecological RBRGs. The RBCs were developed for the Soil Management Plan to be used to support decisions for the handling, management, and storage of potentially contaminated and displaced soil at the site during implementation of a groundwater remedy at the site to address chromium contamination in groundwater. The RBCs are presented in Appendix RBC.

Ecological RBRGs were developed by re-arranging the standard USEPA (1997) HQ model (i.e., Equation 6-7 presented in Section 6.4) to solve for a target HQ of 1:

#### **Equation 1-3**

$$RBRG = C_{soil} = \frac{HQ \times TRV \times BW}{(SIR + [FIR \times BAF]) \times SUF}$$

Where:

HQ = hazard quotient (unitless) = 1

TRV = toxicity reference value (milligrams per kilogram of body weight per day [mg/kg-bw/day])

C<sub>soil</sub> = concentration of constituent in soil (milligrams per kilogram of soil mg/kg soil) = RBRG

- SIR = soil ingestion rate (kilograms of soil per day [kg soil/day])
- FIR = food or biota ingestion rate (kilograms of tissue per day [kg tissue/day])
- SUF = site-use factor (unitless) = 1 (home range for shrews are less than the size of all the exposure areas)
- BW = body weight of receptor (kilograms of body weight [kg bw])
- BAF = bioaccumulation factor or regression for media-to-biota uptake (kilograms of soil per kilograms of tissue [kg soil/kg tissue])

Incorporating uptake regressions in lieu of a simple BAF in the dose equation significantly complicates the overall dose calculation and, therefore, the Ecological RBRGs were calculated using Microsoft® Excel Solver<sup>TM</sup> software that determines the soil concentration for a target HQ equal to 1.

For dioxin TEQ, as discussed in detail in Section 6.7.6, the uncertainties associated with the calculated baseline risk estimates for the desert shrew are mainly driven by use of conservative uptake and toxicity assumptions. For desert shrew, these uncertainties together can overestimate risk by at least 10 times. Therefore, for remediation and risk-management considerations, alternate and more robust uptake models and TRVs were developed for dioxin TEQ. These alternate values are based on more defensible science (e.g., congener-specific uptake approach for dioxin TEQ BAFs) and/or more recent and comprehensive literature search and data. The alternate BAF and TRV approaches used to develop dioxin TEQ RBRGs for desert shrew have been used at various dioxin impacted sites (e.g., Tittabawasee River, MI; Rolling Knolls, NJ; Centredale Manor, RI; San Jacinto River, TX; and St. Helens, OR).

For dioxin TEQ, a range of RBRGs was calculated using the alternate and more robust approaches/values. The congener-specific BAFs (USEPA 1999; Fagervold et al. 2010) and a recommended mammalian dioxin TEQ LOAEL-based TRV of 30 ng/kg-bw/day were used to calculate the RBRGs protective of invertivorous small mammals. As noted in Section 6.7.4, the congener-specific BAF approach is based on current scientific understanding of uptake for dioxin TEQ mixtures and is more scientifically defensible than assuming all congener uptake is the same as 2,3,7,8-TCDD. The recommended TRV is based on the geometric mean of reproduction and growth LOAELs for rodents. This approach, used by USEPA (2008) for development of the Ecological Soil Screening Levels (EcoSSLs), is widely accepted as it accounts for a range of values and reduces the uncertainty associated with using toxicity data from a single study. The dioxin LOAEL-based TRV of 10 ng/kg-bw/day used in the ERA (cited in Sample et al. [1996] and based on a study by Murray et al. [1979]) is included in the toxicity dataset used to derive the alternate TRV of 30 ng/kg-bw/day (Section 6.7.5). Ecological RBRGs are summarized in the table titled Ecological Risk-Based Remediation Goals and details of the RBRG calculations are presented in Table 8-3.

#### **Ecological Risk-Based Remediation Goals**

Risk Driver for Shrew	BAF	LOAEL-based Mammalian TRV	Ecological RBRG
Total Chromium	ERA / RAWP	ERA / RAWP	145 mg/kg
Copper	ERA / RAWP	ERA / RAWP	145 mg/kg
Dioxin TEQ	USEPA 1999	30 ng/kg-day (geomean of rodent studies)	190 ng/kg
Dioxin TEQ	Fagervold et al. 2010	30 ng/kg-day (geomean of rodent studies)	360 ng/kg

#### Note:

ng/kg-day = nanograms per kilogram per day

A dioxin TEQ RBRG based on the 2,3,7,8- tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin (TCDD) uptake regression and the TRV used in the ERA (10 ng/kg; lowest available LOAEL-based TRV) was not calculated. The BAF approach based on the 2,3,7,8-TCDD regression is not supported by available science related to the uptake and toxicity of dioxin/furans (i.e., dioxin TEQ mixtures), and the TRV does not account for variability in species sensitivity to dioxin TEQ. The RBRGs calculated for total chromium (145 mg/kg), copper (145 mg/kg), and dioxin TEQ (ranging from 190 to 360 ng/kg) were used to identify soil locations associated with potentially unacceptable risk, as described in the following section.

### 1.2.2 Soil Locations Associated with Calculated Levels of Unacceptable Risk to Potential Ecological Receptors

This section discusses the locations that drive risk for the ERA and is provided as an example of one method that can be used to apply the RBRGs and assist with identifying remedial design possibilities. This is not intended to substitute for actual remedial design and comprises part of the set of tools available to the risk manager to make site-specific decisions regarding risk.

As previously discussed above in Section 7.2, based on the conclusions of the ERA, some targeted form of risk management or remediation, addressing elevated concentrations of total chromium, copper, and dioxin TEQ in the SWMU 1 within BCW, AOC 9, and AOC 10 would be effective at reducing calculated risks for potential ecological receptors<sup>2</sup> to acceptable risk levels. The Ecological RBRGs based on invertivorous small mammals (desert shrew) include 145 mg/kg for total chromium; 145 mg/kg for copper; and 190 to 360 ng/kg for dioxin TEQ (based on the range of alternate RBRGs).

For each potential exposure area, depth-weighted concentrations of the risk-driving COPECs were ranked and the highest concentrations were iteratively removed from the baseline soil dataset. Using the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> As elevated concentrations of hexavalent chromium and total chromium tend to be co-located, remediation for other risk drivers (e.g., total chromium) and potential receptors (human health and wildlife) will reduce exposure and risk for plants and soil invertebrates as well.

remaining data, depth-weighted EPCs were calculated and compared to the respective RBRGs. Table 8-4 identifies soil locations at the three potential exposure areas (BCW, AOC 9, and AOC 10) where depth-weighted concentrations of total chromium, copper, and/or dioxin TEQ in the top 0 to 0.5 foot bgs of soil exceed the RBRGs and, if removed from the potential exposure area baseline dataset (i.e., mimicking a hypothetical remediation), the resulting residual depth-weighted 95UCL for the potential exposure area is below the RBRG. These locations were identified based on depth-weighted EPCs for simplicity and as a conservative approach to identifying the areas/locations that, if removed, would result in residual soil concentrations of total chromium, copper, and dioxin TEQ that are protective of potential ecological receptors. As mentioned above, this is just one example of the application of RBRGs and the specific locations identified in Table 8-4 are not intended to be used either for remedial design without further consideration or as a post remediation risk evaluation. Confirmation sampling and a post-remediation risk assessment may be necessary to demonstrate that residual contamination is not of concern if excavation and removal of soil is implemented as a remedial and risk management decision at the site.

To summarize, this example included removal of soil data for the following locations:

#### BCW

 SWMU1-25 at 0 to 0.5 foot bgs to meet the RBRG of 190 ng/kg for dioxin TEQ; No sample data needs to be removed to meet the RBRG of 360 ng/kg for dioxin TEQ.

#### AOC 9

- AOC10-21 at 0 to 0.5 foot bgs to meet the RBRG of 145 mg/kg for copper.
- AOC10-20 at 0 to 0.5 foot bgs to meet the RBRG of 145 mg/kg for total chromium.
- PA-20, AOC10-23, and PA-21 at 0 to 0.5 foot bgs to meet the RBRG of 190 ng/kg for dioxin TEQ;
   and locations PA-20 and AOC10-23 at 0 to 0.5 foot bgs to meet the RBRG of 360 ng/kg for dioxin TEQ.

#### AOC 10

 AOC10c-4 at 0 to 0.5 foot bgs to meet the RBRG of 190 ng/kg for dioxin TEQ; no sample data need to be removed to meet the RBRG of 360 ng/kg for dioxin TEQ.

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# Appendix E Removal Action Objective 2 Data Screening

TABLE E-1
Constituent Concentrations
Solid Waste Management Unit (SWMU) 1 – Former Percolation Bed
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

Location	Removal Action Potential Action Area	Goal (RA Date	G) 2 to 10 Depth (ft bgs)	0 ft bgs : Sample Type	(mg/kg) 3.1 31 Chromium, Hexavalent	(mg/kg) 145 145 Chromium, total	(mg/kg) 145 145 Copper	(mg/kg) 36 36 Lead	(mg/kg) 1 1 Mercury	(mg/kg) 22 22 Molybdenum	(mg/kg) 1,050 1,050 Zinc	(ng/kg) a 100 b 190  TEQ Human b TEQ Mammal
MW-09		06/30/97	1	N	ND (0.05)	15	7.2				19.7	
		06/30/97	3.5	N	0.06	4.1	3.1				11.8	
		06/30/97	3.5	FD	0.21	7.6	3.5				12.6	
		06/30/97	6	N	ND (0.05)	11.8	6.4				21	
		07/01/97	10	N	ND (0.05)	42.2	6.8	2.7		ND (0.2)	29	
		06/30/97	20	N	ND (0.05)	9	7.1				21.7	
		07/01/97	30	N	ND (0.05)	16.3	12.4	3.9		ND (0.2)	29.4	
		06/30/97	40	N	ND (0.05)	9.7	7.5				22.5	
		07/01/97	50	N	ND (0.05)	11.7	14.7	3.2		ND (0.2)	23.3	
		06/30/97	60	N	ND (0.05)	28.8	17.4				34.4	
		06/30/97	70	N	ND (0.05)	8.9	10				19	
		07/01/97	87	N	ND (0.05)	9.8	10.2	8.4		ND (0.2)	126	
		07/01/97	87	FD	0.06	11.9	11.4				121	
SWMU1-1	SWMU1 PAA #1	10/16/08	0 - 0.5	N	0.524	44	12	4.2	ND (0.12)	ND (1.2)	41	
		10/16/08	2 - 3	N	0.462	67	9.4	3	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	37	
		10/16/08	5 - 6	N	14.1	3,200	9.5	4.5	ND (0.1)	7.8	76	
		10/16/08	9 - 10	N	0.907	55	8.6	1.7	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	89	
SWMU1-2	SWMU1 PAA #1	10/15/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.401)	26	22	6.5	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	37	
		10/15/08	2 - 3	N	ND (0.404)	36	10	3.7	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	38	
		10/15/08	5 - 6	Ν	ND (0.404)	44	12	6.1	ND (0.1)	3	38	
		10/15/08	9 - 10	N	22.8	2,000	15	4	ND (0.1)	2.8	100	

TABLE E-1
Constituent Concentrations
Solid Waste Management Unit (SWMU) 1 – Former Percolation Bed
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

	Removal Action			Ĭ	(mg/kg) 3.1 31	(mg/kg) 145 145	(mg/kg) 145 145	(mg/kg) 36 36	(mg/kg) 1 1	(mg/kg) 22 22	(mg/kg) 1,050 1,050	(ng/kg) a 100 b 190
Location	Potential Action Area	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Zinc	<sup>a</sup> TEQ Human bTEQ Mammal
SWMU1-3	SWMU1 PAA #1	10/06/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.405)	28	11	3.9	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	33	
		10/06/08	2 - 3	Ν	ND (0.413)	41	9.4	2.3	ND (0.1)	1.5	38	
		10/06/08	2 - 3	FD	ND (0.41)	38	9	2.9	ND (0.1)	1.4	37	
		10/06/08	5 - 6	Ν	22.7	1,300	11	3.8	ND (0.1)	4.2	78	
		10/06/08	9 - 10	N	1.55 J	96	11	2.7	ND (0.11)	ND (1)	140	
		10/06/08	19 - 20	N	ND (0.416)	20	10	2.9	ND (0.1)	ND (2.1)	39	
		10/06/08	29 - 30	N	ND (0.424)	21	15	2.4	ND (0.1)	ND (5.3)	38	
		10/06/08	39 - 40	N	ND (0.424)	22	8.5	2.7	ND (0.1)	ND (2.1)	35	
		10/06/08	49 - 50	N	ND (0.405)	25	12	3.2	ND (0.11)	ND (2.1)	39	
		10/06/08	59 - 60	N	ND (0.418)	38	14	3	ND (0.1)	2.1	36	
		10/07/08	69 - 70	N	ND (0.42)	29	14	2.6	ND (0.1)	ND (2.1)	38	
		10/07/08	79 - 80	N	ND (0.427)	20	13	3.1	ND (0.11)	ND (2.2)	39	
		10/07/08	79 - 80	FD	ND (0.441)	21	15	2.6	ND (0.11)	1.3	34	
SWMU1-4		10/15/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.401)	17	6.8	2.6	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	26	
		10/15/08	2 - 3	N	4.95	870	11	3.6	ND (0.1)	1.7	72	
		10/15/08	5 - 6	N	1.39	100	10	1.8	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	170	
		10/15/08	7 - 8	Ν	ND (0.415)	40	7.6	1.6	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	120	
		10/15/08	9 - 10	Ν	ND (0.414)	23	7.9	1.7	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	110	
		10/15/08	13 - 14	Ν	ND (0.413)	18	7.1	1.7	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	67	
SWMU1-5	SWMU1 PAA #1	10/15/08	9 - 10	N	0.874	47	8.3	2.1	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	100	
		10/15/08	13 - 14	N	ND (0.42)	21	7.9	2.8	ND (0.1)	ND (2.1)	42	
		10/15/08	13 - 14	FD	ND (0.423)	21	8	2.9	ND (0.1)	ND (2.1)	44	
		10/15/08	15 - 16	N	ND (0.414)	21	9.1	2.8	ND (0.1)	ND (2.1)	34	
		10/15/08	19 - 20	N	ND (0.423)	19	11	3.1	ND (0.11)	1.5	37	
SWMU1-6		10/15/08	0 - 0.5	N	1.32	220	11	3.3	ND (0.1)	1.2	42	
		10/15/08	2 - 3	N	2.15	270	12	2.6	ND (0.1)	1.9	46	
		10/15/08	5 - 6	N	ND (0.405)	32	10	2.6	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	29	
		10/15/08	9 - 10	N	0.531	33	8.6	1.7	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	88	

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TABLE E-1
Constituent Concentrations
Solid Waste Management Unit (SWMU) 1 – Former Percolation Bed
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

					(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(ng/kg)
	Removal Ac	tion Goal	(RAG) <2	2 ft bgs :	3.1	145	145	36	1	22	1,050	a <b>100</b>
	Removal Action	Goal (RA	G) 2 to 10	) ft bgs :	31	145	145	36	1	22	1,050	b <b>190</b>
Location	Potential Action Area	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Zinc	<sup>a</sup> TEQ Human bTEQ Mammal
SWMU1-7	SWMU1 PAA #1	10/15/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.403)	27	13	6.6	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	38	
		10/15/08	2 - 3	Ν	6.45	630	14	3.6	ND (0.1)	1.7	130	
		10/15/08	5 - 6	N	5.3	330	20	2.8	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	190	
		10/15/08	9 - 10	N	0.517	51	9.2	1.9	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	150	
		10/15/08	9 - 10	FD	0.554	47	8.3	1.6	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	150	
SWMU1-8	SWMU1 PAA #1	10/15/08	0 - 0.5	N	0.618	120	9.1	4.7	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	36	
		10/15/08	2 - 3	Ν	22.3	970	11	3.5	ND (0.1)	2.2	160	
		10/15/08	5 - 6	N	9.25	(1,600)	22	3.3	ND (0.1)	3.2	120	
		10/15/08	9 - 10	N	ND (0.433)	15	7.1	2.8	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	32	
SWMU1-9		10/14/08	0 - 0.5	N	0.697	87	10	2.9	ND (0.11)	1.4	37	
		10/14/08	2 - 3	Ν	ND (0.42)	13	5.9	5	ND (0.11)	ND (1)	26	
		10/14/08	5 - 6	Ν	ND (0.417)	26	8.1	3.1	ND (0.1)	ND (2.1)	39	
		10/14/08	9 - 10	N	ND (0.425)	22	11	3.2	ND (0.1)	ND (1.1)	38	
SWMU1-10		10/14/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.401)	19	11	2.6	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	32	
		10/14/08	2 - 3	Ν	ND (0.403)	26	13	2.2	ND (0.1)	1.8	33	
		10/14/08	5 - 6	Ν	ND (0.413)	21	8.4	2.9	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	42	
		10/14/08	5 - 6	FD	ND (0.413)	22	10	2.9	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	41	
		10/14/08	9 - 10	N	ND (0.431)	25	15	3.6	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	44	
SWMU1-11	SWMU1 PAA #1	10/15/08	0 - 0.5	N	1.81	200	11	3.8	ND (0.11)	1.2	65	
		10/15/08	2 - 3	Ν	8.82	840	11	4.3	ND (0.11)	4	120	
		10/15/08	5 - 6	Ν	ND (0.431)	34	12	3.2	ND (0.11)	ND (2.1)	96	
		10/15/08	9 - 10	N	ND (0.432)	22	10	3.4	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	43	
SWMU1-12		10/14/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.403)	19	8.5	2.7	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	31	
		10/14/08	2 - 3	N	ND (0.406)	24	11	2.3	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	37	
		10/14/08	5 - 6	N	ND (0.412)	20	13	2.7	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	40	
		10/14/08	9 - 10	N	ND (0.419)	21	11	3.1	ND (0.1)	ND (5.2)	41	

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Solid Waste Management Unit (SWMU) 1 – Former Percolation Bed
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

					(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(ng/kg)
	Removal A	Action Goal	(RAG) <	2 ft bgs :	3.1	145	145	36	1	22	1,050	a <b>100</b>
	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 09 09 09 09 09	on Goal (RA	G) 2 to 10	Oft bgs :	31	145	145	36	1	22	1,050	b <b>190</b>
Location		Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Zinc	<sup>a</sup> TEQ Human bTEQ Mammal
SWMU1-13		10/14/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.407)	23	14	5.3	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	35	
		10/14/08	2 - 3	N	ND (0.409)	28	11	3.5	ND (0.1)	ND (5.1)	39	
		10/14/08	2 - 3	FD	ND (0.411)	27	11	3.5	ND (0.1)	ND (5.1)	39	
		10/14/08	5 - 6	N	ND (0.416)	34	13	2.8	ND (0.1)	ND (2.1)	44	
		10/14/08	9 - 10	Ν	ND (0.426)	30	16	3.5	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	45	
SWMU1-14		10/14/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.404)	20	8.2	2.6	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	33	
		10/14/08	2 - 3	N	ND (0.408)	19	14	2.3	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	33	
		10/14/08	5 - 6	N	ND (0.413)	28	17	3.4	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	42	
		10/14/08	9 - 10	Ν	ND (0.415)	52	35	3.9	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	45	
SWMU1-15		09/22/08	0 - 0.5	N	1.14	25	12	4.1	ND (0.1)	1.9	36	
		09/22/08	2 - 3	N	ND (0.422)	23	11	3	ND (0.11)	1.2	34	
		09/22/08	5 - 6	N	ND (0.424)	41	18	4.5	ND (0.11)	ND (2.1)	46	
		09/22/08	9 - 10	N	ND (0.419)	58	24	4.4	ND (0.11)	ND (2.1)	50	
		09/22/08	9 - 10	FD	ND (0.42)	60	23	4.5	ND (0.1)	ND (2.1)	50	
		09/22/08	19 - 20	Ν	ND (0.425)	51	41	4.5	ND (0.11)	ND (2.1)	50	
		09/22/08	29 - 30	Ν	ND (0.433)	54	23	5.4	ND (0.11)	ND (5.3)	54	
		09/22/08	39 - 40	N	ND (0.422)	40	23	3	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	47	
		09/22/08	49 - 50	N	ND (0.439)	55	25	5.4	ND (0.11)	ND (2.2)	59	
		09/22/08	59 - 60	N	ND (0.449)	47	23	3	ND (0.1)	ND (5.3)	49	
		09/22/08	59 - 60	FD	ND (0.411)	44	24	4.3	ND (0.1)	ND (2.1)	47	
		09/22/08	69 - 70	Ν	ND (0.43)	39	25	3.8	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	53	
		09/22/08	79 - 80	Ν	ND (0.43)	28	20	3.2	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	60	
		09/23/08	89 - 90	N	ND (0.4)	6.5	ND (4)	ND (2)	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	21	
SWMU1-16		09/21/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.405)	10	5.2	2.3	ND (0.099)	ND (1)	21	
		09/21/08	2 - 3	Ν	ND (0.408)	18	8.3	2	ND (0.1)	1	34	
		09/21/08	5 - 6	N	ND (0.406)	18	8.9	2	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	35	

TABLE E-1
Constituent Concentrations
Solid Waste Management Unit (SWMU) 1 – Former Percolation Bed
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

			(D 1 0)		(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(ng/kg)
	Removal A	Action Goal	(RAG) <2	2 ft bgs :	3.1	145	145	36	1	22	1,050	a <b>100</b>
	Removal Action	n Goal (RA	G) 2 to 10	) ft bgs :	31	145	145	36	1	22	1,050	b <b>190</b>
Location	Potential Action Area	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Zinc	<sup>a</sup> TEQ Human b TEQ Mammal
SWMU1-17		09/21/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.403)	27	16	3.5	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	46	
		09/21/08	2 - 3	N	ND (0.405)	29	12	3.9	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	40	
		09/21/08	5 - 6	N	ND (0.407)	29	12	3.1	ND (0.1)	2.4	44	
		09/21/08	9 - 10	N	ND (0.408)	43 J	26	4.4	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	41	
		09/21/08	9 - 10	FD	ND (0.408)	53 J	24	4.7	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	46	
SWMU1-18		01/07/16	0 - 1	N	2.6	16	7.4	2	0.28	ND (1.1)	30	140
		01/07/16	2 - 3	N	ND (0.22)	26	20	2.5	0.27	ND (1.1)	40	0.37
		01/07/16	5 - 6	N	ND (0.22)	110	8.5	2.1	0.3	ND (1.1)	130	0.2
		01/07/16	9 - 10	N	ND (0.21)	41	17	2.6	0.34	ND (1.1)	43	0.23
		01/07/16	14 - 15	N	ND (0.21)	48	19 J	2.4	0.35	ND (1.1)	41	
		01/07/16	14 - 15	FD	ND (0.21)	50	25 J	3.5	0.29	ND (1.1)	44	
		01/07/16	19 - 20	N	ND (0.22)	50	21	3.6	0.33	ND (1.1)	49	
		01/07/16	29 - 30	N	ND (0.21)	29	22	2	0.29	ND (1.1)	33	
		01/07/16	39 - 40	N	ND (0.21)	42	19	2.9	0.29	ND (1.1)	44	
		01/08/16	49 - 50	N	ND (0.24)	33 J	19	4.2	0.27	ND (1.2)	46 J	
		01/08/16	59 - 60	N	ND (0.26)	27	16	5.6	0.31	ND (1.3)	54	
		01/08/16	69 - 70	N	ND (0.23)	21	13	2.5	ND (0.12)	ND (1.1)	41	
		01/08/16	79 - 80	N	ND (0.25)	28	17	2.1	ND (0.13)	ND (1.3)	37	

TABLE E-1
Constituent Concentrations
Solid Waste Management Unit (SWMU) 1 – Former Percolation Bed
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

					(man (len)	(man (len)	(ma m (lam)	(ma m // cm)	(man (lan)	(ma m /le m)	(ma m/ls m)	(m m //s m)
			(5.4.6)		(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(ng/kg)
	Removal Ad	ction Goal	(RAG) <	2 ft bgs :	3.1	145	145	36	1	22	1,050	a <b>100</b>
	Removal Action	Goal (RA	G) 2 to 10	Oft bgs:	31	145	145	36	1	22	1,050	b <b>190</b>
Location	Potential Action Area	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Zinc	<sup>a</sup> TEQ Human b <b>TEQ Mammal</b>
SWMU1-19	SWMU1 PAA #1	01/09/16	0 - 1	N	1.3	1,400	10	3.5	ND (0.1)	1.1	160	3.9
		01/09/16	2 - 3	N	22	23	8.8	1.8	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	34	(1,100)
		01/09/16	5 - 6	Ν	4.9	680	9.9	1.8	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	87	41
		01/09/16	9 - 10	N	22	2,100	18	2.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	120	210
		01/09/16	14 - 15	N	6.8	240	23	1.6	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	150	63
		01/09/16	19 - 20	N	ND (0.21)	24 J	12	3.3	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	120	2
		01/09/16	19 - 20	FD	ND (0.21)	31 J	11	1.9	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	110	
		01/09/16	29 - 30	N	ND (0.21)	19	59	1.8	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	35 33 40	
		01/09/16	39 - 40	N	ND (0.21)	16	14	1.7	ND (0.1)	ND (1)		
		01/09/16	49 - 50	N	ND (0.21)	32	28	2.2	ND (0.1)	ND (1.1)		
		01/09/16	59 - 60	N	ND (0.21)	29	16	2.5	0.24	ND (1.1)	38	
		01/10/16	69 - 70	N	ND (0.21)	22	17	2.6	0.23	ND (1)	38	
		01/10/16	79 - 80	N	ND (0.21)	16	10	1.6	0.27	ND (1.1)	34	
SWMU1-20	SWMU1 PAA #1	01/13/16	1 - 1.5	N								5.5
		01/13/16	2 - 3	N								3.7
		01/13/16	5 - 6	N								110
		01/13/16	9 - 10	N								950
		01/13/16	14 - 15	N	8.9	190	12	1.6	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	110	140
		01/13/16	14 - 15	FD	7.9	200	9.9	2.2	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	98	
		01/13/16	19 - 20	N	ND (0.21)	23	8	1.8	ND (0.11)	ND (1)	37	0.29
		01/13/16	29 - 30	N	ND (0.21)	14	11	1.2	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	30	
		01/14/16	39 - 40	N	ND (0.21)	18	13	1.7	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	36	
		01/14/16	49 - 50	N	ND (0.22)	15	8	2	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	37	
		01/14/16	59 - 60	N	ND (0.21)	21	38	1.2	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	32	
		01/14/16	69 - 70	N	ND (0.2)	23	10	1.2	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	34	
		01/14/16	79 - 80	N	ND (0.21)	27	11	1.7	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	41	

TABLE E-1
Constituent Concentrations
Solid Waste Management Unit (SWMU) 1 – Former Percolation Bed
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

	Removal Action				(mg/kg) 3.1 31	(mg/kg) 145 145	(mg/kg) 145 145	(mg/kg) 36 36	(mg/kg) 1 1	(mg/kg) 22 22	(mg/kg) 1,050 1,050	(ng/kg) a 100 b 190
Location	Potential Action Area	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Zinc	<sup>a</sup> TEQ Human b <b>TEQ Mammal</b>
SWMU1-21	SWMU1 PAA #1	01/26/16	0 - 1	N								190
		01/26/16	2 - 3	N								870
		01/26/16	5 - 6	Ν								41
		01/26/16	9 - 10	Ν								1.8
		01/26/16	14 - 15	Ν	0.5	19	13	1.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	78	0.68
		01/26/16	19 - 20	Ν	0.3	16	8.7	ND (1)	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	69	0.39
		01/27/16	29 - 30	Ν	ND (0.21)	16	11	1.3	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	34	
		01/27/16	39 - 40	Ν	ND (0.21)	14	7.9	1.3	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	37	
		01/27/16	49 - 50	Ν	ND (0.21)	14	9	1.5	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	33	
		01/27/16	59 - 60	N	ND (0.21)	22	12	1.7	ND (0.1)	ND (1.1)	41	
		01/27/16	69 - 70	Ν	ND (0.21)	23	10	1.5	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	40	
		01/27/16	79 - 80	N	ND (0.22)	19	16	1.2	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	32	
		01/27/16	79 - 80	FD	ND (0.22)	17	11	1.3	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	35	
SWMU1-22		12/17/15	0 - 1	N	ND (0.2)	18	12	6.5	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	33	6.2
SWMU1-23		12/17/15	0 - 1	N	0.36	23	11	7.5	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	39	16
SWMU1-24	SWMU1 PAA #3	12/17/15	0 - 1	N	1.6	55	13	6.5	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	44	1,300
SWMU1-25	SWMU1 PAA #1	01/26/16	0 - 1	N	42	2,000	12	4.4	ND (0.1)	20	60	(12,000)
		01/26/16	2 - 3	N	9.5	450	13	1.6	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	200	9.9
		01/26/16	5 - 6	N	2.3	200	14	1.6	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	170	6.4
		01/26/16	9 - 10	N	ND (0.21)	17	11	2.1	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	37	2.6
SWMU1-26		01/08/17	0 - 0.5	N								13
		01/08/17	0 - 0.5	FD								26
		01/08/17	2 - 3	N								1.5
		01/08/17	5 - 6	N								31
		01/08/17	9 - 10	N								1
		01/08/17	14 - 15	N								0.22
		01/08/17	19 - 20	N								0.26

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 $G: \label{lem:control} G: \label{lem:control} G: \label{lem:control} \label{lem:control} G: \label{lem:control} \label{lem:control} A: \label{lem:control} \label{lem:control} \label{lem:controllem$ 

TABLE E-1
Constituent Concentrations
Solid Waste Management Unit (SWMU) 1 – Former Percolation Bed
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

	Removal Actio	Action Goal on Goal (RA	G) 2 to 10		(mg/kg) 3.1 31 Chromium.	(mg/kg) 145 145 Chromium,	(mg/kg) 145 145 Copper	(mg/kg) 36 36 Lead	(mg/kg)  1  1  Mercury	(mg/kg) 22 22 Molybdenum	(mg/kg) 1,050 1,050 Zinc	(ng/kg) a 100 b 190  a TEQ Human
Location	Potential Action Area	Date	(ft bgs)	Type	Hexavalent	total	Coppei	Leau	Mercury	Morybuenum	ZIIIG	bTEQ Mammal
SWMU1-27		01/07/17	0 - 0.5	N								7.9
		01/07/17	2 - 3	N								1.1
		01/07/17	5 - 6	N								5.9
		01/07/17	9 - 10	Ν								0.24
		01/07/17	14 - 15	N								0.26
		01/07/17	19 - 20	Ν								ND (0.17)
SWMU1-28		02/14/17	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.2)	15	9.1	1.6	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	31	3.8
		02/14/17	0 - 0.5	FD	ND (0.2)	16	13	1.5	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	34	3.6
		02/14/17	2 - 3	N	ND (0.2)	13	8.3	3	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	31	1.5
SWMU1-29		02/16/17	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.2)	19	8.5	1.2	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	28 J	7.8
		02/16/17	2 - 3	N	17	1,100	8.7	2.3	ND (0.1)	1.2	41	320
		02/16/17	5 - 6	N	5.6	270	11	ND (1)	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	33	19
		02/16/17	9 - 10	N	1.4	98	13	1.1	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	140	15
SWMU1-WP-1h		10/07/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.418)	25	11	3.9	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	38	
		10/07/08	2 - 3	N	ND (0.418)	17	8.9	2.8	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	34	
		10/07/08	5 - 6	N	ND (0.417)	15	7.1	2.5	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	39	
		10/07/08	9 - 10	N	ND (0.422)	28	8.7	2.9	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	58	
SWMU1-WP-3a		10/14/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.419)	27	11	3.6	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	40	
		10/14/08	2 - 3	N	ND (0.419)	20	9.4	2.3	ND (0.11)	1.1	34	
		10/14/08	5 - 6	N	ND (0.425)	27	15	6.2	ND (0.11)	ND (2.1)	45	
		10/14/08	7 - 8	Ν	ND (0.417)	23	11	3.4	ND (0.1)	ND (2.1)	39	
		10/14/08	9 - 10	N	ND (0.415)	66	21	2.8	ND (0.1)	ND (5.1)	46	
		10/14/08	9 - 10	FD	ND (0.414)	66	22	2.7	ND (0.1)	ND (5.1)	47	
		10/14/08	11 - 12	Ν	ND (0.421)	30	27	4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	40	
		10/14/08	13 - 14	N	ND (0.426)	28	31	3.8	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	40	

TABLE E-1
Constituent Concentrations
Solid Waste Management Unit (SWMU) 1 – Former Percolation Bed
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

	Removal Ac	tion Goal	(RAG) <2	2 ft bgs :	(mg/kg) 3.1	(mg/kg) 145	(mg/kg) 145	(mg/kg) 36	(mg/kg) 1	(mg/kg) 22	(mg/kg) 1,050	<b>(ng/kg)</b> a <b>100</b>
	Removal Action	Goal (RAC	G) 2 to 10	) ft bgs :	31	145	145	36	1	22	1,050	b <b>190</b>
Location	Potential Action Area	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Zinc	<sup>a</sup> TEQ Human bTEQ Mammal
SWMU1-WP-3h	SWMU1 PAA #2	10/07/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.433)	17	6.3	1.8	ND (0.11)	ND (2.1)	33	
		10/07/08	2 - 3	N	ND (0.404)	17	8.6	2.1	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	34	
		10/07/08	5 - 6	N	ND (0.404)	21	7.8	2.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	36	
SWMU1-WP-5a		10/05/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.405)	19	11	3.9	ND (0.1)	1	35	
		10/05/08	2 - 3	N	ND (0.408)	19	9.2	2.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	35	
		10/05/08	5 - 6	Ν	ND (0.419)	53	17	3.9	ND (0.1)	ND (2.1)	42	
		10/05/08	5 - 6	FD	ND (0.42) J	58	19	3.5	ND (0.1)	ND (5.2)	46	
		10/05/08	7 - 8	Ν	ND (0.416)	53	18	4.1	ND (0.1)	ND (2.1)	41	
		10/05/08	9 - 10	Ν	ND (0.421)	43	21	4.2	ND (0.1)	ND (2.1)	47	
		10/05/08	11 - 12	N	ND (0.416)	36	26	3.5	ND (0.1)	ND (2.1)	42	
		10/05/08	13 - 14	N	ND (0.422)	27	13	3.5	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	52	
SWMU1-WP-5h	SWMU1 PAA #2	10/07/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.43)	14	12	2.7	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	31	
		10/07/08 <sup>©</sup>	2 - 3	Ν	ND (0.435)	33	12	4.9	ND (0.11)	ND (2.1)	46	
		10/07/08	5	N	ND (0.415)	23	11	3.3	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	40	
SWMU1-WP-6a		10/05/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.405)	32	10	7.2	ND (0.1)	2.5	35	
		10/05/08	2 - 3	Ν	ND (0.404)	19	10	2.3	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	35	
		10/05/08	2 - 3	FD	ND (0.403)	19	9.2	2.2	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	33	
		10/05/08	5 - 6	N	ND (0.413)	41	19	3.2	ND (0.1)	ND (2.1)	44	
		10/05/08	7 - 8	N	ND (0.414)	35	18	3.5	ND (0.1)	ND (2.1)	38	
		10/05/08	9 - 10	Ν	ND (0.412)	26	14	2.4	ND (0.1)	ND (5.1)	39	
		10/05/08	11 - 12	N	ND (0.411)	51	17	3.1	ND (0.1)	3.6	35	
		10/05/08	13 - 14	N	ND (0.41)	60	15	3.6	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	43	
SWMU1-WP-6h		10/06/08 <sup>©</sup>	0 - 0.5	N	4.98	130	15	5.5	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	87	
		10/06/08	2 - 3	N	0.538	23	61	6.6	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	34	
		10/06/08	5 - 6	N	ND (0.406)	19	10	2.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	36	
		10/06/08	5 - 6	FD	ND (0.405)	20	12	2.3	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	37	
		10/06/08	9 - 10	N	ND (0.409)	41	23	3.5	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	39	

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Solid Waste Management Unit (SWMU) 1 – Former Percolation Bed
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

	Removal Action  Potential			Ĭ	(mg/kg) 3.1 31 Chromium,	(mg/kg) 145 145 Chromium,	(mg/kg) 145 145 Copper	(mg/kg) 36 36 Lead	(mg/kg) 1 1 Mercury	(mg/kg) 22 22 Molybdenum	(mg/kg) 1,050 1,050 Zinc	(ng/kg) a 100 b 190 <sup>a</sup> TEQ Human
Location	Action Area	Date	(ft bgs)	Туре	Hexavalent	total				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		b <b>TEQ Mammal</b>
SWMU1-WP-7	SWMU1 PAA #2	10/06/08	0 - 0.5	N	0.566	2,600	11	13	ND (0.11)	7.1	88	
		10/06/08 <sup>0</sup>	2 - 3	N	18.2	1,200	16	5.7	ND (0.11)	3.4	56	
		10/06/08	5 - 6	Ν	6.17	21	11	2.7	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	34	
		10/06/08	9 - 10	Ν	ND (0.417)	23	15	2.7	ND (0.11)	ND (1)	31	
SWMU1-WP-8	SWMU1 PAA #2	10/06/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.402)	35	13	6.9	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	47	
		10/06/08	2 - 3	N	0.541	26	10	4.1	ND (0.1)	ND (2.1)	32	
		10/06/08	5 - 6	N	ND (0.407)	19	10	2.7	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	38	
		10/06/08	9 - 10	N	ND (0.411)	22	9.8	2.6	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	38	
SWMU1-WP-9		09/21/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.406)	26	8.2	2.9	ND (0.1)	2.1	33	
		09/21/08	2 - 3	N	ND (0.407)	34 J	15	2.3	ND (0.1)	1.2	34	
		09/21/08	2 - 3	FD	ND (0.409)	20 J	10	2.7	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	34	
		09/21/08	5 - 6	N	ND (0.416)	39	15	3.2	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	43	
		09/21/08	7 - 8	N	ND (0.416)	28	14	3.5	ND (0.1)	ND (2.1)	45	
		09/21/08	9 - 10	N	ND (0.411)	37	15	3.3	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	43	
		09/21/08	11 - 12	N	ND (0.422)	68	23	4	ND (0.11)	ND (5.2)	56	
		09/21/08	13 - 14	N	ND (0.423)	60	22	4.9	ND (0.11)	ND (2.1)	52	
SWMU1-WP-10	SWMU1 PAA #2	10/05/08	0 - 0.5	N	6.64	540	11	8.3	ND (0.1)	ND (2.1)	56	
		10/05/08 <sup>0</sup>	2 - 3	N	3.85	1,400	18	10	ND (0.1)	ND (5.2)	360	
		10/05/08	5 - 6	N	0.494 J	50	12	3.6	ND (0.11)	ND (2.1)	53	
		10/05/08	9 - 10	N	2.31	250	11	5.4	ND (0.11)	ND (2.1)	83	
SWMU1-WP-T3a		10/05/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.41)	25	11	2.8	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	39	
		10/05/08	2 - 3	N	ND (0.411)	18	12	2.9	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	35	
		10/05/08	5 - 6	N	ND (0.431)	26	16	3.4	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	40	
		10/05/08	5 - 6	FD	ND (0.438)	26	15	3.7	ND (0.11)	1.1	39	
		10/05/08	7 - 8	N	ND (0.429)	38	19	4.4	ND (0.11)	ND (2.1)	44	
		10/05/08	9 - 10	N	ND (0.406)	71	20	3.4	ND (0.1)	6.4	42	
		10/05/08	11 - 12	N	ND (0.42)	50	17	4.5	ND (0.1)	ND (2.1)	42	
		10/05/08	13 - 14	N	ND (0.424)	62	30	3.8	ND (0.11)	ND (5.3)	51	

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TABLE E-1
Constituent Concentrations
Solid Waste Management Unit (SWMU) 1 – Former Percolation Bed
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

					(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(ng/kg)
	Removal Ac	tion Goal	(RAG)	2 ft has :	3.1	145	145	36	1	22	1,050	a <b>100</b>
	Removal Action	Goal (RA	G) 2 to 1	0 ft bgs :	31	145	145	36	1	22	1,050	b <b>190</b>
Location	Potential Action Area	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Zinc	<sup>a</sup> TEQ Human bTEQ Mammal
SSB-2	SWMU1 PAA #2	06/30/97	1	N	ND (0.05)	48.7	7.4				27.3	
		06/30/97	3	N	ND (0.05)	7.6	6.8				20.4	
		06/30/97	6	N	ND (0.05)	10.1	9.4				27	
		06/30/97	10	N	ND (0.05)	9.7	11	3.1		ND (0.2)	27.3	
SSB-3		06/30/97	1	Ν	ND (0.05)	8.2	4.3				13.7	
		06/30/97	3	N	ND (0.05)	13.2	9.5				21.4	
		06/30/97	6	N	ND (0.05)	23.5	13.7				27.1	
		06/30/97	10	N	ND (0.05)	7.1	13.4	2.3		ND (0.2)	19.2	
SSB-4	SWMU1 PAA #1	06/30/97	1	Ν	ND (0.05)	10.1	3				11.9	
		06/30/97	3	N	ND (0.05)	1,520	10.3				141	
		06/30/97	6	N	ND (0.05)	297	12.4				130	
		06/30/97	10	N	ND (0.05)	201	11.9	2.1		ND (0.2)	188	
SSB-5		06/30/97	1	Ν	0.06	521	13.5				39.6	
		06/30/97	3	N	ND (0.05)	(1,440)	16				128	
		06/30/97	6	N	ND (0.05)	617	14.9				115	
		06/30/97	10	N	ND (0.05)	31.6	7	1.75		ND (0.2)	107	
WP-1	SWMU1 PAA #2	06/30/97	0	Ν	47.5	2,090	3.9				44.5	
WP-2	SWMU1 PAA #2	09/18/97	0	N	ND (0.5)	25.9	22.8				80.1	
WP-3	SWMU1 PAA #2	09/18/97	0.5	N	11.8	(1,290)	13.2				50.3	
		09/18/97	2	N	0.41	273	18.6				50	
WP-4	SWMU1 PAA #2	09/18/97	0	N	1.14	120	10.8				65.6	
WP-5	SWMU1 PAA #2	09/18/97	0	N	3.51	<u>511</u>	16.8				50.4	
		09/18/97	1	N	6.66	711	15.4				61.5	
		09/18/97	2	N	8.97	421	15.8				51.9	
		09/18/97	3	N	6.1	158	10.1				22.9	
		09/18/97	4	N	10.2	113	24.4				41.9	

TABLE E-1
Constituent Concentrations
Solid Waste Management Unit (SWMU) 1 – Former Percolation Bed
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

		Removal Action Goal (RAG) <2 ft bgs : Removal Action Goal (RAG) 2 to 10 ft bgs :				(mg/kg) 145 145	(mg/kg) 145 145	(mg/kg) 36 36	(mg/kg) 1 1	(mg/kg) 22 22	(mg/kg) 1,050 1,050	(ng/kg) a 100 b 190
Location	Potential Action Area	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Zinc	<sup>a</sup> TEQ Human bTEQ Mammal
WP-6	SWMU1 PAA #2	09/18/97	0	N	1.64	712	21.6				57.9	
		09/18/97	1	N	9.46	1,030	18.2				46.5	
		09/18/97	2	N	2.29	401	11.9				210	
WP-Bank1	SWMU1 PAA #2	11/23/98	0	N	5.5	261	10.3				23.4	
WP-Bank2	SWMU1 PAA #2	11/23/98	0	N	14	909	27.2				61.8	
BANK-WP	SWMU1 PAA #2	11/13/98	Unknown	N	ND (0.51)	34.4	16.3				41.3	
WP-Floor	SWMU1 PAA #2	11/23/98	Unknown	N	3.3	317	13.9				15.9 J	
Bank - b	SWMU1 PAA #2	11/13/98	Unknown	N	0.7	20.1	15				38.2	
T-1	SWMU1 PAA #2	11/13/98	Unknown	N	ND (0.53)	15.9	13.1				38.6	
		11/13/98	Unknown	N	2.1	38.8	28				164	
T-2	SWMU1 PAA #2	11/13/98	Unknown	N	ND (0.53)	21.2	12.4				44.7	
		11/13/98	Unknown	N	0.6	44.4	14.2				43	
T-3-B	SWMU1 PAA #2	11/13/98	0	N	3.1	619	19.6				673	
P-1		11/13/98	Unknown	N	ND (0.52)	12	12.7				29.4	
		11/13/98	Unknown	N	ND (0.53)	17.9	16.1				40.4	
P-2Soil		11/13/98	- 3.5	N	ND (0.76)	33.2	6				6.4	
		11/13/98	Unknown	N	ND (0.52)	15	9.7				36.1	

#### **TABLE E-1**

Constituent Concentrations
Solid Waste Management Unit (SWMU) 1 – Former Percolation Bed
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

#### Notes:

Results greater than or equal to the Removal Action Goal are circled.

θ white powder sample.

--- not analyzed FD field duplicate

ft bgs feet below ground surface

J concentration or reporting limit estimated by laboratory or data validation

mg/kg milligrams per kilogram

N primary sample

ND not detected at the listed reporting limit

ng/kg nanogram per kilogram

TEQ dioxin and furans toxicity equivalent quotient

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 $G: Vacific Gas Electric Co \ Various of a local control of the Scalar and the S$ 

TABLE E-2
Constituent Concentrations
Area of Concern (AOC) 1 – Area around Former Percolation Bed
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

					(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(ng/kg)
	Removal A	Action Goal	(RAG) <2	2 ft bgs :	3.1	145	145	36	1	22	1,050	a <b>100</b>
	Removal Actio	n Goal (RA	G) 2 to 10	) ft bgs :	31	145	145	36	1	22	1,050	b <b>190</b>
Location	Potential Action Area	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Zinc	<sup>a</sup> TEQ Human bTEQ Mammal
AOC1-BCW1		09/20/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.401)	23	11	7.5	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	44	
		09/20/08	2 - 3	N	ND (0.404)	25	15	2	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	28	
AOC1-BCW2		10/04/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.403)	21	7.6	3.7	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	40	
		10/04/08	2 - 3	Ν	ND (0.407)	34	9.2	18	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	39	
		10/04/08	5 - 6	N	ND (0.404)	35	8.8	4.4	ND (0.1)	1.5	41	
		10/04/08	9 - 10	N	ND (0.426)	20	8.1	3.8	ND (0.1)	ND (1.1)	39	
AOC1-BCW3		10/04/08	0 - 0.5	N	0.416	25	11	7.3	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	51	
		10/04/08	2 - 3	Ν	ND (0.404)	25	9.8	4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	38	
		10/04/08	5 - 6	Ν	ND (0.415)	23	9.6	2.2	ND (0.1)	ND (2.1)	43	
		10/04/08	9 - 10	Ν	ND (0.421)	21	8.5	2.2	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	38	
		10/04/08	9 - 10	FD	ND (0.424)	22	8.8	2.3	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	41	
AOC1-BCW4		10/04/08	0 - 0.5	N	1.3	36	13	9.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	61	
		10/04/08	2 - 3	N	ND (0.407)	24	8.3	3.6	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	33	
		10/04/08	5 - 6	Ν	ND (0.416)	23	8.4	2.7	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	45	
		10/04/08	9 - 10	Ν	ND (0.426)	22	7.6	2.3	ND (0.11)	ND (2.1)	42	
AOC1-BCW5		10/04/08	0 - 0.5	N	0.445	35	12	6	ND (0.099)	ND (1)	46	
		10/04/08	2 - 3	N	ND (0.407)	31	9.6	7	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	42	
		10/04/08	5 - 6	N	ND (0.42)	26	8.4	2.7	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	44	
		10/04/08	9 - 10	Ν	ND (0.425)	22	ND (7.4)	3.2	ND (0.11)	ND (2.1)	40	
		10/04/08	9 - 10	FD	ND (0.427)	24	ND (7.3)	3	ND (0.11)	ND (2.1)	40	
AOC1-BCW6		08/22/08 <sup>‡</sup>	0 - 0.5	N	2.63	71	22	23	ND (0.14)	ND (2.8)	81	64
		08/22/08 <sup>‡</sup>	2 - 3	N	ND (0.608)	21	14	8.7	ND (0.14)	ND (2.9)	50	11
AOC1-T1a		10/16/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.406)	19	11	4.9	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	38	
		10/16/08	2 - 3	N	ND (0.404)	27	8.6	3.8	ND (0.1)	2	37	
		10/16/08	5 - 6	N	ND (0.405)	26	9.5	3.4	ND (0.1)	2	34	
		10/16/08	9 - 10	N	ND (0.404)	14	7.5	1.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	32	

TABLE E-2
Constituent Concentrations
Area of Concern (AOC) 1 – Area around Former Percolation Bed
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

					(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(ng/kg)
	Removal A	ction Goal	(RAG)	2 ft has :	3.1	145		36	1	22		a <b>100</b>
							145				1,050	
	Removal Action	n Goal (RA	G) 2 to 10	0 ft bgs :	31	145	145	36	1	22	1,050	b <b>190</b>
Location	Potential Action Area	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Zinc	<sup>a</sup> TEQ Human bTEQ Mammal
AOC1-T1b		10/16/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.405)	43 J	9	3.1	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	31	
		10/16/08	0 - 0.5	FD	ND (0.405)	33 J	10	3.2	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	32	
		10/16/08	2 - 3	N	ND (1.94)	98	12	3.9	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	67	
		10/16/08	5 - 6	N	0.402	28	9	3.2	ND (0.1)	1.7	31	
		10/16/08	9 - 10	N	ND (0.402)	42	11	2.6	ND (0.1)	5	32	
AOC1-T1c		10/16/08	0 - 0.5	N	0.601	44	13	7.5	ND (0.1)	1.9	53	
		10/16/08	2 - 3	N	4.77 J	140	26	20 J	ND (0.1)	2.5	82 J	
		10/16/08	2 - 3	FD	3.58 J	150	29	32 J	ND (0.1)	2.2	110 J	
		10/16/08	5 - 6	N	0.446	46	15	5	ND (0.1)	3	44	
		10/16/08	9 - 10	N	ND (0.418)	20	11	1.9	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	38	
AOC1-T2a		10/05/08	0 - 0.5	Ν	ND (0.403)	26	10	4.8	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	38	
		10/16/08	2 - 3	Ν	ND (0.407)	28	10	4	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	42	
		10/16/08	5 - 6	N	ND (0.405)	19	8.3	2.4	ND (0.1)	1.1	35	
		10/16/08	9 - 10	N	ND (0.416)	15	7.1	2.1	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	36	
AOC1-T2b	AOC1 PAA #2	10/16/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.408)	26	9.3	3.2	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	39	
		10/16/08	2 - 3	Ν	ND (0.414)	26	10	3	ND (0.1)	2.4	33	
		10/16/08	5 - 6	N	ND (0.407)	53	8.7	2.4	ND (0.1)	5.5	32	
		10/16/08	9 - 10	N	ND (0.415)	18	8.5	1.8	ND (0.1)	1.3	33	
		10/16/08	9 - 10	FD	ND (0.413)	18	9.6	1.6	ND (0.1)	1.2	35	
AOC1-T2c		10/08/08	0 - 0.5	N	1.26	60	10	5.1	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	44	
		10/08/08	2 - 3	Ν	ND (0.416)	42	11	3.3	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	33	
		10/08/08	5 - 6	Ν	ND (0.412)	22	9.1	1.8	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	28	
		10/08/08	9 - 10	N	ND (0.419)	24	9.7	2.6	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	40	

TABLE E-2
Constituent Concentrations
Area of Concern (AOC) 1 – Area around Former Percolation Bed
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

	Removal Action Goal (RAG) <2 ft bgs :  Removal Action Goal (RAG) 2 to 10 ft bgs :  Potential Depth Sample				(mg/kg) 3.1 31 Chromium.	(mg/kg) 145 145 Chromium.	(mg/kg) 145 145 Copper	(mg/kg) 36 36 Lead	(mg/kg)  1  1  Mercury	(mg/kg) 22 22 Molybdenum	(mg/kg) 1,050 1,050 Zinc	(ng/kg) a 100 b 190 a TEQ Human
Location	Action Area	Date	(ft bgs)	Type	Hexavalent	total	оорро.	Loud	moreary	mory Duomani	20	bTEQ Mammal
AOC1-T2d	AOC1 PAA #2	10/07/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.408)	46	10	2.9	ND (0.1)	2.9	36	
		10/07/08	2 - 3	N	5.73	970	13	4.7	ND (0.1)	1.5	98	
		10/07/08	5 - 6	N	4.34	370	11	3.9	ND (0.1)	1.1	130	
		10/07/08	9 - 10	Ν	2.92	140	14	3.1	ND (0.1)	ND (2.1)	68	
		10/07/08	19 - 20	Ν	ND (0.423)	26	9.2	3	ND (0.11)	ND (2.1)	45	
		10/07/08	29 - 30	N	ND (0.424)	21	8.9	2.7	ND (0.1)	ND (2.1)	37	
		10/07/08	29 - 30	FD	ND (0.423)	24	ND (11)	2.2	ND (0.11)	ND (5.3)	36	
		10/07/08	39 - 40	N	ND (0.431)	22	11	3.6	ND (0.11)	ND (2.1)	42	
		10/07/08	49 - 50	N	ND (0.425)	28	10	2.1	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	38	
		10/08/08	59 - 60	N	ND (0.406)	39	9.8	2.2	ND (0.1)	4.7	32	
		10/08/08	69 - 70	N	ND (0.435)	18	9.8	2.8	ND (0.11)	2.2	31	
AOC1-T2e		10/16/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.405)	34	9.3	3.4	ND (0.1)	2.2	36	
		10/16/08	2 - 3	N	ND (0.408)	30	8.4	3.2	ND (0.1)	1.4	30	
		10/16/08	2 - 3	FD	ND (0.408)	32	8	3.2	ND (0.1)	1.3	33	
		10/16/08	5 - 6	N	ND (0.402)	44	8.4	2.3	ND (0.1)	5.4	32	
		10/16/08	9 - 10	N	ND (0.415)	20	4.9	1.1	ND (0.1)	1.1	27	
AOC1-T3a		10/05/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.403)	24	11	8.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	47	
		10/17/08	2 - 3	N	ND (0.407)	19	9	4.2	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	37	
		10/17/08	5 - 6	N	ND (0.405)	23	12	14	ND (0.1)	1.7	39	
		10/17/08	9 - 10	N	ND (0.406)	15	10	1.9	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	33	
AOC1-T3b		10/05/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.402)	23	8	3.1	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	29	
		10/17/08	2 - 3	N	2.77	170	13	9.1	ND (0.11)	ND (1)	120	
		10/17/08	5 - 6	N	ND (0.405)	46	8.6	2.3	ND (0.1)	4.6	34	
		10/17/08	9 - 10	N	ND (0.41)	17	7.7	1.7	ND (0.1)	1.1	31	
		10/17/08	9 - 10	FD	ND (0.412)	16	6.5	1.9	ND (0.1)	1.1	32	

TABLE E-2
Constituent Concentrations
Area of Concern (AOC) 1 – Area around Former Percolation Bed
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

					(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(ng/kg)
	Removal A	Action Goal	(RAG) <	2 ft bgs :	3.1	145	145	36	1	22	1,050	a <b>100</b>
	Removal Action	on Goal (RA	.G) 2 to 10	Oft bgs:	31	145	145	36	1	22	1,050	b <b>190</b>
Location	Potential Action Area	Date		Sample Type	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Zinc	<sup>a</sup> TEQ Human bTEQ Mammal
AOC1-T3c		10/05/08	0 - 0.5	N	0.42	27	11	7	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	46	
		10/05/08	2 - 3	N	ND (0.41)	30	9.7	3.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	39	
		10/05/08	5 - 6	N	1.65	89	12	5.8	ND (0.1)	1.4	65	
		10/05/08	9 - 10	Ν	ND (0.403)	19	10	2.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	36	
AOC1-T4a		10/03/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.402)	28	11	5.5	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	51	
		10/03/08	2 - 3	N	ND (0.407)	26	10	4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	40	
		10/03/08	5 - 6	N	ND (0.409)	25	11	3.3	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	40	
		10/03/08	9 - 10	Ν	0.525	26	9.6	4.3	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	36	
AOC1-T4b		10/02/08	0 - 0.5	N	1.26	21	7.5	2.6	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	29	
		10/02/08	2 - 3	N	ND (0.412)	29	12	8.8 J	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	46	
		10/02/08	2 - 3	FD	ND (0.408)	28	11	7 J	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	50	
		10/02/08	5 - 6	Ν	ND (0.419)	24	9.6	3.2	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	39	
		10/02/08	9 - 10	Ν	ND (0.415)	19	8.8	2.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	37	
AOC1-T4c		10/04/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.403)	19	22	5.9	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	33	
		10/04/08	2 - 3	N	0.816	27	19	14	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	67	
		10/04/08	5 - 6	N	0.868	28	21	19	ND (0.1)	1.3	71	
		10/04/08	9 - 10	Ν	ND (0.413)	27	13	5.8	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	47	
AOC1-T5a		10/04/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.402)	21	13	4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	41	
		10/04/08	2 - 3	N	ND (0.403)	39	10	3.2	ND (0.099)	ND (1)	38	
		10/04/08	5 - 6	N	ND (0.405)	35	24	3.4	ND (0.1)	2.2	38	
		10/04/08	9 - 10	N	ND (0.411)	24	11	3.6	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	38	
		10/04/08	9 - 10	FD	ND (0.409)	27	11	3.1	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	38	
AOC1-T5b		10/04/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.402)	26	11	4.9	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	33	
		10/04/08	2 - 3	N	0.452	41	9.5	4.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	38	
		10/04/08	5 - 6	N	0.596	61	9.8	4.8	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	41	
		10/04/08	9 - 10	N	ND (0.409)	23	13	3.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	41	

TABLE E-2
Constituent Concentrations
Area of Concern (AOC) 1 – Area around Former Percolation Bed
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

	Domessel	Action Cool	(BAC)	) ft bac	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(ng/kg)
	Removai i	Action Goal	(HAG) <2	tings:	3.1	145	145	36	1	22	1,050	a <b>100</b>
	Removal Action	on Goal (RA	G) 2 to 10	) ft bgs :	31	145	145	36	1	22	1,050	b <b>190</b>
Location	Potential Action Area	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Zinc	<sup>a</sup> TEQ Human b <b>TEQ Mammal</b>
AOC1-T5c		10/04/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.403)	15	8.8	5.8	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	37	
		10/04/08	2 - 3	N	0.875	31	12	7.5	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	53	
		10/04/08	5 - 6	Ν	0.641	36	12	11	ND (0.099)	ND (1)	49	
		10/04/08	9 - 10	N	0.478	21	9.8	3.9	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	39	
AOC1-T6a		09/30/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.402)	20	11	5.6	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	47	
		09/30/08	2.5 - 3	N	ND (0.408)	20	8.9	5.6	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	36	
		09/30/08	2.5 - 3	FD	ND (0.407)	21	8.8	5.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	40	
		09/30/08	5.5 - 6	N	ND (0.408)	16	7.9	3.9	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	34	
		09/30/08	9.5 - 10	N	ND (0.41)	20	8.7	12	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	40	
AOC1-T6b		09/30/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.401)	26	9	5.5	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	41	
		09/30/08	2.5 - 3	N	ND (0.404)	18	7.1	4.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	29	
		09/30/08	5.5 - 6	Ν	ND (0.404)	22	10	3.2	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	36	
		09/30/08	9.5 - 10	Ν	ND (0.405)	25	9.3	3.1 J	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	37	
		09/30/08	9.5 - 10	FD	ND (0.404)	27	10	8.5 J	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	39	
AOC1-T6c		09/30/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.401)	18	8.7	3.2	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	39	
		09/30/08	2.5 - 3	N	ND (0.407)	26	9.7	5.1	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	37	
		09/30/08	5.5 - 6	N	ND (0.406)	21	9.4	2.9	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	37	
AOC4-1		10/14/08	0 - 0.5	N	0.49	47	16	8.5	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	48	
		10/14/08	0.5 - 1	N	ND (0.404)	32	13	10	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	47	
		10/14/08	2 - 3	N	ND (0.405)	20	12	17	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	39	

TABLE E-2
Constituent Concentrations
Area of Concern (AOC) 1 – Area around Former Percolation Bed
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

	Removal Action Goal (RAG) <2 ft bgs : Removal Action Goal (RAG) 2 to 10 ft bgs :					(mg/kg) 145 145	(mg/kg) 145 145	(mg/kg) 36 36	(mg/kg) 1 1	(mg/kg) 22 22	(mg/kg) 1,050 1,050	(ng/kg) a 100 Þ 190
Location	Potential Action Area	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Zinc	<sup>a</sup> TEQ Human b <b>TEQ Mammal</b>
AOC1-1	AOC1 PAA #3	01/23/16	0 - 0.5	N	12	410	14	5.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	74	300
		01/23/16	2 - 3	N	4.1	290	14	4.5	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	74	190
		01/23/16	5 - 6	N	ND (0.2)	15	9	2.6	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	34	
		01/23/16	9 - 10	N	ND (0.2)	17	9.6	2.1	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	35	
		01/23/16	14 - 15	N	ND (0.2)	18	11	1.8	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	36	
		01/23/16	14 - 15	FD	ND (0.2)	19	12	1.9	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	36	
		01/24/16	19 - 20	N	ND (0.2)	18	9	1.3	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	39	
		01/24/16	29 - 30	N	ND (0.21)	16	12	2.3	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	41	
AOC1-2		01/23/16	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.21)	20	9.1	4.2	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	38	1.9
		01/23/16	2 - 3	N	ND (0.2)	18 J	9.1	1.9	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	36	0.15
		01/23/16	5 - 6	N	ND (0.2)	19	11	1.8	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	36	
		01/23/16	9 - 10	N	ND (0.2)	18	6.3	1	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	28	
		01/23/16	14 - 15	N	ND (0.2)	13	8.1	1	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	34	
		01/23/16	19 - 20	N	ND (0.2)	16 J	7.7	1.5	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	35	
		01/23/16	20 - 30	FD	ND (0.2)	13 J	8	1.3	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	36	
		01/23/16	29 - 30	N	ND (0.2)	15	7.6	1.2	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	31	

TABLE E-2
Constituent Concentrations
Area of Concern (AOC) 1 – Area around Former Percolation Bed
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

	Removal A		· ·	Ŭ	(mg/kg) 3.1 31	(mg/kg) 145 145	(mg/kg) 145 145	(mg/kg) 36 36	(mg/kg) 1 1	(mg/kg) 22 22	(mg/kg) 1,050 1,050	(ng/kg) a 100 b 190
Location	Potential Action Area	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Zinc	<sup>a</sup> TEQ Human b TEQ Mammal
AOC1-3	AOC1 PAA #3	01/25/16	0 - 0.5	N	14	410	13	3.7	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	90	330
		01/25/16	2 - 3	N	3.7	210	11	3.3	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	60	180
		01/25/16	5 - 6	Ν	ND (0.2)	24	14	1.5	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	39	8.0
		01/25/16	9 - 10	Ν	ND (0.2)	13	7.7	1.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	32	0.52
		01/25/16	14 - 15	Ν	ND (0.2)	17	10	1.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	40	
		01/25/16	14 - 15	FD	ND (0.2)	19	9.8	1.3	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	43	
		01/25/16	19 - 20	N	ND (0.2)	19	11	1.6	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	38	
		01/25/16	29 - 30	N	ND (0.2)	15	11	2.2	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	34	
		01/25/16	39 - 40	N	ND (0.22)	22	10	1.7	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	39	
		01/25/16	49 - 50	N	ND (0.21)	23	14	2.3	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	42	
		01/25/16	59 - 60	N	ND (0.21)	39	14	2.2	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	42	
		01/26/16	69 - 70	N	ND (0.21)	20	19	1.5	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	38	
		01/26/16	79 - 80	N	ND (0.21)	17	13	1.3	ND (0.11)	ND (1)	31	
AOC1-4		01/23/16	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.2)	13	7	1.9	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	35	0.92
		01/23/16	2 - 3	N	ND (0.2)	19	8.7	3	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	30	0.66
		01/23/16	5 - 6	N	ND (0.2)	14	10	2.9	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	31	
		01/23/16	9 - 10	N	ND (0.2)	14	9.3	2.2	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	33	
		01/23/16	14 - 15	N	ND (0.2)	35	9.1	2	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	35	
		01/23/16	19 - 20	N	ND (0.2)	16	8.4	1.2	ND (0.1) J	ND (1)	37	
		01/23/16	19 - 20	FD	ND (0.2)	21	11	1.3	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	43 J	
		01/23/16	29 - 30	Ν	ND (0.21)	16	7.9	2.2	ND (0.1)	ND (1.1)	39	
AOC1-5		01/09/17	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.21)	14	7.3	1.5	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	26	2.4
		01/09/17	2 - 3	N	ND (0.21)	24	8.7	ND (1)	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	32	0.2
		01/09/17	5 - 6	N	ND (0.21)	19	7.9	2.1	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	45	8
		01/09/17	9 - 10	N	ND (0.21)	13	9.5	ND (1)	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	28	0.45
		01/09/17	14 - 15	N	ND (0.21)	18	8.3	1.9	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	34	0.19

TABLE E-2
Constituent Concentrations
Area of Concern (AOC) 1 – Area around Former Percolation Bed
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

	Removal <i>i</i>	Action Goal	(RAG) <	2 ft bgs :	(mg/kg) 3.1	(mg/kg) 145	(mg/kg) 145	(mg/kg) 36	(mg/kg) 1	(mg/kg) 22	(mg/kg) 1,050	(ng/kg) a 100
	Removal Action	on Goal (RA	G) 2 to 10	Oft bgs:	31	145	145	36	1	22	1,050	b <b>190</b>
Location	Potential Action Area	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Zinc	<sup>a</sup> TEQ Human b <b>TEQ Mammal</b>
AOC1-6		01/09/17	0 - 0.5	N	0.22	23	11	2.9	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	34	14
		01/09/17	2 - 3	N	ND (0.21)	17	6.7	1.2	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	27	2.7
		01/09/17	5 - 6	N	ND (0.21)	14	8.8	ND (1)	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	30	0.3
		01/09/17	9 - 10	Ν	ND (0.21)	21	8.3	1.5	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	35	ND (0.16)
		01/09/17	14 - 15	Ν	ND (0.21)	23	7.3	1.6	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	38	0.24
AOC16-5		02/20/17	0 - 0.5	N	0.56	28 J	18 J	29 J		ND (1)	46 J	36
		02/20/17	0 - 0.5	FD	0.61	22 J	11 J	3.9 J	0.12	ND (1)	36 J	23
		02/20/17	2 - 3	Ν	ND (0.21)	13	28	1.3	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	25	ND (0.44)
AOC1-7		01/09/17	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.21)	14	9.4	1.6	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	28 J	12
		01/09/17	2 - 3	N	ND (0.21)	20	9	1.9	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	35	5.8
		01/09/17	2 - 3	FD	ND (0.21)	18	7.1	1.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	33	3.8
		01/09/17	5 - 6	Ν	ND (0.21)	18	6.3	1.1	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	35	0.49
		01/09/17	9 - 10	N	ND (0.21)	25	8.8	1.6	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	42	0.15
		01/09/17	14 - 15	N	ND (0.21)	22	9.2	1.3	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	38	0.15
AOC1-8		01/05/17	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.21)	26	12	4.1	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	41	5.8
		01/05/17	2 - 3	N	0.24	16	10	12	ND (0.12)	ND (1.2)	40	9
AOC1-BCW10		02/04/16	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.21)	52	16	11	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	65	110
		02/04/16	2 - 3	N	0.42	66	15	11	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	63	18
		02/04/16	5 - 6	N	ND (0.2)	17	9.5	1.1	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	35	0.79
		02/04/16	9 - 10	N	ND (0.21)	25 J	7.9	1.8	ND (0.11)	ND (1)	49	0.15
		02/04/16	9 - 10	FD	ND (0.21)	19 J	8.2	1.9	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	44	0.089
AOC1-BCW11		02/04/16	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.21) J	19	14	8.5	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	54	10
		02/04/16	2 - 3	N	0.36	38	15	6.3	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	54	19
		02/04/16	5 - 6	N	0.5	54	16	7.3	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	62	52
		02/04/16	9 - 10	N	ND (0.22)	11	6	ND (1.1)	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	27	ND (0.19)

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Constituent Concentrations
Area of Concern (AOC) 1 – Area around Former Percolation Bed
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

					(ma m /lem)	(ma m /le m)	(ma m /lc m)	(ma m /le m)	(maga/kan)	(man (len)	(maga/lega)	(mm/lem)
	Damasad Asti	0	(DAO) (	) & b	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(ng/kg)
	Removal Acti	on Goai	(RAG) <2	2 it bgs :	3.1	145	145	36	1	22	1,050	a <b>100</b>
	Removal Action G	aoal (RA	G) 2 to 10	Oft bgs:	31	145	145	36	1	22	1,050	b <b>190</b>
Location	Potential Action Area	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Zinc	<sup>a</sup> TEQ Human b <b>TEQ Mammal</b>
AOC1-BCW12		02/04/16	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.23)	29	15	9.8	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	74	54
		02/04/16	2 - 3	Ν	0.8	48	17	10	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	58	100
		02/04/16	5 - 6	Ν	ND (0.21)	12	6.9	2	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	30	1.5
-	(	02/04/16	9 - 10	N	ND (0.21)	13	6.5	1.3	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	29	
AOC1-BCW13		02/04/16	0 - 0.5	Ν	ND (0.21)	29	16	8.7	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	62	19
	(	02/04/16	2 - 3	N	0.22	22	17	1.5	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	44	0.37
	(	02/04/16	5 - 6	N	ND (0.22)	17	11	2	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	39	0.21
	ı	02/04/16	9 - 10	N	ND (0.22)	16	6.5	1.5	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	35	0.24
AOC1-BCW14		02/04/16	0 - 0.5	Ν	ND (0.21)	28	12	4.7	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	49	11
	(	02/04/16	2 - 3	N	0.23	15	10	3.6	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	34	1.7
	(	02/04/16	5 - 6	N	ND (0.21)	14	8.8	1.3	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	34	
-	(	02/04/16	9 - 10	N	ND (0.21)	19	22	1.2	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	29	
AOC1-BCW15	(	02/04/16	0 - 0.5	Ν	ND (0.23)	21	15	9.2	ND (0.12)	ND (1.2)	52	9.6
	(	02/04/16	2 - 3	Ν	0.54	43	17	9.9	ND (0.13)	ND (1.2)	49	
	(	02/04/16	5 - 6	N	ND (0.22)	14	6.6	1.4	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	39	
	(	02/04/16	9 - 10	N	ND (0.22)	16	6.9	ND (1.1)	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	37	
AOC1-BCW16		02/04/16	0 - 0.5	Ν	ND (0.22)	30	13	5.8	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	46	26
		02/04/16	2 - 3	Ν	0.36	50	18	12	ND (0.12)	ND (1.2)	51	18
	(	02/04/16	5 - 6	Ν	ND (0.21)	15	8.1	1.3	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	28	3.5
		02/04/16	9 - 10	N	ND (0.21)	10	6.2	ND (1.1)	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	22	0.21
AOC1-BCW17		02/04/16	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.23)	15	13	5.1	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	36	0.42
		02/04/16	2 - 3	Ν	ND (0.21)	23	18	1.4	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	41	0.14
	(	02/04/16	5 - 6	N	ND (0.21)	18	18	2	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	38	
	(	02/04/16	9 - 10	N	ND (0.21)	19	15	1.7	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	39	

TABLE E-2
Constituent Concentrations
Area of Concern (AOC) 1 – Area around Former Percolation Bed
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

Location	Removal Action Potential Action Area	Action Goal on Goal (RA Date		Oft bgs:	(mg/kg) 3.1 31 Chromium, Hexavalent	(mg/kg) 145 145 Chromium, total	(mg/kg) 145 145 Copper	(mg/kg) 36 36 Lead	(mg/kg) 1 1 Mercury	(mg/kg) 22 22 Molybdenum	(mg/kg) 1,050 1,050 Zinc	(ng/kg) a 100 b 190  a TEQ Human b TEQ Mammal
AOC1-BCW18		02/05/16	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.26)	46	19	13	ND (0.13)	ND (1.3)	68	29
		02/05/16	2 - 3	Ν	ND (0.25)	10	7	3.5	ND (0.12)	ND (1.2)	30	0.31
		02/05/16	5 - 6	N	ND (0.22)	9.6	6.9	ND (1.1)	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	28	ND (0.13)
		02/05/16	9 - 10	N	ND (0.22)	17	6	1.5	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	35	ND (0.1)
AOC1-BCW19		02/05/16	0 - 0.5	Ν	1.4	58	15	11	ND (0.12)	ND (1.2)	60	210
		02/05/16	2 - 3	N	ND (0.21)	12	6.9	1.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	27	
		02/05/16	5 - 6	N	ND (0.21)	15	6.9	1	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	34	
		02/05/16	9 - 10	N	ND (0.22)	12	7.7	ND (1.1)	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	31	
AOC1-BCW20		02/05/16	0 - 0.5	Ν	ND (0.21)	20	8.2	2.2	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	38	5.6
		02/05/16	2 - 3	N	ND (0.21)	14	7.4	1.6	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	31	0.22
		02/05/16	5 - 6	N	ND (0.22)	12	8.7	1.4	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	29	0.19
		02/05/16	9 - 10	N	ND (0.23)	22	17	2.9	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	48	ND (0.12)
AOC1-BCW21		02/05/16	0 - 0.5	Ν	ND (0.23)	42	17	13	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	64	42
		02/05/16	2 - 3	N	ND (0.22)	22	9.7	3.2	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	40	0.31
		02/05/16	5 - 6	N	ND (0.22)	15	13	1.6	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	33	ND (0.12)
		02/05/16	9 - 10	N	ND (0.22)	19	14	2	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	40	ND (0.12)
AOC1-BCW22		02/05/16	0 - 0.5	Ν	ND (0.21)	12	7	6.1	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	26	7
		02/05/16	2 - 3	Ν	ND (0.21)	20	10	16	ND (0.11)	ND (1)	43	
		02/05/16	5 - 6	N	ND (0.21)	16	7.7	4.2	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	36	
		02/05/16	9 - 10	N	ND (0.22)	15	8.8	ND (1.1)	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	33	
AOC1-BCW23		02/05/16	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.26)	38	22	16	ND (0.13)	ND (1.3)	84	21
		02/05/16	2 - 3	Ν	ND (0.24)	17	12	6.9	ND (0.12)	ND (1.2)	47	0.65
		02/05/16	5 - 6	N	ND (0.22)	11	5.7	1.7	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	24	
		02/05/16	9 - 10	N	ND (0.22)	13	7.6	1.5	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	33	

TABLE E-2
Constituent Concentrations
Area of Concern (AOC) 1 – Area around Former Percolation Bed
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

Location	Removal Action Potential Action Area	Action Goal on Goal (RA Date		Ĭ	(mg/kg) 3.1 31 Chromium, Hexavalent	(mg/kg) 145 145 Chromium, total	(mg/kg) 145 145 Copper	(mg/kg) 36 36 Lead	(mg/kg) 1 1 Mercury	(mg/kg) 22 22 Molybdenum	(mg/kg) 1,050 1,050 Zinc	(ng/kg) a 100 b 190  TEQ Human b TEQ Mammal
AOC1-BCW24		02/05/16	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.24)	30	14	7.4	ND (0.12)	ND (1.2)	56	27
		02/05/16	2 - 3	N	0.28	29	15	8.8	ND (0.12)	ND (1.2)	49	26
		02/05/16	5 - 6	N	ND (0.22)	11	7.7	1.1	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	27	ND (0.18)
		02/05/16	9 - 10	N	ND (0.22)	7.9	4.9	1.3	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	21	
AOC1-BCW25		02/05/16	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.26)	39	18	11	ND (0.13)	ND (1.3)	69	58
		02/05/16	2 - 3	N	ND (0.26)	21	14	3.8	ND (0.13)	ND (1.3)	42	1.9
		02/05/16	5 - 6	Ν	ND (0.22)	13	7.9	2.6	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	37	0.58
		02/05/16	9 - 10	Ν	ND (0.22)	16	14	2	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	42	ND (0.067)
AOC1-BCW26		02/04/16	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.22)	35	15	8.9	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	59	100
		02/04/16	2 - 3	Ν	ND (0.25)	12	10	8.2	ND (0.13)	ND (1.3)	43	0.75
		02/04/16	5 - 6	Ν	ND (0.21)	13	11	3.6	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	33	
		02/04/16	9 - 10	N	ND (0.24)	19	25	3.1	ND (0.12)	ND (1.2)	40	
AOC1-BCW27		02/05/16	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.24)	33	17	17	ND (0.12)	ND (1.2)	59	3.9
		02/05/16	2 - 3	Ν	ND (0.23)	12	8.6	2	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	33	0.12
		02/05/16	5 - 6	Ν	ND (0.21)	9.7	9	1.3	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	29	0.13
		02/05/16	9 - 10	N	ND (0.23)	15	7.4	2.2	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	31	0.088
AOC1-BCW28		02/05/16	0 - 0.5	N	0.3	49	19	14	ND (0.12)	ND (1.2)	73	180
		02/05/16	2 - 3	Ν	ND (0.23)	18	10	4.2	ND (0.11)	ND (1.2)	38	0.83
		02/05/16	5 - 6	Ν	ND (0.22)	18	8.3	1.4	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	33	0.6
		02/05/16	9 - 10	N	ND (0.22)	18	11	2.1	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	39	ND (0.11)
AOC1-BCW29		02/04/16	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.26)	33	15	8.3	ND (0.13)	ND (1.3)	56	84
		02/04/16	2 - 3	Ν	ND (0.27)	17	13	5.2	ND (0.14)	ND (1.4)	49	0.45
		02/04/16	5 - 6	N	ND (0.31)	27	23	7.6	ND (0.15)	ND (1.5)	66	0.56
		02/04/16	9 - 10	N	ND (0.24) J	11	7.1	ND (1.2)	ND (0.12)	ND (1.2)	29	0.55

TABLE E-2
Constituent Concentrations
Area of Concern (AOC) 1 – Area around Former Percolation Bed
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

	Removal A				(mg/kg) 3.1 31	(mg/kg) 145 145	(mg/kg) 145 145	(mg/kg) 36 36	(mg/kg) 1 1	(mg/kg) 22 22	(mg/kg) 1,050 1,050	(ng/kg) a 100 b 190
Location	Potential Action Area	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Zinc	<sup>a</sup> TEQ Human b <b>TEQ Mammal</b>
AOC1-BCW30		02/04/16	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.24)	42	18	17 J	ND (0.12)	ND (1.2) J	61	140
		02/04/16	2 - 3	Ν	0.26	14	8.7	2.7	ND (0.12)	ND (1.2)	28	2.2
		02/04/16	5 - 6	N	ND (0.23)	12	8.4	2.9	ND (0.12)	ND (1.2)	29	
		02/04/16	9 - 10	N	ND (0.23)	8.8	7.8	ND (1.2)	ND (0.12)	ND (1.2)	27	
AOC1-BCW31		02/20/17 <sup>‡</sup>	0 - 0.5	N								0.5
		02/20/17‡	2 - 3	N								ND (0.078)
AOC1-BCW32		02/20/17 <sup>‡</sup>	0 - 0.5	N								1.9
		02/20/17‡	2 - 3	N								0.13
AOC1-BCW7		02/05/16	0 - 0.5	N	0.29	18	18	8	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	34	6.4
		02/05/16	2 - 3	N	0.36	20	8.4	1.7	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	29	3.1
		02/05/16	2 - 3	FD	0.28	23	7.5	1.7	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	27	2.5
		02/05/16	5 - 6	Ν	ND (0.21)	15	6.2	2.2	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	15	0.17
		02/05/16	9 - 10	Ν	0.36	24	23	1.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1.1)	26	0.23
		02/05/16	14 - 15	N	ND (0.21)	19	8.4	2.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1.1)	39	
		02/05/16	19 - 20	N	ND (0.21)	20	7.2	1.8	ND (0.11)	ND (1)	38	
-		02/05/16	19 - 20	FD	ND (0.21)	19	8.7	1.8	ND (0.1)	ND (1.1)	38	
AOC1-BCW8		02/04/16	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.22)	21	14	8.3	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	53	21
		02/04/16	2 - 3	Ν	0.44	28	10	4.5	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	45	38
		02/04/16	5 - 6	Ν	0.24	18	8.4	3.2	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	35	9
		02/04/16	9 - 10	Ν	ND (0.21)	15 J	9.3	1.1	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	35	
		02/04/16	9 - 10	FD	ND (0.21)	11 J	11	ND (1.1)	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	37	
AOC1-BCW9		02/04/16	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.22)	35	17	9.3	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	61	29
		02/04/16	2 - 3	Ν	1.2	66	16	11	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	57	0.68
		02/04/16	5 - 6	N	ND (0.21)	17	9.5	3	ND (0.1)	ND (1.1)	37	
		02/04/16	9 - 10	N	ND (0.21)	13	10	ND (1.1)	ND (0.1)	ND (1.1)	32	

TABLE E-2
Constituent Concentrations
Area of Concern (AOC) 1 – Area around Former Percolation Bed
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

					(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(ng/kg)
	Removal A	ction Goal	(RAG) <2	2 ft bas :	3.1	145	145	36	1	22	1,050	a <b>100</b>
	Removal Action				31	145	145	36	1	22	1,050	b <b>190</b>
	Potential	II Goal (IIA		Sample	Chromium,	Chromium,	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Zinc	a TEQ Human
Location	Action Area	Date	(ft bgs)	Type	Hexavalent	total	Соррег	Loud	Meroury	morybacham	20	b <b>TEQ Mammal</b>
AOC1-T1e		01/11/16	0 - 1	N	ND (0.21)	26	13	3.3		ND (1)	37	19
		01/11/16	2 - 3	Ν	ND (0.21)	18	10	2	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	40	2.6
		01/11/16	5 - 6	Ν	ND (0.21)	16	7.5	1.1	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	30	0.27
		01/11/16	9 - 10	Ν	ND (0.2)	20	11	1.3	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	32	0.86
		01/11/16	9 - 10	FD	ND (0.21)	17	13	1.5	0.18	ND (1)	32	
		01/11/16	14 - 15	N	ND (0.22)	17	11	1.3	0.16	ND (1.1)	28	
AOC1-T1f		01/12/16	0 - 1	Ν	0.71	49	13	5.5	0.13	ND (1)	41	19
		01/12/16	2 - 3	N	ND (0.21)	20	7.2	1.5	0.13	ND (1)	32	0.092
		01/12/16	5 - 6	N	ND (0.21)	24	11	2	0.11	ND (1.1)	40	0.43
		01/12/16	9 - 10	N	ND (0.21)	18 J	9.1	1.9	0.11	ND (1)	46 J	0.43
		01/12/16	9 - 10	FD	ND (0.21)	30 J	11	2.6	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	35 J	
		01/12/16	14 - 15	N	0.68	29	9.2	2	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	34	
AOC1-T1g		02/17/17	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.2)	26	12	4.1	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	33	6.5
		02/17/17	0 - 0.5	FD	ND (0.2)	24	14	1.6	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	36	12
		02/17/17	2 - 3	N	ND (0.21)	30	13	ND (1)	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	32	19
		02/17/17	5 - 6	N	0.63	23	9.2	1.1	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	30	6
		02/17/17	9 - 10	N	ND (0.21)	14	9.2	ND (1)	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	29	2.4
AOC1-T2f		12/17/15	0 - 1	N	0.22	14	12	7.9	ND (0.1)	3.2	39	
		12/17/15	2 - 3	N	0.25	17	11	3.1	ND (0.1)	8.2	40	
AOC1-T2g	AOC1 PAA #2	03/03/16	9 - 10	N	30	2,100	11	5.2	0.26	8.4	140	130
		03/03/16	14 - 15	N	0.77	28	8.9	2	0.16	ND (1.1)	75	18
		03/03/16	19 - 20	N	0.58	27	9.2	2	0.16	ND (1.1)	53	3.6
		03/03/16	29 - 30	N	0.25	21	9.9	2.1	0.15	ND (1.1)	50	
		03/03/16	39 - 40	N	0.23	19	9.2	1.8	0.14	ND (1.1)	39	
		03/03/16	39 - 40	FD	ND (0.21)	19	9.8	1.8	0.13	ND (1.1)	39	
		03/03/16	49 - 50	N	ND (0.21)	18	15	1.9	0.12	ND (1.1)	37	
		03/03/16	59 - 60	N	ND (0.21)	18	13	2.1	0.15	ND (1.1)	44	
		03/03/16	69 - 70	N	ND (0.21)	15	8.4	1.4	0.11	ND (1.1)	36	

TABLE E-2
Constituent Concentrations
Area of Concern (AOC) 1 – Area around Former Percolation Bed
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

Location	Removal Action Potential Action Area		G) 2 to 10		(mg/kg) 3.1 31 Chromium, Hexavalent	(mg/kg) 145 145 Chromium, total	(mg/kg) 145 145 Copper	(mg/kg) 36 36 Lead	(mg/kg) 1 1 Mercury	(mg/kg) 22 22 Molybdenum	(mg/kg) 1,050 1,050 Zinc	(ng/kg) a 100 b 190  TEQ Human bTEQ Mammal
	Action Area				0.5	100 1			ND (0.4)	ND (II)		
AOC1-T2h		03/04/16	0 - 1	N	2.5	100 J	9.2 J	2.2	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	39	34
		03/04/16	2 - 3	N	0.42	24	9.9	2.2	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	45	19
		03/04/16	5 - 6	N	6.8	200	9.8	3.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	85	1.9
		03/04/16	9 - 10	N	0.94	28	16	1.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	44	21
		03/04/16	14 - 15	N	0.29	19	9	1.1	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	33	
		03/04/16	19 - 20	Ν	0.23	18	12	1.3	ND (0.1)	ND (1.1)	41	
		03/04/16	29 - 30	Ν	ND (0.21)	18	8.9	1.2	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	34	
		03/04/16	39 - 40	N	ND (0.21)	17	8	1.6	ND (0.1)	ND (1.1)	35	
AOC1-T2i	AOC1 PAA #2	03/05/16	0 - 1	N	0.61	28	10	2.6	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	36	25
		03/05/16	2 - 3	N	0.55	25	9.2	2.5	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	34	14
		03/05/16	5 - 6	N	0.29	16	10	3.5	0.12	ND (1)	40	0.91
		03/05/16	9 - 10	N	0.31	40	12	4.8	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	40	32
		03/05/16	14 - 15	N	0.28	17	9.5	1.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	38	
		03/05/16	19 - 20	N	0.27	18	14	1.3	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	39	
AOC1-T2j	AOC1 PAA #2	03/05/16	0 - 1	N	0.6	31	8.8	1.9	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	40	4.8
		03/05/16	2 - 3	N	0.38	21	9.3	2.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	32	13
		03/05/16	2 - 3	FD	0.39	18	10	1.7	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	29	6.5
		03/05/16	5 - 6	N	ND (0.21)	18	9.2	1.4	0.11	ND (1)	31	4.8
		03/05/16	9 - 10	N	0.37	16	6.4	1.3	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	33	0.71
		03/05/16	14 - 15	N	0.26	26	12	2.1	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	44	
		03/05/16	19 - 20	N	0.7	22 J	8.8	1.7	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	46	
		03/05/16	19 - 20	FD	0.64	30 J	9.3	2	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	45	

TABLE E-2
Constituent Concentrations
Area of Concern (AOC) 1 – Area around Former Percolation Bed
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

					(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(ng/kg)
	Removal A	ction Goal	(RAG) <	2 ft bgs :	3.1	145	145	36	1	22	1,050	a <b>100</b>
	Removal Actio	n Goal (RA	G) 2 to 10	Oft bgs :	31	145	145	36	1	22	1,050	b <b>190</b>
Location	Potential Action Area	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Zinc	<sup>a</sup> TEQ Human b TEQ Mammal
AOC1-T5D	AOC1 PAA #1	01/12/16	0 - 1	N	ND (0.2)	23	8.3	6.2	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	33	10
		01/12/16	2 - 3	N	2.7	120 J	17	18	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	100 J	830
		01/12/16	2 - 3	FD	2.6	69 J	14	16	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	72 J	1,100
		01/12/16	5 - 6	N	2.4	80	9.7	3.7	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	42	92
		01/12/16	9 - 10	Ν	0.33	23	8.3	4.8	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	40	21
		01/12/16	14 - 15	Ν	0.92	36	8.8	4.1	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	36	53
		01/12/16	19 - 20	Ν	0.51	23	8.8	1.8	ND (0.099)	ND (1)	48	32
		01/12/16	19 - 20	FD	0.72	22	8.8	1.8	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	52	33
AOC1-T6D		02/09/16	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.2) J	19	7.6	2.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	100	7.3
		02/09/16	2 - 3	Ν	0.32 J	19	11	1.3	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	38	2.2
		02/09/16	5 - 6	Ν	0.24 J	19	11	1.7	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	43	1.5
		02/09/16	9 - 10	Ν	ND (0.21) J	16	8.8	1.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	35	0.55
		02/09/16	9 - 10	FD	ND (0.21) J	16	9.5	1.7	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	36	1.3
		02/09/16	14 - 15	Ν	ND (0.21) J	16	8.3	1.2	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	36	
		02/09/16	14 - 15	FD	ND (0.2) J	19	9.9	1.7	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	41	
		02/09/16	19 - 20	Ν	ND (0.2) J	24	10	1.2	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	41	
AOC1-T7		02/19/17	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.21)	23	13	ND (1.1)	ND (0.1)	ND (1.1)	32	5.7
		02/19/17	2 - 3	N	0.33	27	8.9	1.1	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	35	9.8
		02/19/17	5 - 6	N	0.43	18	8.9	7.1	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	30	23
		02/19/17	9 - 10	Ν	ND (0.21)	17	10	ND (1)	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	30	3.2
AOC1-T8		02/18/17	0 - 0.5	N	0.23	43	11	1.1	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	34	14
		02/18/17	2 - 3	Ν	ND (0.21)	18	17	1.1	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	28	13
		02/18/17	5 - 6	Ν	ND (0.21)	14	8.6	ND (1.1)	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	36	1.7
		02/18/17	9 - 10	N	0.22	13 J	10	ND (1)	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	31	1.7
		02/18/17	9 - 10	FD	ND (0.21)	17 J	9.2	ND (1)	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	27	4
AOC4-GB10		02/10/10	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.44)	35 J	16	14	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	71 J	87

TABLE E-2
Constituent Concentrations
Area of Concern (AOC) 1 – Area around Former Percolation Bed
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

	Removal Action	Action Goal on Goal (RA	G) 2 to 10	Oft bgs:	(mg/kg) 3.1 31	(mg/kg) 145 145	(mg/kg) 145 145	(mg/kg) 36 36	(mg/kg) 1 1	(mg/kg) 22 22	(mg/kg) 1,050 1,050	(ng/kg) a 100 b 190
Location	Potential Action Area	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Zinc	<sup>a</sup> TEQ Human bTEQ Mammal
AOC4-GB11		02/10/10	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.43)	31	13	7.2 J	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	46	87
		02/10/10	0 - 0.5	FD	0.57	29	14	16 J	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	47	110
AOC4-GB12		02/10/10	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.44)	35	15	5.5	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	43	21
MW-10		06/27/97	1	N	ND (0.05)	14.2	14.1				20.9	
		06/27/97	3	N	ND (0.05)	13.4	8.3				26.6	
		06/27/97	6	Ν	ND (0.05)	19	8.4				23.3	
		06/27/97	10	N	ND (0.05)	26.7	9.6	2.8		0.62	30.4	
		06/27/97	20	N	ND (0.05)	14.7	7.7				27.1	
		06/27/97	25	N	ND (0.05)	16.1	10.6				34.1	
		06/27/97	30	N	ND (0.05)	13.8	9.4				31.5	
		06/27/97	35	N				3.6		ND (0.2)		
		06/27/97	40	N	ND (0.05)	14.5	9.2				29.4	
		06/28/97	50	N	ND (0.05)	14.3	8.5				31.2	
		06/27/97	60	N	ND (0.05)	9.1	6				16.3	
		06/27/97	70	N	ND (0.05)	11.7	8.8	2.2		ND (0.2)	24.2	
		06/27/97	75	N	ND (0.05)	11.5	6.4				24.9	
		06/27/97	75	FD	0.1	9.6	6.97				21.6	
		06/27/97	82	N	ND (0.05)	9.9	6.3	2.3		ND (0.2)	26.6	

TABLE E-2
Constituent Concentrations
Area of Concern (AOC) 1 – Area around Former Percolation Bed
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

					(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(ng/kg)
	Removal A	ction Goal	(RAG) <	2 ft bas :	3.1	145	145	36	1	22	1,050	a <b>100</b>
					31	145	145	36	1	22	1,050	b <b>190</b>
	Removal Action	n Goal (RA									<u> </u>	
Location	Potential Action Area	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Zinc	<sup>a</sup> TEQ Human bTEQ Mammal
MW-11		06/29/97	1	N	ND (0.05)	12.2	7.5				24.8	
		06/29/97	3	Ν	ND (0.05)	31.1	6.6				29.5	
		06/29/97	6	Ν	ND (0.05)	26.9	5.3				23.2	
		06/29/97	10	N	ND (0.05)	13.5	8.3	6.3		0.32	38.5	
		06/29/97	20	N	ND (0.05)	5.9	6				19.9	
		06/29/97	30	N	ND (0.05)	12.6	6.9	1.8		8.0	28.4	
		06/29/97	40	N	ND (0.05)	9.8	9.8				28.4	
		06/29/97	50	N	ND (0.05)	13.6	6.9				29.8	
		06/29/97	60	N	ND (0.05)	9.6	5.8	3		0.088 J	26.2	
		06/29/97	60	FD	ND (0.05)	10	5.74				19.8	
		06/29/97	69	N	ND (0.05)	16.9	13.8	5		ND (0.2)	35.7	
MW-13		07/09/97	10	Ν	ND (0.05)	10.8	9.3				27.2	
		07/09/97	20	Ν	ND (0.05)	10.5	7.1	2.4		0.14 J	28.3	
		07/09/97	25	N				2.8		ND (0.2)		
		07/09/97	30	Ν	ND (0.05)	12.2	8.6				33.3	
		07/09/97	40	Ν	ND (0.05)	10.7	8.1				30.4	
		07/09/97	40	FD	ND (0.05)	6.4	5.6				17.7	
Old Well-BCW-1	AOC1 PAA #2	09/11/13	7 - 8	N	80	4,200	14	12 J	ND (0.11)	18	190	350
Old Well-BCW-2	AOC1 PAA #2	09/11/13	4 - 5	Ν	73	4,400	23	10	ND (0.11)	6.7	150	230
PA-01		11/09/15	0 - 1	N	0.65	20	8.5	9.3	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	80	
PA-03		11/09/15	0 - 1	N	0.65	26	15	13	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	200	
PA-04		11/09/15	0 - 1	N	0.69	36	14	25	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	56	
PA-14		01/27/16	0 - 1	N	ND (0.21)	20	22	10	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	270	23
PA-15		01/27/16	0 - 1	N	1.1	170	26	20	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	120	86
PA-16		01/27/16	0 - 1	N	1.3	47	26	8.5	ND (0.1)	1.2	64	25

TABLE E-2
Constituent Concentrations
Area of Concern (AOC) 1 – Area around Former Percolation Bed
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

	Removal A				(mg/kg) 3.1 31	(mg/kg) 145 145	(mg/kg) 145 145	(mg/kg) 36 36	(mg/kg) 1 1	(mg/kg) 22 22	(mg/kg) 1,050 1,050	(ng/kg) a 100 b 190
Location	Potential Action Area	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Zinc	<sup>a</sup> TEQ Human b <b>TEQ Mammal</b>
SD-14		01/11/16	0 - 1	N	0.72	29	14	13	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	37	190
		01/11/16	2 - 3	N	0.63	32	7.6	16	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	47	83
		01/11/16	5 - 6	Ν	3.1	42	64	120	ND (0.11)	5	660	40
		01/11/16	9 - 10	N	1.1	35	7.8	1.9	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	36	0.32
SD-15		01/12/16	0 - 0.5	N	0.77	19	13	2.7	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	32	41
		01/12/16	2 - 3	Ν	ND (0.21)	25	12	1.8	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	32	2
		01/12/16	5 - 6	Ν	ND (0.21)	21	11	1.5	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	32	1.6
		01/12/16	9 - 10	N	ND (0.21)	20	9.3	2.1	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	37	0.3
SD-16		01/12/16	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.21)	16	10	1.8	ND (0.1)	ND (1.1)	32	0.31
		01/12/16	2 - 3	Ν	ND (0.21)	19	11	2.2	ND (0.1)	ND (1.1)	28	0.13
		01/12/16	5 - 6	N	ND (0.21)	24	9.3	2.4	ND (0.11)	ND (1)	40	0.12
		01/12/16	9 - 10	N	ND (0.21)	13	6.1	1.9	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	33	0.074
SD-17		12/17/15	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.2)	17	15	15	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	60	
		12/17/15	2 - 3	Ν	0.25	18	16	19	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	65	
SD-18		12/17/15	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.21)	32	17	3.4	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	310	
SD-19		01/13/16	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.21)	30	15 J	2	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	33	
		01/13/16	0 - 0.5	FD	ND (0.21)	28	11 J	2.1	ND (0.11)	1.3	33	
		01/13/16	2 - 3	N	ND (0.2)	24	10	2.8	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	33	
		01/13/16	5 - 6	Ν	ND (0.2)	14	7.9	1.5	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	30	
		01/13/16	8 - 8.5	N	ND (0.2)	15	7.8	1.8	0.12	ND (1)	35	
SD-25		03/10/16	0 - 1	N	ND (0.21)	23	15	3.1	0.1	ND (1)	39	4.2
SD-26		03/10/16	0 - 1	N	0.32	24	21	16	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	220	41
SD-OS33		12/20/16	1.5 - 2	N	0.36	29	12	5.2	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	47	
TCS-4	AOC1 PAA #2	03/25/14	59 - 60	N	2.2	61 J	18 J	32 J	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	30	150
		03/25/14	113	N	ND (0.4)	1,700	<b>(580)</b>	17	ND (0.1)	35	55	51

TABLE E-2
Constituent Concentrations
Area of Concern (AOC) 1 – Area around Former Percolation Bed
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

	Removal A				(mg/kg) 3.1 31	(mg/kg) 145 145	(mg/kg) 145 145	(mg/kg) 36 36	(mg/kg) 1 1	(mg/kg) 22 22	(mg/kg) 1,050 1,050	(ng/kg) a 100 b 190
Location	Potential Action Area	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Zinc	<sup>a</sup> TEQ Human b TEQ Mammal
TCS4-E	AOC1 PAA #2	03/01/16	4 - 5	N	29 J	3,100	16 J	6.2	ND (0.1)	9.6 J	190 J	780
		03/01/16	4 - 5	FD	<b>50 J</b>	3,400	12 J	5	ND (0.11)	9.1 J	120 J	870
		03/01/16	5 - 6	N	0.99	13	8	ND (1)	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	31	4.6
TCS4-N	AOC1 PAA #2	03/01/16	4 - 5	Ν	33	3,400	8.7	6.9	ND (0.1)	4.9	82	110
		03/01/16	5 - 6	N	39	3,300	14	6.2	ND (0.11)	15	130	210
TCS4-S	AOC1 PAA #2	03/01/16	4 - 5	Ν	30	840	9	4.5	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	120	180
		03/01/16	5 - 6	N	21	2,200	11	3.1	ND (0.11)	3.4	150	47
SS-1		06/29/97‡	0.5	Ν	ND (0.05)	38.2	16.5				55	
		06/29/97 <sup>‡</sup>	1.5	N	ND (0.05)	25.3	13.6				43.4	
SS-2		06/29/97	0.5	N	ND (0.05)	18.9	14.1				48.3	
		06/29/97	1.5	N	ND (0.05)	10.2	12.9				42.2	
SS-3		06/29/97	0.5	Ν	ND (0.05)							
SS-4		06/29/97	0.5	N	ND (0.05)							
SS-5		06/29/97	0.5	N	ND (0.05)							
SS-6		06/29/97	0.5	N	ND (0.05)							
SS-7		06/29/97	0.5	N	ND (0.05)							
SS-8		06/29/97	0.5	N	ND (0.05)							
SSB-1		06/25/97	1	N	ND (0.05)	13.7	14.9				35.7	
		06/25/97	3	N	ND (0.05)	13.6	11				29.6	
		06/25/97	6	N	ND (0.05)	16.7	16.9				34.5	
		06/25/97	10	N	ND (0.05)	16.5	8.2	1.3		ND (0.2)	31.9	
SSB-6		06/30/97	1	N	ND (0.05)	13.7	8.6				29.1	
		06/30/97	3	N	ND (0.05)	27.5	6.6				24.8	
		06/30/97	6	N	0.06	467	33.8				132	
		06/30/97	10	N	ND (0.05)	14.8	9.6	3.1		0.79	33.4	

TABLE E-2
Constituent Concentrations
Area of Concern (AOC) 1 – Area around Former Percolation Bed
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

					(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(ng/kg)
	Removal A	Action Goal	(RAG) <	2 ft bgs :	3.1	145	145	36	1	22	1,050	a <b>100</b>
	Removal Actio	n Goal (RA	G) 2 to 10	Oft bgs :	31	145	145	36	1	22	1,050	b <b>190</b>
Location	Potential Action Area	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Zinc	<sup>a</sup> TEQ Human b <b>TEQ Mammal</b>
SSB-7		06/30/97	1	N	ND (0.05)	19.8	7.7				28.1	
		06/30/97	3	N	ND (0.05)	24.9	6.5				29.4	
		06/30/97	6	Ν	ND (0.05)	8.6	14.7				23	
		06/30/97	10	N	ND (0.05)	8.1	5.8	1.8		ND (0.2)	23.4	
SSB-8		07/10/97	1	Ν	ND (0.05)	53.1	15.1				38.3	
		07/10/97	3	Ν	ND (0.05)	13.6	14.1				35.3	
		07/10/97	6	N	ND (0.05)	15.3	7.3				33.5	
		07/10/97	10	N	ND (0.05)	17.1	10.7	2.8		0.071 J	35.8	
		07/10/97	10	FD	ND (0.05)	13.7	8				30	
SSB-9		07/10/97	1	Ν	ND (0.05)	17.3	8.6				35.5	
		07/10/97	3	Ν	ND (0.05)	11	6.1				31.8	
		07/10/97	6	Ν	ND (0.05)	9.6	6.4				25.3	
		07/10/97	10	Ν	ND (0.05)	15.7	7.7	3		0.096 J	33.1	
XMW-9		06/25/97	3	N	ND (0.05)	18.4	12				25.8	
		06/25/97	10	N	ND (0.05)	45.7	19.7	5.7		0.075 J	44.2	
		06/25/97	10	FD	ND (0.05)	31.1	16.7				38.7	
		06/25/97	30	N	ND (0.05)	35.6	17.2	7.2		0.11 J	50.3	
		06/25/97	50	Ν	ND (0.05)	36.3	15.6	4.5		ND (0.2)	54.2	
		06/25/97	70	N	ND (0.05)	6.7	(170)	6.1		1.8	54.6	

Constituent Concentrations
Area of Concern (AOC) 1 – Area around Former Percolation Bed
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

### Notes:

Results greater than or equal to the Removal Action Goal are circled.

† This location is in an area where soil is transitioning into sediment.

--- not analyzed FD field duplicate

ft bgs feet below ground surface

J concentration or reporting limit estimated by laboratory or data validation

mg/kg milligrams per kilogram

N primary sample

ND not detected at the listed reporting limit

ng/kg nanogram per kilogram

TEQ dioxin and furans toxicity equivalent quotient

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 $G: \label{lem:collocal} G: \label{lem:collocal} Gas Electric Collocal Program \label{lem:collocal} Data Gaps\_Tables\_RES\_EECA\_2021. mdb \label{lem:collocal} representation of the program \label{lem:collocal} Topock\_Data Gaps\_Tables\_RES\_EECA\_2021. mdb \label{lem:collocal} representation of the program \label{lem:collocal} representation of the program \label{lem:collocal} representation of the program \label{lem:collocal} Gaps\_Tables\_RES\_EECA\_2021. mdb \label{lem:collocal} representation of the program \label{l$ 

TABLE E-3
Constituent Concentrations
AOC 9 – Southeast Fence Line
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

	Removal A				(mg/kg) 3.1 31	(mg/kg) 145 145	(mg/kg) 145 145	(mg/kg) 36 36	(mg/kg) 1 1	(mg/kg) 22 22	(mg/kg) 1,050 1,050	<b>(ng/kg)</b> a <b>100</b> b <b>190</b>
Location	Potential Action Area	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Zinc	<sup>a</sup> TEQ Human bTEQ Mammal
AOC9-1		10/01/08	0 - 0.5	N	1.03	23	9.1	19	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	46	
		10/01/08	2 - 3	Ν	ND (0.478)	9.7	5	4.5	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	17	
AOC9-2		09/18/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.401)	16	11	9.6	ND (0.099)	ND (2)	33	1.8
		09/18/08	2 - 3	Ν	ND (0.406)	11	5.9	4.9	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	20	1.6
AOC9-3		09/18/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.402)	25	17	9	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	49	
		09/18/08	2 - 3	Ν	ND (0.454)	15	7.3	23	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	92	
AOC9-4		09/18/08	0 - 0.5	N	1.06	22	12	13	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	53	
		09/18/08	2 - 3	Ν	ND (0.402)	19	11	11	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	42	
AOC9-5		10/01/08	0 - 0.5	N	0.726	35	19	28	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	100	
		10/01/08	2 - 3	Ν	1	38	21	25	0.27	ND (2)	76	
		10/01/08	2 - 3	FD	0.791	43	19	24	0.23	ND (2)	85	
AOC9-6		09/18/08	0 - 0.5	N	0.789	25	12	23	0.14	ND (2)	68	
		09/18/08	2 - 3	Ν	ND (0.458)	16	9.3	5	ND (0.1)	ND (2.1)	31	
AOC9-7		09/18/08	0 - 0.5	N	4.37	72	14	15	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	120	
		09/18/08	2 - 3	N	ND (0.411)	13	6.7	20	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	29	
AOC9-8	AOC9 PAA #1	10/01/08	0 - 0.5	N	(48.6 J)	230	11	20	ND (0.1)	1	1,000	
		10/01/08	2.5 - 3	N	2.41	41	13	59	ND (0.1)	4.5	130	81
		10/01/08	5.5 - 6	N	1.32	13	5.5	4.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	21	
AOC9-9	AOC9 PAA #1	10/01/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.404)	14	8	7	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	34	
		10/01/08	2.5 - 3	N	ND (0.415)	21	10	3.8	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	41	
		10/01/08	5.5 - 6	N	1.53	28	11	4.9	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	53	
		10/01/08	5.5 - 6	FD	1.28	27	10	4.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	50	
AOC9-10		10/01/08	0 - 0.5	N	0.418	28	11	18	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	49	
		10/01/08	2 - 3	N	0.494	30	15	15	0.11	ND (2)	110	
AOC9-11		09/18/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.418)	18	8.5	7.7	0.13	ND (2.1)	35	
		09/18/08	2 - 3	N	ND (0.406)	20	9.7	7.1	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	30	

TABLE E-3
Constituent Concentrations
AOC 9 – Southeast Fence Line
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

	Removal Actio	Action Goal			(mg/kg) 3.1 31	(mg/kg) 145 145	(mg/kg) 145 145	(mg/kg) 36 36	(mg/kg) 1 1	(mg/kg) 22 22	(mg/kg) 1,050 1,050	(ng/kg) a 100 Þ 190
Location	Potential Action Area	Date	Depth (ft bgs)		Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Zinc	<sup>a</sup> TEQ Human bTEQ Mammal
AOC9-12		10/01/08	0 - 0.5	N	0.727	34	19	13	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	57	
		10/01/08	2 - 3	Ν	ND (0.415)	40	17	11	ND (0.1)	ND (2.1)	50	
AOC9-13		09/19/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.404)	18	13	8.3	ND (0.099)	ND (2)	36	
		09/19/08	2 - 3	Ν	ND (0.409)	23 J	9.8	10	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	35	
		09/19/08	2 - 3	FD	ND (0.41)	18 J	9.6	5.6	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	32	
AOC9-14		10/02/08€	0 - 0.5	N	1.7	31	24	34	ND (0.11)	ND (5.4)	81	
		10/02/08	2 - 3	Ν	ND (0.412)	38	17	13	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	61	
AOC9-15		12/06/15	0 - 1	N	ND (0.21)	24 J	17 J	15 J	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	52	59
		12/06/15	2 - 3	Ν	0.58	25	14	23	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	46	160
AOC9-16		01/13/16	0 - 0.5	N	4.4	48	11	22	0.14	ND (1)	69	190
		01/13/16	2 - 3	N	ND (0.2)	17	18	6.8	0.11	ND (1)	34	7.6
		01/13/16	5 - 6	Ν	ND (0.2)	14	6.3	7.1	ND (0.11)	ND (1)	26	13
		01/13/16	9 - 10	Ν	ND (0.2)	12	6.2	2.9	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	21	
AOC9-17		01/10/16	9 - 10	N	1.2							
		01/14/16	14 - 15	Ν	ND (0.21)							
AOC9-18		01/10/16	5 - 6	N	0.55	25	17	14	0.18	ND (1)	57	55
		01/10/16	9 - 10	N	0.94	20	11	28	0.75	ND (1)	53	
AOC9-19		01/13/16	0 - 0.5	N		19	9.3	9.4	0.15	ND (1)	42	24
		01/13/16	2 - 3	N		13	15	13	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	35	11
		01/13/16	5 - 6	N		13	7.6	7.4	0.12	ND (1)	33	5.9
		01/13/16	9 - 10	Ν		17	14	5.1	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	29	
AOC9-20		01/13/16	0 - 0.5	N				7.1	0.11			9.8
		01/13/16	2 - 3	N				11	0.12			13
		01/13/16	2 - 3	FD				9.3	ND (0.1)			
		01/13/16	5 - 6	Ν				<b>47</b>	0.16			35
		01/13/16	9 - 10	N				2.2	ND (0.1)			

TABLE E-3
Constituent Concentrations
AOC 9 – Southeast Fence Line
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

					(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(ng/kg)
	Removal A	ction Goal	(BAG) -2	ft has :	3.1	145	145	36	1	22	1,050	a <b>100</b>
			` '	Ŭ								
	Removal Action	n Goal (RA	G) 2 to 10	ft bgs :	31	145	145	36	1	22	1,050	b <b>190</b>
Location	Potential Action Area	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Zinc	<sup>a</sup> TEQ Human bTEQ Mammal
AOC9-21		01/08/17	0 - 0.5	N		34	11	3.8	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	47 J	110
		01/08/17	0 - 0.5	FD		33	13	4	ND (0.1)	ND (1.1)	45 J	110
		01/08/17	2 - 3	N		48	23	2.7	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	44	0.47
		01/08/17	5 - 6	N		57	22	2.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	42	ND (0.3)
AOC9-22		01/04/17	0 - 0.5	Ν		30	23	17	ND (0.12)	ND (1.2)	60	28
		01/04/17	2 - 3	N		62	27	20	0.17	ND (1)	42	100
		01/04/17	2.5 - 2.6	N	0.79	64	16	5.4	ND (0.14)	ND (1.4)	48	
		01/04/17	4.5 - 5	N		41	13	6.4	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	18	4.4
PA-05		11/09/15	0 - 1	N	0.42	27	16	7.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	83	
PA-23		01/27/16	0 - 1	N	0.52	8.9	6.7	5.1	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	49	26
#4	AOC9 PAA #1	04/06/00	0 - 3	N	4.2	53.2	12.4				343	
#5	AOC9 PAA #1	04/06/00	0 - 3	N	2.7	29	13.8				64	
#6	AOC9 PAA #1	04/06/00	0 - 3	N	2.6	33	12.4				92.7	
#7	AOC9 PAA #1	04/06/00	0 - 3	N	1.3	32.1	15.3				68	
#8	AOC9 PAA #1	04/06/00	0 - 3	N	2.8	28.8	12.9				61.1	
#9	AOC9 PAA #1	04/06/00	0 - 3	N	2.7	92.7	50.4				215	
#10	AOC9 PAA #1	04/06/00	0 - 3	N	114	398	17.9				744	
#11		04/06/00	0 - 3	N							80.3	
#12		04/06/00	0 - 3	N	0.8	38.3	35.6					

Constituent Concentrations
AOC 9 – Southeast Fence Line
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

# Notes:

Results greater than or equal to the Removal Action Goal are circled.

θ white powder sample.

Y debris sample
--- not analyzed
FD field duplicate

ft bgs feet below ground surface

J concentration or reporting limit estimated by laboratory or data validation

mg/kg milligrams per kilogram

N primary sample

ND not detected at the listed reporting limit

ng/kg nanogram per kilogram

TEQ dioxin and furans toxicity equivalent quotient

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 $G: \label{lem:colored} G: \label{lem:colored} G: \label{lem:colored} G: \label{lem:colored} A: \label{lem:colored} G: \label{lem:colored} G: \label{lem:colored} A: \label{lem:colored} G: \label{lem:colore$ 

TABLE E-4

Constituent Concentrations

AOC 10 – East Ravine

Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis

PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

	Removal Ad	ction Goal	(RAG) <2	2 ft bgs :	(mg/kg) 3.1	(mg/kg) 145	(mg/kg) 145	(mg/kg) 36	(mg/kg) 1	(mg/kg) 22	(mg/kg) 1,050	(ng/kg) a 100
	Removal Action	Goal (RA	G) 2 to 10	oft bgs:	31	145	145	36	1	22	1,050	b <b>190</b>
Location	Potential Action Area	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Zinc	<sup>a</sup> TEQ Human b TEQ Mammal
AOC10-1		10/02/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.401)	6.6	4.9	9.2	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	20	
		10/02/08	2 - 3	Ν	ND (0.405)	7.4	5.6	5.8	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	21	
		10/02/08	5 - 6	Ν	ND (0.407)	7.5	5.8	5.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	20	
		10/02/08	9 - 10	N	ND (0.406)	6.8	5.7	4.8	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	21	
AOC10-10		01/22/16	0 - 1	N	0.45	36	15	4.7	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	63	20
		01/22/16	2 - 3	Ν	ND (0.22)	27	13	2	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	41	0.56
		01/22/16	5 - 6	Ν	0.35	34	13	2.1	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	44	0.59
		01/22/16	9 - 10	N	0.35	32	11	2.6	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	43	
		01/22/16	9 - 10	FD	0.39	31	11	2.4	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	42	
AOC10-11		01/22/16	0 - 1	N	0.87	31	9.1	2.7	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	40	18
		01/22/16	0 - 1	FD	0.44	27	14	2.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	45	12
		01/22/16	2 - 3	Ν	0.9	45	13	2.6	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	44	18
		01/22/16	5 - 6	Ν	1.6	73	31	2.5	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	74	200
		01/22/16	9 - 10	Ν	0.72	42	19	2.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	160	4.1
AOC10-12		01/22/16	0 - 0.5	N	<u> 13</u>	460	19	12	ND (0.11)	ND (1)	56	42
		01/22/16	2 - 3	N	0.3	25	9	3.6	ND (0.1)	1.4	34	19
		01/22/16	5 - 6	N	5	130	11	6	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	70	19
		01/22/16	9 - 10	Ν	0.66	37	16	2.5	ND (0.11)	ND (1)	47	
AOC10-13		12/03/15	0 - 1	N	ND (0.21)	14	13	9.8	ND (0.11)	1.4	39	
		12/03/15	0 - 1	FD	ND (0.21)	16	14	10	ND (0.11)	1.4	41	
AOC10-14		12/03/15	0 - 1	N	ND (0.21)	11	13	5.9	ND (0.1)	1.3	29	
AOC10-15	AOC10 PAA #3	12/15/15	0 - 1	N	2.6	67	23	21	ND (0.1)	14	98	290
		12/15/15	0 - 1	FD	2.6	70	27	20	ND (0.1)	14	110	270
		12/15/15	2 - 3	Ν	1.4	41	22	17 J	ND (0.1)	8.2	70 J	110
		12/15/15	5 - 6	Ν	1.1	33	14	7.6	ND (0.1)	4.2	100	77
		12/15/15	9 - 10	N	ND (0.21)	17	11	1.5	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	44	2.9

TABLE E-4

Constituent Concentrations

AOC 10 – East Ravine

Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis

PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

					(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(ng/kg)
	Removal A	ction Goal	(RAG) <	2 ft bgs :	3.1	145	145	36	1	22	1,050	a <b>100</b>
	Removal Action				31	145	145	36	1	22	1,050	b <b>190</b>
Location	Potential Action Area	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Zinc	<sup>a</sup> TEQ Human b TEQ Mammal
AOC10-16		12/15/15	0 - 1	N	0.59	21	8.9	5.9	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	40	1.6
		12/15/15	2 - 3	Ν	0.24	21	9.7	2.5	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	44	4
		12/15/15	5 - 6	N	0.48	21	12	3.2	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	40	2.6
		12/15/15	9 - 10	N	ND (0.2)	14	9.4	2.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	38	1.6
AOC10-17		12/03/15	0 - 1	N	ND (0.21)	9.7	11	9.9	ND (0.1)	7.8	32	
AOC10-18		12/06/15	0 - 1	N	ND (0.2)	5.6	2.8	1.9	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	13	1.8
		12/06/15	2 - 3	Ν	ND (0.2)	5.7	4.1	1.9	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	13	1.7
AOC10-19		02/24/16	0 - 1	N	ND (0.2)	27	14	6.7 J	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	48	2.3
		02/24/16	2 - 3	N	0.3	34 J	18	5.8	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	55	4.2
		02/24/16	2 - 3	FD	ND (0.21)	27 J	17	5.8	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	52	
		02/24/16	5 - 6	Ν	ND (0.21)	27	17	3.8	ND (0.11)	ND (1)	47	
AOC10-2		10/02/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.402)	4.9	4.1	5.1	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	14	
		10/02/08	2 - 3	N	ND (0.417)	17	9.4	3.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	38	
		10/02/08	5 - 6	Ν	ND (0.415)	19	9.5	4.2	ND (0.1)	ND (2.1)	40	
		10/02/08	7 - 8	Ν	ND (0.412)	17	9	3.2	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	32	
AOC10-20	AOC10 PAA #1	02/17/16	0 - 0.5	N	2,700	2,800	11	6.1	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	38	0.28
		02/25/16	2 - 3	Ν	12	28	5	2.8	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	16	0.15
AOC10-21	AOC10 PAA #1	02/25/16	0 - 0.5	N	1.4	270	3,100	920	35	9.4	360	53
		02/25/16	2 - 3	N	0.2	8.1	5	2.9	ND (0.099)	ND (1)	16	0.22
AOC10-22	AOC10 PAA #1	02/17/16	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.2)	35	14	12	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	50	17
		02/17/16	1 - 2	N	0.91	85	200	38	ND (0.11)	2.7	39	48
		02/17/16	2 - 3	N	0.37	35	42	17	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	35	25
		02/17/16	5 - 6	Ν	ND (0.2)	8.6	5.1	3.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	18	0.28
AOC10-23	AOC10 PAA #1	02/25/16	0 - 1	N	1.8	72	140	30	0.24	ND (1)	26	1,100
		02/25/16	1 - 2	N	2.6	130	22	22	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	56	8.8
		02/25/16	2 - 3	Ν	ND (0.2)	5.5	4.2	2.2	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	11	17

TABLE E-4

Constituent Concentrations

AOC 10 – East Ravine

Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis

PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

	Removal Ad		G) 2 to 10	) ft bgs :	(mg/kg) 3.1 31	(mg/kg) 145 145	(mg/kg) 145 145	(mg/kg) 36 36	(mg/kg) 1 1	(mg/kg) 22 22	(mg/kg) 1,050 1,050	(ng/kg) a 100 b 190
Location	Potential Action Area	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Zinc	<sup>a</sup> TEQ Human b TEQ Mammal
AOC10-24	AOC10 PAA #4	03/07/16	0 - 1	N								21
		03/07/16	2 - 3	N								190
AOC10-25		01/08/17	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.2)	15	8	7.9 J	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	32	0.96
		01/08/17	0 - 0.5	FD	ND (0.2)	18	9.5	11 J	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	38	4.3
		01/08/17	2 - 3	N	ND (0.2)	31	11	2.1 J	ND (0.1)	1.4	41	ND (0.35)
		01/08/17	5 - 6	N	ND (0.2)	25	11	1.5	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	45	0.6
		01/08/17	9 - 10	N	ND (0.2)	26	13	1.5	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	42	0.28
AOC10-26	AOC10 PAA #4	02/21/17	0 - 0.5	N								9.5
		02/21/17	2 - 3	N								80
		02/21/17	2 - 3	FD								180
		02/21/17	2.5 - 2.7	N	9.5	340	40	18	0.15	ND (1.4)	110	410
		02/21/17	4.5 - 5	N								100
AOC10-27		01/04/17	0 - 0.5	Ζ								13
		01/04/17	2 - 3	N								13
		01/04/17	4 - 5	N								1.7
AOC10-3		09/19/08	0 - 0.5	Ν	1.91	62	14	7.8	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	40	
		09/19/08	0 - 0.5	FD	1.7	64	13	7.7	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	41	
		09/19/08	2 - 3	N	ND (0.412)	43	14	ND (5.1)	ND (0.1)	ND (5.1)	47	
		09/19/08	5 - 6	N	0.705	37	16	2.9	ND (0.1)	ND (5.1)	61	
		09/19/08	9 - 10	N	ND (0.412)	28	12	2.8	ND (0.1) J	ND (1)	50	
AOC10-4		09/19/08	0 - 0.5	N	0.55	33	14	11	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	52	
		09/19/08	2 - 3	N	ND (0.409)	26	16	4.4	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	38	
		09/19/08	5 - 6	Ν	ND (0.418)	27	16	3	ND (0.11)	ND (5.2)	63	
		09/19/08	9 - 10	N	ND (0.413)	18	12	2.7	ND (0.1) J	ND (1)	48	

TABLE E-4

Constituent Concentrations

AOC 10 – East Ravine

Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis

PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

					(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(ng/kg)
	Removal	Action Goal	(RAG) <2	2 ft bgs :	3.1	145	145	36	1	22	1,050	a <b>100</b>
	Removal Action	on Goal (RA	G) 2 to 10	) ft bgs :	31	145	145	36	1	22	1,050	b <b>190</b>
Location	Potential Action Area	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Zinc	<sup>a</sup> TEQ Human bTEQ Mammal
AOC10-5		09/19/08	0 - 0.5	N	1.01	39	27	27	ND (0.1)	ND (5.1)	97	
		09/19/08	2 - 3	N	0.48	30	21	34	ND (0.1)	ND (5.1)	77	
		09/19/08	5 - 6	N	ND (0.407)	19	40	6.7	ND (0.1)	ND (5.1)	80	
		09/19/08	5 - 6	FD	ND (0.407)	18	41	7.3	ND (0.1)	ND (5.1)	79	
AOC10-6		09/20/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.402)	24	11	26	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	58	5.2
		09/20/08	2 - 3	N	ND (0.404)	23	9.5	4.1	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	45	ND (2.3)
AOC10-7		09/20/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.414)	22	12	8.6	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	54	
		09/20/08	2 - 3	N	ND (0.406)	27	12	8.1	ND (0.1)	1.1	58	
		09/20/08	5 - 6	N	ND (0.407)	33	13	4.4	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	58	
AOC10-8		08/22/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.402)	16	12	15 J	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	87	
		08/22/08	0 - 0.5	FD	ND (0.416)	18	12	12 J	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	75	
AOC10-9		12/07/15	0 - 1	N	ND (0.2)	19	12	3.2	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	41	
		12/07/15	2 - 3	N	ND (0.2)	16	10	2.3	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	49	
AOC10a-1		10/17/08	0 - 0.5	N	8.25	80	270 J	200 J	0.64	19	1,000 J	
AOC10a-2		01/13/16	0 - 1	N	ND (0.21)	13	11	9.4	0.12	ND (1.1)	36	17
		01/13/16	2 - 3	N	ND (0.21)	3.6	2.9	2.1	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	10	ND (0.18)
		01/13/16	5 - 6	N	ND (0.21)	3.7	2.6	1.9	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	9.5	
		01/13/16	9 - 10	N	ND (0.21)	4.6	3.6	2.4	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	12	
AOC10a-3		01/13/16	0 - 1	N	5.3	100	27	4.2	0.13	ND (1)	35	120
		01/13/16	2 - 3	N	1.3	68	25	22	0.21	1.4	70	150
		01/13/16	5 - 6	N	ND (0.21)	45	12	1.7	0.19	ND (1)	34	0.48
		01/13/16	9 - 10	N	ND (0.21)	39	31	2.3	0.16	ND (1)	38	0.36
AOC10a-4		01/08/17	0 - 0.5	N		33	30	4	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	41	23
		01/08/17	2 - 3	N		11	6.3	2.6	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	20	0.33
		01/08/17	5 - 6	N		11	6.9	2.5	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	19	
		01/08/17	9 - 10	N		47	14	2.1	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	41	

TABLE E-4

Constituent Concentrations

AOC 10 – East Ravine

Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis

PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

	Removal Ad			, The second second	(mg/kg) 3.1 31	(mg/kg) 145 145	(mg/kg) 145 145	(mg/kg) 36 36	(mg/kg) 1 1	(mg/kg) 22 22	(mg/kg) 1,050 1,050	(ng/kg) a 100 b 190
Location	Potential Action Area	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Zinc	<sup>a</sup> TEQ Human bTEQ Mammal
AOC10b-1		09/30/08	0 - 0.5	N	0.559	24	9.8	8.6	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	38	24
		09/30/08	2 - 3	N	1.39	63	28	8.4 J	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	110 J	200
		09/30/08	2 - 3	FD	1.39	61	27	12 J	ND (0.1)	1.5	160 J	
		09/30/08	5 - 6	N	0.425	20	8	4.3	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	39	150
		09/30/08	9 - 10	N	ND (0.407)	29	10	3.7	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	29	
AOC10b-2		09/30/08	0 - 0.5	N	0.434	29	11	8.2	ND (0.1)	1.1	40	
		09/30/08	2 - 3	N	1.05	47	15	5.2	ND (0.1)	1.1	44	
		09/30/08	5 - 6	N	0.453	29	8.8	4.2	ND (0.1)	1	27	
		09/30/08	9 - 10	N	0.759	39	15	3.8	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	38	
AOC10b-3		09/30/08	0 - 0.5	N	27.7	820	90	24	ND (0.1)	1.5	240	
		10/01/08	2 - 3	N	1.82	90	23	5	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	59	
		10/01/08	5 - 6	N	0.429	38	14	3.8	ND (0.1)	ND (2.1)	40	
		10/01/08	5 - 6	FD	ND (0.417)	36	16	3.6	ND (0.1)	ND (2.1)	39	
		10/01/08	9 - 10	N	ND (0.415)	36	13	3.5	ND (0.1)	ND (2.1)	44	
AOC10b-4		09/30/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.401)	12	5.8	41	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	29	
		09/30/08	2 - 3	N	ND (0.403)	14	6.7	10	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	31	
		09/30/08	5 - 6	N	ND (0.407)	20	8.9	3.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	35	
		09/30/08	9 - 10	N	ND (0.415)	26	11	2.8	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	42	
AOC10c-1		10/01/08	0 - 0.5	N	1.98	55	15	7.8	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	48	
		10/01/08	2 - 3	N	27.3	490	41	18	ND (0.1)	1.2	76	
		10/01/08	5 - 6	N	4.78	220	17	5.4	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	42	
		10/01/08	9 - 10	N	1.37	63	14	3.4	ND (0.1)	1	39	
AOC10c-2	AOC10 PAA #2	10/01/08	0 - 0.5	N	1.25	51	19	12	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	61	
		10/01/08	2 - 3	N	3.77	190	37	17	ND (0.1)	2.2	78	
		10/01/08	2 - 3	FD	3.8	180	34	16	ND (0.1)	1.9	75	
		10/01/08	5 - 6	N	1.92	110	24	7	ND (0.1)	1.9	51	
		10/01/08	9 - 10	N	0.605	32	13	2.7	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	50	

TABLE E-4

Constituent Concentrations

AOC 10 – East Ravine

Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis

PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

	Removal Action		G) 2 to 10		(mg/kg) 3.1 31 Chromium,	(mg/kg) 145 145 Chromium,	(mg/kg) 145 145 Copper	(mg/kg) 36 36 Lead	(mg/kg)  1  1  Mercury	(mg/kg) 22 22 Molybdenum	(mg/kg) 1,050 1,050 Zinc	(ng/kg) a 100 b 190 <sup>a</sup> TEQ Human
Location	Action Area	Date	(ft bgs)	Type	Hexavalent	total	Соррсі	Loud	Mercury	morybacham	Ziilo	bTEQ Mammal
AOC10c-3	AOC10 PAA #2	10/02/08	0 - 0.5	N	2.56	110	42	32	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	140	
		10/02/08	2 - 3	Ν	9.27	690	60	31	ND (0.11)	ND (2.1)	140	
		10/02/08	2 - 3	FD	7.97	660	60	26	ND (0.1)	ND (2.1)	140	
		10/02/08	5 - 6	N	0.512	29	9	4.5	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	36	
		10/02/08	9 - 10	N	ND (0.412)	22	11	2.7	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	41	
AOC10c-4	AOC10 PAA #2	10/01/08	0 - 0.5	N	2.66	120	46	36	ND (0.1)	ND (2.1)	150	360
		10/01/08	2 - 3	Ν	2.11	90	19	8.9	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	52	66
		10/01/08	5 - 6	N	2.84	27	14	2.6	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	47	3.1
		10/01/08	9 - 10	N	0.436	92	25	13	ND (0.1)	ND (2.1)	74	
AOC10c-5	AOC10 PAA #2	10/01/08	0 - 0.5	N	2.49	81	29	15	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	80	
		10/01/08	2 - 3	Ν	16.4	(1,500)	110	47	ND (0.1)	2.9	170	
		10/01/08	5 - 6	Ν	1.48	82	12	4	ND (0.1)	ND (2.1)	44	
		10/01/08	9 - 10	N	0.423	47	15	3	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	46	
AOC10c-6		01/21/16	14 - 15	N	0.54	40						12
		01/22/16	19 - 20	Ν	ND (0.21)	31						
		01/22/16	29 - 30	Ν	ND (0.23)	39						
		01/22/16	49 - 50	Ν	ND (0.26)	33						
		01/22/16	49 - 50	FD	ND (0.22)	32						
		01/22/16	59 - 60	N	ND (0.21)	32						
AOC10d-1		09/18/08	0 - 0.5	N	0.644	49	16	8.8	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	58	
		09/18/08	2 - 3	Ν	2.86	150	31	6.8	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	76	
		09/18/08	5 - 6	Ν	1.06	66	23	5.2	ND (0.11)	ND (5.2)	80	
		09/18/08	5 - 6	FD	0.703	64	23	5.3	ND (0.1)	ND (5.2)	74	
		09/18/08	9 - 10	N	ND (0.414)	23	12	3.5	ND (0.1) J	ND (2.1)	58	

TABLE E-4

Constituent Concentrations

AOC 10 – East Ravine

Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis

PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

	Removal Action				(mg/kg) 3.1 31	(mg/kg) 145 145	(mg/kg) 145 145	(mg/kg) 36 36	(mg/kg) 1 1	(mg/kg) 22 22	(mg/kg) 1,050 1,050	(ng/kg) a 100 b 190
Location	Potential Action Area	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Zinc	<sup>a</sup> TEQ Human bTEQ Mammal
AOC10d-2		09/17/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.403)	22	17	21	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	61	
		09/17/08	2 - 3	N	1.16	40	14	16	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	54	
		09/17/08	5 - 6	N	0.597	33	16	6.2	ND (0.1)	ND (5.1)	70	
		09/17/08	9 - 10	N	ND (0.406)	22	16	3.2	ND (0.1) J	ND (5.1)	73	
AOC10d-3		09/17/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.406)	20	12	22	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	52	
		09/18/08	2 - 3	N	1.91	64	18	21	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	61	
		09/18/08	5 - 6	N	ND (0.407)	30	18	3.3	ND (0.1)	ND (5.1)	60	
		09/18/08	5 - 6	FD	ND (0.407)	31	18	5.1	ND (0.1)	ND (5.1)	59	
		09/18/08	9 - 10	N	ND (0.408)	21	11	3.6	ND (0.1) J	ND (2)	56	
AOC10d-4	AOC10 PAA #4	09/18/08	0 - 0.5	N	0.92	29	25	25	ND (0.1)	ND (5.2)	85	
		09/18/08	2 - 3	N	3.93	130	27	26	ND (0.11)	ND (2.1)	81	
		09/18/08	5 - 6	N	ND (0.415)	66	21	17	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	64	
		09/18/08	9 - 10	N	ND (0.41)	32	16	5.2	ND (0.1) J	ND (5.1)	68	
AOC10d-9		12/15/15	0 - 1	N	ND (0.2)	20	8.9	20	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	44	1.2
		12/15/15	2 - 3	N	ND (0.21)	20	13	2.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	48	0.2
		12/15/15	5 - 6	N	ND (0.21)	27	17	2.3	ND (0.1)	ND (1.1)	49	0.36
		12/15/15	9 - 10	N	ND (0.21)	24	17	2.6	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	54	ND (0.14)
AOC10-OS1		04/06/11	11 - 11.5	N	ND (0.4) J	43				5.9		
AOC10-OS2		04/06/11	5.5 - 6	N	0.78 J	44				5.8		
AOC10-OS4		04/06/11	6.5 - 7	N	ND (0.41) J	170				13		
AOC10-XRF-01		08/25/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.404)	9.2						
AOC10-XRF-02		08/25/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.404)	11						
AOC10-XRF-03		08/25/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.405)	10						
AOC10-XRF-10		09/21/08	3 - 4	N	ND (0.416)	26						
DTSC-AOC10d-1		01/18/08	9 0	N	31.5	652	137	14.3	ND (0.0193)	ND (2.5)	134	
DTSC-AOC10d-2		01/18/08	9 0	N	6.03	243	66.5	13.1	ND (0.0192)	ND (4.89)	147	
DTSC-AOC10d-3		01/18/08	9 0	N	4.38	224	46.5	12	ND (0.0198)	ND (4.65)	197	

 $G: \label{lem:condition} G: \label{lem:condition} G: \label{lem:condition} Pack \label{lem:condition} Topock \label{lem:condition} Program \label{lem:condition} Database \label{lem:condition} Topock \label{lem:condition} Database \label{lem:condition} Topock \label{lem:condition} Database \label{lem:condition} Topock \label{lem:con$ 

TABLE E-4

Constituent Concentrations

AOC 10 – East Ravine

Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis

PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

					(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(ng/kg)
	Removal A	ction Goal	(RAG) <2	2 ft bgs :	3.1	145	145	36	1	22	1,050	a <b>100</b>
	Removal Action	Goal (RA	G) 2 to 10	) ft bgs :	31	145	145	36	1	22	1,050	b <b>190</b>
Location	Potential Action Area	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Zinc	<sup>a</sup> TEQ Human b TEQ Mammal
MW-57BR		01/14/09	3 - 4	N	ND (0.16)	26	11	6.7	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	52	
		01/14/09	8 - 9	N	ND (0.17)	20	11	2.7	ND (0.1)	1.3	46	
		01/14/09	8 - 9	FD	ND (0.16)	22	11	2.9	ND (0.1)	1.3	48	
		01/14/09	18 - 19	Ν	ND (0.16)	25	12	4.3	ND (0.1)	3	68	
MW-58BR_S	AOC10 PAA #2	01/29/09	1.5 - 2	N	150	4,000	300	160	0.33	3.5	300	
		01/29/09	19 - 20	Ν	0.43	33	24	4	ND (0.11)	ND (2.1)	63	
		01/29/09	29 - 30	Ν	ND (0.17)	26	14	3.6	ND (0.11)	ND (2.1)	64	
		01/29/09	39 - 40	N	0.43	35	17	4.2	ND (0.11)	ND (2.1)	51	
		01/29/09	49 - 50	N	ND (0.17)	24	17	3.7	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	46	
-		01/29/09	59 - 60	N	ND (0.18)	27	58	3.4	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	41	
PA-06		11/09/15	0 - 1	N	0.89	30	15	5.2	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	74	
PA-18		01/27/16	0 - 1	N	0.28	65	64	<b>47</b>	ND (0.1)	1.4	190	280
		01/26/17	5 - 6	N								14
PA-19	AOC10 PAA #1	01/27/16	0 - 1	N	ND (0.46)	34	160	30	ND (0.12)	9.8	550	220
		01/31/17	2 - 3	N								0.62
		01/31/17	5 - 6	N								0.89
PA-20	AOC10 PAA #1	01/27/16	0 - 1	N	0.82 J	33	11	23	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	84	1,600
		01/31/17	2 - 3	N								53
		01/31/17	5 - 6	N								130
PA-21	AOC10 PAA #1	01/27/16	0 - 1	N	ND (0.2)	49	26	32	ND (0.1)	1.2	150	580
		01/31/17	2 - 3	N								14
		01/31/17	5 - 6	N								73
SD-01		01/13/16	0 - 0.5	N	0.24	14	29	7.6	ND (0.1)	ND (1.1)	190	
		01/13/16	2 - 3	N	ND (0.22)	36	14	3.2	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	41	
		01/13/16	5 - 6	N	ND (0.22)	49	15	2.5	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	43	
		01/13/16	9 - 10	N	ND (0.21)	40	12	1.9	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	40	

TABLE E-4

Constituent Concentrations

AOC 10 – East Ravine

Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis

PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

	Removal Action Goal (RAG) <2 ft bgs :  Removal Action Goal (RAG) 2 to 10 ft bgs :  Potential Depth Sample Action Area Date (ft bgs) Type  AOC10 PAA #1 11/10/15 0 - 1 N			Oft bgs:	(mg/kg) 3.1 31	(mg/kg) 145 145	(mg/kg) 145 145	(mg/kg) 36 36	(mg/kg) 1 1	(mg/kg) 22 22 Molybdenum	(mg/kg) 1,050 1,050	(ng/kg) a 100 b 190 a TEQ Human
Location		Date			Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Copper	Lead	Mercury	woiybaenum	Zinc	bTEQ Mammal
SD-02	AOC10 PAA #1	11/10/15	0 - 1	N	0.66	26	16	29	0.17 J	ND (1)	48	
		11/10/15	2 - 3	N	11	280	590	170	3.2	9.1	300	
SD-03	AOC10 PAA #1	11/10/15	0 - 1	N	0.28	12	7.3	9.7	ND (0.099)	ND (1)	31	
		11/10/15	2 - 3	N	ND (0.2)	6.4	3.4	2.5	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	13	
SD-04	AOC10 PAA #1	11/10/15	0 - 1	N	ND (0.2)	10	5.1	2.7	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	22	
		11/10/15	2 - 3	N	ND (0.2)	8	4.4	2.5	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	19	
SD-05		11/10/15	0 - 1	N	ND (0.2)	13 J	9.2	13 J	ND (0.1)	2.5	46	
		11/10/15	0 - 1	FD	ND (0.2)	19 J	10	37 J	ND (0.1)	1.1	42	
		11/10/15	2 - 3	N	ND (0.21)	30	12	10	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	41	
SD-06		11/10/15	0 - 1	N	ND (0.2)	17	9.4	3.9	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	39	
		11/10/15	2 - 3	Ν	ND (0.2)	21	10	4.2	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	40	
		11/10/15	5 - 6	N	ND (0.21)	20	9.5	2.8	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	40	
SD-21		03/10/16	0 - 1	N	ND (0.2)	21	8.7	2.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	44	1.3
		03/10/16	2 - 3	Ν	0.81	31	10	4.5	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	60	3
SD-22		03/09/16	0 - 1	N	ND (0.21)	22	13	10	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	61	
		03/09/16	2 - 3	N	ND (0.21)	27	10	4.7	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	49	
Bank 1		03/07/03	0	N	ND (4)	21.5	13.7				55	
L-1		02/20/03	0	N	ND (4.1)	88.4	34.8				99.7	
		02/20/03	2	N	2.5	217	69.6				123	
L-2	AOC10 PAA #2	02/20/03	0	N	ND (4.7)	86.8	42.7				122	
		02/20/03	2	N	13	3,360	211				278	
L-2-2	AOC10 PAA #2	03/05/03	- 2	N	41	1,610	139				203	
L-2-3	AOC10 PAA #2	03/05/03	- 2	N	99	2,740	288				299	
L-3		02/20/03	0	N	ND (4.5)	28.4	22.7				74.3	
		02/20/03	1	N	1.2 J	379	79.7				252	
		02/20/03	1.5	N	ND (4)	77.7	17.2				61.9	
L-3-2		03/05/03	0 - 0.5	N	9.4	228	40.5				129	

9 of 10 Print Date: 3/12/2021

Constituent Concentrations
AOC 10 – East Ravine
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

	Removal <i>F</i>	Action Goal on Goal (RA			(mg/kg) 3.1 31	(mg/kg) 145 145	(mg/kg) 145 145	(mg/kg) 36 36	(mg/kg) 1 1	(mg/kg) 22 22	(mg/kg) 1,050 1,050	(ng/kg) a 100 b 190
Location	Potential Action Area	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Zinc	<sup>a</sup> TEQ Human b <b>TEQ Mammal</b>
PS-21		04/13/99	0	N	0.9	16.5	14.2				43.9	
		04/13/99	2	N	ND (0.51)	90	12.6				59.1	
PS-22		04/13/99	0	Ν	ND (0.5)	24.7	11.4				85.3	

### Notes:

Results greater than or equal to the Removal Action Goal are circled.

θ white powder sample.

--- not analyzed FD field duplicate

ft bgs feet below ground surface

J concentration or reporting limit estimated by laboratory or data validation

mg/kg milligrams per kilogram

N primary sample

ND not detected at the listed reporting limit

ng/kg nanogram per kilogram

TEQ dioxin and furans toxicity equivalent quotient

10 of 10 Print Date: 3/12/2021

 $G: \label{lem:control} Gas Electric Co\trologram \Database \trologram \Database \trologram \Database \Trues dai\trologram \Database \Databas$ 

TABLE E-5
Constituent Concentrations
AOC 11 – Topographic Low Areas
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

					(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(ng/kg)
	Removal A	Action Goal	(RAG) <2	2 ft bgs :	3.1	145	145	36	1	22	1,050	a <b>100</b>
	Removal Actio	n Goal (RA	G) 2 to 10	Oft bgs :	31	145	145	36	1	22	1,050	b <b>190</b>
Location	Potential Action Area	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Zinc	<sup>a</sup> TEQ Human b <b>TEQ Mammal</b>
AOC11-4-OS6		06/11/14	0	N	0.22	18	9.2	7.2	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	39	7.1
AOC11-4-OS5		06/11/14	0	N	ND (0.2)	21	12	6.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	43	13
AOC11-4-OS4		06/11/14	0	N	ND (0.2)	16	9.6	3.5	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	40	0.51
AOC11-4-OS3		06/11/14	0	N	ND (0.2)	14	8.6	5.3	ND (0.099)	ND (1)	35	3.3
AOC11-4-OS1		06/11/14	0	N	ND (0.2)	18 J	11 J	4.2 J	ND (0.1)	ND (1) J	47 J	0.44
AOC11-4-OS4		06/11/14	2 - 3	N	ND (0.2)	14	8.6	3.2	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	37	0.38
AOC11-4-OS6		06/11/14	2 - 3	N	ND (0.21)	20	7.7	3.2	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	36	1.9
AOC11-4-OS5		06/11/14	2 - 3	N	ND (0.21)	18	9.3	5.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	36	17
AOC11-4-OS3		06/11/14	2 - 3	N	0.43	18	7.3	6.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	30	11
AOC11-4-OS1		06/11/14	2 - 3	N	ND (0.21)	16	11	3.5	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	41	0.51
AOC11-4-OS3		06/11/14	2 - 3	FD	0.43	17	7.7	6.2	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	30	11
AOC11-4-OS4		06/11/14	5 - 6	N	ND (0.21)	17	10	5.5	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	38	2.1
AOC11-4-OS5		06/11/14	5 - 6	FD	ND (0.21)	20	8.9	5.6	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	40	11
AOC11-1		01/05/16	0 - 1	N	ND (0.21)	11	9.7	7.8 J	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	67 J	0.24
		01/05/16	0 - 1	FD	ND (0.21)	11	8.1	5.4 J	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	50 J	
		01/05/16	2 - 3	N	ND (0.21)	11	9.5	5.2	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	32	ND (0.062)
		01/05/16	5 - 6	N	ND (0.24)	18	8.1	5.3	ND (0.12)	ND (1.2)	38	
		01/05/16	9 - 10	N	ND (0.28)	15	9.2	6.1	ND (0.14)	ND (1.4)	37	
AOC11-2		01/05/16	0 - 1	N	ND (0.21)	21	8.7	2.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	51	0.39
		01/05/16	2 - 3	Ν	ND (0.21)	21	10	1.9	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	44	0.15
		01/05/16	5 - 6	Ν	ND (0.21)	30	12	2.2	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	45	0.09
		01/05/16	9 - 10	Ν	ND (0.21)	23 J	9.4	1.8	ND (0.11)	ND (1)	45	ND (0.084)
		01/05/16	9 - 10	FD	ND (0.21)	17 J	12	2.7	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	46	ND (0.1)
AOC11-3		01/05/16	0 - 1	N	ND (0.2)	15	8	2.6	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	31	3.1
		01/05/16	2 - 3	N	ND (0.21)	20	10	2.3	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	43	0.2
		01/05/16	5 - 6	N	ND (0.21)	20	11	2.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	38	1.6
		01/05/16	9 - 10	N	ND (0.21)	23	10	2.2	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	45	0.36
		01/05/16	9 - 10	FD	ND (0.21)	14	7.7	1.8	ND (0.1)	ND (1.1)	34	0.23

 $G: \label{lem:control} \begin{tabular}{ll} G: \label{lem:control} Pacific Gas Electric Co\topock Program \begin{tabular}{ll} Database \topock \begin{tabular}{ll} Pacific Gas Electric Co\topock \begin{tabular}$ 

TABLE E-5
Constituent Concentrations
AOC 11 – Topographic Low Areas
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

	Removal Ad	ction Goal	(RAG) <2	2 ft bgs :	(mg/kg) 3.1	(mg/kg) 145	(mg/kg) 145	(mg/kg) 36	(mg/kg) 1	(mg/kg) 22	(mg/kg) 1,050	(ng/kg) a 100
	Removal Action	Goal (RA	G) 2 to 10	Oft bgs :	31	145	145	36	1	22	1,050	b <b>190</b>
Location	Potential Action Area	Date		Sample Type	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Zinc	a TEQ Human b TEQ Mammal
AOC11-4		01/05/16	0 - 1	N	ND (0.2)	25	9.1	4.1	ND (0.1)	1.3	33	1.2
		01/05/16	2 - 3	N	1	16	9	4.1	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	33	2.6
AOC11-5		02/03/16	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.25) J	27	22	14	ND (0.13)	ND (1.2)	70	30
		02/03/16	2 - 3	N	ND (0.21) J	18	8.9	1.7	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	46	0.74
		02/03/16	5 - 6	N	ND (0.21) J	25	10	1.7	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	48	0.23
		02/03/16	9 - 10	Ν	ND (0.2) J	21	9.3	2	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	56	2
AOC11-6		01/06/16	0 - 1	N	ND (0.22)	20	12	21	ND (0.11)	1.7	67	0.74
		01/06/16	2 - 3	N	ND (0.2)	20	9.5	24	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	62	0.46
		01/06/16	5 - 6	N	ND (0.21)	25	10	2.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	59	
		01/06/16	9 - 10	N	ND (0.21)	14	9.1	6.1	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	79	
AOC11-7		01/06/16	0 - 1	N	ND (0.22)	11	8	220	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	40	3.3
		01/06/16	2 - 3	N	0.52	15	11	30	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	70	0.84
		01/06/16	5 - 6	N	ND (0.2)	15	7.5	8.5	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	79	
AOC11-8		12/06/15	0 - 1	N	ND (0.2)	12	9.3	26	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	43	0.91
		12/06/15	2 - 3	N	ND (0.2)	9.6	8.1	28	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	45	0.63
AOC11-9		12/06/15	0 - 1	N	ND (0.2)	9.6	7.5	23	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	61	1.1
		12/06/15	2 - 3	Ν	ND (0.2)	11	8.6	13	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	63	0.32
AOC11a-1		09/21/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.403)	19	12	9.9	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	46	
		09/21/08	2 - 3	N	ND (0.411)	23	14	20	ND (0.1)	ND (2.1)	58	
		09/21/08	5 - 6	N	ND (0.41)	22	9	4.7	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	44	
		09/21/08	9 - 10	N	3	19	10	9.2	ND (0.1) J	ND (2)	44	
AOC11a-2		09/21/08	0 - 0.5	N	0.417	32	20	15	ND (0.11)	ND (2.1)	75	
		09/21/08	2 - 3	Ν	ND (0.413)	19	10	7.7	ND (0.11)	ND (2.1)	42	
		09/21/08	5 - 6	N	ND (0.408)	25	14	3.4	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	56	
		09/21/08	9 - 10	N	ND (0.412)	19	6.5	2.2	ND (0.1) J	1	47	

TABLE E-5
Constituent Concentrations
AOC 11 – Topographic Low Areas
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

	Removal <i>I</i>	Action Goal	(RAG) <	2 ft bgs :	(mg/kg) 3.1	(mg/kg) 145	(mg/kg) 145	(mg/kg) 36	(mg/kg) 1	(mg/kg) 22	(mg/kg) 1,050	(ng/kg) a 100
	Removal Actio	n Goal (RA	G) 2 to 10	Oft bas :	31	145	145	36	1	22	1,050	b <b>190</b>
Location	Potential Action Area	Date		Sample Type	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Zinc	<sup>a</sup> TEQ Human bTEQ Mammal
AOC11a-3		09/20/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.411)	22	16	13	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	62	42
		09/20/08	2 - 3	N	ND (0.423)	24	14	17	ND (0.1)	2.2	63	25
		09/20/08	2 - 3	FD	ND (0.418)	24	14	16	ND (0.1)	2.4	61	
		09/20/08	5 - 6	Ν	0.634	76	15	25	ND (0.1)	ND (2.1)	75	150
		09/20/08	9 - 10	Ν	ND (0.407)	23	11	2.9	ND (0.1) J	1.1	48	0.4
AOC11a-4		09/20/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.409)	25	18	17	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	79	
		09/20/08	2 - 3	Ν	ND (0.41)	27	13	8	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	52	
		09/20/08	5 - 6	Ν	ND (0.407) J	25	11	3.7	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	54	
		09/20/08	9 - 10	Ν	ND (0.41)	27	14	3.5	ND (0.1) J	ND (2)	59	
AOC11a-5		09/21/08	0 - 0.5	N	0.652	32	17	14	ND (0.1)	ND (2.1)	71	72
		09/21/08	2 - 3	Ν	ND (0.412)	30	12	9.4	ND (0.1)	2.5	57	19
		09/21/08	5 - 6	Ν	ND (0.411)	18	9.2	3	ND (0.1)	1.5	53	0.24
		09/21/08	5 - 6	FD	ND (0.412)	18	9.6	3.1	ND (0.1)	1.6	51	
		09/21/08	9 - 10	Ν	ND (0.415)	24	9.8	3.1	ND (0.1) J	2.5	62	ND (0.68)
AOC11a-SS-1		09/21/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.402)	13	9.4	5.6	ND (0.1) J	1.1	54	0.63
		09/21/08	2 - 3	N	ND (0.404)	19	8.9	6	ND (0.1) J	ND (2)	48	2.5
		09/21/08	5 - 6	Ν	ND (0.408)	16	7.6	3	ND (0.1) J	ND (1)	42	0.26
		09/21/08	9 - 10	N	ND (0.414)	13	7	3	ND (0.1) J	ND (1)	40	
AOC11a-SS-2		09/21/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.414)	15	8.1	7.1	ND (0.1) J	ND (1)	42	
		09/21/08	2 - 3	N	ND (0.402)	19	15	5.9	ND (0.1) J	ND (1)	53	
AOC11a-SS-3		09/20/08	0 - 0.5	N	0.622	29	17	16	ND (0.1) J	ND (2)	73	53
		09/20/08	2 - 3	N	ND (0.409)	27	15	5.7	ND (0.1) J	ND (2)	57	
		09/20/08	5 - 6	N	ND (0.412)	19	9.5	3.7	ND (0.1) J	1.1	46	0.28
		09/20/08	9 - 10	Ν	ND (0.413)	24	11	3	ND (0.1) J	1.4	48	

 $G: \label{lem:condition} G: \label{lem:condition} G: \label{lem:condition} Pack \label{lem:condition} Topock \label{lem:condition} Program \label{lem:condition} Database \label{lem:condition} Topock \label{lem:condition} Database \label{lem:condition} Topock \label{lem:condition} Database \label{lem:condition} Topock \label{lem:con$ 

TABLE E-5
Constituent Concentrations
AOC 11 – Topographic Low Areas
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

	Removal Action	Action Goal on Goal (RA			(mg/kg) 3.1 31	(mg/kg) 145 145	(mg/kg) 145 145	(mg/kg) 36 36	(mg/kg) 1 1	(mg/kg) 22 22	(mg/kg) 1,050 1,050	(ng/kg) a 100 b 190
Location	Potential Action Area	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Zinc	<sup>a</sup> TEQ Human bTEQ Mammal
AOC11b-1		09/17/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.402)	27	16	25	ND (0.1)	ND (5)	71	0.36
		09/17/08	0 - 0.5	FD	0.553	25	15	12	ND (0.1)	ND (5)	68	
		09/17/08	2 - 3	Ν	ND (0.404)	17	7	8.2	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	28	2.7
		09/17/08	5 - 6	N	ND (0.411)	21	15	22	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	72	3.8
		09/17/08	9 - 10	N	ND (0.411)	20	13	13	ND (0.1) J	ND (2.1)	65	
AOC11b-2		09/17/08	0 - 0.5	Ν	0.645	21	13	45	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	76	
		09/17/08	2 - 3	Ν	ND (0.41)	32	15	7.6	ND (0.1)	ND (5.1)	74	
		09/17/08	5 - 6	Ν	ND (0.411)	24	14	5.9	ND (0.1)	ND (5.1)	75	
		09/17/08	9 - 10	N	ND (0.407)	24	15	8.2	ND (0.1) J	ND (5.1)	86	
AOC11c-1		09/21/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.4)	26	9.7	30	ND (0.098)	2.7	47	
		09/22/08	2 - 3	Ν	2.03	64	20	26	ND (0.11)	2.1	110	
		09/22/08	2 - 3	FD	1.47	63	19	25	ND (0.11)	2.3	110	
		09/22/08	5 - 6	Ν	2.03	64	20	24	ND (0.1)	ND (2.1)	110	
		09/22/08	9 - 10	N	3.33	130	17	11	ND (0.1) J	ND (2)	62	
AOC11c-2		09/21/08	0 - 0.5	N	0.744	26	12	11	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	52	
		09/22/08	2 - 3	N	2.74	81	21	28	ND (0.11)	2.7	130	
		09/22/08	5 - 6	N	1.3	56	16	18	ND (0.11)	ND (2.1)	93	
		09/22/08	9 - 10	Ν	2.05	70	16	10	ND (0.1) J	ND (2)	70	
AOC11C-3		02/03/16	14 - 15	N	0.67 J	18	8.4	2.2	ND (0.1)	ND (1.1)	42	
		02/03/16	19 - 20	N	ND (0.21) J	17	9.7	1.6	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	42	
		02/03/16	29 - 30	N	ND (0.2) J	27	14	ND (1)	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	39	

TABLE E-5
Constituent Concentrations
AOC 11 – Topographic Low Areas
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

Location	Removal Action Potential Action Area		G) 2 to 10		(mg/kg) 3.1 31 Chromium, Hexavalent	(mg/kg) 145 145 Chromium, total	(mg/kg) 145 145 Copper	(mg/kg) 36 36 Lead	(mg/kg) 1 1 Mercury	(mg/kg) 22 22 Molybdenum	(mg/kg) 1,050 1,050 Zinc	(ng/kg) a 100 b 190  a TEQ Human b TEQ Mammal
AOC11c-4		01/28/16	0 - 1	N	0.38	16	7.4	3.1	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	31	18
		01/28/16	2 - 3	Ν	ND (0.2)	12	9.2	1.8	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	34	0.93
		01/28/16	5 - 6	N	ND (0.2)	13	8.9	2.5	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	62	1.6
		01/28/16	9 - 10	N	ND (0.2)	18	8.4	1.7	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	67	
		01/28/16	9 - 10	FD	ND (0.2)	16	7.7	1.5	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	63	
		02/02/16	14 - 15	Ν	0.25	21	7.8	ND (1)	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	38	
		02/02/16	19 - 20	Ν	ND (0.2)	17	8.1	1.1	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	37	
AOC11c-SS-1		09/21/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.401)	12	5.2	6.8	ND (0.1) J	ND (1)	23	
		09/22/08	2 - 3	Ν	ND (0.403)	16	11	5.5	ND (0.1) J	ND (1)	30	
		09/22/08	5 - 6	Ν	1.14	37	13	11	ND (0.1) J	2.9	57	
		09/22/08	9 - 10	Ν	ND (0.408)	19	6.2	5	ND (0.1) J	ND (2)	31	
AOC11c-SS-2		09/22/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.401)	14	4.9	8	ND (0.1) J	ND (1)	25	
		09/22/08	2 - 3	Ν	ND (0.402)	16	4.9	6.5	ND (0.1) J	ND (1)	30	
		09/22/08	5 - 6	N	7.78	32	11	8.9	ND (0.1) J	ND (1)	54	
		09/22/08	9 - 10	N	2.06	73	30	8.6	ND (0.1) J	ND (1)	290	
AOC11d-1		09/23/08	0 - 0.5	N	0.677	31	19	16	ND (0.1)	ND (2.1)	73	7.2
		09/23/08	0 - 0.5	FD	0.628	33	20	14	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	76	
		09/23/08	2.5 - 3	N	ND (0.414)	24	12	4.8	ND (0.1)	1.2	48	0.63
		09/23/08	5 - 6	N	ND (0.416)	29	12	5	ND (0.1)	ND (2.1)	52	0.36
		09/23/08	9 - 10	N	0.659	28	11	9.3	ND (0.1) J	ND (2.1)	49	
AOC11e-1	AOC11 PAA #1	09/23/08	0 - 0.5	N	0.959	43	10	10	ND (0.098)	ND (2)	54	160
		09/23/08	2.5 - 3	N	3.19	92	41	9	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	170	3,200
		09/23/08	5.5 - 6	N	0.961	48	17	6.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	59	
		09/23/08	9.5 - 10	N	3.2	84	31	13	ND (0.1) J	ND (1)	140	

TABLE E-5
Constituent Concentrations
AOC 11 – Topographic Low Areas
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

Location	Removal Action Potential Action Area		G) 2 to 10		(mg/kg) 3.1 31 Chromium, Hexavalent	(mg/kg) 145 145 Chromium, total	(mg/kg) 145 145 Copper	(mg/kg) 36 36 Lead	(mg/kg) 1 1 Mercury	(mg/kg) 22 22 Molybdenum	(mg/kg) 1,050 1,050 Zinc	(ng/kg) a 100 b 190  TEQ Human bTEQ Mammal
AOC11e-2	AOC11 PAA #1	09/24/08	0 - 0.5	N	1.4	37	12	28	ND (0.1)	1.1	160	120
		09/24/08	2 - 3	N	3.78	130	19	11	ND (0.099)	2.6	130	700
		09/24/08	2 - 3	FD	3.51	130	18	11	ND (0.11)	2.9	120	
		09/24/08	5 - 6	N	2.25	98	30	9.6	ND (0.1)	1.3	150	1,800
		09/24/08	9 - 10	N	ND (0.436)	36	19	4.6	ND (0.11) J	ND (2.1)	53	450
AOC11e-3		01/08/16	0 - 1	N	2.3 J	16	6.3	5.9	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	24	7.8
		01/08/16	0 - 1	FD	0.44 J	17	6.5	5.5	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	27	
		01/10/16	2 - 3	N	ND (0.2)	11	6.7	3.6	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	21	3.3
		01/10/16	5 - 6	N	ND (0.22)	19	7.5	4.5	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	29	1.6
		01/10/16	9 - 10	N	ND (0.21)	12	6.9	4.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	25	2.5
		01/10/16	13 - 14	N	ND (0.2)	11	5.9	3.3	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	35	
AOC11e-4	AOC11 PAA #1	01/28/16	0 - 1	N	1.2	16	7.4	4.3	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	33	14
		01/28/16	2 - 3	N	2.1	32	9	7	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	42	940
		01/28/16	5 - 6	N	0.74	27	22	3.5	ND (0.1)	ND (1.1)	76	250
		01/28/16	14 - 15	N	ND (0.2)	17	22	1.7	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	35	
AOC11e-5	AOC11 PAA #1	01/19/16	14 - 15	N	ND (0.21)	34 J	21 J	2	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	48 J	
		01/19/16	19 - 20	N	ND (0.21)	40	16	2.4	ND (0.1)	1.5	38	
		01/19/16	29 - 30	N	ND (0.21)	18	11	1.7	ND (0.1)	ND (1.1)	34	
		01/19/16	39 - 40	N	ND (0.21)	30	8.3	2	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	38	
		01/20/16	49 - 50	N	ND (0.21)	17	11	1.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	36	
		01/21/16	59 - 60	N	ND (0.21)	25	12	2	ND (0.1)	ND (1.1)	45	
		01/21/16	69 - 70	N	ND (0.22)	24	12	2.8	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	47	
AOC11e-6		12/03/15	0 - 1	N	16	320	12	8.4	ND (0.1)	1.6	37	4.5
AOC11e-SS-1		09/23/08	0 - 0.5	N	0.698	20	8.7	8.6	ND (0.1) J	ND (1)	35 J	
		09/23/08	2.5 - 3	N	ND (0.411)	21	7.7	4.8	ND (0.1) J	ND (1)	27	
		09/23/08	5.5 - 6	N	ND (0.407)	9.2	5.1	5.2	ND (0.1) J	ND (1)	20	
		09/23/08	9.5 - 10	N	ND (0.407)	10	10	5.4	ND (0.1) J	ND (1)	19	

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TABLE E-5
Constituent Concentrations
AOC 11 – Topographic Low Areas
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

	Removal A				(mg/kg) 3.1 31	(mg/kg) 145 145	(mg/kg) 145 145	(mg/kg) 36 36	(mg/kg) 1 1	(mg/kg) 22 22	(mg/kg) 1,050 1,050	(ng/kg) a 100 b 190
Location	Potential Action Area	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Zinc	<sup>a</sup> TEQ Human b TEQ Mammal
AOC11e-SS-2		09/23/08	0 - 0.5	N	1.38	28	8.1	9.5	ND (0.1) J	ND (1)	39	
		09/23/08	2.5 - 3	N	0.438	21	9.7	7.4	ND (0.1) J	ND (2)	35	
		09/23/08	5.5 - 6	N	0.466	26	10	5.1	ND (0.1) J	ND (1)	39	
		09/23/08	5.5 - 6	FD	0.437	27	9.6	5.5	ND (0.1) J	ND (1)	37	
		09/23/08	9.5 - 10	Ν	0.5	21	11	3.8	ND (0.11) J	ND (1.1)	37	
AOC11g-OS1		04/06/11	8.5 - 9	N	ND (0.4) J	26	11	4.1	ND (0.1) J	7.1	61	
PA-07		11/09/15	0 - 1	N	1.9	66	19	17	ND (0.1)	1.3	170	
PA-09		01/27/16	0 - 1	N	ND (0.2)	21	13	150	0.18	ND (1)	130	15
PA-10		01/27/16	0 - 1	N	0.95	40	24	56	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	190	(140)
		01/26/17	2 - 3	N								0.38
		01/26/17	5 - 6	N								0.38
PA-11		01/27/16	0 - 1	N	0.35	63	23	28	ND (0.1)	3.3	300	120
		01/25/17	2 - 3	N		10	7.1	4.7	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	29	2.1
		01/25/17	2 - 3	FD		10	6.9	3.7	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	24	
		01/25/17	5 - 6	N								82
PA-12		01/27/16	0 - 1	N	0.56	50	31	12	ND (0.1)	3.1	130	520
		01/25/17	2 - 3	N		13	9.7	5.7	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	37 J	1.7
		01/25/17	5 - 6	N								10
SD-08		11/11/15	0 - 1	N	ND (0.2)	9.2 J	6	5.3 J	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	31	
		11/11/15	0 - 1	FD	0.26	12 J	13	6.8 J	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	37	
		11/11/15	2 - 3	N	2.7	34	35	7.8	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	97	
SD-09		11/10/15	0 - 1	N	ND (0.21)	11	6.4	3.8	ND (0.11)	ND (1)	25	
		11/10/15	2 - 3	N	ND (0.21)	11	5.6	3.1	ND (0.1)	ND (1.1)	21	
		11/10/15	5 - 6	N	ND (0.21)	12	7.1	4.3	ND (0.1)	ND (1.1)	24	
SD-10		11/10/15	0 - 1	N	ND (0.2)	7.9	6.7	6.1	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	36	
		11/10/15	2 - 3	N	1.4	27	9	16	0.37	ND (1)	180	

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TABLE E-5
Constituent Concentrations
AOC 11 – Topographic Low Areas
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

		Action Goal			(mg/kg) 3.1 31	(mg/kg) 145 145	(mg/kg) 145 145	(mg/kg) 36 36	(mg/kg) 1 1	(mg/kg) 22 22	(mg/kg) 1,050 1,050	(ng/kg) a 100 b 190
Location	Removal Action  Potential  Action Area	Date		Sample Type	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Zinc	a TEQ Human bTEQ Mammal
SD-11		12/06/15	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.2)	38	14	22	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	1,100	
		12/06/15	2 - 3	N	1	21	10	6.2	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	42	
SD-11A		03/07/16	0 - 1	N	0.51	110	19	20	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	170	140
		03/07/16	2 - 3	N	0.63	90	44	36	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	310	130 JR
		03/07/16	5 - 6	N	0.79	23	11	11	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	88	67
SD-12		11/10/15	0 - 1	Ν	ND (0.2)	8.1	5.1	7.2	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	38	
		11/10/15	2 - 3	N	0.51	16	8.9	4.1	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	27	
SD-13		11/10/15	0 - 1	N	0.92	33	7.8	3.6	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	30	
		11/10/15	2 - 3	Ν	0.34	25	9.4	3	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	40	
SD-20		11/11/15	0 - 1	N	0.5	18 J	7.1	5.3	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	48 J	
		11/11/15	0 - 1	FD	0.61	14 J	7.3	4.6	ND (0.099)	ND (1)	71 J	
		11/11/15	2 - 3	Ν	ND (0.2)	8.9	4.3	2.7	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	17	
SD-23		03/09/16	0 - 1	N	0.27	19	11	5.6	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	87	14
		03/09/16	2 - 3	N	ND (0.22)	31	14	3	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	39	
SD-27		02/15/17	2 - 3	N	ND (0.21)	20	9	ND (1)	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	34	0.96
SD-OS37		11/30/16	0 - 0.5	N	0.41	35	21	36	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	92	
		11/30/16	3 - 3.5	N	0.24	16	9.4	5.4	ND (0.1)	2.7	24	
		11/30/16	5 - 5.5	N	ND (0.2)	14	7.4	3.3	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	20	

Constituent Concentrations
AOC 11 – Topographic Low Areas
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

### Notes:

Results greater than or equal to the Removal Action Goal are circled.

--- not analyzed FD field duplicate

ft bgs feet below ground surface

J concentration or reporting limit estimated by laboratory or data validation

JR estimated value, one or more input values is "R" qualified

mg/kg milligrams per kilogram

N primary sample

ND not detected at the listed reporting limit

ng/kg nanogram per kilogram

R The result has been rejected; identification and/or quantitation could not be verified because critical QC s

TEQ dioxin and furans toxicity equivalent quotient

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TABLE E-6
Constituent Concentrations
AOC 14 – Railroad Debris Area
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

Location	Removal Act Removal Action ( Potential Action Area	Goal (RA	G) 2 to 10		(mg/kg) 3.1 31 Chromium, Hexavalent	(mg/kg) 145 145 Chromium, total	(mg/kg) 145 145 Copper	(mg/kg) 36 36 Lead	(mg/kg) 1 1 Mercury	(mg/kg) 22 22 Molybdenum	(mg/kg) 1,050 1,050 Zinc	(ng/kg) a 100 b 190  a TEQ Human b TEQ Mammal
AOC14-1		09/30/08	0 - 0.5	N	0.841	25	11	18	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	70	
		09/30/08	2 - 3	N	ND (0.412)	25	8.5	8.7	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	47	
		09/30/08	5 - 6	N	ND (0.412)	27	9.5	2.3	ND (0.1)	1.6	38	
		09/30/08	9 - 10	N	ND (0.403)	17	8.2	2.7	ND (0.099)	ND (1)	34	
		09/30/08	14 - 15	N	ND (0.412)	18	12	2.1	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	34	
AOC14-2		09/30/08	0 - 0.5	N	0.768	28	44	18	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	49	
		09/30/08	2 - 3	N	1.04	42	ND (21)	7.6	ND (0.11)	ND (11)	34	
		10/01/08 <sup>©</sup>	3 - 3.25	N	2.16	26	ND (23)	ND (1.1)	ND (0.11)	ND (11)	ND (11)	
		09/30/08	5 - 6	N	1.32	42	19	21	ND (0.11)	ND (5.2)	51	
		09/30/08	9 - 10	N	ND (0.405)	21	16 J	1.8	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	40	
		09/30/08	9 - 10	FD	ND (0.404)	21	11 J	1.9	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	41	
		09/30/08	14 - 15	N	ND (0.407)	15	9.1	2.1	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	35	
AOC14-3		10/01/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.403)	31	12	8.4	ND (0.1)	1.6	52	
		10/01/08	2 - 3	N	ND (0.405)	26	13	6.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	46	
		10/01/08	5 - 6	N	0.877	32	11	9	ND (0.1)	2.1	40	
		10/01/08	9 - 10	N	ND (0.404)	19	7.1	2	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	33	
		10/01/08	14 - 15	N	ND (0.403)	17	12	2.2	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	32	
AOC14-4		10/01/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.402)	13	7.3	7.2	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	31	
		10/01/08	2 - 3	N	ND (0.405)	16	6.2	3.5	ND (0.1)	1.5	23	
		10/01/08	5 - 6	N	ND (0.403)	16	5.3	3.5	ND (0.1)	1.5	23	
		10/01/08	9 - 10	N	ND (0.403)	8.2	2.9	2.8	ND (0.1)	1.2	16	
		10/01/08	9 - 10	FD	ND (0.404)	8.1	2.7	2.9	ND (0.1)	1.2	16	
		10/01/08	14 - 15	N	ND (0.406)	15	7.9	2.2	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	29	
AOC14-5		10/02/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.403)	15	9.6	5.3	ND (0.099)	ND (2)	35	
-		10/02/08	2 - 3	N	ND (0.405)	17	16	16	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	46	
		10/02/08	5 - 6	N	ND (0.404)	15	7.9	2.7	ND (0.099)	ND (1)	35	
		10/02/08	9 - 10	N	ND (0.403)	15	9.5	2.3	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	35	
		10/02/08	14 - 15	N	ND (0.406)	16	7.3	2.2	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	30	

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TABLE E-6
Constituent Concentrations
AOC 14 – Railroad Debris Area
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

Location	Removal A Removal Action Potential Action Area		G) 2 to 10		(mg/kg) 3.1 31 Chromium, Hexavalent	(mg/kg) 145 145 Chromium, total	(mg/kg) 145 145 Copper	(mg/kg) 36 36 Lead	(mg/kg) 1 1 Mercury	(mg/kg) 22 22 Molybdenum	(mg/kg) 1,050 1,050 Zinc	(ng/kg) a 100 b 190  TEQ Human b TEQ Mammal
AOC14-6		10/02/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.402)	11	6.1	7.4	ND (0.1)	1.2	35	
		10/02/08	2 - 3	N	ND (0.403)	23	9.5	3.3	ND (0.1)	2.4	37	
		10/02/08	5 - 6	N	ND (0.405)	18	9.1	2.3	ND (0.099)	ND (1)	35	
		10/02/08	9 - 10	N	ND (0.406)	18	9.6	2.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	39	
		10/02/08	9 - 10	FD	ND (0.406)	18	9.7	2.3	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	39	
		10/02/08	14 - 15	N	ND (0.402)	16	7.2	2.2	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	28	
AOC14-7		10/02/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.404)	15	7.4	6.1	ND (0.099)	ND (1)	31	
		10/02/08	2 - 3	N	ND (0.405)	13	10	7.1	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	30	
		10/02/08	5 - 6	N	ND (0.405)	18	10	4.8	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	35	
		10/02/08	9 - 10	Ν	ND (0.404)	26	14	2.9	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	46	
		10/02/08	14 - 15	Ν	ND (0.401)	25	9.9	3.5	ND (0.1)	2.4	32	
AOC14-8		10/02/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.403)	12	7.9	6.4	ND (0.099)	ND (2)	30	
		10/02/08	2 - 3	N	ND (0.406)	15	8.8	6.8	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	31	
		10/02/08	5 - 6	Ν	ND (0.404)	18	6.6	2.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	39	
		10/02/08	9 - 10	Ν	ND (0.404)	19	12	2.7	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	38	
		10/02/08	9 - 10	FD	ND (0.404)	19	10	3	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	39	
		10/02/08	14 - 15	N	ND (0.413)	23 J	18	3.7	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	42 J	
AOC14-9		10/01/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.404)	13	7.6	5.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	28	
		10/01/08	2 - 3	N	ND (0.407)	12	7.2	6	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	29	
		10/01/08	5 - 6	Ν	ND (0.4)	9	4.1	2.8	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	13	
		10/01/08	9 - 10	Ν	ND (0.405)	15	7.6	3.6	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	29	
		10/01/08	14 - 15	Ν	ND (0.406)	13	8.2	5	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	32	
AOC14-10		10/01/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.401)	10	3.5	3.5	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	14	
		10/01/08	2 - 3	N	ND (0.401)	11	3.1	2.9	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	14	
		10/01/08	5 - 6	N	ND (0.403)	12	4.6	3.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	17	
		10/01/08	5 - 6	FD	ND (0.402)	12	4.1	3.1	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	15	
		10/01/08	9 - 10	Ν	ND (0.409)	11	7.1	5.9	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	28	
		10/01/08	14 - 15	N	ND (0.404)	9.8	ND (8.1)	2.6	ND (0.1)	ND (4)	13	

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TABLE E-6
Constituent Concentrations
AOC 14 – Railroad Debris Area
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

	Removal A				(mg/kg) 3.1 31	(mg/kg) 145 145	(mg/kg) 145 145	(mg/kg) 36 36	(mg/kg) 1 1	(mg/kg) 22 22	(mg/kg) 1,050 1,050	(ng/kg) a 100 b 190
Location	Potential Action Area	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Zinc	<sup>a</sup> TEQ Human bTEQ Mammal
AOC14-11		10/01/08	5 - 6	N	ND (0.406)	15	7.3	4.2	ND (0.1)	1	28	
		10/01/08	9 - 10	N	ND (0.405)	18	13	2	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	37	
		10/01/08	14 - 15	N	ND (0.41)	20	9	3	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	39	
AOC14-12		09/30/08	5 - 6	N	ND (0.406)	27	8.4	3.2	ND (0.1)	2.4	36	
		09/30/08	9 - 10	N	ND (0.405)	17	7.7	3	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	37	
		09/30/08	14 - 15	Ν	ND (0.401)	20	9.8	2.8	ND (0.1)	1.2	35	
AOC14-13		09/30/08	5 - 6	N	ND (0.405)	22	11	3.6	ND (0.099)	2	30	
		09/30/08	9 - 10	N	ND (0.405)	16	7.2	2.1	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	34	
		09/30/08	14 - 15	N	ND (0.409)	16	11	2.2	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	33	
		09/30/08	14 - 15	FD	ND (0.409)	16	13	2.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	33	
AOC14-14E		02/18/16	0 - 1	N	0.27	16	11	7.2	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	44	4.6
		02/18/16	2 - 3	N	0.25	30	13	3	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	42	14
		02/18/16	2 - 3	FD	0.35	26	10	3.5	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	43	12
		02/18/16	5 - 5.5	Ν	8.0	27	9.8	2.1	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	38	32
		02/18/16	6 - 7	Ν	ND (0.2)	19	9.9	2.1	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	38	2.5
		02/18/16	9 - 10	N	ND (0.2)	20	8	2.6	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	39	6.6
AOC14-14W	AOC14 PAA #1	02/16/16	0 - 1	N	0.33	16	12	15	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	65	3.5
		02/16/16	2 - 3	Ν	ND (0.2)	13	12	3.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	32	1.1
		02/16/16	5 - 5.5	Ν	6.7	<b>420</b>	170	160	0.22	4.5	310	480
		02/16/16	6 - 7	Ν	2.7	65	80	70	ND (0.1)	2.8	260	27
		02/16/16	9 - 10	Ν	0.66	15	9.7	2.6	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	34	6
AOC14-15	AOC14 PAA #1	02/18/16	0 - 1	N	ND (0.2)	14	11	2.2	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	36	3
		02/18/16	2 - 3	N	0.21	16	12	4.6	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	40	6.1
		02/18/16	5 - 6	Ν	ND (0.2)	11	9.7	3.1	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	34	4.4
		02/18/16	7 - 8	N	ND (0.2)	16	8.9	2.5	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	33	0.59

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 $G: \label{lem:condition} G: \label{lem:condition} G: \label{lem:condition} Pack \label{lem:condition} Topock \label{lem:condition} Program \label{lem:condition} Database \label{lem:condition} Topock \label{lem:condition} Database \label{lem:condition} Topock \label{lem:condition} Database \label{lem:condition} Topock \label{lem:con$ 

TABLE E-6
Constituent Concentrations
AOC 14 – Railroad Debris Area
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

	Removal Action				(mg/kg) 3.1 31	(mg/kg) 145 145	(mg/kg) 145 145	(mg/kg) 36 36	(mg/kg) 1 1	(mg/kg) 22 22	(mg/kg) 1,050 1,050	( <b>ng/kg)</b> a <b>100</b> b <b>190</b>
Location	Potential Action Area	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Zinc	<sup>a</sup> TEQ Human bTEQ Mammal
AOC14-16E		02/23/16	0 - 1	N	0.26	20	9.6	5.9	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	62	8.2
		02/23/16	2 - 3	N	ND (0.21)	12	9	3	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	33	3.8
		02/23/16	5 - 6	N	0.22	12	6.7	3	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	30	1.3
		02/23/16	9 - 10	N	ND (0.21)	15	9	1.6	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	31	0.13
AOC14-16W	AOC14 PAA #1	02/22/16	0 - 1	N	ND (0.2)	13	7.3	2.7	0.41	ND (1)	27	0.22
		02/22/16	2 - 3	Ν	20	360	1,300	110	180	63	110	8.2
		02/22/16	5 - 6	N	3	50	100	28	<u>72</u>	14	61	1.3
		02/22/16	7 - 8	N	0.96	23	35	14	$\bigcirc 17)$	ND (1)	45	2.3
		02/22/16	9 - 10	Ν	ND (0.2)	13	8.7	2.3	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	31	0.11
		02/22/16	9 - 10	FD	ND (0.2)	13	7.1	1.6	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	30	0.074
AOC14-17E		02/24/16	9 - 10	Ν	ND (0.2)	11	7.8	2.7	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	31	0.075
AOC14-17W		02/24/16	0 - 1	N	ND (0.2)	9	4.7	3.9	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	21	0.44
		02/24/16	1 - 2	N	ND (0.2)	12	9.2	8.5	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	26	0.97
		02/24/16	2 - 3	N	ND (0.2)	13	7.7	3.7	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	29	0.4
		02/24/16	5 - 6	Ν	ND (0.2)	12	10	3.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	24	0.096
		02/24/16	9 - 10	N	ND (0.2)	12	8.6	2.6	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	29	0.11
AOC14-18		02/17/16	0 - 1	N	ND (0.2)	14	13	14	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	41	
		02/17/16	2 - 3	Ν	ND (0.21)	13	12	3.5	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	34	
		02/17/16	5 - 6	Ν	ND (0.21)	13	12	4.4	ND (0.1)	3	36	
AOC14-19	AOC14 PAA #1	02/17/16	2 - 3	N	ND (0.21)	380 J	1,800	(1,600 J)	ND (0.1)	16	(2,000 J)	140
		02/17/16	3 - 4	N	ND (0.21)	13	19	6.3	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	41	1.2
AOC14-20		04/26/17	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.2)	14	9	5.6	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	37	0.36
		04/26/17	2 - 3	N	ND (0.2)	12	7.1	3.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	31	0.29
		04/26/17	5 - 6	N	ND (0.2)	14	11	2.6	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	29	0.4
		04/26/17	8 - 9	N	ND (0.2)	9.9	6.5	1.1	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	24	0.35

TABLE E-6
Constituent Concentrations
AOC 14 – Railroad Debris Area
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

	Removal Action			31	(mg/kg) 145 145	(mg/kg) 145 145	(mg/kg) 36 36	(mg/kg) 1 1	(mg/kg) 22 22	(mg/kg) 1,050 1,050	(ng/kg) a 100 b 190	
Location	Potential Action Area	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Zinc	<sup>a</sup> TEQ Human b TEQ Mammal
AOC14-21		04/26/17	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.2)	15	10	11	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	41	0.85
		04/26/17	2 - 3	N	ND (0.2)	15	11	9.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	45	2.9
		04/26/17	2 - 3	FD	ND (0.2)	17	12	9.8	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	44	3.2
		04/26/17	5 - 6	N	ND (0.2)	13	40	1.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	39	ND (0.19)
		04/26/17	9 - 10	Ν	ND (0.2)	14	8.1	2	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	30	0.22
AOC14-SS-1	AOC14 PAA #1	10/01/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.405)	15	9.4	7.2	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	34	
		10/01/08	2 - 3	N	0.456	22	15	11	0.25	ND (2)	32	
		10/01/08	5 - 6	N	ND (0.406)	18	15	4.8	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	35	
		10/01/08	9 - 10	N	ND (0.402)	17	7.4	1.6	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	33	
		10/01/08	14 - 15	Ν	ND (0.406)	13	9	2.6	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	31	
AOC14-SS-2		10/01/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.403)	14	8.8	4.8	ND (0.1)	1.1	27	
		10/01/08	2 - 3	N	ND (0.407)	14	7.6	5.5	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	29	
		10/01/08	5 - 6	N	ND (0.405)	10	6.5	5.5	ND (0.1)	ND (2)	25	
		10/01/08	9 - 10	N	ND (0.407)	9.5	6.7	5.3	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	24	
		10/01/08	14 - 15	Ν	ND (0.404)	17	9.6	3	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	32	
		10/01/08	14 - 15	FD	ND (0.405)	18	9.6	3	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	33	
AOC14-SS-3		10/02/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.401)	17	11	3.8	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	35	
		10/02/08	2 - 3	N	ND (0.402)	18	9.5	2.7	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	36	
		10/02/08	5 - 6	N	ND (0.403)	12	6.7	2	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	29	
		10/02/08	9 - 10	N	ND (0.404)	16	8.4	2.2	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	32	
		10/02/08	14 - 15	Ν	ND (0.404)	17	9.5	2.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	35	
AOC14-SS-4		10/02/08	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.402)	15	8.1	5.1	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	31	
		10/02/08	2 - 3	N	ND (0.401)	14	6.9	10	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	27	
		10/02/08	5 - 6	N	ND (0.403)	16	6.4	11	ND (0.1)	1.5	27	
		10/02/08	9 - 10	N	ND (0.404)	16	11	2.3	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	32	
		10/02/08	14 - 15	N	ND (0.405)	17	11	3	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	37	
		10/02/08	14 - 15	FD	ND (0.405)	17	8.5	1.6	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	34	

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TABLE E-6
Constituent Concentrations
AOC 14 – Railroad Debris Area
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

	Removal Action	Action Goal on Goal (RA		0 ft bgs :	(mg/kg) 3.1 31	(mg/kg) 145 145	(mg/kg) 145 145	(mg/kg) 36 36	(mg/kg) 1 1	(mg/kg) 22 22	(mg/kg) 1,050 1,050	(ng/kg) a 100 b 190
Location	Potential Action Area	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Zinc	<sup>a</sup> TEQ Human bTEQ Mammal
S1-20		11/01/98	3	N	0.7	31.8	15.7				49.4	
S2-6		11/01/98	3	N	12	45.5	1.8				14.5	
		11/01/98	5	N	1.8	39.9	9.7				35.7	
S2-62		11/01/98 <sup>©</sup>	9 2	N	1	32	4.1				8.4	
		11/01/98 <sup>B</sup>	3	N		72.7	22.2	7.9	0.046 J	0.86 J	ND (29.3)	
		11/01/98	4	N	ND (0.5)	21.9	11.5				39.8	
S2-130		11/01/98	1	N	ND (0.5)	22.1	10.6				34.5	
S3-15		11/01/98	2	Ν	ND (0.5)	13.8	9.4				24.1	
		11/01/98	4	N	ND (0.5)	12.1	11				29.2	
S3-72		11/01/98 <sup>©</sup>	1	N	ND (0.5)	18.7	6.7				27	
		11/01/98	2	N	ND (0.5)	11.3	8				28.9	
S3-120		11/01/98	1	N	ND (0.5)	12.1	4.2				18	
S4-4		11/01/98€	4	N	15.4	23.4	3.2				1.9	
		11/01/98	6	N	1	13.7	10.3				32.6	
S4-95		11/01/98€	2	N	ND (0.5)	10.3	2.5				4.3	
		11/01/98	3	N	ND (0.5)	14.9	8.3				27	
S4-160		11/01/98	2	N	0.5	25	11.8				38.2	
S8-23		11/01/98 <sup>B</sup>	3	N		28.7	14.3	12.5	0.092 J	0.42 J	57	
S8-30		11/01/98	3	N	0.5	12.8	10.8				40.9	
GS-1		11/01/98	0	N	0.59	33.7	2.2				31.3	
GS-2		11/01/98	0	N	ND (0.5)	21.9	8.2				32.7	
RR-1		02/02/00	0	N	ND (0.5)	23.4	15.6				44	
RR-2		02/02/00	0	N	ND (0.5)	16.1	13.8				37.5	
RR-3		02/02/00	0	N	ND (0.5)	18.3	11.6				35	
RR-4		02/02/00€	9 0	N	0.6	19.4	19.2				27.1	
RR-5		02/02/00	0	N	5.8	39.5	7.1				34.1	

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## **TABLE E-6**

Constituent Concentrations
AOC 14 – Railroad Debris Area
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

	Removal Actio	Action Goal on Goal (RA			(mg/kg) 3.1 31	(mg/kg) 145 145	(mg/kg) 145 145	(mg/kg) 36 36	(mg/kg) 1 1	(mg/kg) 22 22	(mg/kg) 1,050 1,050	(ng/kg) a 100 b 190
Location	Potential Action Area	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Zinc	<sup>a</sup> TEQ Human bTEQ Mammal
RR-6		02/02/00	0	N	4.8	74.9	7.5				243	
RR-7		02/02/00	9 <sub>0</sub>	N	ND (0.51)	28.6	9.7				35.1	
RR-8		02/02/00	0	N	ND (0.51)	28.9	9.9				29.8	
RR-9		02/02/00	9 <sub>0</sub>	N	2.7	19.6	27.9				15.4	
RR-10		02/02/00	0	N	ND (0.51)	18.8	12.9				36.3	
RR-11		02/02/00	0	N	ND (0.51)	18.1	20.2				47.5	
RR-12		02/02/00	Э 0	N	ND (0.5)	17.5	3.8				11.3	

## Notes:

Results greater than or equal to the Removal Action Goal are circled.

white powder sample.black sandy material

--- not analyzed FD field duplicate

ft bgs feet below ground surface

J concentration or reporting limit estimated by laboratory or data validation

mg/kg milligrams per kilogram

N primary sample

ND not detected at the listed reporting limit

ng/kg nanogram per kilogram

TEQ dioxin and furans toxicity equivalent quotient

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 $G: Vacific Gas Electric Co \ Topock Program \ Database \ Tuesdai \ NRF Isoil \ NECA \ Topock\_Data Gaps\_Tables\_RES\_EECA\_2021. mdb \ Vrpt EECA \ Topock\_Data Gaps\_Tables\_ECA \ Topock\_Data Gaps\_Tables$ 

TABLE E-7
Constituent Concentrations
AOC 27 – MW-24 Bench
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

					(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(ng/kg)
	Removal A	Action Goal	(RAG) <	2 ft bgs :	3.1	145	145	36	1	22	1,050	a <b>100</b>
	Removal Actio	n Goal (RA	G) 2 to 10	) ft bgs :	31	145	145	36	1	22	1,050	b <b>190</b>
Location	Potential Action Area	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Zinc	<sup>a</sup> TEQ Human b <b>TEQ Mammal</b>
24soil-01		01/31/08	2.5 - 3	N	ND (0.4)	15	7.2	6.4	ND (0.1)	0.63	16	
24soil-02		01/31/08	2.5 - 3	N	ND (0.4)	15	9.1	8.7	ND (0.1)	0.7	17	
AOC27-1		03/18/16	0 - 1	N	0.35	17	11	28	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	37	
		03/18/16	2 - 3	N	ND (0.2)	11	12	5.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	31	0.12
		03/18/16	5 - 6	N	ND (0.2)	17	11	2.9	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	31	
		03/18/16	9 - 10	N	ND (0.2)	13	8.6	1.9	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	29	
AOC27-18		03/17/16	0 - 1	N	0.3	15	8.3	5.7	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	26	9.3
		03/17/16	2 - 3	Ν	0.36	22	9.7	8.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	31	7.6
		03/17/16	5 - 6	N	ND (0.21)	11	7.4	6.9	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	27	6.8
		03/17/16	9 - 10	N	1.2	22	6.8	7.1	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	47	
AOC27-18E		03/17/16	4 - 5	N	ND (0.2)	11	6.6	10	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	250	11
AOC27-2		03/18/16	0 - 1	N	0.2	13	5.6	3.8	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	24	0.84
		03/18/16	2 - 3	N	0.28	16	8.1	5.7	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	24	0.83
		03/18/16	5 - 6	N	ND (0.2)	11	8.5	4.9	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	30	
		03/18/16	9 - 10	N	ND (0.2)	14	9.3	3.3	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	32	
AOC27-20		03/01/16	0 - 1	N	ND (0.2)	17	9.2	8.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	38	19
		03/01/16	2 - 3	N	ND (0.21)	19	11	4.6	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	42	5.8
		03/01/16	2 - 3	FD	ND (0.21)	18	9.7	3.6	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	42	
		03/01/16	5 - 6	N	0.29	20	27	15	0.13	ND (1)	74	10
		03/01/16	9 - 10	N	ND (0.21)	20	11	2.7	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	41	
AOC27-24		03/18/16	0 - 1	Ν	0.36	29	12	6.2	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	37	
		03/18/16	2 - 3	N	ND (0.2)	19	9.4	3.6	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	33	
		03/18/16	5 - 6	N	ND (0.2)	14	11	4.1	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	30	
		03/18/16	9 - 10	N	ND (0.2)	20	14	3	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	34	

TABLE E-7
Constituent Concentrations
AOC 27 – MW-24 Bench
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

	Removal Actio	· ·	G) 2 to 10 Depth	) ft bgs : Sample	(mg/kg) 3.1 31 Chromium,	(mg/kg) 145 145 Chromium,	(mg/kg) 145 145 Copper	(mg/kg) 36 36 Lead	(mg/kg) 1 1 Mercury	(mg/kg) 22 22 Molybdenum	(mg/kg) 1,050 1,050 Zinc	(ng/kg) a 100 b 190  a TEQ Human
Location	Action Area	Date	(ft bgs)	Туре	Hexavalent	total						b <b>TEQ Mammal</b>
AOC27-24SW		03/18/16	0 - 1	Ν	ND (0.2)	15	13	4.3	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	32	
		03/18/16	2 - 3	N	0.34	17	8.9	7	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	29	
		03/18/16	5 - 6	N	ND (0.2)	20	11	2.9	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	33	
		03/18/16	9 - 10	N	ND (0.2)	12	9.3	1.9	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	29	
AOC27-27		03/02/16	0 - 1	Ν	ND (0.2)	22	11	5.5	0.12	ND (1)	38	
		03/02/16	2 - 3	N	ND (0.21)	16	8.2	3.8	0.1	ND (1)	38	
AOC27-36		03/17/16	0 - 1	N	ND (0.21)	14	11	6	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	59 J	
		03/17/16	2 - 3	N	ND (0.21)	14	7	4.3	ND (0.11)	ND (1)	24	
		03/17/16	5 - 6	N	ND (0.22)	16	8.8	3.7	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	29	
		03/17/16	9.6 - 10	N	ND (0.22)	13	11	6.5	ND (0.11)	ND (1.1)	34	
AOC27-4		03/17/16	0 - 1	N	0.23	16	7.5	7.3	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	31	20
		03/17/16	0 - 1	FD	0.28	16	8.9	6.6	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	31	26
		03/17/16	2 - 3	Ν	ND (0.2)	13	9.5	5.9	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	27	2.8
		03/17/16	5 - 6	N	ND (0.2)	14	8.1	2	ND (0.099)	ND (1)	28	ND (0.34)
AOC27-5		03/17/16	0 - 1	N	0.31	15	7.6	7	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	48	
		03/17/16	2 - 3	N	0.48	21	14	38	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	500	18
		03/17/16	5 - 6	N	ND (0.2)	15	9.2	2.4	ND (0.099)	ND (1)	32	0.2
		03/17/16	9 - 10	N	ND (0.2)	13	8.6	2.5	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	33	
AOC27-50		03/02/16	0 - 1	N	0.3	25	25	73	0.13	ND (1)	250	12
		03/02/16	2 - 3	N	1.3	50 J	100 J	190 J	0.47	4.7 J	330 J	57
		03/02/16	5 - 6	N	ND (0.21)	18	7.9	2.1	0.13	ND (1)	39	0.41
		03/02/16	9 - 10	N	ND (0.21)	18	9.1	2.1	0.12	ND (1)	38	
AOC27-51		02/17/17	0 - 0.5	N	ND (0.21)	20	36	19	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	1,200	9.2
		02/17/17	2 - 3	N	ND (0.2)	10	7.4	1.4	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	28	0.65
		02/17/17	5 - 6	N	ND (0.2)	13	8.3	ND (1)	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	30	0.15

TABLE E-7
Constituent Concentrations
AOC 27 – MW-24 Bench
Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

Removal Action Goal (RAG) <2 ft bgs : Removal Action Goal (RAG) 2 to 10 ft bgs :					(mg/kg) 3.1 31	(mg/kg) 145 145	(mg/kg) 145 145	(mg/kg) 36 36	(mg/kg) 1 1	(mg/kg) 22 22	(mg/kg) 1,050 1,050	(ng/kg) a 100 b 190
Location	Potential Action Area	Date	Depth (ft bgs)	Sample Type	Chromium, Hexavalent	Chromium, total	Copper	Lead	Mercury	Molybdenum	Zinc	<sup>a</sup> TEQ Human b <b>TEQ Mammal</b>
AOC27-6	AOC27 PAA #1	02/29/16	0 - 1	N	0.87 J	43	500	630	0.51	8.3	700	120
		02/29/16	2 - 3	N	4.8	24	76	37	0.26	ND (1)	130	32
		02/29/16	5 - 6	N	ND (0.21)	39	18	<u>51</u>	0.14	ND (1)	92	6.9
AOC27-7	AOC27 PAA #1	02/29/16	0 - 1	N	2.7	150	580	170	0.32	11	420	(110)
		02/29/16	2 - 3	N	4	290	(1,000)	570	0.95	26	1,300	230
		03/01/16	5 - 6	N	0.5	16	9.8	2.6	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	38	4.3
AOC27-8	AOC27 PAA #1	03/01/16	1 - 2	N	0.49	20	29	24	0.17	ND (1)	93	33
		03/01/16	5 - 6	N	ND (0.2)	17	15	6.1	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	45	2.8
AOC27-9		03/08/16	0 - 1	N	ND (0.2)	13	8.2	2.5	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	30 J	5.3
		03/08/16	0 - 1	FD	ND (0.2)	14	14	5.9	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	38 J	
		03/08/16	2 - 3	N	ND (0.2)	14	8.3	3.7	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	35	2
		03/08/16	5 - 6	N	ND (0.2)	15	11	2.7	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	36	1
		03/08/16	9 - 10	N	ND (0.2)	11	7.8	1.6	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	28	
PA-13		01/27/16	0 - 1	N	0.26	15	12	5.8	ND (0.1)	ND (1)	45	

## Notes:

Results greater than or equal to the Removal Action Goal are circled.

--- not analyzed FD field duplicate

ft bgs feet below ground surface

J concentration or reporting limit estimated by laboratory or data validation

mg/kg milligrams per kilogram

N primary sample

ND not detected at the listed reporting limit

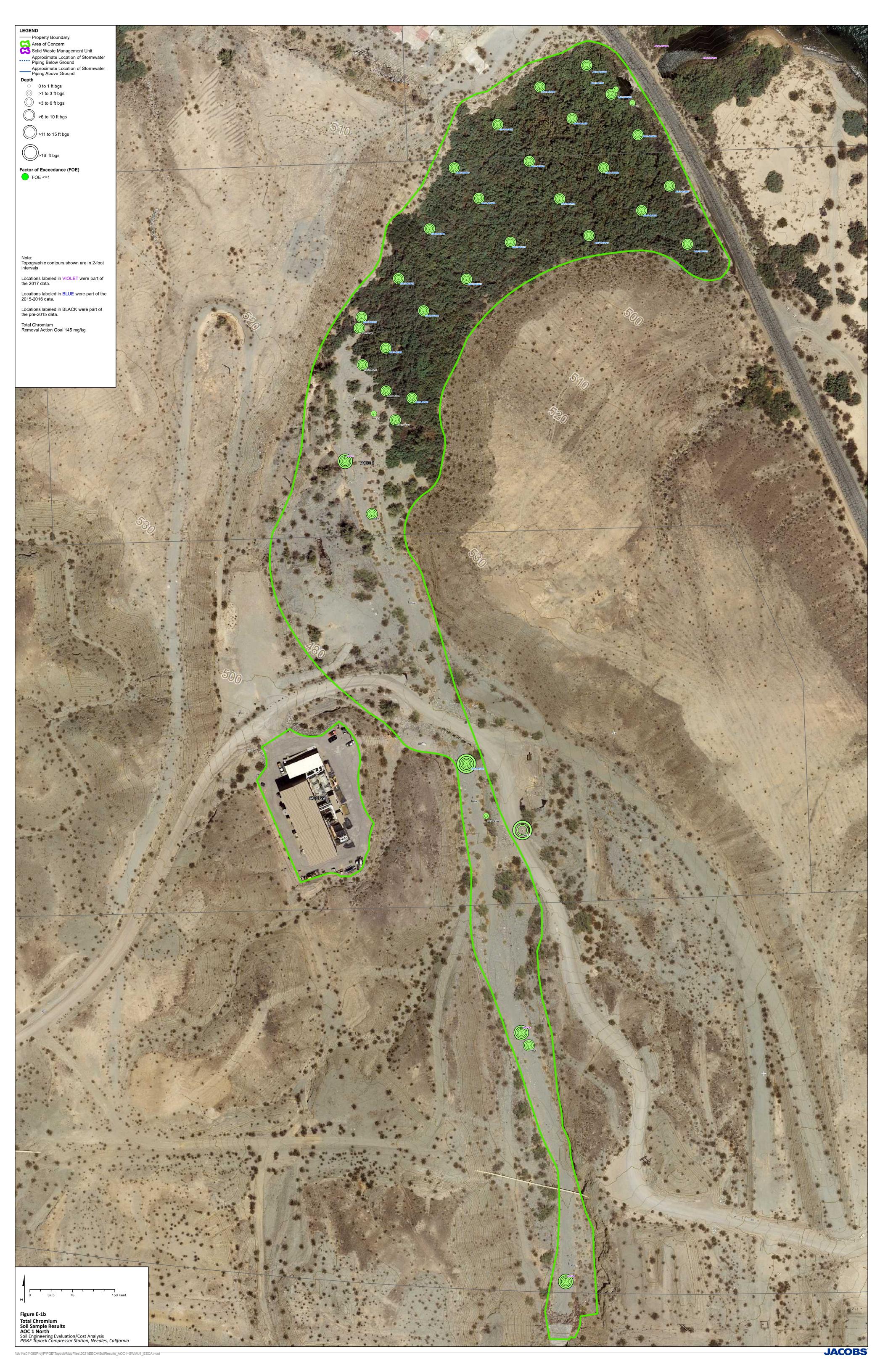
ng/kg nanogram per kilogram

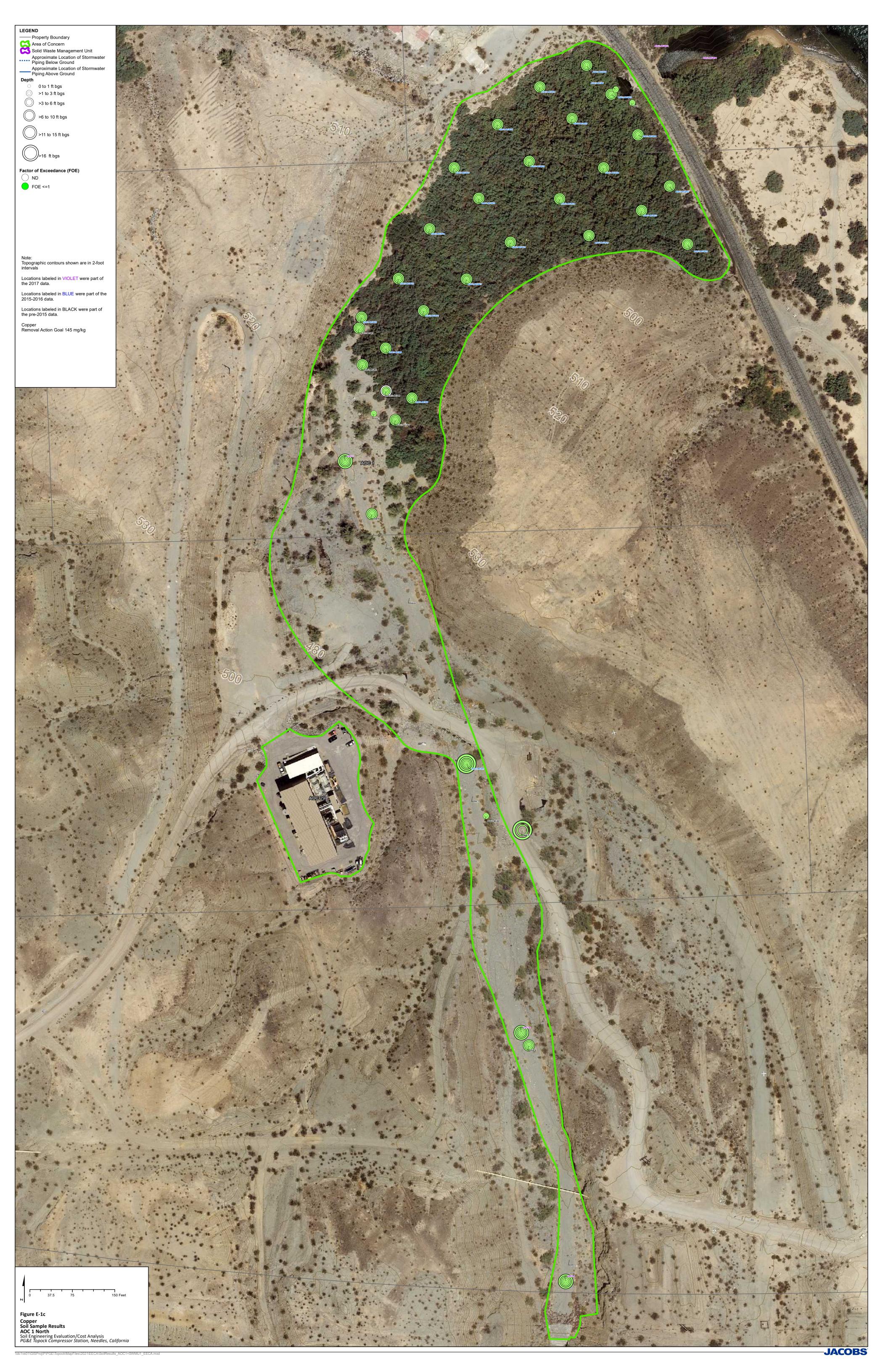
TEQ dioxin and furans toxicity equivalent quotient

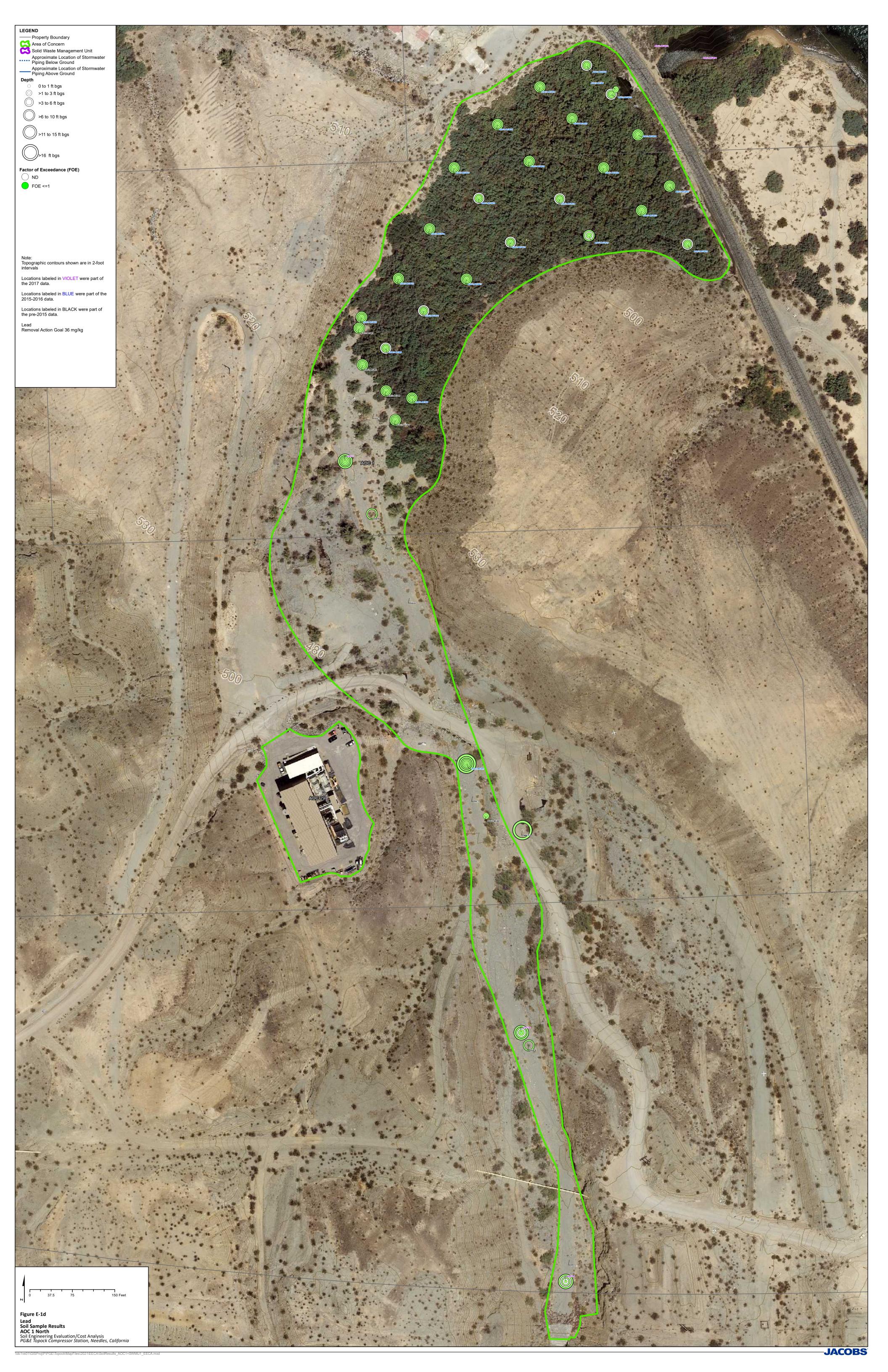
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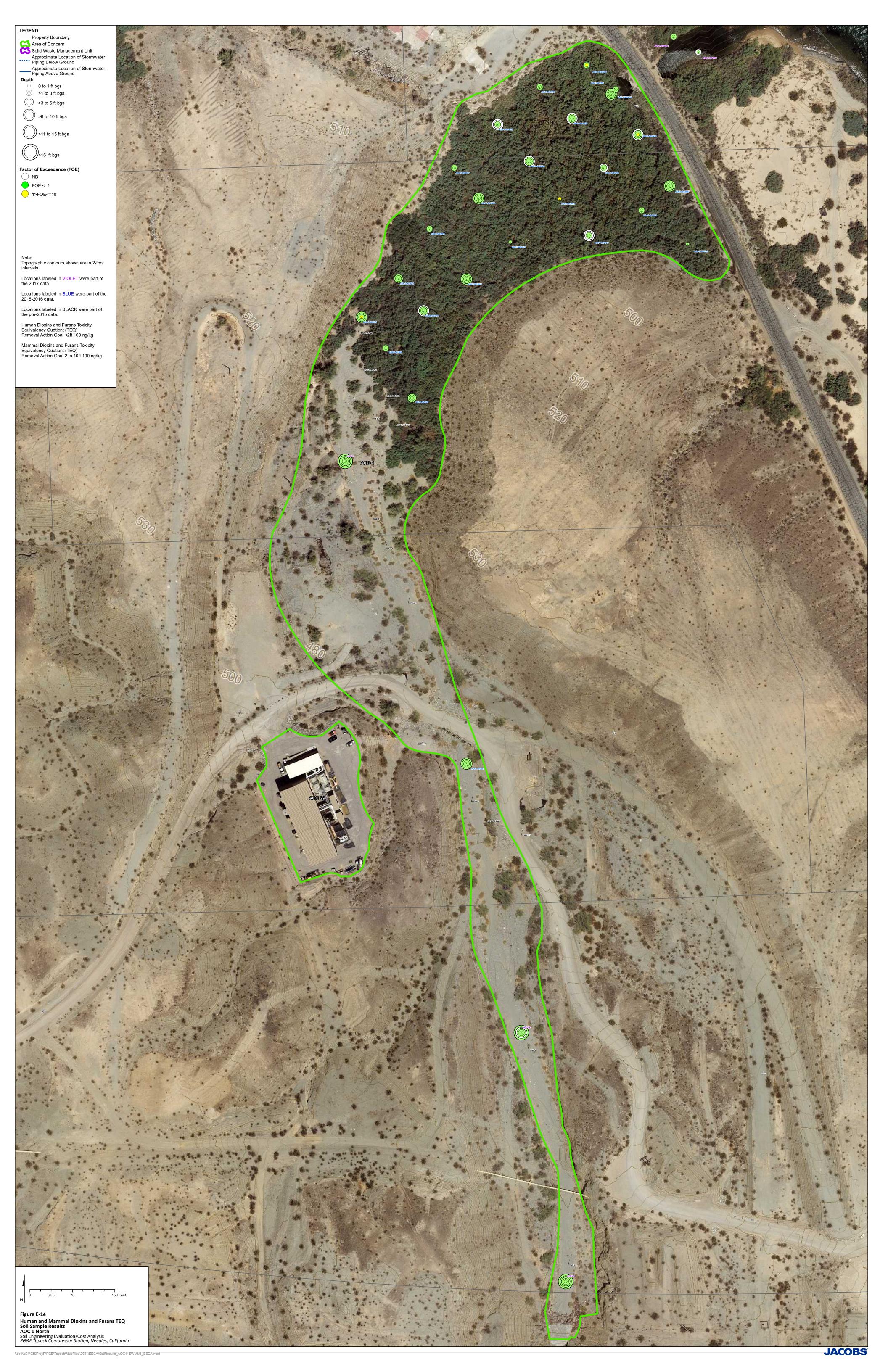
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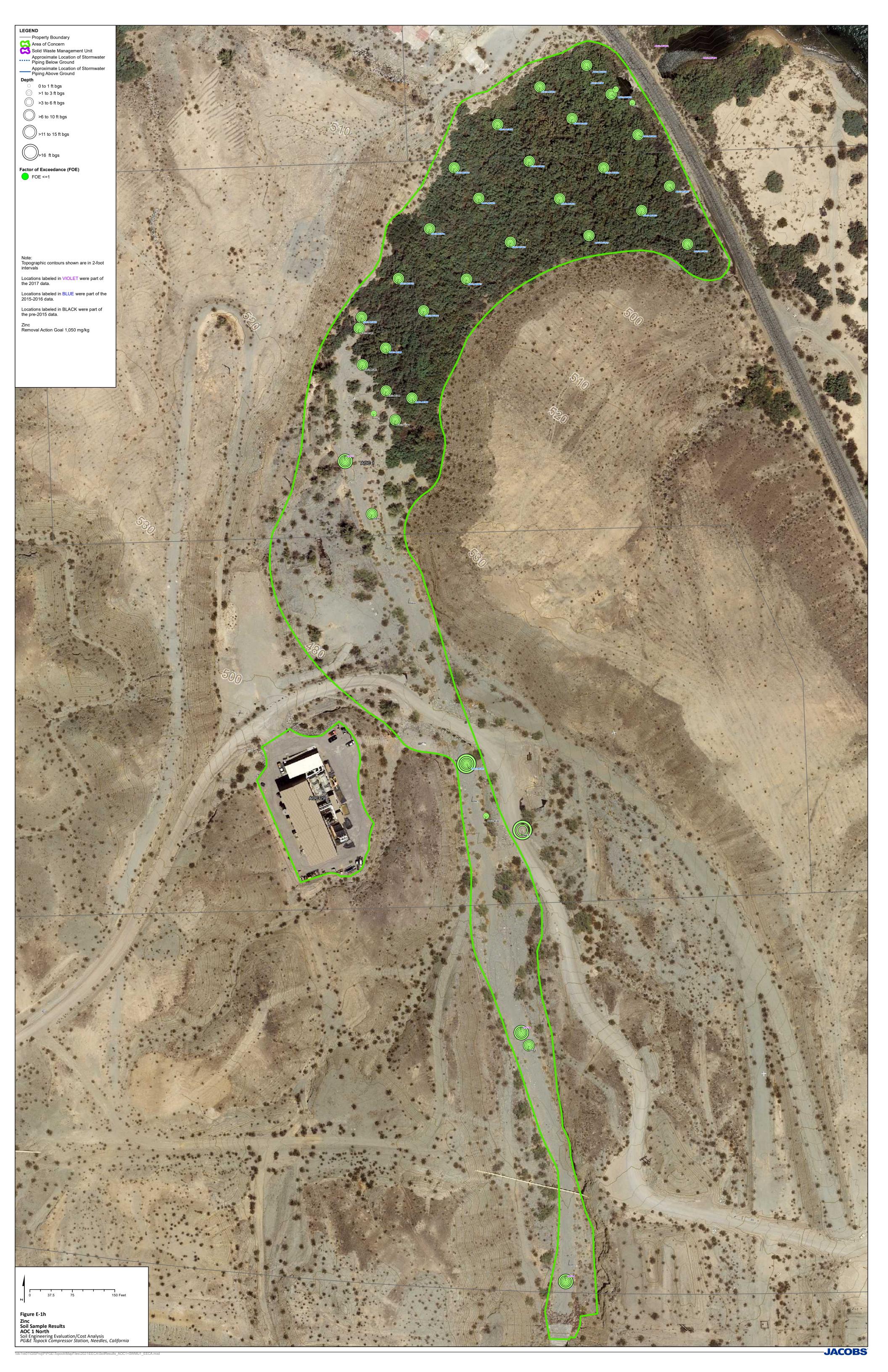






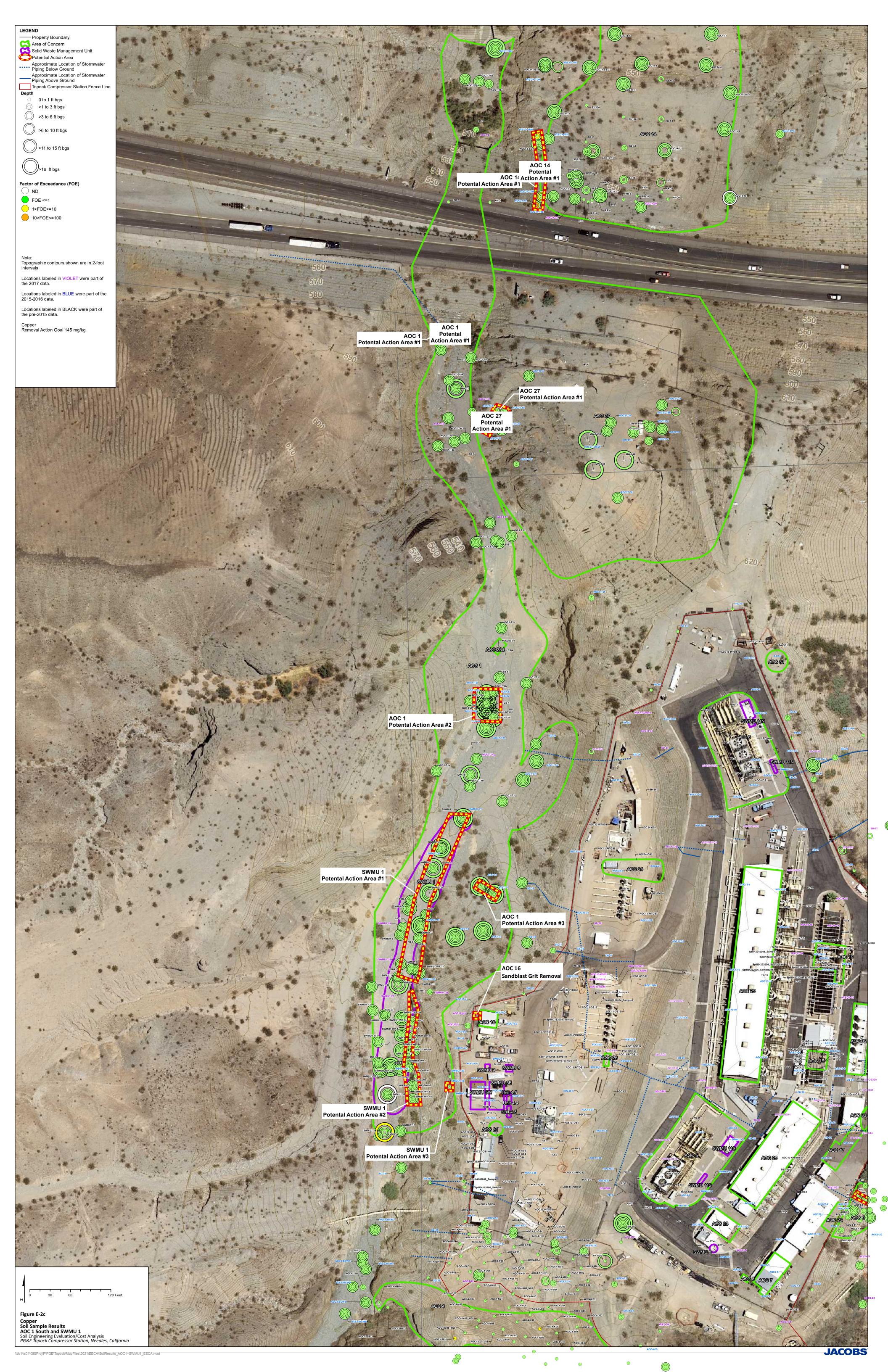










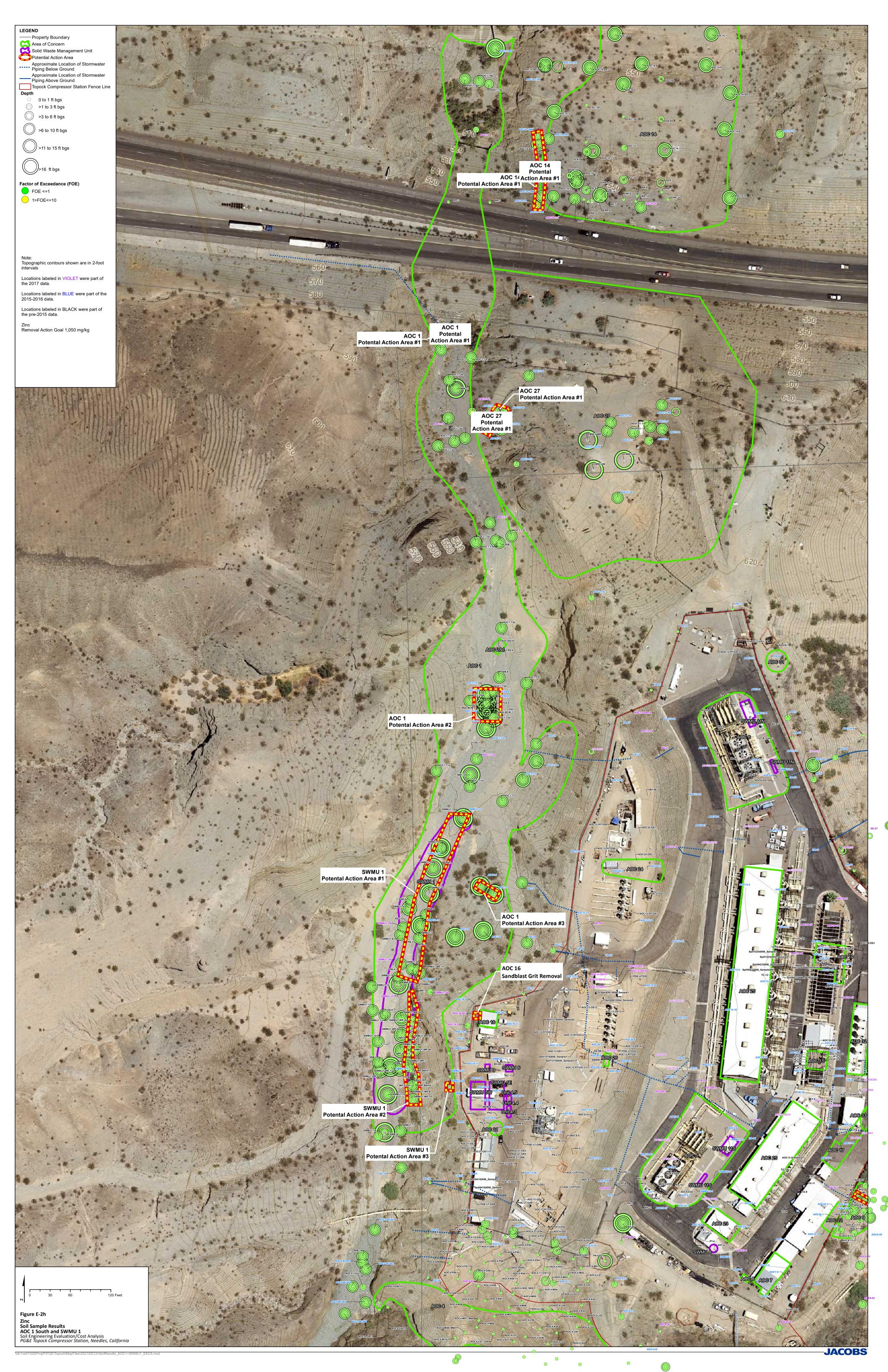




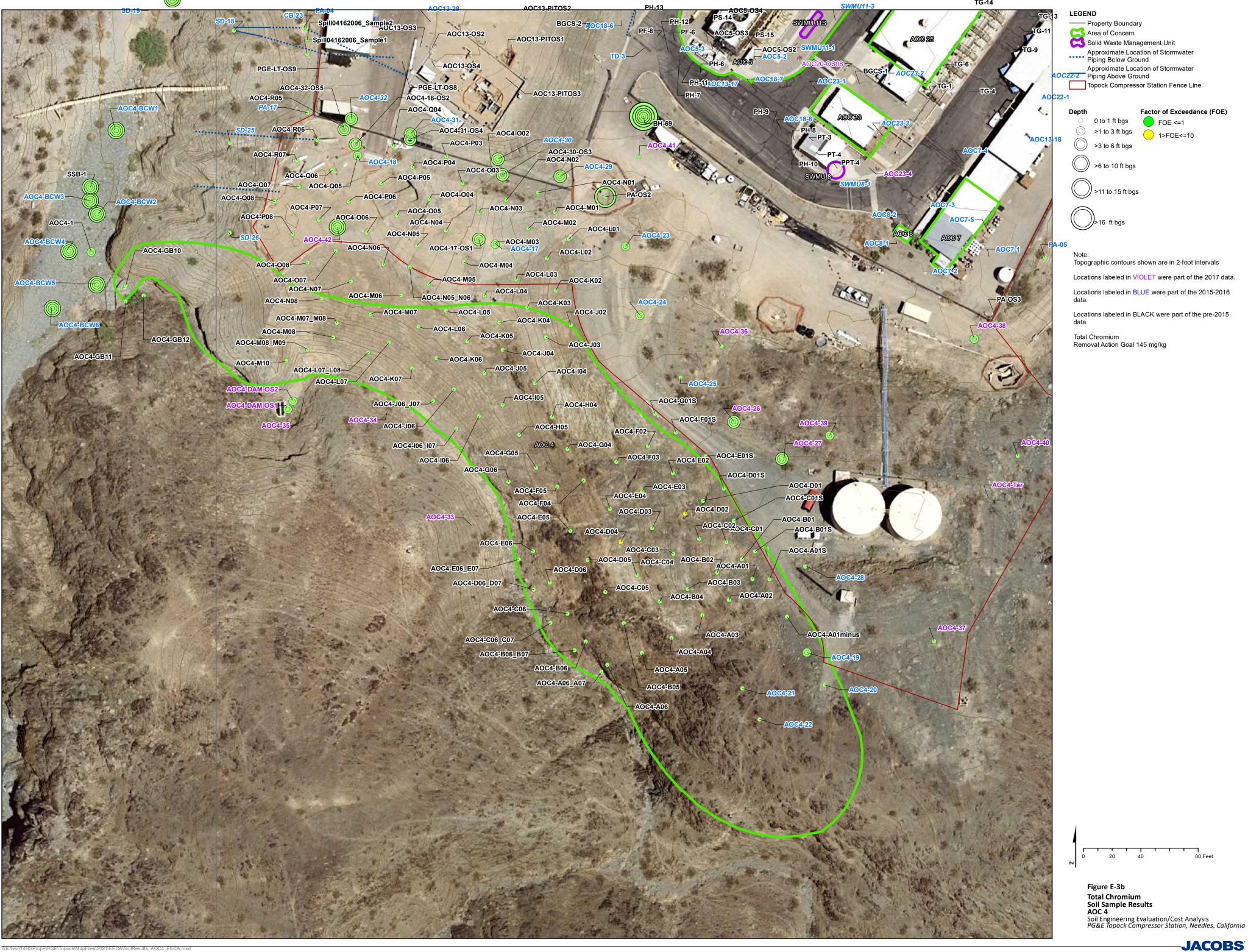


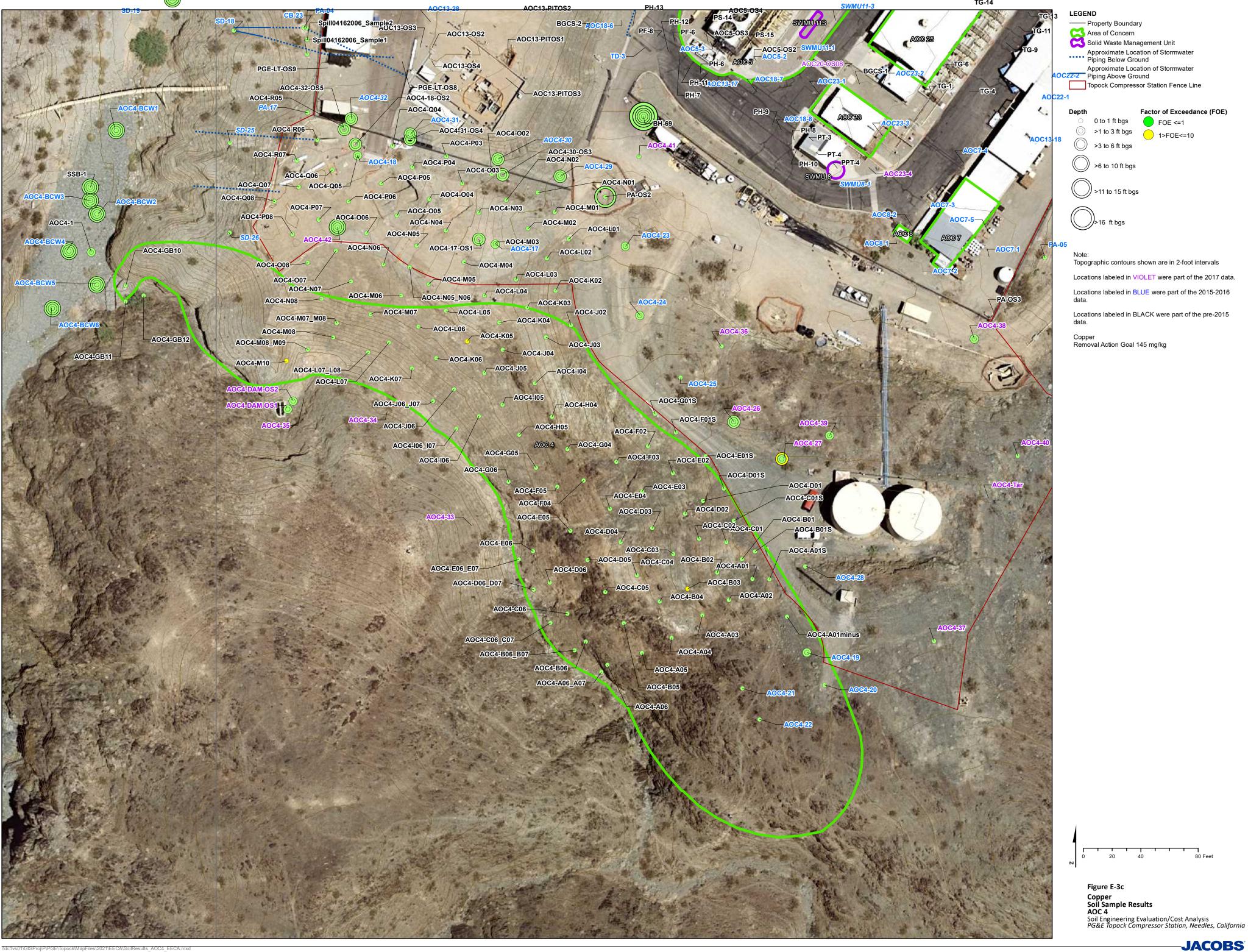


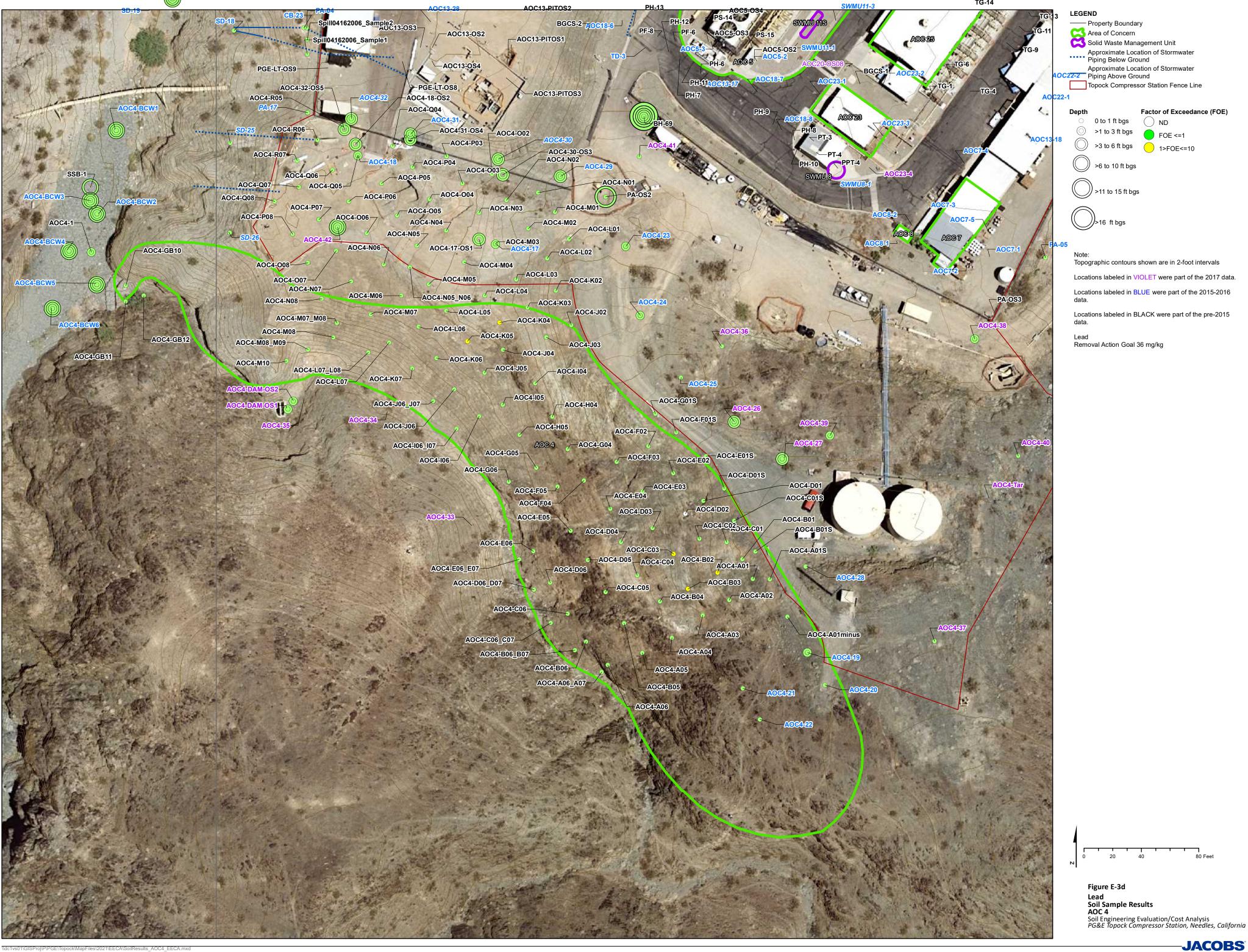


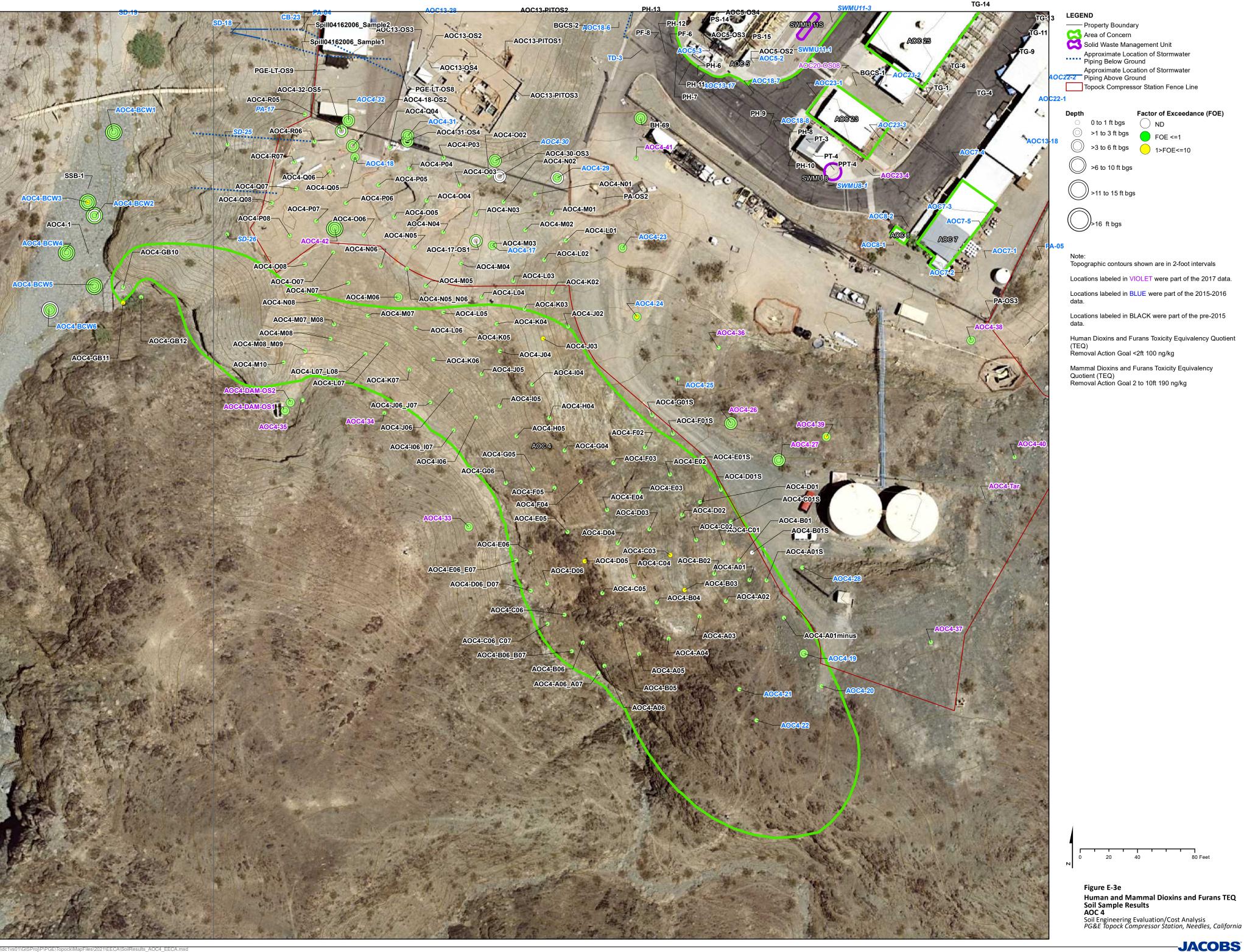




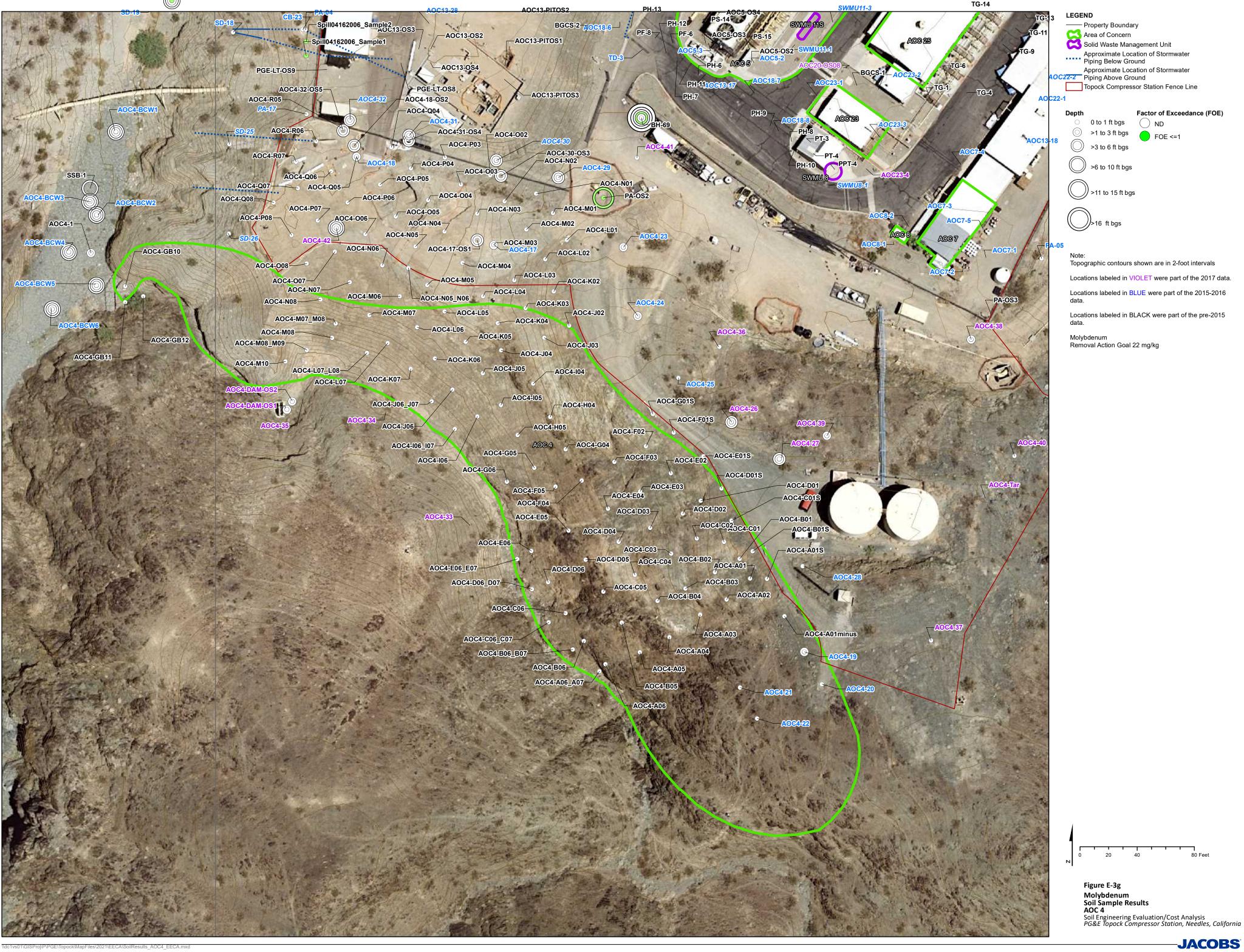


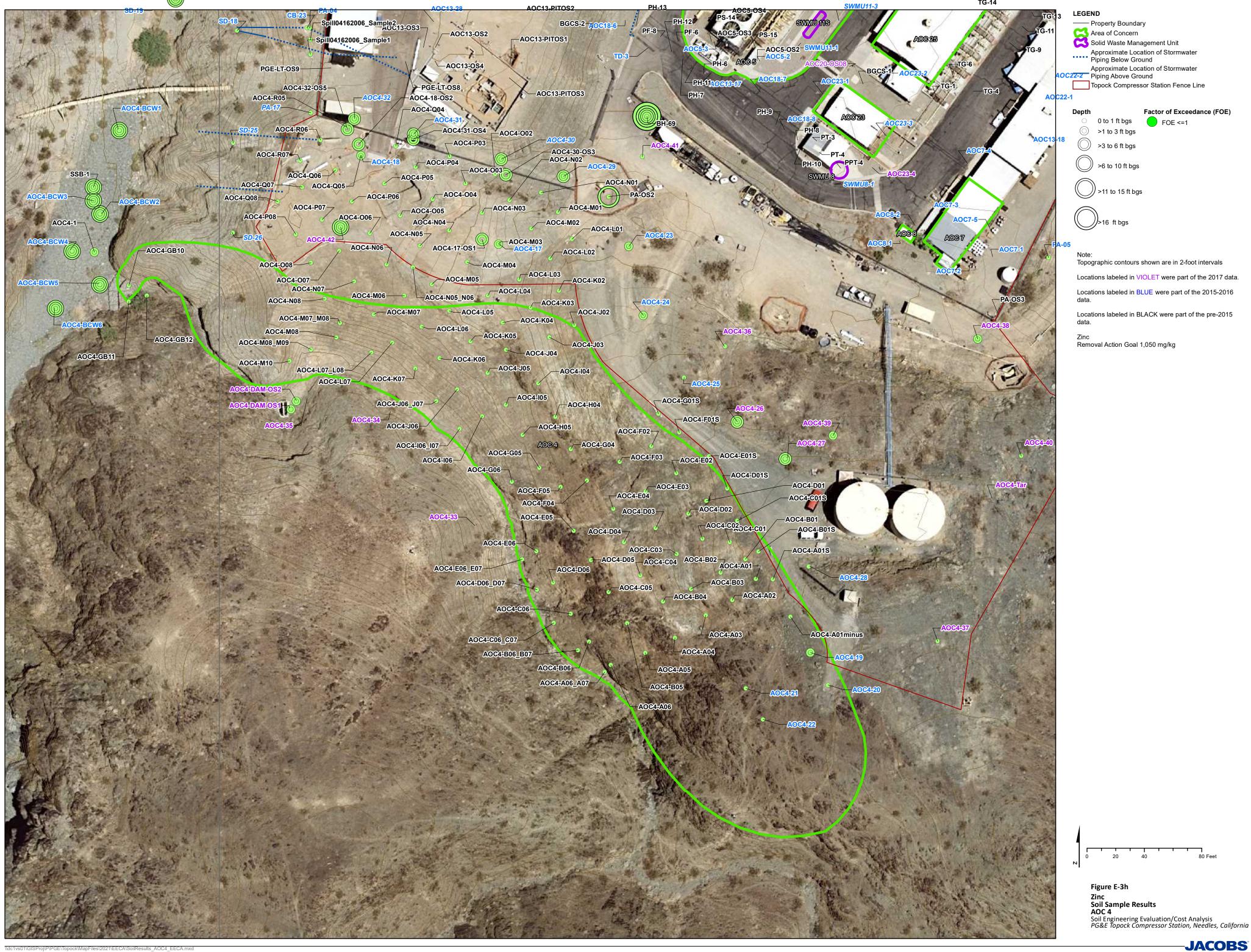


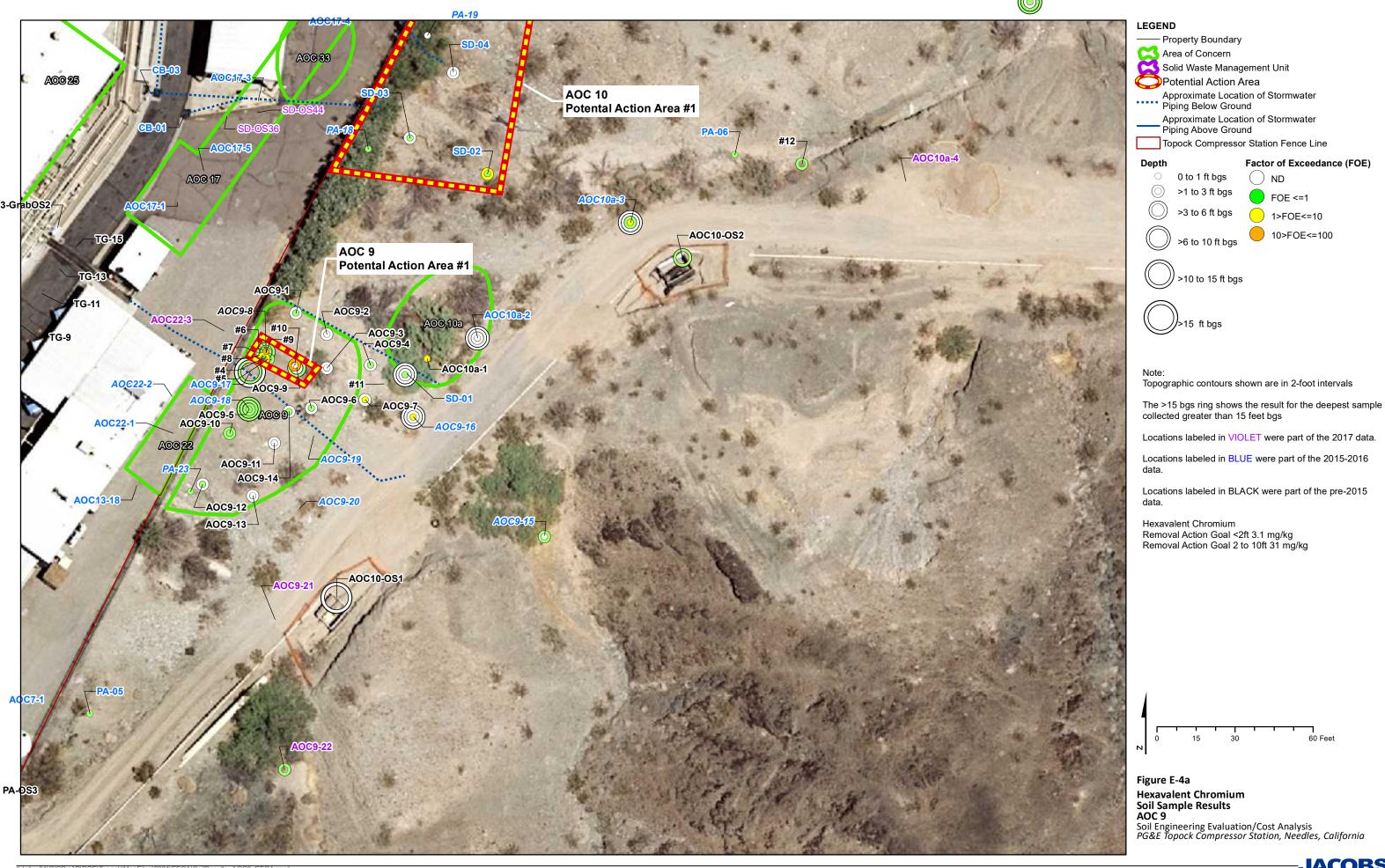


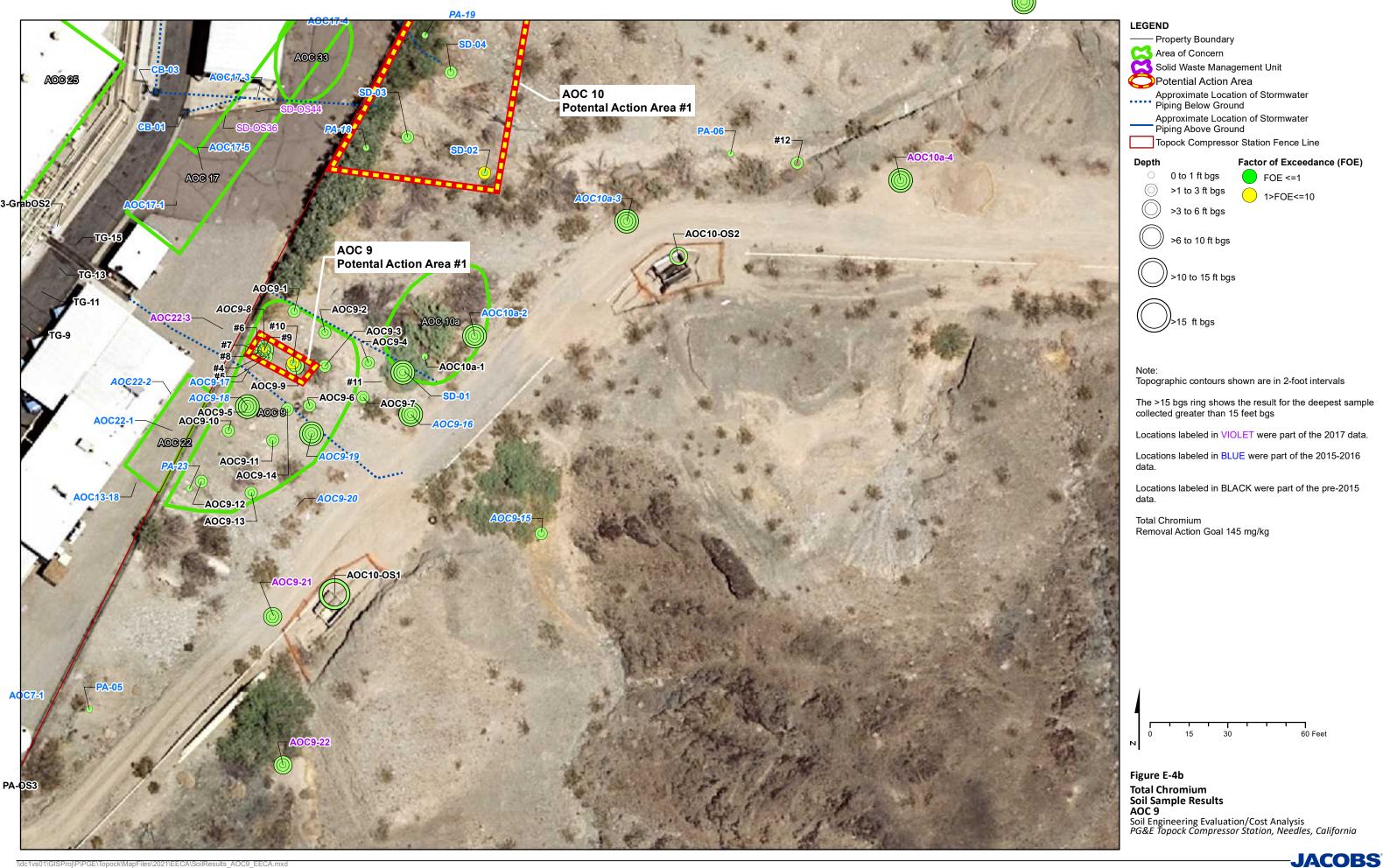


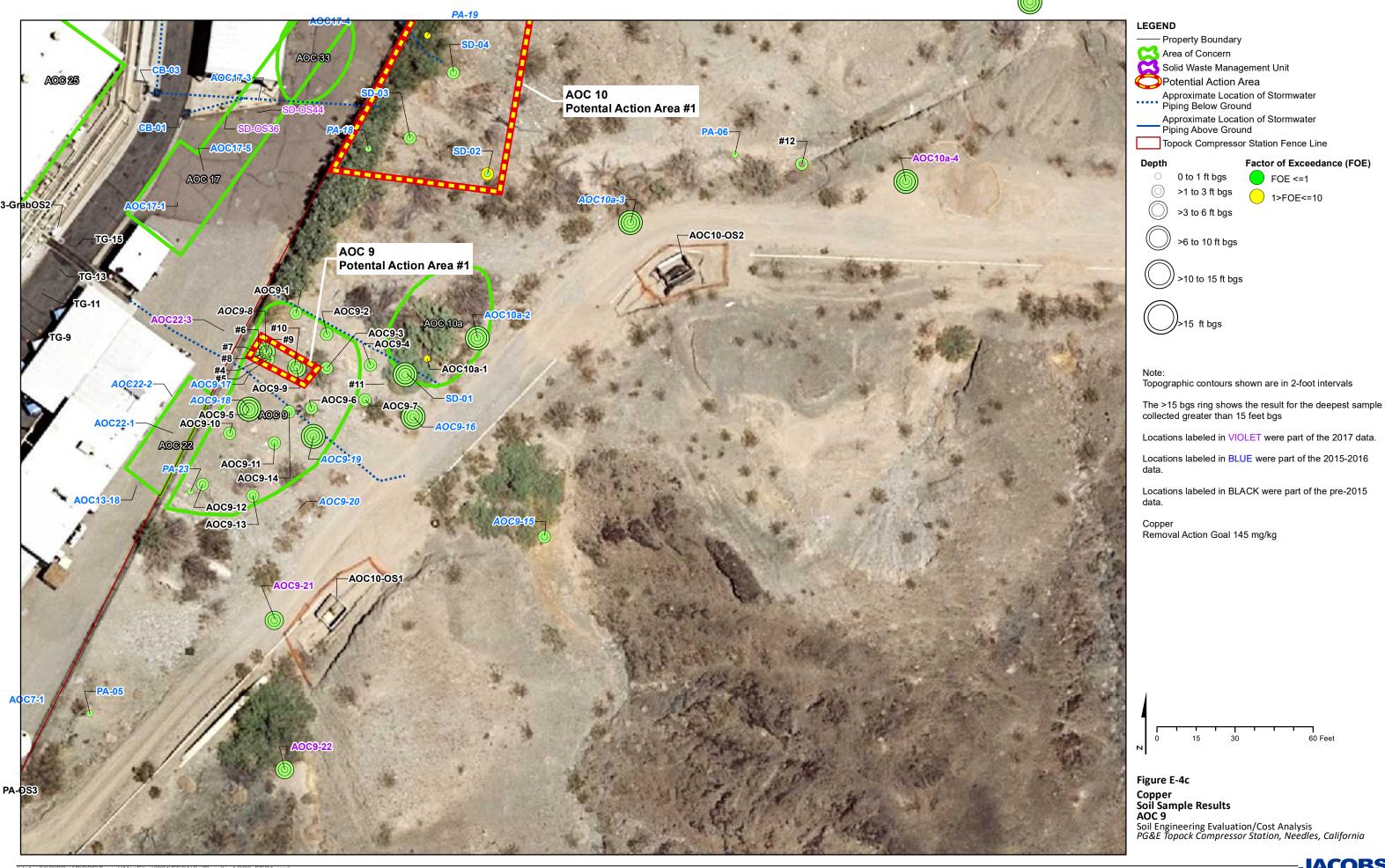


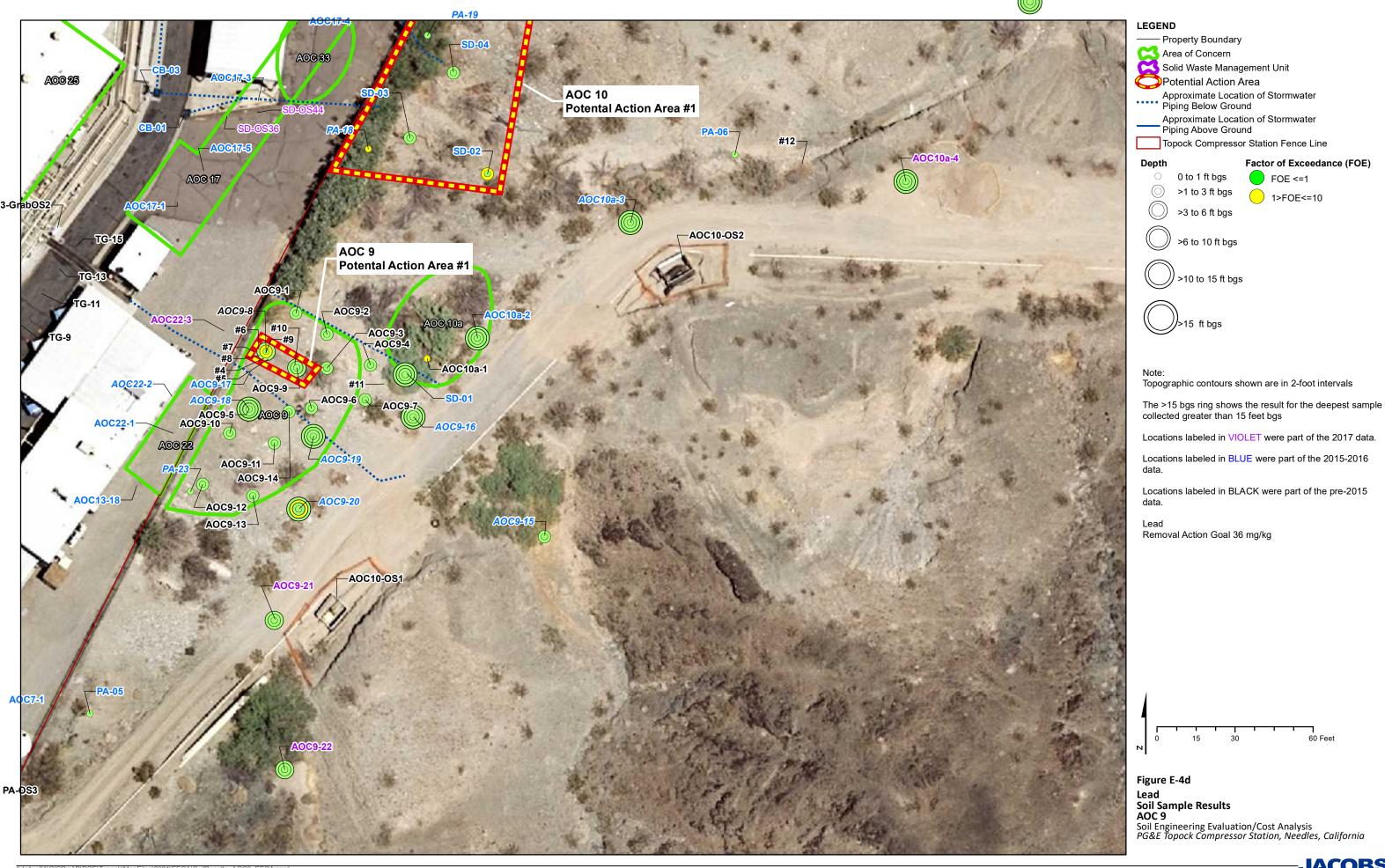


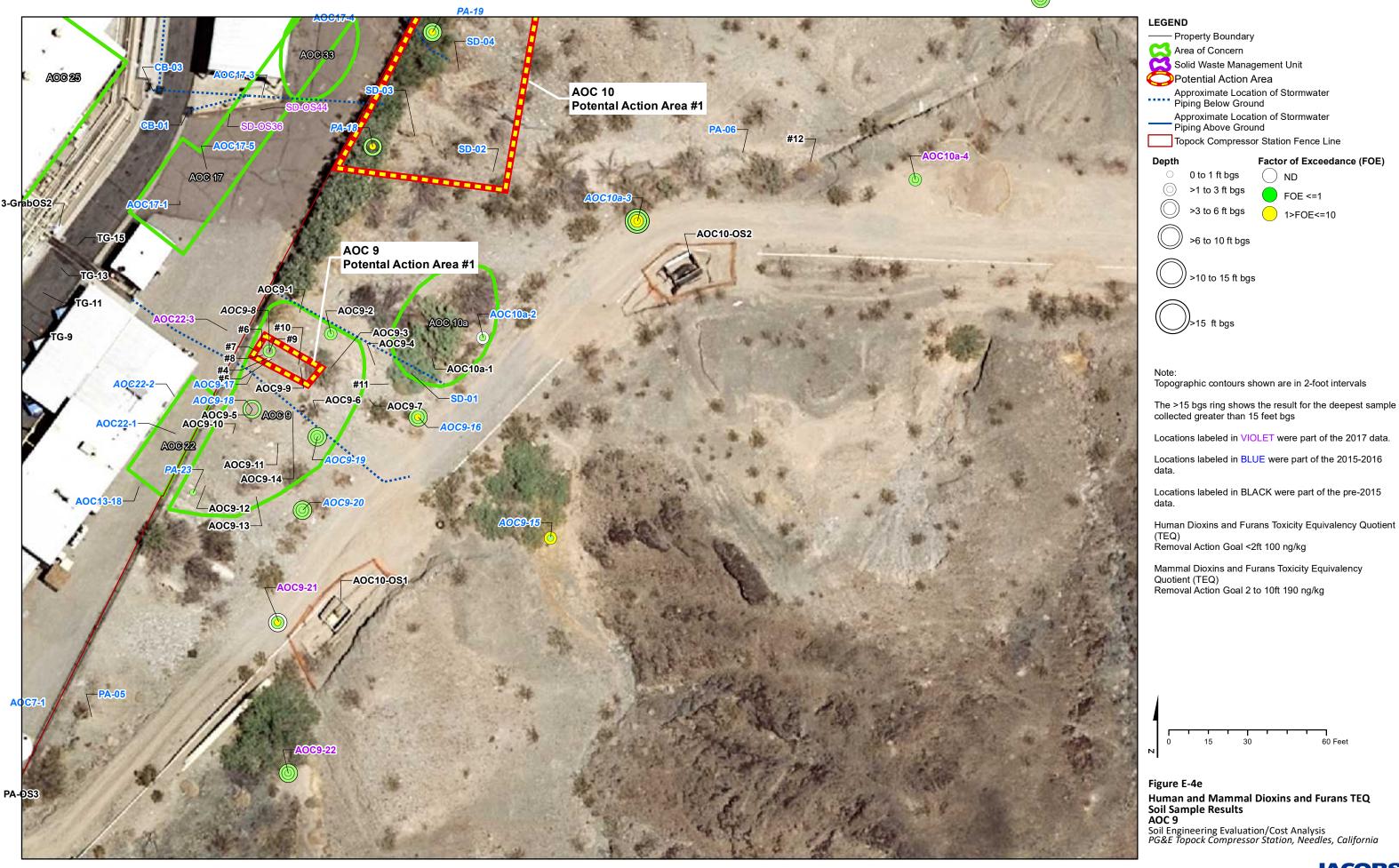


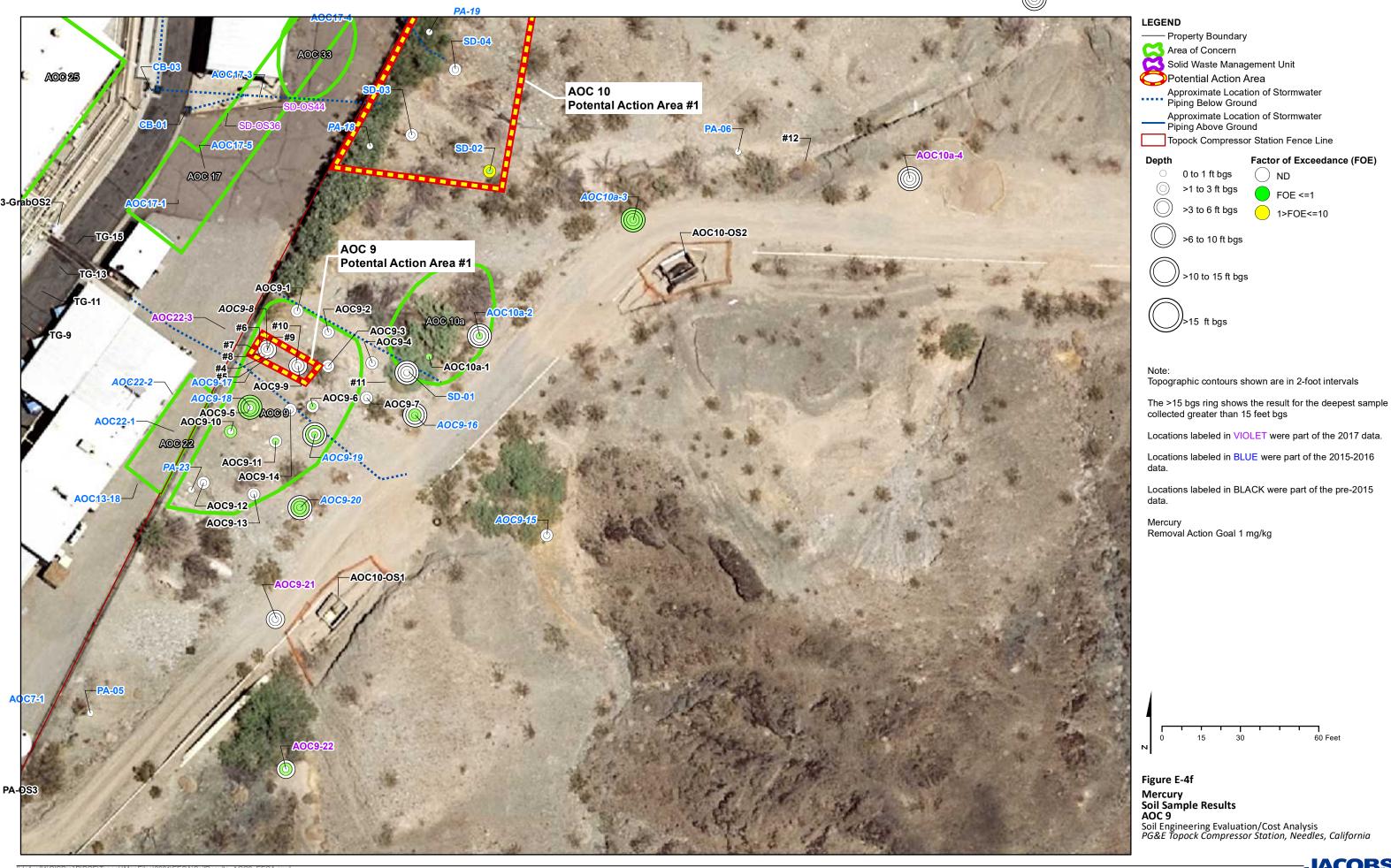


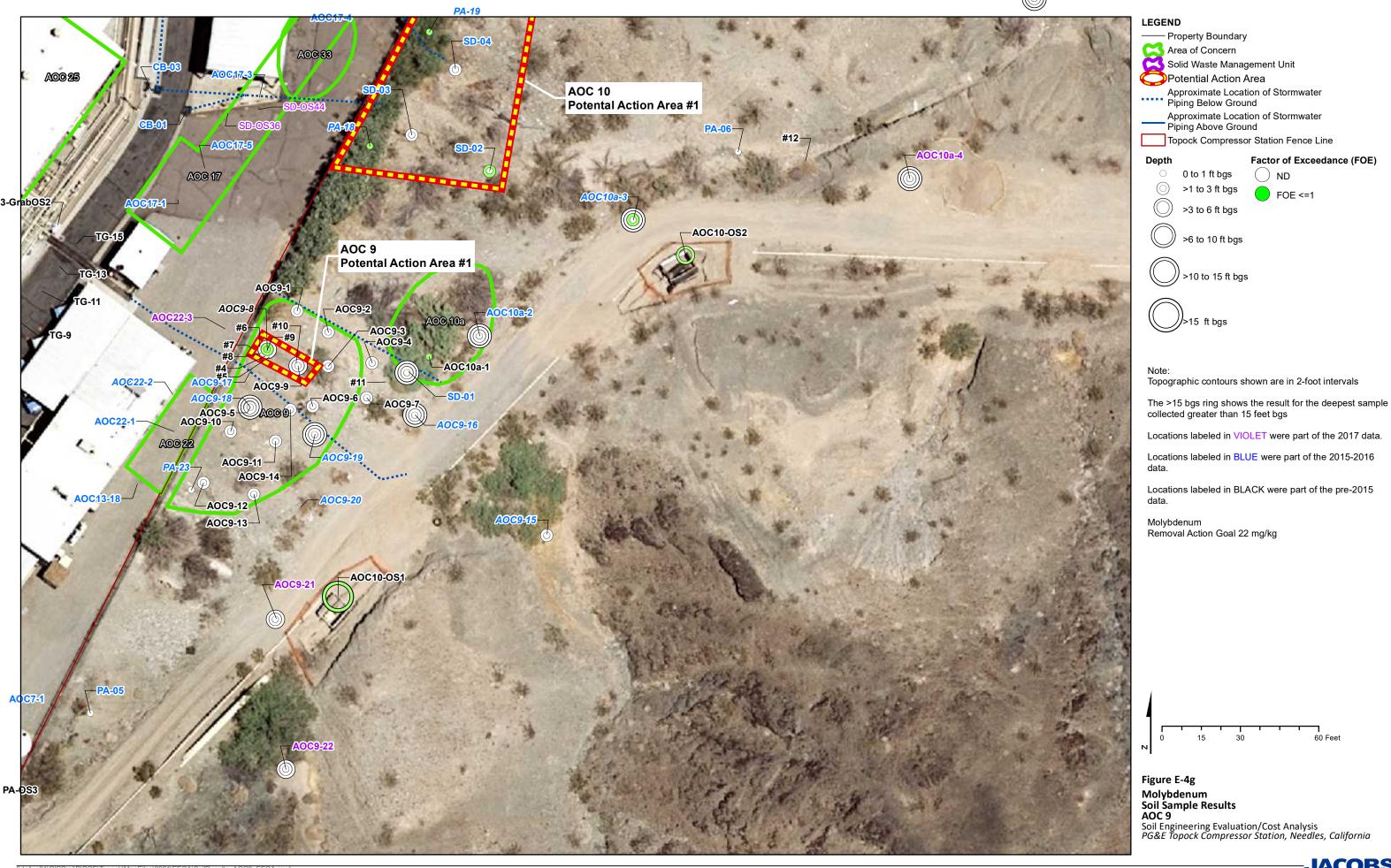


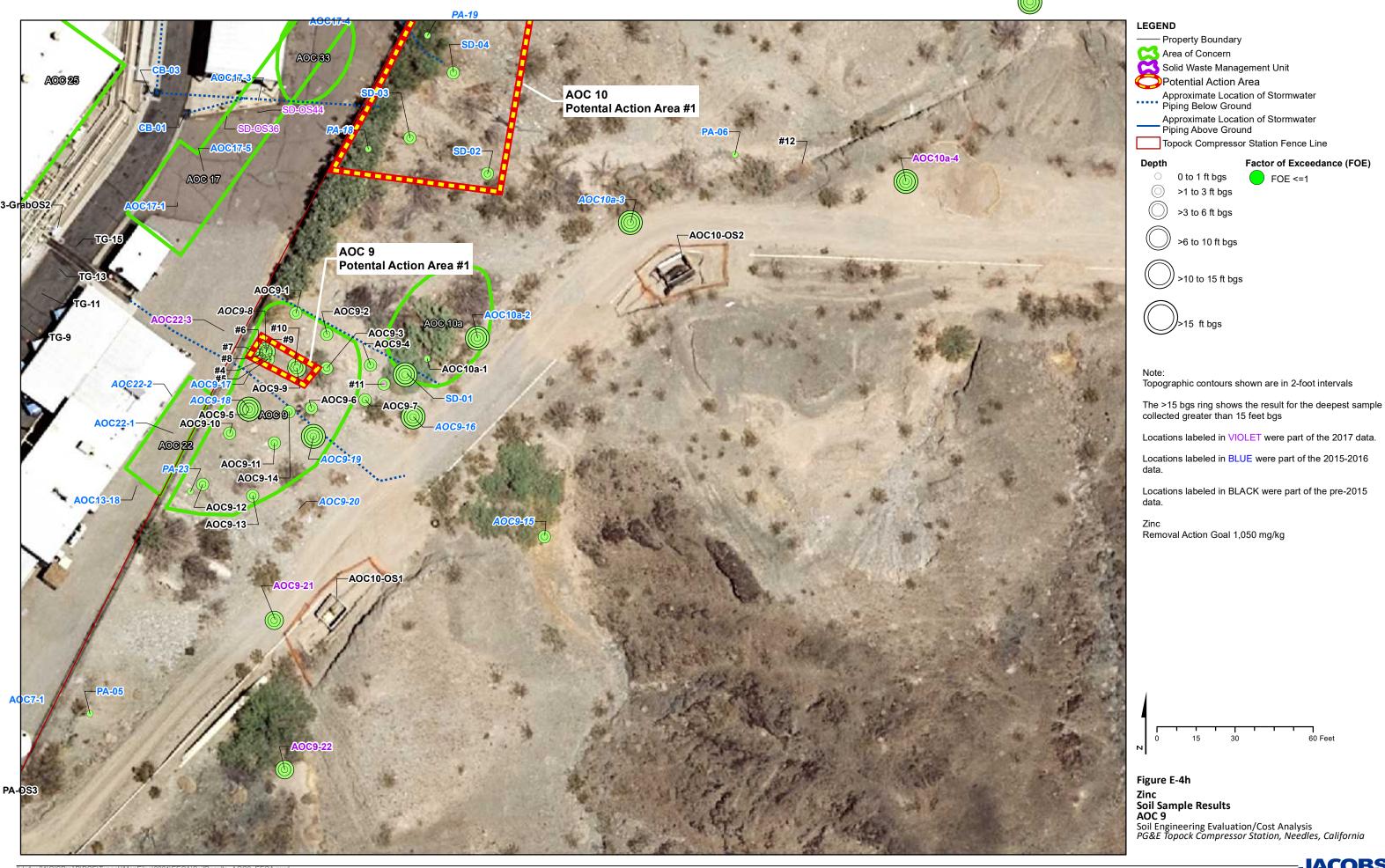


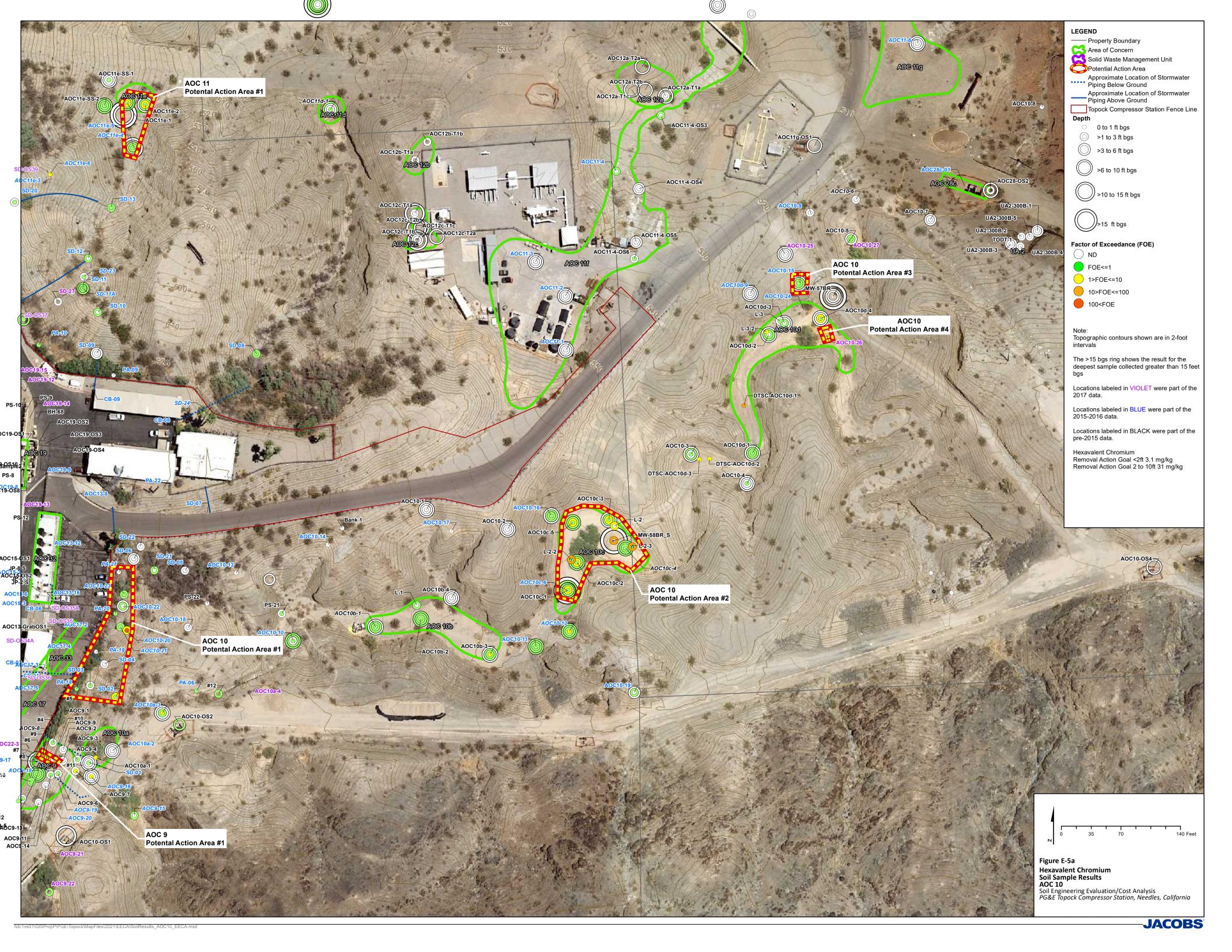


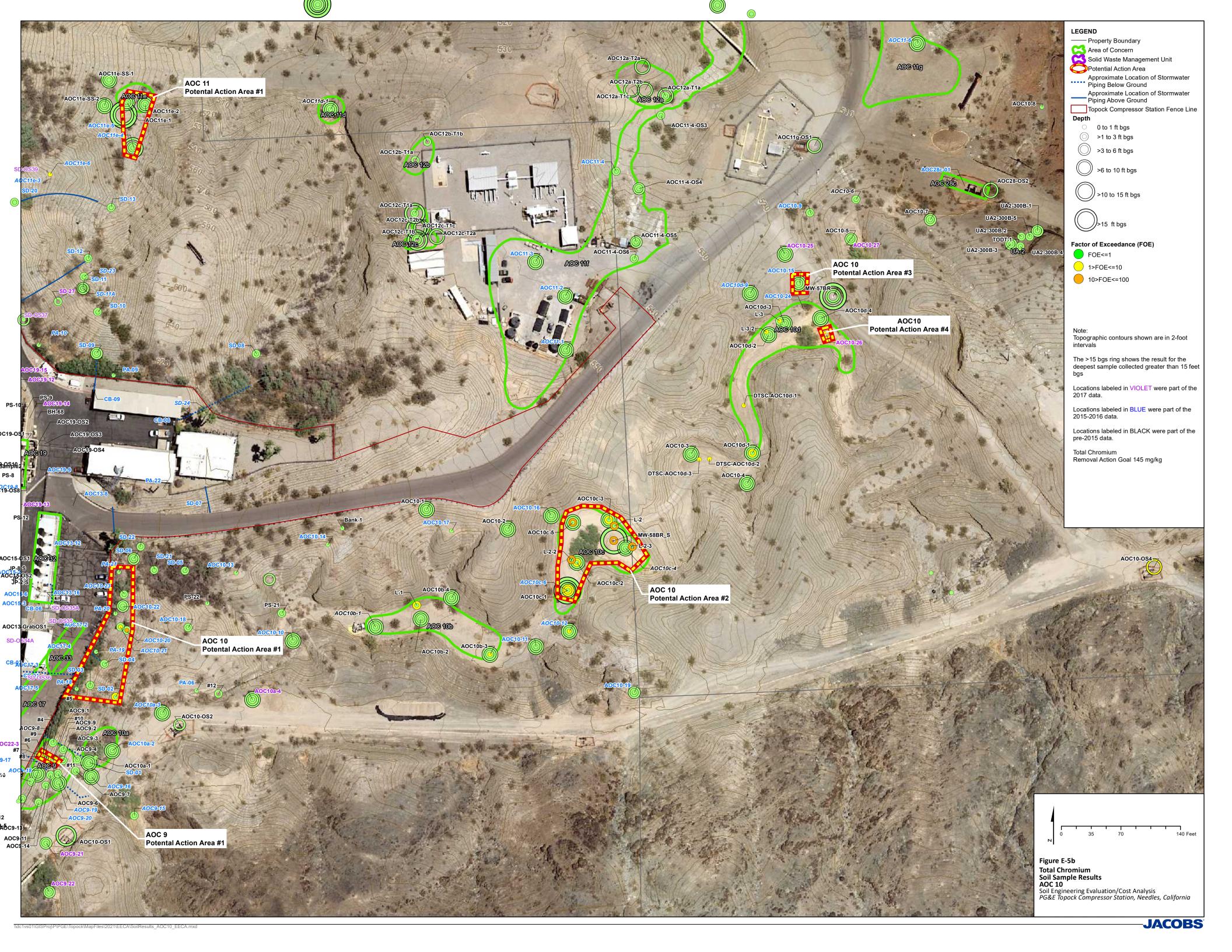


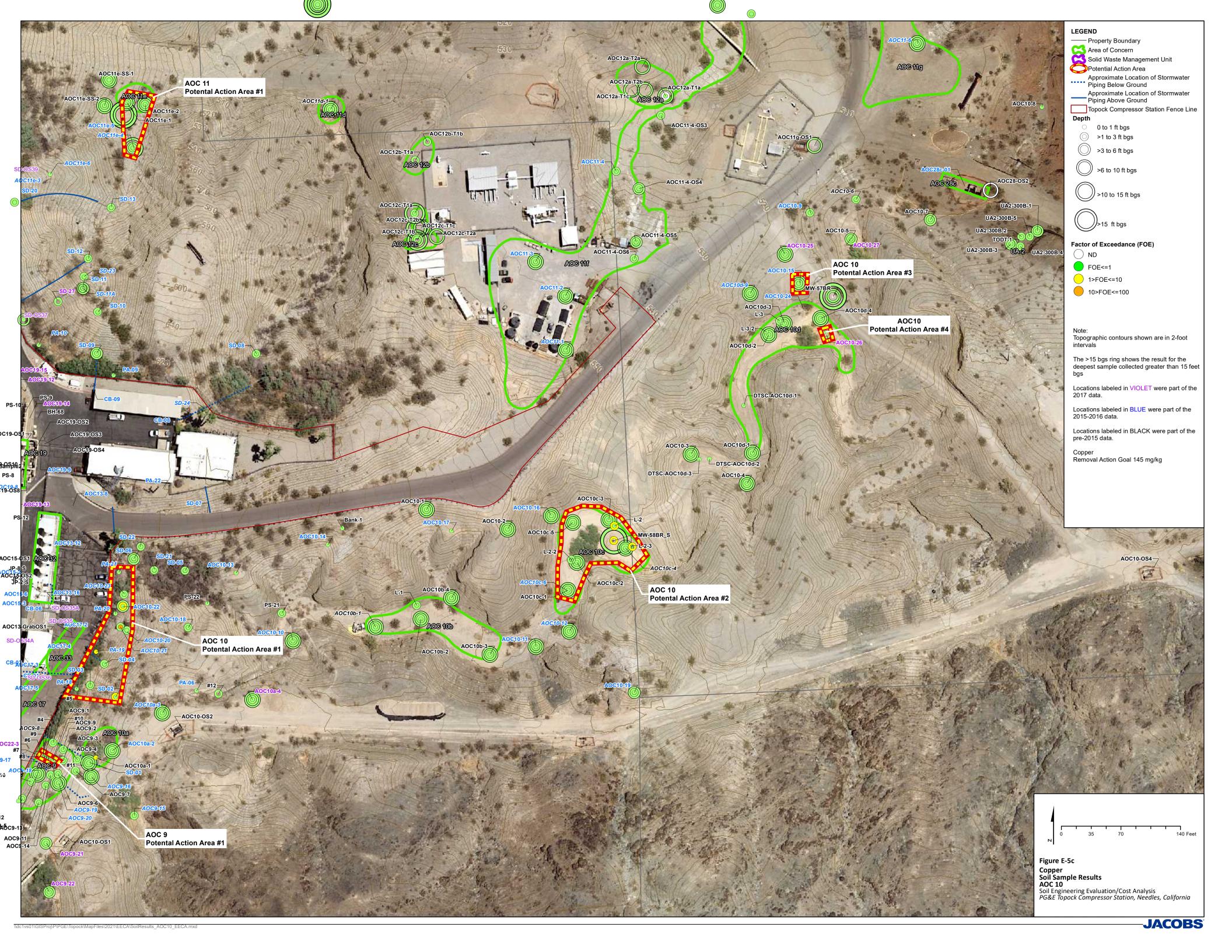


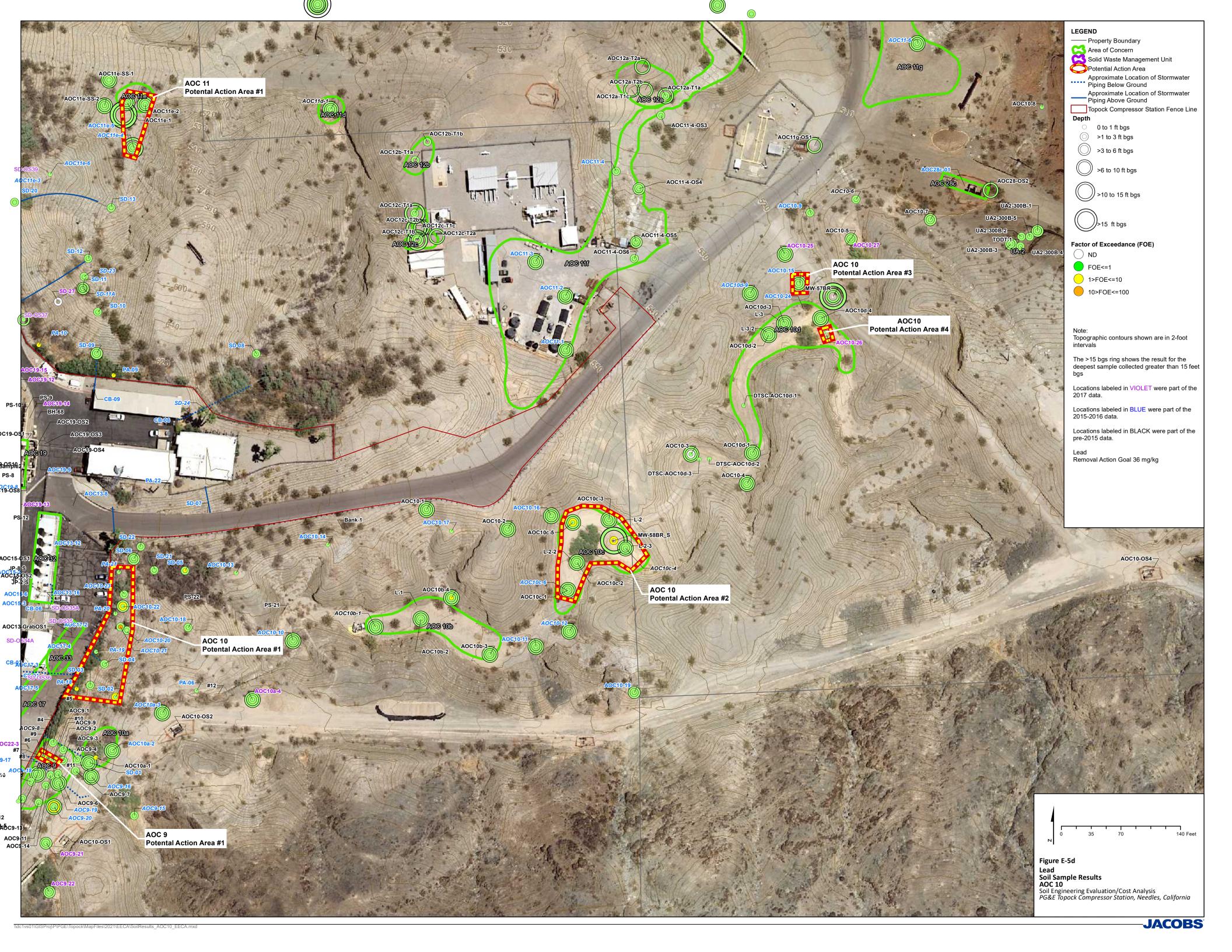


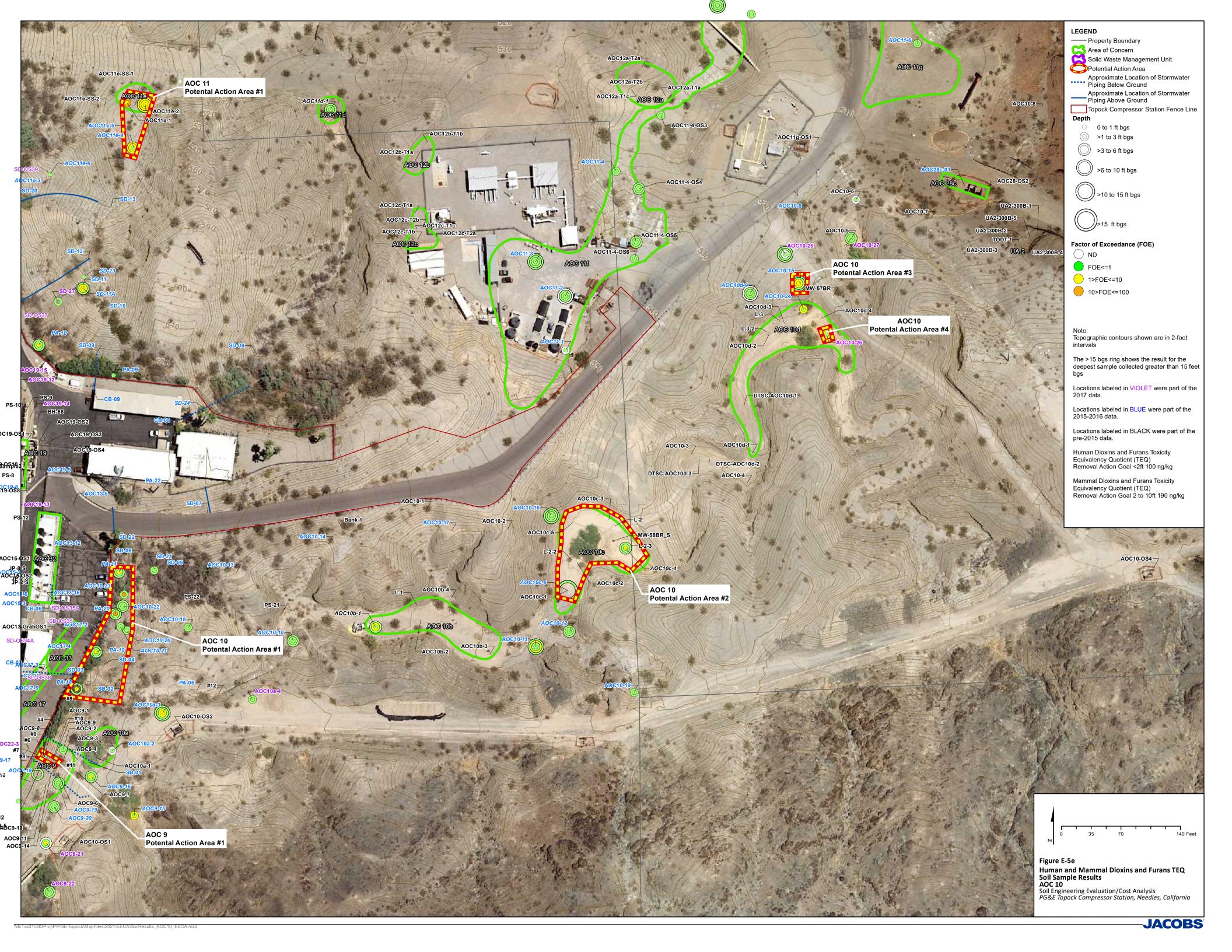


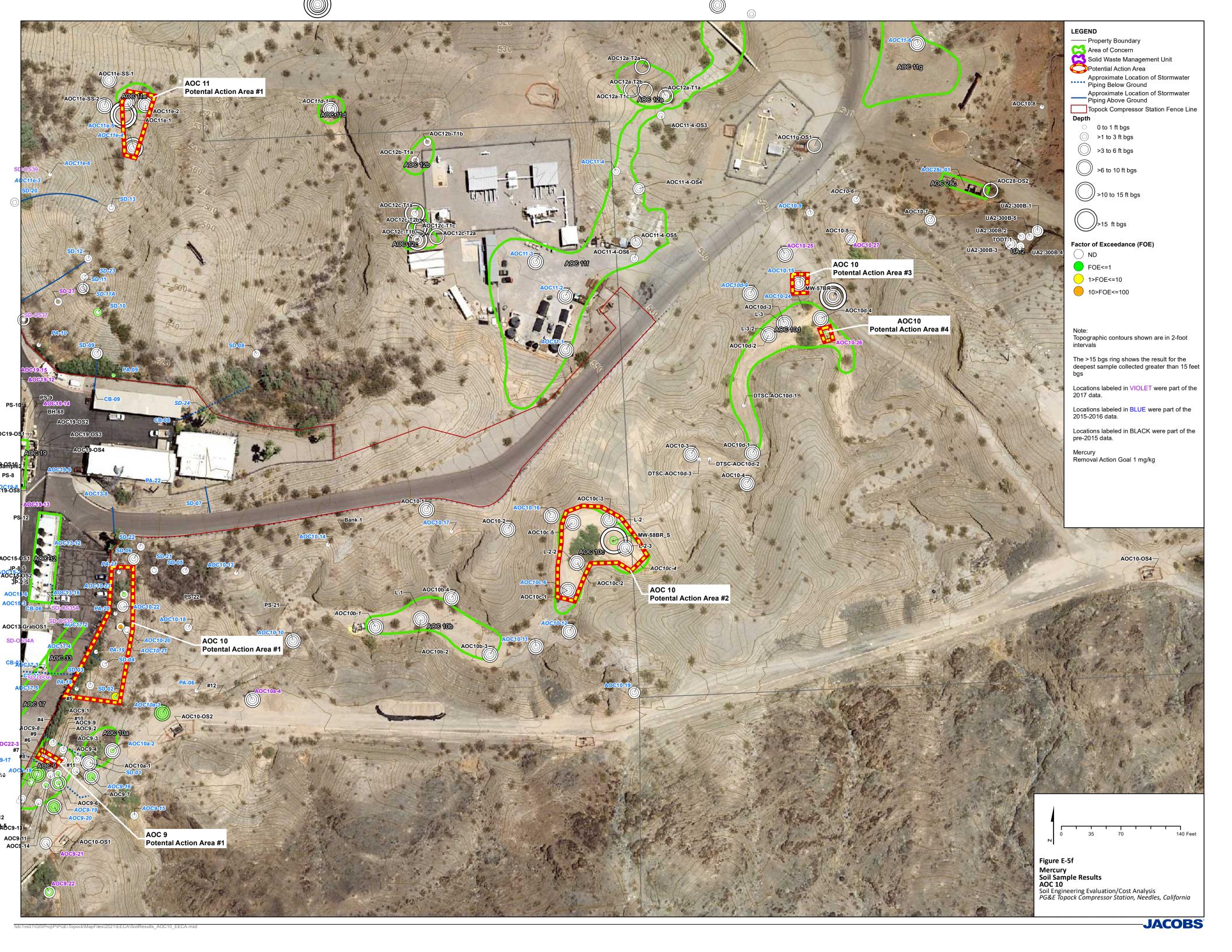


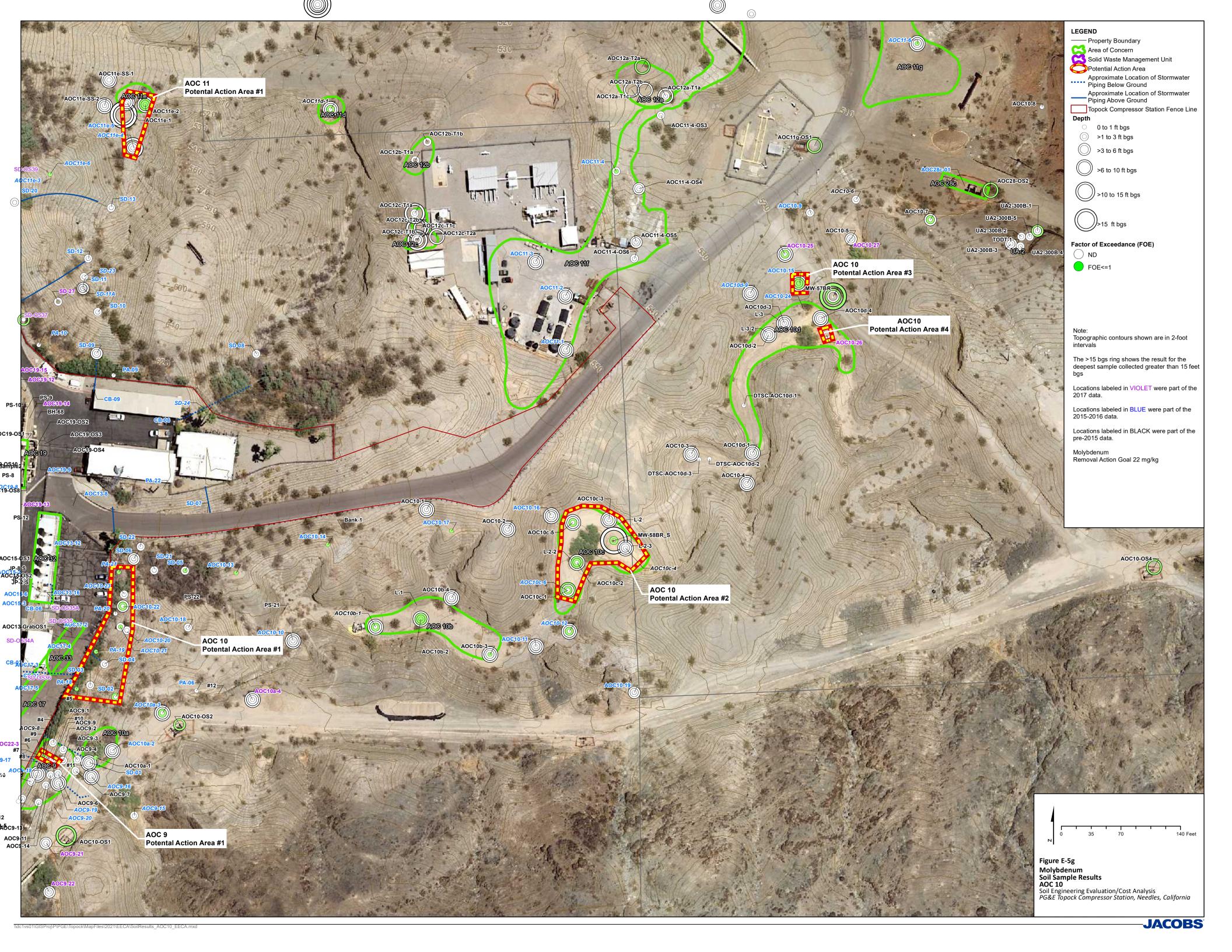


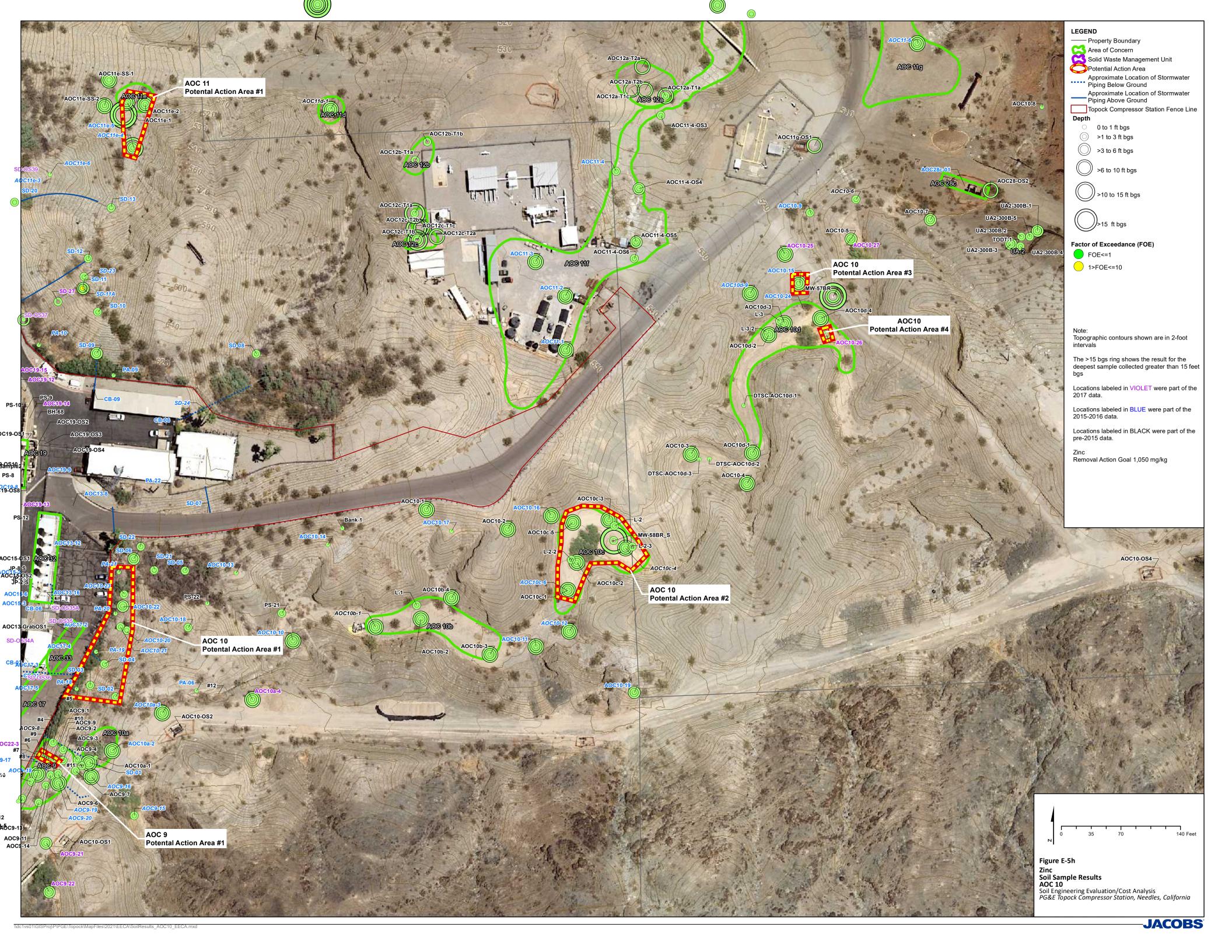


















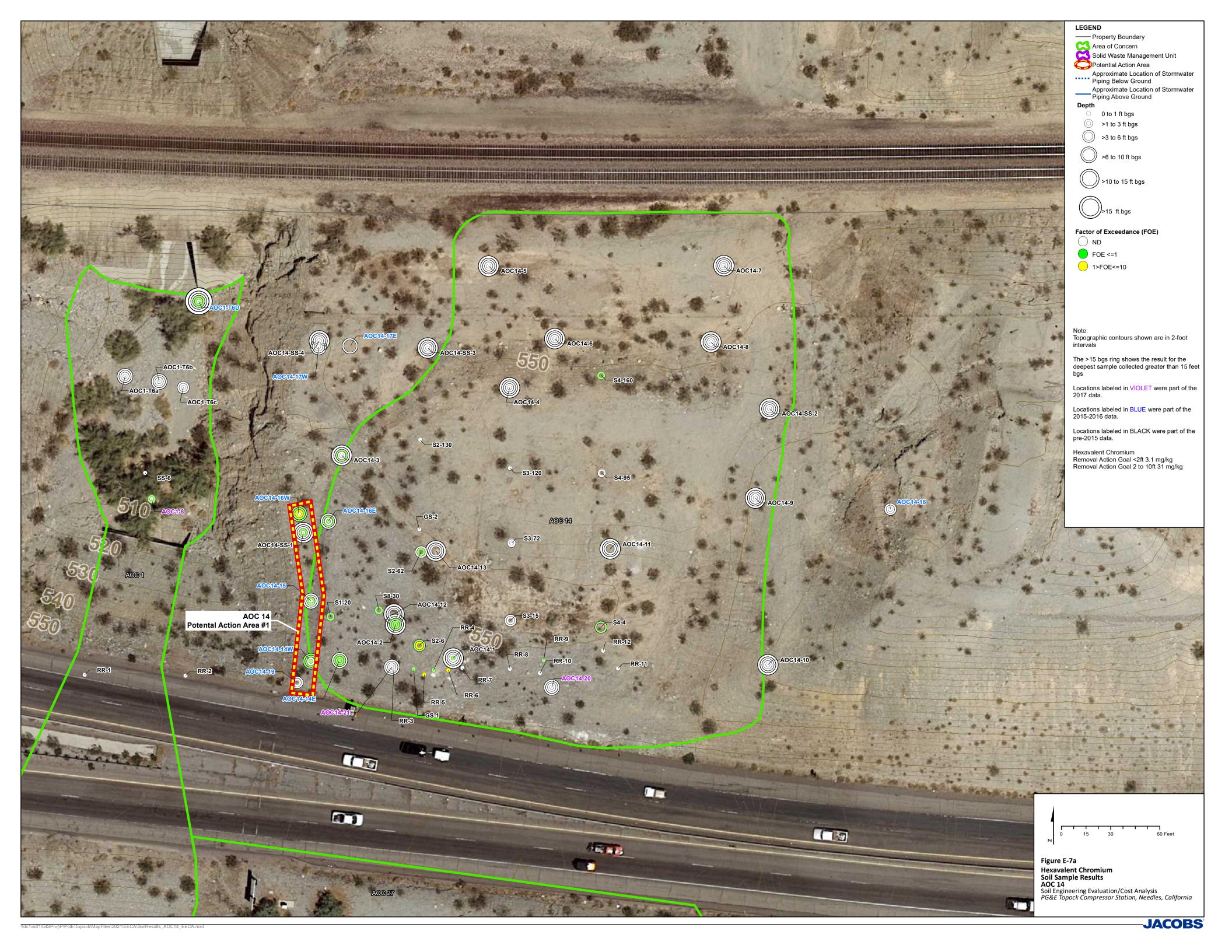


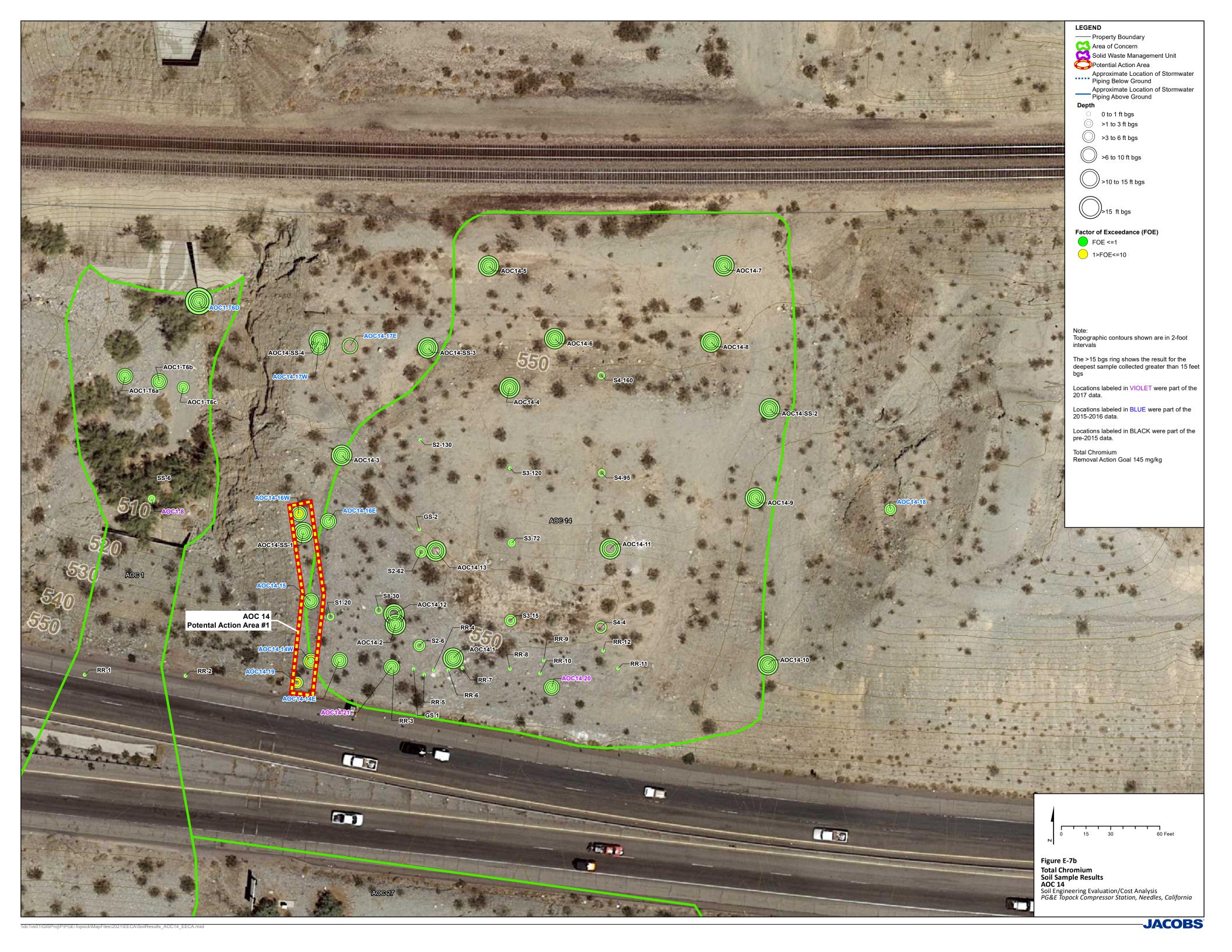


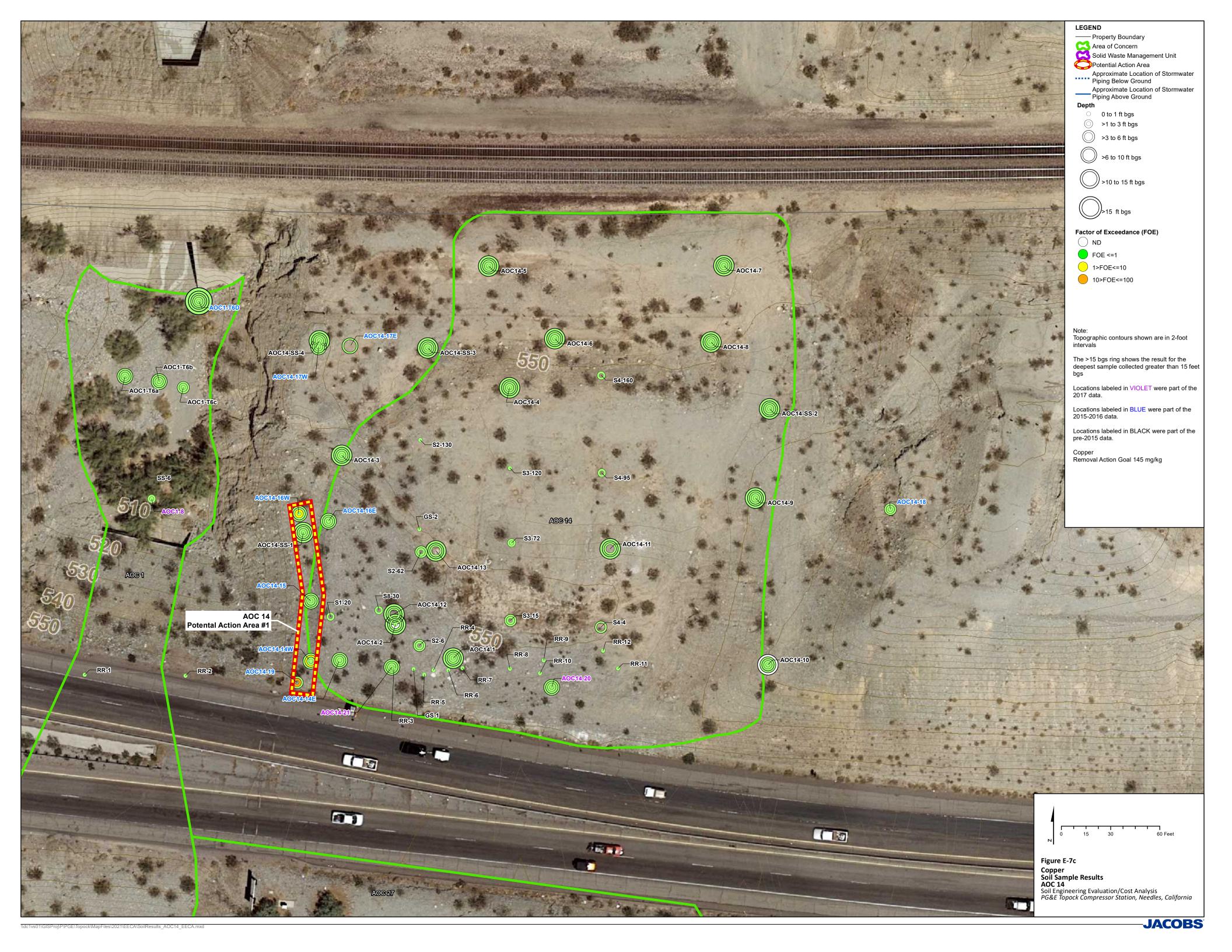


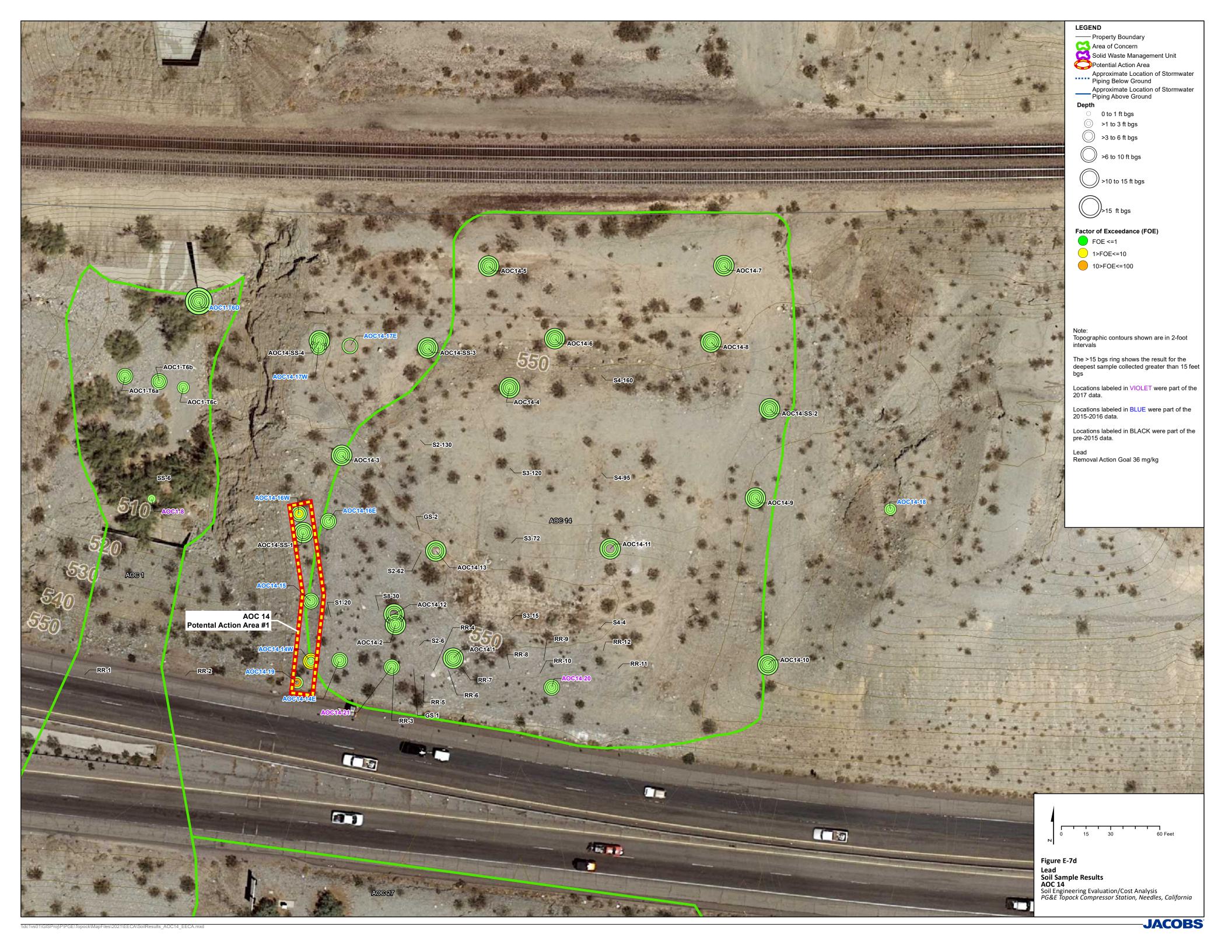


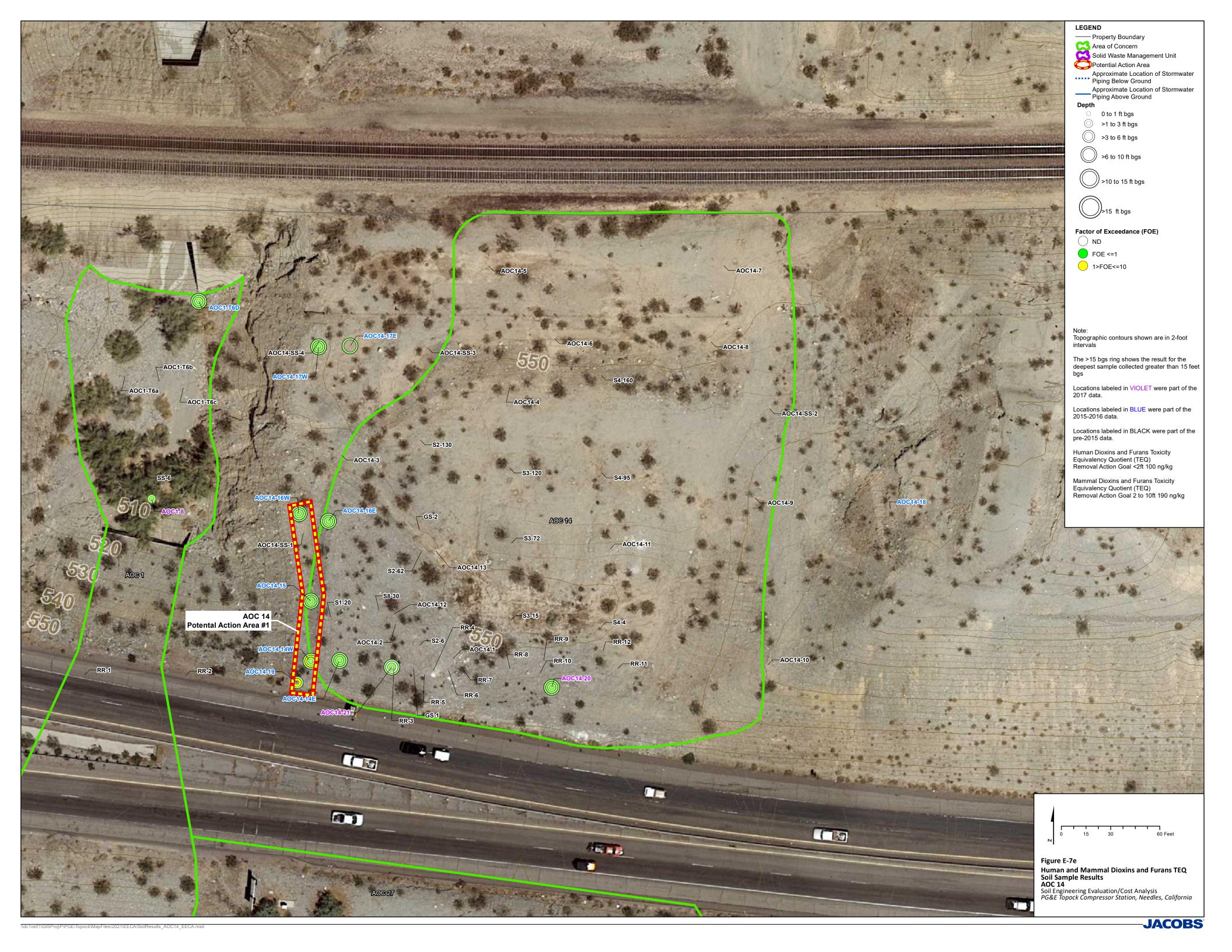


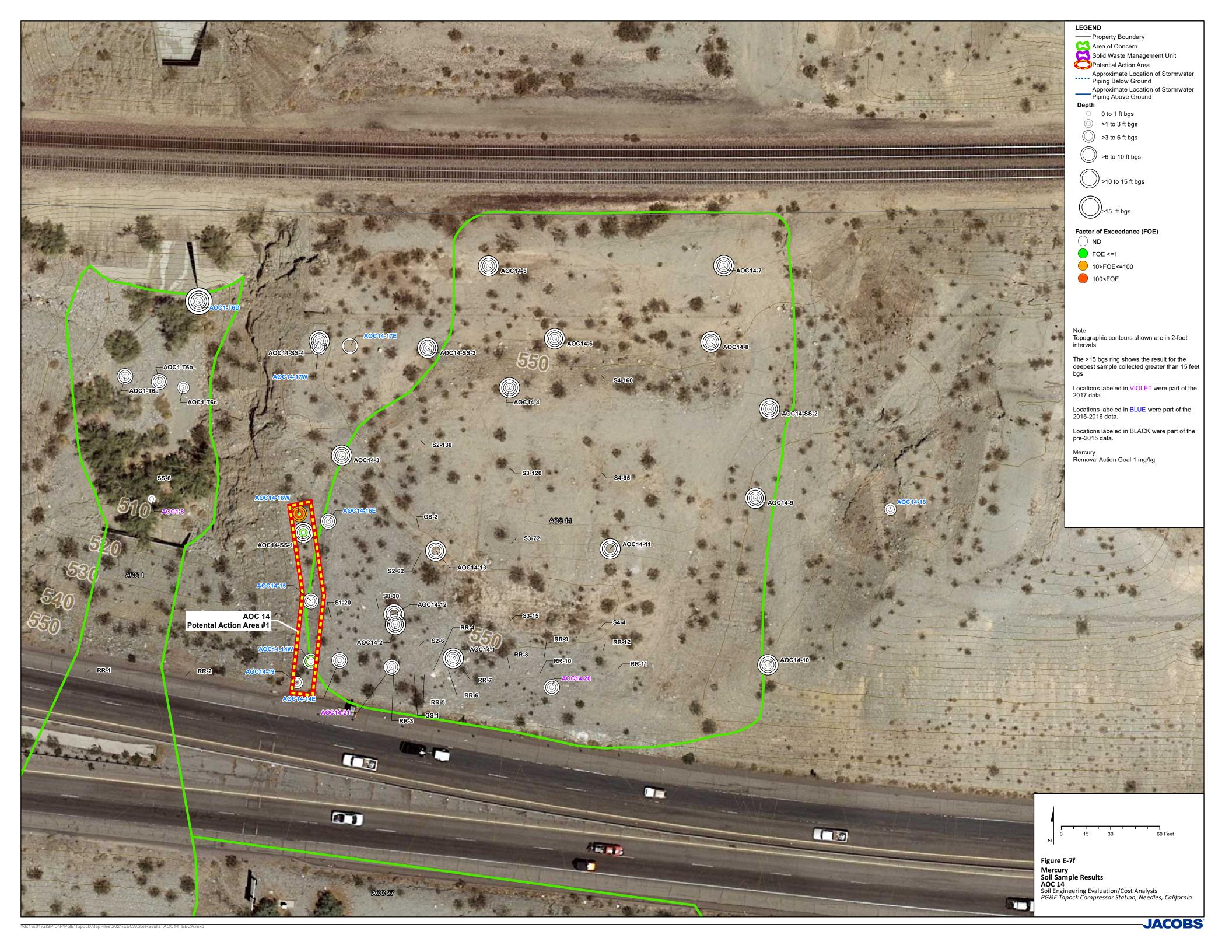


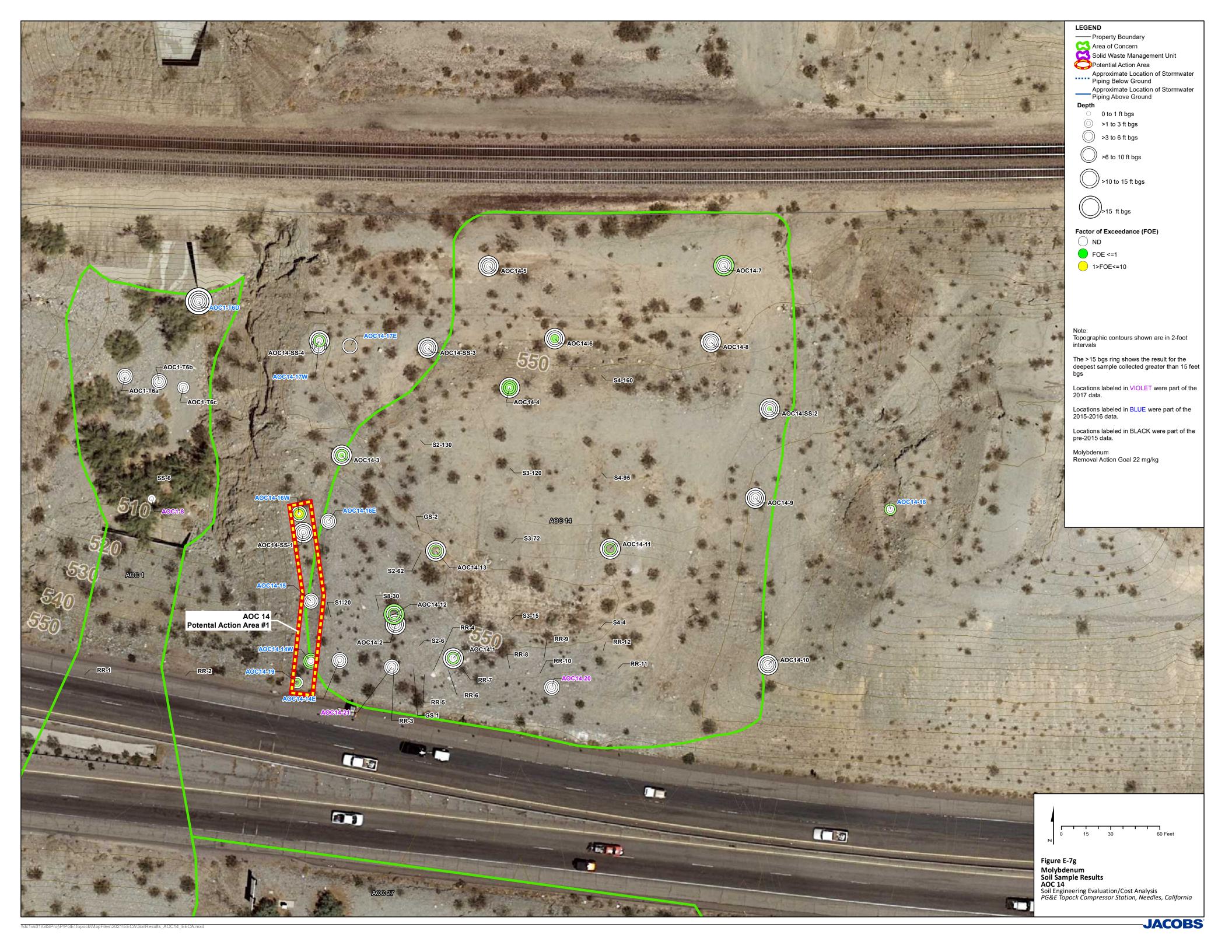


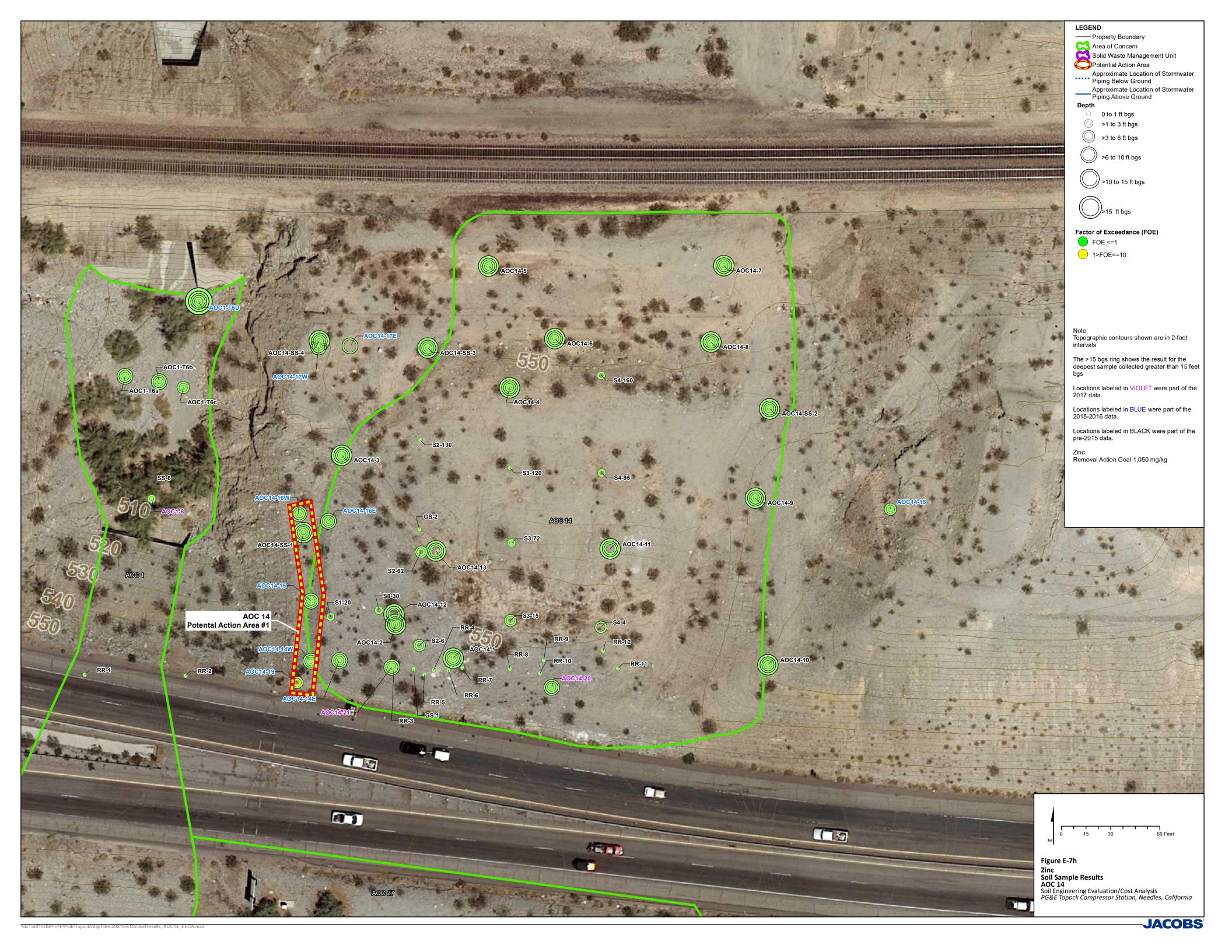


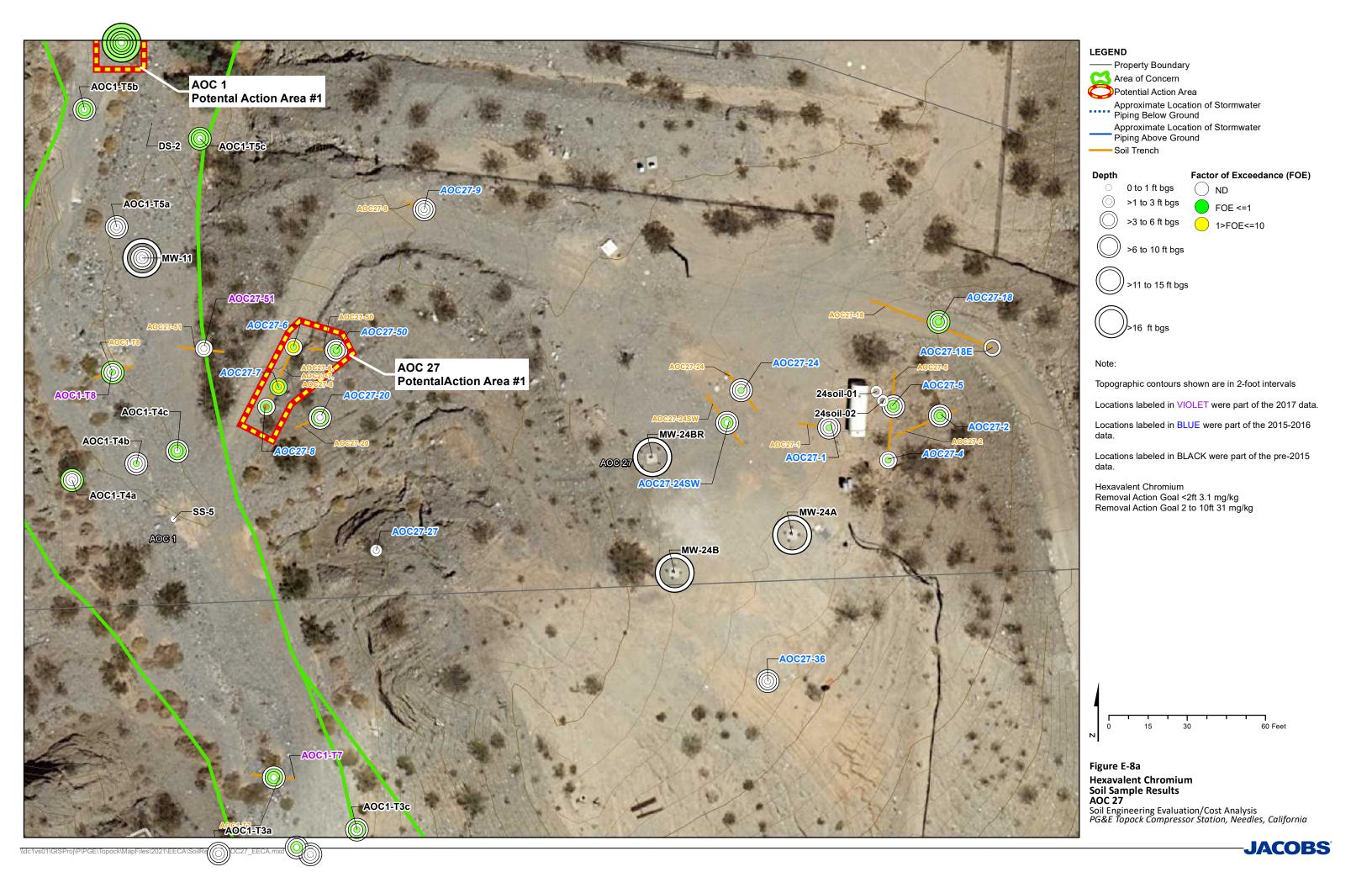


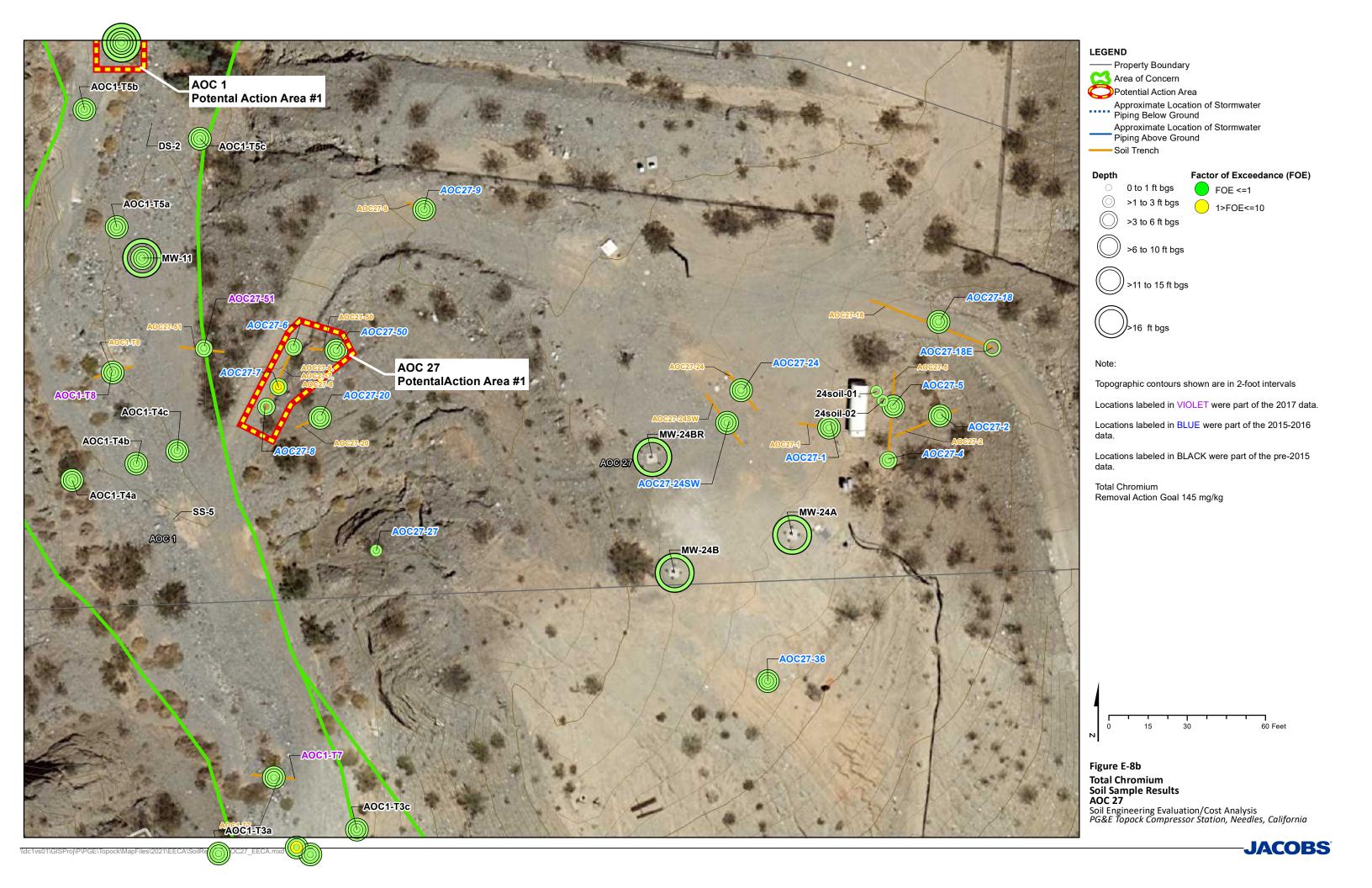


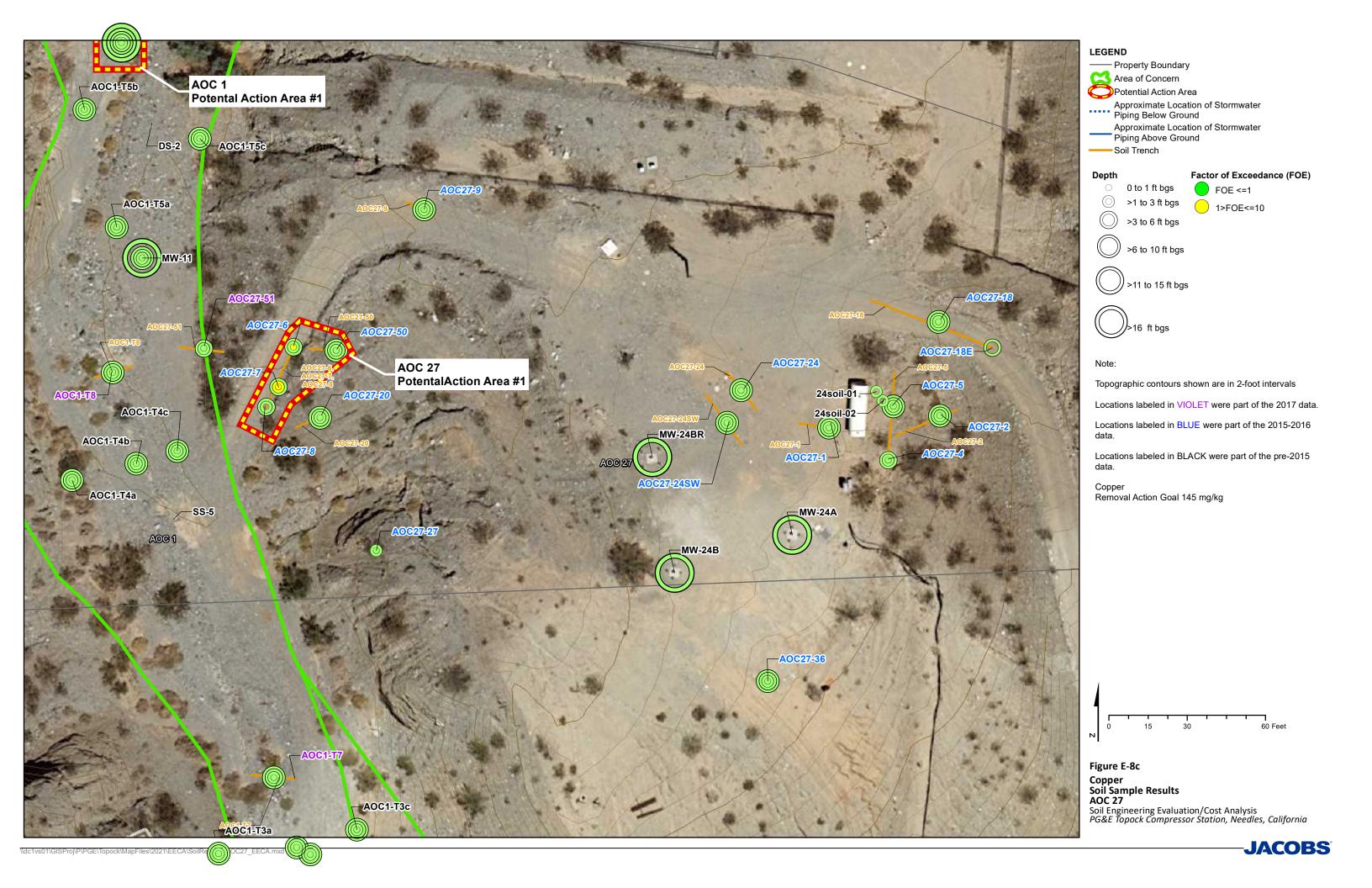


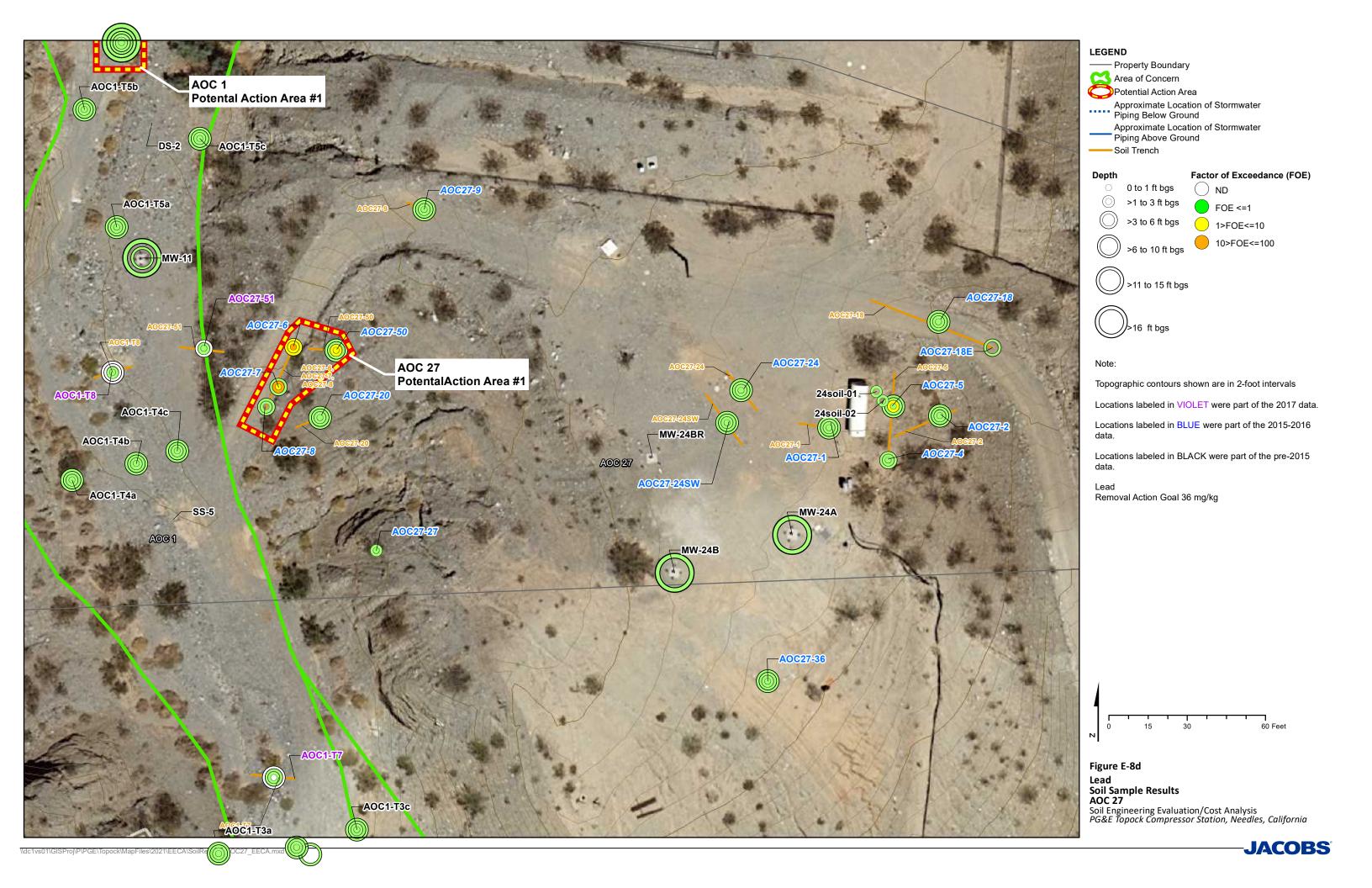


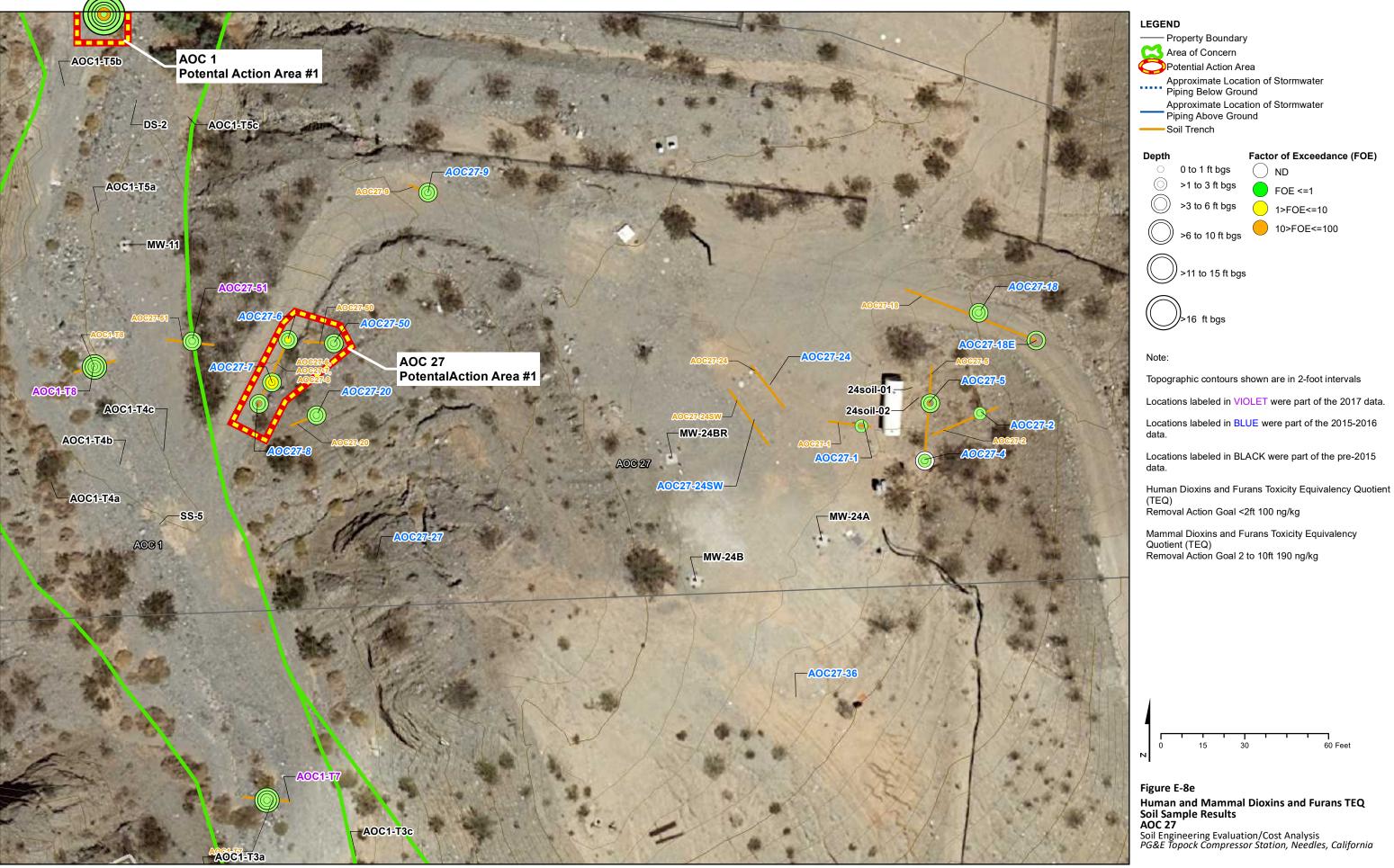


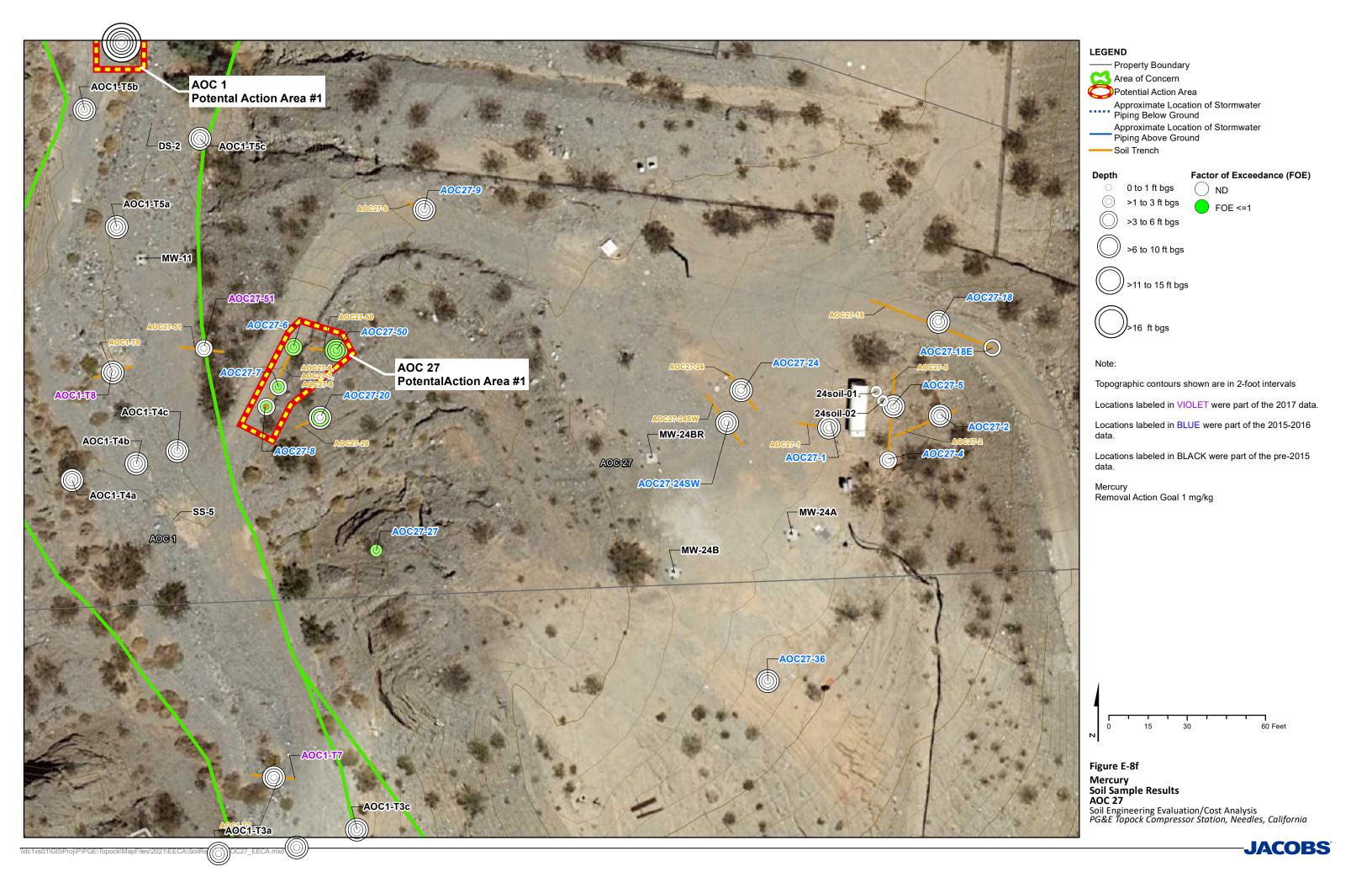


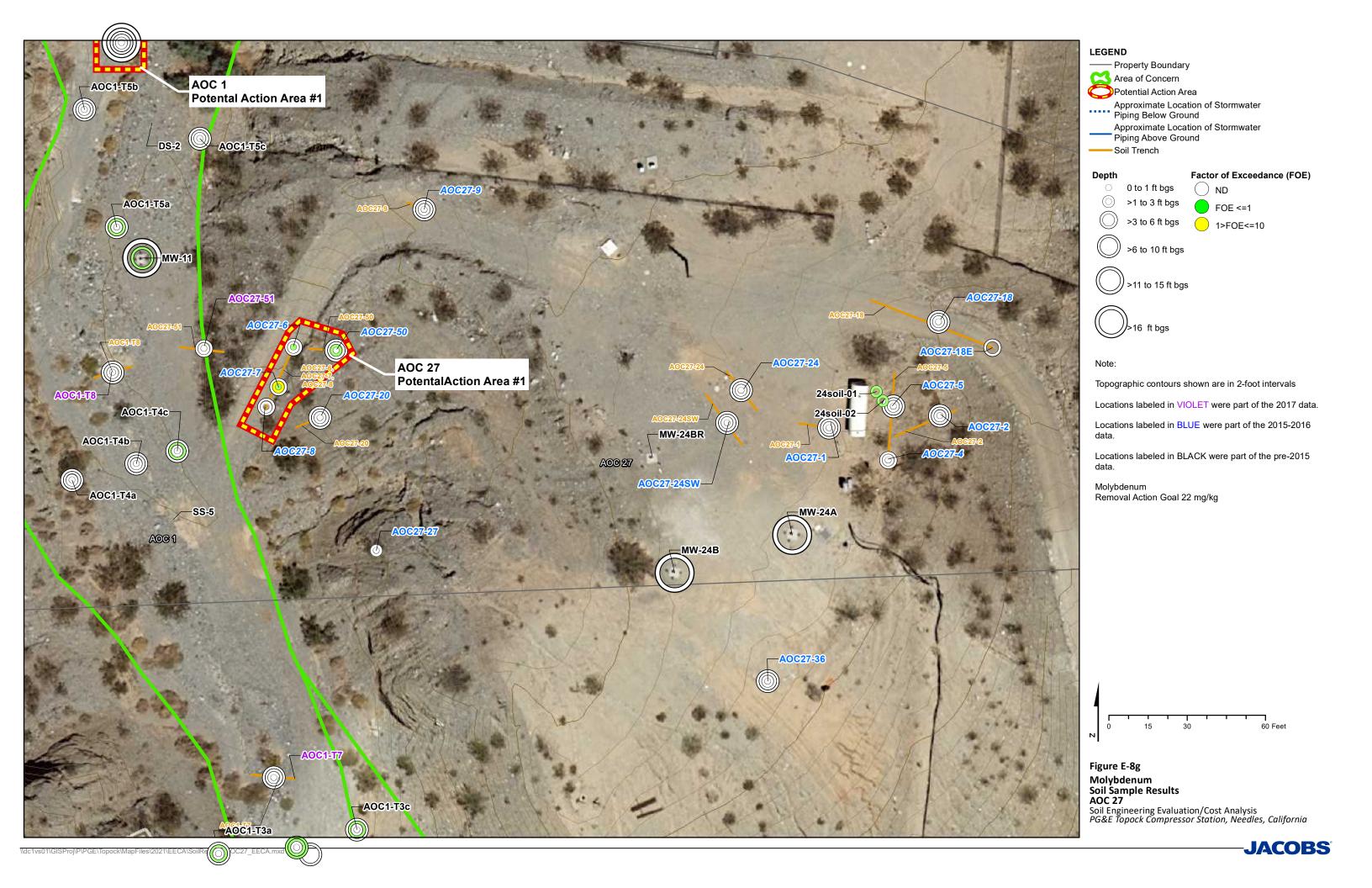


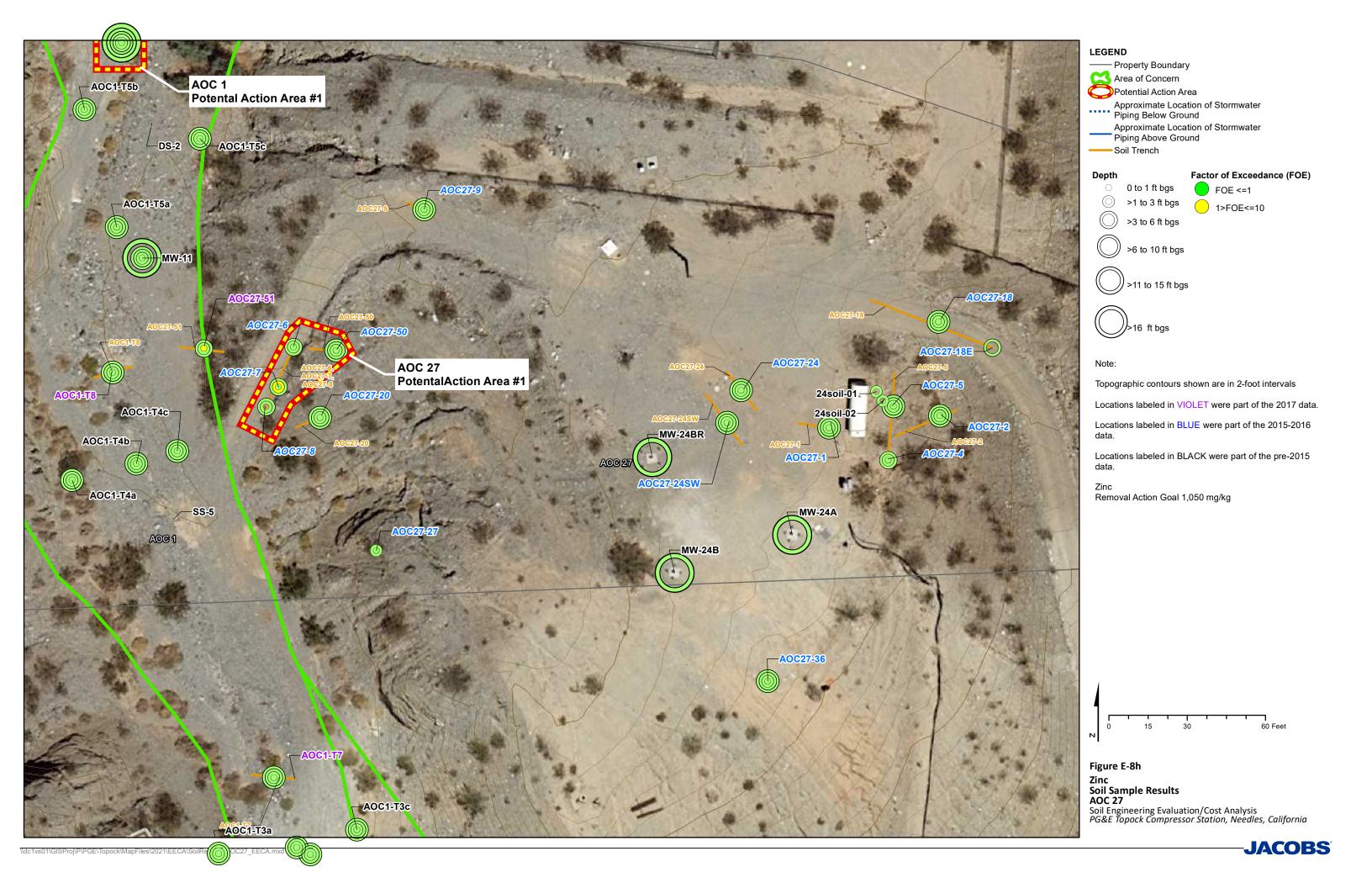












Appendix F
Treatability Study Results, Laboratory Data
Packages, and Data Quality Evaluation Report

F1: Treatability Study Results

4601 Indiana Street , Golden, Colorado 80403 USA Phone: (303) 279-4501 , Fax: (303) 278-1528 www.hazenresearch.com

November 8, 2019

#### **Email Delivery**

Mr. Keith Sheets Senior Project Manager Jacobs Engineering Group 2020 SW 4th Avenue Portland, OR 97201

Subject: Soil Remediation Study, Report

Hazen Project 12661

Report and Appendices A-G

Dear Mr. Sheets:

Jacobs Engineering Group contracted with Hazen Research, Inc. to conduct a bench-scale evaluation of remediation techniques for mitigating dioxin and heavy metals contamination in arid soils. Hazen and Jacobs exchanged information about this evaluation through a series of teleconferences, and Hazen prepared a scope of work and a cost estimate for the work envisioned by Jacobs. That scope of work, which includes a cost estimate, is in Appendix A.

This report presents the results of experiments, size distribution measurements, and analyses conducted on 14 nominally 35 kg soil samples provided by Jacobs.

#### **SOIL SAMPLES**

Fourteen 5 gal buckets composed of seven paired buckets were received at Hazen on May 10, 2019, and logged in to Hazen's sample tracking system (Appendix B) and registered in Hazen's treatability sample inventory. Following log-in, the samples were opened, inspected, and photographed. Figure 1 shows the buckets during opening, and Figure 2 illustrates the particle size range observed in the samples. The maximum particle size of the as-received samples was approximately 3 in.





**Figure 1. Opening the Soil Sample Shipping Buckets** 



Figure 2. Appearance and Size Range of Typical Soil Sample

In accordance with the scope of work, the contents of each set of paired buckets were weighed, combined, and blended. The seven blended samples were logged in and assigned Hazen tracking numbers of 55197-1 through -7. These IDs correspond with Jacobs's sample IDs of EECA 1A/1B through 7A/7B.

After consulting with Jacobs, each sample was first scalped at  $^{3}/_{4}$  in. to remove cobbles that likely contained lower levels of contaminants and that were too large for bench-scale thermal processing experiments. The minus  $^{3}/_{4}$  in. soil was dry sieved at  $^{1}/_{4}$  in. (at as-received moisture content), and representative splits were sieved at 4, 10, 30, 35, 70, 100, and 200 US mesh to measure the particle size distribution. All mesh sizes in this report are US mesh. Table 1 summarizes the coarse distribution for the seven soil samples, and Table 2 summarizes the particle size distribution of the minus  $^{1}/_{4}$  in. soil. Appendix C contains the data reports for the sizing measurements.

**Table 1. Summary of Particle Size Distribution, Entire Sample** 

Fractional		Direct Retained, %										
Size, in.	55197-1	55197-2	55197-3	55197-4	55197-5	55197-6	55197-7					
> 3/4	12.3	20.8	21.2	17.8	29.9	26.1	11.0					
$^{3}/_{4} \times ^{1}/_{4}$	26.8	35.3	32.5	30.6	13.4	13.2	27.2					
< 1/4	60.9	43.9	46.4	51.6	56.8	60.7	61.8					

Table 2. Summary of Particle Size Distribution, Minus <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> in. Soil

Retai	Retain Size Cumulative Retain							
Mesh	μm	55197-1	55197-2	55197-3	55197-4	55197-5	55197-6	55197-7
4	4,760	5.8	6.8	6.9	7.4	5.4	5.3	4.7
10	2,000	35.9	43.8	43.8	45.4	33.8	34.2	29.9
30	595	75.9	85.2	80.9	86.7	72.3	75.0	63.3
35	500	80.8	88.7	84.5	90.2	77.1	79.7	68.3
70	210	95.3	98.0	96.6	98.2	93.9	95.1	92.6
100	149	97.1	98.8	97.9	98.8	96.3	97.3	95.9
200	74	98.8	99.5	98.9	99.3	98.8	99.1	99.0
-200	-74	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Because of the small quantity of material reporting to the fine fractions in the sieve analysis of minus  $^{1}/_{4}$  in. soil, Jacobs requested that separate, larger splits of minus  $^{1}/_{4}$  in. soil be wet sieved at 200 mesh for Samples 55197-3 and 55197-7. Table 3 summarizes the results of those measurements.

**Table 3. Wet Sieving Results at 200 Mesh for Selected Samples** 

Size,	551	.97-3	55197-7		
mesh	Mass, kg	Weight %	Mass, kg	Weight %	
$< \frac{1}{4}$ in. $\times > 200$	1,813.6	95.0	1,700.1	89.2	
< 200	94.7	5.0	206.1	10.8	
Total	1,908.3		1,906.2		

Selected finer fractions ( $^{1}/_{4}$  in. by 4 mesh, 4 by 70 mesh, 70 by 200 mesh, and less than 200 mesh) were analyzed for total chromium, hexavalent chromium, and zinc by Asset Laboratories (Las Vegas, Nevada). Table 4 summarizes the results, and Appendix D contains the analytical report.

Jacobs requested bulk density measurements on two of the seven composite samples, 55197-3 and -7. Hazen used 0.5 ft<sup>3</sup> cells to measure loose and packed bulk density values for these samples. Table 5 reports those results.

Table 4. Summary of Size Fraction Analyses<sup>a</sup>

	<u> </u>	Chromium	, total, mg/kg	
Sample ID	<sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> in. × 4 Mesh	4 Mesh × 70 Mesh	70 Mesh × 200 Mesh	< 200 Mesh
55197-1	500	2,100	3,200	4,700
55197-2	110	140	190	330
55197-3	1,000	1,600	2,600	7,400
55197-4	700	710	1,600	3,100
55197-5	340	1,300	1,300	2,500
55197-6	410	790	1,100	3,300
55197-7	210	1,800	2,500	4,600
		Chromiu	m VI, mg/kg	
Sample ID	<sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> in. × 4 Mesh	4 Mesh × 70 Mesh	70 Mesh × 200 Mesh	< 200 Mesh
55197-1	8.0	17	19	21
55197-2	0.66	3.9	5.2	4.6
55197-3	8.1	17	25	57
55197-4	6.7	10	13	27
55197-5	3.8	16	17	29
55197-6	7.4	17	20	42
55197-7	5.3	22	28	49
Committee ID		Zinc	, mg/kg	
Sample ID	<sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> in. × 4 Mesh	4 Mesh × 70 Mesh	70 Mesh × 200 Mesh	< 200 Mesh
55197-1	54	110	160	170
55197-2	42	41	44	59
55197-3	90	110	150	330
55197-4	110	99	220	290
55197-5	59	100	110	150
55197-6	71	95	120	280
55197-7	59	190	240	410

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Analyses were conducted or coordinated by Asset Laboratories.

**Table 5. Bulk Density Data** 

		Bulk Density									
Sample ID	lb	s/ft³	kg/m³								
	Loose	Packed	Loose	Packed							
55197-3	115	133	1,846	2,126							
55197-7	113	131	1,805	2,105							

Jacobs also requested measuring the volume percent of the minus  $^{1}/_{4}$  in. material in the total sample for both Samples 55197-3 and -7. A bulk density cell was filled with the entire particle size range of each sample; the cell then was emptied and the contents were sieved at  $^{1}/_{4}$  in. The minus  $^{1}/_{4}$  in. material was replaced in the cell, tapped several times, and leveled. The height of the soil in the cell was measured and the volume was calculated and used to determine the fraction volume percent. Those data are reported in Table 6.

Table 6. Volume Fraction Data, Minus <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> in.

Sample ID	Volume Fraction, minus <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> in., %
55197-3	52
55197-7	69

Representative splits of the minus <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> in. material from each of the seven samples were submitted to Asset Laboratories for US Environmental Protection Agency Method 8290 analysis. Table 7 summarizes the results (totals), and Appendix E contains the full analytical report.

Table 7. Summary of Dioxin Compounds Analyses<sup>a</sup> Minus <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> in.

9	Sample ID	55197-1	55197-2	55197-3	55197-4	55197-5	55197-6	55197-7
	TCDF	45	1	220	36	66	14	26
(Totals)	TCDD	7	0	20	4	3	3	4
Ę)	PeCDF	490	15	3,400	360	700		500
nds <sup>b</sup> (	PeCDD	84	1	430	63	66	56	95
5 👱	HxCDF	1,700	45	9,400	840	2,200	1,800	3,900
mpo/ ng/	HxCDD	1,200	58	7,000	760	1,200	1,300	2,900
Con	HpCDF	4,000	97	21,000	1,100	4,700	9,000	31,000
Ë	HpCDD	18,000	990	120,000	9,600	16,000	23,000	70,000
Dioxin	OCDF	3,200	95	10,000	890	2,700	11,000	32,000
	OCDD	200,000	7,400	910,000	97,000	160,000	160,000	430,000

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>The analyses were conducted or coordinated by Asset Laboratories.

#### DIOXIN AND CHROMIUM TREATMENT: SOIL WASHING EXPERIMENTS

The scope of work specified batch, bench-scale thermal processing experiments to evaluate dioxin mitigation. Discussions with Jacobs resulted in a change in scope, specifically, eliminating thermal processing as an option. The decision considered complexities associated with onsite setup and operation of a suitable thermal device. Such a device would require significant site preparation, a high-volume natural gas supply, and possibly off-gas treatment equipment to ensure all contaminants were captured. Additionally, because dioxin thermal destruction requires strongly oxidizing high temperature combustion, there was concern that the trivalent chromium present in the soils could oxidize to hexavalent chromium. Finally, the thermally treated solids would require soil washing to remove heavy metal contaminants that were thought to be unaffected by the thermal treatment.

Because soil washing was indicated for metals removal, the revised scope prescribed soil washing experiments to evaluate removing both metals and dioxin. Hazen assembled batch washing vessels designed to roughly model the action of a trommel. The vessels were 1–gal plastic bottles, each fitted with two 1 in. polyethylene baffles that ran the length of the vessel. These vessels were rotated on rubber rollers as shown in Figure 3.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>The abbreviations shown were used by the analytical laboratory to denote families of dioxin and furan compounds.



Figure 3. Batch Trommel Soil Washing Equipment Setup

In consultation with Jacobs, the experiment design was four experiments using the most contaminated sample, 55197-3. Minus <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> in. material was used. Two baseline or control experiments used plain water as the wash solution, and two experiments used strong dosages (11.8 g/kg, dry solids basis) of Union Carbide Triton X-100 surfactant. The solids concentration in the slurry was 30% by weight, and the slurries were agitated on the rollers for 15 min each. After agitation, the vessel contents were wet sieved to separate the solids by size for analysis. Each pair of experiments (water, Triton X-100) was sieved at 35 and 70 mesh (500 and 210 μm, respectively). The oversized solids were dried at 50°C overnight. The undersized slurry was filtered to recover the solids, which were also dried at 50°C overnight. Figures 4 and 5 show examples of the oversized and undersized solids, respectively.



Figure 4. Example of Washed Oversized Solids



Figure 5. Example of Washed and Filtered Undersized Solids

Representative samples of the dried oversized and undersized washed solids were sent to Asset Laboratories for metals and dioxin compound analysis to evaluate the washing efficiency. Appendix F contains the data reports for these experiments. Appendix G contains Asset Laboratories' metals and dioxin analytical reports. Table 8 summarizes the results for metallic contaminants, and Table 9 summarizes the analytical results for and distribution of dioxin compounds.

**Table 8. Summary of Trommel Soil Washing Experimental Data, Metals** 

Sample	Aqueous	C: C:	Sample	Weight	Ana	lysis, mg/	′kg	Dist	ribution,	%	
ID	Phase	Sieve Size	ID	Percent	Cr	Zn	Cr <sup>VI</sup>	Cr	Zn	Cr <sup>VI</sup>	
55197-03		Minus <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> in.	Feed		1,644	112	17				
3973-51	Triton	35	Oversize	82.9	540	71	3.8	27.1	52.4	18.5	
39/3-31	IIIton	(500 µm)	Undersize	17.1	4,000	210	21	41.5	32.0	21.1	
2072 52	Water	35	Oversize	82.4	540	63	4.1	26.8	46.0	47.8	
3973-52	vvater	(500 µm)	Undersize	17.6	2,900	160	21	30.8	24.9	52.2	
3973-53	Triton	70	Oversize	91.3	630	70	5.2	35.2	73.9	66.2	
3973-33	IIIIIII	Triton	(210 µm)	Undersize	8.7	5,900	260	28	31.3	26.1	33.8
2072 54	Water	70	Oversize	91.1	720	84	6.4	39.9	78.3	75.8	
3973-54	vvater	(210 µm)	Undersize	8.9	5,300	240	21	28.5	21.7	24.2	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Distribution values for each analyte do not total 100%, presumably because of analytical error and/or dissolution of the metal in the solution.

Table 9. Summary of Trommel Soil Washing Experimental Data, Dioxin Compounds (totals)

Washi	speriment or Sample ID: ng Solution: d Solids Cut, Mesh:	3973-51 Triton X-100 35 (500 μm)			3973-52 Water 35 (500 μm)			3973-53 Triton X-100 70 (210 μm)			3973-54 Water 70 (210 μm)				Site Soil Sample EECA 3A/3B 55197-3			
	Analysis, ng/kg Distribution, <sup>a</sup> %		ution,ª %	Analys	is, ng/kg	Distrib	ution,ª %	Analys	is, ng/kg	Distrib	ution,ª %	Analys	is, ng/kg	Distrib	ution,ª %	Analysis, ng/kg		
		Oversize	Undersize	Oversize	Undersize	Oversize	Undersize	Oversize	Undersize	Oversize	Undersize	Oversize	Undersize	Oversize	Undersize	Oversize	Undersize	<1/4 in.
	TCDF	17	640	6	50	69	1,200	26	95	25	1,300	10	52	17	1,900	7	76	220
(SI	TCDD	nd	68	0	58	5	140	18	122	1	160	4	70	3	210	13	93	20
(Totals)	PeCDF	210	8,400	5	42	680	16,000	16	82	320	17,000	9	44	230	26,000	6	68	3,400
) <sub>q</sub> spı	PeCDD	33	1,400	6	56	82	2,400	16	97	62	2,800	13	57	41	4,100	9	84	430
ounc	HxCDF	710	32,000	6	58	1,500	53,000	13	98	1,000	66,000	10	61	830	93,000	8	88	9,400
od m	HxCDD	630	26,000	7	63	960	44,000	11	110	970	54,000	13	67	700	74,000	9	94	7,000
3	HpCDF	1,600	79,000	6	64	2,000	120,000	8	100	2,200	190,000	10	79	1,800	230,000	8	97	21,000
Dioxin	HpCDD	7,700	550,000	5	78	9,100	550,000	6	80	12,000	950,000	9	69	8,100	660,000	6	49	120,000
<u>i</u>	OCDF	1,200	140,000	10	239	1,100	130,000	9	227	1,400	290,000	13	253	1,200	380,000	11	336	10,000
	OCDD	70,000	5,300,000	6	99	77,000	5,800,000	7	111	120,000	7,800,000	12	75	80,000	7,400,000	8	72	910,000

nd = not detected

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Distribution values greater than 100% indicate analytical discrepancy. For oversize plus undersize values less than 100%, the balance is assumed to have reported to the aqueous phase, or indicates analytical discrepancy.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>The abbreviations shown were used by the analytical laboratory to denote families of dioxin and furan compounds.

The data show that metals and dioxin compounds concentrated in the undersized fraction for all four experiments, as expected. For the metals and the dioxin compounds, the use of Triton X-100 surfactant did not appear to significantly affect the distribution of contaminants when compared with the baseline using water.

After reviewing these results, Jacobs elected to end this phase of the treatability study.

Thank you for the opportunity to conduct this work. Please contact me with any questions that arise during your review of the information.

Regards,

R. Lee Schwartz Project Manager

Ant Chi

RLS/1ch

xc: Tom Broderick, Hazen Research, Inc.

# APPENDIX A

Hazen Scope of Work and Cost Estimate

#### Keith,

Thank you for requesting a preliminary cost estimate from Hazen for bench-scale evaluation of dioxinand metals-contaminated soil remediation techniques. Based on our email exchange over the past week or so, I put together a scope of work to serve as the basis of the estimate.

Jacobs will obtain 7 soil samples in 14 nominally 5-gallon pails, 2 pails per each unique sample. The particle size distribution may range from cobble size to fine sand. The soil samples are contaminated with both dioxin and regulated metals. Hazen will receive these samples, log them into its internal sample logging system and assign unique identification numbers, and enter the samples and quantities into the treatability sample logging system.

After the samples are opened, Hazen will observe all recommended exposure prevention techniques including engineering controls for dust and vapor, and PPE including APRs, nitrile gloves, Tyvek suits, etc.

Each pair of buckets will be opened, photographed, then blended to create a single sample. This procedure will result in seven composite samples for subsequent study. If the top size of the samples is larger than a size specified by Jacobs, each sample will be scalped at the specified with the minus fraction advanced to subsequent study. The oversized material will be reserved for alternative study and/or return to Jacobs.

The seven undersized scalped samples will be split down using cone-and-quarter or riffle splitter techniques to obtain seven representative head samples. These will be containerized, packaged and shipped to Asset Laboratories for dioxin and metals analysis (metals TBD). The results of analysis will guide the selection of the two samples with the highest concentration of contaminants.

The two selected samples will be sieved, either in their entirety of by obtaining a representative sample of each, to measure the particle size distribution. The bottom sieve size will be  $53 \mu m$ . The size distribution of the minus  $53 \mu m$  solids optionally can be obtained using Hazen's laser diffractometer.

The selected samples will be scalped at a size specified by Jacobs, and the over- and under-sized material will be split down to obtain representative head samples. These two sample pairs (undersized and oversized) will be containerized and sent for dioxin and metals (TBD) analysis by Asset Laboratories.

Six thermal treatment experiments will be conducted on the bulk selected samples (2), the oversized selected samples (2), and the undersized selected samples (2). Hazen will consult with Jacobs to confirm the type and conditions of the thermal treatment. Treated samples will be analyzed for dioxin and metals (TBD) by Asset Laboratories.

The two selected samples will be scalped at a size specified by Jacobs; the oversized solids will be used in soil washing studies. Hazen proposes to utilize a batch, bench-scale attrition cell for these experiments.

Attrition cell operation involves high-rpm stirring of a dense slurry using aggressive impellers in a vessel providing a high ratio of prop diameter to vessel diameter. Two experiments for each sample (2) are proposed: one using hot tap water as the lixiviant, and one using Dow Triton X-100 (nonionic organic surfactant) in water at an arbitrary dosage. The experiments using tap water will provide baseline data for comparison purposes. Although many potentially effective surfactants are available, the two experiment types proposed should indicate the potential for dioxin and metals removal using this technique. Because Hazen conducts projects on a time-and-materials basis, the scope readily can be increased based on the results of experimentation.

The attritioned slurry samples will be filtered and washed with hot water or dilute surfactant solution as appropriate. The washed solids will be dried at low temperature in a vented oven. Dried solids and filtrate/wash samples will be analyzed for dioxin and metals, and the removal efficiencies of each experiment will be calculated.

A data packet including procedural data, photographs, analytical results, and experiment data reports will be prepared and issued to Jacobs following completion of the program. All samples, and experiment products must be returned to Jacobs at the conclusion of the work.

The preliminary estimated cost of the work described above is \$37,800 including a 15% contingency; the estimated charges are itemized in Table 1. Note that analytical work will be subcontracted and therefore is shown as a direct cost.

Table 1. Summary of Estimated Costs Hazen Proposal 2019-129

Tack Description	Task#		Estimated	Costs, \$US	_
Task Description	1 ask #	Labor	Analytical	Directs	Sub-total
Receive and log in samples, initiate treatability study	1	700	0	0	700
Scalp and composite bucket pairs, prepare head samples	2	1,100	0	0	1,100
Submit head samples for SW846 Method 8290, metals	3	400	0	5,600	6,000
Select 2 composites; conduct PSD; analyze minus 3/8"	4	700	0	1,700	2,400
Thermal treatment (TBD); 2 composites; analysis by 8290					
Bulk sample, analyze treated solids for metals, by 8290	5	1,700	0	1,700	3,400
Minus 3/8", analyze treated solids for metals, by 8290	6	1,700	0	1,700	3,400
Plus 3/8", analyze treated solids for metals, by 8290	7	1,700	0	1,700	3,400
Soil washing experiments on coarse-grained solids, analysis	8	2,500	0	6,400	8,900
Data reduction, prepare data package	9	3,500	0	0	3,500
	Sub-total:	14,000	0	18,800	32,800
	<u>.</u>	•	Contin	gency, 15%:	5,000
			Total esti	mated cost:	37,800

The work is estimated to require 8 weeks to complete. Figure 1 illustrates the projected schedule. Note that the schedule is quite aggressive, and allows 2 weeks for analysis of experiment products, including shipping times.

	_				We	eek			
Task Description	Task #	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Receive and log in samples, initiate treatability study	1								
Scalp and composite bucket pairs, prepare head samples	2								
Submit head samples for SW846 Method 8290, metals	3		Ana	lysis					
Select 2 composites; conduct PSD; analyze minus 3/8"	4					Ana	lysis		
Thermal treatment (TBD); 2 composites; analysis by 8290									
Bulk sample, analyze treated solids for metals, by 8290	5					Ana	lysis		
Minus 3/8", analyze treated solids for metals, by 8290	6					Ana	lysis		
Plus 3/8", analyze treated solids for metals, by 8290	7					Ana	lysis		
Soil washing experiments on coarse-grained solids, analysis	8					Ana	lysis		
Data reduction, prepare data package	9								

Work can begin upon execution of a contractual agreement and receipt of the samples and an initial deposit of \$7,500. Hazen's Professional Services Agreement, a simple time and materials contract, may be used if it is agreeable to Jacobs.

APPENDIX B

Hazen Sample Log-In



# Sample Received

HRI Number: 55197 Description: dioxin contaminated soil w/heavy metals

Project Number: 12661 Entered by Employee: Benton, Gary

Proposal Number:

Date Received: 5/10/2019

Project Manager: Schwartz, Robert

Sample Physical State: Solid

Client: Jacobs Engineering/Arcadis

Sample Container Type: Bucket

Client Rep: Total No of Samples: 7

Rep Contact Info: Approx Wt. of Sample: > 100 lb

Via: Treatability Study (Yes/No): Yes

HRI Comments:

## Hazards

Dust (Yes/No):YesFlammable (Yes/No): NoRadioactive (Yes/No):NoCoorosive (Yes/No): No

Toxic (Yes/No): No Other Hazard (Yes/No): yes Description: dioxin/furan

Unknown (Yes/No): No Non-Hazardous (Yes/No): No

UniqueID	HRI Sample	Split Sub Split	SampleID or Description	Container Type	Physical State	Sample Net Wt.	Net Wt. Units
2019I-000367	55197-0001		EECA 1A/1B	Bucket	Solid	68.6	kg
2019I-000368	55197-0002		EECA 2A/2B	Bucket	Solid	71.8	kg
2019I-000369	55197-0003		EECA 3A/3B	Bucket	Solid	73.9	kg
2019I-001048	55197-0003	001	EECA 3A/3B	Bucket	Solid	400	g
2019I-001049	55197-0003	002	EECA 3A/3B	Bucket	Solid	400	g
2019I-001050	55197-0003	003	EECA 3A/3B	Bucket	Solid	400	g
2019I-001051	55197-0003	004	EECA 3A/3B	Bucket	Solid	400	g
2019I-000370	55197-0004		ECCA 4A/4B	Bucket	Solid	71.3	kg
2019I-000371	55197-0005		ECCA 5A/5B	Bucket	Solid	72.1	kg



# Sample Received

UniqueID	HRI Sample	Split	Sub Split	SampleID or Description	Container Type	Physical State	Sample Net Wt.	Net Wt. Units
2019I-000372	55197-0006			ECCA 6A/6B	Bucket	Solid	69.8	kg
2019I-000373	55197-0007			ECCA 7A/7B	Bucket	Solid	71	kg

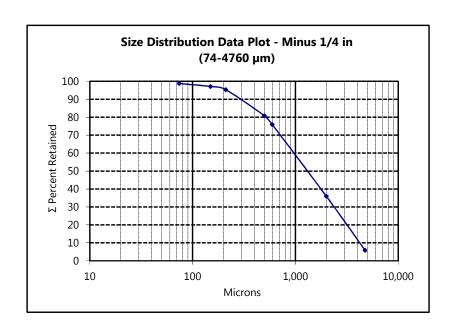
APPENDIX C
Sample 55197-1 through -7 Particle Size Distribution Measurement Reports

Sample ID: 55197-1

Procedure: The sample was dry-screened at each sieve size listed.

	Direct					
Fractional						
Size, in	Mass, kg	Weight %				
>3/4	8.02	12.3				
3/4 x 1/4	17.4	26.8				
<1/4	39.62	60.9				
Total:	65.04	100				

	Minus 1/4-in Split						mple Basis
		Dir	ect			D	irect
Retai	n Size	Weight,	Weight,	Cumulative	e Weight %	Mass,	Weight, %
mesh	microns	g	%	Passing	Retained	<1/4 in, kg	<1/4 in
4	4760	59.7	5.8	94.2	5.8	2.32	3.6
10	2000	307.4	30.1	64.1	35.9	11.93	18.3
30	595	408.2	40.0	24.1	75.9	15.84	24.3
35	500	49.4	4.8	19.2	80.8	1.92	2.9
70	210	148.6	14.6	4.7	95.3	5.77	8.9
100	149	18.4	1.8	2.9	97.1	0.71	1.1
200	74	17.1	1.7	1.2	98.8	0.66	1.0
-200	-74	12.4	1.2	0.0	100.0	0.48	0.7
	•	1021.2	100.0			39.62	60.9

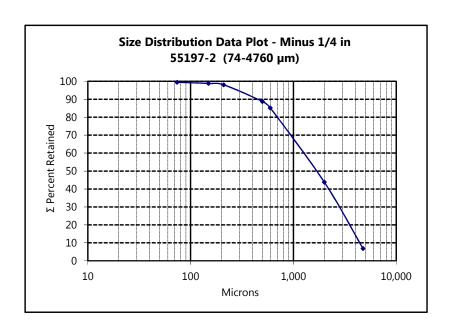


Sample ID: 55197-2

Procedure: The sample was dry-screened at each sieve size listed.

	Direct					
Fractional						
Size, in	Mass, kg	Weight %				
>3/4	14.18	20.8				
3/4 x 1/4	24.1	35.3				
<1/4	29.94	43.9				
Total:	68.22	100				

	Minus 1/4-in Split					Entire Sa	mple Basis
		Dir	ect			D	irect
Retair	n Size	Weight,	Weight,	Cumulative	e Weight %	Mass,	Weight, %
mesh	microns	g	%	Passing	Retained	<1/4 in, kg	<1/4 in
4	4760	70.1	6.8	93.2	6.8	2.05	3.0
10	2000	379.2	36.9	56.2	43.8	11.06	16.2
30	595	424.9	41.4	14.8	85.2	12.40	18.2
35	500	36.6	3.6	11.3	88.7	1.07	1.6
70	210	95.3	9.3	2.0	98.0	2.78	4.1
100	149	8.0	0.8	1.2	98.8	0.23	0.3
200	74	6.6	0.6	0.5	99.5	0.19	0.3
-200	-74	5.6	0.5	0.0	100.0	0.16	0.2
		1026.3	100.0			29.94	43.9



## Sample ID: 55197-3

Procedure: The sample was dry-screened at

each sieve size listed.

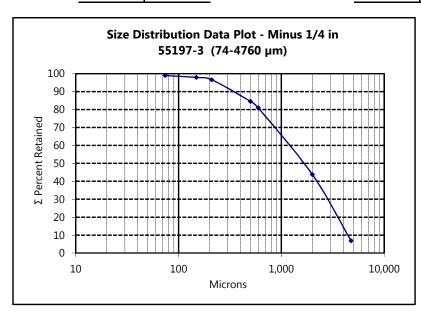
The sample was wet-screened at

each sieve size listed.

	Direct					
Fractional						
Size, in	Mass, kg	Weight %				
>3/4	14.8	21.2				
3/4 x 1/4	22.7	32.5				
<1/4	32.42	46.4				
Total	69 92	100				

Minus 1/4" _	Direct			
Size, mesh	Mass, kg	Weight %		
>200	1813.6	95.0		
<200	94.7	5.0		
	1908.3			

	Minus 1/4-in Split					Entire Sa	mple Basis
		Dir	ect			D	irect
Retai	n Size	Weight,	Weight,	Cumulative	e Weight %	Mass,	Weight, %
mesh	microns	g	%	Passing	Retained	<1/4 in, kg	<1/4 in
4	4760	69.4	6.9	93.1	6.9	2.23	3.2
10	2000	373.1	36.9	56.2	43.8	11.96	17.1
30	595	375.5	37.1	19.1	80.9	12.04	17.2
35	500	36.7	3.6	15.5	84.5	1.18	1.7
70	210	121.7	12.0	3.4	96.6	3.90	5.6
100	149	12.9	1.3	2.1	97.9	0.41	0.6
200	74	10.9	1.1	1.1	98.9	0.35	0.5
-200	-74	10.8	1.1	0.0	100.0	0.35	0.5
		1011.0	100.0			32.42	46.4

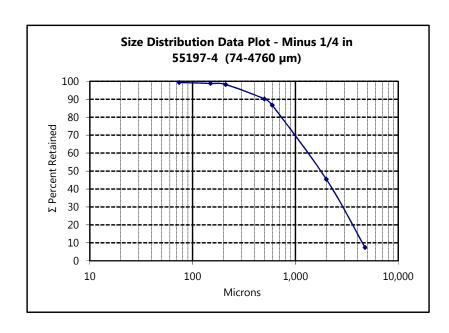


Sample ID: 55197-4

Procedure: The sample was dry-screened at each sieve size listed.

	Direct				
Fractional					
Size, in	Mass, kg	Weight %			
>3/4	12.02	17.8			
3/4 x 1/4	20.68	30.6			
<1/4	34.84	51.6			
Total:	67.54	100			

	Minus 1/4-in Split					Entire Sa	mple Basis
		Dir	ect			D	irect
Retai	n Size	Weight,	Weight,	Cumulative	e Weight %	Mass,	Weight, %
mesh	microns	g	%	Passing	Retained	<1/4 in, kg	<1/4 in
4	4760	74.5	7.4	92.6	7.4	2.59	3.8
10	2000	379.9	38.0	54.6	45.4	13.23	19.6
30	595	413.0	41.3	13.3	86.7	14.38	21.3
35	500	34.7	3.5	9.8	90.2	1.21	1.8
70	210	80.5	8.0	1.8	98.2	2.80	4.2
100	149	5.9	0.6	1.2	98.8	0.21	0.3
200	74	5.2	0.5	0.7	99.3	0.18	0.3
-200	-74	6.8	0.7	0.0	100.0	0.24	0.4
		1000.5	100.0			34.84	51.6

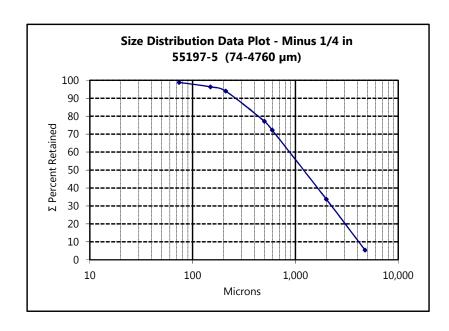


Sample ID: 55197-5

Procedure: The sample was dry-screened at each sieve size listed.

	Direct					
Fractional						
Size, in	Mass, kg	Weight %				
>3/4	20.34	29.9				
3/4 x 1/4	9.12	13.4				
<1/4	38.66	56.8				
Total:	68.12	100				

Minus 1/4-in Split					Entire Sample Basis			
		Direct					Direct	
Retain Size		Weight,	Weight,	Cumulative Weight %		Mass,	Weight, %	
mesh	microns	g	%	Passing	Retained	<1/4 in, kg	<1/4 in	
4	4760	54.1	5.4	94.6	5.4	2.10	3.1	
10	2000	282.9	28.3	66.2	33.8	10.96	16.1	
30	595	384.3	38.5	27.7	72.3	14.88	21.8	
35	500	48.6	4.9	22.9	77.1	1.88	2.8	
70	210	168.0	16.8	6.1	93.9	6.51	9.6	
100	149	23.9	2.4	3.7	96.3	0.93	1.4	
200	74	24.6	2.5	1.2	98.8	0.95	1.4	
-200	-74	11.9	1.2	0.0	100.0	0.46	0.7	
		998.3	100.0			38.66	56.8	

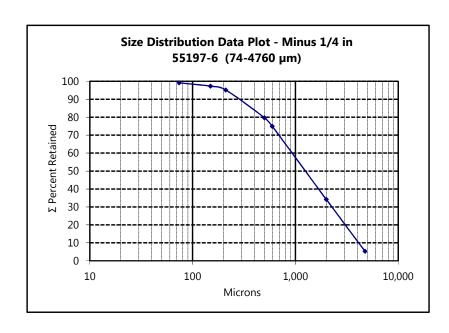


Sample ID: 55197-6

Procedure: The sample was dry-screened at each sieve size listed.

	Direct				
Fractional					
Size, in	Mass, kg	Weight %			
>3/4	17.32	26.1			
3/4 x 1/4	8.72	13.2			
<1/4	40.24	60.7			
Total:	66.28	100			

Minus 1/4-in Split					Entire Sample Basis		
		Direct				Direct	
Retain Size		Weight,	Weight,	Cumulative Weight %		Mass,	Weight, %
mesh	microns	g	%	Passing	Retained	<1/4 in, kg	<1/4 in
4	4760	54.4	5.3	94.7	5.3	2.12	3.2
10	2000	298.3	28.9	65.8	34.2	11.63	17.5
30	595	421.1	40.8	25.0	75.0	16.41	24.8
35	500	48.7	4.7	20.3	79.7	1.90	2.9
70	210	159.6	15.5	4.9	95.1	6.22	9.4
100	149	22.3	2.2	2.7	97.3	0.87	1.3
200	74	19.1	1.9	0.9	99.1	0.74	1.1
-200	-74	8.8	0.9	0.0	100.0	0.34	0.5
		1032.3	100.0			40.24	60.7



## Sample ID: 55197-7

Procedure: The sample was dry-screened at

each sieve size listed.

The sample was wet-screened at

each sieve size listed.

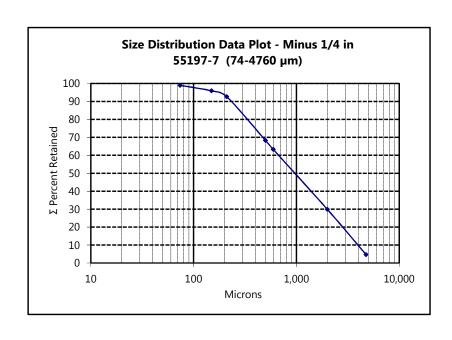
Minus 1/4"

	Direct				
Fractional					
Size, in	Mass, kg	Weight %			
>3/4	7.46	11.0			
3/4 x 1/4	18.38	27.2			
<1/4	41.76	61.8			
Total:	67.6	100			

Size, mesh	Mass, kg	Weight %
>200	1700.1	89.2
<200	206.1	10.8
	1906.2	

Direct

Minus 1/4-in Split					Entire Sample Basis		
		Direct				Direct	
Retain Size		Weight,	Weight,	Cumulative Weight %		Mass,	Weight, %
mesh	microns	g	%	Passing	Retained	<1/4 in, kg	<1/4 in
4	4760	46.2	4.7	95.3	4.7	1.95	2.9
10	2000	248.9	25.2	70.1	29.9	10.52	15.6
30	595	330.1	33.4	36.7	63.3	13.96	20.6
35	500	49.4	5.0	31.7	68.3	2.09	3.1
70	210	240.3	24.3	7.4	92.6	10.16	15.0
100	149	32.3	3.3	4.1	95.9	1.37	2.0
200	74	30.1	3.0	1.0	99.0	1.27	1.9
-200	-74	10.3	1.0	0.0	100.0	0.44	0.6
		987.6	100.0			41.76	61.8



F2: Laboratory Data Packages

# APPENDIX D

Size Fraction Metals Analysis, Asset Laboratories July 05, 2019

Lee Schwartz CH2M HILL 155 Grand Avenue, Suite 1000 Oakland, CA 94612

TEL: (303) 279-4501 FAX: (510) 622-9129

Workorder No.: N036051

RE:

Attention: Lee Schwartz

Enclosed are the results for sample(s) received on June 14, 2019 by ASSET Laboratories. The sample(s) are tested for the parameters as indicated in the enclosed chain of custody in accordance with the applicable laboratory certifications.

Thank you for the opportunity to service the needs of your company.

Please feel free to call me at (702) 307-2659 if I can be of further assistance to your company.

Sincerely,

Manay libucar For

Quennie Manimtim

Laboratory Director

The cover letter is an integral part of this analytical report. This Laboratory Report cannot be reproduced in part or in its entirety without written permission from the client and ASSET Laboratories - Las Vegas.

#### **ASSET Laboratories**

CLIENT: CH2M HILL

Project:

Lab Order: N036051

## **CASE NARRATIVE**

**Date:** 05-Jul-19

#### SAMPLE RECEIVING/GENERAL COMMENTS:

All sample containers were received intact with proper chain of custody documentation.

Information on sample receipt conditions including discrepancies can be found in attached Sample Receipt Checklist Form.

Cooler temperature and sample preservation were verified upon receipt of samples if applicable.

Samples were analyzed within method holding time.

Subcontracted Analyses:

Metals by EPA 6010B was subcontracted to BC Labs- Bakersfield, CA.

Analytical Comments for EPA 7199:

Matrix Spike (MS) and Matrix Spike Duplicate (MSD) are outside recovery criteria in QC samples N036051-027A-MS and N036051-027A-MSD possibly due to matrix interference. Post Spike and Matrix Spike Insoluble met acceptance criteria. The associated Laboratory Control Sample (LCS) recovery was also acceptable.

# **ASSET Laboratories**

CLIENT: CH2M HILL

**Project:** 

Lab Order: N036051

Contract No:

Lab Sample ID Client Sample ID	Matrix	<b>Collection Date</b>	Date Received	Date Reported
N036051-001A 55197-1, -1/4x4M	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	6/14/2019	7/5/2019
N036051-002A 55197-1, -4Mx70M	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	6/14/2019	7/5/2019
N036051-003A 55197-1 70x200	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	6/14/2019	7/5/2019
N036051-004A 55197-1-200	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	6/14/2019	7/5/2019
N036051-005A 55197-2 1/4X4	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	6/14/2019	7/5/2019
N036051-006A 55197-2 4x701	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	6/14/2019	7/5/2019
N036051-007A 55197-2 70x200	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	6/14/2019	7/5/2019
N036051-008A 55197-2-200	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	6/14/2019	7/5/2019
N036051-009A 55197-3 1/4x4	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	6/14/2019	7/5/2019
N036051-010A 55197-3 4x701	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	6/14/2019	7/5/2019
N036051-011A 55197-3 70x200	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	6/14/2019	7/5/2019
N036051-012A 55197-3-200	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	6/14/2019	7/5/2019
N036051-013A 55197-4 1/4x4	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	6/14/2019	7/5/2019
N036051-014A 55197-4 4x701	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	6/14/2019	7/5/2019
N036051-015A 55197-4 70x200	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	6/14/2019	7/5/2019
N036051-016A 55197-4-200	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	6/14/2019	7/5/2019
N036051-017A 55197-5 1/4x4	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	6/14/2019	7/5/2019
N036051-018A 55197-5 4x701	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	6/14/2019	7/5/2019
N036051-019A 55197-5 70x200	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	6/14/2019	7/5/2019
N036051-020A 55197-5-200	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	6/14/2019	7/5/2019
N036051-021A 55197-6 1/4x4	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	6/14/2019	7/5/2019
N036051-022A 55197-6 4x701	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	6/14/2019	7/5/2019
N036051-023A 55197-6 70x200	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	6/14/2019	7/5/2019
N036051-024A 55197-6-200	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	6/14/2019	7/5/2019
N036051-025A 55197-7 1/4x4	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	6/14/2019	7/5/2019
N036051-026A 55197-7 4x701	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	6/14/2019	7/5/2019
N036051-027A 55197-7 70x200	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	6/14/2019	7/5/2019
N036051-028A 55197-7-200	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	6/14/2019	7/5/2019

Date: 05-Jul-19

**Work Order Sample Summary** 

Print Date: 05-Jul-19

Collection Date: 6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM

**ASSET Laboratories** 

CLIENT: CH2M HILL Client Sample ID: 55197-1, -1/4x4M

Project: Matrix: SOIL

**Lab ID:** N036051-001

N036051

Analyses Result MDL PQL Qual Units DF Date Analyzed

**HEXAVALENT CHROMIUM BY IC** 

Lab Order:

EPA 3060A EPA 7199

 RunID:
 NV00922-IC6\_190618A
 QC Batch:
 74234
 PrepDate
 6/17/2019
 Analyst:
 RAB

 Hexavalent Chromium
 8.0
 0.058
 0.20
 mg/Kg-dry
 1
 6/19/2019
 12:44 AM

Qualifiers: B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference

DO Surrogate Diluted Out

E Value above quantitation range

ND Not Detected at the Reporting Limit



ASSET Laboratories Print Date: 05-Jul-19

 CLIENT:
 CH2M HILL
 Client Sample ID: 55197-1, -4Mx70M

 Lab Order:
 N036051
 Collection Date: 6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM

Project: Matrix: SOIL

Lab ID: N036051-002

Analyses Result MDL PQL Qual Units DF Date Analyzed

HEXAVALENT CHROMIUM BY IC

EPA 3060A EPA 7199

 RunID:
 NV00922-IC6\_190618A
 QC Batch:
 74234
 PrepDate
 6/17/2019
 Analyst:
 RAB

 Hexavalent Chromium
 17
 0.29
 1.0
 mg/Kg-dry
 5
 6/19/2019
 01:33 AM

Qualifiers: B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference

DO Surrogate Diluted Out

E Value above quantitation range

ND Not Detected at the Reporting Limit

limits due to matrix interference Results are wet unless otherwise specified



Print Date: 05-Jul-19

**ASSET Laboratories** 

CLIENT: CH2M HILL Client Sample ID: 55197-1 70x200

**Lab Order:** N036051 **Collection Date:** 6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM

Project: Matrix: SOIL

**Lab ID:** N036051-003

Analyses Result MDL PQL Qual Units DF Date Analyzed

**HEXAVALENT CHROMIUM BY IC** 

EPA 3060A EPA 7199

 RunID:
 NV00922-IC6\_190618A
 QC Batch:
 74234
 PrepDate
 6/17/2019
 Analyst:
 RAB

 Hexavalent Chromium
 19
 0.29
 1.0
 mg/Kg-dry
 5
 6/19/2019
 02:38 AM

Qualifiers: B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference

DO Surrogate Diluted Out

E Value above quantitation range

ND Not Detected at the Reporting Limit



Print Date: 05-Jul-19

ASSET Laboratories

CLIENT: CH2M HILL Client Sample ID: 55197-1-200

**Lab Order:** N036051 **Collection Date:** 6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM

Project: Matrix: SOIL

**Lab ID:** N036051-004

Analyses Result MDL PQL Qual Units DF Date Analyzed

**HEXAVALENT CHROMIUM BY IC** 

EPA 3060A EPA 7199

 RunID:
 NV00922-IC6\_190618A
 QC Batch:
 74234
 PrepDate
 6/17/2019
 Analyst:
 RAB

 Hexavalent Chromium
 21
 0.29
 1.0
 mg/Kg-dry
 5
 6/19/2019
 02:59 AM

Qualifiers: B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference

DO Surrogate Diluted Out

E Value above quantitation range

ND Not Detected at the Reporting Limit
Results are wet unless otherwise specified

ASSET LABORATORIES

CALIFORNIA | P:562.219.7435 F:562.219.7436 11110 Artesia Blvd., Ste B, Cerritos, CA 90703 ELAP Cert 2921 EPA ID CA01638

ASSET Laboratories Print Date: 05-Jul-19

CLIENT: CH2M HILL Client Sample ID: 55197-2 1/4X4

**Lab Order:** N036051 **Collection Date:** 6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM

Project: Matrix: SOIL

**Lab ID:** N036051-005

Analyses Result MDL PQL Qual Units DF Date Analyzed

**HEXAVALENT CHROMIUM BY IC** 

EPA 3060A EPA 7199

 RunID:
 NV00922-IC6\_190618A
 QC Batch:
 74234
 PrepDate
 6/17/2019
 Analyst:
 RAB

 Hexavalent Chromium
 0.66
 0.058
 0.20
 mg/Kg-dry
 1
 6/19/2019
 12:53 AM

Qualifiers: B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference

DO Surrogate Diluted Out

E Value above quantitation range

ND Not Detected at the Reporting Limit



**ASSET Laboratories** 

CLIENT: CH2M HILL

Lab Order: N036051

**Project:** 

Lab ID: N036051-006

**Client Sample ID:** 55197-2 4x701

Collection Date: 6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM

Print Date: 05-Jul-19

Matrix: SOIL

Analyses Result MDL PQL Qual Units DF Date Analyzed

**HEXAVALENT CHROMIUM BY IC** 

EPA 3060A EPA 7199

 RunID:
 NV00922-IC6\_190618A
 QC Batch:
 74234
 PrepDate
 6/17/2019
 Analyst:
 RAB

 Hexavalent Chromium
 3.9
 0.058
 0.20
 mg/Kg-dry
 1
 6/19/2019 01:03 AM

Qualifiers: B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference

DO Surrogate Diluted Out

E Value above quantitation range

ND Not Detected at the Reporting Limit



ASSET Laboratories Print Date: 05-Jul-19

CLIENT: CH2M HILL Client Sample ID: 55197-2 70x200

**Lab Order:** N036051 **Collection Date:** 6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM

Project: Matrix: SOIL

**Lab ID:** N036051-007

Analyses Result MDL PQL Qual Units DF Date Analyzed

**HEXAVALENT CHROMIUM BY IC** 

EPA 3060A EPA 7199

 RunID:
 NV00922-IC6\_190618A
 QC Batch:
 74234
 PrepDate
 6/17/2019
 Analyst:
 RAB

 Hexavalent Chromium
 5.2
 0.058
 0.20
 mg/Kg-dry
 1
 6/18/2019 11:34 PM

Qualifiers: B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference

DO Surrogate Diluted Out

E Value above quantitation range



ASSET Laboratories Print Date: 05-Jul-19

CLIENT: CH2M HILL Client Sample ID: 55197-2-200

**Lab Order:** N036051 **Collection Date:** 6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM

Project: Matrix: SOIL

**Lab ID:** N036051-008

Analyses Result MDL PQL Qual Units DF Date Analyzed

**HEXAVALENT CHROMIUM BY IC** 

EPA 3060A EPA 7199

 RunID:
 NV00922-IC6\_190618A
 QC Batch:
 74234
 PrepDate
 6/17/2019
 Analyst:
 RAB

 Hexavalent Chromium
 4.6
 0.059
 0.20
 mg/Kg-dry
 1
 6/18/2019 10:34 PM

Qualifiers: B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference

DO Surrogate Diluted Out

E Value above quantitation range

ND Not Detected at the Reporting Limit
Results are wet unless otherwise specified



CALIFORNIA | P:562.219.7435 F:562.219.7436 11110 Artesia Blvd., Ste B, Cerritos, CA 90703 ELAP Cert 2921 EPA ID CA01638

ASSET Laboratories Print Date: 05-Jul-19

CLIENT: CH2M HILL Client Sample ID: 55197-3 1/4x4

**Lab Order:** N036051 **Collection Date:** 6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM

Project: Matrix: SOIL

**Lab ID:** N036051-009

Analyses Result MDL PQL Qual Units DF Date Analyzed

**HEXAVALENT CHROMIUM BY IC** 

EPA 3060A EPA 7199

 RunID:
 NV00922-IC6\_190618A
 QC Batch:
 74234
 PrepDate
 6/17/2019
 Analyst:
 RAB

 Hexavalent Chromium
 8.1
 0.058
 0.20
 mg/Kg-dry
 1
 6/18/2019 11:44 PM

Qualifiers: B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

ASSET LABORATORIES

H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference

DO Surrogate Diluted Out

E Value above quantitation range



ASSET Laboratories Print Date: 05-Jul-19

CLIENT: CH2M HILL Client Sample ID: 55197-3 4x701

**Lab Order:** N036051 **Collection Date:** 6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM

Project: Matrix: SOIL

**Lab ID:** N036051-010

Analyses Result MDL PQL Qual Units DF Date Analyzed

**HEXAVALENT CHROMIUM BY IC** 

EPA 3060A EPA 7199

 RunID:
 NV00922-IC6\_190618A
 QC Batch:
 74234
 PrepDate
 6/17/2019
 Analyst:
 RAB

 Hexavalent Chromium
 17
 0.29
 1.0
 mg/Kg-dry
 5
 6/19/2019 04:39 AM

Qualifiers: B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference

DO Surrogate Diluted Out

E Value above quantitation range



ASSET Laboratories Print Date: 05-Jul-19

CLIENT: CH2M HILL Client Sample ID: 55197-3 70x200

**Lab Order:** N036051 **Collection Date:** 6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM

0.29

Project: Matrix: SOIL

25

Lab ID: N036051-011

Analyses Result MDL PQL Qual Units DF Date Analyzed

HEXAVALENT CHROMIUM BY IC

EPA 3060A

EPA 7199

Hexavalent Chromium

RunID: NV00922-IC6\_190618A QC Batch: 74234 PrepDate 6/17/2019 Analyst: RAB

1.0

mg/Kg-dry

5

6/19/2019 03:39 AM

Qualifiers: B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference

DO Surrogate Diluted Out

E Value above quantitation range

ND Not Detected at the Reporting Limit



Print Date: 05-Jul-19

**ASSET Laboratories** 

**CLIENT:** CH2M HILL **Client Sample ID:** 55197-3-200

Lab Order: N036051 Collection Date: 6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM

**Project:** Matrix: SOIL

Lab ID: N036051-012

Analyses Result MDL **PQL** Qual Units DF **Date Analyzed** 

**HEXAVALENT CHROMIUM BY IC** 

**EPA 3060A EPA 7199** 

RunID: NV00922-IC6\_190618A QC Batch: 74234 PrepDate 6/17/2019 Analyst: RAB Hexavalent Chromium 57 0.29 1.0 mg/Kg-dry 5 6/19/2019 03:59 AM

Qualifiers: Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank В

> Н Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference

Е Value above quantitation range

ND Not Detected at the Reporting Limit Results are wet unless otherwise specified

DO Surrogate Diluted Out

CALIFORNIA | P:562.219.7435 F:562.219.7436 11110 Artesia Blvd., Ste B, Cerritos, CA 90703 **ELAP Cert 2921** 

**EPA ID CA01638** 

NEVADA | P:702.307.2659 F:702.307.2691 3151 W. Post Rd., Las Vegas, NV 89118 ELAP Cert 2676 | NV Cert NV00922 ORELAP/NELAP Cert 4046

**ASSET Laboratories** Print Date: 05-Jul-19

**CLIENT: Client Sample ID:** 55197-4 1/4x4 CH2M HILL

Lab Order: N036051 Collection Date: 6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM

**Project:** Matrix: SOIL

Lab ID: N036051-013

Analyses Result MDL **PQL** Qual Units DF Date Analyzed

**HEXAVALENT CHROMIUM BY IC** 

**EPA 3060A EPA 7199** 

RunID: NV00922-IC6\_190618A QC Batch: 74234 PrepDate 6/17/2019 Analyst: RAB 6/19/2019 12:04 AM Hexavalent Chromium 6.7 0.059 0.20 mg/Kg-dry

Qualifiers: Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank В

ASSET LABORATORIES

Н Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference

DO Surrogate Diluted Out Е Value above quantitation range

ND Not Detected at the Reporting Limit Results are wet unless otherwise specified

CALIFORNIA | P:562.219.7435 F:562.219.7436

11110 Artesia Blvd., Ste B, Cerritos, CA 90703 **ELAP Cert 2921 EPA ID CA01638** 

ASSET Laboratories Print Date: 05-Jul-19

CLIENT: CH2M HILL Client Sample ID: 55197-4 4x701

**Lab Order:** N036051 **Collection Date:** 6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM

Project: Matrix: SOIL

**Lab ID:** N036051-014

Analyses Result MDL PQL Qual Units DF Date Analyzed

**HEXAVALENT CHROMIUM BY IC** 

EPA 3060A EPA 7199

 RunID:
 NV00922-IC6\_190618A
 QC Batch:
 74234
 PrepDate
 6/17/2019
 Analyst:
 RAB

 Hexavalent Chromium
 10
 0.058
 0.20
 mg/Kg-dry
 1
 6/19/2019
 12:14 AM

Qualifiers: B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference

DO Surrogate Diluted Out

E Value above quantitation range

ND Not Detected at the Reporting Limit



ASSET Laboratories Print Date: 05-Jul-19

CLIENT: CH2M HILL Client Sample ID: 55197-4 70x200

**Lab Order:** N036051 **Collection Date:** 6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM

Project: Matrix: SOIL

**Lab ID:** N036051-015

Analyses Result MDL PQL Qual Units DF Date Analyzed

**HEXAVALENT CHROMIUM BY IC** 

EPA 3060A EPA 7199

 RunID:
 NV00922-IC6\_190618A
 QC Batch:
 74234
 PrepDate
 6/17/2019
 Analyst:
 RAB

 Hexavalent Chromium
 13
 0.058
 0.20
 mg/Kg-dry
 1
 6/19/2019
 12:24 AM

Qualifiers: B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference

DO Surrogate Diluted Out

E Value above quantitation range



ASSET Laboratories Print Date: 05-Jul-19

CLIENT: CH2M HILL Client Sample ID: 55197-4-200

**Lab Order:** N036051 **Collection Date:** 6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM

Project: Matrix: SOIL

**Lab ID:** N036051-016

Analyses Result MDL PQL Qual Units DF Date Analyzed

**HEXAVALENT CHROMIUM BY IC** 

EPA 3060A EPA 7199

 RunID:
 NV00922-IC6\_190618A
 QC Batch:
 74234
 PrepDate
 6/17/2019
 Analyst:
 RAB

 Hexavalent Chromium
 27
 0.30
 1.0
 mg/Kg-dry
 5
 6/19/2019 04:19 AM

Qualifiers: B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

ASSET LABORATORIES

H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference

DO Surrogate Diluted Out

E Value above quantitation range

ND Not Detected at the Reporting Limit
Results are wet unless otherwise specified

CALIFORNIA | P:562.219.7435 F:562.219.7436 11110 Artesia Blvd., Ste B, Cerritos, CA 90703 ELAP Cert 2921

**EPA ID CA01638** 

NEVADA | P:702.307.2659 F:702.307.2691 3151 W. Post Rd., Las Vegas, NV 89118 ELAP Cert 2676 | NV Cert NV00922 ORELAP/NELAP Cert 4046

ASSET Laboratories Print Date: 05-Jul-19

CLIENT: CH2M HILL Client Sample ID: 55197-5 1/4x4

**Lab Order:** N036051 **Collection Date:** 6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM

Project: Matrix: SOIL

**Lab ID:** N036051-017

Analyses Result MDL PQL Qual Units DF Date Analyzed

**HEXAVALENT CHROMIUM BY IC** 

EPA 3060A EPA 7199

 RunID:
 NV00922-IC6\_190618A
 QC Batch:
 74234
 PrepDate
 6/17/2019
 Analyst:
 RAB

 Hexavalent Chromium
 3.8
 0.058
 0.20
 mg/Kg-dry
 1
 6/19/2019
 12:34 AM

Qualifiers: B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference

DO Surrogate Diluted Out

E Value above quantitation range

ND Not Detected at the Reporting Limit



Print Date: 05-Jul-19

ASSET Laboratories

CLIENT: CH2M HILL Client Sample ID: 55197-5 4x701

**Lab Order:** N036051 **Collection Date:** 6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM

Project: Matrix: SOIL

**Lab ID:** N036051-018

Analyses Result MDL PQL Qual Units DF Date Analyzed

**HEXAVALENT CHROMIUM BY IC** 

EPA 3060A EPA 7199

 RunID:
 NV00922-IC6\_190621A
 QC Batch:
 74283
 PrepDate
 6/20/2019
 Analyst:
 RAB

 Hexavalent Chromium
 16
 0.29
 1.0
 mg/Kg-dry
 5
 6/21/2019
 12:15 PM

Qualifiers: B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference

DO Surrogate Diluted Out

E Value above quantitation range





5

**ASSET Laboratories** Print Date: 05-Jul-19

**CLIENT:** CH2M HILL **Client Sample ID:** 55197-5 70x200

Lab Order: N036051 Collection Date: 6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM

**Project:** Matrix: SOIL

17

Analyses Result MDL **PQL** Qual Units DF **Date Analyzed** 

**HEXAVALENT CHROMIUM BY IC EPA 3060A EPA 7199** 

N036051-019

Lab ID:

RunID: NV00922-IC6\_190621A QC Batch: 74283 PrepDate 6/20/2019 Analyst: RAB

Hexavalent Chromium 0.29 1.0 mg/Kg-dry 6/21/2019 12:25 PM

Qualifiers: Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank В

Н Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference

DO Surrogate Diluted Out Е Value above quantitation range



Print Date: 05-Jul-19

ASSET Laboratories

CLIENT: CH2M HILL Client Sample ID: 55197-5-200

**Lab Order:** N036051 **Collection Date:** 6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM

Project: Matrix: SOIL

**Lab ID:** N036051-020

Analyses Result MDL PQL Qual Units DF Date Analyzed

**HEXAVALENT CHROMIUM BY IC** 

EPA 3060A EPA 7199

 RunID:
 NV00922-IC6\_190621A
 QC Batch:
 74283
 PrepDate
 6/20/2019
 Analyst:
 RAB

 Hexavalent Chromium
 29
 0.29
 1.0
 mg/Kg-dry
 5
 6/21/2019
 12:35 PM

Qualifiers: B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference

DO Surrogate Diluted Out

E Value above quantitation range



ASSET Laboratories Print Date: 05-Jul-19

CLIENT: CH2M HILL Client Sample ID: 55197-6 1/4x4

**Lab Order:** N036051 **Collection Date:** 6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM

Project: Matrix: SOIL

**Lab ID:** N036051-021

Analyses Result MDL PQL Qual Units DF Date Analyzed

**HEXAVALENT CHROMIUM BY IC** 

EPA 3060A EPA 7199

 RunID:
 NV00922-IC6\_190621A
 QC Batch:
 74283
 PrepDate
 6/20/2019
 Analyst:
 RAB

 Hexavalent Chromium
 7.4
 0.058
 0.20
 mg/Kg-dry
 1
 6/21/2019 05:01 PM

Qualifiers: B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference

DO Surrogate Diluted Out

E Value above quantitation range



ASSET Laboratories Print Date: 05-Jul-19

CLIENT: CH2M HILL Client Sample ID: 55197-6 4x701

**Lab Order:** N036051 **Collection Date:** 6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM

Project: Matrix: SOIL

**Lab ID:** N036051-022

Analyses Result MDL PQL Qual Units DF Date Analyzed

**HEXAVALENT CHROMIUM BY IC** 

EPA 3060A EPA 7199

 RunID:
 NV00922-IC6\_190621A
 QC Batch:
 74283
 PrepDate
 6/20/2019
 Analyst:
 RAB

 Hexavalent Chromium
 17
 0.29
 1.0
 mg/Kg-dry
 5
 6/21/2019
 12:55 PM

Qualifiers: B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference

DO Surrogate Diluted Out

E Value above quantitation range

ND Not Detected at the Reporting Limit
Results are wet unless otherwise specified



CALIFORNIA | P:562.219.7435 F:562.219.7436 11110 Artesia Blvd., Ste B, Cerritos, CA 90703 ELAP Cert 2921 EPA ID CA01638

ASSET Laboratories Print Date: 05-Jul-19

CLIENT: CH2M HILL Client Sample ID: 55197-6 70x200

**Lab Order:** N036051 **Collection Date:** 6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM

Project: Matrix: SOIL

**Lab ID:** N036051-023

Analyses Result MDL PQL Qual Units DF Date Analyzed

**HEXAVALENT CHROMIUM BY IC** 

EPA 3060A EPA 7199

 RunID:
 NV00922-IC6\_190621A
 QC Batch:
 74283
 PrepDate
 6/20/2019
 Analyst:
 RAB

 Hexavalent Chromium
 20
 0.29
 1.0
 mg/Kg-dry
 5
 6/21/2019
 02:14 PM

Qualifiers: B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference

DO Surrogate Diluted Out

E Value above quantitation range

ND Not Detected at the Reporting Limit
Results are wet unless otherwise specified

CALIFORNIA | P:562.219.7435 F:562.219.7436 11110 Artesia Blvd., Ste B, Cerritos, CA 90703 ELAP Cert 2921

**EPA ID CA01638** 

NEVADA | P:702.307.2659 F:702.307.2691 3151 W. Post Rd., Las Vegas, NV 89118 ELAP Cert 2676 | NV Cert NV00922 ORELAP/NELAP Cert 4046

ASSET Laboratories Print Date: 05-Jul-19

CLIENT: CH2M HILL Client Sample ID: 55197-6-200

**Lab Order:** N036051 **Collection Date:** 6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM

Project: Matrix: SOIL

**Lab ID:** N036051-024

Analyses Result MDL PQL Qual Units DF Date Analyzed

**HEXAVALENT CHROMIUM BY IC** 

EPA 3060A EPA 7199

 RunID:
 NV00922-IC6\_190621A
 QC Batch:
 74283
 PrepDate
 6/20/2019
 Analyst:
 RAB

 Hexavalent Chromium
 42
 0.29
 1.0
 mg/Kg-dry
 5
 6/21/2019
 02:04 PM

Qualifiers: B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference

DO Surrogate Diluted Out

E Value above quantitation range



ASSET Laboratories Print Date: 05-Jul-19

CLIENT: CH2M HILL Client Sample ID: 55197-7 1/4x4

**Lab Order:** N036051 **Collection Date:** 6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM

Project: Matrix: SOIL

**Lab ID:** N036051-025

Analyses Result MDL PQL Qual Units DF Date Analyzed

**HEXAVALENT CHROMIUM BY IC** 

EPA 3060A EPA 7199

 RunID:
 NV00922-IC6\_190621A
 QC Batch:
 74283
 PrepDate
 6/20/2019
 Analyst:
 RAB

 Hexavalent Chromium
 5.3
 0.058
 0.20
 mg/Kg-dry
 1
 6/21/2019 05:21 PM

Qualifiers: B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference

DO Surrogate Diluted Out

E Value above quantitation range

ND Not Detected at the Reporting Limit



Print Date: 05-Jul-19

ASSET Laboratories

CLIENT: CH2M HILL Client Sample ID: 55197-7 4x701

**Lab Order:** N036051 **Collection Date:** 6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM

Project: Matrix: SOIL

**Lab ID:** N036051-026

Analyses Result MDL PQL Qual Units DF Date Analyzed

**HEXAVALENT CHROMIUM BY IC** 

EPA 3060A EPA 7199

 RunID:
 NV00922-IC6\_190621A
 QC Batch:
 74283
 PrepDate
 6/20/2019
 Analyst:
 RAB

 Hexavalent Chromium
 22
 0.29
 1.0
 mg/Kg-dry
 5
 6/21/2019 01:45 PM

Qualifiers: B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference

DO Surrogate Diluted Out

E Value above quantitation range



Print Date: 05-Jul-19

**ASSET Laboratories** 

CLIENT: CH2M HILL Client Sample ID: 55197-7 70x200

**Lab Order:** N036051 **Collection Date:** 6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM

Project: Matrix: SOIL

**Lab ID:** N036051-027

Analyses Result MDL PQL Qual Units DF Date Analyzed

**HEXAVALENT CHROMIUM BY IC** 

EPA 3060A EPA 7199

 RunID:
 NV00922-IC6\_190621A
 QC Batch:
 74283
 PrepDate
 6/20/2019
 Analyst:
 RAB

 Hexavalent Chromium
 28
 0.29
 1.0
 mg/Kg-dry
 5
 6/21/2019
 12:03 PM

Qualifiers: B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference

DO Surrogate Diluted Out

E Value above quantitation range

ND Not Detected at the Reporting Limit



Print Date: 05-Jul-19

ASSET Laboratories

CLIENT: CH2M HILL Client Sample ID: 55197-7-200

**Lab Order:** N036051 **Collection Date:** 6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM

Project: Matrix: SOIL

**Lab ID:** N036051-028

Analyses Result MDL PQL Qual Units DF Date Analyzed

**HEXAVALENT CHROMIUM BY IC** 

EPA 3060A EPA 7199

 RunID:
 NV00922-IC6\_190621A
 QC Batch:
 74283
 PrepDate
 6/20/2019
 Analyst:
 RAB

 Hexavalent Chromium
 49
 0.29
 1.0
 mg/Kg-dry
 5
 6/21/2019 01:15 PM

Qualifiers: B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference

DO Surrogate Diluted Out

E Value above quantitation range

ND Not Detected at the Reporting Limit
Results are wet unless otherwise specified



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Date: 05-Jul-19

CLIENT: CH2M HILL Work Order: N036051

# ANALYTICAL QC SUMMARY REPORT

Project:

TestCode: 7199\_S\_PGE

CI- ID	MB = 400.4	O T	MBLK	T401	-: <b>-</b> 1400 0 D	OF U-34 #4		D D-4	0/47/0040	D Mar. 4		
	MB-74234	SampType:			e: <b>7199_S_P</b>			•	6/17/2019	RunNo: 1		
Client ID:	PBS	Batch ID:	74234	TestN	o: <b>EPA 7199</b>	EPA 3060A		Analysis Date:	6/18/2019	SeqNo: 3	115700	
Analyte			Result	PQL	SPK value	SPK Ref Val	%REC	LowLimit H	lighLimit RPD Ref V	′al %RPD	RPDLimit	Qual
Hexavalent	Chromium		ND	0.20								
Sample ID	LCS-74234	SampType:	LCS	TestCod	e: <b>7199_S_P</b>	GE Units: mg/Kg		Prep Date:	6/17/2019	RunNo: 1	34606	
Client ID:	LCSS	Batch ID:	74234	TestN	o: <b>EPA 7199</b>	EPA 3060A		Analysis Date:	6/18/2019	SeqNo: 3	115701	
Analyte			Result	PQL	SPK value	SPK Ref Val	%REC	LowLimit H	lighLimit RPD Ref V	′al %RPD	RPDLimit	Qual
Hexavalent	Chromium		4.029	0.20	3.989	0	101	80	120			
Sample ID	N036051-002A-REP	SampType:	DUP	TestCod	e: <b>7199_S_P</b>	GE Units: mg/Kg-	-dry	Prep Date:	6/17/2019	RunNo: 1	34606	
Client ID:	ZZZZZZ	Batch ID:	74234	TestN	o: <b>EPA 7199</b>	EPA 3060A		Analysis Date:	6/19/2019	SeqNo: 3	115717	
Analyte			Result	PQL	SPK value	SPK Ref Val	%REC	LowLimit H	lighLimit RPD Ref V	al %RPD	RPDLimit	Qual
Hexavalent	Chromium		17.667	1.0					17.4	1.20	20	
Sample ID	N036051-002A-DUP	SampType:	DUP	TestCod	e: <b>7199_S_P</b>	GE Units: mg/Kg-	-dry	Prep Date:	6/17/2019	RunNo: 1	34606	
Client ID:	ZZZZZZ	Batch ID:	74234	TestN	o: <b>EPA 7199</b>	EPA 3060A		Analysis Date:	6/19/2019	SeqNo: 3	115718	
Analyte			Result	PQL	SPK value	SPK Ref Val	%REC	LowLimit H	lighLimit RPD Ref V	al %RPD	RPDLimit	Qual
Hexavalent	Chromium		17.538	1.0					17.4	16 0.459	20	
Sample ID	N036051-002A-MS	SampType:	MS	TestCod	e: <b>7199_S_P</b>	GE Units: mg/Kg-	-dry	Prep Date:	6/17/2019	RunNo: 1	34606	
Client ID:	ZZZZZZ	Batch ID:	74234	TestN	o: <b>EPA 7199</b>	EPA 3060A		Analysis Date:	6/19/2019	SeqNo: 3	115719	
Analyte			Result	PQL	SPK value	SPK Ref Val	%REC	LowLimit H	lighLimit RPD Ref V	al %RPD	RPDLimit	Qual
Hexavalent	Chromium		21.267	1.0	4.008	17.46	95.1	75	125			

#### Qualifiers:

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- DO Surrogate Diluted Out

- E Value above quantitation range
- R RPD outside accepted recovery limits
  - Calculations are based on raw values

- H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded
- S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference



CH2M HILL **CLIENT:** 

Work Order: N036051 ANALYTICAL QC SUMMARY REPORT

TestCode: 7199\_S\_PGE **Project:** 

Sample ID	N036051-002A-MSD	SampType:	MSD	TestCod	e: <b>7199_S_P</b>	<b>GE</b> Uni	its: mg/Kg	j-dry	Prep Date	e: <b>6/17/2</b> 0	)19	RunNo: 13	4606	
Client ID:	ZZZZZZ	Batch ID:	74234	TestN	o: <b>EPA 7199</b>	EP	A 3060A		Analysis Date	e: <b>6/19/2</b> 0	019	SeqNo: 34	15720	
Analyte			Result	PQL	SPK value	SPK Re	ef Val	%REC	LowLimit	HighLimit	RPD Ref Val	%RPD	RPDLimit	Qual
Hexavalent	Chromium		21.142	1.0	4.008		17.46	91.9	75	125	21.27	0.588	20	
Sample ID	N036051-002A-MS I	SampType:	MS	TestCod	e: <b>7199_S_P</b>	<b>GE</b> Uni	its: mg/Kg	j-dry	Prep Date	e: <b>6/17/2</b> 0	)19	RunNo: 13	4606	
Client ID:	ZZZZZZ	Batch ID:	74234	TestN	o: <b>EPA 7199</b>	EP	A 3060A		Analysis Date	e: <b>6/19/2</b> 0	)19	SeqNo: 34	15721	
Analyte			Result	PQL	SPK value	SPK Re	ef Val	%REC	LowLimit	HighLimit	RPD Ref Val	%RPD	RPDLimit	Qual
Hexavalent	Chromium		667.891	10	663.1	,	17.46	98.1	75	125				
Sample ID	N036051-003A-REP	SampType:	DUP	TestCod	e: <b>7199_S_P</b>	<b>GE</b> Uni	its: mg/Kg	j-dry	Prep Date	e: <b>6/17/2</b> 0	)19	RunNo: 13	4606	
Client ID:	ZZZZZZ	Batch ID:	74234	TestN	o: <b>EPA 7199</b>	EP	A 3060A		Analysis Date	e: <b>6/19/2</b> 0	)19	SeqNo: 34	15723	
Analyte			Result	PQL	SPK value	SPK Re	ef Val	%REC	LowLimit	HighLimit	RPD Ref Val	%RPD	RPDLimit	Qual
Hexavalent	Chromium		19.084	1.0							19.14	0.317	20	
Sample ID	N036051-004A-REP	SampType:	DUP	TestCod	e: <b>7199_S_P</b>	<b>GE</b> Uni	its: mg/Kg	ı-dry	Prep Date	e: <b>6/17/2</b> 0	)19	RunNo: 13	4606	
Client ID:	ZZZZZZ	Batch ID:	74234	TestN	o: <b>EPA 7199</b>	EP	A 3060A		Analysis Date	e: <b>6/19/2</b> 0	)19	SeqNo: 34	15725	
Analyte			Result	PQL	SPK value	SPK Re	ef Val	%REC	LowLimit	HighLimit	RPD Ref Val	%RPD	RPDLimit	Qual
Hexavalent	Chromium		21.600	1.0							21.39	0.955	20	
Sample ID	N036051-011A-REP	SampType:	DUP	TestCod	e: <b>7199_S_P</b>	<b>GE</b> Uni	its: mg/Kg	j-dry	Prep Date	e: <b>6/17/2</b> 0	)19	RunNo: 13	4606	
Client ID:	ZZZZZZ	Batch ID:	74234	TestN	o: <b>EPA 7199</b>	EP	A 3060A		Analysis Date	e: <b>6/19/2</b> 0	)19	SeqNo: 34	15729	
Analyte			Result	PQL	SPK value	SPK Re	ef Val	%REC	LowLimit	HighLimit	RPD Ref Val	%RPD	RPDLimit	Qual
Hexavalent	Chromium		25.439	1.0						_	25.45	0.0552	20	

#### Qualifiers:

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- RPD outside accepted recovery limits

Calculations are based on raw values

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- Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference



CLIENT: CH2M HILL

Work Order: N036051

ANALYTICAL QC SUMMARY REPORT

Project: TestCode: 7199\_S\_PGE

Sample ID	N036051-012A-REP	SampType:	DUP	TestCode: 7199_S_PGE Units: mg/Kg-dry Prep Date: 6/17/2019	RunNo: <b>134606</b>
Client ID:	ZZZZZZ	Batch ID:	74234	TestNo: EPA 7199 EPA 3060A Analysis Date: 6/19/2019	SeqNo: <b>3415731</b>
Analyte			Result	PQL SPK value SPK Ref Val %REC LowLimit HighLimit RPD Ref Val	%RPD RPDLimit Qual
Hexavalen	Chromium		57.113	1.0 56.50	1.07 20
Sample ID	N036051-016A-REP	SampType:	DUP	TestCode: 7199_S_PGE Units: mg/Kg-dry Prep Date: 6/17/2019	RunNo: <b>134606</b>
Client ID:	ZZZZZZ	Batch ID:	74234	TestNo: EPA 7199 EPA 3060A Analysis Date: 6/19/2019	SeqNo: <b>3415733</b>
Analyte			Result	PQL SPK value SPK Ref Val %REC LowLimit HighLimit RPD Ref Val	%RPD RPDLimit Qual
Hexavalen	Chromium		27.538	1.0 27.39	0.526 20
Sample ID	N036051-010A-REP	SampType:	DUP	TestCode: 7199_S_PGE Units: mg/Kg-dry Prep Date: 6/17/2019	RunNo: <b>134606</b>
Client ID:	ZZZZZZ	Batch ID:	74234	TestNo: EPA 7199 EPA 3060A Analysis Date: 6/19/2019	SeqNo: <b>3415735</b>
Analyte			Result	PQL SPK value SPK Ref Val %REC LowLimit HighLimit RPD Ref Val	%RPD RPDLimit Qual
Hexavalen	Chromium		17.259	1.0 17.47	1.23 20
Sample ID	N036051-007A-REP	SampType:	DUP	TestCode: 7199_S_PGE Units: mg/Kg-dry Prep Date: 6/17/2019	RunNo: <b>134606</b>
Client ID:	ZZZZZZ	Batch ID:	74234	TestNo: EPA 7199 EPA 3060A Analysis Date: 6/19/2019	SeqNo: <b>3415736</b>
Analyte			Result	PQL SPK value SPK Ref Val %REC LowLimit HighLimit RPD Ref Val	%RPD RPDLimit Qual
Hexavalen	Chromium		5.231	0.20 5.218	0.255 20
Sample ID	N036051-008A-REP	SampType:	DUP	TestCode: 7199_S_PGE Units: mg/Kg-dry Prep Date: 6/17/2019	RunNo: <b>134606</b>
Client ID:	ZZZZZZ	Batch ID:	74234	TestNo: EPA 7199	SeqNo: <b>3415737</b>
Analyte			Result	PQL SPK value SPK Ref Val %REC LowLimit HighLimit RPD Ref Val	%RPD RPDLimit Qual
Hexavalen	Chromium		4.629	0.20 4.554	1.63 20

#### Qualifiers:

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- E Value above quantitation range
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  Calculations are based on raw values

- H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded
- S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference



**CLIENT:** CH2M HILL

Work Order: N036051 ANALYTICAL QC SUMMARY REPORT

TestCode: 7199\_S\_PGE **Project:** 

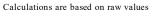
Sample ID N0360	1-009A-REP	SampType:	DUP	TestCod	e: <b>7199_S_P</b>	GE Units: mg/	/Kg-dry	Prep Date	6/17/2019	9	RunNo: 13	4606	
Client ID: ZZZZZ	Z	Batch ID:	74234	TestN	o: <b>EPA 7199</b>	EPA 3060A	١	Analysis Date	6/19/2019	9	SeqNo: 34	15740	
Analyte			Result	PQL	SPK value	SPK Ref Val	%REC	LowLimit F	HighLimit F	RPD Ref Val	%RPD	RPDLimit	Qual
Hexavalent Chromi	ım		8.070	0.20						8.084	0.180	20	
Sample ID N03608	1-013A-REP	SampType:	DUP	TestCod	e: <b>7199_S_P</b>	GE Units: mg/	/Kg-dry	Prep Date:	6/17/2019	9	RunNo: 13	4606	
Client ID: ZZZZZ	<u>z</u>	Batch ID:	74234	TestN	o: <b>EPA 7199</b>	EPA 3060A		Analysis Date	6/19/2019	9	SeqNo: 34	15741	
Analyte			Result	PQL	SPK value	SPK Ref Val	%REC	LowLimit H	HighLimit F	RPD Ref Val	%RPD	RPDLimit	Qual
Hexavalent Chromi	ım		6.626	0.20						6.710	1.26	20	
Sample ID N0360	1-014A-REP	SampType:	DUP	TestCod	e: <b>7199_S_P</b>	GE Units: mg/	/Kg-dry	Prep Date:	6/17/2019	9	RunNo: 13	4606	
Client ID: ZZZZZ	Z	Batch ID:	74234	TestN	o: <b>EPA 7199</b>	EPA 3060A	١.	Analysis Date	6/19/2019	e	SeqNo: 34	15742	
Analyte			Result	PQL	SPK value	SPK Ref Val	%REC	LowLimit F	HighLimit F	RPD Ref Val	%RPD	RPDLimit	Qual
Hexavalent Chromi	ım		10.338	0.20						10.46	1.20	20	
Sample ID N03608	1-015A-REP	SampType:	DUP	TestCod	e: <b>7199_S_P</b>	GE Units: mg/	/Kg-dry	Prep Date:	6/17/2019	9	RunNo: 13	4606	
Client ID: ZZZZZ	Z	Batch ID:	74234	TestN	o: <b>EPA 7199</b>	EPA 3060A		Analysis Date	6/19/2019	9	SeqNo: 34	15743	
Analyte			Result	PQL	SPK value	SPK Ref Val	%REC	LowLimit F	HighLimit F	RPD Ref Val	%RPD	RPDLimit	Qual
Hexavalent Chromi	ım		12.885	0.20						12.84	0.349	20	
Sample ID N03608	1-017A-REP	SampType:	DUP	TestCod	e: <b>7199_S_P</b>	GE Units: mg/	/Kg-dry	Prep Date	6/17/2019	9	RunNo: 13	4606	
Client ID: ZZZZZ	Z	Batch ID:	74234	TestN	o: <b>EPA 7199</b>	EPA 3060A	<b>\</b>	Analysis Date	6/19/2019	9	SeqNo: 34	15744	
Analyte			Result	PQL	SPK value	SPK Ref Val	%REC	LowLimit H	HighLimit F	RPD Ref Val	%RPD	RPDLimit	Qual
Hexavalent Chromi	um		3.809	0.20						3.771	0.999	20	

#### Qualifiers:

- B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank
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- Value above quantitation range
- RPD outside accepted recovery limits

H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference





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CLIENT: CH2M HILL

Work Order: N036051

**Project:** 

# ANALYTICAL QC SUMMARY REPORT

TestCode: 7199\_S\_PGE

Sample ID N036051-001A-REP	SampType: <b>DUP</b>	TestCode: 7199_S_PGE Units: mg/Kg-dry Prep Date: 6/17/2019 RunNo: 134606	
Client ID: ZZZZZZ	Batch ID: <b>74234</b>	TestNo: EPA 7199 EPA 3060A Analysis Date: 6/19/2019 SeqNo: 3415745	
Analyte	Result	PQL SPK value SPK Ref Val %REC LowLimit HighLimit RPD Ref Val %RPD RPDLimit Q	Qual
Hexavalent Chromium	7.994	0.20 8.034 0.492 20	
Sample ID N036051-005A-REP	SampType: <b>DUP</b>	TestCode: 7199_S_PGE Units: mg/Kg-dry Prep Date: 6/17/2019 RunNo: 134606	
Client ID: ZZZZZZ	Batch ID: <b>74234</b>	TestNo: EPA 7199 EPA 3060A Analysis Date: 6/19/2019 SeqNo: 3415746	
Analyte	Result	PQL SPK value SPK Ref Val %REC LowLimit HighLimit RPD Ref Val %RPD RPDLimit Q	Qual
Hexavalent Chromium	0.670	0.20 0.6636 0.904 20	
Sample ID N036051-006A-REP	SampType: <b>DUP</b>	TestCode: 7199_S_PGE Units: mg/Kg-dry Prep Date: 6/17/2019 RunNo: 134606	
Client ID: ZZZZZZ	Batch ID: <b>74234</b>	TestNo: EPA 7199 EPA 3060A Analysis Date: 6/19/2019 SeqNo: 3415747	
Analyte	Result	PQL SPK value SPK Ref Val %REC LowLimit HighLimit RPD Ref Val %RPD RPDLimit Q	Qual
Hexavalent Chromium	3.934	0.20 3.909 0.616 20	
Sample ID N036051-002A-PS	SampType: MS	TestCode: 7199_S_PGE Units: mg/Kg-dry Prep Date: RunNo: 134606	
Client ID: ZZZZZZ	Batch ID: <b>74234</b>	TestNo: EPA 7199 EPA 3060A Analysis Date: 6/19/2019 SeqNo: 3415748	
Analyte	Result	PQL SPK value SPK Ref Val %REC LowLimit HighLimit RPD Ref Val %RPD RPDLimit Q	Qual
Hexavalent Chromium	37.711	1.0 20.08 17.46 101 75 125	
Sample ID N036072-001C-REP	SampType: <b>DUP</b>	TestCode: 7199_S_PGE Units: mg/Kg-dry Prep Date: 6/17/2019 RunNo: 134606	
Client ID: ZZZZZZ	Batch ID: <b>74234</b>	TestNo: EPA 7199 EPA 3060A Analysis Date: 6/19/2019 SeqNo: 3415752	
Analyte	Result	PQL SPK value SPK Ref Val %REC LowLimit HighLimit RPD Ref Val %RPD RPDLimit Q	Qual
Hexavalent Chromium	0.073	0.23 0.06918 0 20	

#### Qualifiers:

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- DO Surrogate Diluted Out

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  Calculations are based on raw values

- H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded
- S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference



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NEVADA | P:702.307.2659 F:702.307.2691 3151 W. Post Rd., Las Vegas, NV 89118 ELAP Cert 2676 | NV Cert NV00922 ORELAP/NELAP Cert 4046 **CLIENT:** CH2M HILL

Work Order: N036051

# ANALYTICAL QC SUMMARY REPORT

H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference

TestCode: 7199\_S\_PGE **Project:** 

Sample ID N036073-001C-REP	SampType: <b>DUP</b>	TestCode: 7199_S_PGE Units: mg/Kg-dry Prep Date: 6/17/201	
Client ID: ZZZZZZ	Batch ID: <b>74234</b>	TestNo: <b>EPA 7199 EPA 3060A</b> Analysis Date: <b>6/19/201</b>	9 SeqNo: <b>3415754</b>
Analyte	Result	PQL SPK value SPK Ref Val %REC LowLimit HighLimit F	RPD Ref Val %RPD RPDLimit Qual
Hexavalent Chromium	0.209	0.23	0.2339 0 20
Sample ID N036074-001C-REP	SampType: <b>DUP</b>	TestCode: 7199_S_PGE Units: mg/Kg-dry Prep Date: 6/17/201	9 RunNo: 134606
Sample ID N036074-001C-REP Client ID: ZZZZZZ	SampType: <b>DUP</b> Batch ID: <b>74234</b>	TestCode: 7199_S_PGE         Units: mg/Kg-dry         Prep Date: 6/17/201           TestNo: EPA 7199         EPA 3060A         Analysis Date: 6/19/201	
,			9 SeqNo: 3415756

#### Qualifiers:

- B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank
- ND Not Detected at the Reporting Limit
- DO Surrogate Diluted Out

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EPA ID CA01638

RPD outside accepted recovery limits

Calculations are based on raw values

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- Value above quantitation range

NEVADA | P:702.307.2659 F:702.307.2691

CLIENT: CH2M HILL

Work Order: N036051

# ANALYTICAL QC SUMMARY REPORT

Project: TestCode: 7199\_S\_PGE

Sample ID	MB-74283	SampType:	MBLK	TestCod	e: <b>7199_S_P</b>	GE Units: mg/Kg		Prep Date:	6/20/2019		RunNo: 134	1699	
Client ID:	PBS	Batch ID:	74283	TestN	o: <b>EPA 7199</b>	EPA 3060A		Analysis Date:	6/21/2019		SeqNo: 34	19471	
Analyte			Result	PQL	SPK value	SPK Ref Val	%REC	LowLimit F	HighLimit RP	D Ref Val	%RPD	RPDLimit	Qual
Hexavalent	Chromium		ND	0.20									
Sample ID	LCS-74283	SampType:	LCS	TestCod	e: <b>7199_S_P</b>	GE Units: mg/Kg		Prep Date:	6/20/2019		RunNo: 134	1699	
Client ID:	LCSS	Batch ID:	74283	TestN	o: <b>EPA 7199</b>	EPA 3060A		Analysis Date:	6/21/2019		SeqNo: 34	19472	
Analyte			Result	PQL	SPK value	SPK Ref Val	%REC	LowLimit H	HighLimit RP	D Ref Val	%RPD	RPDLimit	Qual
Hexavalent	Chromium		4.023	0.20	3.996	0	101	80	120				
Sample ID	N036051-027A-DUP	SampType:	DUP	TestCod	e: <b>7199_S_P</b>	GE Units: mg/Kg-	dry	Prep Date:	6/20/2019		RunNo: 134	1699	
Client ID:	ZZZZZZ	Batch ID:	74283	TestN	o: <b>EPA 7199</b>	EPA 3060A		Analysis Date:	6/21/2019		SeqNo: 34	19478	
Analyte			Result	PQL	SPK value	SPK Ref Val	%REC	LowLimit F	lighLimit RP	D Ref Val	%RPD	RPDLimit	Qual
Hexavalent	Chromium		28.322	1.0						28.35	0.106	20	
Sample ID	N036051-027A-MS	SampType:	MS	TestCod	e: <b>7199_S_P</b>	GE Units: mg/Kg-	dry	Prep Date:	6/20/2019		RunNo: 134	1699	
Client ID:	ZZZZZZ	Batch ID:	74283	TestN	o: <b>EPA 7199</b>	EPA 3060A		Analysis Date:	6/21/2019		SeqNo: 34	19485	
Analyte			Result	PQL	SPK value	SPK Ref Val	%REC	LowLimit F	HighLimit RP	D Ref Val	%RPD	RPDLimit	Qual
Hexavalent	Chromium		30.938	1.0	4.010	28.35	64.5	75	125				S
Sample ID	N036051-027A-MSD	SampType:	MSD	TestCod	e: <b>7199_S_P</b>	GE Units: mg/Kg-	dry	Prep Date:	6/20/2019		RunNo: 134	4699	
Client ID:	ZZZZZZ	Batch ID:	74283	TestN	o: <b>EPA 7199</b>	EPA 3060A		Analysis Date:	6/21/2019		SeqNo: 34	19486	
Analyte			Result	PQL	SPK value	SPK Ref Val	%REC	LowLimit F	HighLimit RP	D Ref Val	%RPD	RPDLimit	Qual
Hexavalent	Chromium		31.200	1.0	4.008	28.35	71.1	75	125	30.94	0.844	20	S

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- H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

  S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference
- M36 NEVADA IP:702 307 2659 E:702 30



CLIENT: CH2M HILL

Work Order: N036051

# ANALYTICAL QC SUMMARY REPORT

Project: TestCode: 7199\_S\_PGE

Sample ID N036051-027A-MS I	SampType: MS	TestCode: 7199_S_PGE Units: mg/Kg-dry Prep Date: 6/20/2019	RunNo: <b>134699</b>
Client ID: ZZZZZZ	Batch ID: <b>74283</b>	TestNo: <b>EPA 7199 EPA 3060A</b> Analysis Date: <b>6/21/2019</b>	SeqNo: <b>3419487</b>
Analyte	Result	PQL SPK value SPK Ref Val %REC LowLimit HighLimit RPD Ref Val	%RPD RPDLimit Qual
Hexavalent Chromium	658.931	10 658.3 28.35 95.8 75 125	
Sample ID N036051-027A-PS	SampType: MS	TestCode: 7199_S_PGE Units: mg/Kg-dry Prep Date:	RunNo: 134699
Client ID: ZZZZZZ	Batch ID: <b>74283</b>	TestNo: EPA 7199 EPA 3060A Analysis Date: 6/21/2019	SeqNo: <b>3419488</b>
Analyte	Result	PQL SPK value SPK Ref Val %REC LowLimit HighLimit RPD Ref Val	%RPD RPDLimit Qual
Hexavalent Chromium	48.446	1.0 20.07 28.35 100 75 125	
Sample ID N036051-027A-REP Client ID: ZZZZZZ	SampType: <b>DUP</b> Batch ID: <b>74283</b>	TestCode: 7199_S_PGE Units: mg/Kg-dry Prep Date: 6/20/2019 TestNo: EPA 7199 EPA 3060A Analysis Date: 6/21/2019	RunNo: <b>134699</b> SeqNo: <b>3419489</b>
Analyte	Result	PQL SPK value SPK Ref Val %REC LowLimit HighLimit RPD Ref Val	%RPD RPDLimit Qual
Hexavalent Chromium	28.352	1.0 28.35	0 20
Sample ID N036051-018A-REP Client ID: ZZZZZZ	SampType: DUP Batch ID: 74283	TestCode:         7199_S_PGE         Units:         mg/Kg-dry         Prep Date:         6/20/2019           TestNo:         EPA 7199         EPA 3060A         Analysis Date:         6/21/2019	RunNo: <b>134699</b> SeqNo: <b>3419490</b>
Analyte	Result	PQL SPK value SPK Ref Val %REC LowLimit HighLimit RPD Ref Val	%RPD RPDLimit Qual
Hexavalent Chromium	15.997	1.0 15.64	2.29 20
Sample ID N036051-019A-REP Client ID: ZZZZZZ	SampType: DUP Batch ID: 74283	TestCode: 7199_S_PGE Units: mg/Kg-dry Prep Date: 6/20/2019 TestNo: EPA 7199 EPA 3060A Analysis Date: 6/21/2019	RunNo: <b>134699</b> SeqNo: <b>3419493</b>
Analyte	Result	PQL SPK value SPK Ref Val %REC LowLimit HighLimit RPD Ref Val	%RPD RPDLimit Qual
Hexavalent Chromium	17.072	1.0 16.98	0.522 20

#### Qualifiers:

- B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank
- ND Not Detected at the Reporting Limit
- DO Surrogate Diluted Out

- E Value above quantitation range
- R RPD outside accepted recovery limits
  - Calculations are based on raw values
    219.7436 NEVADA | P:702.307.2659 F:702.307.2691
- H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded
- S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference

CLIENT: CH2M HILL

Work Order: N036051

ANALYTICAL QC SUMMARY REPORT

Project: TestCode: 7199\_S\_PGE

Sample ID N036051-020A-RE		TestCode: 7199_S_PGE Units: mg/Kg-dry Prep Date: 6/20/2019	RunNo: <b>134699</b>
Client ID: ZZZZZZ	Batch ID: <b>74283</b>	TestNo: EPA 7199 EPA 3060A Analysis Date: 6/21/2019	SeqNo: <b>3419494</b>
Analyte	Result	PQL SPK value SPK Ref Val %REC LowLimit HighLimit RPD Ref Val	%RPD RPDLimit Qual
Hexavalent Chromium	29.725	1.0 28.95	2.65 20
Sample ID N036051-022A-RE	P SampType: DUP	TestCode: 7199_S_PGE Units: mg/Kg-dry Prep Date: 6/20/2019	RunNo: <b>134699</b>
Client ID: ZZZZZZ	Batch ID: <b>74283</b>	TestNo: EPA 7199 EPA 3060A Analysis Date: 6/21/2019	SeqNo: <b>3419495</b>
Analyte	Result	PQL SPK value SPK Ref Val %REC LowLimit HighLimit RPD Ref Val	%RPD RPDLimit Qual
Hexavalent Chromium	16.618	1.0 16.73	0.693 20
Sample ID N036051-028A-RE	P SampType: DUP	TestCode: 7199_S_PGE Units: mg/Kg-dry Prep Date: 6/20/2019	RunNo: <b>134699</b>
Client ID: ZZZZZZ	Batch ID: <b>74283</b>	TestNo: EPA 7199 EPA 3060A Analysis Date: 6/21/2019	SeqNo: <b>3419496</b>
Analyte	Result	PQL SPK value SPK Ref Val %REC LowLimit HighLimit RPD Ref Val	%RPD RPDLimit Qual
Hexavalent Chromium	49.439	1.0 49.18	0.520 20
Sample ID N036051-026A-RE	P SampType: <b>DUP</b>	TestCode: 7199_S_PGE Units: mg/Kg-dry Prep Date: 6/20/2019	RunNo: 134699
Client ID: ZZZZZZ	Batch ID: <b>74283</b>	TestNo: EPA 7199 EPA 3060A Analysis Date: 6/21/2019	SeqNo: <b>3419497</b>
Analyte	Result	PQL SPK value SPK Ref Val %REC LowLimit HighLimit RPD Ref Val	%RPD RPDLimit Qual
Hexavalent Chromium	21.740	1.0 21.67	0.311 20
Sample ID N036051-024A-RE	P SampType: DUP	TestCode: 7199_S_PGE Units: mg/Kg-dry Prep Date: 6/20/2019	RunNo: <b>134699</b>
Client ID: ZZZZZZ	Batch ID: <b>74283</b>	TestNo: EPA 7199 EPA 3060A Analysis Date: 6/21/2019	SeqNo: <b>3419498</b>
Analyte	Result	PQL SPK value SPK Ref Val %REC LowLimit HighLimit RPD Ref Val	%RPD RPDLimit Qual
Hexavalent Chromium	41.874	1.0 42.24	0.874 20

#### Qualifiers:

- B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank
- ND Not Detected at the Reporting Limit
- DO Surrogate Diluted Out

- E Value above quantitation range
- R RPD outside accepted recovery limits
  Calculations are based on raw values

- H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded
- S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference



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11110 Artesia Blvd., Ste B, Cerritos, CA 90703
ELAP Cert 2921
EPA ID CA01638

NEVADA|P:702.307.2659 F:702.307.2691 3151 W. Post Rd., Las Vegas, NV 89118 ELAP Cert 2676 | NV Cert NV00922 ORELAP/NELAP Cert 4046 CLIENT: CH2M HILL

Work Order: N036051

**Project:** 

# ANALYTICAL QC SUMMARY REPORT

TestCode: 7199\_S\_PGE

Sample ID N036051-023A-REP	SampType: <b>DUP</b>	TestCode: 7199_S_PGE Units: mg/Kg-dry Prep Date: 6/20/2019	RunNo: 134699
Client ID: ZZZZZZ	Batch ID: 74283	TestNo: EPA 7199 EPA 3060A Analysis Date: 6/21/2019	SeqNo: <b>3419499</b>
Analyte	Result	PQL SPK value SPK Ref Val %REC LowLimit HighLimit RPD Ref Val	%RPD RPDLimit Qual
Hexavalent Chromium	19.988	1.0 20.25	1.28 20
Sample ID N036051-021A-REP	SampType: <b>DUP</b>	TestCode: 7199_S_PGE Units: mg/Kg-dry Prep Date: 6/20/2019	RunNo: <b>134699</b>
Client ID: ZZZZZZ	Batch ID: <b>74283</b>	TestNo: EPA 7199	SeqNo: <b>3419501</b>
Analyte	Result	PQL SPK value SPK Ref Val %REC LowLimit HighLimit RPD Ref Val	%RPD RPDLimit Qual
Hexavalent Chromium	7.342	0.20 7.408	0.903 20
Sample ID N036051-025A-REP	SampType: <b>DUP</b>	TestCode: 7199_S_PGE Units: mg/Kg-dry Prep Date: 6/20/2019	RunNo: <b>134699</b>
Client ID: ZZZZZZ	Batch ID: <b>74283</b>	TestNo: EPA 7199 EPA 3060A Analysis Date: 6/21/2019	SeqNo: <b>3419505</b>
Analyte	Result	PQL SPK value SPK Ref Val %REC LowLimit HighLimit RPD Ref Val	%RPD RPDLimit Qual
Hexavalent Chromium	5.360	0.20 5.335	0.482 20

#### Qualifiers:

- B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank
- ND Not Detected at the Reporting Limit
- DO Surrogate Diluted Out

- E Value above quantitation range
- R RPD outside accepted recovery limits
  - Calculations are based on raw values
- H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

  S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference



ASSET Laboratories Print Date: 05-Jul-19

CLIENT: CH2M HILL Client Sample ID: 55197-1, -1/4x4M

Project: Matrix: SOIL
Lab ID: N036051-001

Analyses Result MDL PQL Qual Units DF Date Analyzed

PERCENT MOISTURE
D2216

 RunID:
 NV00922-WC\_190626A
 QC Batch:
 R134741
 PrepDate
 Analyst:
 LR

 Percent Moisture
 0.4217
 0.1000
 0.1000
 wt%
 1
 6/26/2019 09:30 AM

Qualifiers: B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference

DO Surrogate Diluted Out

E Value above quantitation range



6/26/2019 09:30 AM

ASSET Laboratories Print Date: 05-Jul-19

 CLIENT:
 CH2M HILL
 Client Sample ID: 55197-1, -4Mx70M

 Lab Order:
 N036051
 Collection Date: 6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM

0.1000

Project: Matrix: SOIL

0.4305

**Lab ID:** N036051-002

Percent Moisture

Analyses Result MDL PQL Qual Units DF Date Analyzed

PERCENT MOISTURE

D2216

RunID: NV00922-WC\_190626A QC Batch: R134741 PrepDate Analyst: LR

0.1000

wt%

Qualifiers: B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference

DO Surrogate Diluted Out

E Value above quantitation range



Date Analyzed

DF

ASSET Laboratories Print Date: 05-Jul-19

CLIENT: CH2M HILL Client Sample ID: 55197-1 70x200

**Lab Order:** N036051 **Collection Date:** 6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM

Project: Matrix: SOIL

Result MDL

Lab ID: N036051-003

PERCENT MOISTURE
D2216

Analyses

 RunID:
 NV00922-WC\_190626A
 QC Batch:
 R134741
 PrepDate
 Analyst:
 LR

 Percent Moisture
 0.6342
 0.1000
 0.1000
 wt%
 1
 6/26/2019 09:30 AM

POL

Qual

Units

Qualifiers: B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference

DO Surrogate Diluted Out

E Value above quantitation range



6/26/2019 09:30 AM

ASSET Laboratories Print Date: 05-Jul-19

CLIENT: CH2M HILL Client Sample ID: 55197-1-200

0.1000

Project: Matrix: SOIL

1.055

**Lab ID:** N036051-004

Percent Moisture

Analyses	Result MDL	PQL Qual Units	DF Date Analyzed		
PERCENT MOISTURE D2216					
RunID: NV00922-WC_190626A	QC Batch: <b>R134741</b>	PrepDate	Analyst: <b>LR</b>		

0.1000

wt%

Qualifiers: B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference

DO Surrogate Diluted Out

E Value above quantitation range



6/26/2019 09:30 AM

ASSET Laboratories Print Date: 05-Jul-19

CLIENT: CH2M HILL Client Sample ID: 55197-2 1/4X4

**Lab Order:** N036051 **Collection Date:** 6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM

0.1000

Project: Matrix: SOIL

0.4310

**Lab ID:** N036051-005

Percent Moisture

Analyses Result MDL PQL Qual Units DF Date Analyzed

PERCENT MOISTURE

D2216

RunID: NV00922-WC\_190626A QC Batch: R134741 PrepDate Analyst: LR

0.1000

wt%

Qualifiers: B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference

DO Surrogate Diluted Out

E Value above quantitation range



**ASSET Laboratories** Print Date: 05-Jul-19

**CLIENT:** CH2M HILL **Client Sample ID:** 55197-2 4x701

Lab Order: N036051 Collection Date: 6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM

0.1000

**Project:** Matrix: SOIL

0.1562

Lab ID: N036051-006

Percent Moisture

Analyses Result MDL **POL** Qual Units DF Date Analyzed PERCENT MOISTURE D2216 RunID: NV00922-WC\_190626A QC Batch: R134741 PrepDate Analyst: LR 6/26/2019 09:30 AM

0.1000

wt%

Qualifiers: Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank В

Η Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference

DO Surrogate Diluted Out Е Value above quantitation range



6/26/2019 09:30 AM

ASSET Laboratories Print Date: 05-Jul-19

CLIENT: CH2M HILL Client Sample ID: 55197-2 70x200

**Lab Order:** N036051 **Collection Date:** 6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM

0.1000

Project: Matrix: SOIL

**Lab ID:** N036051-007

0.3026

Analyses Result MDL PQL Qual Units DF Date Analyzed

PERCENT MOISTURE

D2216

RunID: NV00922-WC\_190626A QC Batch: R134741 PrepDate Analyst: LR

0.1000

wt%

Qualifiers: B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference

DO Surrogate Diluted Out

Percent Moisture

E Value above quantitation range



6/26/2019 09:30 AM

ASSET Laboratories Print Date: 05-Jul-19

CLIENT: CH2M HILL Client Sample ID: 55197-2-200

**Lab Order:** N036051 **Collection Date:** 6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM

0.1000

Project: Matrix: SOIL

0.6065

**Lab ID:** N036051-008

Percent Moisture

 Analyses
 Result MDL
 PQL Qual Units
 DF Date Analyzed

 PERCENT MOISTURE

 BunID: NV00922-WC\_190626A
 QC Batch: R134741
 PrepDate
 Analyst: LR

0.1000

wt%

Qualifiers: B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference

DO Surrogate Diluted Out

E Value above quantitation range



ASSET Laboratories Print Date: 05-Jul-19

CLIENT: CH2M HILL Client Sample ID: 55197-3 1/4x4

Project: Matrix: SOIL

**Lab ID:** N036051-009

Analyses	Result MDL	PQL Qual Units	DF	Date Analyzed
PERCENT MOISTURE				
		D2216		
RunID: <b>NV00922-WC_190626A</b>	QC Batch: R134741	PrepDate		Analyst: <b>LR</b>
Percent Moisture	0.3533 0.1000	0.1000 wt%	1	6/26/2019 09:30 AM

Qualifiers: B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference

DO Surrogate Diluted Out

E Value above quantitation range



6/26/2019 09:30 AM

ASSET Laboratories Print Date: 05-Jul-19

CLIENT: CH2M HILL Client Sample ID: 55197-3 4x701

**Lab Order:** N036051 **Collection Date:** 6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM

0.1000

Project: Matrix: SOIL

0.0881

**Lab ID:** N036051-010

Percent Moisture

Analyses Result MDL PQL Qual Units DF Date Analyzed

PERCENT MOISTURE

D2216

RunID: NV00922-WC\_190626A QC Batch: R134741 PrepDate Analyst: LR

0.1000

wt%

Qualifiers: B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference

DO Surrogate Diluted Out

E Value above quantitation range



ASSET Laboratories Print Date: 05-Jul-19

CLIENT: CH2M HILL Client Sample ID: 55197-3 70x200

Project: Matrix: SOIL

Analyses Result MDL PQL Qual Units DF Date Analyzed

PERCENT MOISTURE
D2216

N036051-011

Lab ID:

 RunID:
 NV00922-WC\_190626A
 QC Batch:
 R134741
 PrepDate
 Analyst:
 LR

 Percent Moisture
 0.4797
 0.1000
 0.1000
 wt%
 1
 6/26/2019 09:30 AM

Qualifiers: B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference

DO Surrogate Diluted Out

E Value above quantitation range



6/26/2019 09:30 AM

ASSET Laboratories Print Date: 05-Jul-19

CLIENT: CH2M HILL Client Sample ID: 55197-3-200

**Lab Order:** N036051 **Collection Date:** 6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM

0.1000

Project: Matrix: SOIL

1.115

**Lab ID:** N036051-012

Percent Moisture

Analyses Result MDL PQL Qual Units DF Date Analyzed

PERCENT MOISTURE

D2216

RunID: NV00922-WC\_190626A QC Batch: R134741 PrepDate Analyst: LR

0.1000

wt%

Qualifiers: B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference

DO Surrogate Diluted Out

E Value above quantitation range



6/26/2019 09:30 AM

ASSET Laboratories Print Date: 05-Jul-19

CLIENT: CH2M HILL Client Sample ID: 55197-4 1/4x4

**Lab Order:** N036051 **Collection Date:** 6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM

0.1000

Project: Matrix: SOIL

1.076

**Lab ID:** N036051-013

Percent Moisture

Analyses Result MDL PQL Qual Units DF Date Analyzed

PERCENT MOISTURE

D2216

RunID: NV00922-WC\_190626A QC Batch: R134741 PrepDate Analyst: LR

0.1000

wt%

Qualifiers: B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference

DO Surrogate Diluted Out

E Value above quantitation range



**ASSET Laboratories** Print Date: 05-Jul-19

**CLIENT: Client Sample ID:** 55197-4 4x701 CH2M HILL

Lab Order: N036051 Collection Date: 6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM

0.1000

**Project:** Matrix: SOIL

0.3032

Lab ID: N036051-014

Percent Moisture

Analyses Result MDL **POL** Qual Units DF Date Analyzed PERCENT MOISTURE D2216 RunID: NV00922-WC\_190626A QC Batch: R134741 PrepDate Analyst: LR 6/26/2019 09:30 AM

0.1000

wt%

Qualifiers: Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank В

Н Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference

DO Surrogate Diluted Out Е Value above quantitation range



ASSET Laboratories Print Date: 05-Jul-19

CLIENT: CH2M HILL Client Sample ID: 55197-4 70x200

Project: Matrix: SOIL

Lab ID: N036051-015

Analyses Result MDL PQL Qual Units DF Date Analyzed

PERCENT MOISTURE
D2216

 RunID:
 NV00922-WC\_190626A
 QC Batch:
 R134741
 PrepDate
 Analyst:
 LR

 Percent Moisture
 0.7133
 0.1000
 0.1000
 wt%
 1
 6/26/2019 09:30 AM

Qualifiers: B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference

DO Surrogate Diluted Out

E Value above quantitation range



6/26/2019 09:30 AM

ASSET Laboratories Print Date: 05-Jul-19

CLIENT: CH2M HILL Client Sample ID: 55197-4-200

0.1000

Project: Matrix: SOIL

1.808

**Lab ID:** N036051-016

Percent Moisture

Analyses	Result MDL	PQL Qual Units	DF Date Analyzed		
PERCENT MOISTURE D2216					
RunID: NV00922-WC_190626A	QC Batch: <b>R134741</b>	PrepDate	Analyst: <b>LR</b>		

0.1000

wt%

Qualifiers: B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference

DO Surrogate Diluted Out

E Value above quantitation range



6/26/2019 09:30 AM

ASSET Laboratories Print Date: 05-Jul-19

CLIENT: CH2M HILL Client Sample ID: 55197-5 1/4x4

**Lab Order:** N036051 **Collection Date:** 6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM

0.1000

Project: Matrix: SOIL

0.0567

**Lab ID:** N036051-017

Percent Moisture

Analyses	Result MDL	PQL Qual Units	DF Date Analyzed		
PERCENT MOISTURE D2216					
RunID: NV00922-WC_190626A	QC Batch: <b>R134741</b>	PrepDate	Analyst: <b>LR</b>		

0.1000

wt%

Qualifiers: B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference

DO Surrogate Diluted Out

E Value above quantitation range



6/26/2019 09:30 AM

ASSET Laboratories Print Date: 05-Jul-19

CLIENT: CH2M HILL Client Sample ID: 55197-5 4x701

**Lab Order:** N036051 **Collection Date:** 6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM

0.1000

Project: Matrix: SOIL

0.1271

**Lab ID:** N036051-018

Percent Moisture

Analyses Result MDL PQL Qual Units DF Date Analyzed

PERCENT MOISTURE

D2216

RunID: NV00922-WC\_190626A QC Batch: R134741 PrepDate Analyst: LR

0.1000

wt%

Qualifiers: B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference

DO Surrogate Diluted Out

E Value above quantitation range



6/26/2019 09:30 AM

**ASSET Laboratories** Print Date: 05-Jul-19

**CLIENT: Client Sample ID:** 55197-5 70x200 CH2M HILL

Lab Order: N036051 Collection Date: 6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM

0.1000

**Project:** Matrix: SOIL

0.1861

Lab ID: N036051-019

Percent Moisture

Analyses Result MDL POL Qual Units DF Date Analyzed PERCENT MOISTURE D2216 RunID: NV00922-WC\_190626A PrepDate QC Batch: R134741 Analyst: LR

0.1000

wt%

Qualifiers: Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank В

> Н Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference

DO Surrogate Diluted Out Е Value above quantitation range





**ASSET Laboratories** Print Date: 05-Jul-19

**CLIENT:** CH2M HILL **Client Sample ID:** 55197-5-200

Lab Order: N036051 Collection Date: 6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM

**Project:** Matrix: SOIL

Lab ID: N036051-020

Analyses	Result MDL	PQL Qual Units	DF	Date Analyzed
PERCENT MOISTURE				
		D2216		
RunID: <b>NV00922-WC_190626A</b>	QC Batch: R134741	PrepDate		Analyst: <b>LR</b>
Percent Moisture	0.4601 0.1000	0.1000 wt%	1	6/26/2019 09:30 AM

Qualifiers: В Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

Η Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference

DO Surrogate Diluted Out Е Value above quantitation range



**ASSET Laboratories** Print Date: 05-Jul-19

**CLIENT:** CH2M HILL **Client Sample ID:** 55197-6 1/4x4

Lab Order: N036051 Collection Date: 6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM

**Project:** Matrix: SOIL

Lab ID: N036051-021

Analyses	Result MDL	PQL Qual Units	DF	Date Analyzed
PERCENT MOISTURE				
		D2216		
RunID: <b>NV00922-WC_190626B</b>	QC Batch: R134742	PrepDate		Analyst: LR
Percent Moisture	0.3845 0.1000	0.1000 wt%	1	6/26/2019 09:30 AM

Qualifiers: В Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

> Η Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference

DO Surrogate Diluted Out Е Value above quantitation range



**ASSET Laboratories** Print Date: 05-Jul-19

**CLIENT: Client Sample ID:** 55197-6 4x701 CH2M HILL

Lab Order: N036051 Collection Date: 6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM

0.1000

**Project:** Matrix: SOIL

0.2439

Lab ID: N036051-022

Percent Moisture

Analyses Result MDL **POL** Qual Units DF Date Analyzed PERCENT MOISTURE D2216 RunID: NV00922-WC\_190626B QC Batch: R134742 PrepDate Analyst: LR 6/26/2019 09:30 AM

0.1000

wt%

Qualifiers: Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank В

> Н Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference

DO Surrogate Diluted Out Е Value above quantitation range



ASSET Laboratories Print Date: 05-Jul-19

CLIENT: CH2M HILL Client Sample ID: 55197-6 70x200

**Lab Order:** N036051 **Collection Date:** 6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM

Project: Matrix: SOIL

Analyses Result MDL PQL Qual Units DF Date Analyzed

PERCENT MOISTURE
D2216

N036051-023

Lab ID:

 RunID:
 NV00922-WC\_190626B
 QC Batch:
 R134742
 PrepDate
 Analyst:
 LR

 Percent Moisture
 0.1076
 0.1000
 0.1000
 wt%
 1
 6/26/2019 09:30 AM

Qualifiers: B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

ASSET LABORATORIES

H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference

DO Surrogate Diluted Out

E Value above quantitation range

ND Not Detected at the Reporting Limit
Results are wet unless otherwise specified

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6/26/2019 09:30 AM

ASSET Laboratories Print Date: 05-Jul-19

CLIENT: CH2M HILL Client Sample ID: 55197-6-200

**Lab Order:** N036051 **Collection Date:** 6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM

0.1000

Project: Matrix: SOIL

0.5383

**Lab ID:** N036051-024

Percent Moisture

Analyses Result MDL PQL Qual Units DF Date Analyzed

PERCENT MOISTURE

D2216

RunID: NV00922-WC\_190626B QC Batch: R134742 PrepDate Analyst: LR

0.1000

wt%

Qualifiers: B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference

DO Surrogate Diluted Out

E Value above quantitation range



6/26/2019 09:30 AM

ASSET Laboratories Print Date: 05-Jul-19

CLIENT: CH2M HILL Client Sample ID: 55197-7 1/4x4

**Lab Order:** N036051 **Collection Date:** 6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM

0.1000

Project: Matrix: SOIL

0.4170

**Lab ID:** N036051-025

Percent Moisture

Analyses	Result MDL	PQL Qual Units	DF Date Analyzed		
PERCENT MOISTURE D2216					
RunID: NV00922-WC_190626B	QC Batch: <b>R134742</b>	PrepDate	Analyst: <b>LR</b>		

0.1000

wt%

Qualifiers: B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference

DO Surrogate Diluted Out

E Value above quantitation range



Date Analyzed

DF

ASSET Laboratories Print Date: 05-Jul-19

CLIENT: CH2M HILL Client Sample ID: 55197-7 4x701

**Lab Order:** N036051 **Collection Date:** 6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM

Project: Matrix: SOIL

Result MDL

**Lab ID:** N036051-026

PERCENT MOISTURE
D2216

Analyses

 RunID:
 NV00922-WC\_190626B
 QC Batch:
 R134742
 PrepDate
 Analyst:
 LR

 Percent Moisture
 0.4485
 0.1000
 0.1000
 wt%
 1
 6/26/2019 09:30 AM

**POL** 

Qual

Units

Qualifiers: B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference

DO Surrogate Diluted Out

E Value above quantitation range



ASSET Laboratories Print Date: 05-Jul-19

CLIENT: CH2M HILL Client Sample ID: 55197-7 70x200

Project: Matrix: SOIL

Analyses Result MDL PQL Qual Units DF Date Analyzed

PERCENT MOISTURE
D2216

N036051-027

Lab ID:

 RunID:
 NV00922-WC\_190626B
 QC Batch:
 R134742
 PrepDate
 Analyst:
 LR

 Percent Moisture
 0.3910
 0.1000
 0.1000
 wt%
 1
 6/26/2019 09:30 AM

Qualifiers: B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference

DO Surrogate Diluted Out

E Value above quantitation range



6/26/2019 09:30 AM

ASSET Laboratories Print Date: 05-Jul-19

CLIENT: CH2M HILL Client Sample ID: 55197-7-200

0.1000

Project: Matrix: SOIL

0.5774

**Lab ID:** N036051-028

Percent Moisture

Analyses	Result MDL	PQL Qual Units	DF Date Analyzed
PERCENT MOISTURE		D2216	
RunID: NV00922-WC_190626B	QC Batch: <b>R134742</b>	PrepDate	Analyst: <b>LR</b>

0.1000

wt%

Qualifiers: B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference

DO Surrogate Diluted Out

E Value above quantitation range



ASSET Laboratories

Date: 05-Jul-19

CLIENT: CH2M HILL

N036051

Work Order:

# ANALYTICAL QC SUMMARY REPORT

Project: TestCode: PMOIST

Sample ID MB-R134741	SampType: MBLK	TestCode: PMOIST	Units: wt%	Prep Date:	RunNo: 134741
Client ID: PBS	Batch ID: R134741	TestNo: <b>D2216</b>		Analysis Date: 6/26/2019	SeqNo: <b>3421641</b>
Analyte	Result	PQL SPK value	SPK Ref Val	%REC LowLimit HighLimit RPD Ref Val	%RPD RPDLimit Qual
Percent Moisture	ND	0.1000			
Sample ID N036051-001ADUP	SampType: <b>DUP</b>	TestCode: PMOIST	Units: wt%	Prep Date:	RunNo: <b>134741</b>
Client ID: ZZZZZZ	Batch ID: R134741	TestNo: <b>D2216</b>		Analysis Date: 6/26/2019	SeqNo: <b>3421643</b>
Analyte	Result	PQL SPK value	SPK Ref Val	%REC LowLimit HighLimit RPD Ref Val	%RPD RPDLimit Qual
Percent Moisture	0.368	0.1000		0.4217	13.6 30
Sample ID N036051-015ADUP	SampType: <b>DUP</b>	TestCode: PMOIST	Units: wt%	Prep Date:	RunNo: <b>134741</b>
Client ID: ZZZZZZ	Batch ID: R134741	TestNo: <b>D2216</b>		Analysis Date: 6/26/2019	SeqNo: <b>3421658</b>
Analyte	Result	PQL SPK value	SPK Ref Val	%REC LowLimit HighLimit RPD Ref Val	%RPD RPDLimit Qual
Percent Moisture	0.792	0.1000		0.7133	10.5 30

#### Qualifiers:

- B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank
- ND Not Detected at the Reporting Limit
- DO Surrogate Diluted Out

- E Value above quantitation range
- R RPD outside accepted recovery limits

  Calculations are based on raw values

- H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded
- S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference



CALIFORNIA | P:562.219.7435 F:562.219.7436 11110 Artesia Blvd., Ste B, Cerritos, CA 90703 ELAP Cert 2921 EPA ID CA01638 NEVADA | P:702.307.2659 F:702.307.2691 3151 W. Post Rd., Las Vegas, NV 89118 ELAP Cert 2676 | NV Cert NV00922 ORELAP/NELAP Cert 4046 **CLIENT:** CH2M HILL

Work Order: N036051 ANALYTICAL QC SUMMARY REPORT

H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

S Spike/Surrogate outside of limits due to matrix interference

TestCode: PMOIST **Project:** 

Sample ID M	IB-R134742	SampType:	MBLK	TestCode	: PMOIST	Units: wt%		Prep Date	e:		RunNo: 13	1742	
Client ID: PI	BS	Batch ID:	R134742	TestNo	D2216		A	Analysis Dat	e: <b>6/26/20</b>	)19	SeqNo: 34	21714	
Analyte			Result	PQL	SPK value	SPK Ref Val	%REC	LowLimit	HighLimit	RPD Ref Val	%RPD	RPDLimit	Qual

Percent Moisture ND 0.1000

Sample ID N036051-025ADUP Client ID: ZZZZZZ			Units: wt%	Prep Date: Analysis Date: 6/26/201		RunNo: <b>134742</b> SeqNo: <b>3421720</b>			
Analyte	Result	PQL SPK value	SPK Ref Val	%REC LowLimit HighLimit	RPD Ref Val	%RPD	RPDLimit	Qual	
Percent Moisture	0.365	0.1000			0.4170	13.4	30		

#### Qualifiers:

- B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank
- ND Not Detected at the Reporting Limit
- DO Surrogate Diluted Out

- RPD outside accepted recovery limits

Calculations are based on raw values

NEVADA | P:702.307.2659 F:702.307.2691 3151 W. Post Rd., Las Vegas, NV 89118 ELAP Cert 2676 | NV Cert NV00922 ORELAP/NELAP Cert 4046

- Value above quantitation range





## HAZEN RESEARCH, INC. 4601 INDIANA STREET GOLDEN, CO 80403

Phone - (303) 279 4501 Fax - (303) 278 1528

Customer Information				Billiı	ng Ir	nforr	natio	n (If different)				
Client Name: HAZEN RESEARCH, INC						Billing Name: 3P-CO19S/CHZMHNL						
Contact: K. LEE SCHWARST					Co.	ntact:	K	SITH SHEERE				
Address: 4601 INDIAN	A STREET					dress:	<u> </u>	2020 SW 4tm	AVELLIE			
GOLDEN, CO	80403						Y	POETLAND OR	97201			
Phone: 303-279-4501 Fa			<b></b>									
Phone: >03-619-950J Fa	ax:		F	PO #:				Proje	ect #: 1266)			
Sampler's Name(s) (Print) GAR (	MOTH	Ţ		Signa		) <u>.</u> /	180	My Ban				
			<u>e</u>	Samp Type(1)	No. of Containers	Cont. Type(2)	(E)	Analyses Required				
267	Sample Date		Composite	칠	Conta	₽	Zati					
ample Identification	and Time	Grab	6	Samp	No. of	, E	rese	Analyses Poquired				
55197-1 14×44, 4×70,	67-19 10AM			- 1	را		1 .		26051 01 04			
-Z	1 1-1 10HM	x	-	0	7	6	4	CHEONIUM 10.				
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-6	<del>                                     </del>			-	╫	+	-		-17-20			
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				T								
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	<del> </del>	-	+	+	+		$-\!$					
) DW=Drinking Water WW=Wastewater SM/	Surface 184 is a second				$\perp$							
DW=Drinking Water WW=Wastewater SW= P=Plastic G=Glass O=Other												
N=Nitric Acid U=Unpreserved C=Cooled	S=Sulfuric Acid B=Sodium	Hydrox	ide T=	Sodiu	m Th	iosulfa	ite Z	=Zinc Acetate O=Other				
linguished by	Date/ 7	lime	Red	ceiye	d by			0	, Date/ Time			
inquished by	6-II-19/ Date/ T		$\rightarrow$	eive		fr		Kodngvez	6/14/19 10:0			
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	Date/ T	ime	Red	eive	d by				Date/ Time			
oped by	Date/ T	ime	Rec	eive	for	Lab b						
hod of Shipment	/						· y		Date/ Time			
PEDOX DIERNIGHT	- # 3661 R	equest tandaro	ed Turr	narou								
use only				1	Kus	sh ()	/lust b	e approved, additional charg	es apply)			
5.3	Vc on#:	2										
Distribution: White Cop	y - ship with sample; Car	nary Co	py - La	bora	tory (	Conv	Diek	Copy - Originator's Copy				

## **ASSET Laboratories**

Please review the checklist below. Any NO signifies non-compliance. Any non-compliance will be noted and must be understood as having an impact on the quality of the data. All tests will be performed as requested regardless of any compliance issues.

If you have any questions of	or further in	nstruction, plea	se contact our	Project Coo	rdinator at (70	2) 307-2659.		
Cooler Received/Opened On:	6/14/2019				Workorder:	N036051		
Rep sample Temp (Deg C):	5.3				IR Gun ID:	2		
Temp Blank:	☐ Yes	<b>✓</b> No						
Carrier name:	FedEx							
Last 4 digits of Tracking No.:	3661			Packin	g Material Used:	Bubble Wrap		
Cooling process:	<b>✓</b> Ice	☐ Ice Pack	☐ Dry Ice	Other	☐ None			
		<u>S:</u>	ample Receip	ot Checklis	<u>st</u>			
1. Shipping container/cooler in g	ood conditio	on?			Yes 🗸	No 🗌	Not Present	
2. Custody seals intact, signed,	dated on shi	ippping container/	cooler?		Yes 🗸	No 🗌	Not Present	
3. Custody seals intact on samp	le bottles?				Yes	No 🗌	Not Present	✓
4. Chain of custody present?					Yes 🗹	No 🗌		
5. Sampler's name present in Co	OC?				Yes 🗹	No 🗌		
6. Chain of custody signed when	n relinquishe	ed and received?			Yes 🗹	No 🗌		
7. Chain of custody agrees with	sample labe	els?			Yes 🗹	No 🗌		
8. Samples in proper container/b	oottle?				Yes 🗹	No 🗌		
9. Sample containers intact?					Yes 🗹	No 🗆		
10. Sufficient sample volume for	indicated te	est?			Yes 🗹	No 🗆		
11. All samples received within h	nolding time	?			Yes 🗸	No 🗌		
12. Temperature of rep sample	or Temp Bla	nk within acceptal	ole limit?		Yes 🗸	No 🗌	NA	
13. Water - VOA vials have zero	headspace	?			Yes	No 🗌	NA	✓
14. Water - pH acceptable upon Example: pH > 12 for (CN	•	or Metals			Yes	No 🗌	NA	<b>~</b>
15. Did the bottle labels indicate	correct pres	servatives used?			Yes	No 🗌	NA	✓
16. Were there Non-Conforman	ce issues at as Client not				Yes	No 🗌 No 🗆	NA NA	
Comments:								

Checklist Completed By: YR 6/18/2019

Reviewed By: LG 061819

## **Sample Control**

**From:** Sheets, Keith/PDX <Keith.Sheets@jacobs.com>

**Sent:** Friday, June 14, 2019 1:08 PM

**To:** Marlon Cartin

Cc:Schwartz, Lee; Yoandra Rodriguez; Sample ControlSubject:RE: [EXTERNAL] RE: Sample shipment (12661)

Standard should be fine -

From: Marlon Cartin <marlon@assetlaboratories.com>

Sent: Friday, June 14, 2019 1:07 PM

To: Sheets, Keith/PDX <Keith.Sheets@jacobs.com>

Cc: Schwartz, Lee <SchwartzRL@hazenresearch.com>; Yoandra Rodriguez <yoandra@assetlaboratories.com>; Sample

Control <samplecontrol.lv@assetlaboratories.com> **Subject:** Re: [EXTERNAL] RE: Sample shipment (12661)

Hi Keith,

I forgot to ask the TAT needed.

Thanks,

Marlon

Sent from my iPhone

On Jun 14, 2019, at 11:00 AM, Sheets, Keith/PDX <Keith.Sheets@jacobs.com > wrote:

Please run CrT, CrVI and Zn,

From: Marlon Cartin < marlon@assetlaboratories.com >

Sent: Friday, June 14, 2019 11:01 AM

**To:** 'Schwartz, Lee' < <u>SchwartzRL@hazenresearch.com</u>>

Cc: Sheets, Keith/PDX <Keith.Sheets@jacobs.com>; 'Yoandra Rodriguez'

<yoandra@assetlaboratories.com>; 'Sample Control' <samplecontrol.lv@assetlaboratories.com>

Subject: [EXTERNAL] RE: Sample shipment (12661)

Hi Lee and Keith,

I received the samples today and we will log-in individual samples as stated on the e-mail below and use the sample ID noted on the Jars.

Do you need me to run Total Cr. and Cr+6 or just T. Cr?

Thanks,

Marlon Cartin

Sr. Project Manager

California: 11110 Artesia Blvd., Ste. B, Cerritos, CA 90703 | P: 562.219.7435 | F: 562.219.7436

Nevada: 3151 W. Post Road, Las Vegas, NV 89118 | P: 702.307.2659 Ext. 410 | F: 702.307.2691 | M:

702.439.0421

www.assetlaboratories.com

**From:** Schwartz, Lee < <u>SchwartzRL@hazenresearch.com</u>>

Sent: Thursday, June 13, 2019 8:22 AM

**To:** Marlon Cartin < <u>marlon@assetlaboratories.com</u>> **Cc:** 'Sheets, Keith/PDX' < <u>Keith.Sheets@jacobs.com</u>>

**Subject:** RE: Sample shipment (12661)

Marlon,

Fedex rejected our shipment yesterday due to a labeling (hazard) issue, so the package did not go out. We will try again this afternoon...

Best, Lee

**From:** Marlon Cartin [mailto:marlon@assetlaboratories.com]

**Sent:** Tuesday, June 11, 2019 4:28 PM

**To:** Schwartz, Lee **Cc:** 'Sheets, Keith/PDX'

**Subject:** RE: Sample shipment (12661)

No worries. Thank you for heads-up Lee.

### Marlon Cartin

Sr. Project Manager

California: 11110 Artesia Blvd., Ste. B, Cerritos, CA 90703 | P: 562.219.7435 | F: 562.219.7436 | Nevada: 3151 W. Post Road, Las Vegas, NV 89118 | P: 702.307.2659 Ext. 410 | F: 702.307.2691 | M:

702.439.0421

www.assetlaboratories.com

**From:** Schwartz, Lee < <u>SchwartzRL@hazenresearch.com</u>>

**Sent:** Tuesday, June 11, 2019 2:55 PM

To: Marlon Cartin (marlon@assetlaboratories.com) <marlon@assetlaboratories.com>

Cc: Sheets, Keith/PDX (Keith.Sheets@jacobs.com) <Keith.Sheets@jacobs.com>

**Subject:** Sample shipment (12661)

Hi Marlon,

Just a quick heads-up: I ran into some internal difficulties getting this shipment ready for today's pickup and rather than rush it, I've delayed shipping until tomorrow. Yopu'll receive the samples on Thursday morning.

Apologies for the miscue.

Lee

R. Lee Schwartz Hazen Research, Inc. 4601 Indiana Street Golden, CO 80403 303-279-4501 X269 www.hazenresearch.com

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# **WORK ORDER Summary**

05-Jul-19

Client ID: CH2HI01

WorkOrder: N036051

Project: QC Level: Level IV

Date Received: 6/14/2019

**Comments:** 

Sample ID	Client Sample ID	<b>Date Collected</b>	<b>Date Due</b>	Matrix	Test No	Test Name	Hld MS Sub Storage
N036051-001A	55197-1, -1/4x4M	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	6/28/2019	Soil	EPA 3050B	SOPREP TOTAL METALS	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 3060A	Prep for Hexavalend Chromium	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 6010B	TOTAL METALS BY ICP	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 7199	Hexavalent Chromium by IC	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		D2216	PERCENT MOISTURE	□ □ WS
N036051-002A	55197-1, -4Mx70M		6/28/2019		EPA 3050B	SOPREP TOTAL METALS	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 3060A	Prep for Hexavalend Chromium	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 6010B	TOTAL METALS BY ICP	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 7199	Hexavalent Chromium by IC	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		D2216	PERCENT MOISTURE	□ □ WS
N036051-003A	55197-1 70x200		6/28/2019		EPA 3050B	SOPREP TOTAL METALS	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 3060A	Prep for Hexavalend Chromium	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 6010B	TOTAL METALS BY ICP	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 7199	Hexavalent Chromium by IC	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		D2216	PERCENT MOISTURE	□ □ WS
N036051-004A	55197-1-200		6/28/2019		EPA 3050B	SOPREP TOTAL METALS	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 3060A	Prep for Hexavalend Chromium	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 6010B	TOTAL METALS BY ICP	□ <b>∨</b> WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 7199	Hexavalent Chromium by IC	□ □ WS
-			6/28/2019		D2216	PERCENT MOISTURE	□ □ WS
N036051-005A	55197-2 1/4X4		6/28/2019		EPA 3050B	SOPREP TOTAL METALS	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 3060A	Prep for Hexavalend Chromium	□ □ WS
							-

# **WORK ORDER Summary**

05-Jul-19

WorkOrder: N036051

QC Level: Level IV

Date Received: 6/14/2019

**Comments:** 

**Client ID:** 

Project:

Sample ID	Client Sample ID	<b>Date Collected</b>	Date Due	Matrix	Test No	Test Name	Hld MS Sub Storage
N036051-005A	55197-2 1/4X4	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	6/28/2019	Soil	EPA 6010B	TOTAL METALS BY ICP	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 7199	Hexavalent Chromium by IC	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		D2216	PERCENT MOISTURE	□ □ WS
N036051-006A	55197-2 4x701		6/28/2019		EPA 3050B	SOPREP TOTAL METALS	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 3060A	Prep for Hexavalend Chromium	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 6010B	TOTAL METALS BY ICP	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 7199	Hexavalent Chromium by IC	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		D2216	PERCENT MOISTURE	□ □ WS
N036051-007A 55197-2 70	55197-2 70x200		6/28/2019		EPA 3050B	SOPREP TOTAL METALS	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 3060A	Prep for Hexavalend Chromium	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 6010B	TOTAL METALS BY ICP	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 7199	Hexavalent Chromium by IC	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		D2216	PERCENT MOISTURE	□ □ WS
N036051-008A	55197-2-200		6/28/2019		EPA 3050B	SOPREP TOTAL METALS	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 3060A	Prep for Hexavalend Chromium	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 6010B	TOTAL METALS BY ICP	□ ✓ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 7199	Hexavalent Chromium by IC	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		D2216	PERCENT MOISTURE	□ □ WS
N036051-009A	55197-3 1/4x4		6/28/2019		EPA 3050B	SOPREP TOTAL METALS	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 3060A	Prep for Hexavalend Chromium	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 6010B	TOTAL METALS BY ICP	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 7199	Hexavalent Chromium by IC	□ □ WS

# **WORK ORDER Summary**

05-Jul-19

Client ID: CH2HI01

WorkOrder: N036051

Project: QC Level: Level IV

**Date Received:** 6/14/2019

**Comments:** 

Sample ID	Client Sample ID	<b>Date Collected</b>	Date Due	Matrix	Test No	Test Name	Hld MS Sub Storage
N036051-009A	55197-3 1/4x4	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	6/28/2019	Soil	D2216	PERCENT MOISTURE	□ □ WS
N036051-010A	55197-3 4x701		6/28/2019		EPA 3050B	SOPREP TOTAL METALS	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 3060A	Prep for Hexavalend Chromium	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 6010B	TOTAL METALS BY ICP	□ □ ₩S
			6/28/2019		EPA 7199	Hexavalent Chromium by IC	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		D2216	PERCENT MOISTURE	□ □ WS
N036051-011A	55197-3 70x200		6/28/2019		EPA 3050B	SOPREP TOTAL METALS	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 3060A	Prep for Hexavalend Chromium	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 6010B	TOTAL METALS BY ICP	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 7199	Hexavalent Chromium by IC	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		D2216	PERCENT MOISTURE	□ □ WS
N036051-012A	55197-3-200		6/28/2019		EPA 3050B	SOPREP TOTAL METALS	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 3060A	Prep for Hexavalend Chromium	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 6010B	TOTAL METALS BY ICP	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 7199	Hexavalent Chromium by IC	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		D2216	PERCENT MOISTURE	□ □ WS
N036051-013A	55197-4 1/4x4		6/28/2019		EPA 3050B	SOPREP TOTAL METALS	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 3060A	Prep for Hexavalend Chromium	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 6010B	TOTAL METALS BY ICP	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 7199	Hexavalent Chromium by IC	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		D2216	PERCENT MOISTURE	□ □ WS
N036051-014A	55197-4 4x701		6/28/2019		EPA 3050B	SOPREP TOTAL METALS	□ □ WS
-							<del></del>

# **WORK ORDER Summary**

05-Jul-19

Client ID: CH2HI01

WorkOrder: N036051

Project:

Date Received: 6/14/2019

**Comments:** 

Sample ID	Client Sample ID	<b>Date Collected</b>	<b>Date Due</b>	Matrix	Test No	Test Name	Hld MS Sub Storage
N036051-014A	55197-4 4x701	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	6/28/2019	Soil	EPA 3060A	Prep for Hexavalend Chromium	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 6010B	TOTAL METALS BY ICP	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 7199	Hexavalent Chromium by IC	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		D2216	PERCENT MOISTURE	□ □ WS
N036051-015A	55197-4 70x200		6/28/2019		EPA 3050B	SOPREP TOTAL METALS	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 3060A	Prep for Hexavalend Chromium	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 6010B	TOTAL METALS BY ICP	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 7199	Hexavalent Chromium by IC	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		D2216	PERCENT MOISTURE	□ □ WS
N036051-016A	55197-4-200		6/28/2019		EPA 3050B	SOPREP TOTAL METALS	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 3060A	Prep for Hexavalend Chromium	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 6010B	TOTAL METALS BY ICP	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 7199	Hexavalent Chromium by IC	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		D2216	PERCENT MOISTURE	□ □ WS
N036051-017A	55197-5 1/4x4		6/28/2019		EPA 3050B	SOPREP TOTAL METALS	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 3060A	Prep for Hexavalend Chromium	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 6010B	TOTAL METALS BY ICP	□ ✓ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 7199	Hexavalent Chromium by IC	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		D2216	PERCENT MOISTURE	□ □ WS
N036051-018A	55197-5 4x701		6/28/2019		EPA 3050B	SOPREP TOTAL METALS	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 3060A	Prep for Hexavalend Chromium	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 6010B	TOTAL METALS BY ICP	□ □ ₩S

QC Level: Level IV

# **WORK ORDER Summary**

05-Jul-19

Client ID: CH2HI01

WorkOrder: N036051

Project: QC Level: Level IV

**Date Received:** 6/14/2019

**Comments:** 

Sample ID	Client Sample ID	<b>Date Collected</b>	<b>Date Due</b>	Matrix	Test No	Test Name	Hld MS Sub Storage
N036051-018A	55197-5 4x701	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	6/28/2019	Soil	EPA 7199	Hexavalent Chromium by IC	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		D2216	PERCENT MOISTURE	□ □ WS
N036051-019A	55197-5 70x200		6/28/2019		EPA 3050B	SOPREP TOTAL METALS	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 3060A	Prep for Hexavalend Chromium	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 6010B	TOTAL METALS BY ICP	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 7199	Hexavalent Chromium by IC	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		D2216	PERCENT MOISTURE	□ □ WS
N036051-020A	55197-5-200		6/28/2019		EPA 3050B	SOPREP TOTAL METALS	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 3060A	Prep for Hexavalend Chromium	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 6010B	TOTAL METALS BY ICP	□ ✓ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 7199	Hexavalent Chromium by IC	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		D2216	PERCENT MOISTURE	□ □ WS
N036051-021A	55197-6 1/4x4		6/28/2019		EPA 3050B	SOPREP TOTAL METALS	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 3060A	Prep for Hexavalend Chromium	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 6010B	TOTAL METALS BY ICP	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 7199	Hexavalent Chromium by IC	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		D2216	PERCENT MOISTURE	□ □ WS
N036051-022A	55197-6 4x701		6/28/2019		EPA 3050B	SOPREP TOTAL METALS	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 3060A	Prep for Hexavalend Chromium	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 6010B	TOTAL METALS BY ICP	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 7199	Hexavalent Chromium by IC	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		D2216	PERCENT MOISTURE	□ □ WS

# **WORK ORDER Summary**

05-Jul-19

Client ID: CH2HI01

WorkOrder: N036051

Project: QC Level: Level IV

**Date Received:** 6/14/2019

**Comments:** 

Sample ID	Client Sample ID	<b>Date Collected</b>	Date Due	Matrix	Test No	Test Name	Hld MS Sub Storage
N036051-023A	55197-6 70x200	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	6/28/2019	Soil	EPA 3050B	SOPREP TOTAL METALS	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 3060A	Prep for Hexavalend Chromium	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 6010B	TOTAL METALS BY ICP	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 7199	Hexavalent Chromium by IC	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		D2216	PERCENT MOISTURE	□ □ WS
N036051-024A	55197-6-200		6/28/2019		EPA 3050B	SOPREP TOTAL METALS	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 3060A	Prep for Hexavalend Chromium	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 6010B	TOTAL METALS BY ICP	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 7199	Hexavalent Chromium by IC	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		D2216	PERCENT MOISTURE	□ □ WS
N036051-025A	55197-7 1/4x4		6/28/2019		EPA 3050B	SOPREP TOTAL METALS	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 3060A	Prep for Hexavalend Chromium	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 6010B	TOTAL METALS BY ICP	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 7199	Hexavalent Chromium by IC	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		D2216	PERCENT MOISTURE	□ □ WS
N036051-026A	55197-7 4x701		6/28/2019		EPA 3050B	SOPREP TOTAL METALS	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 3060A	Prep for Hexavalend Chromium	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 6010B	TOTAL METALS BY ICP	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 7199	Hexavalent Chromium by IC	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		D2216	PERCENT MOISTURE	□ □ WS
N036051-027A	55197-7 70x200		6/28/2019		EPA 3050B	SOPREP TOTAL METALS	□ □ WS
-			6/28/2019		EPA 3060A	Prep for Hexavalend Chromium	□ □ WS

# **WORK ORDER Summary**

05-Jul-19

Client ID: CH2HI01

WorkOrder: N036051

Project:

**Date Received:** 6/14/2019

**Comments:** 

Sample ID	Client Sample ID	<b>Date Collected</b>	Date Due	Matrix	Test No	Test Name	Hld MS Sub Storage
N036051-027A	55197-7 70x200	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	6/28/2019	Soil	EPA 6010B	TOTAL METALS BY ICP	□ ✓ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 7199	Hexavalent Chromium by IC	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		D2216	PERCENT MOISTURE	□ □ WS
N036051-028A	55197-7-200		6/28/2019		EPA 3050B	SOPREP TOTAL METALS	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 3060A	Prep for Hexavalend Chromium	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 6010B	TOTAL METALS BY ICP	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		EPA 7199	Hexavalent Chromium by IC	□ □ WS
			6/28/2019		D2216	PERCENT MOISTURE	□ □ WS
N036051-029A	FOLDER	6/28/2019	6/28/2019		Folder	Folder	LAB
			6/28/2019		Folder	Folder	LAB

QC Level: Level IV

# ASSET Laboratories 3151-3153 W Post Rd., Las Vegas, NV 89118 www.atl-labs.com TEL: 7023072659 FAX: 7023072691

# **CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY RECORD**

QC Level: Level IV

Field Sampler: SIGNED

Subcontractor:

BC Labs TEL: (661) 327-4911 4100 Atlas Court FAX: (661) 327-1918

Bakersfield, CA 93308 Acct #: 02-Jul-19

					Requested Tests	
Sample ID	Matrix	Date Collected	Bottle Type	EPA 6010B	(Cr and Zn)	
N036051-001A / 55197-1, -1/4x4M	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	8OZG	1		
N036051-002A / 55197-1, -4Mx70M	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	8OZG	1		
N036051-003A / 55197-1 70x200	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	8OZG	1		
N036051-004A / 55197-1-200	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	8OZG	1		
N036051-005A / 55197-2 1/4X4	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	8OZG	1		
N036051-006A / 55197-2 4x701	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	8OZG	1		
N036051-007A / 55197-2 70x200	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	8OZG	1		
N036051-008A / 55197-2-200	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	8OZG	1		
N036051-009A / 55197-3 1/4x4	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	8OZG	1		
N036051-010A / 55197-3 4x701	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	8OZG	1		
N036051-011A / 55197-3 70x200	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	8OZG	1		
N036051-012A / 55197-3-200	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	8OZG	1		
N036051-013A / 55197-4 1/4x4	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	8OZG	1		
N036051-014A / 55197-4 4x701	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	8OZG	1		
N036051-015A / 55197-4 70x200	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	8OZG	1		
N036051-016A / 55197-4-200	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	8OZG	1		
N036051-017A / 55197-5 1/4x4	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	8OZG	1		
N036051-018A / 55197-5 4x701	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	8OZG	1		

General Comments:

Please email sample receipt acknowledgement to the PM. Please cc andrea.gallardo@assetlaboratories.com

Please use PO#:N36051A Please email Invoices and Account Receivable Statements to elvira@assetlaboratories.com. For questions, call Marlon at (702)-307-2659. Please e-mail results to reports.lv@assetlaboratories.com by: 3-day TAT.

Please analyze for Cr and Zn by 6010. EDD Requirement labspec7 edata.

Please cc Report to Lucille Golosinda at lucille.golosinda@assetlaboratories.com

Please CC Report to Lucillo	e Golosii ida at idcille.g	olosiilda@assetiabolatories.com	GSO #: 545347981	
	۸	Date/Time	000 II. 040047001	Date/Time
Relinquished by:	YKJ	7/1/2019 17:00	Received by:	
Relinquished by:			Received by:	

# ASSET Laboratories 3151-3153 W Post Rd., Las Vegas, NV 89118 www.atl-labs.com TEL: 7023072659 FAX: 7023072691

# **CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY RECORD**

QC Level: Level IV

Field Sampler: SIGNED

Subcontractor:

BC Labs TEL: (661) 327-4911 4100 Atlas Court FAX: (661) 327-1918

Bakersfield, CA 93308 Acct #: **02-Jul-19** 

					Requested Tests
Sample ID	Matrix	Date Collected	Bottle Type	EPA 6010B	(Cr and Zn)
N036051-019A / 55197-5 70x200	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	8OZG	1	
N036051-020A / 55197-5-200	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	8OZG	1	
N036051-021A / 55197-6 1/4x4	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	8OZG	1	
N036051-022A / 55197-6 4x701	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	8OZG	1	
N036051-023A / 55197-6 70x200	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	8OZG	1	
N036051-024A / 55197-6-200	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	8OZG	1	
N036051-025A / 55197-7 1/4x4	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	8OZG	1	
N036051-026A / 55197-7 4x701	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	8OZG	1	
N036051-027A / 55197-7 70x200	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	8OZG	1	
N036051-028A / 55197-7-200	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	8OZG	1	

Please cc Report to Lucille Golosinda at lucille.golosinda@assetlaboratories.com

General Comments: Please email sample receipt acknowledgement to the PM. Please cc andrea.gallardo@assetlaboratories.com

Please use PO#:N36051A Please email Invoices and Account Receivable Statements to elvira@assetlaboratories.com. For questions, call Marlon at (702)-307-2659. Please e-mail results to reports.lv@assetlaboratories.com by: 3-day TAT.

Please analyze for Cr and Zn by 6010. EDD Requirement labspec7 edata.

GSO #: 545347981

	11 N-	Date/Time		Date/Time
Relinquished by:	YLJ 7/1/	2019 17:00	Received by:	
Relinquished by:			Received by:	

THUR: 4104 6713 3061

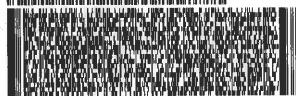
SHIP DATE: 13JUN19 ACTWGT: 43.00 LB MAN CAD: 0283228/CAFE3211 DIMS: 24x15x14 IN

BILL SENDER

**MARLON CARTIN ASSET LABORATORIES** 3151 W. POST ROAD

LAS VEGAS NV 89118 (562) 219-7436

REF: 12661



FedEx

TRK# 4154 6713 3661

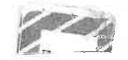
FRI - 14 JUN 10:30A **PRIORITY OVERNIGHT** 

IDG 89118

NV-US



# CUSTODY SEAL



CUSTODY SEAL



Date of Report: 07/08/2019

Marlon B. Cartin

ASSET Laboratories- Las Vegas 3151-3153 W. Post Rd Las Vegas, NV 89118

Client Project: N036051

BCL Project: Level IV (MDL)

BCL Work Order: 1921417 Invoice ID: B346305

Enclosed are the results of analyses for samples received by the laboratory on 7/2/2019. If you have any questions concerning this report, please feel free to contact me.

Sincerely,

Contact Person: Vanessa Sandoval

Client Service Rep

Authorized Signature

Certifications: CA ELAP #1186; NV #CA00014; OR ELAP #4032-001; AK UST101



## **Table of Contents**

Sample Information	
Chain of Custody and Cooler Receipt form	4
Laboratory / Client Sample Cross Reference	
Sample Results	
1921417-01 - N036051-001A / 55197-1,-1/4x4M	
Total Concentrations (TTLC)	13
1921417-02 - N036051-002A / 55197-1,-4Mx70M	
Total Concentrations (TTLC)	14
1921417-03 - N036051-003A / 55197-1 70x200	
Total Concentrations (TTLC)	15
1921417-04 - N036051-004A / 55197-1-200	
Total Concentrations (TTLC)	16
1921417-05 - N036051-005A / 55197-21/4x4	
Total Concentrations (TTLC)	17
1921417-06 - N036051-006A / 55197-2 4x701	
Total Concentrations (TTLC)	18
1921417-07 - N036051-007A / 55197-2 70x200	
Total Concentrations (TTLC)	19
1921417-08 - N036051-008A / 55197-2-200	
Total Concentrations (TTLC)	20
4024447.00 N026064.000A / E6407.24/Av4	
Total Concentrations (TTLC)	21
1921417-10 - N036051-010A / 55197-3 4x701	<b></b>
Total Concentrations (TTLC)	22
1921417-11 - N036051-011A / 55197-3 70x200	<b></b>
Total Concentrations (TTLC)	23
1921417-12 - N036051-012A / 55197-3 -200	20
Total Concentrations (TTLC)	24
1921417-13 - N036051-013A / 55197 -4 1/4x4	····
Total Concentrations (TTLC)	25
1921417-14 - N036051-014A / 55197 -4 4x701	
Total Concentrations (TTLC)	26
1921417-15 - N036051-015A / 55197 -4 70x200	
Total Concentrations (TTLC)	27
1921417-16 - N036051-016A / 55197 -4 -200	
Total Concentrations (TTLC)	28
1921417-17 - N036051-017A / 55197 -5 1/4x4	20
Total Concentrations (TTLC)	29
1921417-18 - N036051-018A / 55197 -5 4x701	
Total Concentrations (TTLC)	30
1921417-19 - N036051-019A / 55197 -5 70x200	
Total Concentrations (TTLC)	31
1921417-20 - N036051-020A / 55197 -5 -200	
Total Concentrations (TTLC)	32
1921417-21 - N036051-021A / 55197 -6 1/4x4	
Total Concentrations (TTLC)	33
1921417-22 - N036051-022A / 55197 -6 4x701	
Total Concentrations (TTLC)	34
1921417-23 - N036051-023A / 55197 -6 70x200	
Total Concentrations (TTLC)	35
1921417-24 - N036051-024A / 55197 -6 -200	
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1921417-25 - N036051-025A / 55197 -7 1/4x4	
Total Concentrations (TTLC)	37



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1921417-26 - N036051-026A / 55197 -7 4x701	
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Total Concentrations (TTLC)	39
1921417-28 - N036051-028A / 55197-7-70-200	
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Quality Control Reports	
Total Concentrations (TTLC)	
Method Blank Analysis	
Laboratory Control Sample	42
Precision and Accuracy	
Notes	
Notes and Definitions	44

Report ID: 1000909916 Page 3 of 44

# Laboratories,

Chain of Custody and Cooler Receipt Form for 1921417 Environmental Testing Laboratory Since 1949 Inc.

### ASSET Laboratories

3151-3153 W Post Rd., Las Vegas, NV 89118 TEL: 7023072659

FAX: 7023072691

# **CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY RECORD**

QC Level: Level IV

BC Labs 4100 Atlas Court Bakersfield, CA 93308 TEL: FAX: Acct #:

(661) 327-4911

(661) 327-1918 19-21417 Field Sampler: SIGNED

Page 1 of 1

02-Jul-19

_						Requested Tests
L	Sample ID	Matrix	Date Collected	Bottle Type	EPA 6010B	(Cr and Zn)
<1 F	N036051-001A / 55197-1, -1/4x4M	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	80ZG	1	T T
- 7	N036051-002A / 55197-1, -4Mx70M	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	8OZG	1	
-3	N036051-003A / 55197-1 70x200	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	80ZG	1	
~4	N036051-004A / 55197-1-200	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	80ZG	1	
-2	N036051-005A / 55197-2 1/4X4	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	80ZG	1	
-6	N036051-006A / 55197-2 4x701	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	80ZG	1	
-7	N036051-007A / 55197-2 70x200	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	80ZG	1	
-4	N036051-008A / 55197-2-200	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	80ZG	1	
-9	N036051-009A / 55197-3 1/4x4	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	80ZG	1	
-10	N036051-010A / 55197-3 4x701	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	80ZG	1	
~11	N036051-011A / 55197-3 70x200	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	80ZG	1	
12	N036051-012A / 55197-3-200	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	8OZG	1	
-45	N036051-013A / 55197-4 1/4x4	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	80ZG	1	
14	N036051-014A / 55197-4 4x701	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	80ZG	1	
15	N038051-015A / 55197-4 70x200	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	8OZG	1	
74	N036051-016A / 55197-4-200	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	8OZG	1	
n	N038051-017A / 55197-5 1/4x4	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	8OZG	1	
18	N038051-018A / 55197-5 4x701	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	8OZG	1	

General Comments:

Please email sample receipt acknowledgement to the PM. Please cc andrea.gallardo@assetlaboratories.com

Please use PO#:N38051A Please email Invoices and Account Receivable Statements to elvira@assetlaboratories.com. For questions, call Marlon at (702)-307-2659. Please e-mail results to reports.lv@assetlaboratories.com by: 3-day TAT.

Please analyze for Cr and Zn by 6010. EDD Requirement labspec7 edata.

Please or Report to Lucille Golosinda at lucille golosinda@assetlaboratories.com

	YLI	Date/Time	GSO #: 545347981	<u>V</u> 1	Date/Time
Relinquished by:	200	7/1/2019 17:00	Received by:	1	7/2/19 8.20
Relinquished by:			Received by:		
				l/	

# Chain of Custody and Cooler Receipt Form for 1921417 Laboratories,

Environmental Testing Laboratory Since 1949

Page 2 of 5

**CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY RECORD** 

ASSET Laboratories

3151-3153 W Post Rd., Las Vegas, NV 89118 www.aff-fabs.com FAX: 7023072691

TEL: 7023072659

19-21417

QC Level: Level IV

BC Labs 4100 Atlas Court Bakersfield, CA 93308

TEL: FAX:

(661) 327-4911 (661) 327-1918

Acct #:

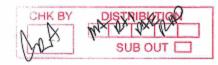
Field Sampler: SIGNED

02-Jul-19

Page 1 of 1

				1		Degranded Tools	
	Sample ID	Matrix Date Collected		Bottle Type	EPA 6010B	(Cr and Zn)	
						T(C) and Zirj	
-19	N036051-019A / 55197-5 70x200	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	8OZG	1		
-20	N036051-020A / 55197-5-200	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	80ZG	1		
- 21	N036051-021A / 55197-6 1/4x4	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	80ZG	1		
- 23	N036051-022A / 55197-6 4x701	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	80ZG	1		
~ 29	N038051-023A / 55197-6 70x200	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	80ZG	1		
- 24	N036051-024A / 55197-6-200	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	80ZG	1		
_25	N036051-025A / 55197-7 1/4x4	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	80ZG	1		
-20	N036051-026A / 55197-7 4x701	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	8OZG	1		
- 77	N036051-027A / 55197-7 70x200	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	8OZG	1		
-20	N036051-028A / 55197-7-200	Soil	6/7/2019 10:00:00 AM	8OZG	1		

Please cc Report to Lucille Golosinda at lucille.golosinda@assetlaboratories.com



General Comments:

Please email sample receipt acknowledgement to the PM.

Please cc andrea.gallardo@assetlaboratories.com

Please use PC#:N36051A Please email Invoices and Account Receivable Statements to elvira@assetlaboratories.com. For questions, call Marlon at (702)-307-2659. Please e-mail results to reports.lv@assetlaboratories.com by: 3-day TAT.

Please analyze for Cr and Zn by 6010. EDD Requirement labspec7 edata.

		D / (77)	GSO #: 545	347981	١.	
	YLT	Date/Time			X-	Date/Time
Relinquished by:		7/1/2019 17:00	Received by:	$\overline{}$	1/2	7/2/19 08:20
Relinquished by:			Received by:			



Chain of Custody and Cooler Receipt Form for 1921417 Page 3 of 5

BC LABORATORIES INC.			COOLER	RECEIPT	FORM			Pag	ge 1	of 5
Submission #: 9-21417										
SHIPPING INFORM Fed Ex D UPS D Ontrac D BC Lab Field Service D Other 9		d Delivery	5	Ice Ch	HIPPING est D er 🗆 (Spe	None	Box 🗆	-	FREE LIC YES  W /	NO 🗆
Refrigerant: Ice ♥ Blue Ice □	None		Other 🗆	Comr	nents:					
	Containe lact? Yes		None	Com	ments:					
All samples received? Yes No□ Al	samples	containers	intact?	Yes No		Descrip	tion(s) ma	tch COC?	Ye <u>s D</u> -Wo	0
- COC Received Émis	sivity:	97 ( (A)	Container	phre	_ Thermon	neter ID: 2	274		me 70%	
SAMPLE CONTAINERS						NUMBERS			T	
***************************************	1	2	а	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
QT PE UNPRES		-								1
40z/80z/16oz PE UNPRES		-	-	-	-	-		-	-	+
20x Cr+f		-	-	-		-	-		+	-
OT INORGANIC CHEMICAL METALS		-		-	-		-	-		-
INORGANIC CHEMICAL METALS 402 / 802 / 1602							-	-	-	-
PT CYANIDE								-		-
PT NITROGEN FORMS		-		_				-	-	-
PT TOTAL SULFIDE								-	-	-
202. NITRATE / NITRITE		_		-			-	-	-	-
PT TOTAL ORGANIC CARBON		-		-				-	-	-
PT CHEMICAL OXYGEN DEMAND							-	-		-
PLA PHENOLICS		-						-	-	-
40ml VOA VIAL TRAVEL BLANK		_								-
10mi VOA VIAL				-				-		-
OT EPA 1664		-						_		-
PT ODOR								-		-
RADIOLOGICAL .								1	-	-
BACTERIOLOGICAL 40 ml VOA VIAL-504							-	-	-	-
OT RPA 508/608/6080		-	-					-	-	-
OT EPA 515.1/8150									-	-
OT EPA 525.06350		-								
OT EPA 525 TRAVEL BLANK										_
								-	-	-
10ml EPA 547 10ml EPA 531.1										-
oz EPA 548								-		
OT EPA 549								-		
YT EPA 5015M								-		-
OT EPA 5015M										-
02/1602/3202 AMBER								· -	-	
02/1602/3202 AMBER 02/1602/3202 JAR	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	1	a	A
COIL SLEEVE	-, -		- \		-	-		·	<del>                                     </del>	-
CB VIAL								-		
LASTIC BAG					-					
EDLAR BAG										
ERROUS IRON										-
										-
NCORE					-	-				-
MART KIT										
UMMA CANISTER	- 1				- 1			1		1 1



Chain of Custody and Cooler Receipt Form for 1921417 Page 4 of 5

Submission #: 19-21417			COOLER	HLULIF	·		,		age	Of b
SHIPPING INFORM	AATION	<del></del>		<u> </u>			12.1815	ŕ¥]		
Fed Ex D UPS D Ontrac D		nd Delive	n, D		SHIPPING			11	FREE L	
	Z Specif	y) G	50	I I Ce C	hest 🖔 her 🛍 (Sp	ntone L	DOX E	,	YES	
	<u> </u>	,,	302		10) 12, 10)	CC11 7 )			W	/ . S
Refrigerant: Ice □ Blue Ice □	Non	e TP	Other 🗆	Com	ments:	Mb.	Lee			
	Contain	ers 🖸 :	None	"SOCor	nments:	1500	7			
All samples received? Yes D No D A	II samples	container	s intact?	res E N	• •	Descri	ption(s) ma	tch COC	Ves D N	o D
- COC Received Émis	ssivity:	98	Container	Cans	S Thermo	motor ID:	7.74	1	-70.0	10
withree the l				- /			MMX	, ,	Time A	1
Ter	nperature	: (A) Z	1.5	°C /	1012	1.7	°c 7/3	Analy	st Init M	208.20
					SAMPL	E NUMBERS	;		1	
SAMPLE CONTAINERS	1 ;	1 2	(3	1,4	(5	1 1 6	1 57	/ 8	1 19	710
OT PE UNPRES	1	T			1		T	1	1	1 .
40x/80x/160x PE UNPRES										
20z Cr**										-
QT INORGANIC CHEMICAL METALS										
INORGANIC CHEMICAL METALS 40z / 80z / 160z			-						-	
PT CYANIDE										
PT NITROGEN FORMS									_	
PT TOTAL SULFIDE					_	i		1		
20z. NITRATE/NITRITE								_		_
PT TOTAL ORGANIC CARBON										
PT CHEMICAL OXYGEN DEMAND									_	-
PIA PHENOLICS	-						1		-	+
40ml YOA VIAL TRAVEL BLANK								-		
40ml VOA VIAL								_	-	-
OT EPA 1664					-		-	-	+	+
PTODOR					-			-	+	
RADIOLOGICAL								_	-	
BACTERIOLOGICAL								-		-
40 ml VOA VIAL- 504	~							-		-
OT EPA 505/608/6080								-		-
27 EPA 515.1/8150								_	-	
									-	· .
OT EPA 525				_						
OT EPA 525 TRAVEL BLANK										-
0ml EPA 547										
0ml EPA 531.1										
02 EPA 548										
T EPA 549										
T EPA 8015M										
YT BPA 8270								,		
ox/16oz/32ox AMBER										
0z/160z/320zJAR (O	A	A	A	12	A	A	A	A	A	A
OIL SLEEVE					/2				-	
CB VIAL										
LASTIC BAG					-					
EDLAR BAG			_							-
ERROUS IRON			-	-		-				-
NCORE				-	-				-	<u> </u>
MART KIT										
IMMA CANISTER										
				1000			-			



Chain of Custody and Cooler Receipt Form for 1921417 Page 5 of 5

Submission #: 19-2141	7 1		OUGLL	R RECEIP	·			ra	ige	of <u>3</u>
SHIPPING INFOR	MATIO	M.	-	70.	OLUBBIAL	001177	INIED	17	MD ME	
Fed Ex □ UPS □ Ontrac		and Deliq	ory D	loo c	SHIPPING	CONTA	UNER		FREE LIC	QUID
	10 Spec	ify) G	30	Ot Ot	hest 🗀 (Sp	wone L	1 BOX F	·	YES 🗆	
			100	- 0,	(O)	0011 ¥ /			W /	. 8
Refrigerant: Ice □ Blue Ice [	) No	ne D	Other (	Com	ments:	10.	110			
	Conta		77	ne' SZOCor		100				
dintact?-Yes Fil No of	fotaci200	No I		المحمدة	mments:					
All and a second of the second										
All samples received? /Yes-E No D	All sample	es contain	ers intact?	r: Eglas	0 🗆	Descri	ption(s) m	tch COC?	Yes D No	
- COC Received Én	ilssivity: .	918	Containe	r:Calqs	S Thermo	meter ID:	274	Date/T	ime TOZa	19
~sD∕yes □no   ָ	emporatus	e: (A)	716	**		117	°c 7/3		746	7/27/
	emperator	e: ( A )	41.	-c /	(0) 2	1.6	*C +/3	Analys	t (mt _ ///_	300.20
SAMPLE CONTAINERS	_				SAMPL	E NUMBERS	3		/	
	2 3	22	2 3	24	25	2 6	2.7	Zs	9	10
OT PE UNPRES	-	-	_							
40x/80x/160x PE UNPRES	-	_								
20z Cr**	-		_							,
QT INORGANIC CHEMICAL METALS	-									
INORGANIC CHEMICAL METALS 40z / 80z / 160z									-	
PT CYANIDE	_									
PT NITROGEN FORMS										
PT TOTAL SULFIDE		_								
20z. NITRATE/NITRITE										
PT TOTAL ORGANIC CARBON										
PT CHEMICAL OXYGEN DEMAND										1
PLA PHENOLICS										
40ml YOA VIAL TRAVEL BLANK	1									
40ml VOA VIAL										1
OT EPA 1664										
PTODOR										
RADIOLOGICAL -										
BACTERIOLOGICAL									-	
60 ml VOA VIAL- 504										
OT EPA 503/608/8080			1							
QT EPA 515.1/8150										
OT EPA 525	i									
OT EPA 525 TRAVEL BLANK	1		1							
0ml RPA 547										
Oml EPA 531.1	i	1								
0Z EPA 568	i	-	1	-						
TEPA 549			-		-					
T EPA 8015M		-								
T EPA 8270		+								
		-	-							
02/1602/3202 AMBER 92/1602/3202 JAR	A	1	Δ.					4		
	4-1	A	Α	A	A	A	A	4		
OIL SLEEVE										
CB VIAL										
LASTIC BAG										
EDLAR BAG										
ERROUS IRON										
NCORE					T T					
MART KIT						-	-		-	
JMMA CANISTER					-					
nments:	w					2-191	13	\		



3151-3153 W. Post Rd Las Vegas, NV 89118

07/08/2019 13:29 Reported: Project: Level IV (MDL)

Project Number: N036051 Project Manager: Marlon B. Cartin

# **Laboratory / Client Sample Cross Reference**

Laboratory	Client Sample Informati	on		
1921417-01	COC Number:		Receive Date:	07/02/2019 08:20
	Project Number:		Sampling Date:	06/07/2019 10:00
	Sampling Location:		Sample Depth:	
	Sampling Point:	N036051-001A / 55197-1,-1/4x4M	Lab Matrix:	Solids
	Sampling Form.		Sample Type:	Soil
			- Campio Typei	
1921417-02	COC Number:		Receive Date:	07/02/2019 08:20
	Project Number:		Sampling Date:	06/07/2019 10:00
	Sampling Location:		Sample Depth:	
	. •	N036051-002A / 55197-1,-4Mx70M	Lab Matrix:	Solids
	Sampling Point: Sampled By:		Sample Type:	Soil
	Sampled by.		Sample Type.	
1921417-03	COC Number:		Receive Date:	07/02/2019 08:20
	Project Number:		Sampling Date:	06/07/2019 10:00
	•			
	Sampling Location:	 N036051-003A / 55197-1 70x200	Sample Depth:	Solids
	Sampling Point:		Lab Matrix:	Soil
	Sampled By:		Sample Type:	3011
1921417-04	COC Number:		Receive Date:	07/02/2019 08:20
	Project Number:		Sampling Date:	06/07/2019 10:00
	•		. •	
	Sampling Location:		Sample Depth:	
	Sampling Point:	N036051-004A / 55197-1-200	Lab Matrix:	Solids Soil
	Sampled By:		Sample Type:	5011
1921417-05	COC Number:		Receive Date:	07/02/2019 08:20
	Project Number:		Sampling Date:	06/07/2019 10:00
	-		• •	
	Sampling Location:	N036051-005A / 55197-21/4x4	Sample Depth:	Solids
	Sampling Point:		Lab Matrix:	Soil
	Sampled By:		Sample Type:	3011
1921417-06	COC Number:		Receive Date:	07/02/2019 08:20
	Project Number:		Sampling Date:	06/07/2019 10:00
	Sampling Location:		Sampling Date. Sample Depth:	
		N036051-006A / 55197-2 4x701		Solids
	Sampling Point:		Lab Matrix: Sample Type:	Soil
	Sampled By:		Sample Type:	JUII
1921417-07	COC Number:		Receive Date:	07/02/2019 08:20
- '	Project Number:		Sampling Date:	06/07/2019 10:00
	Sampling Location:	N026051 0074 / 55107 2 70×200	Sample Depth:	
	Sampling Point:	N036051-007A / 55197-2 70x200	Lab Matrix:	Solids
	Sampled By:		Sample Type:	Soil

Report ID: 1000909916 Page 9 of 44



3151-3153 W. Post Rd Las Vegas, NV 89118

07/08/2019 13:29 Reported:

Project: Level IV (MDL) Project Number: N036051 Project Manager: Marlon B. Cartin

# **Laboratory / Client Sample Cross Reference**

Laboratory	Client Sample Informati	on		
1921417-08	COC Number:		Receive Date:	07/02/2019 08:20
	Project Number:		Sampling Date:	06/07/2019 10:00
	Sampling Location:		Sample Depth:	
	Sampling Point:	N036051-008A / 55197-2-200	Lab Matrix:	Solids
	Sampled By:		Sample Type:	Soil
1921417-09	COC Number:		Receive Date:	07/02/2019 08:20
	Project Number:		Sampling Date:	06/07/2019 10:00
	Sampling Location:		Sample Depth:	
	Sampling Point:	N036051-009A / 55197-31/4x4	Lab Matrix:	Solids
	Sampled By:		Sample Type:	Soil
1921417-10	COC Number:		Receive Date:	07/02/2019 08:20
	Project Number:		Sampling Date:	06/07/2019 10:00
	Sampling Location:		Sample Depth:	
	Sampling Point:	N036051-010A / 55197-3 4x701	Lab Matrix:	Solids
	Sampled By:	<del></del>	Sample Type:	Soil
1921417-11	COC Number:		Receive Date:	07/02/2019 08:20
	Project Number:		Sampling Date:	06/07/2019 10:00
	Sampling Location:		Sample Depth:	
	Sampling Point:	N036051-011A / 55197-3 70x200	Lab Matrix:	Solids
	Sampled By:		Sample Type:	Soil
1921417-12	COC Number:		Receive Date:	07/02/2019 08:20
	Project Number:		Sampling Date:	06/07/2019 10:00
	Sampling Location:		Sample Depth:	
	Sampling Point:	N036051-012A / 55197-3 -200	Lab Matrix:	Solids
	Sampled By:		Sample Type:	Soil
1921417-13	COC Number:		Receive Date:	07/02/2019 08:20
	Project Number:		Sampling Date:	06/07/2019 10:00
	Sampling Location:		Sample Depth:	
	Sampling Point:	N036051-013A / 55197 -4 1/4x4	Lab Matrix:	Solids
	Sampled By:		Sample Type:	Soil
1921417-14	COC Number:		Receive Date:	07/02/2019 08:20
	Project Number:		Sampling Date:	06/07/2019 10:00
	Sampling Location:		Sample Depth:	
	Sampling Point:	N036051-014A / 55197 -4 4x701	Lab Matrix:	Solids
	Sampled By:		Sample Type:	Soil

Report ID: 1000909916 Page 10 of 44



3151-3153 W. Post Rd Las Vegas, NV 89118

07/08/2019 13:29 Reported: Project: Level IV (MDL)

Project Number: N036051 Project Manager: Marlon B. Cartin

# **Laboratory / Client Sample Cross Reference**

Laboratory	Client Sample Informati	on		
1921417-15	COC Number:		Receive Date:	07/02/2019 08:20
	Project Number:		Sampling Date:	06/07/2019 10:00
	Sampling Location:		Sample Depth:	
	Sampling Point:	N036051-015A / 55197 -4 70x200	Lab Matrix:	Solids
	Sampled By:		Sample Type:	Soil
	Campieu By.		Cample Type.	
1921417-16	COC Number:		Receive Date:	07/02/2019 08:20
	Project Number:		Sampling Date:	06/07/2019 10:00
	Sampling Location:		Sample Depth:	
	Sampling Point:	N036051-016A / 55197 -4 -200	Lab Matrix:	Solids
	Sampled By:		Sample Type:	Soil
1921417-17	COC Number:		Receive Date:	07/02/2019 08:20
	Project Number:		Sampling Date:	06/07/2019 10:00
	•		• •	
	Sampling Location:	 N036051-017A / 55197 -5 1/4x4	Sample Depth:	Solids
	Sampling Point:	NU36U51-U17A7 55197 -5 1/4X4	Lab Matrix:	Soil
	Sampled By:	<del></del>	Sample Type:	3011
1921417-18	COC Number:		Receive Date:	07/02/2019 08:20
	Project Number:		Sampling Date:	06/07/2019 10:00
	Sampling Location:		Sample Depth:	
	Sampling Point:	N036051-018A / 55197 -5 4x701	Lab Matrix:	Solids
	Sampled By:		Sample Type:	Soil
	· · ·		· · ·	
1921417-19	COC Number:		Receive Date:	07/02/2019 08:20
	Project Number:		Sampling Date:	06/07/2019 10:00
	Sampling Location:		Sample Depth:	
	Sampling Point:	N036051-019A / 55197 -5 70x200	Lab Matrix:	Solids
	Sampled By:		Sample Type:	Soil
1921417-20	COC Number:		Receive Date:	07/02/2019 08:20
				06/07/2019 08:20
	Project Number:	<del></del>	Sampling Date:	
	Sampling Location:	N026051 0204 / 55107 5 200	Sample Depth:	 Colido
	Sampling Point:	N036051-020A / 55197 -5 -200	Lab Matrix:	Solids
	Sampled By:		Sample Type:	Soil
1921417-21	COC Number:		Receive Date:	07/02/2019 08:20
	Project Number:		Sampling Date:	06/07/2019 10:00
	Sampling Location:		Sample Depth:	
	Sampling Point:	N036051-021A / 55197 -6 1/4x4	Lab Matrix:	Solids
				Soil
	Sampled By:		Sample Type:	5011

Report ID: 1000909916 Page 11 of 44



3151-3153 W. Post Rd

Las Vegas, NV 89118

07/08/2019 13:29 Reported:

Project: Level IV (MDL) Project Number: N036051

Project Manager: Marlon B. Cartin

# **Laboratory / Client Sample Cross Reference**

Laboratory	Client Sample Informati	on		
1921417-22	COC Number:		Receive Date:	07/02/2019 08:20
	Project Number:		Sampling Date:	06/07/2019 10:00
	Sampling Location:		Sample Depth:	
	Sampling Point:	N036051-022A / 55197 -6 4x701	Lab Matrix:	Solids
	Sampled By:		Sample Type:	Soil
1921417-23	COC Number:		Receive Date:	07/02/2019 08:20
	Project Number:		Sampling Date:	06/07/2019 10:00
	Sampling Location:		Sample Depth:	
	Sampling Point:	N036051-023A / 55197 -6 70x200	Lab Matrix:	Solids
	Sampled By:		Sample Type:	Soil
1921417-24	COC Number:		Receive Date:	07/02/2019 08:20
	Project Number:		Sampling Date:	06/07/2019 10:00
	Sampling Location:		Sample Depth:	
	Sampling Point:	N036051-024A / 55197 -6 -200	Lab Matrix:	Solids
	Sampled By:		Sample Type:	Soil
1921417-25	COC Number:		Receive Date:	07/02/2019 08:20
	Project Number:		Sampling Date:	06/07/2019 10:00
	Sampling Location:		Sample Depth:	
	Sampling Point:	N036051-025A / 55197 -7 1/4x4	Lab Matrix:	Solids
	Sampled By:		Sample Type:	Soil
1921417-26	COC Number:		Receive Date:	07/02/2019 08:20
	Project Number:		Sampling Date:	06/07/2019 10:00
	Sampling Location:		Sample Depth:	
	Sampling Point:	N036051-026A / 55197 -7 4x701	Lab Matrix:	Solids
	Sampled By:		Sample Type:	Soil
1921417-27	COC Number:		Receive Date:	07/02/2019 08:20
	Project Number:		Sampling Date:	06/07/2019 10:00
	Sampling Location:		Sample Depth:	
	Sampling Point:	N036051-027A / 55197 -7 70x200	Lab Matrix:	Solids
	Sampled By:	<del></del>	Sample Type:	Soil
1921417-28	COC Number:		Receive Date:	07/02/2019 08:20
	Project Number:		Sampling Date:	06/07/2019 10:00
	Sampling Location:		Sample Depth:	
	Sampling Point:	N036051-028A / 55197-7-70-200	Lab Matrix:	Solids
	Sampled By:		Sample Type:	Soil

Report ID: 1000909916 Page 12 of 44

3151-3153 W. Post Rd Las Vegas, NV 89118

Reported: 07/08/2019 13:29

Project: Level IV (MDL)

Project Number: N036051 Project Manager: Marlon B. Cartin

# **Total Concentrations (TTLC)**

BCL Sample ID:	1921417-01	Client Sample	Name:	N036051-	N036051-001A / 55197-1,-1/4x4M, 6/7/2019 10:00:00AM						
Constituent		Dry Basis Result	Units	PQL	MDL	Method	MB Bias	Lab Quals	Run #		
Chromium		500	mg/kg dry wt.	0.50	0.050	EPA-6010B	0.55	B,S11	1		
Zinc		54	mg/kg dry wt.	2.5	0.087	EPA-6010B	0.85		1		

			Run		QC			
Run #	Method	Prep Date	Date/Time	Analyst	Instrument	Dilution	Batch ID	
1	EPA-6010B	07/03/19 13:45	07/05/19 11:54	KDF	PE-OP3	0.943	B050212	

Report ID: 1000909916 Page 13 of 44

3151-3153 W. Post Rd Las Vegas, NV 89118

Reported: 07/08/2019 13:29

Project: Level IV (MDL)

Project Number: N036051 Project Manager: Marlon B. Cartin

# **Total Concentrations (TTLC)**

BCL Sample ID:	1921417-02	Client Sample	Name:	N036051-	002A / 55197-1,-4Mx70M, 6/7/2019 10:00:00AM					
Constituent		Dry Basis Result	Units	PQL	MDL	Method	MB Bias	Lab Quals	Run#	
Chromium		2100	mg/kg dry wt.	0.50	0.050	EPA-6010B	0.53	B,S11	1	
Zinc		110	mg/kg dry wt.	2.5	0.087	EPA-6010B	0.82		1	

			Run		QC			
Run #	Method	Prep Date	Date/Time	Analyst	Instrument	Dilution	Batch ID	
1	EPA-6010B	07/03/19 13:45	07/05/19 13:57	KDF	PE-OP3	0.909	B050212	

Report ID: 1000909916 Page 14 of 44

3151-3153 W. Post Rd Las Vegas, NV 89118

Reported: 07/08/2019 13:29

Project: Level IV (MDL)

Project Number: N036051 Project Manager: Marlon B. Cartin

# **Total Concentrations (TTLC)**

BCL Sample ID:	1921417-03	Client Sample	Name:	:00AM					
Constituent		Dry Basis Result	Units	PQL	MDL	Method	MB Bias	Lab Quals	Run#
Chromium		3200	mg/kg dry wt.	1.0	0.10	EPA-6010B	1.2	B,D,A07,S11	1
Zinc		160	mg/kg dry wt.	5.0	0.18	EPA-6010B	1.8	D,A07	1

			Run				QC	
Run#	Method	Prep Date	Date/Time	Analyst	Instrument	Dilution	Batch ID	
1	EPA-6010B	07/03/19 13:45	07/05/19 11:45	KDF	PE-OP3	2	B050212	

Report ID: 1000909916 Page 15 of 44

3151-3153 W. Post Rd Las Vegas, NV 89118

Reported: 07/08/2019 13:29

Project: Level IV (MDL)

Project Number: N036051 Project Manager: Marlon B. Cartin

# **Total Concentrations (TTLC)**

BCL Sample ID:	1921417-04	Client Sample	Name:	N036051-	·004A / 551	97-1-200, 6/7/20	10:00:00	AM	
Constituent		Dry Basis Result	Units	PQL	MDL	Method	MB Bias	Lab Quals	Run#
Chromium		4700	mg/kg dry wt.	1.0	0.10	EPA-6010B	1.1	B,D,A07,S11	1
Zinc		170	mg/kg dry wt.	5.1	0.18	EPA-6010B	1.7	D,A07	1

			Run				QC	
Run#	Method	Prep Date	Date/Time	Analyst	Instrument	Dilution	Batch ID	
1	EPA-6010B	07/03/19 13:45	07/05/19 13:59	KDF	PE-OP3	1.923	B050212	

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3151-3153 W. Post Rd Las Vegas, NV 89118

Reported: 07/08/2019 13:29

Project: Level IV (MDL)

Project Number: N036051 Project Manager: Marlon B. Cartin

# **Total Concentrations (TTLC)**

BCL Sample ID:	1921417-05	Client Sample	Name:	N036051-005A / 55197-21/4x4, 6/7/2019 10:00:00AM						
Constituent		Dry Basis Result	Units	PQL	MDL	Method	MB Bias	Lab Quals	Run#	
Chromium		110	mg/kg dry wt.	0.50	0.050	EPA-6010B	0.56	B,S11	1	
Zinc		42	mg/kg dry wt.	2.5	0.087	EPA-6010B	0.88		1	

			Run					
Run #	Method	Prep Date	Date/Time	Analyst	Instrument	Dilution	Batch ID	
1	EPA-6010B	07/03/19 13:45	07/05/19 14:00	KDF	PE-OP3	0.971	B050212	

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3151-3153 W. Post Rd Las Vegas, NV 89118

Reported: 07/08/2019 13:29

Project: Level IV (MDL)

Project Number: N036051 Project Manager: Marlon B. Cartin

# **Total Concentrations (TTLC)**

BCL Sample ID:	1921417-06	Client Sample	Name:	N036051-006A / 55197-2 4x701, 6/7/2019 10:00:00AM						
Constituent		Dry Basis Result	Units	PQL	MDL	Method	MB Bias	Lab Quals	Run #	
Chromium		140	mg/kg dry wt.	0.50	0.050	EPA-6010B	0.58	B,S11	1	
Zinc		41	mg/kg dry wt.	2.5	0.087	EPA-6010B	0.91		1	

			Run				QC	
Run#	Method	Prep Date	Date/Time	Analyst	Instrument	Dilution	Batch ID	
1	EPA-6010B	07/03/19 13:45	07/05/19 14:02	KDF	PE-OP3	1	B050212	

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Las Vegas, NV 89118 Project Number: N036051 Project Manager: Marlon B. Cartin

# **Total Concentrations (TTLC)**

BCL Sample ID:	1921417-07	Client Sample	Name:	N036051-	N036051-007A / 55197-2 70x200, 6/7/2019 10:00:00AM						
Constituent		Dry Basis Result	Units	PQL	MDL	Method	MB Bias	Lab Quals	Run#		
Chromium		190	mg/kg dry wt.	0.50	0.050	EPA-6010B	0.55	B,S11	1		
Zinc		44	mg/kg dry wt.	2.5	0.087	EPA-6010B	0.86		1		

			Run				QC	
Run#	Method	Prep Date	Date/Time	Analyst	Instrument	Dilution	Batch ID	
1	EPA-6010B	07/03/19 13:45	07/05/19 14:03	KDF	PE-OP3	0.952	B050212	

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3151-3153 W. Post Rd

Las Vegas, NV 89118

Reported: 07/08/2019 13:29

Project: Level IV (MDL) Project Number: N036051

Project Manager: Marlon B. Cartin

# **Total Concentrations (TTLC)**

BCL Sample ID:	1921417-08	Client Sample	Name:	N036051-	N036051-008A / 55197-2-200, 6/7/2019 10:00:00AM						
Constituent		Dry Basis Result	Units	PQL	MDL	Method	MB Bias	Lab Quals	Run #		
Chromium		330	mg/kg dry wt.	0.50	0.050	EPA-6010B	0.56	B,S11	1		
Zinc		59	mg/kg dry wt.	2.5	0.088	EPA-6010B	0.88		1		

			Run					
Run #	Method	Prep Date	Date/Time	Analyst	Instrument	Dilution	Batch ID	
1	EPA-6010B	07/03/19 13:45	07/05/19 14:05	KDF	PE-OP3	0.971	B050212	

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3151-3153 W. Post Rd Las Vegas, NV 89118

Reported: 07/08/2019 13:29

Project: Level IV (MDL)

Project Number: N036051 Project Manager: Marlon B. Cartin

# **Total Concentrations (TTLC)**

BCL Sample ID:	1921417-09	Client Sample	Name:	N036051-	N036051-009A / 55197-31/4x4, 6/7/2019 10:00:00AM						
Constituent		Dry Basis Result	Units	PQL	MDL	Method	MB Bias	Lab Quals	Run#		
Chromium		1000	mg/kg dry wt.	0.50	0.050	EPA-6010B	0.53	B,S11	1		
Zinc		90	mg/kg dry wt.	2.5	0.087	EPA-6010B	0.82		1		

			Run				QC
Run#	Method	Prep Date	Date/Time	Analyst	Instrument	Dilution	Batch ID
1	EPA-6010B	07/03/19 13:45	07/05/19 14:06	KDF	PE-OP3	0.909	B050212

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3151-3153 W. Post Rd Las Vegas, NV 89118

Reported: 07/08/2019 13:29

Project: Level IV (MDL)

Project Number: N036051 Project Manager: Marlon B. Cartin

# **Total Concentrations (TTLC)**

BCL Sample ID:	1921417-10	Client Sample	Name:	N036051-	N036051-010A / 55197-3 4x701, 6/7/2019 10:00:00AM							
Constituent		Dry Basis Result	Units	PQL	MDL	Method	MB Bias	Lab Quals	Run #			
Chromium		1600	mg/kg dry wt.	0.50	0.050	EPA-6010B	0.57	B,S11	1			
Zinc		110	mg/kg dry wt.	2.5	0.087	EPA-6010B	0.89		1			

			Run				QC	
Run#	Method	Prep Date	Date/Time	Analyst	Instrument	Dilution	Batch ID	
1	EPA-6010B	07/03/19 13:45	07/05/19 14:08	KDF	PE-OP3	0.980	B050212	

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3151-3153 W. Post Rd Las Vegas, NV 89118

Reported: 07/08/2019 13:29

Project: Level IV (MDL)

Project Number: N036051 Project Manager: Marlon B. Cartin

# **Total Concentrations (TTLC)**

BCL Sample ID:	1921417-11	Client Sample	Name:	N036051-	N036051-011A / 55197-3 70x200, 6/7/2019 10:00:00AM						
Constituent		Dry Basis Result	Units	PQL	MDL	Method	MB Bias	Lab Quals	Run#		
Chromium		2600	mg/kg dry wt.	0.50	0.050	EPA-6010B	0.56	B,S11	1		
Zinc		150	mg/kg dry wt.	2.5	0.087	EPA-6010B	0.88		1		

			Run				QC	
Run#	Method	Prep Date	Date/Time	Analyst	Instrument	Dilution	Batch ID	
1	EPA-6010B	07/03/19 13:45	07/05/19 14:12	KDF	PE-OP3	0.971	B050212	

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Reported: 07/08/2019 13:29

Project: Level IV (MDL)

Project Number: N036051 Project Manager: Marlon B. Cartin

# **Total Concentrations (TTLC)**

BCL Sample ID:	1921417-12	Client Sample	Name:	N036051-012A / 55197-3 -200, 6/7/2019 10:00:00AM						
Constituent		Dry Basis Result	Units	PQL	MDL	Method	MB Bias	Lab Quals	Run#	
Chromium		7400	mg/kg dry wt.	1.0	0.10	EPA-6010B	1.1	B,D,A07,S11	1	
Zinc		330	mg/kg dry wt.	5.1	0.18	EPA-6010B	1.8	D,A07	1	

			Run				QC	
Run#	Method	Prep Date	Date/Time	Analyst	Instrument	Dilution	Batch ID	
1	EPA-6010B	07/03/19 13:45	07/05/19 14:26	KDF	PE-OP3	1.980	B050212	

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Reported: 07/08/2019 13:29

Project: Level IV (MDL)

Project Number: N036051 Project Manager: Marlon B. Cartin

# **Total Concentrations (TTLC)**

BCL Sample ID:	1921417-13	Client Sample	Name:	N036051-	2019 10:00:0	0AM			
Constituent		Dry Basis Result	Units	PQL	MDL	Method	MB Bias	Lab Quals	Run #
Chromium		700	mg/kg dry wt.	0.51	0.051	EPA-6010B	0.57	B,S11	1
Zinc		110	mg/kg dry wt.	2.5	0.088	EPA-6010B	0.89		1

	Run						QC	
Run #	Method	Prep Date	Date/Time	Analyst	Instrument	Dilution	Batch ID	
1	EPA-6010B	07/05/19 13:45	07/05/19 14:28	KDF	PE-OP3	0.980	B050212	

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3151-3153 W. Post Rd Las Vegas, NV 89118

Reported: 07/08/2019 13:29

Project: Level IV (MDL)

Project Number: N036051 Project Manager: Marlon B. Cartin

# **Total Concentrations (TTLC)**

BCL Sample ID:	1921417-14	Client Sample	ient Sample Name: N036051-014A / 55197 -4 4x701, 6/7/2019 10:00:00AM							
Constituent		Dry Basis Result	Units	PQL	MDL	Method	MB Bias	Lab Quals	Run #	
Chromium		710	mg/kg dry wt.	0.50	0.050	EPA-6010B	0.56	B,S11	1	
Zinc		99	mg/kg dry wt.	2.5	0.087	EPA-6010B	0.87		1	

	Run						QC	
Run #	Method	Prep Date	Date/Time	Analyst	Instrument	Dilution	Batch ID	
1	EPA-6010B	07/05/19 13:45	07/05/19 14:29	KDF	PE-OP3	0.962	B050212	

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Reported: 07/08/2019 13:29

Project: Level IV (MDL)

Project Number: N036051 Project Manager: Marlon B. Cartin

# **Total Concentrations (TTLC)**

BCL Sample ID:	1921417-15	Client Sample	e Name:	N036051-	036051-015A / 55197 -4 70x200, 6/7/2019 10:00:00AM					
Constituent		Dry Basis Result	Units	PQL	MDL	Method	MB Bias	Lab Quals	Run#	
Chromium		1600	mg/kg dry wt.	0.50	0.050	EPA-6010B	0.55	B,S11	1	
Zinc		220	mg/kg dry wt.	2.5	0.088	EPA-6010B	0.86		1	

			Run				QC	
Run #	Method	Prep Date	Date/Time	Analyst	Instrument	Dilution	Batch ID	
1	EPA-6010B	07/05/19 13:45	07/05/19 14:31	KDF	PE-OP3	0.952	B050212	

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Reported: 07/08/2019 13:29

Project: Level IV (MDL)

Project Number: N036051 Project Manager: Marlon B. Cartin

# **Total Concentrations (TTLC)**

BCL Sample ID:	1921417-16	Client Sample	Name:	N036051-	N036051-016A / 55197 -4 -200, 6/7/2019 10:00:00AM						
Constituent		Dry Basis Result	Units	PQL	MDL	Method	MB Bias	Lab Quals	Run #		
Chromium		3100	mg/kg dry wt.	0.51	0.051	EPA-6010B	0.58	B,S11	1		
Zinc		290	mg/kg dry wt.	2.5	0.089	EPA-6010B	0.91		1		

	Run						QC		
Run #	Method	Prep Date	Date/Time	Analyst	Instrument	Dilution	Batch ID		
1	EPA-6010B	07/05/19 13:45	07/05/19 14:42	KDF	PE-OP3	1	B050212		

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Reported: 07/08/2019 13:29

Project: Level IV (MDL)

Project Number: N036051

Project Manager: Marlon B. Cartin

# **Total Concentrations (TTLC)**

BCL Sample ID:	1921417-17	Client Sample	Name:	N036051-	N036051-017A / 55197 -5 1/4x4, 6/7/2019 10:00:00AM						
Constituent		Dry Basis Result	Units	PQL	MDL	Method	MB Bias	Lab Quals	Run #		
Chromium		340	mg/kg dry wt.	0.50	0.050	EPA-6010B	0.57	B,S11	1		
Zinc		59	mg/kg dry wt.	2.5	0.087	EPA-6010B	0.90		1		

		Run						
Run #	Method	Prep Date	Date/Time	Analyst	Instrument	Dilution	Batch ID	
1	EPA-6010B	07/05/19 13:45	07/05/19 14:44	KDF	PE-OP3	0.990	B050212	

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Las Vegas, NV 89118 Project Number: N036051 Project Manager: Marlon B. Cartin

# **Total Concentrations (TTLC)**

BCL Sample ID:	1921417-18	Client Sample	Name:	N036051-	018A / 551	97 -5 4x701, 6/7	/2019 10:00:0	00AM	
Constituent		Dry Basis Result	Units	PQL	MDL	Method	MB Bias	Lab Quals	Run #
Chromium		1300	mg/kg dry wt.	0.50	0.050	EPA-6010B	0.56	B,S11	1
Zinc		100	mg/kg dry wt.	2.5	0.087	EPA-6010B	0.87		1

			Run			QC		
Run#	Method	Prep Date	Date/Time	Analyst	Instrument	Dilution	Batch ID	
1	EPA-6010B	07/05/19 13:45	07/05/19 14:45	KDF	PE-OP3	0.962	B050212	

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3151-3153 W. Post Rd Las Vegas, NV 89118

Reported: 07/08/2019 13:29

Project: Level IV (MDL)

Project Number: N036051 Project Manager: Marlon B. Cartin

# **Total Concentrations (TTLC)**

BCL Sample ID:	1921417-19	Client Sample	Name:	N036051-	019A / 551	97 -5 70x200, 6/	7/2019 10:00	:00AM		
Constituent		Dry Basis Result	Units	PQL	MDL	Method	MB Bias	Lab Quals	Run#	
Chromium		1300	mg/kg dry wt.	0.50	0.050	EPA-6010B	0.54	B,S11	1	
Zinc		110	mg/kg dry wt.	2.5	0.087	EPA-6010B	0.85		1	

			Run			QC		
Run #	Method	Prep Date	Date/Time	Analyst	Instrument	Dilution	Batch ID	
1	EPA-6010B	07/05/19 13:45	07/05/19 14:47	KDF	PE-OP3	0.935	B050212	

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3151-3153 W. Post Rd Las Vegas, NV 89118

Reported: 07/08/2019 13:29

Project: Level IV (MDL)

Project Number: N036051 Project Manager: Marlon B. Cartin

# **Total Concentrations (TTLC)**

BCL Sample ID:	1921417-20	Client Sample	e Name:	N036051-	-020A / 551	97 -5 -200, 6/7/2	2019 10:00:00	AM	
Constituent		Dry Basis Result	Units	PQL	MDL	Method	MB Bias	Lab Quals	Run #
Chromium		2500	mg/kg dry wt.	0.50	0.050	EPA-6010B	0.56	B,S11	1
Zinc		150	mg/kg dry wt.	2.5	0.087	EPA-6010B	0.87		1

			Run				QC	
Run #	Method	Prep Date	Date/Time	Analyst	Instrument	Dilution	Batch ID	
1	EPA-6010B	07/05/19 13:45	07/05/19 14:48	KDF	PE-OP3	0.962	B050212	

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Reported: 07/08/2019 13:29

Project: Level IV (MDL)

Project Number: N036051 Project Manager: Marlon B. Cartin

ASSET Laboratories- Las Vegas 3151-3153 W. Post Rd Las Vegas, NV 89118

# **Total Concentrations (TTLC)**

BCL Sample ID:	1921417-21	Client Sample	lient Sample Name: N036051-021A / 55197 -6 1/4x4, 6/7/2019 10:00:00AM							
Constituent		Dry Basis Result	Units	PQL	MDL	Method	MB Bias	Lab Quals	Run#	
Chromium		410	mg/kg dry wt.	0.50	0.050	EPA-6010B	ND		1	
Zinc		71	mg/kg dry wt.	2.5	0.087	EPA-6010B	0.82		1	

			Run				QC	
Run#	Method	Prep Date	Date/Time	Analyst	Instrument	Dilution	Batch ID	
1	EPA-6010B	07/03/19 17:00	07/05/19 08:37	KDF	PE-OP3	0.962	B050217	

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3151-3153 W. Post Rd Las Vegas, NV 89118

Reported: 07/08/2019 13:29

Project: Level IV (MDL)

Project Number: N036051 Project Manager: Marlon B. Cartin

# **Total Concentrations (TTLC)**

BCL Sample ID:	1921417-22	Client Sample	Name:	N036051-	022A / 551	97 -6 4x701, 6/7	/2019 10:00:0	00AM		
Constituent		Dry Basis Result	Units	PQL	MDL	Method	MB Bias	Lab Quals	Run#	
Chromium		790	mg/kg dry wt.	0.50	0.050	EPA-6010B	ND		1	
Zinc		95	mg/kg dry wt.	2.5	0.087	EPA-6010B	0.83		1	

			Run				QC	
Run#	Method	Prep Date	Date/Time	Analyst	Instrument	Dilution	Batch ID	
1	EPA-6010B	07/03/19 17:00	07/05/19 08:43	KDF	PE-OP3	0.971	B050217	

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3151-3153 W. Post Rd Las Vegas, NV 89118

Reported: 07/08/2019 13:29

Project: Level IV (MDL)

Project Number: N036051 Project Manager: Marlon B. Cartin

# **Total Concentrations (TTLC)**

BCL Sample ID:	1921417-23	Client Sample	Name:	N036051-	023A / 551	97 -6 70x200, 6/	7/2019 10:00	lient Sample Name: N036051-023A / 55197 -6 70x200, 6/7/2019 10:00:00AM							
Constituent		Dry Basis Result	Units	PQL	MDL	Method	MB Bias	Lab Quals	Run#						
Chromium		1100	mg/kg dry wt.	0.50	0.050	EPA-6010B	ND		1						
Zinc		120	mg/kg dry wt.	2.5	0.087	EPA-6010B	0.85		1						

			Run			QC			
Run #	Method	Prep Date	Date/Time	Analyst	Instrument	Dilution	Batch ID		
1	EPA-6010B	07/03/19 17:00	07/05/19 08:28	KDF	PE-OP3	1	B050217		

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Reported: 07/08/2019 13:29

Project: Level IV (MDL)

Project Number: N036051 Project Manager: Marlon B. Cartin

# **Total Concentrations (TTLC)**

BCL Sample ID:	1921417-24	Client Sample	Name:	N036051-024A / 55197 -6 -200, 6/7/2019 10:00:00AM						
Constituent		Dry Basis Result	Units	PQL	MDL	Method	MB Bias	Lab Quals	Run #	
Chromium		3300	mg/kg dry wt.	1.0	0.10	EPA-6010B	ND	D,A07	1	
Zinc		280	mg/kg dry wt.	5.0	0.17	EPA-6010B	1.7	D,A07	1	

			Run					
Run#	Method	Prep Date	Date/Time	Analyst	Instrument	Dilution	Batch ID	
1	EPA-6010B	07/03/19 17:00	07/05/19 08:44	KDF	PE-OP3	1.980	B050217	

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Reported: 07/08/2019 13:29

Project: Level IV (MDL)

Project Number: N036051 Project Manager: Marlon B. Cartin

# **Total Concentrations (TTLC)**

BCL Sample ID:	1921417-25	Client Sample	Name:	N036051-025A / 55197 -7 1/4x4, 6/7/2019 10:00:00AM						
Constituent		Dry Basis Result	Units	PQL	MDL	Method	MB Bias	Lab Quals	Run #	
Chromium		210	mg/kg dry wt.	0.50	0.050	EPA-6010B	ND		1	
Zinc		59	mg/kg dry wt.	2.5	0.087	EPA-6010B	0.80		1	

			Run					
Run#	Method	Prep Date	Date/Time	Analyst	Instrument	Dilution	Batch ID	
1	EPA-6010B	07/03/19 17:00	07/05/19 08:46	KDF	PE-OP3	0.943	B050217	

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Reported: 07/08/2019 13:29

Project: Level IV (MDL)

Project Number: N036051 Project Manager: Marlon B. Cartin

# **Total Concentrations (TTLC)**

BCL Sample ID:	1921417-26	Client Sample	Name:	N036051-026A / 55197 -7 4x701, 6/7/2019 10:00:00AM						
Constituent		Dry Basis Result	Units	PQL	MDL	Method	MB Bias	Lab Quals	Run#	
Chromium		1800	mg/kg dry wt.	0.50	0.050	EPA-6010B	ND		1	
Zinc		190	mg/kg dry wt.	2.5	0.087	EPA-6010B	0.83		1	

			Run					
Run#	Method	Prep Date	Date/Time	Analyst	Instrument	Dilution	Batch ID	
1	EPA-6010B	07/03/19 17:00	07/05/19 08:48	KDF	PE-OP3	0.971	B050217	

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3151-3153 W. Post Rd Las Vegas, NV 89118

Reported: 07/08/2019 13:29

Project: Level IV (MDL)

Project Number: N036051 Project Manager: Marlon B. Cartin

# **Total Concentrations (TTLC)**

BCL Sample ID:	1921417-27	Client Sample	Name:	N036051-	I036051-027A / 55197 -7 70x200, 6/7/2019 10:00:00AM						
Constituent		Dry Basis Result	Units	PQL	MDL	Method	MB Bias	Lab Quals	Run#		
Chromium		2500	mg/kg dry wt.	0.50	0.050	EPA-6010B	ND		1		
Zinc		240	mg/kg dry wt.	2.5	0.087	EPA-6010B	0.80		1		

			Run					
Run #	Method	Prep Date	Date/Time	Analyst	Instrument	Dilution	Batch ID	
1	EPA-6010B	07/03/19 17:00	07/05/19 08:50	KDF	PE-OP3	0.935	B050217	

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Las Vegas, NV 89118 Project Number: N036051 Project Manager: Marlon B. Cartin

# **Total Concentrations (TTLC)**

BCL Sample ID:	1921417-28	Client Sample	Name:	N036051-	N036051-028A / 55197-7-70-200, 6/7/2019 10:00:00AM						
Constituent		Dry Basis Result	Units	PQL	MDL	Method	MB Bias	Lab Quals	Run#		
Chromium		4600	mg/kg dry wt.	1.0	0.10	EPA-6010B	ND	D,A07	1		
Zinc		410	mg/kg dry wt.	5.0	0.18	EPA-6010B	1.7	D,A07	1		

			Run					
Run#	Method	Prep Date	Date/Time	Analyst	Instrument	Dilution	Batch ID	
1	EPA-6010B	07/03/19 17:00	07/05/19 08:51	KDF	PE-OP3	1.980	B050217	

Report ID: 1000909916 Page 40 of 44



3151-3153 W. Post Rd Las Vegas, NV 89118

Reported: 07/08/2019 13:29

Project: Level IV (MDL)

Project Number: N036051 Project Manager: Marlon B. Cartin

# **Total Concentrations (TTLC)**

## **Quality Control Report - Method Blank Analysis**

Constituent	QC Sample ID	MB Result	Units	PQL	MDL	Lab Quals
QC Batch ID: B050212						
Chromium	B050212-BLK1	0.58026	mg/kg dry wt.	0.50	0.050	M01
Zinc	B050212-BLK1	0.90515	mg/kg dry wt.	2.5	0.087	J
QC Batch ID: B050217						
Chromium	B050217-BLK1	ND	mg/kg dry wt.	0.50	0.050	U
Zinc	B050217-BLK1	0.85215	mg/kg dry wt.	2.5	0.087	J

Report ID: 1000909916 Page 41 of 44



3151-3153 W. Post Rd Las Vegas, NV 89118 **Reported:** 07/08/2019 13:29

Project: Level IV (MDL)
Project Number: N036051
Project Manager: Marlon B. Cartin

# **Total Concentrations (TTLC)**

## **Quality Control Report - Laboratory Control Sample**

								Control L	imits	
				Spike		Percent		Percent		Lab
Constituent	QC Sample ID	Туре	Result	Level	Units	Recovery	RPD	Recovery	RPD	Quals
QC Batch ID: B050212										
Chromium	B050212-BS1	LCS	107.42	100.00	mg/kg dry wt.	107		75 - 125		В
Zinc	B050212-BS1	LCS	110.59	100.00	mg/kg dry wt.	111		75 - 125		
QC Batch ID: B050217										
Chromium	B050217-BS1	LCS	112.31	100.00	mg/kg dry wt.	112		75 - 125		
Zinc	B050217-BS1	LCS	112.27	100.00	mg/kg dry wt.	112		75 - 125		

Report ID: 1000909916 4100 Atlas Court Bakersfield, CA 93308 (661) 327-4911 FAX (661) 327-1918 www.bclabs.com Page 42 of 44

3151-3153 W. Post Rd Las Vegas, NV 89118

07/08/2019 13:29 Reported:

Project: Level IV (MDL)

Project Number: N036051 Project Manager: Marlon B. Cartin

## **Total Concentrations (TTLC)**

## **Quality Control Report - Precision & Accuracy**

									Cont	trol Limits	
		Source	Source		Spike			Percent		Percent	Lab
Constituent	Туре	Sample ID	Result	Result	Added	Units	RPD	Recovery	RPD	Recovery	Quals
QC Batch ID: B050212	Use	d client samp	ole: Y - Des	cription: N0	36051-003	A / 55197-1 7	'0x20	0, 06/07/20	19 10:	00	
Chromium	DUP	1921417-03	3174.6	3077.9		mg/kg dry wt.	3.1		20		B,D
	MS	1921417-03	3174.6	3106.3	100.00	mg/kg dry wt.		-68.3		75 - 125	B,D,A0 3
	MSD	1921417-03	3174.6	3168.7	100.00	mg/kg dry wt.	2.0	-5.8	20	75 - 125	B,D,A0 3
Zinc	DUP	1921417-03	162.66	161.62		mg/kg dry wt.	0.6		20		D
	MS	1921417-03	162.66	251.72	100.00	mg/kg dry wt.		89.1		75 - 125	D
	MSD	1921417-03	162.66	250.41	100.00	mg/kg dry wt.	0.5	87.7	20	75 - 125	D
QC Batch ID: B050217	Use	d client samp	ole: Y - Des	cription: N0	36051-023	A / 55197 -6	70x20	0, 06/07/20	19 10	:00	
Chromium	DUP	1921417-23	1133.3	1120.5		mg/kg dry wt.	1.1		20		
	MS	1921417-23	1133.3	1177.1	100.00	mg/kg dry wt.		43.8		75 - 125	A03
	MSD	1921417-23	1133.3	1129.9	100.00	mg/kg dry wt.	4.1	-3.3	20	75 - 125	A03
Zinc	DUP	1921417-23	121.66	122.34		mg/kg dry wt.	0.6		20		
	MS	1921417-23	121.66	198.46	100.00	mg/kg dry wt.		76.8		75 - 125	
	MSD	1921417-23	121.66	199.40	100.00	mg/kg dry wt.	0.5	77.7	20	75 - 125	

Report ID: 1000909916 Page 43 of 44

3151-3153 W. Post Rd Las Vegas, NV 89118 **Reported:** 07/08/2019 13:29 Project: Level IV (MDL)

Project Number: N036051
Project Manager: Marlon B. Cartin

#### **Notes And Definitions**

B Analyte found in blank sample(CLP Flag)

D Dilution Used(CLP Flag)

J Estimated Value (CLP Flag)

MDL Method Detection Limit
ND Analyte Not Detected

PQL Practical Quantitation Limit

U Analyte Not Detected at or above the reporting limit (CLP Flag)

A03 The sample concentration was more than 4 times the spike level.

A07 Detection and quantitation limits were raised due to sample dilution caused by high analyte concentration or matrix

interference.

M01 Analyte detected in the Method Blank at or above the PQL.

S11 The analyte in the Method Blank is greater than the laboratory PQL but the sample result is greater than 10 times the Method

Blank.

Report ID: 1000909916 4100 Atlas Court Bakersfield, CA 93308 (661) 327-4911 FAX (661) 327-1918 www.bclabs.com Page 44 of 44

### APPENDIX E

Dioxin Analysis: Minus <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> in. Samples
Provided by Jacobs

			Final	
		Final	Final Validation	
Sample ID	Analyto	Result	Flag	Units
55197-1	Analyte Total HpCDD	18000		ng/Kg
55197-1	Total HpCDF	4000		ng/Kg
55197-1	Total HxCDD	1200	•	ng/Kg
55197-1	Total HxCDF	1700		ng/Kg
55197-1	Total PeCDD	84		ng/Kg
55197-1	Total PeCDF	490		ng/Kg
55197-1	Total TCDD	7.4		ng/Kg
55197-1	Total TCDF	45		ng/Kg
55197-2	Total HpCDD	990		ng/Kg
55197-2	Total HpCDF	97		ng/Kg
55197-2	Total HxCDD	58		ng/Kg
55197-2	Total HxCDF	45		ng/Kg
55197-2	Total PeCDD	1.2	J	ng/Kg
55197-2	Total PeCDF	15		ng/Kg
55197-2	Total TCDD	0.27	U	ng/Kg
55197-2	Total TCDF	0.96		ng/Kg
55197-3	Total HpCDD	120000		ng/Kg
55197-3	Total HpCDF	21000		ng/Kg
55197-3	Total HxCDD	7000		ng/Kg
55197-3	Total HxCDF	9400		ng/Kg
55197-3	Total PeCDD	430		ng/Kg
55197-3	Total PeCDF	3400		ng/Kg
55197-3 55197-3	Total TCDD Total TCDF	20 220		ng/Kg
55197-3	Total HpCDD	9600	1	ng/Kg ng/Kg
55197-4	Total HpCDF	1100	J	ng/Kg
55197-4	Total HxCDD	760		ng/Kg
55197-4	Total HxCDF	840		ng/Kg
55197-4	Total PeCDD	63		ng/Kg
55197-4	Total PeCDF	360		ng/Kg
55197-4	Total TCDD	3.8		ng/Kg
55197-4	Total TCDF	36		ng/Kg
55197-5	Total HpCDD	16000	J	ng/Kg
55197-5	Total HpCDF	4700	J	ng/Kg
55197-5	Total HxCDD	1200		ng/Kg
55197-5	Total HxCDF	2200		ng/Kg
55197-5	Total PeCDD	66		ng/Kg
55197-5	Total PeCDF	700		ng/Kg
55197-5	Total TCDD	3.2		ng/Kg
55197-5	Total TCDF	66		ng/Kg
55197-6	Total HpCDD	23000		ng/Kg
55197-6	Total HpCDF	9000	J	ng/Kg
55197-6	Total HxCDD	1300		ng/Kg
55197-6	Total HxCDF	1800		ng/Kg

55197-6	Total PeCDD	56	ng/Kg
55197-6	Total PeCDF	280	ng/Kg
55197-6	Total TCDD	3	ng/Kg
55197-6	Total TCDF	14	ng/Kg
55197-7	Total HpCDD	70000	ng/Kg
55197-7	Total HpCDF	31000	ng/Kg
55197-7	Total HxCDD	2900	ng/Kg
55197-7	Total HxCDF	3900	ng/Kg
55197-7	Total PeCDD	95	ng/Kg
55197-7	Total PeCDF	500	ng/Kg
55197-7	Total TCDD	4.1	ng/Kg
55197-7	Total TCDF	26	ng/Kg



#### Pace Analytical Services, LLC.

1700 Elm Street Minneapolis, MN 55414 Phone: 612.607.1700

Fax: 612.607.6444

## **Report Prepared for:**

Marlon Cartin Asset Laboratories 3151 West Post Road Las Vegas NV 89118

> REPORT OF LABORATORY ANALYSIS FOR PCDD/PCDF

## **Report Information:**

Pace Project #: 10476387

Sample Receipt Date: 05/24/2019

Client Project #: N035749 Client Sub PO #: N35749A

**State Cert #: 2929** 

#### **Invoicing & Reporting Options:**

The report provided has been invoiced as a Level 2 PCDD/PCDF Report. If an upgrade of this report package is requested, an additional charge may be applied.

Please review the attached invoice for accuracy and forward any questions to Joanne Richardson, your Pace Project Manager.

This report has been reviewed by:

June 11, 2019

Joanne Richardson, (612) 607-6453

(612) 607-6444 (fax)



## **Report of Laboratory Analysis**

 $This report should not be reproduced, except in full, \\ without the written consent of Pace Analytical Services, Inc.$ 

The results relate only to the samples included in this report.

June 11, 2019



Pace Analytical Services, LLC.

1700 Elm Street Minneapolis, MN 55414 Phone: 612.607.1700

Fax: 612.607.6444

#### **DISCUSSION**

This report presents the results from the analyses performed on seven samples submitted by a representative of Asset Laboratories. The samples were analyzed for the presence or absence of polychlorodibenzo-p-dioxins (PCDDs) and polychlorodibenzofurans (PCDFs) using a modified version of USEPA Method 8290. The reporting limits were based on signal-to-noise measurements. Estimated Maximum Possible Concentration (EMPC) values were treated as positives in the toxic equivalence calculations.

Second column confirmation analyses of 2,3,7,8-TCDF values obtained from the primary (DB5-MS) column are performed only when specifically requested for a project and only when the values are above the concentration of the lowest calibration standard. Typical resolution for this isomer using the DB5-MS column ranges from 25-30%.

The recoveries of the isotopically-labeled PCDD/PCDF internal standards in the sample extracts ranged from 49-90%. All of the labeled internal standard recoveries obtained for this project were within the 40-135% target range specified in Method 8290. Also, since the quantification of the native 2,3,7,8-substituted congeners was based on isotope dilution, the data were automatically corrected for variation in recovery and accurate values were obtained.

Values were flagged "I" where incorrect isotope ratios were obtained or "P" where polychorinated diphenyl ethers were present. Concentrations below the calibration range were flagged "J" and should be regarded as estimates. Concentrations above the calibration range were flagged "E" and should also be regarded as estimates. Values obtained from analyses of diluted extracts were flagged "D" and "N2".

A laboratory method blank was prepared and analyzed with the sample batch as part of our routine quality control procedures. The results show the blank to contain trace levels of selected congeners. These levels were below the calibration range of the method. The concentrations reported for the affected congeners in the field samples were higher than the corresponding blank levels by one or more orders of magnitude. These results indicate that the sample processing steps did not contribute significantly to the levels reported for the field samples.

A laboratory spike sample was also prepared using clean reference matrix that had been fortified with native standard materials. The recoveries of the native compounds ranged from 94-115%. These results were within the target range for the method. Matrix spikes were prepared with the sample batch using sample material from a separate project; results from these analyses will be provided upon request.

#### **REPORT OF LABORATORY ANALYSIS**

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# Minnesota Laboratory Certifications

Authority	Certificate #	Authority	Certificate #	
A2LA	2926.01	Minnesota - Pet	1240	
Alabama	40770	Mississippi	MN00064	
Alaska - DW	MN00064	Missouri - DW	10100	
Alaska - UST	17-009	Montana	CERT0092	
Arizona	AZ0014	Nebraska	NE-OS-18-06	
Arkansas - DW	MN00064	Nevada	MN00064	
Arkansas - WW	88-0680	New Hampshire	2081	
CNMI Saipan	MP0003	New Jersey (NE	MN002	
California	2929	New York	11647	
Colorado	MN00064	North Carolina	27700	
Connecticut	PH-0256	North Carolina -	27700	
EPA Region 8+	via MN 027-053	North Carolina -	530	
Florida (NELAP	E87605	North Dakota	R-036	
Georgia	959	Ohio - DW	41244	
Guam	17-001r	Ohio - VAP	CL101	
Hawaii	MN00064	Oklahoma	9507	
Idaho	MN00064	Oregon - Primar	MN300001	
Illinois	200011	Oregon - Secon	MN200001	
Indiana	C-MN-01	Pennsylvania	68-00563	
Iowa	368	Puerto Rico	MN00064	
Kansas	E-10167	South Carolina	74003	
Kentucky - DW	90062	South Dakota	NA	
Kentucky - WW	90062	Tennessee	TN02818	
Louisiana - DE	03086	Texas	T104704192	
Louisiana - DW	MN00064	Utah (NELAP)	MN00064	
Maine	MN00064	Virginia	460163	
Maryland	322	Washington	C486	
Massachusetts	M-MN064	West Virginia -	382	
Michigan	9909	West Virginia -	9952C	
Minnesota	027-053-137	Wisconsin	999407970	
Minnesota - De	via MN 027-053	Wyoming - UST	2926.01	

## **REPORT OF LABORATORY ANALYSIS**

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Report No....10476387

# Appendix A

Sample Management

# CHAIN-OF-GUSTODY RECORD

3151-3153 W Post Rd., Las Vegas, NV 89118

www.ati-labs.com

**ASSET Laboratories** 

) )	Requested Tests EPA 8290	Bottle Type EPA 80ZG	Date Collected 5/21/2019 11:00:00 AM 5/21/2019 11:00:00 AM	Matrix	Sample ID N035749-001A / 55197-1 N035749-002A / 55197-2
23-May-19			) 607-6444	FAX: (612 Acct #:	1700 Elm Street, Suite 200 Minneapolis, MN 55414
	Field Sampler: Signed	Field (	(612) 607-1700		Pace Analytical Services, Inc.
					Subcontractor:
	C Level: Level IV	3	1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 100	FAX: 7023072697	1EL: 7023072659

Please cc Report to Lucille Golosinda at lucille.golosinda@assetlaboratories.com

ろん 3

3

80ZG 80ZG 80ZG

80ZG

5/21/2019 11:00:00 AM

80ZG

5/21/2019 11:00:00 AM 5/21/2019 11:00:00 AM 5/21/2019 11:00:00 AM 5/21/2019 11:00:00 AM

Soil Soil Soil Soil

/ 55197-5 1 55197-6

N035749-004A

1 55197-7

N035749-007A

N035749-006A N035749-005A

1 55197-3 / 55197-4

N035749-003A

Please email sample receipt acknowledgement to the PM. Please cc andrea.gallardo@assetlaboratories.com General Comments: Please email Invoices and Account Receivable Statements to elvira@assetlaboratories.com. For questions, call Please use PO#:N35749A

Marlon at (702)-307-2659. Please e-mail results to reports.lv@assetfaboratories.com by: Normal ТАТ.

Please analyze for Dioxins and Furans. EDD Requirement Labspec? edata.

			Fedex #: 775296943350			
	7.0.4	Date/Time		•	Date/Time	
Relinquished by:	<b>T</b>	5/23/2019 16:00	Received by: Millisel K	Pace	05:8 H/h2/5	^
Relinquished by:			Received by:			



Document Name:
Sample Condition Upon Receipt Form

Document No.: F-MN-L-213-rev.28 Document Revised: 09May2019
Page 1 of 1
Issuing Authority:

Pace Minnesota Quality Office

Sample Condition Upon Receipt  ASSET Laborato	hes		Pro	oject #: 110(#:::10/47/53/37
Courier: Fed Ex UPS	Us		Clier	
Tracking Number: 1752 9694 335		mmerci	al See Ex	
Custody Seal on Cooler/Box Present?	No	Sea	als Intact	? 🔲 Yes 🔀 bio <b>Bikehugicai Tirsus Pernsu</b> r? 🗍 tes 🗍 bio 📆 njo.
Packing Material: Bubble Wrap 🔀 Bubble Ba	ıgs 🗆	]None	□Oth	er: Temp Blank? Yes No
Thermometer: T1(0461) T2(1336) T3(0459) T4(0254) T5(0489)		Type of	_	Wet Blue None Dry Melted
Note: Each West Virginia Sample must have temp take				
Temp should be above freezing to 6°C Cooler Temp Rea	id w/ten	ıp blank	(:	OC Average Corrected Temp See Exceptions
Correction Factor: TMC Cooler Temp Correcte	d w/tem	p blank	;	(no temp blank only):  1.9° C
USDA Regulated Soil: ( N/A, water sample/Other:			).	Date/Initials of Person Examining Contents: MK2 S-29-)
Did samples originate in a quarantine zone within the Unit ID, LA. MS, NC, NM, NY, OK, OR, SC, TN, TX or VA (check ma			CA, FL, GA	A, Did samples originate from a foreign source (internationally, including Hawaii and Puerto Rico)?
				-MN-Q-338) and include with SCUR/COC paperwork.
				COMMENTS:
Chain of Custody Present and Filled Out?	Yes	∐No		1.
Chain of Custody Relinquished?	Yes	□No		2.
Sampler Name and/or Signature on COC?	Yes	□No	<b>⊠</b> N/A	3.
Samples Arrived within Hold Time?	Yes	□No		4.
Short Hold Time Analysis (<72 hr)?	□Yes	₩o		S. Fecal Coliform HPC Total Coliform/E coli BOD/cBOD Hex Chrome Turbidity Nitrate Nitrite Orthophos Other
Rush Turn Around Time Requested?	∐Yes	No		6.
Sufficient Volume?	∑¥es	□No		7.
Correct Containers Used?	Yes	□No		8.
-Pace Containers Used?	□Yes	⊠No		
Containers Intact?	Yes	No		9.
Field Filtered Volume Received for Dissolved Tests?	Yes	□No	<b>≯</b> N/A	10. Is sediment visible in the dissolved container? Yes No
is sufficient information available to reconcile the samples to the COC?	Yes	□No		11. If no, write ID/ Date/Time on Container Below: See Exception
Matrix: ☐Water XSoil ☐Oil ☐Other	سر			
All containers needing acid/base preservation have been	∐Yes	□No	<b>X</b> N/A	12. Sample #
checked?				
All containers needing preservation are found to be in	∐Yes	□No	<b>⊠</b> N/A	☐ NaOH ☐ HNO₃ ☐ H₂SO₄ ☐ Zinc Acetate
compliance with EPA recommendation? (HNO <sub>3</sub> , H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> , <2pH, NaOH >9 Sulfide, NaOH>12 Cyanide)				·
(11103, 11204, 12p1), 111011/2 Symme, 111011/2 Cyanide				Positive for Res. Yes See Exception
Exceptions: VOA, Coliform, TOC/DOC Oil and Grease,	☐Yes	□No	<b>⊠</b> N/A	Chlorine? No pH Paper Lot#
DRO/8015 (water) and Dioxin/PFAS				Res. Chlorine 0-6 Roll 0-6 Strip 0-14 Strip
				13. See Exception
Headspace in VOA Vials (greater than 6mm)?	Yes	□No	<b>⊠</b> N/A	
Trip Blank Present?	∏Yes	□No	<b>∖</b> ZN/A	14.
Trip Blank Custody Seals Present?	Yes	No	XN/A	Pace Trip Blank Lot # (if purchased):
CLIENT NOTIFICATION/RESOLUTION				Field Data Required? Yes No
Person Contacted: Comments/Resolution:				Date/Time:
para transfer a research	0 1	6 2	- 1 <sub>0</sub> 0	
Project Manager Review:	Tich	and	200	Date: 5-24-19
Note: Whenever there is a discrepancy affecting North Carolina	complianc	e sample	s, a copy o	of this form will be sent to the North Carolina DEHNR Certification Office ( i.e. out of
hold, incorrect preservative, out of temp, ilserrect containers).				

Labeled by: \_

Pace An	alytical*
/Расе Ап	alyticai

#### Document Name: SCUR Exception Form – Coolers Above 6°C

Document No.: F-MN-C-298-Rev.02 Document Revised: 08Apr2019  $\mathsf{Page}\,\mathbf{1}\,\mathsf{of}\,\mathbf{1}$ 

Issuing Authority: Pace Minnesota Quality Office

## During sample triage, this form is to be placed in each cooler that arrives above 6.0 degrees Celsius

SCUR Exceptions:							Wo	rkord	er #:		
Out of Temp Sample IDs	Container Type	# of Container	<u> На</u>				otified?	9 9			
					If yes, ir		rho was co ndicate re			ime.	
			7. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.				oler Proje yes, fill out in				
				Re	ad Temp		No Temp rected Te		Ave	rage Te	mp
					, y ) , 3 . L	<u></u>	У ), З · Е		]	ġ	
				3	.8	3	Other Is	SUES			
Tracking Number/	Temperature			Issue	Type: San	nple ID		Con	tainer /pe	l	of ainers
	nH Ad	justment	Los	for	Preserv	ed Sam	nles				
. <del>-</del>	Туре с	pН		ate	Time	Amoun t Added	Lot#	pH	In Comp	oliance	
Sample ID	Preser			usted	Adjusted	(mL)	Added	After	after ad		In <u>itials</u>
										□No	
									Yes	□No	



## **Reporting Flags**

- A = Reporting Limit based on signal to noise
- B = Less than 10x higher than method blank level
- C = Result obtained from confirmation analysis
- D = Result obtained from analysis of diluted sample
- E = Exceeds calibration range
- I = Interferencepresent
- J = Estimated value
- L = Suppressive interference, analyte may be biased low
- Nn = Value obtained from additional analysis
- P = PCDEInterference
- R = Recovery outside target range
- S = Peak saturated
- U = Analyte not detected
- V = Result verified by confirmation analysis
- X =%D Exceeds limits
- Y = Calculated using average of daily RFs
- \* = SeeDiscussion

# Appendix B

Sample Analysis Summary



Solid

NA

#### Method 8290 Sample Analysis Results

Client - Asset Laboratories

Client's Sample ID N035749-001A / 55197-1

Lab Sample ID 10476387001 U190606B\_13 Filename Injected By ZMS

Pace Analytical

**Total Amount Extracted** 11.6 g Matrix % Moisture Dilution 3.2

Dry Weight Extracted 11.2 g Collected 05/21/2019 11:00 ICAL ID U190606 Received 05/24/2019 09:55 CCal Filename(s) U190606B\_03 & U190606B\_14 Extracted 06/04/2019 15:25 Method Blank ID BLANK-70902 Analyzed 06/06/2019 22:36

Native Isomers	<b>Conc</b> ng/Kg	<b>EMPC</b> ng/Kg	<b>EDL</b> ng/Kg	Internal Standards	ng's Added	Percent Recovery
2,3,7,8-TCDF Total TCDF	1.4 45		0.34 0.34	2,3,7,8-TCDF-13C 2,3,7,8-TCDD-13C 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00	68 72 65
2,3,7,8-TCDD Total TCDD	1.2 7.4		0.15 0.15	2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF-13C 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD-13C 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00	67 77 59
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF 2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF Total PeCDF	5.0 11 490		0.29 0.21 0.25	1,2,3,4,7,8-HXCDF-13C 1,2,3,6,7,8-HXCDF-13C 2,3,4,6,7,8-HXCDF-13C 1,2,3,7,8,9-HXCDF-13C 1,2,3,4,7,8-HXCDD-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00	62 63 62 64
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD Total PeCDD	20 84		0.21 0.21	1,2,3,4,7,8-1 XCDD-13C 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD-13C 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF-13C 1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00	59 64 66
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF 2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF	60 22 66		0.74 0.74 1.0	1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD-13C OCDD-13C	2.00 4.00	77 65
1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF Total HxCDF	11 1700		0.87 0.84	1,2,3,4-TCDD-13C 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD-13C	2.00 2.00	NA NA
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD Total HxCDD	40 280 100 1200	 	2.0 1.6 1.1 1.6	2,3,7,8-TCDD-37Cl4	0.20	71
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF 1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF Total HpCDF	100 4000	1300 	1.7 P 4.1 2.9 E	Total 2,3,7,8-TCDD Equivalence: 390 ng/Kg (Lower-bound - Using ITE Fa	actors)	
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD Total HpCDD	9800 18000		0.23 E 0.23 E			
OCDF OCDD	3200 200000		0.35 0.55 E			

Conc = Concentration (Totals include 2,3,7,8-substituted isomers).

ND = Not Detected NA = Not Applicable EMPC = Estimated Maximum Possible Concentration

EDL = Estimated Detection Limit NC = Not Calculated

Results reported on a dry weight basis and are valid to no more than 2 significant figures.

P = PCDE Interference

E = Exceeds calibration range



#### Method 8290 Sample Analysis Results

Client - Asset Laboratories

Client's Sample ID N035749-002A / 55197-2

Lab Sample ID 10476387002 Filename U190606C\_02 Injected By ZMS

Total Amount Extracted 11.8 g Matrix Solid % Moisture 3.0 Dilution NA

Dry Weight Extracted 11.4 g Collected 05/21/2019 11:00 ICAL ID U190606 Received 05/24/2019 09:55 CCal Filename(s) U190606B\_14 & U190606C\_14 Extracted 06/04/2019 15:25 Method Blank ID BLANK-70902 Analyzed 06/07/2019 00:50

Native Isomers	<b>Conc</b> ng/Kg	<b>EMPC</b> ng/Kg	<b>EDL</b> ng/Kg	Internal Standards	ng's Added	Percent Recovery
2,3,7,8-TCDF Total TCDF	ND 0.96		0.23 0.23	2,3,7,8-TCDF-13C 2,3,7,8-TCDD-13C 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00	62 64 60
2,3,7,8-TCDD Total TCDD	ND ND		0.30 0.30	2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF-13C 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD-13C 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00	60 69 52
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF 2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF Total PeCDF	0.33 0.67 15		0.24 J 0.14 J 0.19	1,2,3,4,7,8-HXCDF-13C 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF-13C 2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF-13C 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00	55 57 54 55
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD Total PeCDD	1.2	0.58	0.21 J 0.21 J	1,2,3,4,7,8-HXCDD-13C 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF-13C 1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00	55 54 55
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF 2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF	2.4 1.3 	1.4	0.51 J 0.51 J 0.32 JJ	1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD-13C OCDD-13C	2.00 4.00	63 52
1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF Total HxCDF	45	0.61 	0.51 JJ 0.46	1,2,3,4-TCDD-13C 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD-13C	2.00 2.00	NA NA
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD Total HxCDD	1.7 9.9  58	2.5	0.64 J 0.24 0.38 JJ 0.42	2,3,7,8-TCDD-37Cl4	0.20	67
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF 1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF Total HpCDF	97	36 2.2 	0.62 P 0.93 J 0.78	Total 2,3,7,8-TCDD Equivalence: 15 ng/Kg (Lower-bound - Using ITE F	actors)	
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD Total HpCDD	470 990		0.26 0.26			
OCDF OCDD	95 7400		0.35 0.77 E			

Conc = Concentration (Totals include 2,3,7,8-substituted isomers).

ND = Not Detected NA = Not Applicable

EMPC = Estimated Maximum Possible Concentration EDL = Estimated Detection Limit

NC = Not Calculated

Results reported on a dry weight basis and are valid to no more than 2 significant figures.

J = Estimated value

P = PCDE Interference

E = Exceeds calibration range

I = Interference present



#### Method 8290 Sample Analysis Results

Client - Asset Laboratories

Client's Sample ID N035749-003A / 55197-3

Lab Sample ID 10476387003 U190606C\_03 Filename Injected By ZMS

**Total Amount Extracted** 11.9 g Matrix Solid % Moisture Dilution NA 3.9

Dry Weight Extracted 11.4 g Collected 05/21/2019 11:00 ICAL ID U190606 Received 05/24/2019 09:55 CCal Filename(s) U190606B\_14 & U190606C\_14 Extracted 06/04/2019 15:25 Method Blank ID BLANK-70902 Analyzed 06/07/2019 01:35

Native Isomers	<b>Conc</b> ng/Kg	<b>EMPC</b> ng/Kg	<b>EDL</b> ng/Kg		Internal Standards	ng's Added	Percent Recovery
2,3,7,8-TCDF Total TCDF	6.8 220		0.25 0.25		2,3,7,8-TCDF-13C 2,3,7,8-TCDD-13C 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00	60 65 59
2,3,7,8-TCDD Total TCDD	6.1 20		0.14 0.14		2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF-13C 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD-13C 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00	61 69 50
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF 2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF Total PeCDF	43 150 3400		1.1 0.72 0.93		1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF-13C 2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF-13C 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF-13C 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00	52 53 53 49
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD Total PeCDD	110 430		0.74 0.74		1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD-13C 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF-13C 1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00	55 59 DN2 62 DN2
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF 2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF	880 120 370		2.4 1.8 2.2		1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD-13C OCDD-13C	2.00 4.00	77 DN2 90 DN2
1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF Total HxCDF	110 9400		3.8 2.6		1,2,3,4-TCDD-13C 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD-13C	2.00 2.00	NA NA
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD Total HxCDD	300 1600 630 7000		5.6 2.9 4.7 4.4		2,3,7,8-TCDD-37Cl4	0.20	67
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF 1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF Total HpCDF	5800 440 21000		8.1 [	DN2 DN2 DN2	Total 2,3,7,8-TCDD Equivalence: 2200 ng/Kg (Lower-bound - Using ITE F	actors)	
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD Total HpCDD	64000 120000		8.7 E 8.7 E				
OCDF OCDD	10000 910000		4.3 E 7.9 E		2		

Conc = Concentration (Totals include 2,3,7,8-substituted isomers).

ND = Not Detected

EMPC = Estimated Maximum Possible Concentration

NA = Not Applicable

EDL = Estimated Detection Limit

NC = Not Calculated

Results reported on a dry weight basis and are valid to no more than 2 significant figures.

E = Exceeds calibration range

D = Result obtained from analysis of diluted sample

Nn = Value obtained from additional analysis



## Method 8290 Sample Analysis Results

Client - Asset Laboratories

Client's Sample ID N035749-004A / 55197-4

Lab Sample ID 10476387004 Filename U190606C\_04 Injected By ZMS

Total Amount Extracted 11.9 g Matrix Solid % Moisture 5.8 Dilution NA

Dry Weight Extracted 11.2 g Collected 05/21/2019 11:00 ICAL ID U190606 Received 05/24/2019 09:55 CCal Filename(s) U190606B\_14 & U190606C\_14 Extracted 06/04/2019 15:25 Method Blank ID BLANK-70902 Analyzed 06/07/2019 02:20

Native Isomers	<b>Conc</b> ng/Kg	<b>EMPC</b> ng/Kg	<b>EDL</b> ng/Kg	Internal Standards	ng's Added	Percent Recovery
2,3,7,8-TCDF Total TCDF	36	0.91	0.30 I 0.30	2,3,7,8-TCDF-13C 2,3,7,8-TCDD-13C 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00	67 70 63
2,3,7,8-TCDD Total TCDD	1.4 3.8		0.42 0.42	2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF-13C 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD-13C 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00	66 73 60
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF 2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF Total PeCDF	4.5 12 360		0.23 0.68 0.46	1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF-13C 2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF-13C 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF-13C 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00	61 62 57 63
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD Total PeCDD	15 63		0.60 0.60	1,2,3,4,7,8-11XCDD-13C 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD-13C 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF-13C 1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00	58 63 65
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF 2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF	54 14 33		1.3 0.76 0.88	1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD-13C OCDD-13C	2.00 2.00 4.00	76 67
1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF Total HxCDF	10 840		0.53 0.87	1,2,3,4-TCDD-13C 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD-13C	2.00 2.00	NA NA
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD Total HxCDD	29 150 78 760		1.4 2.0 2.0 1.8	2,3,7,8-TCDD-37Cl4	0.20	73
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF 1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF Total HpCDF	37 1100	470 	1.0 P 1.8 1.4	Total 2,3,7,8-TCDD Equivalence: 200 ng/Kg (Lower-bound - Using ITE F	actors)	
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD Total HpCDD	5000 9600		1.3 E 1.3 E			
OCDF OCDD	890 97000		0.48 3.2 E			

Conc = Concentration (Totals include 2,3,7,8-substituted isomers).

ND = Not Detected NA = Not Applicable

EMPC = Estimated Maximum Possible Concentration EDL = Estimated Detection Limit

NC = Not Calculated

Results reported on a dry weight basis and are valid to no more than 2 significant figures.

P = PCDE Interference

E = Exceeds calibration range

I = Interference present



## Method 8290 Sample Analysis Results

Client - Asset Laboratories

Client's Sample ID N035749-005A / 55197-5

Lab Sample ID 10476387005 Filename U190606C\_05 Injected By ZMS

Total Amount Extracted 11.3 g Matrix Solid % Moisture 2.3 Dilution NA

Dry Weight Extracted 11.0 g Collected 05/21/2019 11:00 ICAL ID U190606 Received 05/24/2019 09:55 CCal Filename(s) U190606B\_14 & U190606C\_14 Extracted 06/04/2019 15:25 Method Blank ID BLANK-70902 Analyzed 06/07/2019 03:04

Native Isomers	<b>Conc</b> ng/Kg	<b>EMPC</b> ng/Kg	<b>EDL</b> ng/Kg	Internal Standards	ng's Added	Percent Recovery
2,3,7,8-TCDF Total TCDF	1.7 66		0.20 0.20	2,3,7,8-TCDF-13C 2,3,7,8-TCDD-13C 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00	60 64 57
2,3,7,8-TCDD Total TCDD	1.5 3.2		0.49 0.49	2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF-13C 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD-13C 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00	59 68 52
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF 2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF Total PeCDF	10 24 700		0.74 0.62 0.68	1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF-13C 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF-13C 2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF-13C 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF-13C 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00	55 57 53 54
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD Total PeCDD	16 66		0.56 0.56	1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD-13C 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF-13C 1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00	57 58 59
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF 2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF	71 41 130		1.4 1.5 1.8	1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD-13C OCDD-13C	2.00 4.00	70 58
1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF Total HxCDF	30 2200		1.5 1.5	1,2,3,4-TCDD-13C 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD-13C	2.00 2.00	NA NA
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD Total HxCDD	46 270 74 1200	 	1.2 0.92 1.0 1.0	2,3,7,8-TCDD-37Cl4	0.20	74
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF 1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF Total HpCDF	840 110 4700		1.7 1.4 1.6 E	Total 2,3,7,8-TCDD Equivalence: 350 ng/Kg (Lower-bound - Using ITE Fa	actors)	
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD Total HpCDD	8800 16000		1.5 E 1.5 E			
OCDF OCDD	2700 160000		0.79 2.3 E			

Conc = Concentration (Totals include 2,3,7,8-substituted isomers).

ND = Not Detected EMPC = Estimated Maximum Possible Concentration

NA = Not Applicable

EDL = Estimated Detection Limit NC = Not Calculated

Results reported on a dry weight basis and are valid to no more than 2 significant figures. E = Exceeds calibration range

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## Method 8290 Sample Analysis Results

Client - Asset Laboratories

Client's Sample ID N035749-006A / 55197-6

Lab Sample ID 10476387006 U190606C\_06 Filename Injected By ZMS

**Total Amount Extracted** 11.6 g Matrix Solid % Moisture Dilution NA 3.3

Dry Weight Extracted 11.2 g Collected 05/21/2019 11:00 ICAL ID U190606 Received 05/24/2019 09:55 CCal Filename(s) U190606B 14 & U190606C 14 Extracted 06/04/2019 15:25 Method Blank ID BLANK-70902 Analyzed 06/07/2019 03:49

Native Isomers	<b>Conc</b> ng/Kg	<b>EMPC</b> ng/Kg	<b>EDL</b> ng/Kg	Internal Standards	ng's Added	Percent Recovery
2,3,7,8-TCDF Total TCDF	 14	0.42	0.19 IJ 0.19	2,3,7,8-TCDF-13C 2,3,7,8-TCDD-13C 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00	61 63 58
2,3,7,8-TCDD Total TCDD	1.6 3.0		0.39 0.39	2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF-13C 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD-13C 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00	59 64 54
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF 2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF Total PeCDF	2.1 4.5 280	 	0.62 J 0.44 0.53	1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF-13C 2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF-13C 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00	55 56 54
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD Total PeCDD	11 56		0.34 0.34	1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD-13C 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD-13C 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00	52 52 59 61
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF 2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF	44 18 46		1.4 1.4 0.93	1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF-13C 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD-13C OCDD-13C	2.00 2.00 4.00	67 55
1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF Total HxCDF	10 1800		1.8 1.4	1,2,3,4-TCDD-13C 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD-13C	2.00 2.00	NA NA
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD Total HxCDD	29 230 68 1300	 	1.9 1.5 0.97 1.5	2,3,7,8-TCDD-37Cl4	0.20	72
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF 1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF Total HpCDF	1300 160 9000		0.80 4.1 2.4 E	Total 2,3,7,8-TCDD Equivalence: 340 ng/Kg (Lower-bound - Using ITE F	actors)	
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD Total HpCDD	10000 23000		0.76 E 0.76 E			
OCDF OCDD	11000 160000		1.2 E 2.0 E			

Conc = Concentration (Totals include 2,3,7,8-substituted isomers).

ND = Not Detected NA = Not Applicable

EMPC = Estimated Maximum Possible Concentration EDL = Estimated Detection Limit

NC = Not Calculated

Results reported on a dry weight basis and are valid to no more than 2 significant figures.

J = Estimated value

E = Exceeds calibration range

I = Interference present



## Method 8290 Sample Analysis Results

Client - Asset Laboratories

Client's Sample ID N035749-007A / 55197-7

Lab Sample ID 10476387007 Filename U190606C\_07 Injected By **ZMS** 

**Total Amount Extracted** 11.7 g Matrix Solid % Moisture Dilution NA 3.4

Dry Weight Extracted 11.3 g Collected 05/21/2019 11:00 ICAL ID U190606 Received 05/24/2019 09:55 CCal Filename(s) U190606B\_14 & U190606C\_14 Extracted 06/04/2019 15:25 Method Blank ID BLANK-70902 Analyzed 06/07/2019 04:34

Native Isomers	<b>Conc</b> ng/Kg	<b>EMPC</b> ng/Kg	<b>EDL</b> ng/Kg	I	Internal Standards	ng's Added	Percent Recovery
2,3,7,8-TCDF Total TCDF	0.98 26		0.11 0.11		2,3,7,8-TCDF-13C 2,3,7,8-TCDD-13C 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00	71 76 68
2,3,7,8-TCDD Total TCDD	2.5 4.1		0.40 0.40		2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF-13C 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD-13C 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00	68 79 58
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF 2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF Total PeCDF	3.3 6.9 500		0.76 0.24 0.50	J	1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF-13C 2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF-13C 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF-13C 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00	62 63 63 62
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD Total PeCDD	16 95		0.30 0.30		1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD-13C 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF-13C 1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00	60 61 DN2 61 DN2
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF 2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF	86 22 87		2.2 2.3 2.7		1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD-13C OCDD-13C	2.00 4.00	67 DN2 74 DN2
1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF Total HxCDF	17 3900		2.7 2.5		1,2,3,4-TCDD-13C 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD-13C	2.00 2.00	NA NA
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD Total HxCDD	52 550 130 2900	  	2.3 2.1 2.5 2.3		2,3,7,8-TCDD-37Cl4	0.20	77
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF 1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF Total HpCDF	6700 420 31000	 	2.8 5.0 3.9	DN2 DN2 DN2	Total 2,3,7,8-TCDD Equivalence: 940 ng/Kg (Lower-bound - Using ITE F	actors)	
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD Total HpCDD	30000 70000		21 21	DN2 DN2			
OCDF OCDD	32000 430000		5.7 78	DN2 EDN2	2		

Conc = Concentration (Totals include 2,3,7,8-substituted isomers).

ND = Not Detected NA = Not Applicable

EMPC = Estimated Maximum Possible Concentration

EDL = Estimated Detection Limit

NC = Not Calculated

Results reported on a dry weight basis and are valid to no more than 2 significant figures.

J = Estimated value

E = Exceeds calibration range

D = Result obtained from analysis of diluted sample

Nn = Value obtained from additional analysis



## Method 8290 Blank Analysis Results

Lab Sample Name Lab Sample ID Filename

**Total Amount Extracted** ICAL ID

CCal Filename(s)

**DFBLKAC** BLANK-70902 Y190606A\_15 30.6 g

Y190424 Y190606A\_02 & Y190606A\_17 Matrix Solid Dilution NA

Extracted 06/04/2019 15:25 Analyzed 06/06/2019 19:23 Injected By **ZMS** 

Native Isomers	<b>Conc</b> ng/Kg	EMPC ng/Kg	<b>EDL</b> ng/Kg	Internal Standards	ng's Added	Percent Recovery
2,3,7,8-TCDF Total TCDF	ND ND		0.056 0.056	2,3,7,8-TCDF-13C 2,3,7,8-TCDD-13C 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00	67 69 70
2,3,7,8-TCDD Total TCDD	ND ND		0.068 0.068	2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF-13C 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD-13C 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00	70 81 71
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF 2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF Total PeCDF	ND ND ND		0.086 0.096 0.091	1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF-13C 2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF-13C 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00	75 68 60
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD Total PeCDD	ND ND		0.13 0.13	1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD-13C 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD-13C 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF-13C 1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00	69 64 58 49
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF 2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF	ND ND ND		0.18 0.14 0.17	1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD-13C OCDD-13C	2.00 4.00	53 43
1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF Total HxCDF	ND ND		0.14 0.16	1,2,3,4-TCDD-13C 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD-13C	2.00 2.00	NA NA
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD Total HxCDD	ND ND ND ND		0.20 0.18 0.23 0.20	2,3,7,8-TCDD-37Cl4	0.20	76
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF 1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF Total HpCDF	ND ND ND	 	0.11 0.087 0.098	Total 2,3,7,8-TCDD Equivalence: 0.0016 ng/Kg (Lower-bound - Using ITE F	actors)	
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD Total HpCDD	0.12 0.26		0.12 J 0.12 J			
OCDF OCDD	ND 	0.41	0.25 0.37 JJ			

Conc = Concentration (Totals include 2,3,7,8-substituted isomers).

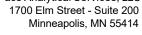
EMPC = Estimated Maximum Possible Concentration

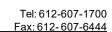
EDL = Estimated Detection Limit

Results reported on a total weight basis and are valid to no more than 2 significant figures.

J = Estimated value

I = Interference present





## **Method 8290 Laboratory Control Spike Results**

Lab Sample ID Filename **Total Amount Extracted** 

Method Blank ID

ICAL ID CCal Filename(s)

<u>Pace Analytica</u>

LCS-70903 Y190606A\_16 30.1 g

Y190424 Y190606A\_02 & Y190606A\_17 BLANK-70902

Matrix Dilution Extracted

Solid NA

06/04/2019 15:25 Analyzed 06/06/2019 20:07

Injected By **ZMS** 

Native Isomers	<b>Qs</b> (ng)	<b>Qm</b> (ng)	% Rec.	Internal Standards	ng's Added	Percent Recovery
2,3,7,8-TCDF Total TCDF	0.20	0.20	102	2,3,7,8-TCDF-13C 2,3,7,8-TCDD-13C 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF-13C	2.0 2.0 2.0	68 72 74
2,3,7,8-TCDD Total TCDD	0.20	0.23	114	2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF-13C 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD-13C 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF-13C	2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0	73 85 71
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF 2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF Total PeCDF	1.0 1.0	1.0 1.0	103 102	1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF-13C 2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF-13C 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF-13C 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD-13C	2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0	74 69 66 70
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD Total PeCDD	1.0	0.94	94	1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD-13C 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF-13C 1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF-13C	2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0	65 67 60
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF 2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF	1.0 1.0 1.0	1.0 1.0 1.0	104 101 103	1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD-13C OCDD-13C	2.0 4.0	67 44
1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF Total HxCDF	1.0	1.0	101	1,2,3,4-TCDD-13C 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD-13C	2.0 2.0	NA NA
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD Total HxCDD	1.0 1.0 1.0	1.1 1.1 1.1	107 110 107	2,3,7,8-TCDD-37Cl4	0.20	74
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF 1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF Total HpCDF	1.0 1.0	1.1 1.0	110 101			
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD Total HpCDD	1.0	1.0	100			
OCDF OCDD	2.0 2.0	2.2 2.3	111 115			

Qs = Quantity Spiked Qm = Quantity Measured

Rec. = Recovery (Expressed as Percent) R = Recovery outside of target range

Y = RF averaging used in calculations Nn = Value obtained from additional analysis

NA = Not Applicable \* = See Discussion

## APPENDIX F

Soil Washing Experiments: Data Reports

12661 Batch Trommel Soil W
NB & page 3973-51 Triton X-10

Batch Trommel Soil Washing Experiment Data

Triton X-100 35m Cut

Date: 7/16/19

By: KM, RLS

**Objective:** To evaluate soil washing using a trommel as a means of removing contaminants from soil.

## **Procedure**

- 1. Obtain 400 g splits of minus 1/4" soil sample from Sample Prep.
- 2. Make up 10% Triton X-100 surfactant.
- 3. Weigh out 2 splits and record the weights and identification on 2 leach sheets.
- 4. Add DI H2O and (optionally) Triton X-100 mixture in quantities specified to trommel vessel.
- 5. Cap vessel and place on rolls, agitate for 15 minutes.
- 6. Wet screen the slurry at **35 mesh**; dry plus size material at 50°C.
- 7. Flocculate and filter the minus fraction; wash filter cake with warm water 3X.
- 8. Containerize dried samples, ship all samples to contract laboratory.

399.56	g, HRI# <b>5</b> 5197-03 -1/4"	]	<u> Fargets</u>	30	% Solids
3.71	% moisture	933	886	886	g DI H2O
384.74	g dry solids (calculated)	0	47	47.07	g 10% Trition X-100

Products					Metals	Analysis,	mg/kg			
NB-page-#	Time, min	Description	Mass, g	Wt %	Cr	Zn	Cr <sup>VI</sup>			
55197-3		Feed Solids	384.74		1644	112	17			
3973-51-2	15	Oversize	317.85	82.9	540	71	3.8			
3973-51-3	15	Undersize	65.70	17.1	4000	210	21			
		Total:	383.55							
	Acco	untability, %:	99.7		Ana	lyte Mass	, mg	Anal	yte Mass D	ist'n, %
					Cr <sup>™</sup>	Zn	$Cr^{VI}$	$Cr^T$	Zn	$Cr^{VI}$
55197-3		Feed Solids			632.51	43.09	6.54	100	100	100
	15	Aqueous			198.1	6.7	4.0	31.3	15.6	60.4
3973-51-2	15	Oversize			171.64	22.57	1.21	27.1	52.4	18.5

Values in italics are calculated. Size fraction solids total: 434.44 36.36 2.59

values in italics ai	e calculate	u. 3126	i i action sc	ilus totai.	757.77	30.30	2.55				
	Dioxin Analysis, ng/kg										
	TCDF	TCDD	PeCDF	PeCDD	HxCDF	HxCDD	HpCDF	HpCDD	OCDF	OCDD	
55197-3	220	20	3,400	430	9,400	7,000	21,000	120,000	10,000	910,000	
3973-51-2 O'S	17	ND	210	33	710	630	1,600	7,700	1,200	70,000	
3973-51-3 U'S	640	68	8,400	1,400	32,000	26,000	79,000	550,000	140,000	5,300,000	
Analyte Mass, ng											
55197-3	85	8	1,308	165	3,617	2,693	8,079	46,168	3,847	350,110	
Aqueous (calc'd)	37	3	689	63	1,288	785	2,381	7,586	-5,732	-20,349	
3973-51-2 O'S	5	0	67	10	226	200	509	2,447	381	22,250	
3973-51-3 U'S	42	4	552	92	2,102	1,708	5,190	36,135	9,198	348,210	
Total, solids:	47	4	619	102	2,328	1,908	5,699	38,582	9,579	370,460	
	Analyte Mass Distribution, %										
Aqueous	44	42	53	38	36	29	29	16	-149	-6	
3973-51-2 O'S	6	0	5	6	6	7	6	5	10	6	
3973-51-3 U'S	50	58	42	56	58	63	64	78	239	99	

Notes Triton caused foaming. Sieving was rapid, efficient.

12661

**Batch Trommel Soil Washing Experiment Data** 

3973-52

Water 35m Cut

Date: 7/16/19 By: KM, RLS

**Objective:** 

NB & page

To evaluate soil washing using a trommel as a means of removing contaminants from soil.

## **Procedure**

- 1. Obtain 400 g splits of minus 1/4" soil sample from Sample Prep.
- 2. Make up 10% Triton X-100 surfactant.
- 3. Weigh out 2 splits and record the weights and identification on 2 leach sheets.
- 4. Add DI H2O and (optionally) Triton X-100 mixture in quantities specified to trommel vessel.
- 5. Cap vessel and place on rolls, agitate for 15 minutes.
- 6. Wet screen the slurry at 35 mesh; dry plus size material at 50°C.
- 7. Flocculate and filter the minus fraction; wash filter cake with warm water 3X.
- 8. Containerize dried samples, ship all samples to contract laboratory.

398.93	g, HRI#: _55197-03 -1/4"	]	argets	30	% Solids
 3.71	% moisture	933	933	933	g DI H2O
384.13	g dry solids (calculated)	0	0	0	g 10% Trition X-100

g dry solids (calculated)					0	0 g 10% Trition 2		
Products					Metal	s Analysi	s, mg/kg	
NB-page-#	Time, min	Description	Mass, g	Wt %	Cr	Zn	Cr <sup>VI</sup>	
55197-3		Feed Solids	384 13		1644	112	17	

пь-раде-#	rime, min	Description	iviass, g	VV L 70	ū	Z11	Cl
55197-3		Feed Solids	384.13		1644	112	17
3973-52-2	15	Oversize	313.99	82.4	540	63	4.1
3973-52-3	15	Undersize	67.02	17.6	2900	160	21
		Total:	381.01				

	Acco	ountability, %:	99.2	An	alyte Mas	s, mg	Anal	yte Mass D	ist'n, %
		_		Cr <sup>™</sup>	Zn	Cr <sup>VI</sup>	Cr <sup>™</sup>	Zn	Cr <sup>VI</sup>
55197-3		Feed Solids		631.51	43.02	6.53	100	100	100
	15	Aqueous		267.6	12.5	3.8	42.4	29.1	58.7
3973-52-2	15	Oversize		169.55	19.78	1.29	26.8	46.0	47.8
3973-52-3	15	Undersize		194.36	10.72	1.41	30.8	24.9	52.2

Values shown in italics are calculated. Size fraction solids total: 363.91 30.50 2.69

	Dioxin Analysis, ng/kg											
	TCDF	TCDD	PeCDF	PeCDD	HxCDF	HxCDD	HpCDF	HpCDD	OCDF	OCDD		
55197-3	220	20	3,400	430	9,400	7,000	21,000	120,000	10,000	910,000		
3973-52-2 O'S	69	5	680	82	1,500	960	2,000	9,100	1,100	77,000		
3973-52-3 U'S	1,200	140	16,000	2,400	53,000	44,000	120,000	550,000	130,000	5,800,000		
Analyte Mass, ng												
55197-3	85	8	1,306	165	3,611	2,689	8,067	46,096	3,841	349,558		
Aqueous (calc'd)	-18	-3	20	-21	-412	-561	-604	6,377	-5,217	-63,335		
3973-52-2 O'S	22	1	214	26	471	301	628	2,857	345	24,177		
3973-52-3 U'S	80	9	1,072	161	3,552	2,949	8,042	36,861	8,713	388,716		
Total, solids:	102	11	1,286	187	4,023	3,250	8,670	39,718	9,058	412,893		
				Analy	te Mass I	Distributio	on, %					

		Analyte Mass Distribution, 70								
Aqueous	-21	-41	2	-13	-11	-21	-7	14	-136	-18
3973-52-2 O'S	26	18	16	16	13	11	8	6	9	7
3973-52-3 U'S	95	122	82	97	98	110	100	80	227	111

**Notes** Sieving was rapid, efficient 12661

3973-53

## Batch Trommel Soil Washing Experiment Data Triton X-100 70m Cut

Date: 7/16/19

By: KM, RLS

NB & page

Objective:

To evaluate soil washing using a trommel as a means of removing contaminants from soil.

## **Procedure**

- 1. Obtain 400 g splits of minus 1/4" soil sample from Sample Prep.
- 2. Make up 10% Triton X-100 surfactant.
- 3. Weigh out 2 splits and record the weights and identification on 2 leach sheets.
- 4. Add DI H2O and (optionally) Triton X-100 mixture in quantities specified to trommel vessel.
- 5. Cap vessel and place on rolls, agitate for 15 minutes.
- 6. Wet screen the slurry at **70 mesh**; dry plus size material at 50°C.
- 7. Flocculate and filter the minus fraction; wash filter cake with warm water 3X.
- 8. Containerize dried samples, ship all samples to contract laboratory.

399.79	g, HRI#: _55197-03 -1/4"	]	argets	30	% Solids
3.71	% moisture	933	886	886	g DI H2O
384.96	g dry solids (calculated)	0	47	47.05	g 10% Trition X-100

Products					Metals Analysis, mg/kg			
NB-page-#	Time, min	Description	Mass, g	Wt %	Cr	Zn	Cr <sup>VI</sup>	
55197-3		Feed Solids	384.96		1644	112	17	
3973-53-2	15	Oversize	354.01	91.3	630	70	5.2	
3973-53-3	15	Undersize	33.60	8.7	5900	260	28	
		Total:	387.61					

	Acc	countability, %: 100.7		Ana	lyte Mas	s, mg	Analy	Analyte Mass Dist		
			<b>_</b>	Cr <sup>™</sup>	Zn	Cr <sup>VI</sup>	Cr <sup>™</sup>	Zn	Cr <sup>VI</sup>	
55197-3		Feed Solids		632.87	43.12	6.54	100	100	100	
	15	Aqueous		211.6	9.6	3.8	33.4	22.3	57.5	
3973-53-2	15	Oversize		223.03	24.78	1.84	35.2	73.9	66.2	
3973-53-3	15	Undersize		198.24	8.74	0.94	31.3	26.1	33.8	

Values in italics are calculated.	Size fraction solids total:	421.27	33.52	2.78
-----------------------------------	-----------------------------	--------	-------	------

				_						
				D	ioxin Ana	lysis, ng/	kg			
	TCDF	TCDD	PeCDF	PeCDD	HxCDF	HxCDD	HpCDF	HpCDD	OCDF	OCDD
55197-3	220	20	3,400	430	9,400	7,000	21,000	120,000	10,000	910,000
3973-53-2 O'S	25	1	320	62	1,000	970	2,200	12,000	1,400	120,000
3973-53-3 U'S	1,300	160	17,000	2,800	66,000	54,000	190,000	950,000	290,000	7,800,000
Analyte Mass, ng										
55197-3	85	8	1,309	166	3,619	2,695	8,084	46,195	3,850	350,312
Aqueous (calc'd)	32	2	624	50	1,047	537	921	10,027	-6,390	45,750
3973-53-2 O'S	9	0	113	22	354	343	779	4,248	496	42,481
3973-53-3 U'S	44	5	571	94	2,218	1,814	6,384	31,920	9,744	262,080
Total, solids:	53	6	684	116	2,572	2,158	7,163	36,168	10,240	304,561
				A I	M	Diataile	0/			
ı		,		Anai	yte iviass	Distributi	ion, %			
Aqueous	38	27	48	30	29	20	11	22	-166	13
3973-53-2 O'S	10	4	9	13	10	13	10	9	13	12
3973-53-3 U'S	52	70	44	57	61	67	79	69	253	75

Notes Triton caused foaming

12661

**Batch Trommel Soil Washing Experiment Data** Water 70m Cut

Date: 7/16/19 KM, RLS Ву:

NB & page Objective:

To evaluate soil washing using a trommel as a means of removing contaminants from soil.

## **Procedure**

- 1. Obtain 400 g splits of minus 1/4" soil sample from Sample Prep.
- 2. Make up 10% Triton X-100 surfactant.
- 3. Weigh out 2 splits and record the weights and identification on 2 leach sheets.
- 4. Add DI H2O and (optionally) Triton X-100 mixture in quantities specified to trommel vessel.
- 5. Cap vessel and place on rolls, agitate for 15 minutes.

3973-54

- 6. Wet screen the slurry at **70 mesh**; dry plus size material at 50°C.
- 7. Flocculate and filter the minus fraction; wash filter cake with warm water 3X.
- 8. Containerize dried samples, ship all samples to contract laboratory.

 399.67	g, HRI#: _55197-03 -1/4"	]	<u> Fargets</u>	30	% Solids
3.71	% moisture	933	933	933	g DI H2O
384.84	g dry solids (calculated)	0	0	0	g 10% Trition X-100

384.84	_g dry solids (	calculated)		0	0	0	g 10% Trition X-
Products					Metal	s Analysis	s, mg/kg
NB-page-#	Time, min	Description	Mass, g	Wt %	Cr	Zn	Cr <sup>VI</sup>
55197-3		Feed Solids	384.84		1644	112	17

пь-рауе-#	Tittle, Itilit	Description	iviass, g	VV L /0	CI	Z11	CI
55197-3		Feed Solids	384.84		1644	112	17
3973-54-2	15	Oversize	350.69	91.1	720	84	6.4
3973-54-3	15	Undersize	34.07	8.9	5300	240	21
		Total:	384 76				

	Acco	ountability, %:	100.0	Ana	alyte Mas	s, mg	Analy	rte Mass Di	ist'n, %
		<del>-</del>		$Cr^T$	Zn	Cr <sup>VI</sup>	Cr <sup>™</sup>	Zn	Cr <sup>VI</sup>
55197-3		Feed Solids		632.68	43.10	6.54	100	100	100
	15	Aqueous		199.6	5.5	3.6	31.6	12.7	54.8
3973-54-2	15	Oversize		252.50	29.46	2.24	39.9	78.3	75.8
3973-54-3	15	Undersize		180.57	8.18	0.72	28.5	21.7	24.2

2.96 Values in italics are calculated. Size fraction solids total: 433.07 37.63

	Dioxin Analysis, ng/kg												
	TCDF	TCDD	PeCDF	PeCDD	HxCDF	HxCDD	HpCDF	HpCDD	OCDF	OCDD			
55197-3	220	20	3,400	430	9,400	7,000	21,000	120,000	10,000	910,000			
3973-54-2 O'S	17	3	230	41	830	700	1,800	8,100	1,200	80,000			
3973-54-3 U'S	1,900	210	26,000	4,100	93,000	74,000	230,000	660,000	380,000	7,400,000			
Analyte Mass, ng													
55197-3	85	8	1,308	165	3,618	2,694	8,082	46,181	3,848	350,206			
Aqueous (calc'd)	14	0	342	11	158	-73	-386	20,854	-9,519	70,033			
3973-54-2 O'S	6	1	81	14	291	245	631	2,841	421	28,055			
3973-54-3 U'S	65	7	886	140	3,169	2,521	7,836	22,486	12,947	252,118			
Total, solids:	71	8	966	154	3,460	2,767	8,467	25,327	13,367	280,173			
	Analyte Mass Distribution, %												

				Analy	rte Mass I	Distributi	on, %			
Aqueous	17	-6	26	7	4	-3	-5	45	-247	20
3973-54-2 O'S	7	13	6	9	8	9	8	6	11	8
3973-54-3 U'S	76	93	68	84	88	94	97	49	336	72

Sieving was rapid, efficient **Notes** 

## APPENDIX G

Dioxin Analysis: Soil Washing Experiment Products
Pace Laboratories



Pace Analytical Services, LLC.

1700 Elm Street Minneapolis, MN 55414 Phone: 612.607.1700

rhone: 612.607.1700 Fax: 612.607.6444

## **Report Prepared for:**

Marlon Cartin Asset Laboratories 3151 West Post Road Las Vegas NV 89118

> REPORT OF LABORATORY ANALYSIS FOR PCDD/PCDF

## **Report Information:**

Pace Project #: 10485144

Sample Receipt Date: 07/30/2019

Client Project #: N036666 Client Sub PO #: N36666A

**State Cert #: 2929** 

## **Invoicing & Reporting Options:**

The report provided has been invoiced as a Level 2 PCDD/PCDF Report. If an upgrade of this report package is requested, an additional charge may be applied.

Please review the attached invoice for accuracy and forward any questions to Joanne Richardson, your Pace Project Manager.

This report has been reviewed by:

September 04, 2019

Joanne Richardson, (612) 607-6453

(612) 607-6444 (fax)



## **Report of Laboratory Analysis**

This report should not be reproduced, except in full, without the written consent of Pace Analytical Services, Inc.

The results relate only to the samples included in this report.

September 4, 2019



Pace Analytical Services, LLC.

1700 Elm Street Minneapolis, MN 55414 Phone: 612.607.1700

Fax: 612.607.6444

## **DISCUSSION**

This report presents the results from the analyses performed on eight samples submitted by a representative of Asset Laboratories. The samples were analyzed for the presence or absence of polychlorodibenzo-p-dioxins (PCDDs) and polychlorodibenzofurans (PCDFs) using a modified version of USEPA Method 8290. The reporting limits were based on signal-to-noise measurements. Estimated Maximum Possible Concentration (EMPC) values were treated as positives in the toxic equivalence calculations. The samples were extracted outside the 30-day hold time recommended in the method, therefore, the reported values should be regarded as minimum possible concentrations.

Second column confirmation analyses of 2,3,7,8-TCDF values obtained from the primary (DB5-MS) column are performed only when specifically requested for a project and only when the values are above the concentration of the lowest calibration standard. Typical resolution for this isomer using the DB5-MS column ranges from 25-30%.

The recoveries of the isotopically-labeled PCDD/PCDF internal standards in the sample extracts ranged from 11-125%. Except for six low values, which were flagged "R" on the results tables, the labeled internal standard recoveries obtained for this project were within the 40-135% target range specified in Method 8290. Also, since the quantification of the native 2,3,7,8-substituted congeners was based on isotope dilution, the data were automatically corrected for variation in recovery and accurate values were obtained.

Values were flagged "I" where incorrect isotope ratios were obtained or "P" where polychorinated diphenyl ethers were present. Concentrations below the calibration range were flagged "J" and should be regarded as estimates. Concentrations above the calibration range were flagged "E" and should also be regarded as estimates. Values obtained from analyses of diluted extracts were flagged "D" and "N2".

A laboratory method blank was prepared and analyzed with the sample batch as part of our routine quality control procedures. The results show the blank to contain trace levels of selected congeners. These levels were below the calibration range of the method. Sample levels similar to the corresponding blank levels were flagged "B" on the results tables and may be, at least partially, attributed to the background. It should be noted that levels less than ten times the background are not generally considered to be statistically different from the background.

A laboratory spike sample was also prepared using clean reference matrix that had been fortified with native standard materials. The recoveries of the native compounds ranged from 97-120%. These results were within the target range for the method. Matrix spikes were prepared with the sample batch using sample material from a separate project; results from these analyses will be provided upon request.

The response obtained for the native 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF in calibration standard analysis U190829B\_17 was outside the target range. As specified in our procedures for this method, the average of the daily response factors for this compound was used in the calculations for the samples from this runshift. The affected values were flagged "Y" on the results tables.

## **REPORT OF LABORATORY ANALYSIS**

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# Minnesota Laboratory Certifications

Authority	Certificate #	Authority	Certificate #
A2LA	2926.01	Minnesota - Pet	1240
Alabama	40770	Mississippi	MN00064
Alaska - DW	MN00064	Missouri - DW	10100
Alaska - UST	17-009	Montana	CERT0092
Arizona	AZ0014	Nebraska	NE-OS-18-06
Arkansas - DW	MN00064	Nevada	MN00064
Arkansas - WW	88-0680	New Hampshire	2081
CNMI Saipan	MP0003	New Jersey (NE	MN002
California	2929	New York	11647
Colorado	MN00064	North Carolina	27700
Connecticut	PH-0256	North Carolina -	27700
EPA Region 8+	via MN 027-053	North Carolina -	530
Florida (NELAP	E87605	North Dakota	R-036
Georgia	959	Ohio - DW	41244
Guam	17-001r	Ohio - VAP	CL101
Hawaii	MN00064	Oklahoma	9507
Idaho	MN00064	Oregon - Primar	MN300001
Illinois	200011	Oregon - Secon	MN200001
Indiana	C-MN-01	Pennsylvania	68-00563
lowa	368	Puerto Rico	MN00064
Kansas	E-10167	South Carolina	74003
Kentucky - DW	90062	South Dakota	NA
Kentucky - WW	90062	Tennessee	TN02818
Louisiana - DE	03086	Texas	T104704192
Louisiana - DW	MN00064	Utah (NELAP)	MN00064
Maine	MN00064	Virginia	460163
Maryland	322	Washington	C486
Massachusetts	M-MN064	West Virginia -	382
Michigan	9909	West Virginia -	9952C
Minnesota	027-053-137	Wisconsin	999407970
Minnesota - De	via MN 027-053	Wyoming - UST	2926.01

## **REPORT OF LABORATORY ANALYSIS**

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# Appendix A

Sample Management

# **CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY RECORD**

3151-3153 W Post Rd., Las Vegas, NV 89118 **ASSET Laboratories** 

www.etf-labs.com TEL: 7023072659

FAX: 7023072691

QC Level: Level IV

Subcontractor:

Pace Analytical Services, Inc. 1700 Elm Street, Suite 200 Minneapolis, MN 55414

TEL: FAX: Acct #:

(612) 607-1700 (612) 607-6444

Katherine Meredith Field Sampler:

26-Jul-19

						Redirected Toete	
Sample ID	_ •	Matrix	Date Collector	F - 177		nednesned lesis	
			Dallacien	Bottle lype	EPA 8290		
N036666,001B / 2072 64 2							
C-5/65 / 5100-00000	7-	Soil	7/19/2019 8:30:00 AM	4076			
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N036666-008B / 3073-54-3				0.50	_		C
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				)	_		

WO#:10485144

Please cc Report to Lucille Golosinda at lucille. golosinda@assetlaboratories.com

Please report in dry weight, Asset will provide PMOIST values

General Comments:

Please email sample receipt acknowledgement to the PM. Please cc andrea.gallardo@assetlaboratories.com

Please use PO#:N36666A Please email Invoices and Account Receivable Statements to elvira@assetlaboratories.com. For questions, call Marlon at (702)-307-2659. Please e-mail results to reports.lv@assetlaboratories.com by: Normal TAT.

Please analyze for Dioxins and Furans by 8290. EDD Requirement Labspec 7 edata.

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Document Name:

Document Revised: 09May2019 Sample Condition Upon Receipt Form Page 1 of 1 Issuing Authority: Pace Minnesota Quality Office Document No.: F-MN-L-213-rev.28

Sample Condition Client Name: Upon Receipt			P	roject #:	W0#:10485144
ASSET Ly	75				PM: JMR Due Date: 08/20/19
Courier: Fed Ex UPS	_	JSPS	Clie		CLIENT: Asset Labs
☐Pace ☐SpeeDee Tracking Number: ☐ 75% io 2700		ommer	cial See E	xception	or select the select that
	405		<del></del>	⊔ _ └	<u></u>
Custody Seal on Cooler/Box Present? Yes	<b>₩</b> 0	S	eals Intac	t? Yes	Biological Tissue Frozen? Yes No-N/A
Packing Material: Bubble Wrap Bubble E		None	□0t	her:	Temp Blank? Yes
Thermometer:		Type o		Wet	Blue None Dry Melted
Note: Each West Virginia Sample must have temp tal					
Temp should be above freezing to 6°C Cooler Temp Re	≥ad w/te	mp blan	ık:		OC Average Corrected Temp See Exceptions (no temp blank only):
Correction Factor: Cooler Temp Correct	ed w/ter	np blan	k :		oc 5.4°c
USDA Regulated Soil: ( N/A, water sample/Other:			JUST IS	nate/In	itials of Person Examining Contents:
Did samples originate in a quarantine zone within the Uni			CA, FL, G	🛕 Did sa	mples originate from a foreign source (internationally, including
ID, LA. MS, NC, NM, NY, OK, OR, SC, TN, TX or VA (check n  If Yes to either question, fill out a		MYes∕ <del>Id-S</del> oil C	hecklist (	nawaii F-MN-Q-331	i and Puerto Rico)?
					COMMENTS:
Chain of Custody Present and Filled Out?	Yes	No		1.	
Chain of Custody Relinquished?	Yes	□No		2.	
Sampler Name and/or Signature on COC?	Yes		N/A	3	
Samples Arrived within Hold Time?	Yes		<del> </del>	4.	
Short Hold Time Analysis (<72 hr)?	☐Yes	.—No		5.	cal Coliform
Rush Turn Around Time Requested?	Yes	No		6.	
Sufficient Volume?	□Yes	No		7.	
Correct Containers Used?	ZY90	□No		8.	
-Pace Containers Used?	Zyes	No			
Containers Intact?	Yes	□No		9.	
Field Filtered Volume Received for Dissolved Tests?	∐Yes	□No		1	diment visible in the dissolved container? Yes No
Is sufficient information available to reconcile the samples to the COC?	□vas	□No		11. If no, \	write ID/ Date/Time on Container Below: See Exception
Matrix: Water Soil Oil Other	7.63				
All containers meeding acid/base preservation have been	□Yes	□No	TAN/A	12. Sample	e#
checked?	_			·	
All containers needing preservation are found to be in	∐Yes	ППо	701/0	_	NaOH ☐ HNO₃ ☐ H₂SO₄ ☐ 7inc Acetate
compliance with EPA recommendation?	Lites	LINU			J NaOH ☐ HNO₃ ☐ H₂SO₄ ☐ Zinc Acetate
(HNO <sub>3</sub> , H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> , <2pH, NaOH >9 Sulfide, NaOH>12 Cyanide)			/	Davisius fo	- D □V
Exceptions: VOA, Coliform, TOC/DOC Oil and Grease,	☐Yes	∏No	<b>⊠</b> N/A	Chlorine?	r Res. Yes See Exception No pH Paper Lot#
DRO/8015 (water) and Dioxin/PFAS				Res. Chłori	
				4.5	
Headspace in VOA Vials (greater than 6mm)?	Yes	□No	INVA	13.	See Exception
Trip Blank Present?	Yes	□No	Z N/A	14.	
Trip Blank Custody Seals Present?	Yes	□No	N/A	Pace	Trip Blank Lot # (if purchased):
CLIENT NOTIFICATION/RESOLUTION Person Contacted:			*	Date/Tim	Field Data Required? Yes No
Comments/Resolution:					
Project Manager Review:	2.1			e <sup>2</sup>	
Note: Whenever there is a discrepancy affecting North Carolina	compliance	e sample	es. a convic	 of this form w	Date: 8-5-19  will be sent to the North Carolina DEHNR Certification Office ( i.e. out of
hold, incorrect preservative, out of temp, incorrect containers).					25 Sent to the Hortin carolina periori Certification Office (1.8 Out of
					Ce (2)
					Labeled by: 75 ( 5 )



# Document Name:

## SCUR Exception Form - Coolers Above 6°C

Document No.: F-MN-C-298-Rev.02 Document Revised: 08Apr2019 Page 1 of 1

Issuing Authority: Pace Minnesota Quality Office

## During sample triage, this form is to be placed in each cooler that arrives above 6.0 degrees Colsius

UR Exceptions:	Tara						der#:	1011	
	Container	# of		PMN	otified? [	Yes □	No ::		
Out of Temp Sample IDs	Type	Containers		National Property of		45 P 3		kulf ik	
			If yes,	indicate w	/ho was c	ontacte	d/date/	time.	
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			7						
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Sample ID	Type of	pH Upon	Date Time	Amoun		pH	In Comp	dition?	Initii
Sample ID	Type of	pH Upon	Date Time	Amoun t Added	Lot #		after ad	dition?	Initia
Sample ID	Type of	pH Upon	Date Time	Amoun t Added	Lot #		after ad	dition?	Initii
Sample ID	Type of	pH Upon	Date Time	Amoun t Added	Lot #		after ad	dition?	Initia
Sample ID	Type of	pH Upon	Date Time	Amoun t Added	Lot #		after ad	dition?	Initia
Sample ID	Type of	pH Upon	Date Time	Amoun t Added	Lot #		after ad	dition?  No  No	Initia

# Pace Analytical <sup>®</sup>

## Document Name: **Regulated Soil Checklist**

Document No.: F-MN-Q-338-Rev.06 Document Revised: 13Feb2018 Page 1 of 2

Issuing Authority: Pace Minnesota Quality Office

## **USDA REGULATED SOIL CHECKLIST**

To Be Completed by SR Staff: WO: 1048514	U Date:	7/30/19	Initials:	_krc
Sample Origin (circle one):	DOMESTIE	QUARANTINED		FOREIGN
(Note: soil samples from Hawa	ii, Guom, Puerto Rico and the l	JS Virgin Islands are considere	d to be of a Fo	reign Source)
If Domestic, circle State of Origin:	AL AR (A) FL	GA LA MS NC NM N	Y OK OR S	SC TN TX VA
(Includes: IFA, SOD, Golden Nemotode, Karn		List Count		1 Bemardinu
	Agreement authorizes movem			ed zones)
If Quarantined, circle State of Origin:	FL ID TX C			
•	cludes Fruit Fly, Giont African S		y	
(Movement is not authorized for Pale Cy		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	intines require	additional paperwork)
If Foreign, list Country of Origin:		-		
(Movement from some (	Canadian Providences is not all	lowed. Refer to CS-232 Regul	ated Soil Flow	Chart)
		•		-
REQUIREMENT		ACTION		COMPLETED
PPQ-530 Paperwork must be included for	Scan PPQ-530 to the corresp	onding Project folder on the	drive.	
any samples from counties with a Fruit Fly		· ·	İ	YES NO (N/A)
Quarantine in TX. Refer to MN-5063		ntact the Waste Coordinator	and do	
through MN-S065	not continue processing sam			
Samples from ID may not be moved from		arantined zone, contact the W	aste	YES NO NA
the quarantined region. Refer to MN-S0S5	Coordinator and do not cont	inue processing samples.		
Samples from Giant African Snail	,	arantined zone, contact the W	aste	YES NO (N/A)
Quarantine in FL may not be moved from	Coordinator and do not cont	inue processing samples.	İ	125 110 117
the quarantined region. Refer to MN-S068		<u> </u>		·
REQUIREMENT		ACTION		COMPLETED
"Special Handling" stickers are to be placed	Did "special handling" sticke	rs get placed on all sample		YES NO
on all samples.	containers?			$\rightarrow$
Samples must be segregated and stored in designated bins, shelves and coolers.	were samples placed in a de shelves?	signated cooler, containers ar	ıd	YES NO
designated bins, sherves and coolers.	sileivesi			
		kage or leakage (check for bro	oken	YES NO 7
	glass and/or loose soil in the	•		
		be disposed of by normal pro		e droin).
Samples must be double contained to	l .	er separated from the cooler	and	YES NO N/A
prevent accidental release.	disposed of properly?			YES NO NIA
	Any broken glass and/or loo	se soil are to be bagged and p	 placed in a USI	DA Regulated satellite
	container or active drum (se			on regulated sateme
	lce and melt water should be	e baked at a temperature ran	ge of 121-154	°F for 2 hours and then
	cooled before going down th		-	
Equipment and supplies that have come	Was the cooler(s) and/or cou	ntertop(s) decontaminated us	ing	
nto contact samples must be		ution or 70% ethanol? (Glove:	s and	YES NO
decontaminated.	other lab supplies will be bag			
	Regulated satellite container	or active drum).		
Comments:				



# Document Name: Regulated Soil Checklist

Document Revised: 13Feb2018 Page 2 of 2

Document No.: F-MN-Q-338-Rev.06

Issuing Authority: Pace Minnesota Quality Office

To Be Completed by PM and/or PC:

Sample Analysis to be conducted (circle all th	at apply):  Name of Subcontract Lab (s):	Subcontract La	ab
REQUIREMENT	ACTION	COMPLET	ED
Permission to ship untreated soil must be on file prior to shipping to any subcontract lab, including IR Pace Labs.	Go to: J:\SHARE\PRJ_MGR\10_Client Services Department Documents\Regulated Soils Permits – if permission to ship letter is not there, contact the Waste Coordinator.	YES NO	Ν/A
Shipment must include a valid copy of the receiving lab's permit as well as permission to ship letter.	Is a copy of all needed paperwork included with the COC? Do NOT ship samples until all necessary paperwork is compiled.	YES NO	N/A
Comments:			
Project Manager Signature:	erre Richardson Date: 8-5-1	19	



## **Reporting Flags**

- A = Reporting Limit based on signal to noise
- B = Less than 10x higher than method blank level
- C = Result obtained from confirmation analysis
- D = Result obtained from analysis of diluted sample
- E = Exceeds calibration range
- I = Interferencepresent
- J = Estimated value
- L = Suppressive interference, analyte may be biased low
- Nn = Value obtained from additional analysis
- P = PCDEInterference
- R = Recovery outside target range
- S = Peak saturated
- U = Analyte not detected
- V = Result verified by confirmation analysis
- X = %D Exceeds limits
- Y = Calculated using average of daily RFs
- \* = SeeDiscussion

# Appendix B

Sample Analysis Summary

Fax: 612-607-6444



## Method 8290 Sample Analysis Results

Client - Asset Laboratories

Client's Sample ID N036666-001B / 3973-51-2

Lab Sample ID 10485144001 Filename U190829B\_06 Injected By SMT

**Total Amount Extracted** 11.4 g Matrix Soil % Moisture Dilution 0.2 NA

Dry Weight Extracted 11.4 g Collected 07/19/2019 08:30 ICAL ID U190730 Received 07/30/2019 08:40 CCal Filename(s) U190829B\_01 & U190829B\_17 Extracted 08/27/2019 14:50 Method Blank ID **BLANK-72960** Analyzed 08/29/2019 16:30

Native Isomers	<b>Conc</b> ng/Kg	<b>EMPC</b> ng/Kg	<b>EDL</b> ng/Kg	Internal Standards	ng's Added	Percent Recovery
2,3,7,8-TCDF Total TCDF	0.48 17		0.11 J 0.11	2,3,7,8-TCDF-13C 2,3,7,8-TCDD-13C 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00	90 84 86
2,3,7,8-TCDD Total TCDD	 ND	0.41	0.16 J 0.16	2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF-13C 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD-13C 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00	89 91 76
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF 2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF Total PeCDF	3.7 9.6 210		0.19 J 0.11 0.11	1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF-13C 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF-13C 2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF-13C 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF-13C 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00	70 71 78 84 74
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD Total PeCDD	9.9 33		0.22 0.22	1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD-13C 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF-13C 1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00	66 72 81
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF 2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF	51 18 23		0.35 0.27 0.25	1,2,3,4,7,6,9-1 pCD1 -13C 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD-13C OCDD-13C	2.00 2.00 4.00	91 97
1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF Total HxCDF	7.6 710		0.22 0.22	1,2,3,4-TCDD-13C 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD-13C	2.00 2.00	NA NA
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD Total HxCDD	27 180 64 630	 	1.1 0.80 1.1 0.80	2,3,7,8-TCDD-37Cl4	0.20	79
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF 1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF Total HpCDF	490 32 1600	 	1.0 Y 0.78 0.78	Total 2,3,7,8-TCDD Equivalence: 170 ng/Kg (Lower-bound - Using ITE Fa	actors)	
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD Total HpCDD	4800 7700		0.14 E 0.14 E			
OCDF OCDD	1200 70000		0.11 3.8 DN2			

Conc = Concentration (Totals include 2,3,7,8-substituted isomers).

ND = Not Detected

EMPC = Estimated Maximum Possible Concentration

NA = Not Applicable

EDL = Estimated Detection Limit

NC = Not Calculated

Results reported on a dry weight basis and are valid to no more than 2 significant figures.

J = Estimated value

E = Exceeds calibration range

I = Interference present

D = Result obtained from analysis of diluted sample

Nn = Value obtained from additional analysis

Y = Calculated using average of daily RFs



## Method 8290 Sample Analysis Results

Client - Asset Laboratories

Client's Sample ID N036666-002B / 3973-52-2

Lab Sample ID 10485144002 U190829B 07 Filename Injected By SMT

**Total Amount Extracted** 12.0 g Matrix Soil % Moisture Dilution NA 0.1

Dry Weight Extracted 12.0 g Collected 07/19/2019 08:30 ICAL ID U190730 Received 07/30/2019 08:40 CCal Filename(s) U190829B\_01 & U190829B\_17 Extracted 08/27/2019 14:50 Method Blank ID **BLANK-72960** Analyzed 08/29/2019 17:13

Native Isomers	<b>Conc</b> ng/Kg	<b>EMPC</b> ng/Kg	<b>EDL</b> ng/Kg	Internal Standards	ng's Added	Percent Recovery
2,3,7,8-TCDF Total TCDF	1.1 69		0.10 0.10	2,3,7,8-TCDF-13C 2,3,7,8-TCDD-13C 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00	88 83 89
2,3,7,8-TCDD Total TCDD	0.77 4.5		0.23 J 0.23	2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF-13C 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD-13C 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00	88 90 83
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF 2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF Total PeCDF	6.6 18 680		0.40 0.25 0.25	1,2,3,4,7,6-HXCDF-13C 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF-13C 2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF-13C 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF-13C 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00	83 83 89 79
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD Total PeCDD	17 82		0.17 0.17	1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD-13C 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF-13C 1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00	69 78 90
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF 2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF	78 28 33 11	 	0.45 0.42 0.42 0.37	1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD-13C OCDD-13C 1,2,3,4-TCDD-13C	2.00 2.00 4.00	101 114 NA
Total HxCDF	1500		0.37	1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD-13C	2.00	NA
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD Total HxCDD	34 280 90 960	  	0.71 1.00 0.61 0.61	2,3,7,8-TCDD-37Cl4	0.20	79
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF 1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF Total HpCDF	570 41 2000		0.17 Y 0.17 0.17	Total 2,3,7,8-TCDD Equivalence: 210 ng/Kg (Lower-bound - Using ITE F	actors)	
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD Total HpCDD	5600 9100		0.14 E 0.14 E			
OCDF OCDD	1100 77000		0.12 4.8 DN2			

Conc = Concentration (Totals include 2,3,7,8-substituted isomers).

ND = Not Detected NA = Not Applicable

EMPC = Estimated Maximum Possible Concentration

EDL = Estimated Detection Limit

NC = Not Calculated

Results reported on a dry weight basis and are valid to no more than 2 significant figures.

J = Estimated value

E = Exceeds calibration range

D = Result obtained from analysis of diluted sample

Nn = Value obtained from additional analysis

Y = Calculated using average of daily RFs



## Method 8290 Sample Analysis Results

Client - Asset Laboratories

Client's Sample ID N036666-003B / 3973-53-2

 Lab Sample ID
 10485144003

 Filename
 U190829B\_08

 Injected By
 SMT

Total Amount Extracted 11.2 g Matrix Soil % Moisture 0.1 Dilution NA

Dry Weight Extracted 11.2 g Collected 07/19/2019 08:30 ICAL ID U190730 Received 07/30/2019 08:40 CCal Filename(s) U190829B\_01 & U190829B\_17 Extracted 08/27/2019 14:50 Method Blank ID **BLANK-72960** Analyzed 08/29/2019 17:57

Native Isomers	<b>Conc</b> ng/Kg	<b>EMPC</b> ng/Kg	<b>EDL</b> ng/Kg	Internal Standards	ng's Added	Percent Recovery
2,3,7,8-TCDF Total TCDF	 25	0.74	0.17 J 0.17	2,3,7,8-TCDF-13C 2,3,7,8-TCDD-13C 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00	91 88 91
2,3,7,8-TCDD Total TCDD	0.79 0.79		0.31 J 0.31 BJ	2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF-13C 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD-13C 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00	91 92 81
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF 2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF Total PeCDF	4.9 16 320	 	0.34 0.30 0.30	1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF-13C 2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF-13C 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF-13C 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00	77 82 95 78
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD Total PeCDD	15 62		0.40 0.40	1,2,3,4,7,8-HXCDD-13C 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF-13C 1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00	65 82 87
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF 2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF	89 25 26		0.68 0.24 0.22	1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD-13C OCDD-13C	2.00 2.00 4.00	103 125
1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF Total HxCDF	14 1000		0.43 0.22	1,2,3,4-TCDD-13C 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD-13C	2.00 2.00	NA NA
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD Total HxCDD	36 270 110 970		0.36 0.30 0.33 0.30	2,3,7,8-TCDD-37Cl4	0.20	86
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF 1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF Total HpCDF	630 55 2200		0.17 Y 0.27 0.17	Total 2,3,7,8-TCDD Equivalence: 270 ng/Kg (Lower-bound - Using ITE F	actors)	
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD Total HpCDD	7000 12000		0.33 E 0.33 E			
OCDF OCDD	1400 120000		0.13 15 DN2			

Conc = Concentration (Totals include 2,3,7,8-substituted isomers).

ND = Not Detected NA = Not Applicable

EMPC = Estimated Maximum Possible Concentration EDL = Estimated Detection Limit

NC = Not Calculated

Results reported on a dry weight basis and are valid to no more than 2 significant figures.

J = Estimated value

B = Less than 10x higher than method blank level

E = Exceeds calibration range

I = Interference present

D = Result obtained from analysis of diluted sample

Nn = Value obtained from additional analysis

Y = Calculated using average of daily RFs



## Method 8290 Sample Analysis Results

Client - Asset Laboratories

Client's Sample ID N036666-004B / 3973-54-2

 Lab Sample ID
 10485144004

 Filename
 U190829B\_09

 Injected By
 SMT

Total Amount Extracted 12.2 g Matrix Soil % Moisture 0.0 Dilution NA

Dry Weight Extracted 12.2 g Collected 07/19/2019 08:30 ICAL ID U190730 Received 07/30/2019 08:40 CCal Filename(s) U190829B\_01 & U190829B\_17 Extracted 08/27/2019 14:50 Method Blank ID **BLANK-72960** Analyzed 08/29/2019 18:40

Native Isomers	<b>Conc</b> ng/Kg	<b>EMPC</b> ng/Kg	<b>EDL</b> ng/Kg	Internal Standards	ng's Added	Percent Recovery
2,3,7,8-TCDF Total TCDF	0.54 17		0.086 J 0.086	2,3,7,8-TCDF-13C 2,3,7,8-TCDD-13C 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00	98 94 97
2,3,7,8-TCDD Total TCDD	0.60 2.8		0.15 J 0.15	2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF-13C 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD-13C 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00	99 98 85
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF 2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF Total PeCDF	3.3 10 230		0.21 J 0.12 0.12	1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF-13C 2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF-13C 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF-13C 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00	85 89 97 84
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD Total PeCDD	9.5 41		0.15 0.15	1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD-13C 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF-13C 1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00	73 84 97
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF 2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF	64 19 22		0.37 0.33 0.18	1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD-13C OCDD-13C	2.00 4.00	109 118
1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF Total HxCDF	11 830		0.26 0.18	1,2,3,4-TCDD-13C 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD-13C	2.00 2.00	NA NA
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD Total HxCDD	27 200 81 700		0.50 0.13 0.15 0.13	2,3,7,8-TCDD-37Cl4	0.20	90
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF 1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF Total HpCDF	590 30 1800	 	0.037 Y 0.037 0.037	Total 2,3,7,8-TCDD Equivalence: 190 ng/Kg (Lower-bound - Using ITE F	actors)	
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD Total HpCDD	5000 8100		0.085 E 0.085 E			
OCDF OCDD	1200 80000		0.096 5.3 DN	<b>1</b> 2		

Conc = Concentration (Totals include 2,3,7,8-substituted isomers).

ND = Not Detected NA = Not Applicable

EMPC = Estimated Maximum Possible Concentration EDL = Estimated Detection Limit

NC = Not Calculated

Results reported on a dry weight basis and are valid to no more than 2 significant figures.

J = Estimated value

E = Exceeds calibration range

D = Result obtained from analysis of diluted sample

Nn = Value obtained from additional analysis

Y = Calculated using average of daily RFs



## Method 8290 Sample Analysis Results

Client - Asset Laboratories

Client's Sample ID N036666-005B / 3973-51-3

 Lab Sample ID
 10485144005

 Filename
 U190829B\_10

 Injected By
 SMT

Injected By SMT
Total Amount Extracted 11.5 g

Total Amount Extracted 11.5 g Matrix Soil % Moisture 0.4 Dilution NA

Dry Weight Extracted Collected 11.4 g 07/19/2019 08:30 ICAL ID U190730 Received 07/30/2019 08:40 CCal Filename(s) U190829B\_01 & U190829B\_17 Extracted 08/27/2019 14:50 Method Blank ID **BLANK-72960** Analyzed 08/29/2019 19:23

Native Isomers	<b>Conc</b> ng/Kg	<b>EMPC</b> ng/Kg	<b>EDL</b> ng/Kg	Internal Standards	ng's Added	Percent Recovery
2,3,7,8-TCDF Total TCDF	24 640		0.11 0.11	2,3,7,8-TCDF-13C 2,3,7,8-TCDD-13C 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00	84 80 75
2,3,7,8-TCDD Total TCDD	23 68		0.22 0.22	2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF-13C 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD-13C 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00	82 82 60
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF 2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF Total PeCDF	160 470 8400		0.79 0.62 0.62	1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF-13C 2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF-13C 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00	60 61 75 54
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD Total PeCDD	400 1400		0.22 0.22	1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD-13C 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD-13C 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF-13C 1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00	55 43 DN2 50 DN2
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF 2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF	3100 700 1200		0.61 E 0.51 0.51	1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD-13C OCDD-13C	2.00 2.00 4.00	28 RDN 14 RDN
1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF Total HxCDF	370 32000		0.62 0.51 E	1,2,3,4-TCDD-13C 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD-13C	2.00 2.00	NA NA
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD Total HxCDD	940 6300 1800 26000	 	0.25 0.24 E 0.26 0.24 E	2,3,7,8-TCDD-37Cl4	0.20	76
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF 1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF Total HpCDF	21000 1800 79000		66 DN2 76 DN2 66 DN2	2 Equivalence: 11000 ng/Kg	actors)	
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD Total HpCDD	320000 550000		64 DN2 64 DN2			
OCDF OCDD	140000 5300000		67 DN2 92 EDI			

Conc = Concentration (Totals include 2,3,7,8-substituted isomers).

ND = Not Detected

EMPC = Estimated Maximum Possible Concentration EDL = Estimated Detection Limit

NA = Not Applicable NC = Not Calculated

Results reported on a dry weight basis and are valid to no more than 2 significant figures.

R = Recovery outside target range

E = Exceeds calibration range

D = Result obtained from analysis of diluted sample

Nn = Value obtained from additional analysis



## Method 8290 Sample Analysis Results

Client - Asset Laboratories

Client's Sample ID N036666-006B / 3973-52-3

 Lab Sample ID
 10485144006

 Filename
 U190829B\_11

 Injected By
 SMT

Total Amount Extracted 11.0 g Matrix Soil % Moisture 0.1 Dilution NA

Dry Weight Extracted Collected 11.0 g 07/19/2019 08:30 ICAL ID U190730 Received 07/30/2019 08:40 CCal Filename(s) U190829B\_01 & U190829B\_17 Extracted 08/27/2019 14:50 Method Blank ID **BLANK-72960** Analyzed 08/29/2019 20:07

Native Isomers	<b>Conc</b> ng/Kg	<b>EMPC</b> ng/Kg	<b>EDL</b> ng/Kg		Internal Standards	ng's Added	Percent Recovery
2,3,7,8-TCDF Total TCDF	39 1200		0.59 0.59		2,3,7,8-TCDF-13C 2,3,7,8-TCDD-13C 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00	81 76 73
2,3,7,8-TCDD Total TCDD	35 140		1.1 1.1		2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF-13C 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD-13C 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00	79 83 61
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF 2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF Total PeCDF	270 860 16000	 	3.0 1.9 1.9 E	į	1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF-13C 2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF-13C 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF-13C 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00	61 61 75 58
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD Total PeCDD	650 2400		0.89 0.89		1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD-13C 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF-13C 1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00	57 50 IDN2 54 DN2
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF 2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF	5000 1100 1800		1.4 E 1.5 1.6		1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD-13C OCDD-13C	2.00 4.00	63 DN2 35 IRDN
1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF Total HxCDF	640 53000		1.5 1.4 E	<u> </u>	1,2,3,4-TCDD-13C 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD-13C	2.00 2.00	NA NA
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD Total HxCDD	1500 10000 4200 44000	 	0.78 0.85 E 1.1 E 0.78 E	:	2,3,7,8-TCDD-37Cl4	0.20	73
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF 1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF Total HpCDF	32000 2400 120000		29 D	)N2 )N2 )N2	Total 2,3,7,8-TCDD Equivalence: 13000 ng/Kg (Lower-bound - Using ITE F	actors)	
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD Total HpCDD	300000 550000			DN2 DN2			
OCDF OCDD	130000 5800000			N2 DN2			

ND = Not Detected

Conc = Concentration (Totals include 2,3,7,8-substituted isomers).

EMPC = Estimated Maximum Possible Concentration NA = Not Applicable EDL = Estimated Detection Limit NC = Not Calculated

Results reported on a dry weight basis and are valid to no more than 2 significant figures.

R = Recovery outside target range

E = Exceeds calibration range

I = Interference present

D = Result obtained from analysis of diluted sample

Nn = Value obtained from additional analysis



## Method 8290 Sample Analysis Results

Client - Asset Laboratories

Client's Sample ID N036666-007B / 3973-53-3

Lab Sample ID 10485144007 Filename U190829B\_12

Injected By SMT

**Total Amount Extracted** 11.0 g Matrix Soil % Moisture Dilution NA 0.7

Dry Weight Extracted Collected 11.0 g 07/19/2019 08:30 ICAL ID U190730 Received 07/30/2019 08:40 CCal Filename(s) U190829B 01 & U190829B 17 Extracted 08/27/2019 14:50 Method Blank ID BLANK-72960 Analyzed 08/29/2019 20:50

Native Isomers	<b>Conc</b> ng/Kg	<b>EMPC</b> ng/Kg	<b>EDL</b> ng/Kg	Internal Standards	ng's Added	Percent Recovery
2,3,7,8-TCDF Total TCDF	54 1300		0.68 0.68 E	2,3,7,8-TCDF-13C 2,3,7,8-TCDD-13C 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00	88 85 80
2,3,7,8-TCDD Total TCDD	51 160		1.1 1.1	2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF-13C 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD-13C 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00	88 88 61
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF 2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF Total PeCDF	320 950 17000		2.2 0.92 0.92 E	1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF-13C 2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF-13C 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00	64 67 79
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD Total PeCDD	810 2800		1.5 1.5	1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD-13C 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD-13C 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF-13C 1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00	60 60 45 IDN2 40 IDN2
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF 2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF	6300 1400 1700		3.2 E 3.0 3.2	1,2,3,4,7,6,9-11pcbr-13C 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD-13C OCDD-13C	2.00 2.00 4.00	35 RDN 15 RDN
1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF Total HxCDF	1500 66000		3.2 3.0 E	1,2,3,4-TCDD-13C 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD-13C	2.00 2.00	NA NA
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD Total HxCDD	2000 13000 5000 54000		2.3 1.8 E 2.4 E 1.8 E	2,3,7,8-TCDD-37Cl4	0.20	87
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF 1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF Total HpCDF	49000 4100 190000		94 DN2 190 DN2 94 DN2		actors)	
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD Total HpCDD	590000 950000		120 EDN 120 EDN			
OCDF OCDD	290000 7800000		150 DN2 410 EDN			

Conc = Concentration (Totals include 2,3,7,8-substituted isomers).

ND = Not Detected EMPC = Estimated Maximum Possible Concentration NA = Not Applicable

EDL = Estimated Detection Limit NC = Not Calculated

Results reported on a dry weight basis and are valid to no more than 2 significant figures.

R = Recovery outside target range

E = Exceeds calibration range

I = Interference present

D = Result obtained from analysis of diluted sample

Nn = Value obtained from additional analysis



## Method 8290 Sample Analysis Results

Client - Asset Laboratories

Client's Sample ID N036666-008B / 3973-54-3

Lab Sample ID 10485144008 Filename U190829B\_13

Injected By SMT

**Total Amount Extracted** 11.9 g Matrix Soil % Moisture Dilution NA 0.6

Dry Weight Extracted Collected 11.8 g 07/19/2019 08:30 ICAL ID U190730 Received 07/30/2019 08:40 CCal Filename(s) U190829B 01 & U190829B 17 Extracted 08/27/2019 14:50 Method Blank ID BLANK-72960 Analyzed 08/29/2019 21:33

Native Isomers	<b>Conc</b> ng/Kg	<b>EMPC</b> ng/Kg	<b>EDL</b> ng/Kg	Internal Standards	ng's Added	Percent Recovery
2,3,7,8-TCDF Total TCDF	74 1900		0.41 0.41 E	2,3,7,8-TCDF-13C 2,3,7,8-TCDD-13C 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00	89 85 80
2,3,7,8-TCDD Total TCDD	56 210		0.53 0.53	1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF-13C 2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF-13C 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD-13C 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00	87 91 59
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF 2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF Total PeCDF	450 1400 26000		2.3 1.3 1.3 E	1,2,3,4,7,6-HXCDF-13C 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF-13C 2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF-13C 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00	60 60 74
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD Total PeCDD	1100 4100		0.57 0.57	1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD-13C 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD-13C 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00	57 56 35 IRDN 60 IDN2
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF 2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF	8400 2200 3000		4.2 E 3.9 5.1 E	1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF-13C 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD-13C OCDD-13C	2.00 2.00 4.00	50 DN2 11 IRDN
1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF Total HxCDF	1400 93000		3.5 3.5 E	1,2,3,4-TCDD-13C 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD-13C	2.00 2.00	NA NA
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD Total HxCDD	2900 19000 6600 74000	 	1.6 1.0 E 1.8 E 1.0 E	2,3,7,8-TCDD-37Cl4	0.20	86
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF 1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF Total HpCDF	68000 4000 230000		29 DN2 68 DN2 29 DN2		actors)	
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD Total HpCDD	410000 660000		46 EDN 46 EDN			
OCDF OCDD	380000 7400000		120 DN2 330 EDN			

Conc = Concentration (Totals include 2,3,7,8-substituted isomers).

ND = Not Detected EMPC = Estimated Maximum Possible Concentration NA = Not Applicable EDL = Estimated Detection Limit NC = Not Calculated

Results reported on a dry weight basis and are valid to no more than 2 significant figures.

R = Recovery outside target range

E = Exceeds calibration range

I = Interference present

D = Result obtained from analysis of diluted sample

Nn = Value obtained from additional analysis



## Method 8290 Blank Analysis Results

Lab Sample Name Lab Sample ID Filename

**Total Amount Extracted** ICAL ID

CCal Filename(s)

**DFBLKWT** BLANK-72960 Y190829A\_08 10.0 g

Y190827 Y190829A\_02 & Y190829A\_18 Matrix Solid Dilution NA

Extracted 08/27/2019 14:50 Analyzed 08/29/2019 17:08 Injected By **SMT** 

Native Isomers	<b>Conc</b> ng/Kg	<b>EMPC</b> ng/Kg	<b>EDL</b> ng/Kg	Internal Standards	ng's Added	Percent Recovery
2,3,7,8-TCDF Total TCDF	ND ND		0.047 0.047	2,3,7,8-TCDF-13C 2,3,7,8-TCDD-13C 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00	70 67 65
2,3,7,8-TCDD Total TCDD	ND 0.11		0.061 0.061 J	2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF-13C 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD-13C	2.00 2.00	64 68
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF 2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF Total PeCDF	ND ND 0.082	 	0.060 0.055 0.055 J	1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF-13C 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF-13C 2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF-13C 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00	73 74 75 70
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD Total PeCDD	ND ND		0.11 0.11	1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD-13C 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD-13C 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF-13C	2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00	73 69 74 72
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF 2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF	ND ND ND		0.052 0.042 0.038	1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF-13C 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD-13C OCDD-13C	2.00 2.00 4.00	75 60
1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF Total HxCDF	ND ND		0.049 0.038	1,2,3,4-TCDD-13C 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD-13C	2.00 2.00	NA NA
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD Total HxCDD	ND ND ND ND		0.056 0.051 0.078 0.051	2,3,7,8-TCDD-37Cl4	0.20	70
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF 1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF Total HpCDF	ND ND	0.067 	0.058 JJ 0.078 0.058	Total 2,3,7,8-TCDD Equivalence: 0.0069 ng/Kg (Lower-bound - Using ITE F	actors)	
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD Total HpCDD	0.27 0.60		0.12 J 0.12 J			
OCDF	0.21		0.091 J			

3.3 Conc = Concentration (Totals include 2,3,7,8-substituted isomers).

EMPC = Estimated Maximum Possible Concentration

EDL = Estimated Detection Limit

Results reported on a total weight basis and are valid to no more than 2 significant figures.

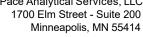
J = Estimated value

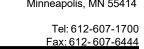
**OCDD** 

I = Interference present

## **REPORT OF LABORATORY ANALYSIS**

0.069 J





## **Method 8290 Laboratory Control Spike Results**

Lab Sample ID Filename

**Total Amount Extracted** ICAL ID

<u>Pace Analytica</u>

CCal Filename(s) Method Blank ID

LCS-72961 F190829A\_09 10.2 g

F190827 F190829A\_01 & F190829A\_16 BLANK-72960

Matrix Dilution Extracted

Solid NA

08/27/2019 14:50 Analyzed 08/29/2019 14:06

Injected By **SMT** 

Native Isomers	<b>Qs</b> (ng)	<b>Qm</b> (ng)	% Rec.	Internal Standards	ng's Added	Percent Recovery
2,3,7,8-TCDF Total TCDF	0.20	0.22	110	2,3,7,8-TCDF-13C 2,3,7,8-TCDD-13C 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF-13C	2.0 2.0 2.0	100 98 101
2,3,7,8-TCDD Total TCDD	0.20	0.22	109	2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF-13C 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD-13C 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF-13C	2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0	101 105 108 92
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF 2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF Total PeCDF	1.0 1.0	1.1 1.1	107 109	1,2,3,4,7,0-HXCDF-13C 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF-13C 2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF-13C 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF-13C 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD-13C	2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0	92 103 99 97 84
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD Total PeCDD	1.0	0.97	97	1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD-13C 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF-13C 1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF-13C	2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0	87 92 92
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF 2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF	1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0	1.1 1.1 1.0 1.1	109 106 103 107	1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD-13C OCDD-13C 1,2,3,4-TCDD-13C	2.0 4.0 2.0	96 73 NA
Total HxCDF  1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD  1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD  1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD  Total HxCDD	1.0 1.0 1.0	1.1 1.2 1.2	107 119 120	1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD-13C 2,3,7,8-TCDD-37Cl4	2.0 0.20	NA 97
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF 1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF Total HpCDF	1.0 1.0	1.0 1.0	105 101			
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD Total HpCDD	1.0	1.0	101			
OCDF OCDD	2.0 2.0	2.1 2.2	106 109			

Qs = Quantity Spiked Qm = Quantity Measured

Rec. = Recovery (Expressed as Percent) R = Recovery outside of target range

Y = RF averaging used in calculations Nn = Value obtained from additional analysis

NA = Not Applicable \* = See Discussion

F3: Data Quality Evaluation Report



# **Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California**

## Data Quality Evaluation Report for the Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis

Revision 0

September 24, 2020

Pacific Gas and Electric Company





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# 1. Introduction

Samples were collected and analyzed in support of the Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis (EE/CA) activities at the Pacific Gas & Electric Company (PG&E) Topock Compressor Station near Needles, California, between May 21 and July 19, 2019. This Data Quality Evaluation (DQE) report will summarize the results of the Quality Assurance/Quality Control (QA/QC) activities prescribed in the *PG&E Program Quality Assurance Project Plan* (QAPP), Revision 3 (CH2M HILL, 2014); and the *Addendum to the PG&E Program QAPP for Dioxins and Furans* (CH2M HILL, 2010). The QAPP identifies the method-specific QC requirements for each analytical parameter and matrix and defines a plan to test that the correct sampling, analytical, and data reduction procedures were followed by using audits and data validation.

# 2. Analytical Data

This DQE report covers 43 soil (or solid) samples and other laboratory related QC samples. These samples were reported by the laboratories in three sample delivery groups.

ASSET Laboratories (ASET) of Las Vegas, Nevada; BC Laboratories, Inc (BCLB) of Bakersfield, California; and Pace Analytical Services, LLC (PIM) of Minneapolis, Minnesota performed the required analyses. All laboratories are certified by the California Department of Health Service's Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Program for the analyses included in Table 1 where appropriate. Samples were analyzed for one or more of the analytes/methods provided in Table 1.

**Table 1. Analytical Parameters** 

Parameter	Method	Laboratory
Metals	SW6010B <sup>a</sup>	ASET/BCLB
Hexavalent Chromium [Cr(VI)]	SW7199 <sup>a</sup>	ASET
Mercury	SW7471A <sup>a</sup>	ASET
Dioxins and Furans	SW8290 ª	PIM

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> SW-846 Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, revision 4, 1996.

The SDGs were evaluated by Jacobs chemists for data quality. Analytical performance was initially assessed on a SDG or an analytical batch basis. The association of laboratory QC samples and environmental samples from the same analytical batches is determined by the laboratory lot control number. A level 2 data validation protocol as outlined in Section 6.3 of the QAPP was utilized in the assessment of the data. The assessment includes a review of: (1) the chain of custody documentation; (2) holding-time compliance; (3) the required quality control (QC) samples at the specified frequencies; (4) method blanks; (5) laboratory control sample (LCS); (6) surrogate spike recoveries; and (7) matrix spike/matrix spike duplicate (MS/MSD) samples.

Data flags were assigned according to the QC acceptance limits defined in the QAPP. These flags, as well as the reason for each flag, are entered into the electronic database and are available to data users. Multiple flags can routinely be applied to a specific sample method/matrix/analyte combination, but there will be only one final flag. As discussed below, a final flag is applied to the data on the basis of the flags entered into the database and is the most conservative of the applied validation flags. The final flag also includes matrix and blank sample impacts.

Data flags can be separated into the following two categories to be used in estimating both contractor and analytical completeness:

- Flags caused by laboratory deviation from requirements in the QAPP
- Flags applied because of the nature of the sample matrix or method limitations



The categories of data flags are tracked in the database and used to calculate both contractual and analytical completeness.

• The database keeps track of the type of protocol violation, and contractual and analytical completeness during data validation.

The data flags are those listed in the QAPP and are defined as follows:

J = Analyte was present but reported value may not be accurate or precise because one or more QC specifications were not met, or concentration is greater than the method detection limit (MDL) but less than the project quantitation limit.

R = The result has been rejected; identification and/or quantitation could not be verified because critical QC specifications were not met.

U = Analyte was analyzed for but not detected at the specified detection limit.

UJ = Analyte was analyzed for but not detected. The sample quantitation limit is estimated.

In addition, the following flags, which have no QC implications and are not listed in the QAPP, were used:

None = A database flag with no QC implications. A flag is not applied. This is a placeholder for calculating QC criteria issues that do not require flagging.

Exclude = A database flag with no QC implications. When multiple data points have been reported, such as dilutions or re-extractions, the data that best matches QAPP QC requirements are presented to the data users and the remainders are marked with this flag.

# 3. Data Assessment

The overall summaries of the data validation findings are contained in Tables A1 through A5 at the end of this report.

- Table A1 Calibration Exceedances Qualified Data. Presents the data qualified because of calibration criteria exceedances.
- Table A2 Matrix Spike Precision/Accuracy Qualified Data. Presents the data qualified due to MS/MSD criteria exceedances, and other matrix-related issues
- **Table A3 Surrogate Recovery Qualified Data.** Presents the data qualified because of surrogate recovery criteria exceedances.
- Table A4 Results between the RL and MDL Qualified Data. Presents the results which are estimated because the result is between the reporting limit (RL) and the method detection limit (MDL).
- Table A5 Site Completeness by Analyte Qualified Data. Presents the percent completeness by analyte, matrix, and method.

The data assessment included a review of the activities described in the following sections.

# 3.1 Calibration

Level 2 validation, as defined in the QAPP, does not include review of initial or continuing calibration information, unless that laboratory specifically notes an exceedance in the case narrative. Calibrations that do not meet method requirements result in data that may have either a high or low bias. Detected and non-detected sample results associated with calibrations that had a low bias were qualified as estimated and flagged "J" or "UJ" respectively. Detected sample results associated with calibrations that



had a high bias were qualified as estimated and flagged "J"; non-detected results associated with a high bias were not qualified.

All sample results affected by calibration exceedances are listed in Table A1 and are summarized below:

On one analytical run, the continuing calibration verification standard exceeded the method specified control limits for 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-Heptachlorodibenzofuran (HpCDF) for method SW8290. Four detected sample results were qualified as estimated and flagged "J".

On one or more analytical runs, the sample concentration for 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-Heptachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin (HpCDD), 1,2,3,4,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzofuran (HxCDF), 1,2,3,6,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin (HxCDD), octachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin (OCDD), or octachlorodibenzofuran (OCDF) exceeded the linear calibration range of the method (SW8290). The samples could not be reanalyzed on a diluted basis. A total of 64 detected sample results were qualified as estimated and flagged "J".

# 3.2 Matrix Spike Samples

MS recoveries are used to evaluate the effect of the sample matrix on the recovery of target analytes. A sample is fortified with a known quantity of a target analyte and is carried through the same preparation and analytical procedures as the unspiked sample. MS recoveries outside the QC limits may indicate that the sample's matrix is affecting the method's ability to accurately quantify the target analyte in the associated sample, or samples from similar locations. A low MS recovery generally indicates a negative bias in the sample data. Associated parent detected and non-detected sample results were qualified as estimated and flagged "J" and "UJ". When the MS and/or MSD recoveries were below 10 percent, the associated parent sample detected results were qualified as estimated and flagged "J". For associated non-detected parent samples, the results were rejected from project use and flagged "R" unless professional judgement was used. A high MS recovery indicates a potential positive bias to the associated sample data. The associated parent detected results were qualified as estimated and flagged "J". Non-detected parent results associated with a high bias recovery were not qualified. If duplicate MS analyses are performed, a RPD greater than QC criteria may further indicate that the sample matrix is affecting the precision of the method for the target analyte that did not meet criteria. Therefore, the associated parent detected and non-detected results were qualified as estimated and flagged "J" and "UJ" respectively.

All sample results affected by MS accuracy or precision exceedances are listed in Table A2 and are summarized below:

The native sample concentration for Chromium in samples N036051-003A/55197-1 70x200, N036051-023A/55197-6 70x200, and N036666-001A/3973-51-2 for method SW6010B were much greater than 4 times the spike level for the MS/MSD. Accurate evaluation of the spike recovery could not be determined per National Functional Guidelines, and therefore, it could not be determined whether there was a significant impact to the data quality. The data was not qualified.

The MSD for hexavalent chromium for method SW7199 had a recovery that was less than lower control limit for samples N035749-003A/55197-3 and N036051-027A/55197-7 70x200. The associated detected parent sample results were qualified as estimated and flagged "J."

# 3.3 Surrogates

Surrogates are primarily used in organic chromatography methods and are added prior to sample preparation. The surrogates are added to all samples, standards, and blanks in an analytical run and provide a measurement to determine recovery for every sample matrix. Surrogate compounds are chosen to represent the various chemistries of the target analytes in a specific method. A low surrogate recovery indicates that the target analytes in associated samples is likely biased low. Associated detected and non-detected sample results were qualified as estimated and flagged "J" and "UJ". Likewise, a high surrogate recovery indicates that the target analytes in associated samples is likely biased high.



Associated detected results were qualified as estimated and flagged "J" and non-detected results associated with a high bias recovery were not qualified. When the surrogate recoveries were below 10 percent, the associated parent sample detected result was qualified as estimated and flagged "J", and associated non-detected parent sample result was rejected from project use and flagged "R" unless professional judgment was used.

All sample results affected by surrogate accuracy exceedances are listed in Table A3 and are summarized below:

The spike recoveries of the deuterated congeners for 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD, 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF, and OCDD were below the method acceptance criteria for several samples. Eight associated detected sample results were qualified as estimated and flagged "J."

# 3.4 Other

In accordance with Method 8290 for dioxins/furans, individual isomers that were reported by the laboratory as estimated maximum possible concentrations (EMPC) were qualified as non-detects and flagged "U." Two sample results were qualified. The affected sample results are listed in Table A2.

### 3.5 Low Level Detects

Sample results between the MDL and the RL were flagged "J" and are represented in Table A4, which shows the final flag applied after data validation. The qualified results represent values determined at levels where the true value of the measured chemical could not be quantified with a high degree of confidence. The laboratory data met the RLs specified in the QAPP. All data flagged for low-level imprecision were the result of the sample concentrations and were not related to laboratory performance. The data user may consider these qualified results as estimates when making project decisions.

# 4. Overall Data Review

The goal of this review is to demonstrate that a sufficient number of representative samples were collected, and the resulting analytical data can be used to support the decision-making process. The procedures for assessing the precision, accuracy, representativeness, completeness, and comparability parameters (PARCC) are addressed in the QAPP and addendum. The following summary highlights the PARCC findings for the above-defined events:

- Precision of the data was verified through the review of the laboratory data quality indicators that include: LCS/LCSD, MS/MSD, and laboratory duplicate RPDs. Precision was acceptable.
- Accuracy of the data was verified through the review of the calibration, internal standard, LCS, MS/MSD, and surrogate standard recoveries, as well as the evaluation of the method blank data. Accuracy was generally acceptable, with the exception of several analytical results being qualified as estimated detected results due to calibration, MS/MSD, or surrogate standard recovery issues. Overall, 72 results out of 609 total results (approximately 12 percent) were qualified for accuracy exceptions. Analytical blank data were free of contamination. Two EMPC results were qualified as non-detects.
- Representativeness of the data was verified through the sample's collection, storage, and the
  verification of holding-time compliance. No issues were reported for sample collection or storage
  procedures. The data were reported from analyses within the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
  (EPA) recommended holding time.
- Comparability of the data was verified through the use of standard EPA analytical procedures and standard units for reporting. Results obtained are comparable to industry standards in that the collection and analytical techniques followed approved, documented procedures.
- Sensitivity is a measurement based upon the analytical method RLs determined by each subcontract laboratory. The analytical reporting limits were determined based upon the completion of instrument-



specific MDL studies performed annually in accordance with the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 40, Part 136, Appendix B. The RLs are generally established by multiplying the MDL by a factor of three to five as recommended by generally accepted laboratory practice and is further supported by the lowest-level analytical standard in the initial calibration process. Sensitivity is ensured through compliance with the RLs specified in the QAPP and addendum. Any nondetect results that were reported by the laboratory, or were flagged non-detect due to blank contamination, have been evaluated against the project screening levels as discussed in the work plan.

 Completeness is a measure of the number of valid measurements obtained in relation to the total number of measurements planned. Completeness is expressed as the percentage of valid or usable measurements compared to planned measurements. Valid data are defined as data that are not rejected for project use. The completeness goal of greater than 90 percent was met for all analyte/methods as listed in Table A5.

Evaluation of 100 percent of the chemical data was performed by using the QAPP and addendum as a guide for data quality evaluation. The overall completeness was met and no other systematic protocol errors were identified during the monitoring of the field or laboratory efforts. This along with the PARCCS evaluation demonstrate that the overall quality of the analytical program and laboratory are sufficient to meet the project data quality objectives, and the data are considered usable for making project decisions.

# 5. Data Management

Sampling activity logs and laboratory analytical data are maintained in a project database and/or in project files, where appropriate. Data were collected and include, but are not limited to, the following items described below:

### 5.1 Field Data

- Daily field progress reports
- Field worksheets
- Daily field notebooks
- Groundwater sample collection logs
- Chain-of-custody reports

# 5.2 Laboratory Data

- Laboratory data packages grouped by SDG
- Corrective action reports
- Laboratory MDL studies
- Internal data evaluation reports for all data

Laboratory data were received in both hardcopy (PDF format) and in electronic comma-delimited American Standard Code for Information Interchange (ASCII) format. The receipt of both data types was logged into the sample-tracking program to determine completeness and laboratory turnaround-time compliance.

All data quality evaluation is done using a semi-automated data validation program that uses laboratory hardcopy and electronic data simultaneously. All validation flags and discoveries are entered into the project database and are linked directly to each individual data point. This process compares hardcopy data to electronic data. All data quality validation reports are generated from the electronic database.

The data management system was designed to maintain the usability and integrity of the data through a series of procedures and QC checks that began at the field site and carried through to the generation of



data for the user. These data included both the chemical data and field operation information. Both the chemical data and the field data were handled in a relational database.

The laboratory hardcopy PDF report and electronic data are stored in the project files and project local area network hard drive areas in the Jacobs office in Redding, California. The original field data forms are stored in the Jacobs office in Portland. Oregon. Laboratories are required to archive the analytical data as outlined in the QAPP and addendum.

# 6. Works Cited

CH2M HILL. 2010. Addendum to the PG&E Program Quality Assurance Project Plan for Dioxins and Furans. January.

CH2M HILL. 2014. PG&E Program Quality Assurance Project Plan, Revision 3. December.

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). 1996. SW-846 Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, revision 4.

# **Appendix A Additional Information**

TABLE A1
Calibration Criteria - Qualified Data

Analyte	Sample Identification	Result	Calibration Qualifier*	Criteria	Validation Comments
Method (Matrix): SW8290 (Soil)	Sample Identification	Result	Qualifier	Criteria	Validation Comments
metrod (matrix). evvozee (een)					
1,2,3,4,6,7,8- Heptachlorodibenzofuran	3973-51-2	490 ng/Kg	J	CCV <lcl< td=""><td></td></lcl<>	
	3973-52-2	570 ng/Kg	J	CCV <lcl< td=""><td></td></lcl<>	
	3973-53-2	630 ng/Kg	J	CCV <lcl< td=""><td></td></lcl<>	
	3973-54-2	590 ng/Kg	J	CCV <lcl< td=""><td></td></lcl<>	
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-Heptachlorodibenzo-p- dioxin	3973-51-2	4800 ng/Kg	J	>ICLinearRange	
	3973-52-2	5600 ng/Kg	J	>ICLinearRange	
	3973-52-3	300000 ng/Kg	J	>ICLinearRange	
	3973-53-2	7000 ng/Kg	J	>ICLinearRange	
	3973-53-3	590000 ng/Kg	J	>ICLinearRange	
	3973-54-2	5000 ng/Kg	J	>ICLinearRange	
	3973-54-3	410000 ng/Kg	J	>ICLinearRange	
	55197-1	9800 ng/Kg	J	>ICLinearRange	no dilution
	55197-4	5000 ng/Kg	J	>ICLinearRange	
	55197-5	8800 ng/Kg	J	>ICLinearRange	
	55197-6	10000 ng/Kg	J	>ICLinearRange	
1,2,3,4,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzofuran	3973-51-3	3100 ng/Kg	J	>ICLinearRange	
	3973-52-3	5000 ng/Kg	J	>ICLinearRange	
	3973-53-3	6300 ng/Kg	J	>ICLinearRange	
	3973-54-3	8400 ng/Kg	J	>ICLinearRange	
1,2,3,6,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzo-p- dioxin	3973-51-3	6300 ng/Kg	J	>ICLinearRange	
	3973-52-3	10000 ng/Kg	J	>ICLinearRange	
	3973-53-3	13000 ng/Kg	J	>ICLinearRange	
	3973-54-3	19000 ng/Kg	J	>ICLinearRange	
1,2,3,7,8,9-Hexachlorodibenzo-p- dioxin	3973-52-3	4200 ng/Kg	J	>ICLinearRange	
	3973-53-3	5000 ng/Kg	J	>ICLinearRange	
	3973-54-3	6600 ng/Kg	J	>ICLinearRange	
2,3,4,6,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzofuran	3973-54-3	3000 ng/Kg	J	>ICLinearRange	
OCDD	3973-51-3	5300000 ng/Kg	J	>ICLinearRange	

TABLE A1
Calibration Criteria - Qualified Data

Analyte	Sample Identification	Result	Calibration Qualifier*	Criteria	Validation Comments
Method (Matrix): SW8290 (S		nesun	Guaintei	Orneria	Validation Confidents
OCDD	3973-52-3	5800000 ng/Kg	J	>ICLinearRange	
	3973-53-3	7800000 ng/Kg	J	>ICLinearRange	
	3973-54-3	7400000 ng/Kg	J	>ICLinearRange	
	55197-1	200000 ng/Kg	J	>ICLinearRange	no dilution
	55197-3	910000 ng/Kg	J	>ICLinearRange	
	55197-4	97000 ng/Kg	J	>ICLinearRange	
	55197-5	160000 ng/Kg	J	>ICLinearRange	
	55197-6	160000 ng/Kg	J	>ICLinearRange	
	55197-7	430000 ng/Kg	J	>ICLinearRange	
OCDF	55197-6	11000 ng/Kg	J	>ICLinearRange	
Total HpCDD	3973-51-2	7700 ng/Kg	J	>ICLinearRange	
	3973-52-2	9100 ng/Kg	J	>ICLinearRange	
	3973-52-3	550000 ng/Kg	J	>ICLinearRange	
	3973-53-2	12000 ng/Kg	J	>ICLinearRange	
	3973-53-3	950000 ng/Kg	J	>ICLinearRange	
	3973-54-2	8100 ng/Kg	J	>ICLinearRange	
	3973-54-3	660000 ng/Kg	J	>ICLinearRange	
	55197-1	18000 ng/Kg	J	>ICLinearRange	no dilution
	55197-4	9600 ng/Kg	J	>ICLinearRange	
	55197-5	16000 ng/Kg	J	>ICLinearRange	
	55197-6	23000 ng/Kg	J	>ICLinearRange	
Total HpCDF	55197-1	4000 ng/Kg	J	>ICLinearRange	no dilution
	55197-5	4700 ng/Kg	J	>ICLinearRange	
	55197-6	9000 ng/Kg	J	>ICLinearRange	
Total HxCDD	3973-51-3	26000 ng/Kg	J	>ICLinearRange	
	3973-52-3	44000 ng/Kg	J	>ICLinearRange	
	3973-53-3	54000 ng/Kg	J	>ICLinearRange	
	3973-54-3	74000 ng/Kg	J	>ICLinearRange	
Total HxCDF	3973-51-3	32000 ng/Kg	J	>ICLinearRange	
	3973-52-3	53000 ng/Kg	J	>ICLinearRange	
	3973-53-3	66000 ng/Kg	J	>ICLinearRange	
	3973-54-3	93000 ng/Kg	J	>ICLinearRange	

TABLE A1
Calibration Criteria - Qualified Data

Analyte Method (Matrix): SW8290 (Soil)	Sample Identification	Result	Calibration Qualifier*	Criteria	Validation Comments
Total PeCDF	3973-52-3	16000 ng/Kg	J	>ICLinearRange	
	3973-53-3	17000 ng/Kg	J	>ICLinearRange	
	3973-54-3	26000 ng/Kg	J	>ICLinearRange	
Total TCDF	3973-51-3	640 ng/Kg	J	>ICLinearRange	
	3973-52-3	1200 ng/Kg	J	>ICLinearRange	
	3973-53-3	1300 ng/Kg	J	>ICLinearRange	
	3973-54-3	1900 ng/Kg	J	>ICLinearRange	

<sup>%</sup>D = percent difference

ng/Kg = nanogram per kilogram

# **Qualifier Description:**

J = The analyte was positively identified, the quantitation is an estimate.

### Criteria:

>ICLinearRange = Result greater than linear calibration range

CCV<LCL = Continuing calibration recovery less than lower control limit

<sup>\*</sup> The most severe flag for each analyte becomes the final validation flag.

TABLE A2
Matrix Spike Precision/Accuracy - Qualified Data

Analyte	Sample Identification	Result	MS/MSD Qualifier*	MS Recovery	Criteria
Method (Matrix): SW7199 (SOIL)					
Chromium, hexavalent	55197-3	15 mg/Kg	J	%R = 59 LCL=75 UCL=125	SD <lcl< td=""></lcl<>
	55197-7 70x200	28 mg/Kg	J	%R = 71.1% LCL = 75 UCL = 125	SD <lcl< td=""></lcl<>
Method (Matrix): SW8290 (Soil)					
2,3,7,8-Tetrachlorodibenzofuran	3973-53-2	0.74 ng/Kg	U		EMPC
2,3,7,8-Tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	3973-51-2	0.41 ng/Kg	U		EMPC

%R = percent recovery

LCL = lower control limit

UCL = upper control limit

mg/Kg = milligrams per kilogram

ng/Kg = nanogram per kilogram

# **Qualifier Description:**

J = The analyte was positively identified, the quantitation is an estimate.

J = The analyte was analyzed for, but not detected. The associated numerical value is at or below the reporting limit (RL).

### Criteria:

EMPC = Estimated Maximum Possible Concentration

SD<LCL = Matrix spike duplicate recovery criteria less than lower limit

<sup>\*</sup> The most severe flag for each analyte becomes the final validation flag.

TABLE A3
Surrogate Recovery - Qualified Data

Method	Matrix	Sample Identification	Analyte	Result	Surrogate Qualifier*	Surrogate Recovery	Criteria
SW8290	Soil		1,2,3,4,6,7,8-Hepta	chlorodibenzofuran			
		3973-53-3		49000 ng/Kg	J		Sur <lcl< td=""></lcl<>
		3973-54-3		68000 ng/Kg	J	%R=35 LCL=40 UCL=135	Sur <lcl< td=""></lcl<>
		3973-54-3		68000 ng/Kg	J		Sur <lcl< td=""></lcl<>
SW8290	Soil		1,2,3,4,6,7,8-Hepta	chlorodibenzo-p-diox	in		
		3973-51-3		320000 ng/Kg	J	%R=28 LCL=40 UCL=135	Sur <lcl< td=""></lcl<>
		3973-53-3		590000 ng/Kg	J		Sur <lcl< td=""></lcl<>
SW8290	Soil		OCDD				
		3973-52-3		5800000 ng/Kg	J		Sur <lcl< td=""></lcl<>
		3973-53-3		7800000 ng/Kg	J		Sur <lcl< td=""></lcl<>
		3973-54-3		7400000 ng/Kg	J		Sur <lcl< td=""></lcl<>

%R = percent recovery

LCL = lower control limit

UCL = upper control limit

ng/Kg = nanogram per kilogram

# **Qualifier Description:**

J = The analyte was positively identified, the quantitation is an estimate.

# Criteria:

Sur<LCL = Surrogate recovery less than lower limit

<sup>\*</sup> The most severe flag for each analyte becomes the final validation flag.

TABLE A4
Results between the RL and MDL - Qualified Data

			Low level Detects			
Analyte lethod (Matrix): SW8290 (Soil)	Sample Identification	Result	Final Qualifier*	MDL	RL	Criteria
etilod (Matrix). Swozeo (Soli)						
1,2,3,4,7,8,9- Heptachlorodibenzofuran	55197-2	2.2 ng/Kg	J	0.39	4.4	<rl< td=""></rl<>
1,2,3,4,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzofuran	55197-2	2.4 ng/Kg	J	0.17	4.4	<rl< td=""></rl<>
1,2,3,4,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzo-p- dioxin	55197-2	1.7 ng/Kg	J	0.31	4.4	<rl< td=""></rl<>
1,2,3,6,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzofuran	55197-2	1.3 ng/Kg	J	0.18	4.4	<rl< td=""></rl<>
1,2,3,7,8,9-Hexachlorodibenzofuran	55197-2	0.61 ng/Kg	J	0.23	4.4	<rl< td=""></rl<>
1,2,3,7,8,9-Hexachlorodibenzo-p- dioxin	55197-2	2.5 ng/Kg	J	0.41	4.4	<rl< td=""></rl<>
1,2,3,7,8-Pentachlorodibenzofuran	3973-51-2	3.7 ng/Kg	J	0.17	4.4	<rl< td=""></rl<>
	3973-54-2	3.3 ng/Kg	J	0.16	4.1	<rl< td=""></rl<>
	55197-2	0.33 ng/Kg	J	0.17	4.4	<rl< td=""></rl<>
	55197-6	2.1 ng/Kg	J	0.17	4.5	<rl< td=""></rl<>
	55197-7	3.3 ng/Kg	J	0.17	4.4	<rl< td=""></rl<>
1,2,3,7,8-Pentachlorodibenzo-p- dioxin	55197-2	0.58 ng/Kg	J	0.14	4.4	<rl< td=""></rl<>
2,3,4,6,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzofuran	55197-2	1.4 ng/Kg	J	0.24	4.4	<rl< td=""></rl<>
2,3,4,7,8-Pentachlorodibenzofuran	55197-2	0.67 ng/Kg	J	0.13	4.4	<rl< td=""></rl<>
2,3,7,8-Tetrachlorodibenzofuran	3973-51-2	0.48 ng/Kg	J	0.12	0.88	<rl< td=""></rl<>
	3973-53-2	0.74 ng/Kg	U	0.13	0.9	<rl< td=""></rl<>
	3973-54-2	0.54 ng/Kg	J	0.12	0.82	<rl< td=""></rl<>
	55197-6	0.42 ng/Kg	J	0.12	0.89	<rl< td=""></rl<>
2,3,7,8-Tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	3973-51-2	0.41 ng/Kg	U	0.27	0.88	<rl< td=""></rl<>
	3973-52-2	0.77 ng/Kg	J	0.26	0.83	<rl< td=""></rl<>
	3973-53-2	0.79 ng/Kg	J	0.28	0.9	<rl< td=""></rl<>
	3973-54-2	0.6 ng/Kg	J	0.26	0.82	<rl< td=""></rl<>
Total PeCDD	55197-2	1.2 ng/Kg	J	0.14	4.4	<rl< td=""></rl<>

TABLE A4
Results between the RL and MDL - Qualified Data

Analyte	Sample Identification	Result	Low level Detects Final Qualifier*	MDL	RL	Criteria
Method (Matrix): SW8290 (Soil)						
Total TCDD	3973-53-2	0.79 ng/Kg	J	0.28	0.9	<rl< th=""></rl<>

ng/Kg = nanogram per kilogram

MDL = Method Detection Limit

RL = Reporting Limit

# **Qualifier Description:**

J = The analyte was positively identified, the quantitation is an estimate.

U = The analyte was analyzed for, but not detected. The associated numerical value is at or below the reporting limit (RL).

### Criteria:

<RL = Result less than the RL

<sup>\*</sup> The most severe flag for each analyte becomes the final validation flag.

TABLE A5
Site Completeness by Analyte - Qualified Data

					Number	of Occu	rrences			
Method	Analyte	Units	Analyses	Detects	Non detects	Blank Flags	J Flags	Contractor Total R Flags	Contractor Completen	
SW6010B	Antimony	MG/KG	7		7				100	100
	Arsenic	MG/KG	7	7					100	100
	Barium	MG/KG	7	7					100	100
	Beryllium	MG/KG	7		7				100	100
	Cadmium	MG/KG	7		7				100	100
	Chromium	MG/KG	43	43					100	100
	Cobalt	MG/KG	7	7					100	100
	Copper	MG/KG	7	7					100	100
	Lead	MG/KG	7	7					100	100
	Molybdenum	MG/KG	7	5	2				100	100
	Nickel	MG/KG	7	7					100	100
	Selenium	MG/KG	7		7				100	100
	Silver	MG/KG	7		7				100	100
	Thallium	MG/KG	7	1	6				100	100
	Vanadium	MG/KG	7	7					100	100
	Zinc	MG/KG	43	43					100	100
SW7199	Chromium, hexavalent	MG/KG	43	43			2		100	100
SW7471A	Mercury	MG/KG	7		7				100	100
SW8290	1,2,3,4,6,7,8-Heptachlorodibenzofuran	NG/KG	15	15			6		100	100
	1,2,3,4,6,7,8-Heptachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	NG/KG	15	15			12		100	100
	1,2,3,4,7,8,9-Heptachlorodibenzofuran	NG/KG	15	15			1		100	100
	1,2,3,4,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzofuran	NG/KG	15	15			5		100	100
	1,2,3,4,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	NG/KG	15	15			1		100	100
	1,2,3,6,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzofuran	NG/KG	15	15			1		100	100
	1,2,3,6,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	NG/KG	15	15			4		100	100
	1,2,3,7,8,9-Hexachlorodibenzofuran	NG/KG	15	15			1		100	100
	1,2,3,7,8,9-Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	NG/KG	15	15			4		100	100
	1,2,3,7,8-Pentachlorodibenzofuran	NG/KG	15	15			5		100	100
	1,2,3,7,8-Pentachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	NG/KG	15	15			1		100	100

TABLE A5 Site Completeness by Analyte - Qualified Data

					Number	of Occu	rrences			
Method	Analyte	Units	Analyses	Detects	Non detects	Blank Flags	J Flags	Contractor Total R Flags	Contractor Complete	
SW8290	2,3,4,6,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzofuran	NG/KG	15	15			2		100	100
	2,3,4,7,8-Pentachlorodibenzofuran	NG/KG	15	15			1		100	100
	2,3,7,8-Tetrachlorodibenzofuran	NG/KG	15	13	2		3		100	100
	2,3,7,8-Tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	NG/KG	15	13	2		3		100	100
	OCDD	NG/KG	15	15			11		100	100
	OCDF	NG/KG	15	15			1		100	100
	Total HpCDD	NG/KG	15	15			11		100	100
	Total HpCDF	NG/KG	15	15			3		100	100
	Total HxCDD	NG/KG	15	15			4		100	100
	Total HxCDF	NG/KG	15	15			4		100	100
	Total PeCDD	NG/KG	15	15			1		100	100
	Total PeCDF	NG/KG	15	15			3		100	100
	Total TCDD	NG/KG	15	13	2		1		100	100
	Total TCDF	NG/KG	15	15			4		100	100

<sup>% =</sup> Percent
J-Flags = Estimated results
R-Flags = Rejected results

mg/Kg = milligrams per kilogram

ng/Kg = nanogram per kilogram

# **Appendix G Cost Evaluation**

# **JACOBS**°

# Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis, PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

# **Basis of Estimate**

Final

March 20, 2021

Pacific Gas & Electric Company





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# **Basis of Estimate**

# 1. Purpose of Estimate

The purpose of this Construction Cost Estimate is to establish an Engineer's opinion of probable construction cost at 30% Construction Plan Development for the analysis of contractor bids.

# 2. General Project Description

Project scope includes excavating areas of concern (AOCs), waste transport and disposal, backfill, and site restoration.

# 3. Overall Costs

Table 1 is a summary breakdown of the costs. The Contract Costs shown <u>exclude</u> Owner Contingency and any owner costs associated with the supervision, inspection and overhead (SIOH) of the project.

**Table 1. Summary of Costs** 

PG&E Topock Compressor Station - Needles, CA

Alternative	Low Range (-30%)	Estimated Costs <sup>a</sup>	High Range (+50%)
Alt 1	\$0	\$0	\$0
Alt 2	\$3,697,000	\$5,281,000	\$7,922,000
Alt 3	\$3,238,000	\$4,626,000	\$6,939,000
Alt 4	\$3,611,000	\$5,159,000	\$7,739,000
Alt 5 <sup>b</sup>	NA	NA	NA

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> See Attachment A for cost estimate details. This estimate is valid for 120 days.

# 4. Scope of Work

This project consists of the excavation, transportation and disposal of contaminated soil, backfill, and site restoration. There are five proposed alternatives:

# Alternative 1:

1. No remedial action taken.

# Alternative 2:

- 1. Premobilization
  - Remedial design
  - Contractor submittals
  - Performance and payment bond
- 2. Mobilization / Site Setup
  - Mobilization
  - Site setup / erosion controls
  - Construct stockpile staging area
  - Fence removal
  - Pre-excavation survey
  - Utility locate

b The cost of Alternative 5 was not evaluated because this alternative does not provide overall protection of human health.



- 3. Excavation
  - Excavate, haul, and stockpile
  - Analytical testing
  - Post-excavation survey
  - Traffic control
- **4.** Transportation and disposal
  - Load waste material
  - Transport and dispose material
  - Waste profile sampling
- 5. Backfill / restoration / demobilization
  - Clean fill analytical confirmation
  - Backfill imported and locally sourced
  - Traffic control
  - Post-backfill survey
  - Fence replacement
  - Seeding and grounds restoration
  - Demobilization
- **6.** Final construction completion report
- 7. Construction management support
  - Dust monitoring
  - Field staff, supplies, per diem, vehicle, and field office
- 8. Project Management

# Alternative 3:

- 1. Premobilization
  - Remedial design
  - Contractor submittals
  - Performance and payment bond
- 2. Mobilization / Site Setup
  - Mobilization
  - Site setup / erosion controls
  - Construct stockpile staging area
  - Fence removal
  - Pre-excavation survey
  - Utility locate
- 3. Excavation
  - Excavate, haul, and stockpile
  - Analytical testing
  - Post-excavation survey
  - Traffic control
- 4. Transportation and disposal
  - Load waste material
  - Transport and dispose material
  - Waste profile sampling
- 5. Screening
  - Spill control berm
  - Dust control
  - Screen excavated material for separation
- 6. Backfill / restoration / demobilization
  - Clean fill analytical confirmation
  - Backfill imported and locally sourced
  - Traffic control

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- Post-backfill survey
- Fence replacement
- Seeding and grounds restoration
- Demobilization
- 7. Final construction completion report
- 8. Construction management support
  - Dust monitoring
  - Field staff, supplies, per diem, vehicle, and field office
  - Project Management

# Alternative 4:

- 1. Premobilization
  - Remedial design
  - Contractor submittals
  - Performance and payment bond
- 2. Mobilization / Site Setup
  - Mobilization
  - Site setup / erosion controls
  - Construct stockpile staging area
  - Fence removal
  - Pre-excavation survey
  - Utility locate
- 3. Excavation
  - Excavate, haul, and stockpile
  - Analytical testing
  - Post-excavation survey
  - Traffic control
- **4.** Transportation and disposal
  - Load waste material
  - Transport and dispose material
  - Waste profile sampling
- 5. Screening
  - Spill control berm
  - Dust control
  - Temporary water line
  - Screen excavated material for separation
  - Rinse material for site reuse
  - Transport rinsate back to ponds after use
- 6. Backfill / restoration / demobilization
  - Clean fill analytical confirmation
  - Backfill imported and reuse from screening/washing
  - Traffic control
  - Post-backfill survey
  - Fence replacement
  - Seeding and grounds restoration
  - Demobilization
- 7. Final construction completion report
- 8. Construction management support
  - Dust monitoring
  - Field staff, supplies, per diem, vehicle, and field office
  - Project Management



# Alternative 5:

- 1. Premobilization
  - Remedial design
  - Contractor submittals
  - Performance and payment bond
- 2. Mobilization / Site Setup
  - Mobilization
  - Site setup
  - Construct stockpile staging area
  - Fence removal
  - Pre-excavation survey
  - Utility locate
- 3. Transportation and disposal
  - Load waste material
  - Transport and dispose material
  - Waste profile sampling
- 4. Final construction completion report
- 5. Construction management support
  - Dust monitoring
  - Field staff, supplies, per diem, vehicle, and field office
  - Project Management

# 5. Markups

The markups summarized in Table 2 are based upon general assumptions about how the project will be contracted. Actual markup percentages may vary from those shown here, and are the responsibility of the bidding contractor.

# **Table 2. Contractor Markups**

PG&E Topock Compressor Station - Needles, CA

Markup Category	Percentage
Indirect	20.00%
Contingency	20.00%
Fee	8.00%

### 6. Escalation Rate

This estimate does not include escalation.

# 7. Estimate Classification

This is not an offer for construction and/or project execution. This AACE Classification Class 4 cost estimate is assumed to represent the actual total installed cost within the range of -30 percent to +50 percent (% based on AACE Class 4, which is recommended for estimates at the 30% design level) of the cost indicated. It would appear prudent that internal budget allowances account for the highest cost indicated by this range as well as other site specific allowances. The cost estimate has been prepared for guidance in project evaluation and implementation from the information available at the time of the estimate. The final costs of the project will depend on actual labor and material costs, competitive market conditions, implementation schedule, and other variable factors. As a result, the final project costs will vary from the estimates presented herein. Because of this, project feasibility and funding needs must be

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carefully reviewed prior to making specific financial decisions to help ensure proper project evaluation and adequate funding.

# 8. Estimate Methodology

Parts of this cost estimate are considered a bottom rolled up type estimate with cost items and breakdown of Labor, Materials and Equipment. Vendor resources such as quotes and internet sources were incorporated where applicable.

# 9. Cost Resources

The following is a list of the various cost resources used in the development of the cost estimate:

- R.S. Means, 2016
- HCSS estimating software
- Vendor quotes
- Internet research if applicable
- CH2M and Jacobs Historical Data and similar project costs
- Estimator judgment

# 10. Labor Costs

The HCSS database is fixed at the U.S. National Average.

# 11. Taxes

A 7.75% tax is applied to material and equipment.

# 12. Major Assumptions

The estimate is based on the assumptions that the work will be done on a competitive bid basis, the contractor will have a reasonable amount of time to complete the work, and all work can be performed without schedule disruptions.

General assumptions for the scope of work include:

- No costs for temporary security have been included in this estimate.
- No salvage value has been included for any materials removed or demolished on the project.
- It is appropriate to dispose of excavated waste at a disposal site in Beatty, NV and they have capacity to accommodate generated waste.

This estimate should be evaluated for market changes after 120 days beyond the issue date. It is assumed that much of the materials and equipment will be provided by local general, electrical, mechanical, and plumbing contractors.

It is assumed that the work is performed under a 50-hour work week. Additionally, it is assumed that all materials and labor are readily available and that the contractor has reasonable and unlimited access to the work areas.

# 13. Allowances

No allowances were included in this cost estimate for known work that is not sufficiently detailed at this time.



# 14. Excluded Costs

The cost estimate excludes the following costs:

- Non-construction or soft costs for design, services during construction, land, legal and owner administration costs
- Material Adjustment allowances above and beyond what is included at the time of the cost estimate

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# Attachment A Cost Estimate Detail

Cost Estimate Details Summary Soil Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis, PG&E Topock Compressor Station										
Cost Type	Alternative 1: No Remediation	Alternative 2: Excavation and Offsite Disposal	Alternative 3: Excavate, Screen to 3/8", 50% reused as Backfill, 50% Offsite Disposal	Alternative 4: Excavate, Screen to 3/8", 50% reused as Backfill after Rinse, 50% Offsite Disposal						
Total Capital Cost	\$0	\$5,281,000	\$4,626,000	\$5,159,000						
Estimated Range of Costs (Class 4) -30%	То	From \$3,697,000 To	From \$3,238,000 To	From \$3,611,000 To						
+50%	\$0	\$7,922,000	\$6,939,000	\$7,739,000						

This is not an offer for construction and/or project execution.

These AACE Classification Class 4 cost estimates are assumed to represent the actual total installed cost within the range of -30 percent to +50 percent (% based on AACE) of the cost indicated. It would appear prudent that internal budget allowances account for the highest cost indicated by this range as well as other site specific allowances. The cost estimate has been prepared for guidance in project evaluation and implementation from the information available at the time of the estimate. The final costs of the project will depend on actual labor and material costs, competitive market conditions, implementation schedule, and other variable factors. As a result, the final project costs will vary from the estimates presented herein. Because of this, project feasibility and funding needs must be carefully reviewed prior to making specific financial decisions to help ensure proper project evaluation and adequate funding.

Cost resources in this estimate includes vendor quotes, RS Means, and estimator's judgment based on previous projects.

	e 2: Excavation and Offsite Disposal						COST ESTIMATE SUMMARY
Site: Location:	Topock, CA		Description:	Excavate and h	aul to staging area, offsi	te disposal	
Phase:	Topous, c.r						
Base Year: Date:	2021						
CAPITAL CO	DETS.						
DESCRI			QTY	UNIT	UNIT COST	TOTAL	NOTES
1 Pren	nobilization				6100.000	6100.000	
	Remedial Design Contractor Submittals		1 1	LS LS	\$100,000 \$10,000	\$100,000 \$10,000	
	Performance and Payment Bond		2%	LS	\$1,148,228		uction costs only - excludes T&D
	,	SUBTOTAL				\$132,965	,
2 Moh	pilization/Site Setup						
2 11100	Mobilization		1	EA	\$118,900	\$118,900 includ	es travel costs
	Site Setup/Erosion Controls		1	LS	\$29,300	\$29,300	
	Construct Stockpile Staging Area		1	LS	\$16,400	\$16,400	
	Fence Removal Surveying		407 2	LF DY	\$10 \$3,800	\$4,070 \$7,600 Fetable	ish excavation areas
	Utility Locate		2	DY	\$1,800	\$3,600	ish excavation areas
		SUBTOTAL			_	\$179,870	
3 Exca	avation						
	AOC1, AOC 9, AOC 11, AOC14, AOC27, SWM	IU I				accum	ad 2 5 ay trayaka ta hayi ta ataakaila araa 576
	Excavate and Haul to Staging Area		4,700	CY	\$37	\$173,910 assum bcy/sh	ed 3 - 5 cy trucks to haul to stockpile area - 576 ift
	Stockpile Management		4,700	CY	\$9	\$42,303	
	AOC10					A1 A4:	
	Excavate and Haul to Staging Area Stockpile Management		2,549 2,549	CY CY	\$58 \$15	\$147,860 \$38,240	
	Special Excavator Areas (AOC 10-1, AOC 9-1, S	SWMU 1-3)	1,259	CY	\$15 \$6		onal cost factor to excavation, steep area.
	Drop-off, Assembly, Disassembly, Pick-up	- /	1	LS	\$53,412	\$53,412	, 1
	Analytical - Confirmation Samples						es 15% QC
	Metals Dioxin		137 137	EA EA	\$91 \$607.25	\$12,467 SW60 \$83,193 SW84	
	Shipping Samples		18	EA	\$125	\$2,250	0 6270
	Shoring SWMU 1-2		5,600	SF	\$20	\$109,256	
	Surveying		5	DY	\$3,800		xcavation survey
	Traffic Control	SUBTOTAL	5	DY	\$5,156	\$25,780 North \$715,839	Side of I-40
		BODIO!!!E				<i>\$113,033</i>	
4 Tran	nsportation and Disposal		7.250	GV	£10	672.407	1201 1/1 6 66% 1
	Load Trucks for Offsite Disposal Analytical - Waste Profile		7,250 29	CY EA	\$10 \$750		ed 20 loads/day for offsite disposal ned 1 per 250 CY
	T&D - Non Haz Soil		7,612	TN	\$200	\$1,522,400 assum	
	T&D - Haz Soil		3,262	TN	\$283.33	\$924,222 assum	ed 30% (\$425/cy)
		SUBTOTAL				\$2,540,867	
5 Back	kfill/Restoration/Demobilization						
	Analytical - Clean Fill		3	EA	\$645		ed 1 per 1,000 cy
	Backfill - Import Backfill - Local Source		1,351 5,899	CY CY	\$73 \$11	\$98,608 \$63,648	
	Traffic Control		3	DY	\$4,349	\$13,047 North	Side of I-40
	Surveying		5	DY	\$3,800	\$19,000 post b	
	Fence Replacement		407	LF	\$40	\$16,280	
	Seeding/Restoration Demobilization		1 1	LS LS	\$15,000 \$25,000	\$15,000 allowa \$25,000 allowa	
	Demodnization	SUBTOTAL	1	Lo	\$23,000	\$252,518	lince
6 Fina	l Construction Completion Report Final Construction Completion Report		1	LS	\$50,000	\$50,000	
	i mai construction completion report	SUBTOTAL	•	Lo	\$50,000	\$50,000	
7 Cons	struction Management Support					4 mon	th field duration (50 hr work week). Includes travel
	Construction Manager		864	HR	\$135	\$116,640 time to	
	Field Technician		864	HR	\$90	\$77,760	
	Real Time Dust Monitor		12	MTH	\$400 \$2,500		000 dust monitor x 3 ea
	Setup Fixed Monitoring Station Monitoring System Rental (3 ea)		1 4	LS MTH	\$2,500 \$3,000	\$2,500 \$12,000	
	Pickup Rental		8	MTH	\$1,500	\$12,000 2 ea	
	Temporary Field Office		4	MTH	\$5,000		rary field office, sanitation, field supplies
	Per Diem - Lodging		240	DY DY	\$102 \$61	\$24,480	
	Per Diem - Meals Daily Field Supplies		240 80	DY	\$61 \$75	\$14,640 \$6,000	
	, ·	SUBTOTAL		٠.	<u> </u>	\$290,820	
_						Assum	ned 14 mths from design to Final Construction
8 Proje	ect Management						letion Report
	Project Manager		1,120	HR	\$175	\$196,000	
	Subcontract Administrator Administrative		80	HR	\$92 \$62	\$7,360	
	Administrative	SUBTOTAL	560	HR	\$62	\$34,720 \$238,080	
		TOTAL				\$4,400,959	
	Contingency		20%		\$4,400,959	\$880,200 Scope	and bid contingency
					-	\$5,281,159	
T	pital Costs						

Alternative	e 3: Excavation, Screen and Offsite	Disposal					COST ESTIMATE SUMMARY
Site: Location: Phase:	Topock, CA		Description:		en to 3/8", 50% reused as disposal without proces		posal. Screening excludes all AOC 10 areas. AOC 10
Base Year: Date:	2021						
CAPITAL CO					***************************************	mom. v	Name
DESCRII	nobilization		QTY	UNIT	UNIT COST	TOTAL	NOTES
1 FICII	Remedial Design		1	LS	\$100,000	\$100,000	
	Contractor Submittals		1	LS	\$10,000	\$10,000	
	Performance and Payment Bond	SUBTOTAL	2%		\$1,352,960	\$27,059 construct \$137,059	ion costs only - excludes T&D
		SCHIOTAL				\$137,037	
2 Mob	ilization/Site Setup Mobilization		1	EA	\$118,900	\$118,900 includes	traval agete
	Site Setup/Erosion Controls		1	LS	\$29,300	\$29,300	uavei costs
	Construct Stockpile Staging Area		1	LS	\$16,400	\$16,400	
	Temporary K-Rail		200	LF	\$30	\$6,000	
	Fence Removal		407	LF	\$10	\$4,070	
	Surveying Utility Locate		2 2	DY DY	\$3,800 \$1,800	\$7,600 Establish \$3,600	excavation areas
	Othiny Locate	SUBTOTAL	2	Dī	31,800_	\$185,870	
3 Exca	vation						
	AOC1, AOC 9, AOC 11, AOC14, AOC27, SWM	MU 1				accumad	4 10 ay tayaka ta hayi ta ataakaila ayaa 576
	Excavate and Haul to Staging Area		4,700	CY	\$37	\$173,910 assumed bcy/shift	4 - 10 cy trucks to haul to stockpile area - 576
	Stockpile Management		4,700	CY	\$9	\$42,303	
	AOC10 Excavate and Haul to Staging Area		2,549	CY	\$58	\$147,860	
	Stockpile Management		2,549 2,549	CY	\$38 \$15	\$38,240	
	Special Excavator Areas (AOC 10-1, AOC 9-1, S	SWMU 1-3)	1,259	CY	\$6		al cost factor to excavation, steep area.
	Drop-off, Assembly, Disassembly, Pick-up Analytical - Confirmation Samples		1	LS	\$53,412	\$53,412	
	Metals		137	EA	\$91	\$12,467 SW6010	B/SW7471 A
	Dioxin		137	EA	\$607.25	\$83,193 SW846 8	
	Shipping Samples		18	EA	\$125	\$2,250	
	Shoring SWMU 1-2		5,600	SF	\$20	\$109,256	
	Surveying		5	DY	\$3,800	\$19,000 Post exca	
	Traffic Control	SUBTOTAL	5	DY	\$5,156	\$25,780 North Sic \$715,839	de of 1-40
4 Tron	sportation and Disposal					AOC107	2 404 gr) ± 5 000 gr from other gross
4 11aii	Load Trucks for Offsite Disposal		4,899	CY	\$10		(2,404 cy) + 5,000 cy from other areas 20 loads/day for offsite disposal
	Analytical - Waste Profile		20	EA	\$750	\$14,698 Assumed	
	T&D - Non Haz Soil		5,144	TN	\$200	\$1,028,800 assumed	
	T&D - Haz Soil	SUBTOTAL	2,205	TN	\$283.33	\$624,743 assumed \$1,717,236	30% (\$425/cy)
		SCETOTAL				\$1,717,230	
5 Scree	2		,	T.C.	647.531	647.521	
	Mob/Setup Screening Plan Spill Prevention Berm Construction		1 600	LS LF	\$47,531 \$4	\$47,531 \$2,539 Buching 1	local material to build. Assumed 150'x150' area
	Dust Control		13	Day	\$1,078		ack, filled using nearby hose station.
	Screening		4,700	CY	\$11	\$51,703	, ,
	-	SUBTOTAL			_	\$115,339	
6 Back	rfill/Restoration/Demobilization						
	Analytical - Clean Fill		3	EA	\$645	\$1,935 assumed	1 per 1,000 cy
	Backfill - Screened Material		2,350	CY	\$53	\$124,557	
	Backfill - Import Backfill - Local		1,351 3,549	CY CY	\$65 \$11	\$87,802 \$38,290	
	Traffic Control - Backfill		3,347	DY	\$4,349	\$13,047 North Sig	de of I-40
	Surveying		5	DY	\$3,800	\$19,000 post back	
	Fence Replacement		407	LF	\$40	\$16,280	
	Seeding/Restoration		1	LS	\$15,000	\$15,000 allowanc	
	Demobilization	SUBTOTAL	1	LS	\$20,000_	\$20,000 allowanc \$335,911	e
7 Final	Construction Completion Report						
, rmai	Final Construction Completion Report		1	LS	\$50,000	\$50,000	
	. 1	SUBTOTAL				\$50,000	
8 Cons	struction Management Support						
	Construction Manager		1,064	HR	\$135		field duration (50 hr work week). Includes travel time
	Field Technician		1,064	HR	\$90	\$95,760 to site	
	Real Time Dust Monitor		1,064	MTH	\$400		00 dust monitor x 3 ea
	Setup Fixed Monitoring Station		1	LS	\$2,500	\$2,500	- <del></del>
	Monitoring System Rental (3 ea)		5	MTH	\$3,000	\$15,000	
	Pickup Rental		10	MTH	\$1,500	\$15,000 2 ea	
	Temporary Field Office		5	MTH	\$5,000		y field office, sanitation, field supplies
	Per Diem - Lodging Per Diem - Meals		300 300	DY DY	\$102 \$61	\$30,600 \$18,300	
	I of Dietti - Micaio		300	DΙ	301	\$10,300	
	Daily Field Supplies		100	DY	\$75	\$7,500	

Alternative 3: Excavation, Screen and Offsite Disposal				COST ESTIMATE SUMMARY
9 Project Management				Assumed 14 mths from design to Final Construction Completion Report
Project Manager	1,120	HR	\$175	\$196,000
Subcontract Administrator	80	HR	\$92	\$7,360
Administrative	560	HR	\$62	\$34,720
SUBTOTAL				\$238,080
TOTAL				\$3,854,635
Contingency	20%		\$3,854,635	\$770,900 Scope and bid contingency
Total Capital Costs				\$4,625,535

:	e 4: Excavation, Screen, Wash and O	•	Description:	Excavate, Scree	en to 3/8", 50% reused a	s Backfill after Rinse, 50%	COST ESTIMATE SUMMA 6 Offsite Disposal. Screening excludes all AOC
ite: ocation: Topock, CA					areas for offsite disposal		1 5
se:							
e Year: e:	2021						
	nerre.						
PITAL CO DESCRII			OTY	UNIT	UNIT COST	TOTAL	NOTES
	nobilization		QII	UNII	UNII COSI	IOIAL	NOTES
1 11011	Remedial Design		1	LS	\$100,000	\$100,000	
	Contractor Submittals		1	LS	\$10,000	\$10,000	
	Performance and Payment Bond		2%	LS	\$1,788,718		etion costs only - excludes T&D
	Torronnance and Laymont Bond	SUBTOTAL	270		\$1,766,716	\$145,774 construc	choir costs only - excludes 1625
2 Mob	ilization/Site Setup		,	<b>.</b> .	6110.000	0110 000 : 1 1	
	Mobilization		1	EA	\$118,900	\$118,900 includes	s travel costs
	Site Setup/Erosion Controls		1	LS	\$29,300	\$29,300	
	Construct Stockpile Staging Area		1 200	LS LF	\$16,400 \$30	\$16,400	
	Temporary K-Rail					\$6,000	
	Fence Removal		407	LF	\$10	\$4,070	1 2
	Surveying		2	DY	\$3,800		h excavation areas
	Utility Locate	SUBTOTAL	2	DY	\$1,800	\$3,600 \$185,870	
						,	
3 Exca	vation AOC1, AOC 9, AOC 11, AOC14, AOC27, SWM	III 1					
		10 1	4.500	CY.	00-	assumed	14 - 10 cy trucks to haul to stockpile area - 576
	Excavate and Haul to Staging Area		4,700	CY	\$37	\$173,910 bcy/shif	
	Stockpile Management		4,700	CY	\$9	\$42,303	
	AOC10						
	Excavate and Haul to Staging Area		2,549	CY	\$58	\$147,860	
	Stockpile Management		2,549	CY	\$15	\$38,240	
	Special Excavator Areas (AOC 10-1, AOC 9-1, S	WMU 1-3)	1,259	CY	\$6	\$8,168 Addition	nal cost factor to excavation, steep area.
	Drop-off, Assembly, Disassembly, Pick-up	ŕ	1	LS	\$53,412	\$53,412	•
	Analytical - Confirmation Samples						
	Metals		137	EA	\$91	\$12,467 SW6010	
	Dioxin		137	EA	\$607.25	\$83,193 SW846	8290
	Shipping Samples		18	EA	\$125	\$2,250	
	Shoring SWMU 1-2		5,600	SF	\$20	\$109,256	
	Surveying		5	DY	\$3,800	\$19,000 Post exc	
	Traffic Control	SUBTOTAL	5	DY	\$5,156	\$25,780 North S \$715,839	ide of I-40
		SOBIOTAL				\$713,639	
4 Tran	sportation and Disposal						(2,404  cy) + 5,000  cy from other areas
	Load Trucks for Offsite Disposal		4,899	CY	\$10	\$48,995 assumed	1 20 loads/day for offsite disposal
	Analytical - Waste Profile		20	EA	\$750	\$14,698 Assume	d 1 per 250 CY
	T&D - Non Haz Soil		5,144	TN	\$200	\$1,028,800 assumed	
	T&D - Haz Soil		2,205	TN	\$283.33	\$624,743 assumed	1 30% (\$425/cy)
		SUBTOTAL				\$1,717,236	
5 Scree	ening						
	Mob/Setup Screening/Wash Plan		1	LS	\$111,000	\$111,000 construc	et temp pipeline to deliver rinsate water to proce
					* /	area	
	Spill Prevention Berm Construction		600	LF	\$4	\$2,538 Pushing	local material to build. Assumed 150'x150' are
	Dust Control		13	Day	\$1,078	\$13,567 Water tr	ruck, filled using nearby hose station.
	Screening		4,700	CY	\$11	\$52,455	
							sing material used for backfill on site. Assume
							er/cy for rinsing cycle. One time use only and n
	Rinsing Screened Material		2,350	CY	\$84		ated. Rinse then contain in frac tanks prior to
							t to ponds. Approx. 38,652 gal of water per da /s = approx 128 cy/dy
	Manage Rinse Water		1	LS	\$175,300		/s = approx 128 cy/dy / x 300 gal/cy = 773,044 gal
	Manage Kinse water	SUBTOTAL	1	Lo	\$175,500	\$551,097	7 X 300 ganey = 773,044 gai
6 Back	cfill/Restoration/Demobilization		2	E.A.	0/45	¢1 025	11 mon 1 000 ov
	Analytical - Clean Fill		3	EA	\$645 \$52	\$1,935 assumed	1 1 per 1,000 cy
	Backfill - Screened Material		2,350	CY	\$53	\$124,557	
	Backfill - Import		1,351	CY	\$65	\$87,802	
	Backfill - Local		3,549	CY	\$11	\$38,290	:151 40
	Traffic Control		3	DY	\$4,349	\$13,047 North S	
	Surveying		5	DY	\$3,800	\$19,000 post bac	kfill survey
	Fence Replacement		407	LF	\$40	\$16,280	
	Seeding/Restoration		1	LS	\$15,000	\$15,000 allowan	ce
	Demobilization	CUDTOTAL	1	LS	\$20,000	\$20,000	
		SUBTOTAL				\$335,911	
7 Final	l Construction Completion Report						
7 Final	Construction Completion Report Final Construction Completion Report		1	LS	\$50,000_	\$50,000 \$50,000	

Alternative 4: Excavation, Screen, Wash and Offsite Disposal				COST ESTIMATE SUMMARY
Construction Manager	1,064	HR	\$135	\$143,640 5 month field duration (50 hr work week). Includes travel time to site
Field Technician	1,064	HR	\$90	\$95,760
Real Time Dust Monitor	15	MTH	\$400	\$6,000 PDR-1000 dust monitor x 3 ea
Setup Fixed Monitoring Station	1	LS	\$2,500	\$2,500
Monitoring System Rental (3 ea)	5	MTH	\$3,000	\$15,000
Pickup Rental	10	MTH	\$1,500	\$15,000 2 ea
Temporary Field Office	5	MTH	\$5,000	\$25,000 temporary field office, sanitation, field supplies
Per Diem - Lodging	300	DY	\$102	\$30,600
Per Diem - Meals	300	DY	\$61	\$18,300
Daily Field Supplies	100	DY	\$75	\$7,500
SUBTOTAL				\$359,300
0.7 1.14				Assumed 14 mths from design to Final Construction
9 Project Management				Completion Report
Project Manager	1,120	HR	\$175	\$196,000
Subcontract Administrator	80	HR	\$92	\$7,360
Administrative	560	HR	\$62	\$34,720
SUBTOTAL				\$238,080
TOTAL				\$4,299,108
Contingency	20%		\$4,299,108	\$859,800 Scope and bid contingency
Total Capital Costs				\$5,158,908