

Yvonne J. Meeks Site Remediation - Portfolio Manager Environmental Affairs

6588 Ontario Road San Luis Obispo, CA 93405 *Mailing Address* 4325 South Higuera Street San Luis Obispo, CA 93401

805.546.5243 Internal: 664.5243 Fax: 805.546.5232 E-Mail: YJM1@pge.com

April 22, 2005

Mr. Norman Shopay Project Manager California Department of Toxic Substances Control Geology and Corrective Action Branch 700 Heinz Avenue Berkeley, California 94710

Subject: Interim Measures Extraction System Operation and Maintenance Plan, Revision 0 Pacific Gas and Electric Company, Topock Project

Dear Mr. Shopay:

This letter transmits the *Interim Measures Extraction System Operation and Maintenance Plan, Revision 0,* for the Pacific Gas and Electric Company (PG&E) Topock site. This document has been prepared in compliance with Enclosure C, Action Item 2 (Interim Measures Extraction System Operation and Maintenance Plan submittal) in DTSC's February 14, 2005 letter. In the letter, DTSC established the performance standard, contingency and response action requirements, and deliverables associated with the Interim Measures activity in the floodplain area.

If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact me. I can be reached at (805) 546-5243.

Sincerely,

Juli Eatins for yvonne Micks

Cc: Kate Burger/DTSC

Interim Measures Extraction System Operation and Maintenance Plan

PG&E Topock Compressor Station Needles, California

Prepared for California Department of Toxic Substances Control

on behalf of

Pacific Gas and Electric Company

Revision 0

April 22, 2005



Interim Measures Extraction System Operations and Maintenance Plan

prepared for California Department of Toxic Substances Control

> on behalf of Pacific Gas and Electric Company

> > Revision 0 April 22, 2005

This work plan was prepared under supervision of a California Certified Engineering Geologist,

Part Betty

Paul Bertucci, C.E.G. Project Hydrogeologist



i

Contents

1.0	Introduction1-1
2.0	Adjustments to Groundwater Extraction Rates2-12.1Extraction Rate Adjustments2-12.2Documentation of Extraction Rate Adjustments2-1
3.0	Adjustments to Extraction System Expansion in Response to Measured Hydraulic Gradients and Position of the Chromium Plume
4.0	Contingencies in the Event that a Given Extraction Well is Taken Offline 4-1
5.0	Procedures and Response Times for Well Maintenance and Repair
6.0	Design Elements Associated with Bringing Additional Extraction WellsOnline6-16.1Design Elements for Extraction Wells PE-2 and PE-36.2Design Elements for Other New Extraction Wells6-1
7.0	Contingency Plan for Sentry Well Monitoring7-1
8.0	References 8-1
Table	
4-1	Contingency Well Operation Plan 4-1
Figure	
1-1	Site Location Map
1-2	Project Site Plan
Appen	dix

A Design Elements for Extraction Wells

1.0 Introduction

Pacific Gas and Electric Company (PG&E) is addressing chromium in groundwater at the Topock Compressor Station in Needles, California under the oversight of the California Environmental Protection Agency, Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC). The Topock Compressor Station is located in eastern San Bernardino County, approximately 15 miles to the southeast of Needles, California (Figure 1-1).

In February 2004, DTSC directed PG&E to initiate an Interim Measure (IM) in the floodplain area of the site to prevent movement of the chromium plume toward the Colorado River. The current IM involves the pumping, treatment, transport and disposal of extracted groundwater near the floodplain area. The goal of the IM is to achieve a net landward gradient to hydraulically control the plume boundaries in this portion of the site.

The Interim Measures activity has been operated continuously under DTSC oversight since March 2004. In a letter to PG&E dated February 14, 2005, DTSC established the performance standard, performance criteria, and the contingency and response action requirements for the Interim Measures activity in the floodplain area.

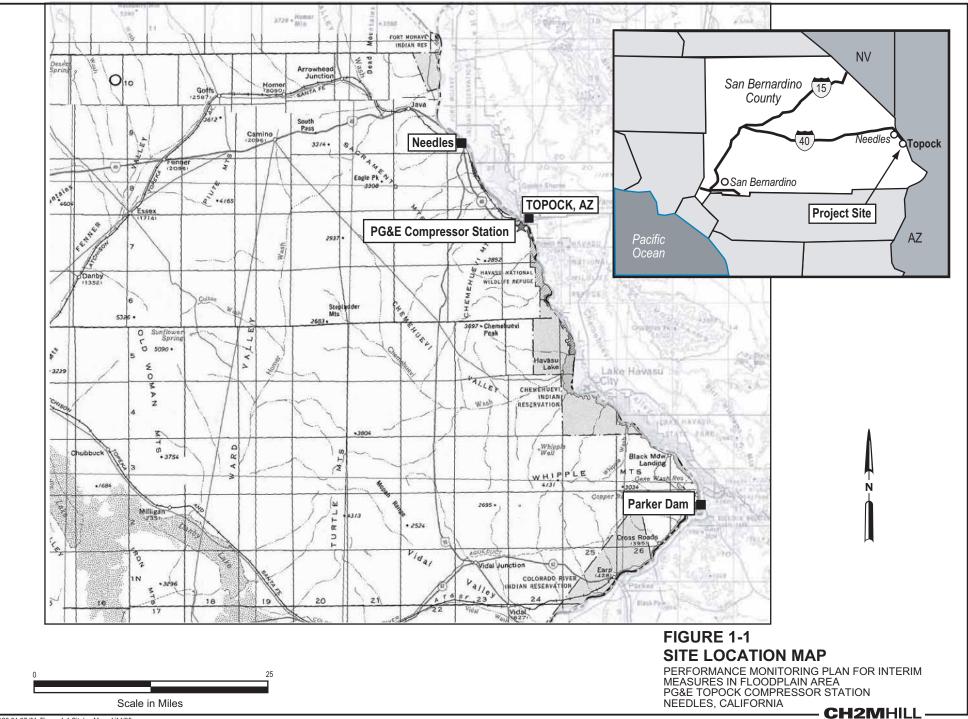
The purpose of this document is to comply with Action Item 2 of Enclosure C in the February 14, 2005 DTSC letter to PG&E (DTSC 2005). Action Item 2 requires the submittal of an Interim Measure Extraction System Operation and Maintenance Plan (O&M Plan). Per the DTSC letter, this O&M Plan addresses:

- Documentation of and adjustments to groundwater extraction rates.
- Adjustments to the extraction system expansion in response to measured hydraulic gradients and position of the chromium plume.
- Contingencies in the event that a given extraction well is taken offline.
- Procedures and response times for well maintenance and repair.
- All design elements associated with bringing additional extraction wells online.
- Contingency plan for sentry well monitoring.

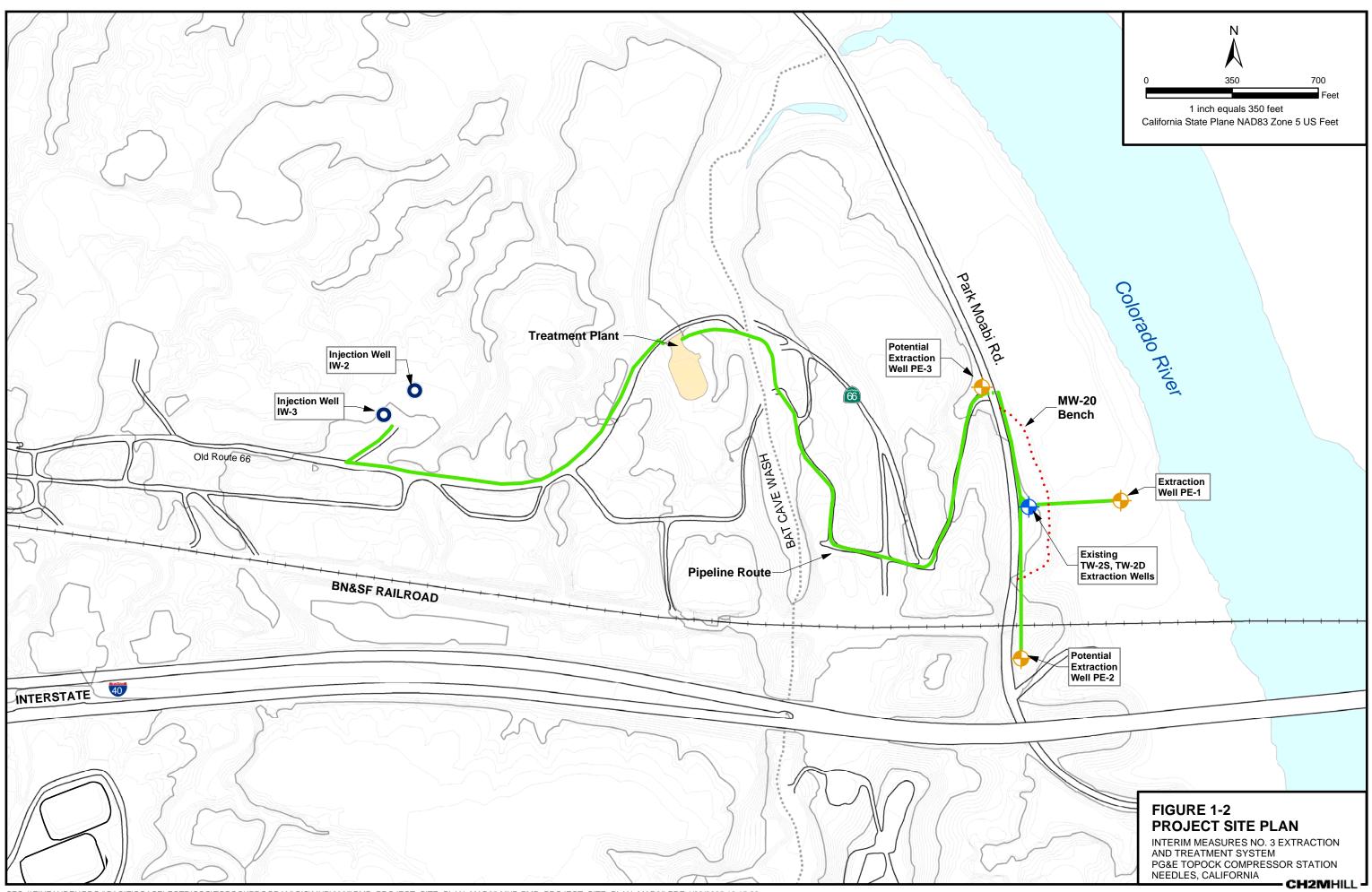
These topics are addressed in this document. Background information on the groundwater extraction system and general operation and maintenance procedures are described in the main sections of the *Interim Measures No. 3 Treatment and Extraction System Operation and Maintenance Plan* (CH2M HILL 2005a). As required by DTSC's February 14, 2005 directive, an associated *Performance Monitoring Plan for Interim Measures in the Floodplain Area* was prepared and submitted to DTSC April 15, 2005 (CH2M HILL 2005b).

Figure 1-2 shows the location of the IM groundwater extraction and treatment system and associated facilities. The extraction well system currently consists of TW-2D, TW-2S, and PE-1; all wells are located along the eastern portion of the plume area. Among this network of wells, groundwater extraction has been conducted at TW-2D and TW-2S. Currently,

TW-2D is the dedicated pumping well targeting extraction from the Lower zone of the Alluvial Aquifer. The piping system for extraction well PE-1 has not been installed due to biological resource constraints. The *Design Plan, Conveyance Piping and Power Supply for Extraction Well PE-1* (CH2M HILL 2005c) was submitted to DTSC and the U. S. Bureau of Land Management for approval. Upon authorization from the agencies and resolution of biological resource considerations, the PE-1 piping and power system will be installed and commissioned.



326128.01.07.IM_Figure 1-1 SiteLocMap_4/14/05_ccc



SFO \\ZINFANDEL\PROJ\PACIFICGASELECTRICCO\TOPOCKPROGRAM\GIS\MXD\2005\PMP_PROJECT_SITE_PLAN_MAR05.MXD PMP_PROJECT_SITE_PLAN_MAR05.PDF 4/22/2005 13:15:23

2.0 Adjustments to Groundwater Extraction Rates

The performance of the IM will be continuously monitored and evaluated to ensure that the hydraulic containment objective in the floodplain area is met and appropriate and timely adjustments can be made to the extraction system. Refer to the Performance Monitoring Plan for Interim Measures (CH2M HILL 2005b) for the decision process and description of the data collection, performance evaluation, and response action activities. Per DTSC requirements, the first contingency response action will be to increase pumping from the existing extraction wells. The procedures and documentation for this response action are described below.

2.1 Extraction Rate Adjustments

The target groundwater extraction rate for each month will be set at the higher of two rates: (1) the rate determined from groundwater model projections of required pumping rates based on predicted river stage and (2) the minimum rate specified by DTSC. The cumulative discharge flow rate from all operating extraction wells will be adjusted to exceed the target extraction rate. The discharge flow rate of each extraction well pump will be adjusted by the plant operator using the manual control valve located in the well vault to the approximate required flow rate. Although the well pumps may be temporarily cycled on and off by the control system to maintain a level of approximately 30-percent full in the raw water storage tank (T-100), the target extraction rate will be achieved monthly under routine operations. Throttling the manual control valve at the well head will help minimize pump cycling.

2.2 Documentation of Extraction Rate Adjustments

The discharge flow rate from each well pump will be recorded by flow meters (e.g., FE 101 for TW-2D). This information will be logged in the Interim Measures (IM) No. 3 system's computerized data records and will be retrieved through data downloads. Discharge flow rate readings will be recorded at least once per 10-minute interval. In addition, operators will record the "Target Extraction Rate" and "Current Extraction Rate" in the Daily Process Monitoring Checklist. Changes to the target extraction rate and/or discharge flow rate from each well pump will also be recorded in the Daily Process Monitoring Checklist.

The monthly/quarterly Performance Monitoring Reports will include groundwater extraction details. Average extraction rates and adjustments, as well as cumulative extracted volumes for the reporting period, will be documented in these reports.

3.0 Adjustments to Extraction System Expansion in Response to Measured Hydraulic Gradients and Position of the Chromium Plume

The ongoing IM floodplain performance monitoring consists of data collection, analysis, and evaluation. The floodplain performance monitoring data collection includes pressure transducer data in floodplain wells (i.e., hydraulic head readings), chemical sampling data at the floodplain well locations (i.e., hexavalent chromium [Cr(VI)], total chromium, and other water quality parameters), and extraction well operational data (i.e., flow and water quality). As directed by DTSC, the performance monitoring data will be analyzed monthly to calculate the hydraulic gradient at key well pairs to evaluate whether the IM objective has been achieved (CH2M HILL 2005b). Based on the hydraulic gradient and the chromium distribution and trends, the performance of the extraction system will be reported to DTSC.

If it becomes apparent, through water level monitoring or increasing concentrations of Cr(VI) in certain wells, that there are areas of the plume not being adequately captured by the existing wells, PG&E is prepared, at the direction of DTSC, to increase pumping rates or add one or more additional extraction wells.

Locations for potential extraction wells PE-2 and PE-3 have already been selected (Figure 1-2). The appropriate location of any new extraction well would be confirmed in consultation with DTSC. Groundwater modeling would be conducted to develop a pumping strategy that would incorporate the new well(s).

In addition, the groundwater model is used as a tool at the beginning of each month to forecast pumping requirements for that month based on the U. S. Bureau of Reclamation projections of Davis Dam releases and Lake Havasu levels. The actual water level data are obtained twice monthly from the I-3 gauge near the Topock site and the floodplain wells and compared against the Bureau of Reclamation projections. Corrections to the pumping rates can be made if the gradients are significantly larger or smaller than the target gradients. Evaluating this data is a way of preparing for unpredicted changes in the river level and of providing a tool to adjust the extraction rates mid-month, as needed. The groundwater model continues to be revised to improve its ability to match observed pumping rates and gradients.

The present gradient target of 0.001 feet per feet (ft/ft) was set by DTSC based on an estimate of the uncertainty inherent in the present methods of water level and salinity measurements. The purpose of this minimum gradient target is to insure that random error in the water level measurements will never result in a false indication of a landward gradient. PG&E is presently installing new data loggers in key wells that will measure salinity continuously along with water levels. If it can be shown that these new data loggers

have substantially reduced the uncertainty in the water level measurements, PG&E may request a re-evaluation of the 0.001 ft/ft minimum gradient target.

4.0 Contingencies in the Event that a Given Extraction Well is Taken Offline

Three wells will be available for extraction: TW-2D, TW-2S, and PE-1. Well TW-2D is expected to supply most of the extraction pumping, with supplemental pumping from wells TW-2S and PE-1.

In the event that a given extraction well is taken offline for more than 4 hours:

- DTSC will be consulted to determine an appropriate pumping strategy. This may include activation of additional available extraction wells to meet pumping needs, as shown in Table 4-1, or increasing extraction rates when the offline well is restarted.
- Maintenance or repair of offline well will be completed as soon as possible.

TABLE 4-1

Contingency Well Operation Plan

Extraction System Operation and Maintenance Plan, PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

Operating Well Taken	Contingency Well Operation Plan									
Off-line	Supplemental Well 1	Supplemental Well 2								
TW-2D	Begin (or continue) operation of TW-2S. Increase to full capacity as needed.	If necessary, also begin (or continue) operation of PE-1 in combination with TW-2S at approximately half the rate of TW-2S (or as dictated by groundwater modeling results). Do not operate PE-1 alone.								
TW-2S	Begin (or continue) operation of TW-2D.	If necessary, also begin (or continue) operation of PE-1 in combination with TW-2D at no more than half the rate of TW-2D (or as dictated by groundwater modeling results). Do not operate PE-1 alone.								
PE-1	Begin (or continue) operation of TW-2D.	If necessary, also begin (or continue) operation of TW-2S.								

As per the February 14, 2005 DTSC letter (DTSC 2005), PG&E shall maintain a minimum combined pumping rate of 50 gallons per minute from the extraction wells at all times, except for brief periods of downtime for maintenance and repair activities. Therefore, supplemental wells operated for contingency purposes will generally be operated at a combined pumping rate of at least 50 gallons per minute, subject to DTSC event-specific direction. If the average pumping rate during the period the given well is offline is less than the target rate, extraction rates may also be increased when the offline well is restarted so that the target volume is achieved if feasible.

Because Well PE-1 is located near the margin of the chromium plume, pumping from PE-1 has the potential to influence movement of the plume toward the Colorado River. The potential to move the plume in the direction of the river can be mitigated if PE-1 is never pumped by itself, but rather pumped in conjunction with and at a lower pumping rate than TW-2D or TW-2S. After PE-1 is equipped with a pump and connected to the treatment system, additional aquifer testing will be conducted to evaluate the hydraulic influence of this well at various pumping rates. The groundwater model will be used to develop a pumping strategy that will prevent pumping at PE-1 from pulling higher concentrations of chromium closer to the river. The PE-1 pumping strategy will be an addendum to this O&M Plan once it is developed, prior to bringing PE-1 online as an extraction well.

Although PE-1 is identified as a supplemental well in Table 4-1, DTSC has indicated that PE-1 may need to be pumped continuously as long as elevated concentrations of Cr(VI) are detected in wells near the river. Currently, the only well near the river with elevated concentrations of Cr(VI) is MW-34-100, which was recently drilled. If elevated or increasing concentrations of Cr(VI) persist in MW-34-100, this O&M Plan will be revised to identify PE-1 as a primary pumping well (in conjunction with TW-2D) whenever Cr(VI) concentrations at MW-34-100 warrant.

5.0 Procedures and Response Times for Well Maintenance and Repair

The most likely mode of failure for the extraction wells is well pump failure. Planned preventative maintenance will be done on the well pumps per manufacturer recommendations. At a minimum, pumps in extraction wells that have been shut down for longer than one month will be energized and run for one hour each month. Records of maintenance will be kept on site. In the event of failure or degraded performance of a well pump, the first response by the operators will be to activate other available extraction wells. The next response will be to repair or replace the out-of-service well pump. A spare pump for Well TW-2D will be kept on site as a "shelf spare." Pulling a well pump of this size will likely require a lift truck; it is anticipated that 1 to 2 days would be required to arrange for a lift truck and approximately one-half day would be required to replace the pump once the truck was onsite.

If the well itself needs maintenance (e.g., due to decline in specific capacity), it will be repaired as deemed appropriate. The initial step in well maintenance is baseline specific-capacity testing and video logging to assess the issues. Rehabilitation could require one or a combination of methods, including bailing, wire brushing, dual swab/airlifting, addition of dispersants, acidization, and/or superchlorination. The procedures for such repair will be dictated by the severity of the suspected problems and the required repair strategy. Typically, well redevelopment could be accomplished within 2 to 3 weeks. Well redevelopment activities will be scheduled during months of lower target extraction rates (i.e., when the river is rising) to minimize the effects from taking a well offline for up to a week.

The surface equipment of the wells will be visually inspected monthly as a preventative maintenance step.

As per the February 14, 2005 DTSC letter to PG&E (DTSC 2005), PG&E shall seek DTSC approval for any downtime expected to last more than 4 hours.

6.0 Design Elements Associated with Bringing Additional Extraction Wells Online

As per the February 14, 2005 DTSC letter (DTSC 2005), if a need is identified for additional extraction wells as a response action for containment of the Cr(VI) plume, additional extraction wells shall be proposed by PG&E within 7 days of receiving such notice from DTSC. A draft work plan will be submitted to DTSC within 10 days of receiving DTSC approval of the proposal, as will any necessary permit or right-of-way applications to appropriate agencies. Additional extraction wells, piping, and power lines will be installed within 45 days of receiving permit approval, and pumping will be initiated within 60 days.

6.1 Design Elements for Extraction Wells PE-2 and PE-3

The 30-percent designs for all design elements associated with extraction wells PE-2 and PE-3 have been completed and are included as Appendix A. These design documents could be used to proceed with procurement of materials and equipment to install PE-2 and/or PE-3, if directed to do so by DTSC. Additional permitting activities must be conducted prior to installation of new extraction wells.

6.2 Design Elements for Other New Extraction Wells

Design of additional new extraction wells will be integrated with previous work performed for the extraction system. Because the need for other new extraction wells has not been identified by DTSC, locations for other new wells have not been selected, and no design basis or drawings are included for this submittal.

7.0 Contingency Plan for Sentry Well Monitoring

Per DTSC's directive, response actions for the IM include requirements for verification groundwater sampling and reporting if new Cr(VI) detections or increasing trends are observed in the sentry monitoring wells (DTSC 2005). This response action is described in the approved *Contingency Planning for Sentry Well Groundwater Monitoring* decision diagram attached to DTSC's February 14, 2005 letter. If a verification sample confirms a change in Cr(VI) concentration, DTSC will be notified and short-term actions will be assessed. These actions include monitoring of adjacent monitoring wells, increasing sampling frequency, increasing extraction well pumping capacity, and beginning operation of existing extraction wells.

The February 2005 DTSC-approved contingency plan for sentry well monitoring is incorporated in this O&M Plan. Refer to Section 7.0 and Figure 7-1 in the Performance Monitoring Plan for Interim Measures (CH2M HILL 2005b) for further description of the contingency plan and response actions for the Interim Measures extraction system.

8.0 References

California Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC). 2005. Letter to PG&E "Criteria for Evaluating Interim Measures Performance Requirements to Hydraulically Contain Chromium Plume in Floodplain Area." February 14.

CH2M HILL. 2005a. Interim Measures No. 3 Treatment and Extraction System Operation and Maintenance Plan. April 11.

______. 2005b. *Draft Performance Monitoring Plan for Interim Measures in the Floodplain Area*. April 15.

______. 2005c. Design Plan, Conveyance Piping and Power Supply for Extraction Well PE-1. March 15.

Appendix A Design Elements for Extraction Wells

APPENDIX A Design Elements for Extraction Wells

1.0	Introd	uction								
	1.1	Purpose and Format of Design Inf	ormationA-1							
2.0	Description of Additional Wells									
	2.1 Interim Measures No. 3 Description									
		1	/stem							
		2.1.2 Conveyance System								
3.0	Proces	s Description	A-6							
	3.1	Extraction System Process Descrip	tionA-6							
		3.1.1 Process	A-6							
		3.1.2 Controls	A-6							
4.0	Proces	s/Mechanical Design								
	4.1	Mechanical Components of Grour	dwater Extraction SystemA-8							
		4.1.1 Extraction Wells								
		4.1.2 Pumps								
5.0	Civil 1	Design								
6.0	Archi	ectural / Structural Design	A-10							
7.0	Electr	cal Design	A-11							
8.0	Projec	Requirements	A-12							
	8.1	Regulatory Framework								
	8.2									
	8.3	Waste Generation, Handling, and	DisposalA-13							
			-derived Waste (IDW)A-13							
		8.3.2 Other IDW								
9.0	Refere	nces								
10.0	Draw	ngs	A-16							
Table	28									
3-1	Desig	Criteria Table for Proposed Extrac	tion WellsA-7							
Figur	es									
2-1	Expan	led Groundwater Extraction and T	reatment System Process Flow DiagramA-4							
2-2	Projec	Site Plan								

1.0 Introduction

Pacific Gas and Electric Company (PG&E) is addressing chromium in groundwater at the Topock Compressor Station under the oversight of the California Environmental Protection Agency, Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC). The Topock Compressor Station is located in San Bernardino County, approximately 15 miles southeast of Needles, California. This document serves to update the Design Basis ("30 percent design") for the extraction wells that have been identified as potential additional wells beyond TW-2D, TW-2S, and PE-1.

In a letter dated February 14, 2005 (DTSC 2005a), DTSC directed PG&E to provide, as part of an Interim Measures Extraction System Operation and Maintenance Plan, all design elements associated with bringing additional extraction wells on-line.

1.1 Purpose and Format of Design Information

This Design Basis Report and accompanying drawings represent a 30 percent design submittal. Per direction provided by DTSC to PG&E on April 8, 2005, a 30 percent level of design is required to meet the DTSC (2005a) requirement to supply "all design elements associated with bringing additional extraction wells on-line" for PE-2 and PE-3. The *Draft Design Plan; Conveyance Piping and Power Supply for Extraction Well PE-1* (CH2M HILL, 2005) contains the design elements associated with bringing extraction wells extraction well PE-1 on-line, and future design plans for PE-2, PE-3, or other extraction wells would include these elements at a minimum.

The 30 percent design information provided in this document is a step towards meeting the requirement of DTSC (2005a) that requires PG&E be able to:

- Install one or more of proposed extraction wells PE-1, PE-2, and PE-3 within 30 days of identifying the need for additional extraction capacity.
- Initiate groundwater extraction within 45 days of identifying the need for the wells, or as directed by DTSC.

Additional permitting and impact mitigation activities will also be key steps in bringing new extraction well(s) on-line.

2.0 Description of Additional Wells

2.1 Interim Measures No. 3 Description

The Interim Measures No. 3 (IM No. 3) project is described in the *Interim Measures Number 3 Design Basis Report* (CH2M HILL 2004). The project consists of the following components:

- Groundwater extraction system
- Conveyance system
- Treatment system
- Treated water management and reuse system (injection wells)

Figure 2-1 is a process flow diagram for IM No. 3; it has been updated from the June 2004 *Design Basis Report* (CH2M HILL 2004) to show that there may be as many as five extraction wells. Figure 2-2 is a layout showing the location of extraction, conveyance, treatment and disposal facilities. The groundwater treatment and disposal facilities are located on parcel 650-151-06, which PG&E has purchased from the Metropolitan Water District (MWD). Piping will convey groundwater from the extraction wells to the treatment and management and reuse facilities.

2.1.1 Groundwater Extraction System

Groundwater extraction wells comprise an extraction system that is sited to meet the objectives of the interim measure. The two existing extraction wells (TW-2S [shallow] and TW-2D [deep]) are located within the chromium plume near a road providing easy access. At the direction of DTSC, currently PG&E is pumping from TW-2D.

In a letter dated February 16, 2005, DTSC directed PG&E to install a new groundwater extraction well in the Colorado River floodplain at the site (DTSC 2005b). In response, extraction well PE-1 was installed on March 5, 2005 according to the *Design Plan, Conveyance Piping and Power Supply for Extraction Well PE-1* (CH2M HILL 2005).

The installation and use of additional extraction wells has been discussed during Consultative Work Group (CWG) technical committee meetings. Two possible additional extraction well locations are shown on Figure 2-2 and include:

- PE-2 is located south of TW-2D.
- PE-3 is located north of TW-2D.

The new wells would be installed in a manner similar to that used for wells TW-2S, TW-2D, and PE-1 and would be screened in appropriate sections of the aquifer. The process and instrumentation details for PE-2 are shown on Drawing Number TP-PR-10-10-03 in Section 10.0. Wellhead details for PE-3 would be similar to the details for extractions wells TW-2S, TW-2D, or PE-1. Details on the PE-3 connection to the conveyance piping to the IM No. 3 treatment plant are included on Drawing Number TP-PR-10-04. Symbols and

nomenclature for these drawings are shown on TP-PR-10-10-01 and TP-PR-10-10-02. The new wells will not be installed until directed by DTSC.

Submersible pumps will be placed down-hole, and subsurface concrete vaults equipped with instrumentation, valves, and other pipe appurtenances would complete the well head construction. Underground piping and electrical conduit will be connected to the well heads to convey water and provide power and control for the pump and instrumentation. Piping inside the vault and connecting to the main influent line would be secondarily contained to comply with hazardous waste regulations.

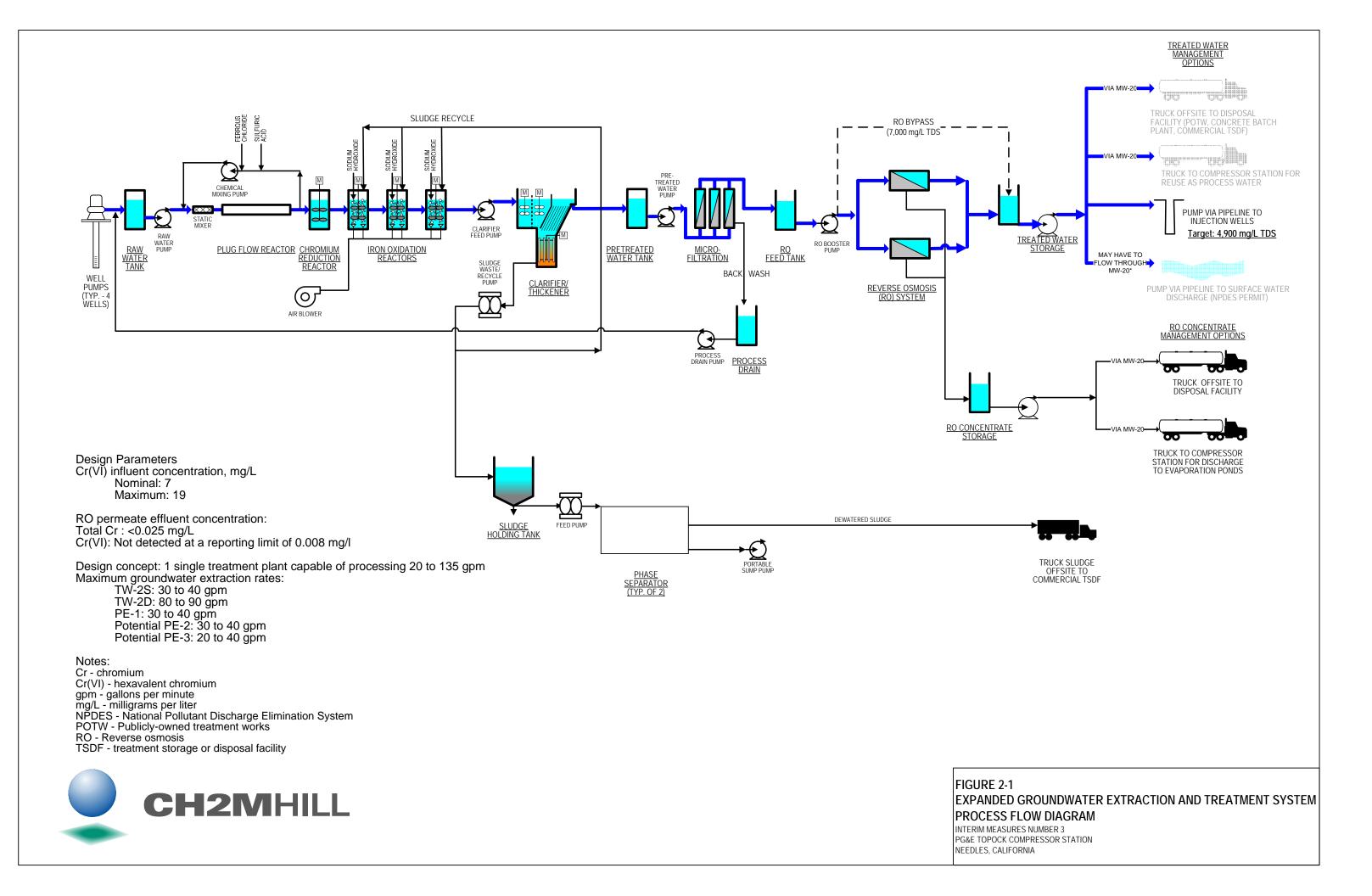
2.1.2 Conveyance System

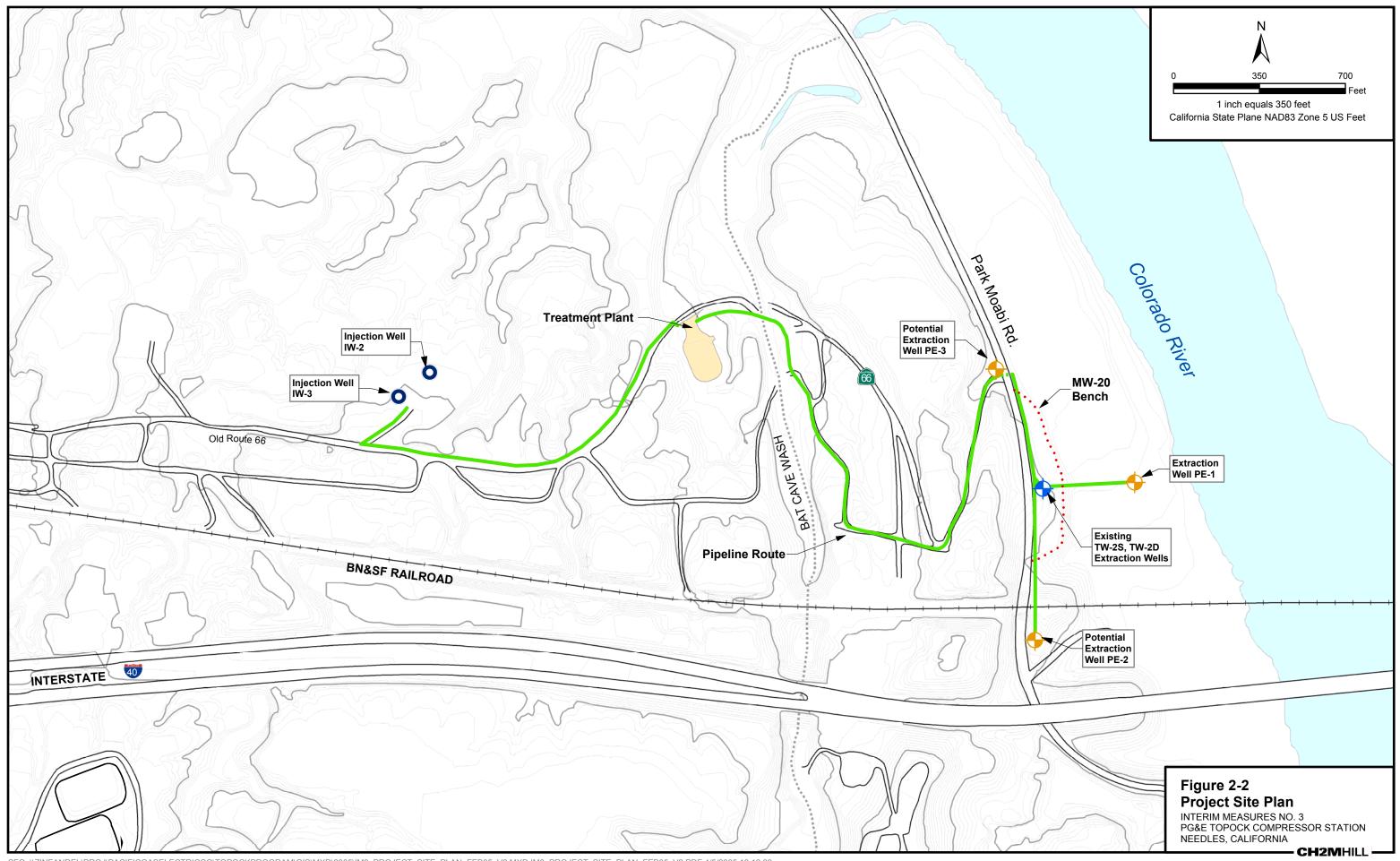
Depending on the location of the new extraction well, piping will be installed in one of the following ways:

- Between the new extraction well and the MW-20 bench for connection in the MW-20 bench valve vault (e.g., PE-2); or
- Between the new extraction well and the valve vault (Valve Vault #4) along the pipeline from the MW-20 bench to the IM No. 3 treatment plant (e.g., PE-3).

Drawing Number TP-PI-20-02-02 shows the future connection in the MW-20 bench valve vault. Drawing Numbers TP-PC-10-01-02 and TP-PI-20-02-03 show Valve Vault #4 between the MW-20 bench and the IM No. 3 plant that would be used to connect PE-3 pipeline.

Pipelines conveying water from the extraction wells will be double-contained high-density polyethylene (HDPE). Piping and appurtenances will be sized to accommodate the anticipated system flow rates. To minimize and avoid impacts to cultural resources, a combination of subsurface and aboveground alignments may be used.





SFO \\ZINFANDEL\PROJ\PACIFICGASELECTRICCO\TOPOCKPROGRAM\GIS\MXD\2005\IM3_PROJECT_SITE_PLAN_FEB05_V2.MXD IM3_PROJECT_SITE_PLAN_FEB05_V2.PDF 4/5/2005 19:12:39

IM No. 3 will consist of extraction, treatment, and water management as shown in the process flow diagram in Figure 2-1. The design criteria for the extraction wells PE-2 and PE-3 are shown in Table 3-1.

3.1 Extraction System Process Description

3.1.1 Process

Additional groundwater extraction wells may be installed and used to meet the objectives of the interim measure. Locations and description of extraction wells PE-2 and PE-3 are discussed in Section 2.2.1.

3.1.2 Controls

The extraction system controls will consist of:

- Groundwater extraction wells and pumps.
 - Flow Control: Flow-control valves will be used to set required pumping rate.
 - Process Control: At each well flow, well level, and line pressure will be monitored and transmitted to the central programmable logic controller (PLC) located at the treatment plant.
 - **Start/Stop:** Pumps will be normally on. Pumps will be shut down by general plant alarm, low water level in the well, or by extraction pipe leak alarm.
- Double-contained pipe to carry water to treatment system. Leak detection will be provided by a series of sumps connected to the outer carrier pipe. If water leaks from the inner carrier pipe it will flow by gravity along the outer pipe to a sump where a level sensor will indicate water accumulation. Level sensors will send alarm signals to the main plant control system.

TABLE 3-1

Design Criteria Table for Proposed Extraction Wells Interim Measures Extraction System Operation and Maintenance Plan PG&E Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California

		General	System-Specific								
Pumps & Blowers	Tag Type		Wetted Material	Process Flow (gpm)	#/ Train Total #		TDH (ft)	Motor Size (hp)	P&ID		
Extraction Well PE-2	P-102	Submersible	304 SS	40	1	1	248	5	TP-PR-10-10-03		
Extraction Well PE-3	P-104	Submersible	304 SS	40	1	1	230	5	TP-PR-10-10-04		

Notes:

gpm = gallons per minute

hp = horsepower

P&ID = process and instrumentation diagram (see Section 10.0)

SS = stainless steel

TDH = total dynamic head

4.1 Mechanical Components of Groundwater Extraction System

4.1.1 Extraction Wells

Wells will be installed to collect groundwater. A pump, discharge piping, electric cables, level element, and return signal wiring will be installed in each well for extraction of groundwater and monitoring of drawdown due to pumping. Pump controls will be located in a control panel near the extraction wells or in the treatment system Electrical and Control Building.

The extraction wells will be constructed of 6-inch-diameter PVC well casing with 6-inchdiameter stainless-steel screen sections. The screened intervals of these new wells would be chosen based on conditions encountered during drilling, after consultation with the DTSC and the CWG. Wells PE-2 and PE-3 would likely be similar in depth to well TW-2D.

4.1.2 Pumps

The design criteria of the extraction pumps are shown in Table 3-1. Pumps will be submersible centrifugal pumps constructed of metal (304 stainless) compatible with the water quality and capable of conveying extracted groundwater to the IM No. 3 treatment plant (e.g., Grundfos Model 40S50-12 submersible pump with a rated capacity of 40 gpm). The well pump will be installed at the mid-point of the well screen.

5.0 Civil Design

The site work for the additional wells will include:

- Construction of the groundwater extraction well system and groundwater conveyance piping, as well as associated piping.
- Construction of access road improvements.

The site plan presented is for conceptual design only and must not be used for construction. The exact location of the existing and new structures and equipment must be confirmed prior to construction. The type, extent, and location of underground obstacles must also be determined prior to the construction phases.

6.0 Architectural / Structural Design

The visible portion of the extraction system is the well head, protective bollards, and the top of associated underground vaults. Colors of these structures will be coordinated with DTSC and the U.S. Department of the Interior Bureau of Land Management (BLM). Structural design of these structures will be similar to those detailed in Drawing TP-SE-20-00-09 for TW-2S and TW-2D (see Section 10.0, Drawings).

7.0 Electrical Design

The power for the treatment facility comes from the City of Needles distribution system. An existing City power line has been extended to a service pole near the Electrical and Control Building at the IM No. 3 treatment plant. A pad-mounted transformer steps the voltage down to 480-volt, three-phase, which will be the utilization voltage for motors ½ hp and above. An additional transformer and panel board is installed in the Electrical and Control Building electrical room to provide 120/208 volt power for general plant loads. All loads will be fed from this location (electrical room). The starters for the extraction well pumps will be located in a 480-volt motor control center, also in the electrical room. The electrical feeders to the well pump motors will be routed in underground conduit. Local control power for the well pumps in PE-2 and/or PE-3 will be provided by a small 480-volt to 120/208-volt load center-mounted transformer in the pump vault near well TW-2D. Horsepower loads for the systems are included in Table 3-1. The electrical oneline diagram including pump P-102 in extraction well PE-2 is shown in drawing number TP-EE-20-00-02 in Section 10.0. These oneline details would also be adequate for installing pump P-104 in extraction well PE-3 in the extraction system.

8.0 Project Requirements

8.1 Regulatory Framework

Permits, approvals, and other filing requirements for the IM No. 3 additional wells include the following:

Pertaining to Extraction Well PE-2 and Associated Conveyance Piping

- Burlington Northern Santa Fe Railway (BNSF) PG&E may have an existing Right-of-Way (ROW) in Park Moabi Road for the PE-2 conveyance piping. If the ROW is not executable, a draft license agreement provided by BNSF earlier this year may be executed.
- County of San Bernardino Well permit must be obtained. In addition, compliance with Road Permit for activities in Park Moabi Road must be demonstrated. A traffic control plan must be implemented as part of construction activities.
- U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) Approval for extraction well and pipeline via a Special Use Permit subject to certain conditions.
- BLM– Workplan must be approved for PE-2 and pipeline alignment.

Pertaining to Extraction Well PE-3 and Associated Conveyance Piping

- County of San Bernardino Well permit must be obtained.
- BLM Workplan must be approved for PE-3 and pipeline alignment.
- County of San Bernardino If PE-3 involves an alignment with Park Moabi Road, the Road Permit may need to be updated. The County is looking for a means to keep traffic flowing safely if a lane requires temporary closure.

8.2 Easements / Areas to Avoid

There are several areas that should be avoided in siting any additional extraction wells and conveyance piping. These include:

- Native American cultural resources: The project site has been thoroughly surveyed by qualified cultural resource professionals to document existing cultural resources onsite. All proposed project activities will first be reviewed and approved by BLM and the State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) to protect cultural resources.
- **Historic Route 66 cultural resource:** Design alternatives have been formulated to avoid direct impacts to cultural resources. All proposed project activities will first be reviewed and approved by the BLM and the SHPO to protect cultural resources.

- Utilities buried natural gas lines: Design will be include coordination with gas utility line owners, review of setback requirements and BLM issued ROW terms and conditions. Project will comply with all necessary stipulations.
- **Railroad line:** No direct impacts to the BNSF railway crossing will result. The potential extraction well conveyance piping will be sited in Park Moabi Road ROW, avoiding any impact to the structure of the railway crossing.
- Interstate I-40: All facilities will be located outside of the Caltrans ROW.
- Natural resources potential desert tortoise habitat: The project site has been surveyed and evaluated for potential impacts to sensitive biological resources, notably the desert tortoise. Project facilities have been sited in previously disturbed areas (e.g., pipeline alignment generally follows existing roadways), which minimizes the potential to affect the desert tortoise. Based on survey data and the project design, no impacts are expected to result. However, all activities will occur in close coordination with the BLM and the USFWS.
- **Steep terrain:** The project has been designed to limit the amount of cut and fill necessary to construct the project facilities. As such, areas of steep terrain have been avoided in favor of areas with more moderate slopes (e.g., existing roadways, plateaus, etc.). Some areas are not accessible for construction due to terrain.
- Natural washes: Impacts to regulated waterbodies such as the existing desert washes on site have been avoided whenever possible, and will be limited by project design. All-weather access to the treatment facilities will be provided from the eastern portion of the project site only in order to avoid additional impacts to washes on the western portion of the project site. Temporary material will be placed within the washed-out segments of roadway within the western portion of the site to avoid the placement of permanent fill material and subsequent impacts to wash areas.

The accompanying design drawings (Section 10.0) reflect the use of avoidance as a primary means of protecting the easements, and cultural and natural resources.

8.3 Waste Generation, Handling, and Disposal

8.3.1 Construction Investigation-derived Waste (IDW)

Wastes from drilling and grading will be reused when possible. When not possible, IDW will be disposed of in compliance with applicable environmental regulations.

8.3.2 Other IDW

Disposable IDW related to sampling activities will be decontaminated if appropriate, double-bagged, and disposed of in a waste dumpster.

- CH2M HILL. 2004. Interim Measures Number 3 Design Basis Report, Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California. Prepared for Department of Toxic Substances Control. July.
- CH2M HILL. 2005. *Draft Design Plan; Conveyance Piping and Power Supply for Extraction Well PE-1.* March 2005.
- Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC). 2005a. Letter. "Criteria for Evaluating Interim Measures Performance Requirements to Hydraulically Contain Chromium Plume in Floodplain Area, Pacific Gas and Electric Company, Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California (EPA ID No. CAT80011729" to Ms. Yvonne Meeks, Pacific Gas and Electric Company, dated February 14, 2005.
- DTSC. 2005b. Letter. "Response to Elevated Levels of Hexavalent and Total Chromium Concentrations Reported in Newly Installed Monitoring Well MW-34-100 at Pacific Gas and Electric Company, Topock Compressor Station, Needles, California (EPA ID No. CAT80011729" to Ms. Yvonne Meeks, Pacific Gas and Electric Company, dated February 16, 2005.

INSTRUMENT IDENTIFICATION

EXAMPLE SYMBOLS

TRC

LLUUS

1

_	FIRST LETTER (S)
/	SUCCEEDING LETTERS
/ 	CLARIFYING ABBREVIATION

SET NUMBER (USED WHEN THERE ARE MULTIPLE DEVICES WITH THE SAME UNIT NUMBER)

UNIT NUMBER

LOOP NUMBER

DIGITAL SYSTEM INTERFACES

- ANALOG INPUT
- ANALOG OUTPUT 1
- DISCRETE INPUT \triangle
- \bigtriangledown DISCRETE OUTPUT

GENERAL INSTRUMENT **OR FUNCTIONAL SYMBOLS**

	FIRST-LETTE	R	SUCCEEDING-LETTERS								
	PROCESS OR		READOUT OR								
LETTER	INITIATING VARIABLE	MODIFIER	PASSIVE FUNCTION	OUTPUT FUNCTION	MODIFIER						
A	ANALYSIS (+)		ALARM								
В	BURNER, COMBUSTION		USER'S CHOICE (*)	USER'S CHOICE (*)	USER'S CHOICE (*)						
С	USER'S CHOICE (*)			CONTROL							
D	DENSITY (S.G)	DIFFERENTIAL									
E	VOLTAGE		PRIMARY ELEMENT, SENSOR								
F	FLOW RATE	RATIO (FRACTION)									
G	USER'S CHOICE (*)		GLASS, GAUGE VIEWING DEVICE	GATE							
Н	HAND (MANUAL)				HIGH						
!	CURRENT (ELECTRICAL)		INDICATE								
J	POWER	SCAN									
К	TIME, TIME SCHEDULE	TIME RATE OF CHANGE		CONTROL STATION							
L	LEVEL		LIGHT (PILOT)		LOW						
М	MOTION	MOMENTARY			MIDDLE, INTERMEDIATE						
N	TORQUE		USER'S CHOICE (*)	USER'S CHOICE (*)	USER'S CHOICE (*)						
0	USER'S CHOICE (*)		ORIFICE, RESTRICTION								
Р	PRESSURE, VACUUM		POINT (TEST) CONNECTION								
Q	QUANTITY	INTEGRATE, TOTALIZE									
R	RADIATION		RECORD OR PRINT								
S	SPEED, FREQUENCY	SAFETY		SWITCH							
Т	TEMPERATURE			TRANSMIT							
U	MULTIVARIABLE		MULTIFUNCTION	MULTIFUNCTION	MULTIFUNCTION						
V	VIBRATION, MECHANICAL ANALYSIS			VALVE, DAMPER, LOUVER							
W	WEIGHT, FORCE		WELL								
Х	UNCLASSIFIED (+)	X AXIS	UNCLASSIFIED (+)	UNCLASSIFIED (+)	UNCLASSIFIED (+)						
Y	EVENT, STATE OR PRESENCE	Y AXIS		RELAY, COMPUTE, CONVERT							
Z	POSITION	Z AXIS		DRIVE, ACTUATOR, UNCLASSIFIED FINAL CONTROL ELEMENT							

TABLE BASED ON THE INSTRUMENTATION, SYSTEMS, AND AUTOMATION SOCIETY (ISA) STANDARD. (+) WHEN USED, EXPLANATION IS SHOWN ADJACENT TO INSTRUMENT SYMBOL. SEE ABBREVIATIONS AND LETTER SYMBOLS. (*) WHEN USED, DEFINE THE MEANING HERE FOR THE PROJECT

ON AND OFF EVENT LIGHTS

SPECIAL CASES

 $\sqrt{00}$

 \mathcal{OC}

 \mathcal{OC}

∕<u>HS</u> ∖00

xIC

∕2∖

QL

ZL

ZS

FIELD MOUNTED INSTRUMENT

REAR-OF-PANEL MOUNTED INSTRUMENT

PANEL MOUNTED INSTRUMENT

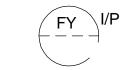
MOTOR CONTROL CENTER MOUNTED INSTRUMENT

TRANSDUCERS

ANALOG

- DIGITAL D
- VOLTAGE
- FREQUENCY
- н HYDRAULIC

EXAMPLE:



CURRENT TO PNELIMATIC

PF

PD

CURRENT

PNEUMATIC

PULSE FREQUENCY

PULSE DURATION

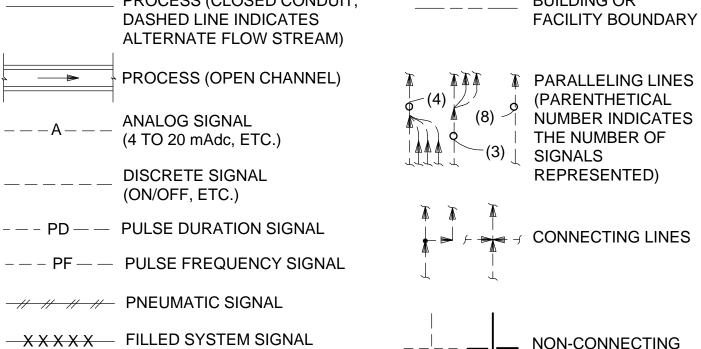
RESISTANCE

	NC	. DAT	., IN A FLOW LOOP)							 NA = 316 STAINLESS STE	EL TUBING			PACIFIC GAS & ELEC
i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i		07/28,	704 FOR INTERNAL REVIEW	EFC		DISCIPLINE	DISCIPLINE	REVIEWED	DATE	ISSUED REV		SDE	PEM	TOPOCK COMPRESSOR INTERIM MEASU
NGINEE	C. Mar Exp. 6-3		<pre>/04 APPROVED FOR CONSTRUCTION /04 REVISED AND APPROVED FOR CONSTRUCTION</pre>	EF C EF C	AJ	CIVIL	ELECTRICAL INST & CONTROL		STATUS REV.	PRELIMINARY FOR REVIEW AND APPROVAL D	07/28/04	_		EXPANDED GROUNDWATER
BLE EI	14876 3		705 REVISED AND APPROVED FOR CONSTRUCTION 705 REVISED PIPELINE MATERIAL LIST - APPROVED FOR CONSTRUCTION	EFC EFC	LA LA	MECHANICAL PROCESS	ARCHITECTURAL ENVIRONMENTAL		CL IENT F IELD	 APPROVED FOR O CONSTRUCTION O REVISED & APPROVED 3	09/03/04	I KLM	TP	AND TREATMENT S PROJ NO. 31
ESPONS						PIPING	GEN. ARRANG.		INTRA CO.	 SCALE	NONE			CH2M

BAR IS ONE INCH ON ORIGINAL DRAWING.

INSTRUMENT IDENTIFICATION LETTERS TABLE

LINE LEGEND PROCESS (CLOSED CONDUIT,



BUILDING OR

LINES

(N)----->

-L L HYDRAULIC SYSTEM SIGNAL

INTERFACE SYMBOLS

SHEET CONNECTOR FROM SOURCE OR TO DESTINATION DRAWING PIPELINE NUMBER

>TP-PR-10-10-SS [A1] TO OR FROM DESCRIPTION LINE 1 TO OR FROM DESCRIPTION LINE 2

TP-PR-10-10- SS = DESTINATION OR SOURCE P&ID DRAWING AND SHEET NO. [A1] = GRID LOCATION OF MATCHING SYMBOL ON CONNECTED SHEET

- **≥**(N) PROCESS OR SIGNAL LINE CONTINUATION N=1,2,3,ETC INTERFACE TO OR FROM

PROCESS EXTERNAL TO PROJECT

PIPELINE NUMBERING

PIPELINE SIZE (INCHES) - SERVICE OR FLOW STREAM PIPING LINE NUMBER - PIPE MATERIAL SPEC ELECTRIC HEAT TRACING -H = THERMAL INSULATION -P = PERSONNEL PROTECTION 4"-RW-100-1HB-E

4"-RW-100-1KB UG AG ∕2∖ SPEC BREAK ∕1∖ 1KB | 1HB **VALVE & EQUIPMENT TAG NUMBERS** D = EQUIPMENT OR VALVE TYPE W = UNIT PROCESS NUMBER -COMPONENT OR FITTING CODE D-W-X-Y -SERVICE OR FLOW STREAM X = LOOP NUMBERY = UNIT NUMBER

OPENED AND CLOSED POSITION LIGHTS

OPENED AND CLOSED POSITION SWITCHES

ON-OFF HAND SWITCH. MAINTAINED CONTACT SWITCH (CONTROLLED DEVICE WILL RESTART ON RETURN OF POWER AFTER POWER FAILURE).

STOP-START HAND SWITCH MOMENTARY CONTACT SWITCHES (CONTROLLED DEVICE WILL NOT RESTART ON RETURN OF POWER AFTER POWER FAILURE).

CONTROL OR DISPLAY FUNCTION VIA THE OPERATOR INTERFACE WITH THE DISTRIBUTED CONTROL SYSTEM (FUNCTION OPERATOR ACCESSIBLE)

- PIPING LINE NUMBER - SEQUENCE NUMBER TYPE (D) ARV AIR RELEASE VALVE V-RW-100-01 PROCESS VALVES AVRV AIR AND VACUUM RELEASE VALVE E EJECTOR FCV FLOW CONTROL VALVE G GATE NON-PROCESS VALVES V-NNNN LCV LEVEL CONTROL VALVE M MECHANICAL EQUIPMENT MATERIAL SPEC NUMBER P PUMP COMPONENT OR FITTING CODE PCV PRESSURE CONTROL VALVE **EJ = EXPANSION JOINT** PSE RUPTURE DISK FH = FLEXIBLE HOSE PSV PRESSURE RELIEF VALVE PS = PERMANENT STRAINER T TANK TCV TEMPERATURE CONTROL VALVE TS = TEMPORARY STRAINER V VALVE PIPELINE MATERIAL LIST 1CV = CARBON STEEL, WITH FLEXIBLE VICTAULIC FITTINGS 1HB = SCHEDULE 80 CPVC 1KA = SINGLE WALL HDPE, SDR 11 IKB = DOUBLE CONTAINMENT HDPE, SDR 11/7 1PV = FBE LINED CARBON STEEL, WITH FLEXIBLE VICTAULIC COUPLINGS

μb

йц А.Ц

THOU

PRO |

RATED I. FOR .

ШŚ

QZ

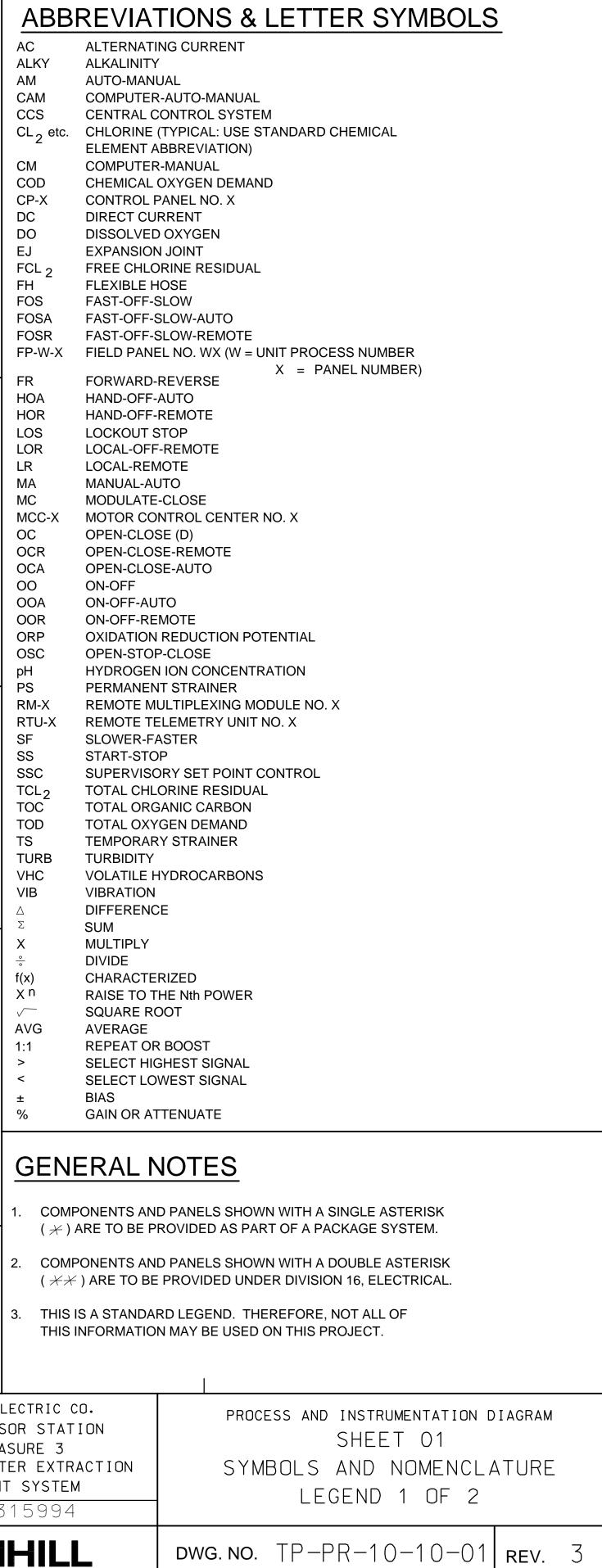
EIDEAS AN BE USED,

ËP

T, AND IS NOT

NEN.

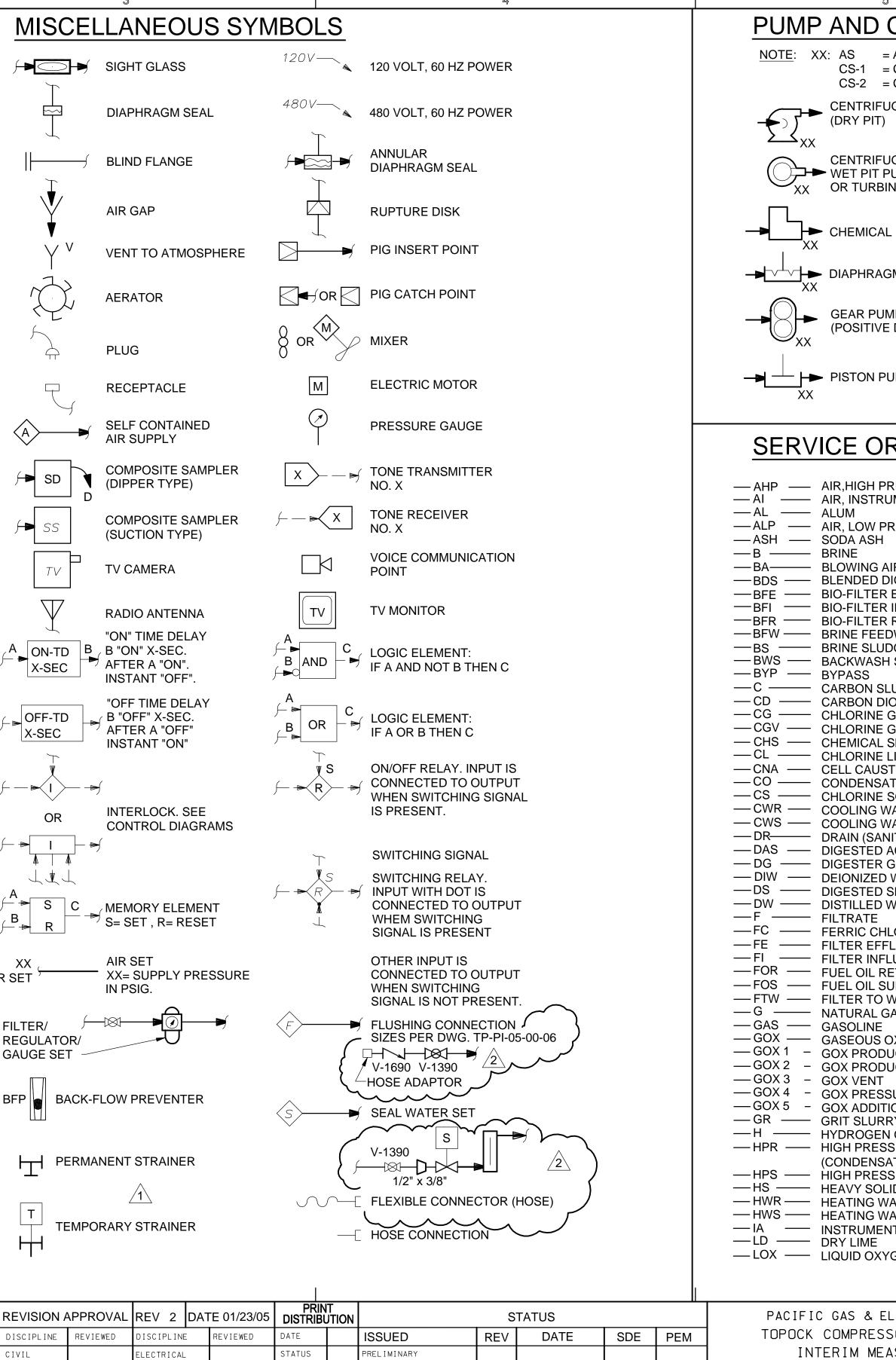
12M 12M

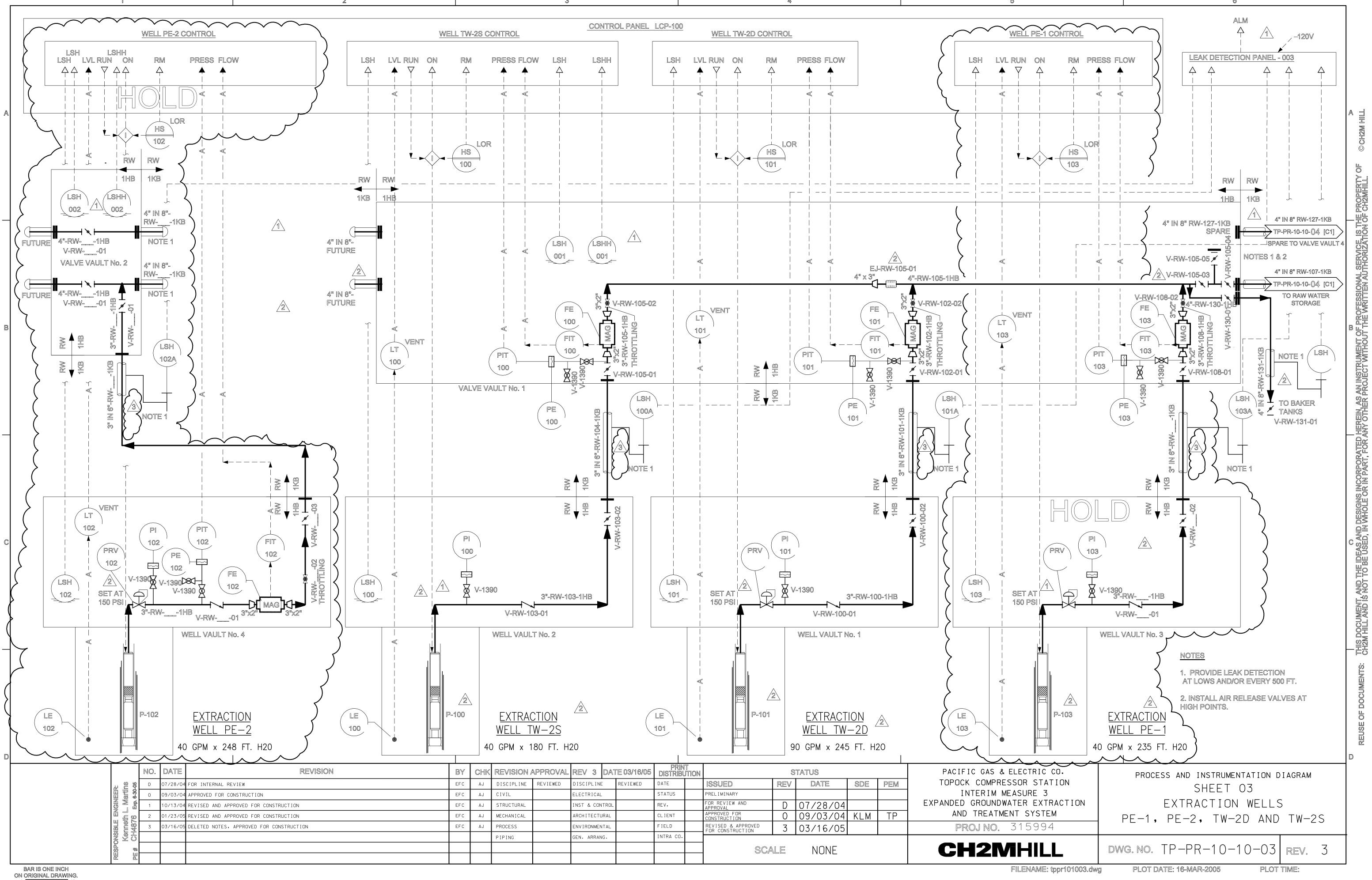


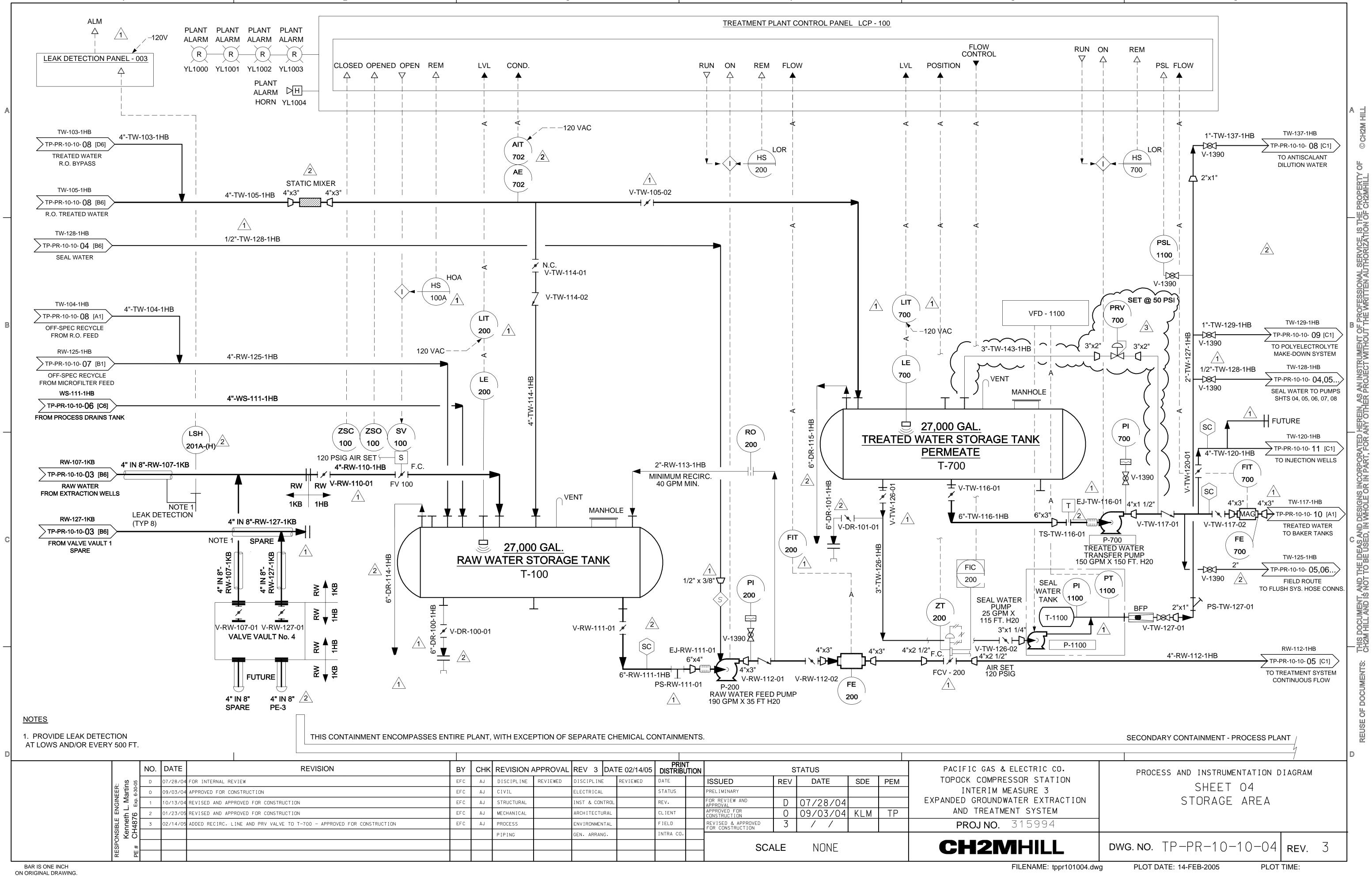
PLOT DATE: 14-FEB-2005

PLOT TIME:

U	2	3 4	5 6
VALVE SYMBOLS		MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS	PUMP AND COMPRESSOR SYMBOLS
GATE K KNIFE GATE	$ \begin{array}{ccc} $	J→ SIGHT GLASS 120 V 120 VOLT, 60 HZ POWER	NOTE: XX: AS = ADJUSTABLE SPEED CS-1 = CONSTANT SPEED (SINGLE SPEED) CS-2 = CONSTANT SPEED (TWO SPEED)
→ → BUTTERFLY → GLOBE ~	T VACUUM RELEASE REGULATED SIDE PRESSURE CONTROL VALVE	DIAPHRAGM SEAL 480 VOLT, 60 HZ POWER	CENTRIFUGAL PUMP (DRY PIT)
	BPR BACK PRESSURE REGULATOR	ANNULAR DIAPHRAGM SEAL	CENTRIFUGAL WET PIT PUMP SUBMERSIBLE SUMP PUMP
→D⊗(→ VEE-BALL → →K:>→→ PLUG	MULTI-PORT VALVES (BALL VALVE SHOWN. FOR OTHER VALVE	AIR GAP RUPTURE DISK	
SEAT PORT ECCENTRIC PLUG	TYPES, APPROPRIATE VALVE SYMBOL SHOWN.) ARROWS	V VENT TO ATMOSPHERE PIG INSERT POINT	COMPRESSOR (CENTRIFUGAL)
	INDICATE FLOW PATTERN. SEAT PORTS ARE IMPLIED	AERATOR AERATOR PIG CATCH POINT	
	BY INDICATED FLOW PATTERN.		GEAR PUMP OR BLOWER (POSITIVE DISPLACEMENT)
KO BALL CHECK	(H) FIRE HYDRANT	RECEPTACLE M ELECTRIC MOTOR	
SC SAMPLE		A SELF CONTAINED PRESSURE GAUGE	
GATE SYMBOLS		f = SD (DIPPER TYPE) X = -F TONE TRANSMITTER NO. X	-AHP
	FABRICATED SLIDE	$\square D$	AI — AIR, INSTRUMENT — LPR — LOW PRESSURE RETURN AL — ALUM ALP — AIR, LOW PRESSURE PROCESS — LPS — LOW PRESSURE STEAM
BUTTERFLY	SHEAR SHEAR	Image: Substrain (SUCTION TYPE) Image: NO. X Image: Substrain (SUCTION TYPE) Image: Substrain (SUCTION TYPE) Image: Substra	— ASH — SODA ASH — LS — LIME SLURRY — B — BRINE — LSD — LIME SLUDGE — BA — BLOWING AIR — ML — MIXED LIQUOR
PRIMARY ELEMENT SYM	IBOLS	RADIO ANTENNA	BDS BDS BLENDED DIGESTED SLUDGE MPR MEDIUM PRESSURE RETURN (CONDENSATE) BFI
PARSHALL FLUME	ELECTROMAGNETIC FLOWMETER	A ON-TD B B "ON" X-SEC. AFTER A "ON". AFTER A "ON	— BFW — BRINE FEEDWATER — NT — NITROGEN TRICHLORIDE — BS — BRINE SLUDGE — OF — OVERFLOW — BWS — BACKWASH SUPPLY — P — PROPANE GAS
WEIR -	PROPELLER OR TURBINE METER	INSTANT "OFF TIME DELAY	BYP BYPASS PDS PRIMARY DIGESTED SLUDGE C CARBON SLURRY PE PRIMARY EFFLUENT CD CARBON DIOXIDE GAS PI PRIMARY INFLUENT
──	DENSITY METER	OFF-TD B "OFF" X-SEC. X-SEC AFTER A "OFF" INSTANT "ON"	— CG — CHLORINE GAS (PRESSURE) — PLE — PLANT EFFLUENT — CGV — CHLORINE GAS (VACUUM) — PO — POLYMER SOLUTION — CHS — CHEMICAL SLUDGE — PS — PRESSURE SEWER
	(X: N = NUCLEAR) $(X: N = OPTICAL$ $U = ULTRASONIC)$	$f \rightarrow \mathbf{R} \rightarrow R$	
-▶ PITOT-STATIC	ULTRASONIC FLOWMETER (CLAMP-ON)	OR INTERLOCK. SEE IS PRESENT.	— CWR — COOLING WATER RETURN — RCS — RECARBONATION SLUDGE — CWS — COOLING WATER SUPPLY — RCY — RECYCLE — DR — DRAIN (SANITARY) — RHW — RECIRCULATED HOT WATER
		Image: Switching signal Image: Switching relay.	DAS — DIGESTED ACTIVATED SLUDGE — RS — RAW SEWAGE DG — DIGESTER GAS — RSD — RECIRCULATED SLUDGE DIW — DEIONIZED WATER — RW — RAW WATER
ROTAMETER	$\int_{\circ}^{\circ} \text{LEVEL (BUBBLER TUBE)}$	$ \begin{array}{c} A \\ F \\ F \\ B \\ R \end{array} \xrightarrow{R} C \\ S = SET, R = RESET \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{c} F \\ F \\$	DS DIGESTED SLUDGE S SANITARY SEWER (GRAVITY) DW
	LEVEL (FLOAT)	XX AIR SET OTHER INPUT IS	— FE — FILTER EFFLUENT — SC — COLD SLUDGE — FI — FILTER INFLUENT — SDG — SULFUR DIOXIDE GAS — FOR — FUEL OIL RETURN — SDL — SULFUR DIOXIDE LIQUID
ACTUATOR SYMBOLS		IN PSIG. WHEN SWITCHING SIGNAL IS NOT PRESENT.	— FOS — FUEL OIL SUPPLY — SDS — SULFUR DIOXIDE SOLUTION — FTW — FILTER TO WASTE — SDV — SULFUR DIOXIDE GAS (VACUUM) — G — NATURAL GAS — SE — SECONDARY EEL UENT
	P B PNEUMATIC WITH XX VOLUME BOOSTER	FILTER/ REGULATOR/ GAUGE SET	— GAS — GASOLINE — SH — HEATED SLUDGE — GOX — GASEOUS OXYGEN — SSD — SECONDARY DIGESTED SLUDGE — GOX 1 – GOX PRODUCT — SSM — SECONDARY SCUM
P S PNEUMATIC XX W/SOLENOID	S SOLENOID	BFP BACK-FLOW PREVENTER	GOX 2 GOX PRODUCT SW SURFACE WASH GOX 3 GOX VENT
E ELECTRIC XX	MANUAL	S SEAL WATER SET	— GR — GRIT SLURRY — TDS — TDS
EZ ELECTRIC XX W/POSITIONER	NOTE:	$\begin{array}{c c} & & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & &$	(CONDENSATE) — TW — TEATED WATER — HPS — HIGH PRESSURE STEAM — UD — UD DERDRAIN — HS — HEAVY SOLIDS — VT VENT
EH ELECTROHYDRAULIC	ON LOSS OF PRIMARY POWER PNEUMATIC, ELECTRICAL	T TEMPORARY STRAINER – [HOSE CONNECTION (HOSE)	 HWR — HEATING WATER RETURN HWS — HEATING WATER SUPPLY INSTRUMENT AIR LD — DRY LIME
H HYDRAULIC	OR HYDRAULIC) KX: FO =FAIL OPEN FC =FAIL CLOSED FLP=FAIL TO LAST POSITION		LOX — LIQUID OXYGEN
NO. DATE	REVISION	BY CHK REVISION APPROVAL REV 2 DATE 01/23/05 PRINT DISTRIBUTION STATUS	PACIFIC GAS & ELECTRIC CO. PROCESS AND INSTRUMENTATION DIAGRAM DE PEM TOPOCK COMPRESSOR STATION
U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U		EFC AJ CIVIL ELECTRICAL STATUS PRELIMINARY Image: Control of the state of the s	INTERIM MEASURE 3 SHELL 02 EXPANDED GROUNDWATER EXTRACTION SYMBOLS AND NOMENCLATURE
2 01/23/05 REVISED AND APPF	OVED FOR CONSTRUCTION	EFC AJ MECHANICAL ARCHITECTURAL CLIENT APPROVED FOR CONSTRUCTION O 09/03/04 KL Image: Approved for construction PROCESS ENVIRONMENTAL FIELD REVISED & APPROVED FOR CONSTRUCTION 2 01/23/05	LM TP AND TREATMENT SYSTEM LEGEND 2 OF 2 PROJ NO. 315994
		PIPING GEN. ARRANG. INTRA CO. SCALE NONE	CH2NHILL DWG. NO. TP-PR-10-10-02 REV. 2

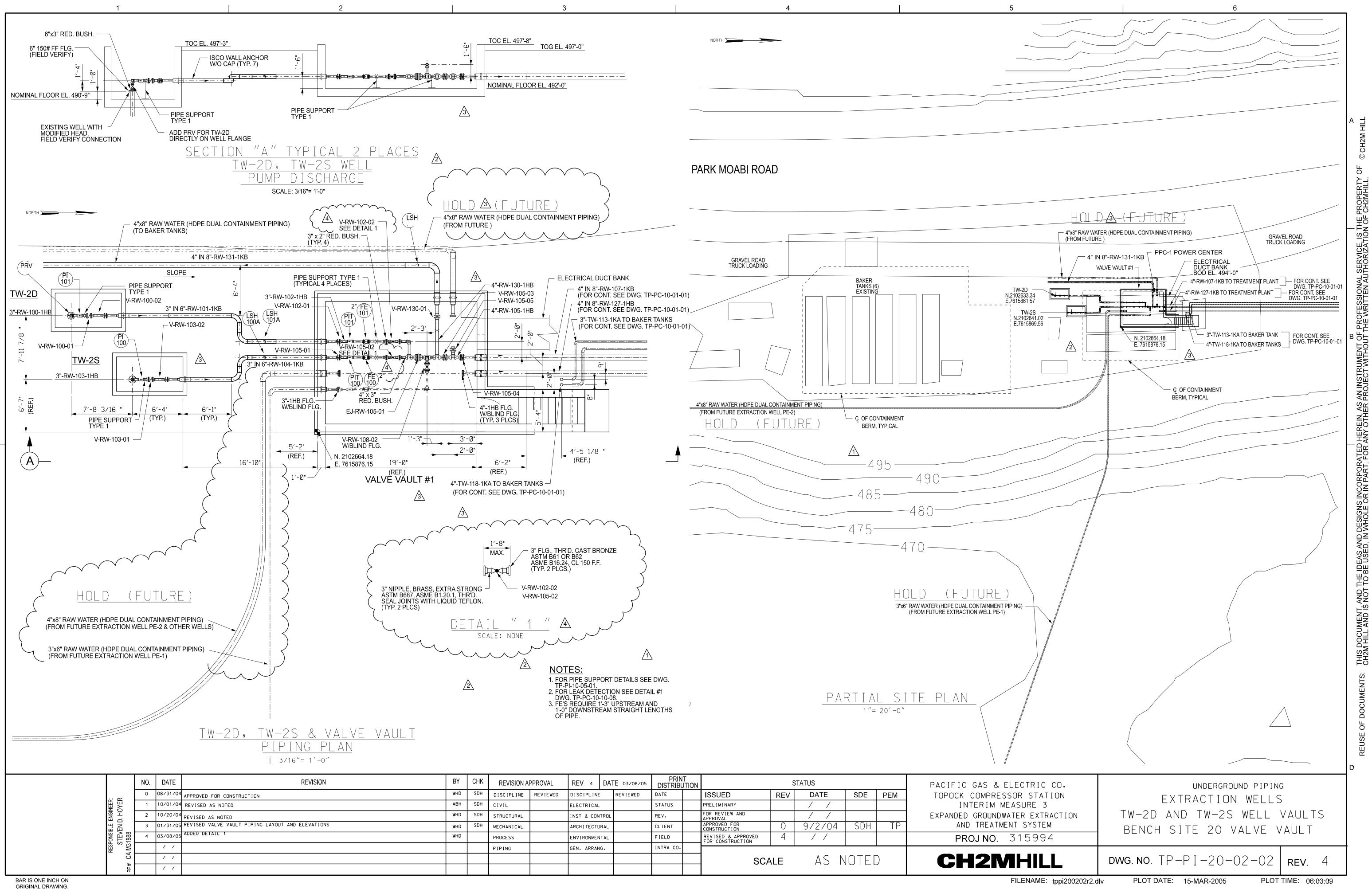


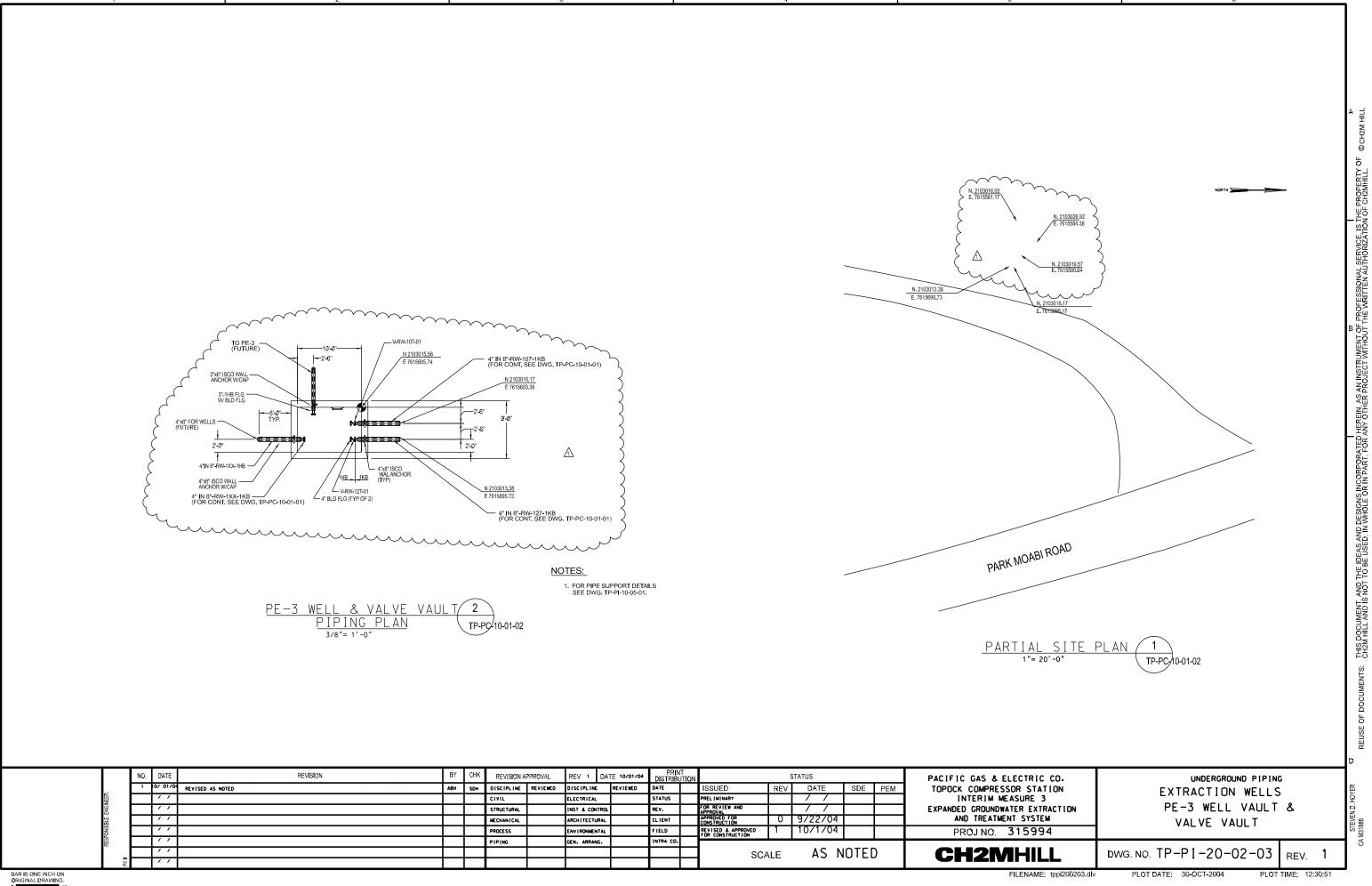


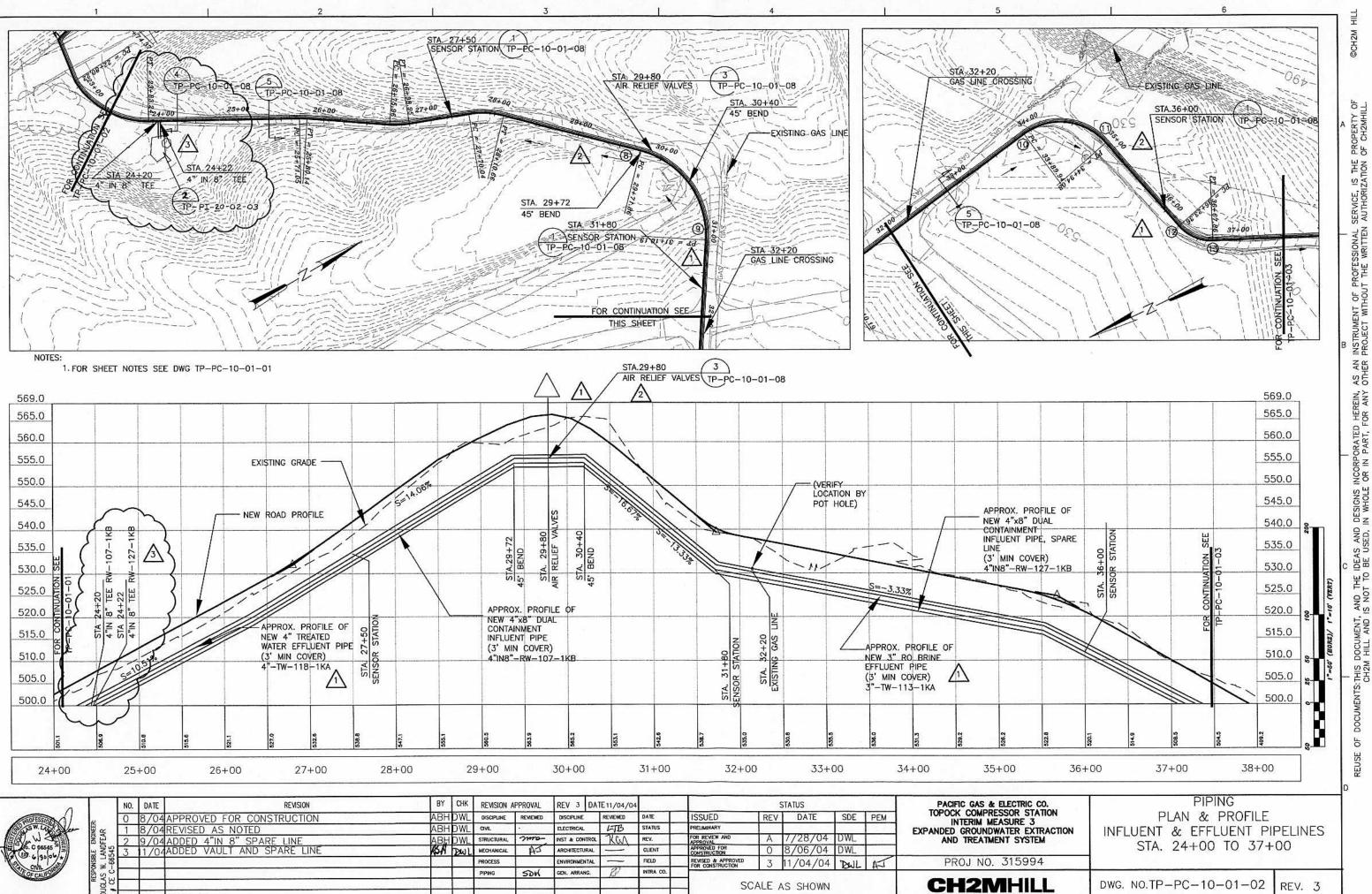




HK REVISION APPROVAL REV 3 DATE 02/14/05				PRINT DISTRIBUTION STATUS						PACIFIC GAS & ELE		
J	DISCIPLINE	REVIEWED	DISCIPLIN	E REVIEWED	DATE		ISSUED	REV	DATE	SDE	PEM	TOPOCK COMPRESSO
J	CIVIL		ELECTRICAL	-	STATUS		PRELIMINARY					INTERIM MEAS
J	STRUCTURAL		INST & CON	ITROL	REV.		FOR REVIEW AND APPROVAL	D	07/28/04			EXPANDED GROUNDWATE
J	MECHANICAL		ARCHITECTU	JRAL	CLIENT		APPROVED FOR CONSTRUCTION	0	09/03/04	KLM	ΤP	AND TREATMENT
J	PROCESS		ENVIRONMEN	ITAL	FIELD		REVISED & APPROVED FOR CONSTRUCTION	3				PROJ NO. 3
	PIPING		GEN. ARRAN	IG.	INTRA CO.				II			
							SCA	LE	NONE			







PLOT TIME: PLOT DATE:

